

## 1918 FAIR AND ENCAMPMENT TO BE HELD TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, AUGUST 13-16

### BLIZZARD HAIL SLEET SNOW

Thursday, January 10, 1918, will be long remembered as the record breaking weather for San Saba county as for all Texas. In fact it seems that the whole North American continent was swept by the blizzard last week.

Last Thursday came in as an unusually moderate day for January. Warm and sunny with light wind from the southeast. Some time in the afternoon, possibly about 3 o'clock, the clouds began banking in the north west. Soon the wind came with the clouds and a hard rain fell for a few minutes. The rain soon turned to hail and this was followed by a sleet. About 7:30 o'clock the snow began falling, driven by huge gusts of wind. Friday morning the earth was covered with what old timers say was the largest snow fall ever seen in this county. The snow fall is variously estimated at 7 to 10 inches. The wind blew it into great banks. These snow banks were, in some places, all the way from 2 to 6 feet deep. The snow remained on the ground for three or four days. Some snow may be seen today, Monday, as this is set up.

The cold was the most severe since the blizzard of 1899. Saturday morning the thermometers registered all the way from one above to 8 below zero. The best instrument in town is the one belonging to the high school. This registered 1-2 below and it was stationed on the south side of the house.

From all parts of the county come reports that the rain just preceding the snow was about one half inch. Sunday night another drizzle fell. This rain and the melting snow has put the fields in fine condition for farm work. Farmers are feeling good over the rain and snow. The stockmen have not suffered so far as reported.

### GERMANY RELIES ON SUB TO DEFEAT U. S.

Berlin Paper Says Efforts Being Made in America Must Be Taken Seriously

London, Jan. 12.—Germany is depending on her U-boats to defeat the American menace and bring about peace, declares the Berlin Tageblatt, a copy of which has been received here.

"The entire entente hopes," says this newspaper, "are now based on expected help from the United States. Whether the Americans will be able to provide a fighting army in numbers sufficient to bring about a decision, whether they will be able to furnish sufficient ships for the transport of the army and whether they will then be able to provide the necessary supplies of food and war materials are questions upon which opinion is divided. But there is no doubt that the efforts the Americans are making must be taken seriously. The hopes of an early peace depend almost entirely on the efficacy of our submarine weapon."

Reviewing the first year of Germany's ruthless submarine campaign, which ends Feb. 1, the Tageblatt asserts that the central powers have succeeded in completely upsetting the economic life of the entente, and adds that the submarine campaign, which has now become the principal factor in naval warfare, is being expanded and developed still further.

Summarizing the results of the underwater campaign since Feb. 1, the Tageblatt claims the U-boats have sunk on an average 821,000 tons of shipping monthly from February to December and for the whole year the toll may be expected to show nearly ten million tons, and that the building of new ships by the entente and neutrals during the year will replace only between 2,500,000 and 4,000,000 tons of these losses.

### SAN SABA NATIONAL BANK ELECTS OFFICERS

The stockholders of the San Saba National Bank in the annual meeting held the report of the business for 1917, which was gratifying. It showed the usual dividend paid to the stockholders.

The following were elected directors for the year 1918: W. J. Moore, M. M. Moss, R. R. Low, J. W. Gibbons, R. C. Sloan. The directors organized by electing R. C. Sloan, president; J. W. Gibbons, vice-president; R. R. Low, cashier; W. C. Dofflemyer, assistant cashier.

### Lowest Temperature Since 1899 Recorded

Cold Wave Extends from Rockies to Atlantic and from Lakes to Gulf.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The coldest weather experienced in the United States since 1899 today extended from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic seaboard and from the Great Lakes to the Gulf. Zero temperatures were registered almost as far south as Birmingham, Ala., while in North Dakota the thermometer recorded 32 degrees below zero, and it was only 12 degrees higher in many parts of the Middle West.

The cold wave was accompanied by a high wind in many sections, while in the West there was heavy snow, which blocked railroad traffic in several States on both sides of the Mississippi River. Inability of the railroads to deliver shipments of coal urgently needed in many sections, particularly in Ohio and Michigan, was expected to greatly increase the suffering caused by the storm.

The snowstorm was expected to pass tonight, the Weather Bureau reported, and with its abatement it was expected railroad traffic would soon be resumed. Wire service was so demoralized by the storm, however, that the full operation of some roads may be delayed several days.

New York and New England tonight had not felt the full severity of the cold wave, reports to the Weather Bureau showed, but temperatures there were falling rapidly and much colder weather was forecast for tomorrow. In the South, the cold extended far into Florida. Along the Gulf Coast the cold was severe, the thermometer registering 18 below freezing at Mobile and 20 below freezing at New Orleans.

The minimum temperature reported today at Chicago was 12 below zero, with colder weather expected tonight. It was 20 degrees below at Fort Wayne; 16 below at St. Louis and 8 below at Memphis.

### CATTLE LOSSES NOT HEAVY IN ABILENE COUNTY

Abilene, Texas, Jan. 12.—With wire communication restored after an interruption of forty-eight hours, this section was returning to normal tonight, following the worst blizzard in years. Telephone and telegraph companies were the chief losers. Live stock losses in this immediate section are small, although many head of both cattle and hogs were frozen. Deep snowdrifts make country roads impassable and interfered with railroad traffic. One hundred head of cattle belonging to one man at Snyder was the biggest individual loss reported here. The snow was worthless so far as relieving the drought situation.

### BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION ELECTION

The stockholders held an adjourned meeting Tuesday night January 15th, and elected these directors: W. V. Dean, E. E. Fagg, Clarence Gosch, C. H. Hearson, T. C. Henry, R. R. Low, J. T. McConnell, T. A. Murray, John Seiders, and auditors, O. D. Kirkpatrick, C. D. Hayden, Jr., J. P. McConnell.

The Directors elected these officers: President, T. C. Henry; Vice-president, E. E. Fagg; Secretary-Treasurer, John Seiders; Attorney, N. C. Walker; Depository, City National Bank. President Henry appointed the following standing committees: Real Estate, W. V. Dean, chairman, C. Gosch, C. H. Hearson. Finance: T. C. Henry, chairman, E. E. Fagg, John Seiders.

Building: J. T. McConnell, chairman, R. R. Low, T. A. Murray.

The secretary's reports show that this Association did a very good business for 1917, the largest in the history of the Association, and the annual dividend will be declared in a few days.

### CITY TAXES

All city taxes must be paid on or before the 31st day of January to save costs and penalties. This includes the city poll tax.

Remember the payment of the city poll tax by those living inside the corporate limits of the city will be necessary in order to vote in any election this year.

You want to vote—be sure to get your city poll tax receipt.  
W. A. SMITH, Mayor.

### MEXICO TO TEST JAP PACT

CARRANZA COMMISSION MAY EMBARRASS UNITED STATES

Washington, Jan. 13.—Mexico's action in sending a special commission to Japan to negotiate for money and munitions, is expected to bring about the first practical test of the Lansing-Ishii agreement recently negotiated between the United States and Japan.

On the assumption that Japan will find herself bound by the spirit of that agreement not to enter into any relations with Mexico that might prove embarrassing to this country, confidence is expressed that the purpose of the commission, in this respect at least, will prove unsuccessful.

Officially the state department is withholding all comment. Strong intimations were given in responsible quarters, however, that the American government had advised itself thoroughly as to the circumstances surrounding the pilgrimage.

Under the terms of the Lansing-Ishii agreement, contained in an exchange of notes between the representatives of the two governments last fall, the United States recognized Japan's "special interests" in China. At the time it was explained that the agreement was drawn up on the basis of reciprocal recognition of the special interests of the United States with respect to Latin-American countries.

It is understood that the sending of the commission is the outgrowth of the unsuccessful efforts of Carranza to get arms or money from the United States. Comment has been aroused over the fact that the commission is headed by Juan T. Burns, former Mexican consul at New York, who ran afoul of the government of the United States advising Mexicans to evade the draft registration law. Others in the delegation are General Bouche, chief of staff under former President Porfirio Diaz; Consul Crago representing Mexico in Japan, and four others.

They boarded the vessel at Salina Cruz and are said to have remained secluded in their state rooms during the time their ship was in an American port.

### HONOR ROLL

Many friends of the News are taking advantage of the \$1 rate for this month. Everybody appreciates the extreme high cost of production and numerous ones have said "I don't blame you. You should have done it sooner." We are Hooverizing in every way we can to continue to give the highest class of newspaper service. It now takes three cents to carry a receipt and for the present no receipts are being mailed. This honor roll is our receipt. If the name of any one sending in subscriptions does not appear in this column we shall consider it a favor if that one will call our attention to the matter and proper credit will be given. Here is the honor roll list for the past week:

- J. M. Chadwick, Chadwick; Mrs. I. M. Harkey, San Saba, route 2; R. C. Sloan, San Saba; Mrs. J. E. Sloan, San Saba, route 2; E. B. Cline, Youngsport; D. B. Yarborough, Amarillo; C. L. Singleton, San Saba, route 4; W. E. Smith, Locker, route 1; S. H. Cravens, San Saba, route 3; J. A. Gaddy, Algeria; Mrs. H. W. Ellis, San Saba, route 2; J. W. Jones, Algeria; Joe Kring, Chappel; John Mitchell, Cherokee; W. H. Brown, San Saba, route 1; W. A. Oliver, route 3; Miss Bernice Sanderson, Dallas; Mrs. V. B. Clark, Havana, Cuba; Mrs. J. H. Girvin, San Angelo; Mrs. Julia Fain, Haynesville, North Carolina; G. L. Moore, Grand Junction, Colo.; Joe Graves, Seagovia; P. A. Cook, Cherokee; T. K. Adams, Richland Springs; W. A. Grimes, Richland Springs; Dr. S. W. Rimmer, San Saba; Mrs. N. R. Sloan, San Saba; J. H. White, Cherokee; Dr. C. C. Berry, San Saba; Dudley Kirkpatrick, Richmond, Cali.; W. E. Gresham, Goldthwaite; Mrs. L. A. Clark, Rock Springs

### NEW TAILOR SHOP

S. L. Kirk is preparing to open a new tailor shop in the rear part of the San Saba National Bank building. He has sold his cattle interests to G. W. Gray and has moved from the ranch to town. It will be remembered that some years ago he ran the "Nuff Sed" tailor shop at this same stand. He is busy installing his machinery this week.

### San Saba May Have Government Trapper

Wolves have recently been doing a great deal of damage in killing sheep, pigs and calves in San Saba county and I am making an effort to get a Government trapper working under the Biological Survey U. S. Department of Agriculture located here. I have been in communication with the Predatory Animal inspector who is in charge of this work and located at San Angelo, Texas. He has made a proposition for placing a trapper in San Saba county which requires a fund to be raised by the stockmen to pay one half the trappers salary. The other half to be paid by the United States Government. Any stockman wishing information on the subject and wanting to help in securing the trapper may call upon me. I am expecting a letter very soon giving more details of the employment and scope of the work.

Yours truly,  
R. P. ELROD,  
County Agricultural Agent.

### ODD FELLOWS MOVING— NEW HOME COMPLETE

The new home of Alpha Lodge No. 104 is completed and the furniture and paraphernalia is being moved and put in its place this week. The lodge last year bought the Neal rock building on the north side of the square and the upstairs has been fitted up for the lodge room.

A royal banquet will be enjoyed next Thursday night. There will be work and the Cherokee band will come and make music for the occasion. The three linkers of Richland Springs lodge have been invited and have accepted the invitation to join in the celebration.

### Fair Directors Elected

Dates Set for August 13, 14, 15, 16, 1918.

The directors of the San Saba County Fair Association met in the office of the secretary Tuesday morning. Lots of pep was put into the plans for the 1918 fair and encampment without any delay. The dates were set right off and plans are started for the biggest encampment and exhibition ever in the history of the fair.

The directors organized by electing R. W. Bursleson, cashier of the City National Bank, as president, and E. E. Fagg, merchant and real estate dealer, vice-president. John Seiders was re-elected secretary. Mr. Seiders has been the efficient secretary of the association for a number of years. T. A. Murray was elected treasurer and Hon. N. C. Walker, attorney.

The dates for the fair and encampment this year will accommodate all the farmers of the county who desire to attend the Farmers Short Course at the A. & M. College. They will also afford an opportunity for Mr. Elrod, the county agricultural agent, to be with the boys clubs and the farm exhibits in general.

The date for the fair and encampment this year are set for Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 13, 14, 15 and 16. It will be noted that the fair will open on the 13 and close on Friday. This ought to pressage a great event.

### 58 CHILDREN

#### ARE EXECUTED BY HUNS

London, Jan. 13.—A ghastly record of continued German cruelties to Belgians was bared here today in official Belgian government advices showing that there have been fifty-eight recent executions of Belgian natives by the Teutons, making the grand total of such murders during 1917 at 170.

Of this total, at least ten were girls from 10 to 16 years of age and three boys under 20. Nearly all, the Belgian government has positive proof, were cruelly tortured before death ended their sufferings, this being applied for the purpose of forcing the victims to denounce an alleged accomplice in some fancied misdeed.

Two young daughters of a Liege shopkeeper, for instance, were compelled to witness the death of their father and mother and then were promised their lives if they would confess some alleged infraction of German rules. They both refused and were both instantly murdered.

One girl of 16 was among a group of twenty Belgians recently shot at Ghent. Her "crime" was the carrying of letters across the frontier.

### RAISE FOOD AND FEED

OR SUFFER NEXT YEAR

A great many articles are written at this time on the patriotic duty of the farmer in helping to win the war. A great many of them are not practical because suggestions are made which are against the farmers interest and will not be complied with. In my opinion the best way to help in the war is to help yourself to be independent of the balance of the United States by planting such crops as will produce the feed, food and clothing for your family. It is not safe to calculate on buying a thing from other sections that can be raised here. Every section of the United States is expected to raise its own supplies as far as possible and thus prevent so much hauling from one state to another. The railroads will be taxed to their utmost capacity for some time to come in transporting troops and supplies for them. Every soldier sent to Europe requires about five tons of equipment and supplies and these things must go if all else stops. So if you would be sure of your living, raise as much of it as you possibly can at home.

Because we have always been able to get what we want in the way of food is no reason why this will continue when the army movement gets under way and the vast amount of equipment and supplies must go forward regularly. There are certain things that must be shipped from one section to another such as coal and provisions that cannot be raised as well as clothing and many other things that are too numerous to mention. This in connection with the extra burden of the war will tax the railroads to their utmost capacity. The farmers have had fair warning about the matter and I believe the Government will not bother very much about providing transportation for food to those farmers in the south who persistently refuse to raise sufficient food to supply their own needs.

Now is the time to make your plans and ample provisions should be made for a good sized garden, and be sure to have enough to supply your needs. If you have a little surplus you will have no trouble in selling it. Every home owner should plant a garden even though they may not have but a few square feet in the back yard.

The first consideration with every farmer should be to plant enough feed crops to feed his stock and fatten his hogs which should be provided and grown partly on pasture so as to keep down the cost of production. Then a good sized patch of beans, Irish potatoes, sweet potatoes and sorghum cane for making syrup. With plenty of milk and butter from a cow well cared for and eggs from a small flock of well selected hens to supplement these no one should suffer.

The price of cotton is rapidly climbing and every one who farms should plant cotton for a money crop because there is good money in it and we need it for clothing and making explosives. Before the acreage of cotton is considered the feed and food needs of the family should be well provided for by planting ample acreage to produce, even in adverse conditions, enough to supply the table.

Consider the above suggestions and act upon them. Don't say "Yes, that is alright" and fail to do it. For the reasons given I fear many will suffer for want of food before another twelve months passes unless they plant food crops.

Yours truly,  
R. P. ELROD,  
County agent.

J. E. Odiome received a long distance telephone message at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning calling the family to Austin. The message stated that Herman, the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Odiome, was dying. Herman and Ralph have been attending Saint Edwards College at Austin. Herman suffered a relapse of measles several days ago but his condition had not been considered serious. He was being cared for at the Seton Infirmary. As the News goes to press Wednesday afternoon no further or more definite news has reached friends here.

Later—Herman died at 1:30 o'clock. The body will be brought to San Saba for burial in the family lot. Funeral services and burial Thursday afternoon.

### PRESIDENT'S SPEECH STARTS GERMAN ROW

Newspapers Quarrel Regarding Their Views of Wilson's Address to Congress

Amsterdam, Jan. 12.—The German newspapers have begun violently to quarrel among themselves regarding their respective views of President Wilson's recent address to Congress.

The Tagische Rundschau of Berlin, for instance, under the caption, "The Pied Piper of Washington," attacks the comment of the Socialist newspaper Vorwaerts, which it pillories as despicable backboneless, while the Rheinische Westfalische Zeitung, under the head of "Wilson's Last Hope," turns fierce on the Berliner Tageblatt, the Chemnitz Volks Zeitung and others, which it accuses of having confirmed President Wilson in the belief that Germany some day will "oblige the entente by surrendering the fruits of victory." The Vorwaerts in its comment declared that compared with his previous pronouncements, the President's address seems "an example of statesmanlike moderation."

"It is a beautiful, alluring program of world peace," continues the Social organ, "but we must be on guard against too ready a confidence."

"We never stood behind our statesmen for any other purpose than to exercise pressure from the rear in the direction of peace. We shall continue to do so and if the workers of other countries do the same, then a general world peace will be attained at no distant date."

The Frankfurter Zeitung, while dissenting from many points in President Wilson's message, says the whole document seems inspired by the desire which also animated Germany, namely, to avoid further bloodshed.

"If our enemies desire to convert their words into deeds," the newspaper continues, "and if President Wilson is able to induce the entente to make similar concessions, then, indeed, the basis for conversations with a view to ending the war is supplied."

The newspaper dissents entirely from the President's position regarding Alsace-Lorraine, possession of which, it asserts, is indispensable to Germany's national integrity and freedom.

Most of the Berlin newspapers that have reached here and also leading provincial newspapers, printed the President's address fully. Others printed only the fourteen points.

The Catholic organ, Germania, printed a summary of the address with special attention to those parts affecting the Russian situation, captioning the article, "Wilson on Brest-Litovsk," and so far has printed only the first four of the fourteen points. The smaller provincial journals have published extracts from the message.

### THE PRICE OF NEUTRALITY

(From The Austin Statesman.)

Norway's Shipping Losses were not large during the month of December, but seventy-five of her citizens were killed by German submarines. Since the beginning of the war the Germans have taken the lives of 5,000 Norwegians at sea.

But Norway is not at war with Germany.

When the Lusitania was sunk a thrill of horror was felt by millions of Americans, and this was followed by widespread indignation. Our country had threatened war in the past for the killing of one American, and scores perished when the Lusitania was torpedoed. To many of us the memory of that outrage is sufficient justification for our war on Germany, if we know no other reason for going to war. Recalling our feelings then, we can be thankful that America is awake and fighting now, for her rights and the rights of humanity.

Norway, however, has suffered a far greater loss of shipping tonnage than has been suffered by America and more Norwegians than Americans have been victims of the submarines. The merchant marine of Norway, once more important than our own, has been reduced almost to non-importance.

Norway is so situated that she might be heavily punished in war with Germany unless supported by the other Scandinavian nations. But she is paying a terrible price for official neutrality.

Charley Chaplin in his latest picture, "The Adventurer", Saturday, Feb. 2nd. Matinee and night at the Majestic.



## NEW YEAR IDEALS

On the first of January there opens before us all a new era of opportunity—opportunity for personal advancement and opportunity for increased helpfulness to others.

The Officers and Employees of this Institution look forward to 1918 as a year full of opportunity for service—

To make every financial transaction pleasant as well as profitable  
To have this Institution regarded by our community residents in the light of a "financial home"

Together, may we all work wholeheartedly for national and individual success.

## SAN SABA NATIONAL BANK

### LODGE DIRECTORY



San Saba Lodge, No. 612, A. F. & A. M.

Regular Meeting, Saturday night on or before the Full Moon.

W. H. Hinyard, Sec'y.  
W. W. Skelton, W. M.



Alpha Lodge No. 204, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

J. N. Estep, N. G.  
M. G. Estep, V. G.  
John H. Moore, Rec. Sec.  
John Seiders, Per. Sec.  
S. J. BRASS, Treasurer.

### BRITAIN'S WAR AIMS AND PEACE TERMS

In three great speeches, delivered Dec. 19, 1916, Dec. 21, 1917, and Saturday, Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain had vigorously outlined the allied war aims.

The basic points of the demands voiced in those three speeches follow: 1916—(Speech delivered in the house of commons):

"Full restitution, full reparation; effectual guarantee against repetition.

"We have to have exact damages. Effective guarantees against the Prussian military caste ever again disturbing the peace of Europe."

1917—(Speech delivered in house of commons):

"No peace without victory over Prussianism.

"Complete restoration of territories occupied by central powers.

"Full compensation for all losses incurred through German occupation.

"Disposition of German colonies to be made by the peace conference on the desires of the people of those colonies.

"A league of nations of the world insuring equal opportunity, freedom and justice for every state."

Saturday—(Speech delivered before labor conference):

"Restoration of Belgium.

"Reparation so far as possible for devastated towns.

"Neutralization and internationalization of the Dardanelles.

"Reconsideration of the wrong done to France in 1871 by Germany's annexation of Alsace-Lorraine.

"An independent Poland.  
"Separate national conditions, for Arabia, Armenia, Mesopotamia, Syria and Palestine.

"African colonies to determine their own future administration.

"Absolute safeguard that treaties hereafter will not be regarded as scraps of paper."

"All territorial settlements based on consent of the governed.

"An international organization to limit armaments and decrease probabilities of war."

Russia's future to be left to decision of the Russian people themselves.

### \$25,000 WATER WORKS BONDS CARRIED TUES.

The election last Tuesday on the proposition to issue \$25,000 bonds of the City of Brady for the purpose of enlarging and improving Brady's water supply, developed into a spirited and almost evenly divided contest. A total of 182 votes were cast and of these 92 were for the proposition and 90 against, thus giving the bonds a majority of two.—Brady Standard.

### Selfishness Lifts Its Head Above Patriotism

The Presbyterian Standard: Selfishness has been here ever since Adam laid the blame on Eve. The war found it here. It did not have to create it. Perhaps it has done nothing to enlarge or strengthen it. But it has furnished the opportunity for it to show its hideous features. In all sections of the country and among all classes, it is lifting the mask and calling attention to its ugliness. Congress is wrestling with it, and trying to keep it from bankrupting the Nation. The President and his agents are wrestling with it and trying to keep it from freezing and starving the poor.

We have been especially moved at the recent behavior of some of the farmers. Out West they are foaming at the mouth because the President fixed the price of wheat at \$2.00 per bushel. This is twice as much as they ever got for their wheat before. It allows them \$1.41 a bushel clear profit. Yet they are loud in their complaints. They insist that big business is making millions of profit, while the poor farmers are constrained to sell their wheat at whatever price the Government sees fit to set. They demand a free hand. They believe they can force wheat to \$3 per bushel, and claim that this would not give them more profit than they are entitled to.

In the South, many loyal subjects of King Cotton are equally clamorous that their profits shall be on a scale of unexampled magnificence. Only a little while ago, they were happy at the prospect of 25c a pound. But they have canvassed the situation more thoroughly, and find that they might be able to squeeze more out of a needy world. A goodly number met together in one of our neighboring cities, and after conference they formally and unanimously decided that they could get, and should have, 35c per pound for cotton and \$100 per ton for cotton seed. At this rate an acre of land that would produce a bale of cotton would yield \$225, about four times the worth of the land, and a net profit of \$175 per bale. The seed would pay the cost of production. The Southern farmer, exactly like his Western brother, is demanding a 300 per cent profit.

### PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS THESE THINGS NECESSARY FOR PEACE

1. Open covenants of peace without private international understanding.
2. Absolute freedom of the seas in peace or war except as they may be closed by international action.
3. Removal of all economic barriers and establishment of equality of trade conditions among nations consenting to peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.
4. Guarantees for the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety.
5. Impartial adjustments of all colonial claims based upon the principle that the peoples concerned have equal weight with the interest of the government.
6. Evacuation of all Russian territory and opportunity for Russia's political development.
7. Evacuation of Belgium without any attempt to limit her sovereignty.
8. All French territory to be freed and restored, and reparation for the taking of Alsace-Lorraine.
9. Readjustments of Italy's frontiers along clearly-recognized lines of nationality.
10. Freest opportunity for autonomous development of the peoples of Austria-Hungary.
11. Evacuation of Roumania, Serbia and Montenegro with access to the sea for Serbia, and international guarantees of economic and political independence and territorial integrity of the Balkan states.
12. Secure sovereignty for Turkey's portion of the Ottoman empire, but with other nationalities under Turkish rule assured for autonomous development with the Dardanelles permanently opened to all nations.
13. Establishment of an independent Polish state, including territories inhabited by indisputably Polish population with free access to the sea and political and economic independence and territorial integrity guaranteed by international covenant.
14. General association of nation under specific covenants for mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to large and small states alike.

### MRS. WHIT SMITH DEAD

Mrs. Whit Smith died at the Masonic home at Arlington Thursday night and her remains are expected to arrive here this morning. The funeral is to be held from the Methodist church, if arrangements are not changed.

Mrs. Smith was well known here where she and her family lived until a short time ago, when she and her youngest children were carried to the Masonic home.

The many friends of the family deeply sympathize with them and especially do they grieve with the children.

### CAMP TRAVIS NEWS.

Brigadier General William H. Johnston, commanding the 90th Division, National Army, extends in behalf of the officers and men of the Division, to their families and friends at home, his wishes that during the year 1918 their families and friends may be as happy as they and that before another new year, the war for protection of the rights of American citizens may be terminated by the defeat of the enemies of this country.

The members of the 90th Division will represent the States of Texas and Oklahoma, when, with the Allied Forces, the Army of the United States breaks the Western Line of the teutonic forces and renders it forever impracticable for any despotic power to threaten the lives of American citizens.

At Camp Travis, the soldiers of Texas and Oklahoma enjoy the peculiar privilege of taking advantage of climatic conditions permitting continuous training throughout the winter. The quarantine imposed for measles and mumps has been raised. Hospital facilities here are ample for those who may become sick. Training at the rate of eight hours per day, interrupted by Sundays and half holidays on Wednesdays and Saturdays, and by frequent opportunities to participate in field sports, the men of this Division are gaining in health and physique, and are as well clothed and fed as they would be outside the Army.

They have rendered a magnificent example to all American citizens by responding to the call of the President to offer their time, their money and perhaps their lives for a cause which has compelled this great republic to enter a war without precedent in magnitude. These men are entitled to all the praise accorded by Him who said: "Great love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friends." Complying with the law, all these men have made this sacrifice; even those who, having fought a successful campaign abroad, return to their families and friends as more valuable citizens of a country which has never known defeat.

The 90th Division will be ready to go whenever the President directs. Whether they "only stand and wait" in training camps here or abroad, or participate in the campaign, which may lead to the city of Berlin, they "also serve" as honorably as any soldier has ever served in the armies of the United States.

I assure the families and friends of the men of this Division that the utmost efforts of the officers of the Division, will be exerted to maintain the health and comfort of all of the men of the Division until the emergence which lead to their call having been terminated, they are honorably discharged and permitted to rejoin those whom they love with the consciousness that they have "fought the good fight", "have kept the faith" and with pride can point to the service they have rendered their country.

### WILLIAM H. JOHNSTON.

A real Majestic Theatre, with the same prices and the same shows as found in other cities, is the latest convenience added for the pleasure of the soldiers at Camp Travis, Texas. This Theatre building, which is practically completed, is 180 feet long and 90 feet wide, with a stage 70 by 30 feet, and has a seating capacity of 3000. Unlike most theatres, however, it has only one floor. This condition, coupled with the large number of exits, affords complete protection from fire. The building was constructed by the Majestic Theatre Company and the president of that organization has just completed an inspection of same and pronounced it one of the best in the country. The theatre will be conducted in the same manner as others of that circuit, with complete change of shows every week. The opening program is expected to appear the first week in January. The introduction of this theatre, added to the many other conveniences that the soldier now has, will cause him to have a desire never to leave camp until he is ready to board the train for Berlin.

W. M. Perry, Colonel Leary's orderly, spent the Xmas holidays with home folks. He reports a most enjoyable time.

Private Vester H. Ruffner of San Saba, returned on time to his organization, Battery A, 345th F. A. N. A. after a brief visit Christmas day with "home folks" although he was compelled to ride all night on the train, returning to Camp Travis.

Wilbur G. Hoyt of San Saba, Texas has been recommended for a Sergeant in Ambulance Co. 360. Hoyt has had charge of a platoon for over a month and has been rendering good service.

Private Charles T. Grumbles of San Saba, with Battery A, 345th F. A. N. A., enjoyed a brief furlough home with his parents for Christmas. He reported back to his organization Wednesday.

Private H. W. Bryant, Co. E, 315 Engrs, has been on the mining detail during the past week, and in the dug-out work has shown himself an able "mucker".

## FEED - FEED - FEED

I have in Stock the best line of Feed to be had Home ground pure mill run Bran. Home ground pure Corn Chops. The best Alfalfa, Johnson Grass and Prairie Hay on the market. I handle Meal and Hull and Nutraline in car loads. Free delivery any where in town.

## O. K. WAGON YARD

Charter No. 7700 Reserve District No. 11  
Report of the condition of the

### FIRST NATIONAL BANK

SAN SABA, TEXAS

In the State of Texas at the close of business on December 31, 1917.

#### RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$236,069.79
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	15,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3 1-2 per cent and 4 per cent	6,000.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	1,679.70
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	3,000.00
Value of banking house	8,500.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,500.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	18,307.26
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	68,327.36
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14 and 15	3,340.93
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)	704.25
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18	\$ 72,372.59
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	92.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	750.00
Total	\$363,271.84

#### LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund	40,000.00
Undivided profits	24,700.00
Circulating notes outstanding	15,000.00
Net amounts due to national banks	3,002.53
Total of items 31 and 32	3,000.53
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days)	199,393.72
Individual deposits subject to check	5,300.00
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	3,775.59
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,600.00
Dividends unpaid	
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40	212,069.31
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings)	
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	8,500.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41, 42, 43, and 44	8,500.00
Total	\$363,271.84

State of Texas, County of San Saba, ss:

I, U. M. Sanderson, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

U. M. Sanderson, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1918.

John Seiders, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

A. J. Harkey  
W. S. Sanderson  
Jno. F. Campbell.

Directors.

## Save Your Worn Tires

It is a needless and extravagant waste to throw away your treadworn and retworn tires after getting only 3,000 to 5,000 miles of service out of them. Engineers of world-wide reputation and over a hundred thousand practical hard-headed "show me" American motorists have put their approval on

## GATES HALF-SOLE TIRES

The tires on your car that are beginning to show wear after only 3,000 to 5,000 miles can be made to give you not only double mileage, but better service than you ever had before. Every Gates Half-Sole Tire carries a written guarantee for Not Less Than 3,500 Miles of Service Without a Puncture. You cannot get this kind of guaranteed service from any new tire without paying two or three times the cost of a Gates Half-Sole.

**Don't Throw Away Another Worn Tire**

Find out first about Gates Half-Soles. If you are a car owner it will not take you five minutes to see and understand for yourself a process that seems almost like magic. You will be interested. We are ready to show you and we will prove every statement we have made.

**D. C. RUSSELL, Dealer.**

## Get 5000 Miles More Service



## SEED WHEAT

Seed and Feed Oats, Bran and Shorts, Cotton Seed Meal, Cake.

BUY OR EXCHANGE

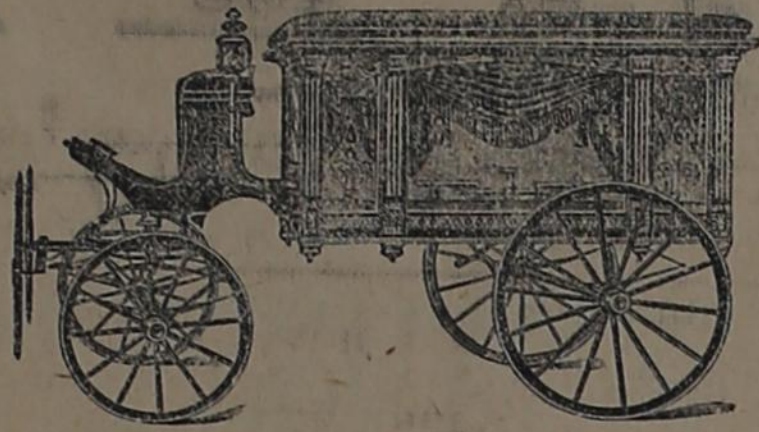
Cotton Seed, Pecans, Hides, or will order any kind Feild Seed Needed.

Just opened in Neal Building North side of Square. San Saba, Texas.

FRIZZELL & TAFF

## Wm. KAISER, UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES

C  
C  
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C  
C  
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S

I sleep in my store. You'll find me here day or night.

### PROPHECY RIGHT ON OUR HEELS

In 1866, Rev. M. Baxter, founder of The Christian Herald, published a book on the "Forty Future Wonders" predicted in Daniel and Revelation, and in accord with that book of a half-century ago so much of the Biblical prophecy is fulfilled in our times that it's mighty interesting.

The First Wonder, which is to come off between the years of 1906 and 1919 is of European wars and revolutions, European convulsions will extend France to the Rhine and cause a "political earthquake so mighty and so great as was not since men were upon earth." (Revelation 16.)

The Second Wonder is Revelation's "drying up of the Euphrates," or the Turco-Mohammedan empire, between the years 1917 and 1919.

Third Wonder, 1917 to 1919: Formation of the ten-kingdomed confederacy by division of all countries of Caesar's original Roman empire. This resulting from a victorious war of France against Germany, or a revolution in Germany. (Daniel 2 to 8.)

After the great wars and revolutions, somewhere between 1925 and 1927, a black famine; and, between January, 1927, and May, 1928, widespread, terrible pestilence.

Remember, it is not Rev. Baxter prophesying. He's merely scientifically discovering the probable dates of Biblical predictions' fulfillment. Considering what's happening and likely to happen, you have to feel interested in this old book of the reverend gentleman's.—Waco Morning News.

**"A Shine In Every Drop"**

Get a Can TO-DAY From Your Hardware or Grocery Dealer

## BURDEN OF MILITARY DUTY ON SINGLE MEN

NEW POLICY ANNOUNCED

General Crowder Asks Legislation Providing Men Shall Register Hereafter as They Reach 21 Years

Washington, Jan. 3.—All men for the war armies still to be raised by the United States will come from class 1 under the new selective service plan. That means the Nation's fighting is to be done by young men without families dependent upon their labor for support and unskilled in necessary industrial or agricultural work.

Provost Marshal General Crowder announces the new policy in an exhaustive report upon the operation of the selective draft law submitted today to Secretary Baker and sent to Congress. He says class 1 should provide men for all military needs of the country, and to accomplish that object he urged amendment for the draft law so as to provide that all men who have reached their twenty-first birthday since June 5, 1917, shall be required to register for classification. Also, in the interest of fair distribution of the military burden, he proposes that the quotas of States or districts be determined hereafter on the basis of the number of men in class 1 and not upon population.

### One Million Men in Class 1.

Available figures indicate, the report says, that there are 1,000,000 physically and otherwise qualified men under the present registration who will be found in class 1 when all questionnaires have been returned, and the classification period ends Feb. 15. To this the extension of registration to men turning 21 since June 5 of last year and thereafter will add 700,000 effective men a year.

Class 1 comprises single men without dependent relatives, married men who have habitually failed to support their families, who are dependent upon wives for support or not usefully engaged and whose families are supported by incomes independent of their labor; unskilled farm laborers, unskilled industrial laborers, registrants by or in respect of whom no deferred classification is claimed or made, registrants who fail to submit questionnaires and in respect of whom no deferred classification is claimed or made and all registrants not included in any other division of the schedule.

Narrowed down under the analysis of the first draft made in the report, the plan places upon unattached single men and married men with independent incomes most of the weight of military duty, for the aggregate number of men in the other divisions of class 1 is very small.

### First Draft Proved Successful

General Crowder finds that the first draft surpassed the highest expectations of the friends of the selective service idea. He pays high tribute not only to the thousands of civilians who gave ungrudging service to making the plan a success, but high patriotism of the American people as a whole.

### Few Evaded Registration.

Analyzing the first draft, General Crowder shows that 9,586,508 men between the ages of 21 and 31 years registered themselves. Up to late in December, only 5,870 arrests had been made of those who had sought to evade registration, and of that number 2,263 were released after having registered and there remain only 2,095 cases to be prosecuted.

A rough figure of 8.2 per cent is given as the number of registrants who failed to appear when called by their local boards for examination, but General Crowder hastens to explain that most of these men already are in Europe in the American, British and French armies. They did not await the draft processes in their eagerness to get into action.

"The final data will undoubtedly show," General Crowder adds, "that the number of those who willfully failed to appear for examination when called is insignificant."

### One-Half Claim Exemption.

About one half of all men called, or 1,560,570 claimed exemption. The claims of 78 per cent of these were granted, showing, in the opinion of officials, that very few fraudulent claims were filed. Of those exempted, 74 per cent were released because of dependent relatives, 20 per cent because they claimed alien birth and nationality, and only 6 per cent on vocational grounds.

Less than 1 per cent of the exemptions were granted to religious objectors or to those morally unfit. The figures are 3,887 exempted because of religious belief, their exemption extending only to release from participating in actual combat, and 2,001 rejected for moral unfitness. The majority of the latter were convicts now in prison.

The total cost of the first draft, exclusive of the cost of the Provost General's office here, was \$5,211,965. This amount has been refunded to the

## "SERVICE" OUR WATCHWORD (COME AND BRING THE CASH)

First Class  
Vulcanizing  
Tires  
Retreaded  
All work  
Guaranteed  
Cars washed  
and greased

This Big Garage and Auto Supply House Carries accessories and supplies for all makes of cars—employs only men who know their business, and know what the word "service" means.

Tires, Tubes  
and Tire  
Accessories  
Federal  
Goodrich  
and Miller  
Tires  
Open day and night

## SERVICE GARAGE

R. C. BOWEN, Shop Mngr. S. Z. PARK, Gen. Mngr.

States by the Federal Government. It represents an average cost of \$4.93 per man accepted for military service, and with the Provost Marshal General's expenses included, \$5 per man, against a cost of \$24.48 per voluntary recruit in 1914, \$19.14 in 1915 and \$28.95 in the first nine months of 1917. Prior to the draft act during the Civil War the cost per man was about \$34 and after the draft was enforced \$9.84.

### First Duty to Provide an Army.

In discussing the future of the draft General Crowder takes occasion to say that the first duty is to provide an adequate army. Economy considerations must be regarded in selecting the men, he says, but not at the expense of an efficient fighting force. Viewed beside the efforts Germany and Austria have put forth to place man power in the field, he adds, "It little becomes us to emphasize above a whisper as a substantial national problem anything we have yet been called upon to do."

Tables accompanying the report show many striking results of the draft. Taking the total of 1,243,801 aliens registered, it is shown that of the 457,713 called up for examination, 76,544 were certified for military service, having voluntarily waived their claims to exemption as aliens and in effect volunteering for the battle for democracy. Even of the 381,168 exempted, 40 per cent went out on other grounds than their alien status.

### Variation in Board's Rulings.

There was evident some variation of practice among the States on the question of exempting married men. A total of 163,115 married men have been certified for service. In Mississippi the boards held 38 per cent of all married men called for service; in Wisconsin and North Dakota only 3 per cent were held. After further study of the results, it is expected efforts will be made to unify the practice of boards more closely in this regard.

Montana led among the States in the number of men called who filed no claim for exemption. Figures for that State show that 80 per cent of men called up were ready to go to the front. Kentucky had the greatest num-

ber of exemption claims, 52 per cent of all men called filing affidavits. The average number of claims was 46 per cent.

### Send Troops to France Soon.

Recommendation of the American war mission that troops be sent to France as rapidly as possible will not result in any change in the general plan of training the soldiers in the United States. This was made plain today by Secretary Baker in a general discussion of the efforts of the War Department to carry out promptly the mission's suggestions.

Every possible energy will be devoted to speeding up production of munitions and equipment, and this with the agreement of the allies to furnish the necessary ships and equipment, is expected to result in the dispatch of the armies abroad much sooner than at first was thought possible.

Neither ships nor heavy artillery for any great force would be available on this side of the Atlantic for some time.

Efforts to speed up the Ordnance Bureau's work were recalled in Secretary Baker's announcement of reorganization of the bureau with experienced business men at the head of the several divisions which will have charge of the general work.

Lieutenant G. C. Walters wired his father last Tuesday that he was under orders to leave Fort Sam Houston at San Antonio and proceed to Camp Wadsworth, South Carolina. In a letter which followed he stated that he was buying his ticket Thursday night. An opportunity came. There was a call for volunteers to go to this eastern camp with a view to an early embarkation for France. In a general way it is understood that a special service regiment is being formed of volunteers for a specific duty at the front in France. Lieut. Walters is taking advantage of every opportunity to get into the advance line. He goes with four friends, officers, from Fort Sam Houston. In a letter to his parents he regrets not being able to come by home and says he is glad of an opportunity to go.

Large shipment of dress Gingham just received at 15c per yard.—J. C. Campbell, the spot cash store.

Our stock of Auto Accessories is quite complete. And our Racine and Ajax tires are giving real service. Every tire not satisfactory will be cheerfully adjusted. Trade with the house that will appreciate and protect you.—G. A. Arheiger.

## Mothers of Texas, Prepare!

When a girl becomes a woman, when a woman becomes a mother, and when a woman passes through the changes of middle life, are the three periods of life when health and strength are most needed to withstand the pain and distress often caused by severe organic disturbances. Many women in Texas would testify just as do the following:

HOUSTON HEIGHTS, TEXAS.—"My mother used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. She was in very ill health, was all run down and it seemed like she could not get anything to do her any good until she took this medicine. It did her more good than anything she tried and I am always willing to recommend it to friends who need a fine tonic."—MRS. JULIA STINSON.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.—"I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to any woman suffering from woman's trouble or nervousness. I was very nervous and loosing weight so fast I became alarmed over my condition. I could not do any housework. A friend told me about the 'Favorite Prescription' so I tried it and began gaining in weight at once."—MRS. LIZZIE EPPERSON, 1220 Gould Avenue.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not a secret remedy for all the ingredients are printed on the wrapper. All druggists. Liquid or tablets. Tablets, 60 cents. Send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10 cts. for trial package.



## WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

The best assortment of dish ware that we have ever handled.

We bought these goods in March 1917 and we are selling them cheaper than we can buy them on the present market.

Think of gold band cups and saucers at 75c per set. Gold band plates at 75c set; 10-inch salad bowls at 25c.

We can give you a full set in gold band or in plain white. Think of these prices, cheaper than they were twelve months ago.

We are adding to our line a good line of dry goods and shoes and will make ladies' and children's shoes a specialty. Everybody is familiar with the Buster Brown guaranteed shoe.

THE NICKEL STORE  
E. T. STOBAUGH, PROP.

S. Z. PARK  
DEALER, SAN SABA, TEXAS



Touring Car \$745; Roadster \$745; Coupe \$1095  
Berline \$1095; Sedan with Wire Wheels \$1195  
F. O. B. Detroit

Economize Wisely  
—A Maxwell Car Will Help

Waste is often committed when the intention is to economize.

A Maxwell car, famous for its economy, will cost you only a few dollars a month to operate and maintain.

Which is the real economy:

- (1) To use the car and save time, strength, and mental vigor?
- (2) To do without the car, lose time in your business, lose the health gained from motoring, and worry yourself into illness?

Use of a Maxwell car will give you self confidence.

Your neighbors and associates will get mental inspiration from you.

As wave circles widen when a pebble hits the water, so will your good example benefit your entire community.

Save—yes; but do it sensibly, and let the Maxwell help.



**THE SAN SABA NEWS**

THURSDAY, JAN. 17, 1918

W. A. Smith, Editor and Proprietor  
 W. L. Peisker, Publisher  
 Mrs. W. A. Smith, Associate Editor

Official Organ of San Saba County  
 Published at San Saba, San Saba County, Texas, every Thursday and entered at the Postoffice in San Saba, Texas, as second class matter.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
 One Year \$1.00  
 Six Months .50  
 Three Months .25

**SUN-OF-A-GUN**

DELANDA EST KAISER

We haven't heard so much about getting ready for the U. S. Navy. When the President sounded the war tocsin "bone-dry" Daniels answered "ready."

David Lloyd George and Woodrow Wilson have put every Russian who has a thinker to thinking. They have also put the Kaiser to jumping sideways.

A want notice in this column week before last was followed a week later by a rain, sleet, hail and snow. That's getting results some.

Universal training and permanent preparedness should henceforth be the watch word of every public utterance of every American patriot. The lessons of experience during the past three years justify this position.

P. A. Cook, over Cherokee way, writes to Sun-of-a-Gun and advises that wide publicity be given to the fact "if it rains." Well, just read the report in this issue of the News. If this doesn't satisfy then we will try to do better next time.

"I notice that you are going to raise the price of your paper to \$1.50 a year. In order to get in on the ground floor I am enclosing you a check for another year's subscription. I enjoy reading your paper very much." That's the way one good friend put it last week and it made us feel so good that we just have to tell it.

The Brownwood Bulletin is feeling its keeping. A new Standard Duplex printing press is to be installed by March 1st and the Daily Bulletin is to be a seven column paper, just like the big dailies. The Bulletin is a true representative of the growth and prosperity of Brownwood.

To the Ladies of the San Saba Chapter Red Cross: There are quite a bunch of dishes left from the soldier boys rally at the court house in September. They are still at the News office. Parties owning them will call, pay for this notice and get them. If they are gone when you come, please don't accuse us with taking them.

Somebody says that this frightful war has put Christianity to the test and it has failed. We don't see it that way. This war is a bloody, tragic proof that the people have not yet tried Christianity. Other ways have failed. Perhaps after all this blood-shed, and tragedy and murder and rapine the people of the world may wake up and try the Master's way for awhile.

A. P. (Tot) Rice writes to have his News come to him at Placid for 1918 instead of at Bowser as heretofore. Mr. Rice will make McCulloch county just as good a citizen as he has made for San Saba and that means that our sister county has gained a citizen who is four square on any and every occasion.

Mrs. L. A. Clark of Rock Springs writes a cheering letter to the News. This letter is appreciated because it comes from one whose friendship dates back to the time when the Editor of the News was making an assault and attempt to superintend the public schools of this county. Mrs. Clark was one of the real teachers of the county whose life and work was a constant inspiration to greater efforts. She was then Miss Willie L. Bannister. She is now the wife of the Sheriff of Edwards county and her San Saba county friends will be pleased to know of her health and prosperity. Her date with the News is 1920.

"Dear Mr. Bill, I passed thru San Saba last Sunday but did not see you. Spent one day with father and mother. Am now with the Cheek-Neal Coffee Co. covering Panhandle of Texas and Southern Oklahoma, D. B. Yarborough, Amarillo, Texas." Old boy if you have been at home the last week the weather man has made it colder for you than we made it hot for you during the school days out at old Bethel.

All the public has to do is to figure this out. It seems that many of the heads of the various state departments favor the consolidation of some of the departments that duplicate their work. The only requisite that these heads make is that some other department be consolidated with theirs. We have never heard of anyone who was willing to have their department go into some other.—Comanche Chief Exponent.

The rounds of the News reporter took him to the plant of the San Saba Milling Co. one day last week. The hustling J. I. Carson was on the job and before we could realize what was being done or said he was showing us thru the splendidly equipped departments of the plant. This is an institution which is distinctly local and in which local patriotism has a just and pardonable pride. All kinds of mill products are manufactured at this plant and thousands of dollars are being saved annually to the people of this county by reason of the home plant.

"I'm not going to wait until next month. I'm going to give you a dollar and a half right now. The News is worth a dollar and fifty cents to my family." Alph Ashley said that. He did not say it merely because he is our friend. He is not a man who talks thru his hat. He has read the News for 25 years and more, and that is his deliberate judgment. And by George, it is just such talks as that which makes us work at this time of the night. The clock will strike eleven inside of six minutes. Most people are asleep, but it takes work to get out a good newspaper.

Some two weeks ago the water began to rise in the creeks of this county. There had been no rain for a long time and the phenomena was the more noticeable. In many places where the beds of the creeks had been dry for many months the water rose and in some instances rose high enough to cause the creek to start running again. This is reported from Rough Creek. The same story comes from Richland, Wallace, Cherokee, Simpson and Rough Creek. Some of the old settlers predicted that the end of the long drouth was approaching. Some of the more recent settlers were startled. Any way the water rose in the creek beds, springs, long dry, began to flow again and the drouth is broken with a rain, hail, sleet and snow.

**LADIES' SUSPENDERS.**

(Louisville Enterprise)  
 Physicians say that the new woman is becoming round-shouldered by wearing suspenders to support heavy skirts.

Perhaps so. Who knows? But there is in masculine circles at least a vague suspicion that women do not wear that kind of suspenders. On the other hand, there are dim convictions—impossible of direct proof—that they do wear suspenders for the upholding of their hosiery. If this is true, then certainly hosiery suspenders could not induce roundshoulderedness in womanhood, for the hosiery supporters, one naturally assumes, do not reach over the wearer's shoulders. In all probability these supporters depend upon the waist, therefore instead of making the lady round-shouldered, they would be inclined to make her bow-hipped. But all such discussions are profitless, because they must remain abstract. Arguments pro or con may not be reduced to concrete examples, wherein actual living proofs might be submitted. We can scarcely conceive of a lady who would consent to have her investiture—with herself inside—brought before an assemblage of academicians authorized to examine and expatiate, prove and disprove, layer by layer, strap by strap, buckle by buckle. There are subjects of great importance, like this one, that must be treated with reserve, without dogmatics, arbitrariness, didactics; and while our

country is at war, while our economic system is being knocked down and rolled over, muddled, mutated and monkeyed with by perfervid theorists in a perspiration of experimental excitement—while everything is being undone in order that somebody else may do it over again in a greater hurry—while everybody is busy at somebody else's job, is no time to take up the question of women's suspenders. And even if the time were propitious, the subject should not be thrashed out in public.—State Press in Dallas News.

Swing in ye hosts of democracy. The prohibition amendment to the federal constitution is a challenge to the sons of illustrious sires in every part of the union. As democracy has led for human freedom in every age and clime it is but fitting that Mississippi, the home of Jefferson Davis, should be the first state to ratify the amendment. The news dispatches say it took the legislature just fifteen minutes to complete the job. Then again how appropriate that old Virginia, the home of Thomas Jefferson and Robt. E. Lee and the cradle of American liberty should be the next to swing into the line of battle. Now let Texas whose history is emblazoned with the heroic and immortal deeds of Goliad, the Alamo and San Jacinto, be as brave morally as she is physically. May she be the next to answer the roll.

The question most asked today in the world war is "what of Russia." We call it stating the war aims, but the latest speech of Premier Lloyd George of England to the House of Commons and the recent address of President Wilson to Congress were both in reality but discussions of "what of Russia." And the silence of France at this time is her answer to that fateful query. America is cautioned to be patient with Russia. All admit that Russia is out of the fighting and cannot possibly become a military factor in less time than a couple of years. Russia is down and out. She has taken the count. She has committed the same unpardonable sin that Germany is guilty of. Russia has disavowed her sacred treaties. In a state of anarchy she is now powerless to do. Russia is completely in the hands of the Hohenzollern dynasty. The peace parleys at Brest-Litovsk between Russian Bolshevik and the central powers is the rankkest kind of a world hypocrisy. Russian treachery opened the flood gates for the German hordes to over run unhappy Poland in 1915 as it desolated prostrate and helpless Roumania in 1916. Treachery hardly expresses it. It was perfidious treachery; a treachery which for its cunning, ruthless debauchery and licentiousness has known no equal nor parallel since Cataline conspired. We wonder why France remains silent. There should be no wonder about it. France, bleeding from every pore, struck down by a merciless savage foe, feels that she is deserted in the darkest hour of her need by one from whom she had a right to expect much. France does not extend the hand of sympathy nor of pity. France has no hands to extend. They have been chopped off and hacked to pieces by the murderous Huns. France does not beg. She presents her cause as a just one. And the glory of French arms from 1914 to 1918 will make an epic page in human history. England is more resentful. The speech of Lloyd George, in effect, said we are done with you. Go to. We'll fight this war to a finish without you. America is fresher in the struggle. It is natural that we should be more inclined to stake another diplomatic fight to win the Russian heart. There are some basic facts connected with this Russian question which can hardly be discussed freely and frankly. In the first place age-long autocracy and caste on the one hand and dense ignorance and abject slavery on the other hand make up Russian society. America knows little of either, except as historical facts. It was unfortunate at the beginning of the war that the free governments and people of Great Britain and France should be linked up with autocratic and benighted Russia. Again Russia has and is still the colossal oppressor of the Jewish race. For this sin alone God will not let Russia live and win. It must be a new Russia to win. Russia cannot change the finish of the war, but it can and is adding years to the strug-

Well I Would Say  
 The January Clearance  
**SALE**  
 At T. C. Henry's

Is sure some Sale. I never saw such prices as that fellow HENRY is making in my life, although Dry Goods are getting higher all the time.

Say, friends, if you want your share of these BARGAINS at T. C. HENRY'S Store you had better go after them soon as the sale will close the 31st day of January.

YOUR FRIEND  
**T. C. HENRY**

Geo. Gaddy, who has been with the Murray Drug Store for a long time has located with a large drug firm at Atoka, Okla., and Mrs. Gaddy will go to join him the latter part of the week.

"The Adventurer"—Charley Chaplin's newest picture at the Majestic Saturday, Feb. 2nd, Matinee and night.

J. P. McCaskill has been seriously sick with an attack of typhoid fever for the past week. A trained nurse arrived and has had charge of the case since Sunday. His sisters, Mmes. F. A. Duke of Brownwood and B. T. Brittain of Putnam have been with him.

Jack Dennard of Big Valley visited homefolks here Sunday.

"Dear Billy" is the way the letter started. When we open a letter which starts off that way we are never afraid to read on. No man ever started a letter that way and then wound up with "stop the durned old paper, I never ordered it no how." No sir-ree. A letter like that always comes clean. There may, per chance, be some difference of opinion, but these are expressed respectfully and frankly. One recent letter started thusly winds up with "your friend, I. D. Kirkpatrick, Richmond, California." That's our Dudley. He says "everything is rather quiet out here just at present. War, war, war is all you hear, but we pity the man here in Richmond who is not 100 per cent American. All the people are heart and soul in this war. I suppose you folks have had a very dry year in Texas, but the good part about old San Saba is if you have one good year you forget about the bad ones."

Sun-of-a-Gun acknowledges receipt of a beautifully flagged folder for the Sixth Annual Banquet given by the Brenham Banner-Press to its employees, Saturday, January 12, 1918. The program is a real inspiration. It is so different to those of former years, and the Banner-Press has a very pretty custom of presenting this banquet every year to its employees. There is usually a program of fun and merriment. This year it is intensely serious and patriotic. Here are the subjects which are introduced by America recited by the assembly: Our Country, The Red Cross, Liberty Bonds, The Y. M. C. A., Thrift Stamps, Registration, Food Conservation. Our Boys, My Bit. Can you beat it. Here is the menu, which is equally as suggestive of thoughtfulness and loyalty: Roast turkey, dressing, potato salad, pickles, bread, BEVO. Again we say, can you beat it? If you can beat it please invite us.

**Bevo**  
 A BEVERAGE



**Cold Weather Notice**

Keep in mind the fact that Bevo, being a soft drink, will freeze at 32° Fahrenheit—just like any other non-alcoholic beverage. Be careful about this, as freezing affects the rich fullness of that delightful Bevo flavor which goes so particularly well with a meal or a bite to eat. If Bevo were merely a summer beverage this warning might not be so timely—but, as all who drink it know—

**Bevo is an all-year-'round drink**

Everybody enjoys it for more than just its thirst-quenching qualities—the pleasure it gives comes from its flavor, purity and wholesome nutritiousness—the enjoyment of these qualities is independent of time or season.

To get full pleasure out of Dutch lanches, Welsh rarebits, oysters, clams, lobsters, sausage, cheese and many other such delicious edibles, Bevo should be included.

You will find Bevo at inns, cafeterias, restaurants, groceries, department and drug stores, soda fountains, dining cars, steamships, canteens, soldiers' homes, navy, and other places where refreshing soft drink beverages are sold.

Your grocer will supply you by the case. Demand the genuine—have the bottle opened in front of you—see that the seal is unbroken covering the crown top and see that the crown top bears the Fox.

Bevo is sold in bottles only, and is bottled exclusively by  
 ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS

**Jno. Orr Wholesale Gro. Co.**  
 Wholesale Dealers LLANO, TEXAS



# HOW ABOUT FEED!

## SAN SABA MILL & ELEVATOR COMPANY

Have largest stock of Feed on hands than ever. Below we quote you a few prices. If in need, we would be pleased to receive your order.

Corn Chops (Home Ground)	\$3.60 per 100 lbs.
Rich Wheat Bran	\$2.30 per 100 lbs.
Rich Shorts	\$2.90 per 100 lbs.
Shelled Corn Even weight sacks	\$1.95 per 100 lbs.
Cotton Seed Cake	\$58.00 and \$59.00 per ton
Cotton Seed Meal	\$59.00 per ton

Have Car Cow feed Rolling; get our prices—plenty of fresh Meal and flour on hand—Sell or exchange—Would appreciate a share of your business.—

YOURS TRULY,

San Saba Mill and Elevator Company.

"Please find a wheel enclosed to keep the News rollin' up my way" says Prof. T. N. Jefferson of Concho county. Prof. Jefferson puts this confounding proposition up to Sun-of-a-Gun: "What do you suppose the year will bring around?" Possibly this good friend didn't know it, but that is just about the kind of an enigma that we like to tackle. To some people that very question brings a case of the blues a foot long and a yard wide. To us it is as welcome as the flowers in May. In the first place this year, like all others, is going to bring around just about what we make it bring around. For instance it will bring around another mile stone on the checkered way of life for you and me. It will bring around 365 days. Each day will be set with 24 golden hours and each hour will be studded with sixty diamond minutes. Now the profoundest question is what are we going to do with what the year brings. What are we going to do with these precious days and hours and minutes? We've settled the question for the time and herewith pass it along. We are going to do our durndest.

### CHRISTIAN LADIES AID

Monday, January 21, at Christian Tabernacle, 3:30 o'clock.  
Bible study from First Corinthians. Circumstances of the founding of the church at Corinth—Mrs. Joekel. The church admonished.—Mrs. Smith.  
Condition in the church which Paul rebuked.—Mrs. Neal.

### LADIES CEMETERY ASSOCIATION ELECTS OFFICERS

The Ladies Cemetery Association last week held the annual meeting for the election of officers for the ensuing year. The following were elected: Mrs. B. A. Burleson, president; Mrs. T. C. Henry, vice-president; Mrs. W. H. Kimbrough, second vice-president; Mrs. R. R. Low, secretary; Mrs. W. A. Smith, treasurer.

T. K. Adams and J. T. Christian of the Richland section were in town Thursday of last week. Mr. Adams recently purchased 238 acres out of the old Christian pasture. This makes him about 1,400 acres of fine San Saba county land. When asked if he wanted the whole world he scowled and said "no" emphatically. He just wanted what adjoined him. Mr. Adams is one of the hustlers of this old county and is a good citizen 365 days in the year.

### FATTY ARBUCKLE, SATURDAY AT THE MAJESTIC.

Lieut. W. B. Murray of Camp Travis is spending a few days with his father, T. A. Murray. He is just out of the hospital, where he was confined with a case of mumps for several days. This is the first time he has been home since being commissioned from the first officers training camp at Leon Springs.

Newton Estep arrived Wednesday from Fort Morgan, Alabama, to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Newt Estep. He is one of Uncle Sam's boys with the coast artillery and is off on a ten days furlough.

## HELP WIN THE WAR

Lend your savings to the Government by buying War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps. We will gladly, and without cost to you, assist you in this.

America expects every man to do his duty.

DO YOURS.

### THE CITY NATIONAL BANK

### Charter No. 9781 Reserve District No. 11. Report of the condition of the SAN SABA NATIONAL BANK

SAN SABA, TEXAS  
In the state of Texas, at the close of business on Dec. 31, 1917.

#### RESOURCES

Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c)	\$184,417.72	
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 55a)	7,072.80	177,344.92
U. S. Bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		25,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3 1-2 per cent and 4 per cent		1,200.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)		1,200.00
Furniture and fixtures		2,700.00
Real estate owned other than banking house		976.60
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		11,605.52
Cash in vault and net amounts due from nat'l bks.		28,924.59
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15		2,894.73
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		341.64
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		520.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,250.00
Revenue Stamps		99.00
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$254,057.00</b>

#### LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits	2,487.25
Circulating notes outstanding	25,000.00
Net amounts due to National banks	2,922.52
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Items 30 or 31)	74.93
Total of items 31 and 32	2,997.45
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
Individual deposits subject to check	155,131.94
Certificates of deposits due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	40.40
Cashier's checks outstanding	884.96
Dividends unpaid	2,500.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40	158,557.30
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):	
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	15,015.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41, 42, 43, and 44	15,015.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$254,057.00</b>

Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (See Item 1d) 7,072.80  
State of Texas, county of San Saba, ss:  
I, Rube R. Low, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
Rube R. Low, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of January, 1918.  
Lucy Walker, Notary Public.  
Correct—Attest:  
J. W. Gibbons  
M. M. Moss  
R. C. Sloan  
Directors.

Fatty Arbuckle in his very newest picture at the Majestic Saturday.

Mrs. Paul Nichols left for Lampasas Monday, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Casbeer. She will shortly go to join Mr. Nichols at Douglas, Ariz.

"The Purple Mask" is getting good, every Friday night at the Majestic.

Mrs. Edgar T Neal and the children, Ellie and Masters Jack, Slaton and Tom have returned from a trip to San Antonio

Sheriff Neal transferred a patient to the asylum at Austin Wednesday.

Only 5 more episodes of the "Fighting Trail"—every Monday night at the Majestic.

### AN INTERESTING OLD RELIC

War Paper Published During Civil War.

A scrap of the "Trans-Mississippi Bulletin" was sent to the News office recently by Will Ledbetter. It was found among the old papers of his late father, W. H. Ledbetter, who was a Confederate veteran. The Bulletin was published at Jefferson, Texas, by A. M. Walker, editor, and this scrap is dated Friday, June 10, 1864. It is under the front page title reads this way: "We shall enjoy the rights guaranteed to us by the Constitution."

Vol. 1, No. 12. The slogan carried just. An interesting feature of this old paper is its "terms." Under this head appears this: "Subscription, one year, \$25, six months \$15. Advertising rates: All advertisements inserted in the 'Bulletin' will be charged \$2 per square for each insertion unless otherwise contracted for. All marriages, deaths, and obituaries charged as other advertising—invariably to be accompanied by the cash, or they will receive no attention."

A news item from Charleston, May 25, says that "Johnston's retreat is for strategic purposes." He has been reinforced and will whip Sherman at his leisure. Johnston's whole loss is 6000. He is strongly fortified, and no fear is entertained. Sherman's defeat is certain and overwhelming."

Another item calls to mind the fact that the government is taking over so many departments of life today. It says: Capt N. A. Birg is authorized to purchase half the cotton in his district, and in case the parties refuse to sell, he has peremptory orders to impress it."

### AN EXPRESSION OF THANKS

On last Thursday evening the good women of the Baptist church and friends of the missionary, those who had an opportunity to show their appreciation and kindness in a material way as well as in prayer in our home, bringing many things too numerous to mention, to say in one word good to eat. Wife and missionary will ever remember this expression of remembrance and kindness.

Respectfully,  
W. H. DAVIS.

We now have a full line of COLUMBIA RECORDS which includes many beautiful selections in Hawaiian, Patriotic, and Popular Music.—Simmons Drug Store.

More Goods Better Quality Less Price

## THE Famous Bargain Store

More Goods Better Quality Less Price

If there was ever a time when it was wise to anticipate one's wants and buy in advance, that time is right now. No one need be told that the market is advancing in all lines for it is apparent on every side, and very especially in merchandise of this character—most of which is made of cotton. The only reason we can offer present values is because this merchandise was purchased on early contracts and at prices far less than prevail in the wholesale market today.

THE FAMOUS BARGAIN STORE

## ONLY 14 MORE DAYS THE NEWS FOR \$1.00

New Subscribers are coming in and old ones are paying up at \$1.00. After the 31st day of January the price of subscription to the News goes up to \$1.50.

Come on in today and get in on the ground floor. You cannot afford not to get the San Saba News. You want to keep posted on the great war. The News brings you a message from the San Saba county soldier boys. Then in the News you hear from the soldier boys and they in turn hear from you.

All, not a part, but All the local news. The happenings of the county.

You get the court house news, the war news, the soldier news, and the most important general news.

The candidates are coming out. You must have the News to keep posted on the candidates.

The selective draft board Bulletins are published in the News. Read the News and know when the boys are called to the colors.

ONLY 14 MORE DAYS AT \$1.00  
THE SAN SABA NEWS



**BUSINESS DIRECTORY**

**Messrs Rector & Rector**  
Lawyers and Real Estate Agents  
SAN SABA, TEXAS

G. A. Walters J. H. Baker  
**WALTERS & BAKER**  
Law, Land, Loan and Abstract Office  
SAN SABA, TEXAS

**STAR MEAT MARKET**  
Beef, Pork and Sausage  
Old Fashioned Barbecue  
Martin Phone 23 Texas Phone 33  
**Carroll & Dickerson, Props.**

**J. R. FINNELL**  
Painting, Paper Hanging and Decorating done exactly right.  
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THE UNDERWRITER AGENT  
Writes Insurance  
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Real Estate, Investments and Loans  
SAN SABA, TEXAS

**B. T. RICH**  
Wholesale and retail grain, Hay and Feedstuff  
**SLOAN BUILDING**  
SAN SABA, TEXAS

**DR. G. A. WILSON**  
Dentist  
Office in Clark Building  
Suite No. 6.

**FEED FEED**  
Poultry, Eggs, Hides, and Beeswax  
Always call on me before you sell  
**H. W. BOLTON**

**WALKER & BURLESON**  
Lawyers  
Practice in all courts of the State  
Notary Public in Office  
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**MODEL MARKET**  
Choicest Meats and Sausage  
Polite Attention and Prompt Service  
**H. W. BOLTON**

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Real Estate—Loans—  
Fire Insurance  
Abstracter

Checks R Good Receipts  
If U-O me send cheef. If I-Q-U Send Statement. Let us get our Books Straight. When U-R Paper Reads right U will B happy so will Bob. Please don't forget the Place and Date.  
Yours for Insurance Vot Iss.  
R. L. Seiders, Agent.

**DIRE RESULTS ARE PICTURED IF GERMANY WINS THE WAR.**

(From Dallas News.)  
"If we should lose the war, while no mind could now comprehend all the foul and fatal consequences, at least there would be a fundamental change in the philosophy of national and international life. We believe that a Nation that serves has the right to live, but Germany believes that only the Nation which can subjugate other nations deserves to live. We believe that there is an international honor that is binding to death, while Germany does not."

This is the opinion of Dr. Graham Frank, pastor of the Central Christian Church, who spoke last night on the subject, "If We Lose the War," before a large audience, taking as his text, "And let us not be weary in well doing, for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not."  
The loss of the war would mean for us many changes in the every day life—business, education, religion, home life and all the intimate relations that make life sacred and tender and beautiful, he said. All these would feel the crushing grip of the iron hand of German materialism and militarism, was his opinion.

"From such possibilities as these and from unthought-of evils which would hound us and drive us if mad militarism ever becomes the dominant force of the world, we recoil with a shudder and in full-hearted determination we nerve our hearts by the holiest consecration which the sons and daughters of freedom can know for the last stand," he said. "The Church, lover and creator of liberty, can and should give plenty of encouragement to those who fight to make the world a safe place for women and little children."

Dr. Frank said that he did not think the central powers would win, because Germany has already lost everything for which a decent and self-respecting nation can fight. But should victory at arms occur to Germany it would be but as Dead Sea ashes in her hands, he said, for she has forfeited the respect of the world.

"While the central powers, through their blood-crowned Kaiser, already claim victory," he said, "the allies, through their immortal leaders, Lloyd George and President Wilson, make no such claim now, but call all lovers of human liberty to make such a dedication as will make the victory sure and abiding. America's force has not yet been felt on the fighting fronts. She has done much through her money and her food, but not yet have the gray ghouls of Germany felt the full impact of American bravery. When millions of the sons of Washington and Lee and Grant are on the fields of France there will be a different feeling in the hearts of what Henry Van Dyke calls the 'Potsdam gang.'"

**\*FAIRVIEW**

(By Will)

We have had a break in the weather. Thursday evening about one inch of rain fell in this community accompanied by a sleet storm, terminating to snow, which continued through the night, an estimate of from 4 to 5 inches. This was a wet snow and will with the rain wet the ground probably two feet deep. Farmers can prepare for next year's crop with some hope.

Carl Jones has moved back to his farm from Lometa. Carl was doing good at Lometa but there wasn't enough room in town for him.

Mrs. H. H. Wells is quite ill at this writing.

The weather was too bad for the entertainment Saturday night, but will be given at some future date.

**THE SACRIFICE OF FRANCE**

To illustrate the sacrifice of France in the great war Henry J. Allen of Wichita, Kan., who has just returned from six months spent in the warring countries, tells this story:

At a certain French town he met a farm woman whose husband was in the trenches. Alone and unaided she had planted thirty acres of wheat in the very shadow of the battle line. German gunners sent a shell her way whenever she appeared in the field by daylight. She spent her days in a dugout and worked in the field at night.

As wheat harvest approached she took a ten days' vacation to give birth to her baby. When the baby was born she left it in charge of the Red Cross women, and she went back to the dugout on the wheat field.

"My country needs my grain more than my baby needs me," she told Mr. Allen.

This little story is a picture of the sacrifice that is France's today, our ally in the war. And our money, given to the Red Cross, took care of the baby!—Exchange.

**ONLY ONE**

The Record in San Saba Is a Unique One.

If the reader has a "bad back" or any kidney ills and is looking for an effective kidney medicine, better depend on the remedy endorsed by people you know. Doan's Kidney Pills have given great satisfaction in such cases. San Saba citizens testify to this. Here is a case of it:

Mrs. C. D. Hayden, San Saba, says: "There were times when my kidneys were out of order and sudden catches often took me in the small of my back. I had had headaches and dizzy spells and always felt worn out and depressed. I used Doan's Kidney Pills on several occasions and they never failed to make my back and kidneys stronger. After using Doan's, I was soon in better health."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hayden had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

**It Helps!**  
There can be no doubt as to the merit of Cardui, the woman's tonic, in the treatment of many troubles peculiar to women. The thousands of women who have been helped by Cardui in the past 40 years, is conclusive proof that it is a good medicine for women who suffer. It should help you, too.

Take  
**CARDUI**  
The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. N. E. Varner, of Hixson, Tenn., writes: "I was passing through the . . . My back and sides were terrible, and my suffering indescribable. I can't tell just how and where I hurt, about all over, I think . . . I began Cardui, and my pains grew less and less, until I was cured. I am remarkably strong for a woman 64 years of age. I do all my housework." Try Cardui, today. E-76

At the **Front**  
**POPULAR MECHANICS**  
MAGAZINE  
360 ARTICLES 360 ILLUSTRATIONS  
**BETTER THAN EVER**  
15c a copy  
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Yearly Subscription \$1.50  
Send for our new free catalog of mechanical books  
Popular Mechanics Magazine  
6 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago

**WHERE THE AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN FRANCE WILL FIGHT**

(From Dallas Democrat)

The information as to where our first divisions in France are posted, having been passed by the censors, the significance of the position is now being commented on. The American sector looks toward Metz and Strasburg, the fortified capitals of Alsace and Lorraine, which were wrested from France in the War of 1870. It is the sector through which Joffre expected the enemy would try to drive, at the outset of the war, and where he first gained ground. It is the only front through which the war can be carried at once into German territory, as the trenches are either on or close to the frontier. Metz lies to the north and Strasburg to the east, on the Rhine. It was this way the Germans came in the fall of 1870, and this way they will go in reverse order when the Americans are ready to start their drive. For the most part it is a flat, open country, with no natural vantage points for the defenders, except that it is studded with villages. After besieging or masking the two great fortified centers of Metz and Strasburg, the Americans would if they followed plans made by France, years ago, push on between these cities and strike the Rhine between Frankfort and Mannheim.

Nobody knows but the War Council what the American strategy will be, although the position chosen gives reason for some surmises, one of which is that what has been called "a quiet sector" will be a very lively one next spring. The American army in France is getting no supplies or equipment from the French except artillery; its food, clothing, ammunition, and the trains which bring them from the seaport all come from home. In every respect it is an asset and not an obligation for France.

**FLAMES DESTROY PROPERTY**

It was considered miraculous that practically the entire business district of Lometa did not burn Tuesday afternoon when the Baker & McLean Garage and the R. E. Hill tin shop were consumed by flames, the fire originating in the office of the garage from a vulcanizer, which was being used in mending some tires. When discovered the entire office was afire and before assistance sufficient to extinguish the blaze could arrive it had become uncontrollable. However, before the adjoining buildings caught the vigilant efforts exerted by the citizens was all that saved the Barnes Lumber Company and the Reporter office, and in case these had caught it would then have spread elsewhere.

The Baker & McLean Garage reports a personal loss amounting to \$2,000 besides two automobiles one belonging to Will Longfield and the other to Wm. Sonneman. There were several cars that were rolled out of the building.

R. E. Hill estimates his loss at \$1,500 with \$750 insurance.

Messrs. Baker & McLean suffered a complete loss, having no insurance, as well as did Wm. Sonneman who owned the two buildings, valued at \$2,000.—Lometa Reporter.

**Aged Negro's Plea Proves Effective.**

Austin, Texas, Jan. 3.—D. H. Hart, clerk of the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas, speaking of a recent session of the court at El Paso, told of a negro's speech before Judge Duval West which Mr. Hart regards as better than an able lawyer's plea.

"I have heard many of the oldest lawyers in Texas make pleas before a court, but I never heard the facts of a case handled so effectively as they were handled by a speaker before a court at El Paso a short time ago," said Mr. Hart.

"An old negro was arraigned for selling liquor to a soldier. The indictment was read and the judge asked him whether he pleaded guilty or not guilty.

"I is guilty, jedge, jes' like dat paper has it," said the frail old darkey, "but jedge, if you will 'low me, I'd like to say a few words befo' you done fine me. I is from Louisiany, sah, and I heerd of your pure air out here, and come here fer my health—not to get well, sah, but to live a little while longer. Life is sweet to me, jedge, same as to you gemmen.

"Well, jedge, I was on de street here, and a young soldier puts a half dollar in my hand and says, 'Nigger, go in dat saloon and git me a half pint of whiskey.' Well, jedge, I'm from Louisiany as I told you from de start out, and when a white man tells a negro to do anything down there, he'd better do it. I didn't make a cent out of it. Jes' did it because dat young white man told me to."

"The judge and everyone in the courtroom was affected," Mr. Hart said. "The judge said to the old darkey:

"I believe what you tell me is true, your fine is \$1 and it is paid."

Charter No. 10806 Reserve District No. 11	
Report of the Condition of the	
CITY NATIONAL BANK	
SAN SABA, TEXAS	
In the State of Texas at the close of business on December 31, 1917.	
RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts.....	\$305,027.74
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3 1-2 per cent and 4 per cent.....	10,050.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged.....	2,075.94
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription).....	3,000.00
Value of banking house.....	8,000.00
Furniture and fixtures.....	5,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank.....	23,069.40
Cash in vault and net amounts due from nat'l Bks.....	77,399.00
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15.....	6,122.23
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17).....	231.29
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18.....	83,752.52
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items.....	2,141.97
Other assets, if any.....	870.92
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$442,988.49</b>
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund.....	10,000.00
Undivided profits.....	2,426.84
Net amounts due to National Banks.....	240.16
Total of items 31 and 32.....	240.16
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):	
Individual deposits subject to check.....	314,219.65
Cashier's checks outstanding.....	6,101.83
Dividends unpaid.....	10,000.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40.....	330,321.49
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$442,988.49</b>

**SIX-DAY SCHOOL.**  
The Winters public school in Runnels county is probably the first school in this section to adopt the six-day week, teaching on Saturday, and thereby putting into effect a war measure recently suggested for conserving labor supply. The Winters school has an enrollment of 500. It is expected to save almost a month's time by this method, which will release the boys that much earlier for farm work.  
The same plan was this week considered by the board of trustees of the Brady schools, but no decision in the matter was arrived at. The scarcity of labor and help in farm work, and in all classes of labor as well, is one of the most serious problems now confronting this state and nation, and the six-day school plan offers a very feasible solution of at least a portion of the labor supply. The concentrated efforts of the school children in a period of a month will give far greater returns and results than the same amount of time given once a week on Saturday and scattered over a period of four or five months. Also it will release many hundreds of school teachers to other profitable labors besides that in which they are now engaged.—Brady Standard.

**GUNTER'S GARAGE**  
First-Class Mechanic in Garage.  
Gasoline, Oils and Greases. Repairing, cleaning and storing.  
Fords a specialty. We call and get your car. All work guaranteed at old Patton Stand  
**T. C. GUNTER, PROP.**

**Ab's**  
Let us abstract the title to your lands before you lose by sleeping on your rights.  
**Walters & Baker**

**THE VALUE OF AN AD**  
Every advertiser in this paper has a message of value for you. He has some good reasons for talking to you, and the fact that he is talking to you is proof of his ability and success. For this reason each week we are telling of our bank, its service, its possibilities for your good, and its Safety. Others tell you how to spend your money—we tell you how to save it!  
May we have the pleasure of seeing you here soon?  
**THE FIRST STATE BANK**  
CHEROKEE, TEXAS  
C. L. BEHRNS, President A. B. TAFF, Cashier



# Classified Ad COLUMNS

Something here may interest you. These little advertisements are classified for your convenience. Watch it close each week.

I have on hand a few bushels of Machine Culled Mebane Cotton Seed.—J. L. F. Fentress.

When you see Bob think of Fire Insurance. When you think of Fire Insurance see Bob or he'll C U.

Harley-Davidson Motorcycles and Bicycles, Tires, and Accessories, Biggest stock in West Texas. Expert Repairing. Mail Orders given special attention. Motor Department San Angelo Hardware Co.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
I can make loans on Farms and Ranches in San Saba County in any amount above \$2,000.00, at 7, 7 1-2, or 8 per cent. The rate depending on the size of the loan.—E. E. Fagg.

**NO HUNTING**  
No hunting or trapping allowed in the Russell, Asby, Gay and Gregg pastures south of town and on Rough Creek. Will positively prosecute any and all violations.

SMITH & SMITH,  
By D. J. Smith, Jr.

**FOR TRADE OR LEASE**—My place 14 miles northwest of San Saba on Brownwood road, on R. F. D., one half mile of school, 75 acres in cultivation, 163 acres in place, good house, etc. Address W. W. Coffee, West Fork, Ark.

**FOR SALE**—The Golden Strain Mammoth Bronze turkeys, Toms at \$7.00 and hens at \$5.00. They are beauties.—Mrs. A. J. Reavis, Locker, Texas.

**SCHOOL TAX DUE**  
The receipts for the taxes for the San Saba Independent School District are now ready. Avoid a 10 per cent penalty and 6 per cent interest by paying before January 31st, next. John Seiders, Collector.

**FOR SALE**—240 egg Imperial Incubator for \$7.00.—R. J. Edwards, San Saba, Route 4.

Cherry Bark Cough Syrup will stop that cough.—The Corner Drug Store.

**FOR SALE**—Second hand automobile, in good condition, at a bargain if sold at once. See me at Arhelger Blacksmith shop.—Harry Arhelger.

**FOR SALE**—A small quantity of Extra Selected-re-cleaned-Pure Sudan Grass Seeds. J. L. F. Fentress.

**FOR SALE**—Pure, sure-crop seed corn. Call at the Farmers' Union Feed Store for prices and to see sample.—J. T. Moore.

Corner Drug Store Cold Breakers will break up that cold.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
I can make loans on Farms and Ranches in San Saba County in any amount above \$2,000.00, at 7, 7 1-2, or 8 per cent. The rate depending on the size of the loan.—E. E. Fagg.

Pear burners, pear burner jets and all kinds of extras.—W. H. Joekel.

The first of the year is at hand. Make arrangements to settle up.—W. R. Harris.

**FOR SALE**—16-H. P. Oil Burning Engine. A bargain if sold at once.—J. L. F. Fentress.

**MODEL BAKERY**  
Fresh bread, pies and cakes every day. Special orders given prompt attention. North of Clark Building.—N. L. Schnabel Prop.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
I can make loans on Farms and Ranches in San Saba County in any amount above \$2,000.00, at 7, 7 1-2, or 8 per cent. The rate depending on the size of the loan.—E. E. Fagg.

**KILL THE BLUE BUGS**  
By feeding "Martin's Wonderful Blue Bug Killer" to your chickens. Your money back if not satisfied, ask The Corner Drug Store.

**NO HUNTING**  
I have leased my pasture to A. L. Brown for hunting and trapping purposes. All others must positively keep out. This means YOU. Don't ask me.—A. J. Crawford.

Pear burners, pear burner jets and all kinds of extras.—W. H. Joekel.

**FOR SALE**—Good, genuine cane seed, makes fine feed and is quickly matured, 100 pound lots or up 8 cents per pound, less than 100 pounds, 10 cents. Feterita, pure, clean seed, 10 cents per pound. Sudan, free from Johnson grass and weed seed, 35 cents per pound.—W. R. Doran, San Saba, Texas. P. O. Box 152.

**NOTICE TO LIGHT PATRONS**  
On and after February the 1st, 1918, we will discontinue the house to house plan of collection. We will have office for the first five days of each month with the Water Works Company. Your account will be mailed by the first of each month, when we will expect you to call or send your check for settlement.

Lights will be discontinued in all cases where necessary arrangements are not made by the 5th of month, in which case \$1.00 will be charged for re-connection.

If you have a bill against us, please mail it and we will pay by the 5th. SAN SABA LIGHT & ICE CO. F. B. Hall, Mngrs.

**FOR SALE**—Two sections of land in Coyenosa Valley, 25 miles north of Ft. Stockton, Texas, one section patented and one section school land, at \$2.5 per acre, 3 per cent interest, good well and windmill, reservoir, large ranch house, orchard, etc., one section Tobosa Grass, the other Grama and Mesquite grass. A good proposition for a small ranch and farm. All land tillable. Land adjoining can be leased or purchased.

Also 240-acre farm 5 miles north of Richland Springs, San Saba county, known as the Collum place, good buildings, out houses, cistern, tanks, orchard, etc. About 100 acres in cultivation, all tillable, mostly grubbed clean. For prices and terms write to L. E. Collum, box 101, Fort Stockton, Texas.

Nyal's Analgesic Balm rubbed on your throat will relieve that soreness. The Corner Drug Store.

**Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, etc. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

**CHICHESTER SPILLS**  
DIAMOND BRAND  
Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.  
LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in Blue Ribbons. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS. For twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS  
TRIED EVERYWHERE TESTED.

Jan. 1st is the time to clean up that old account.—W. R. Harris.

Pear burners, pear burner jets and all kinds of extras.—W. H. Joekel.

**Irrigation Machinery.**  
Before buying your irrigation machinery, we would like to figure with you. We can equip you with the right kind of machinery, which you can depend on, we know the irrigation business, so don't experiment, but buy something you know will do the work.—G. A. Arhelger.

**Large shipment of dress Gingham just received at 15c per yard.**—J. C. Campbell, the spot cash store.

**BATTERY SERVICE**  
We are prepared to do your Auto Battery Repairing.—G. A. Arhelger.

For Children's cough we recommend PENSLAR CHILDRENS COUGH SYRUP.—Simmons Drug Store.

**FOR SALE**—Four rent houses and lots, city water, will sell cheap for cash or will trade for farm.—C. H. Hearson.

**TO WATER PATRONS**

On the 1st day of February 1918 and each month thereafter all water rent and accounts will be due and payable at the Company's office. You will receive a statement of the amt. due on the 1st of each month and you will have to the 5th to come in and pay at the office or mail a check for same which will be your receipt. All parties failing to pay by the 5th will be cut off and a charge of \$1.00 for cutting back on unless satisfactory arrangements are made. Meter rates will be \$1.50 minimum per month for which you will be entitled to 3, 500 gallons. All over the minimum, 30c per M. Household purpose \$1.00 per month, but does not include sprinkling of lawns or watering of shrubbery.

All rent houses will be required to pay one month in advance. The price of Meters has doubled the last year and we are forced to raise our charge. We have been coming around to see you on the 1st of each month for the past 12 years. Now we think you should come and see us for a while. And we ask that you be prompt on the 1st of each month for it is not our desire to cut any body off. We are only adopting the system of all other towns.

Yours for co-operation  
SAN SABA WATER CO.  
per S. E. W. Hudson, Supt.

The quickest way to break up a cold is by the use of DIEMER'S LAXATIVE COLD BREAKERS, 25c.—Simmons Drug Store.

**CUMBERLAND CHURCH**  
The members of this church extend a very hearty welcome to their friends to come and worship with them every Sunday in the month.  
Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.; preaching, morning at 11:00 o'clock and at night at 7:00 o'clock. Prayer Meeting on Friday evenings at 7:15 o'clock.

**SHERIFF'S SALE**  
THE STATE OF TEXAS  
County of San Saba

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of San Saba County, on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1918 by Jno. H. Moore, Clerk of said District Court in and for San Saba County, Texas, for the sum of Twelve Hundred and Ninety and 90-100 (\$1290.90) dollars and costs of suit, under a judgment foreclosing deed of trust lien in favor of Mrs. M. M. Perry in a certain cause in said Court, No. 2144 and styled Mrs. M. M. Perry vs. T. B. Harrell, placed in my hands for service, I, Edgar T. Neal as Sheriff of San Saba County, Texas, did, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1918 levy on certain Real Estate, situated in San Saba County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

116 acres of land out of survey No. 80, in the name of Thomas Perceida, described by metes and bounds as follows:  
Beginning at the N. E. corner of a 100 acre tract of land heretofore sold by W. B. Leverett to W. A. Oliver by deed dated January 25th, 1893; thence N. 45 E. 886 vrs. to a stake in the E. B. line of said survey No. 80 for the N. E. corner of this tract; thence S. 45 E. 740 vrs. with the E. B. line of said survey No. 80 to a stake in said line for S. E. corner of this tract; thence S. 45 W. 886 vrs. to the S. E. corner of said Oliver 100 acre tract; thence N. 45 W. with said Oliver east line, 740 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 116 acres, more or less, and levied upon as the property of T. B. Harrell and that on the first Tuesday in February, A. D. 1918 the same being the fifth day of said month, at the Court House door, of San Saba County, in the town of San Saba Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said order of sale I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said T. B. Harrell, subject however to a first lien on said property in favor of Scottish American Mortgage Co. Ltd. for \$1000.00.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the San Saba News, a newspaper published in San Saba county.

Witness my hand, this 8th day of January 1918.

EDGAR T. NEAL,  
Sheriff San Saba County, Texas.

## TO BE YOUR GROCER

Indeed is our every day desire. That is, to supply your daily needs in Groceries in a way that will leave you satisfied with our service and the quality of goods is what we strive every day to do.

We add fresh items every day—items that are bought by us with the sole desire of meeting the demands of our trade.

If we are not YOUR GROCER we would like to be, through the month just beginning.

### W. R. HARRIS

### PLANTING GOOD SEED

Good seeds are far more important than many farmers believe. Many failures and low yields could be traced to poor seed.

Not all of us would agree probably as to what the ideal should be in good seeds, but we do not differ as to the essential points in selecting or buying good field and garden seeds. What we expect and what we insist upon is that the seeds be capable of reproducing their kind in the best possible manner.

In the first place the seed should be viable. It is a great waste of money and time to plant seeds that germinate very poorly. Where one-half of the seeds fail to germinate one must double the cost of getting a stand. Perhaps where one-half or less germinate it may be impossible to get a stand under the conditions, in which case you cannot afford to plant such seeds.

Not only should the seeds be viable, but a large per cent of them should produce vigorous plants; weak, sickly plants are always a great handicap. Plants are similar to animals—inheritance is a great factor for vigorous offspring. It is highly desirable that the seed in question have possibilities for the reproduction of fruitful, high-yielding plants of the species. It is not enough that the seed be plump and heavy; they should be as nearly uniform as possible. This is necessary to insure even and uniform distribution in planting. There are many kinds of planters now on the market but better results will be had with any of them when uniform, clean seeds are used.

The time has come when we must take greater pains with the seeds we plant. A stand of plants is very important. Even with good seed a poor stand may be had owing to a poor seedbed and lack of attention in planting.

The importance of planters and grain drills will not be questioned this year. With seeds high and scarce and farm products worth so much, it will not take long to pay for planters and drills in the saving these implements will make. Then there is a saving in labor and the further advantage of planting on time all of which should be considered.—Farm and Ranch.

**SHERIFF'S SALE**  
THE STATE OF TEXAS  
County of San Saba

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of San Saba County, on the 7th day of Jan. 1918, by Jno. H. Moore, Clerk of said District Court for the sum of Seven Hundred Eighty-Nine 42-100 (\$789.42) and costs of suit, under a judgment, in favor of Mrs. Mary C. Moore in a certain cause in said Court, No. 2139 and styled Mary C. Moore vs. B. D. Sullivan et al, placed in my hands for service, I, Edgar T. Neal as sheriff of San Saba County, Texas, did, on the 8th day of January 1918, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in San Saba County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

Block No. 54 in the original town of San Saba according to the plot thereof and levied upon as the property of B. D. Sullivan and G. W. Fuller and that on the first Tuesday in February 1918, the same being the 5th day of said month, at the Court House door, of San Saba County, in the City of San Saba Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said order of sale I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said B. D. Sullivan and G. W. Fuller.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the San Saba News, a newspaper published in San Saba County.

Witness my hand, this 8th day of January 1918.

EDGAR T. NEAL,  
Sheriff San Saba County, Texas.

### COMMUNITY CO-OPERATION

Package Foods Are More Sanitary

Sanitary food products are put up in packages by the manufacturer. Only by buying in the package can the consumer be assured that the product is sanitary. Bulk goods offer too many opportunities for contamination by dirty hands, dust, mice and other vermin.

As a consequence, today is witnessing the passing of the butter tub, the lard tub, the dried fruit bin, the cracker barrel and the tea and coffee bin. Today we buy all these and many other products formerly sold in bulk, neatly done up in attractive and sanitary packages, fully protected against any chance of contamination until they are opened by the housewife in her own kitchen.

Advertising is largely responsible for the development of the package idea. When a manufacturer made a good product, he wanted to tell people about it so they would buy his product in preference to some other competing brand.

This required that he identify his product in some specific way so the consumer would know it was his. This led to the marketing of the product in a package or container bearing a distinctive label.

When you buy STANDARD ADVERTISED package foods, you buy sanitary foods.

We now have a full line of COLUMBIA RECORDS which includes many beautiful selections in Hawaain, Patriotic, and Popular Music.—Simmons Drug Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gosch are receiving the congratulations of friends on the arrival of a fine boy at their home on Thursday, Jan. 10.

### "THE TEN DEMANDMENTS."

A business firm in Western Canada has hung in a conspicuous place in its works the following "Ten Demands," for the benefit of its employees. They are surely worth repeating.

1. Don't lie. It wastes my time and yours. I am sure to catch you in the end, and that is the wrong end.
2. Watch your work, not the clock. A long day's work makes a long day short; and a short day's work makes my face long.
3. Give me more than I expect, and I will give more than you expect. I can afford to increase your pay if you increase my profits.
4. You owe so much to yourself you cannot afford to owe anybody else. Keep out of debt, or keep out of my shop.
5. Dishonesty is never an accident. Good men, like good women, never see temptation when they meet it.
6. Mind your own business, and in time you'll have a business of your own to mind.
7. Don't do anything here which hurts your self-respect. An employe who is willing to steal for me is willing to steal from me.
8. It is none of my business what you do at night. But if dissipation affects you next day and you do half as much as I demand, you'll last half as long as you hoped.
9. Don't tell what I'd like to hear but what I ought to hear. I don't want a valet to my vanity, but one for my dollars.
10. Don't kick if I kick. If you're worth while correcting you're worth while keeping. I don't waste time picking specks out of rotten apples.—Louisiana Grocer.

## YOUR BANK SHOULD HAVE

- 1st. Sufficient Capital and a large Surplus to make it stable
- 2nd. Accumulated Earnings kept in the bank to protect all bad debts
- 3rd. Officers and Directors of good business and moral standing
- 4th. Courteous and polite officers and employees
- 5th. Best and most modern burglar-proof safes and vaults
- 6th. Burglary Insurance and officers under bond
- 7th. No officers who speculate in any way
- 8th. No loans made to officers
- 9th. No consideration before safety
- 10th. Regular examinations by National authorities

### THE CITY NATIONAL BANK

has built its business on these policies and solicits your business on the basis of "safety first." Your money intended for old age, hard times, etc., will be safe if deposited with us.

J. L. BURLESON, President. J. B. MILLER, Cashier

## JUST SO SURE

as the falling snow flakes pile up into big drifts; as the dropping of water will wear away the stone; as the concentration of effort in any given line will bring success, JUST THAT SURE will the saving of the pennies and the dimes make you rich some day. Will you try it NOW—HERE?

### THE FIRST STATE BANK

RICHLAND SPRINGS, TEXAS



**SHERIFF'S SALE**

THE STATE OF TEXAS  
County of San Saba.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain execution issued out of the Honorable District Court of San Saba County, on the 7th day of January 1918 by John H. Moore Clerk of said Court for the sum of Five Hundred, Sixteen and 46-100 dollars and costs of suit, under a judgment, in favor of G. M. Smith in a certain cause in said Court, No. 2122 and styled G. M. Smith vs. H. C. Galloway placed in my hands for service, I, Edgar T. Neal as Sheriff of San Saba County, Texas, did, on the 8th day of January 1918 levy on certain Real Estate, situated in San Saba County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

First tract: All that certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being situated in the City and County of San Saba, State of Texas, and being a part of the O. Wilcox Sur. No. 38, and being out of a four acre tract of land heretofore owned by A. R. Brown, being described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at a point 81 1-4 yrs. East of the S. W. corner of said A. R. Brown tract, which said S. W. corner of said 4 acre tract is located 49 yrs. South of the S. E. corner of the Old Town tract of the Old Town of San Saba; thence East with the South line of said 4 acre tract 41 yrs. to a stake; thence North 139 yrs. to a stake in the North line of said 4 acre tract for the N. E. Corner of this tract; thence West 41 yrs., a stake for corner; thence South 139 yrs. to the place of beginning, and being the same tract of land conveyed by W. C. Dofflemeyer to H. C. Galloway by deed dated the 7th day of March A. D. 1914, as of record in the Deed Records of San Saba County, Texas, in Vol. 5, page 216, to which deed and the record thereof reference is hereby made for a more particular description of the said lot of land.

Second tract: Lots Nos. 4 and 5, Block No. 4, and Lot No. 6, Block No. 5, of the San Saba Heights Addition to the Town of San Saba; also Lots 4, 5 and 6 of the Sunsets Heights Addition to the Town of San Saba, said lots being same tracts of land described in a deed from L. B. Holloway to Henry Galloway dated the 5th day of July A. D. 1911, as of record in Vol. 53, Deed Records of San Saba County, Texas, to which reference is hereby made.

Third tract: 2 1-4 acres of land out of O. Wilcox Sur. No. 38, and being the same tract of land described in a certain deed from W. C. Dofflemeyer to Henry Galloway, dated the 13th day of February A. D. 1913, as of record in Vol. 53, page 584, Deed Records of San Saba County, Texas, to which deed and the record thereof reference is hereby made.

Fourth tract: Blocks Nos. 2 and 3, and Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, in Block No. 4, and Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Block No. 5, San Saba Heights Addition to the Town of San Saba.

Fifth tract: Two tracts of land 52 1-2 by 210 feet, each, out of the O. Wilcox Sur. No. 38, and being the same two tracts of land described in a certain deed of trust dated the 26th day of November A. D. 1917, by H. C. Galloway to Leigh Burleson, trustee for use of S. T. Taylor, as of record in the Deed of Trust Records of San Saba County, Texas, in Vol. 5, page 405, to which reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said tracts of land.

Sixth tract: 640 acres of land known as G. H. & S. A. Ry. Co. Sur. No. 1, Abst. No. 501.

Seventh tract: 497 1-2 acres of land known as the H. E. & W. T. Ry. Co. Sur. No. 9, Abst. No. 1582, patented to John Kelley.

Eighth tract: 20 acres of land, known as the G. Stroele Sur. No. 135, Cert. No. 440, Abst. No. 1234.

Ninth tract: 90 acres, more or less, part of the S. P. Weber Sur. No. 119, Cert. No. 154, patented to the heirs of S. P. Weber.

Tenth tract: 27.87 acres of land all of the H. C. Galloway Sur. No. 1, patented to H. C. Galloway, except 25.13 acres conveyed by H. C. Galloway to J. P. Evans.

Eleventh: 320 acres of land known as Anton Caspary Sur. 121, Cert. No. 422, patent No. 1050.

Twelfth tract: 396 acres of land known as the G. C. & S. F. Ry. Co. Sur. No. 22, Cert. No. 3807, awarded to J. M. Dickerson.

Thirteenth tract: 267 acres of land a part of the H. E. & W. T. Ry. Co. Sur. No. 10, Cert. No. 1001.

The above described tracts of land from Six to Thirteen being the same tracts of land conveyed by H. C. Galloway and wife to J. K. Rector, Jr., trustee for the use of Jno. F. Campbell and U. M. Sanderson, dated the 8th day of November 1917, as of record in the Deed of Trust Records of San Saba County, Texas, in Vol. 5, page 381, to which deed of trust and the record thereof reference is hereby made for a more particular description of said several tracts of land.

All of said above described tracts, lots and parcels of land being located in the County of San Saba, State of Texas and levied upon as the property of H. C. Galloway and that on the first Tuesday in February 1918 the same being the 5th day of said month, at the Court House door, of San Saba County, in the County of San Saba Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said execution I will sell said above

described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said H. C. Galloway.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in The San Saba News, a newspaper published in San Saba County.

Witness my hand, this 8th day of January 1918.

EDGAR T. NEAL,  
Sheriff San Saba County, Texas.

**WHAT WILL THE HARVEST BE**

Practical farmers realize that the work that has already been done and that yet to be done during the next few weeks in preparing the soil largely will determine the yield of crops in 1918. Knowing this there will be strenuous efforts to finish breaking and get the land ready in time to get some of the benefits of winter freezes and timely rains.

We cannot control the seasons. We must accept them as they come and see that our methods conform to them in the best manner possible. There are many things that can be done by those who make use of the experience and information to meet obstacles caused by unfavorable seasons.

So much depends upon good crops this year that when we contemplate the importance of wise and judicious farm practice we are likely to be zealous to do our best. Not only is the individual farmer and his family vitally concerned but the state and the nation is profoundly interested.

There has been very little moisture in the Southwest to date. This has interfered with early breaking and sowing fall grains to some extent. Yet farmers gathered their crops and marketed them with little waste. Many in fact succeeded in breaking their land and sowing their small grain. This will give time for other work and should count for much in the spring.

Fortunate will be those who get their land ready for moisture when it comes. No reasonable expense should be spared to do this. Summer drouth is one of our worst enemies. To prevail against it we must till in such a manner as to store-up and retain as much moisture as possible to mature crops.—Farm and Ranch.

For Sore Throat the most effective remedy is **PENSLAR SORE THROAT REMEDY**, 25 cents.—Simmons Drug Store.

**LETTER FROM BRYAN SCOTT**

U. S. S. Amphitrite, Jan.  
Well Everybody:—

The Atlantic called, and I am here. It is not so bad, at that.

I arrived in New York City New Years day, some new Years-not, all tired and worn out from the journey from Chicago, you see. New York is some little city, believe me, but give me "Dixie" every time.

There are quite a few fellows here from the old Lone Star state. They are all fine fellows, naturally. How could they be otherwise? Look at the state which gave them birth.

Well, dear friends, this life is no dream. Oh no, not by any means. Still it could be worse. However, I don't see how any one could care for it in time of peace.

It is now nine o'clock—my bedtime. O yes, I'm very good now, go to bed with the chickens.

Regards to all my friends,  
W. B. SCOTT.

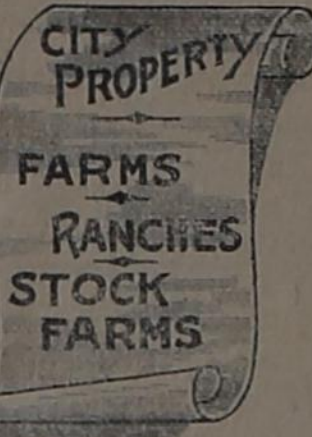
Mr. and Mrs. Bush Williamson of near Gatesville have returned home after a pleasant visit to see their new grand daughter, little Miss Zudora Whitt.

A fine little girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Whitt on Thursday, Jan. 10.



**ABSTRACTER**

**NOTARY PUBLIC**



**SAN SABA, TEXAS**

**CAMP TRAVIS LETTER**

Private Vester H. Ruffner of San Saba, now assigned to Battery A, 345th F. A. N. A., writes the following news letter to his "home paper":

"I take this method to let my friends and 'home folks' know how we soldier boys are getting along at Camp Travis. This leaves the boys all well and able to perform the duties which are placed upon each of them. I, for myself, can say in dead earnest that soldiering really agrees with me, for, if the readers could notice my appetite regularly, they would not doubt that I should be able to perform the duties imposed upon me. When I first came to Camp Travis I weighed only 130 pounds. I now weigh 155 pounds—so you can readily see that we are surely getting all we can eat, plenty of clothes to wear and \$30.00 per month—what more could a fellow ask of his Country and Government? Here's one that's trying to take advantage of every opportunity that comes my way at this place, so that when we land on the other side of the "deep blue water", I can say—"Mr. Kaiser Bill, we have come after you." And if he don't talk to us, we have the machinery that will talk to him. So here's three cheers for the red, white, and blue, and patriotism enough to blow Kaiser Bill into the place where they don't shovel snow.

Your friend,  
V. H. RUFFNER.

Actg. Corporal L. S. Low, Co. E. 315 Engrs. took his turn as Landlady for the Company, in charge of the Quarters, Monday. He is on the dug-out detail as one of the carpenters this week. Lonnie has become one of the much-liked men of the company, as well as a dependable soldier of the engineers.—Army Bulletin.

County Clerk Arch Woods has been appointed Explosives Licensing Agent for this county by the bureau of mines. He has the proper licenses on hand and each and every person handling, in any way, dynamite, blasting powder or other explosive is required to get a license. Failure to so subjects one to heavy fine and penalty. This is a federal law.

**GUS FORD DEAD**

Mrs. Webb Laughlin was called to Schallon, Mills county, Tuesday morning on account of the death of her father, Gus Ford, who died early Tuesday morning from the effects of measles.

Mr. Ford was one of the substantial and reliable citizens of his county. A good man and a dependable neighbor; an affectionate husband and a considerate father. He leaves surviving a wife and a large family of children. His friends are numbered by the acquaintances of a life time.

Thos. Collins, aged 78, died Monday night at the home of his son, J. T. Collins, in the Wallace community. The family have been living in this county about six years. Deceased was a good citizen, a member of the Methodist church and lived a Christian life. The body was buried in the I. O. O. F. cemetery at San Saba Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Z. V. Liles, pastor of the Methodist church, officiating at the funeral services. He leaves a wife and four children surviving.

C. T. Jones, manager for the Cameron Lumber Co., received a telegram Thursday stating that his mother was seriously sick. He left immediately to see her, but death came before he arrived. She lived near Hico. Mr. and Mrs. Jones visited these aged parents during the Christmas holidays.

J. J. Armour of near Voca, who recently bought the D. R. Terry farm in the China community, has been here for several days. He came over and one of the boys took the measles. The family will move to the farm at an early date.

W. A. Forster of Wichita Falls is visiting T. A. Murray and J. L. F. Fentress this week.

Jas. H. Baker of the law firm of Walters & Baker left Monday for Alice to represent the State Cattle Raisers Association in the prosecution of some cattle theft cases.

T. E. Gaines, Mrs. J. A. Collins and Misses Ann Martin, and Ivor and Lee Wilbarger motored to San Antonio Thursday of last week.

**RICHLAND SPRINGS**

"C"

Levi Tullos came home last week from Camp Bowie to see his mother, who is very ill.

Mesdames Webb and Willoughby returned to Lometa Sunday from Bowser, where they had been to see their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lee. The former died last week and was buried at Varga's Chapel. Rev. Chas. Nixon, pastor of the M. E. church, went from here and conducted the services.

Miss Burma Browning came from Hall Friday afternoon and spent the week end here with her parents.

Mrs. Minnie Locker of Temple came Sunday to see her mother, Mrs. Coffey, who is dangerously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Miller.

Miss Etoil Brown went to San Saba Saturday, returning home Sunday. While there she had some dental work done.

Mrs. Lena Wigginton, who has been teacher in the Locker school, resigned last week and went to Brady Sunday. From there she goes to near Voca to accept a country school that paid her a better salary.

Mrs. Henry Willingham left Monday for her home in Ft. Worth, after having visited here a month.

Mrs. Ellen Crane and daughter, Miss Ruth, came home Sunday from a week's visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Crane.

I. A. Wyckoff shipped a car of cattle to Ft. Worth Monday.

D. C. Williams expects his son, Cecil, here this week. He has been in Salt Lake City for several years, and this will be the sons first visit to Texas.

Bryan Burleson has returned to Abilene and Sweetwater after having spent several weeks here helping care for the sick in his home.

Mrs. Matt Brown from near San Saba came Sunday and will spend a week here at the home of C. W. Spurlock.

Mrs. Reeves, who has been here at the home of Bro. W. T. Cochran, has returned to Dallas.

Geo. Smith and family are moving to town this week. He bought the A. M. Wier residence some time ago.

Robert Smith is expected home this week from Oklahoma, where he has been since last summer.

G. M. Morris, who has been visiting his daughters, Mrs. Cobe Cole at Breckenridge, and Mrs. Willie Rouse of San Angelo, came home this week.

D. J. Chapman has been confined to his room for several days with La Grippe. Miss Valley Chapman and D. C. Williams are in charge of the drug store.

Miss Armour Brown visited friends in San Saba last week, and is having quite a bit of dental work done while there.

Joe Miller has resigned his position at J. T. Woods store, and will move to the Pete Sloan ranch where he has accepted the place there as foreman of the ranch for Messrs. J. E. and John Gibbons. We regret to see Mr. Miller and family leave, as they each have many friends here.

Miss Nettie Tulk left Saturday for her home in New Mexico. She had been attending Baylor University at

**Announcements.**

Terms: Strictly cash in advance. No announcement inserted unless cash accompanies same. Announcements inserted in the order in which fees are paid at this office.

Congressional ..... \$15.00  
District ..... 10.00  
County ..... 7.50  
Precincts ..... 5.00

Fees do not include subscription to The San Saba News.

For Tax Collector:  
W. W. SKELTON  
W. A. GRIMES

For Tax Assessor:  
B. B. DUEY  
W. E. YARBOROUGH  
W. P. TUCKER

For Public Weigher, Pre. No. 1  
GEO. W. BROWN

**NOTICE! NOTICE!**

We have some seven per cent money which we can loan in good sized amounts for ten years on good land security.

Rector & Rector.

**INCOME TAX MAN COMING**

On the dates given below the income tax officer will be in San Saba county. His duty will be to assist individuals in the preparation of their income tax returns. All persons should confer with this representative of the Government at once and ascertain whether or not they are liable under the law for a report. It is the tax payers duty to look up this officer. He will not call on you. Failure to make report, if liable, subjects the persons so failing to severe penalties. After the last date given hereon the officer will not again return to this county. You should see him while here.

The postmasters or any banker in the cities named below can tell you where his office is located.

Cherokee Jan. 17. San Saba, Jan. 18, 19, 21, 22, 23. Richland Springs, Jan. 24.

**THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF SAN SABA.**

To those indebted to or holding claims against the Estate of Miss Callie Harris, Deceased:

The undersigned having been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Callie Harris deceased, late of San Saba county, Texas by W. V. Dean judge of the county court of said county, on the 1st day of Dec. 1917 at a regular term of said court hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make settlement, and those having claims against said estate to present them to him at his office in the town of San Saba in San Saba county, Texas which is the place of his residence and P. O. address this the 14th day of January 1918.

J. K. RECTOR, SR.  
Administrator of the Estate of Callie Harris deceased.

Get rid of that cold in your head with **DIEMER'S LAXATIVE COLD BREAKERS**—the best yet, 25 cents.—Simmons Drug Store.

**HARMONY RIDGE**

The friends in Harmony Ridge community are requested to attend the services at the Harmony Ridge School house next Sunday, January 20th, when the Rev. J. B. Wright will preach.

**CUMBERLAND CHURCH**

The members of this church extend a very hearty welcome to their friends to come and worship with them every Sunday in the month. Sunday School ..... 10:00 a. m.  
Preaching:  
Morning ..... 10:00 o'clock  
Evening ..... 7:00 o'clock  
Prayer Meeting on Friday evenings at 7:15 o'clock after this week.

**COTTON LOOKS JUST LIKE MORE THAN 30C**

**I TOLD YOU SO**

Already cotton is selling in San Saba for 31 cents and still climbing.

The prices we called your attention to last week still hold good. And hundreds of other things which are being sold in proportion are here for you if you act quick.

These prices will soon be a thing of the past and it may be months and even years before we see anything like them again.

Remember, we are getting duplicates of these goods every day and the price when placed on the market will be 25 to 50 per cent higher than they are today.

**A. R. MOSLEY**

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothing  
**McCALL PATTERNS**      **EIFFEL HOSIERY**

**READ THIS**

I have taken charge of the old reliable Pierce-Fordyce Oil business and will deliver anywhere within 5 or 6 miles of town. Anything in Gas and Lub.

DRAYAGE—GOOD

Teams and wagons haul anything anywhere. I thank you for your patronage.

**ALEX CASBEER**