DOLORES NEWS.

SINGLE COPIES 10 CENTS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY
JONES & HARTMAN, PUBLISHERS.

CHAS. A. JONES. FRANK HARTMAN.

RICO, COLORADO.

Dolores Carbonate Camp.

ADVERTISING RATES.

From September 1st, the rates for Advertisements in the NEWS will be as follows:

Whole double column,	one year,	$550.00
One-half do	do	275.00
One-fourth do	do	155.00
3 inches do	do	75.00
2 inches do	do	65.00
Whole single column	do	275.00
One-half do	do	175.00
One-fourth do	do	90.00
3 inches do	do	70.00
2 inches do	do	60.00
Professional Cards, not exceeding one and one-half inches, per year		30.00

Locals to regular advertisers, 10 cents per line for each insertion.
Transient locals 15 cents per line each insertion.

Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Bills for regular advertising collected monthly.

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

All legal advertisements must be paid for in advance. This rule will be strictly observed

TERMS IN ADVANCE:

One Year	$3 00
Six Months	1 75
Three Months	1 00
Single Specimen Copy	10

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Post office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m. On Sundays from 8 to 10, a. m. and 4 to 6, p. m.
Registry and money order windows open from 7:30 a. m. to 5 p. m. No registration done or money orders drawn on Sunday.
Outgoing mail made up at 9:30 p. m.
MAIL VIA OURAY (DAILY).
SOUTHERN MAIL (DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY).
A. K. PRESCOTT, P. M.

Rico Town Officials.

MAYOR—F. W. RAYMOND.
CLERK—D. MCGRAW. A. H. MUNDEE, acting.
TRUSTEES—JOE CASTELLO, WORDEN GRIGSBY AND L. ALDERMAN.
J. GAULT, J. P.
TOWN MARSHAL—J. W. CART.

Ouray County Officials.

Commissioners.—G. A. SCOTT, M. EVANS, J. D. CRAIN.
Clerk and Recorder—C. W. HASKINS.
Judge—T. STEVENS.
Sheriff—A. PARSELL.
Treasurer—W. W. STODDARD.
School Superintendent—C. M. HOGE.
Coroner—W. W. ASHLEY.
Surveyor—J. F. WANNEMAKER.
Assessor—C. P. NUTTER.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOLORES NEWS.

VOL. 2, NO. 19. RICO, COLO., SATURDAY, JAN. 22, 1881. WHOLE NO. 72.

General Gush.

EPITOME OF GENERAL NEWS.

CLIPPINGS, SQUIBS, ETC., ETC.

Intelligence Gleaned From Numerous Exchanges.

A Few Sparks From Everywhere.

Bernhardt is in Chicago.

Memphis, Mo., had a big fire on the 10th.

Lima is not yet captured by the Chilians.

Boss Kelly of New York, will make a western tour.

General Plaisted has been declared governor of Maine.

Gov. Williams, of Indiana, left an estate of $100,000.

General Skobleoff has completed the investment of Geoptepe.

The Chinese treaty will be submitted to the senate in a few days.

John Sherman has been elected United States senator from Ohio.

General Grant goes to Mexico in a few weeks. Railroad business.

Only one cabinet officer was ever selected from New Hampshire.

Sitting Bull's Sioux, minus Sitting Bull, have arrived at Fort Buford.

Colonel D. P. Sackett has been made inspector-general of the army.

Four men were killed by a boiler explosion at Jersey City on the 7th.

James G. Fair has been elected to the United States senate from Nevada.

At Eastland, Texas, John Cortley was shot dead by his brother Charles.

An alms house and eleven inmates, at Dover, N. H., were burned on the 7th.

Richard J. Walsh, a prominent citizen of St. Louis, committed suicide recently.

The mercury at Fort Buford, Dakota, registered 50 degrees below zero recently.

There seems a likelihood that Kellogg, of Louisana, will be ejected from the senate.

Governor Porter of Indiana, was inaugurated on the 10th. A great display was made.

The first American city to light its streets wholly by electricity is Ogden, Utah.

Sir Donald Stewart has been appointed to the supreme command of the troops in India.

It is thought that the government will back Captain Ead's scheme to build the Isthmus canal.

James Gordon Bennett is a wild fellow, but he has given away half a million dollars in three years.

A monster land grab has been discovered in Oregon and sat down upon by the interior department.

The French minister of foreign affairs has sent a dispatch to Greece urging her to agree to arbitration.

It is understood that Pinchback, of Louisiana, will visit Garfield in a few days, in Bruce's interest.

A warm contest is in progress in Tennessee over the senatorship. It is thought a Democrat will be chosen.

Gen. Miles thinks that both Dakota and Montana will become states during the forthcoming administration.

Twenty two internationals have been arrested at Naples, charged with conspiracy to overthrow social order.

Three hundred amnestied communists have arrived at Brest from New Caledonia. Twenty-three still remain there.

Even the heathen Chinee succeeds in Ohio. One of them has just been sent to the penitentiary for three years.

The senate has confirmed the nominations of General Goff for secretary of the navy. He is from West Virginia.

A. J. Thomas was hanged at Walla Walla on the 4th. It was the first legal hanging in Washington Territory.

A Mexican named Muando was lynched at Los Angelos on the 11th for an attempted rape on a young American girl.

It is understood that Justice Swayne will soon retire from the bench, and that he will be succeeded by Stanley Matthews.

The French ambassador urged the porte on the 5th instant to accept arbitration, declaring that Europe could not tolerate war.

A terrible powder explosion occurred in a Detroit store-room on the evening of the 11th. Twelve men were fatally injured.

The Natal government has sent to Joubert, the commander of the Boer forces, demanding an explanation regarding his invasion of Natal territory.

James Redpath lectured at Cooper Institute on what he knows about Boycotting. The speaker declared that he approved the shooting of landlords.

Frauds have been discovered in the administration of the naval station at Cuba. Eleven employés were arrested and closely confined on board a man-of war.

There are four contests in the Nebraska legislature, the result of which may determine who is to be elected as the next United States senator from that state.

Allan G. Campbell has been given a certificate of election for delegates to congress by Governor Murray of Utah. Campbell is a gentile and a Democrat.

Three school teachers have been elected president of the United States—Millard Fillmore, Franklin Pierce and James A. Garfield. There's hope for the Lorne's.

The *Graphic* says that a French syndicate is yet negotiating for a block of 100,000 shares of Wabash preferred stock and Judge Parsons is in Paris conducting operations.

The committee on finance of the Mexican chamber of deputies has reported a bill granting a pension of $40,000 yearly to Josephine Iturbide, the daughter of Emperor Iturbide.

Representative Clardy has received the petition of ninety-five steamboat captains of St. Louis urging favorable action on the bill known as the "McLane Marine Hospital Service Bill."

There is a heated contest in New York over the senatorship. It is thought Grant is taking a hand in the fight. The other candidates are Thomas C. Platt, Richard Crowley and Levi P. Morton.

An Atlantic, N. J., dispatch says a three-masted schooner, sugar ladened, came ashore on Brigantine bar during a dense fog. All hands were down with chills and fever—the captain dead.

Beecher advises Yankees to marry Jewesses, and now not a second hand man in Brooklyn will allow his wife behind the counter. They don't admire Beecher's style of hunting for the lost tribes.

The English steamer, Harrelda, came in collision with the Spanish steamer Leon twelve miles from Cape Roca. Both vessels were sunk. Nine Englishmen and fourteen Spaniards have landed at Lisbon. Nothing is known of the fate of the rest.

Lord Kimberly, colonial secretary, in his instructions to Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of the Cape cabinet, says it is impossible to consider any arrangement to confer free insditutions on the Boers until the authority of the crown is vindicated.

Much gratification is felt at Jersey over the steadily increasing demand from the United States for Jersey cattle. The farmers are obtaining high prices for cows. Three animals have just been purchased at the previously unheard-of price of 200 guineas each.

It is feared that the whole cotton crop in the state of Durango, old Mexico, has been destroyed. The cold weather in Chihuahua surpassed anything of the kind within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. There has been ice in Poso Del Norte two inches thick.

While laboring under temporary aberration, Miss Alice Williams, a young lady of Alpine township, in Kent county, Michigan, cut her tongue nearly off with a razor. She is a devout Catholic and felt it her duty to make a sacrifice for the Lord. Her condition is critical.

A Dover, Delaware, dispatch says the paupers at the poor farm are now crowded into their small wooden buildings, not one-quarter large enough and which are not heated, in any way convenient, and with only one man to guard them, all making a repetition of the recent disaster likely at any moment.

A bill has been offered in the senate on the Republican side authorizing the president to place Grant on the retired list with the full pay of general, and also giving the president power to place him on duty according to his rank at any time he deems it important to the interests of the country. This is done at the instance of some friends of Grant's in the house, who are convinced that the bill introduced by McCook will never be favorably reported.

A dispatch to the Chicago *Times*, from Washington, says that a delegation of Colorado gentlemen, consisting of Senators Hill and Teller, Representative Belford and Mr. J. D. Ward, of Leadville, started from that city for Mentor on Sunday the 9th inst. Their purpose was to present the claims of their section of country to General Garfield for a place in the cabinet of the new administration. The delegation presented the name of ex Governor Routt for secretary of the interior.

The New York *Tribune's* Washington special says: "It is stated on good authority that the new Chinese treaty relating to immigration into the United States concedes to the American government the right to enact such legislation as it may deem expedient and wise, either to limit the number of such laborers who may be admitted in any appointed period, or altogether prohibit him admission. It is not probable that any legislation on this subject will be attempted in the few remaining weeks of the present congress. In conversation with a correspondent, a high officer of the government, who is familiar with the terms of the new treaty and with the Chinese question, said that in his opinion the clamor against the admission of the Chinese is likely soon to cease, when it is fully understood by the people that congress can at any time cause the discontinuance of immigration from China He said that when he was last in California he talked with a great many people on the subject, and found the businessmen generally agreed in the opinion that there is no surplus labor in the Pacific states, and that on the contrary many more laborers are needed.

FACTS AND FANCIES.

Bernhardt dies so realistically that it is said a coroner who saw her ran around to the stage door and wanted to hold an inquest.

Mr. Conkling speaks of his daughter Nellie's husband as "Mrs. Conkling's son-in-law." The senator disapproved the match, did not attend the wedding, and has never recognized his new relative.

London does not possess all the "esthetics." The other evening in the restaurant of an up-town hotel a young lady said: "With the beefsteak and onions please bring me some of those fried potatoes as brown and crisp as falling autumn leaves."

"'Tis said that absence conquers love,'" quoted a husband, in writing home to his wife, from whom he had been some time away: "I hope, dear, it won't be so in your case." "Oh, no," she replied in her next letter, "the longer you stay the bet-I shall like you."

Emma Abbott tells a St. Louis reporter that the stage kiss is "cold, dim, pale, phantom—unsatisfactory, elusive and empty." Miss Abbott ought to substitute a NEWS reporter for that tenor. If there is anything the staff of this paper can throw soul into it is a radiant kiss.

Some very interesting developments in regard to the exciting events of last winter in Maine has just been brought to light. It now appears that Gen. Chamberlain, the military arbiter during those warlike scenes, believing that Lamson, the fusion president of the senate, was the rightful governor, wrote a letter to Chief Justice Appleton advocating Lamson's recognition by the court. The above has been unearthed by certain leaders who kept Chamberlain out of the senatorial contest, and a considerable sensation was created.

STATE NEWS.

The Denver police are making it hot for the bunko men.

Lake county is taking steps to reduce her justices' and constables' bills.

The Rio Grande had its road completed to Chama on the 15th of this month.

H. A. Phelps has been appointed General Agent of the Rio Grande Extension company.

The amount of money on deposit in the five Denver banks at the close of the year was estimated at $12,000,000.

Mr. F. C. Jackson, late of the Union Pacific at Kansas City, will go to Chama as agent there of the Rio Grande.

The Denver and Rio Grande company have built a handsome depot at Chama, on the San Juan extension and will run trains regularly on and after the 15th.

In Colorado during the year 1880 there were laid 401½ miles of new track on thirteen lines of road. In New Mexico during the year 519.65 miles were laid on five lines.

The mountain road from Red Cliff to Wheeler is not passable at the present time on account of the heavy snows. The same is also true of the trail from Kokomo *via* the Eagle river to Red Cliff.

The last grand jury in session at Pueblo brought in twenty-one true bills after a session of three weeks. Sixteen of them were brought before the bar, and out of the sixteen there were two convictions made.

The Maxwell Land Grant, comprising 700,000 acres, was sold at Cimarron, New Mexico, on Thursday to pay the accumulated taxes of $6,000. It was bid in by Frank Springer, attorney for the Maxwell Land Grant company.

Charles Brotherton, foreman for Caulihan in the stone quarry on the opposite side of the river from Nathrop, was out hunting on the 12th and his gun burst, lacerating his left hand. He was taken to Buena Vista, where his hand was amputated.

Silver Cliff is preparing for a big boom in the spring. From the numerous letters that have been received there recently from eastern capitalists, inquiring after investments, it is not unreasonable to suppose that it will come in for a great share of attention.

Ex Mayor Roff, of Georgetown, was fined $25 by Justice Abbott Thursday. A difficulty with a merchant, an election bet, his indignation and his fist were the conspicuous points in an amusing trial. It don't pay to call a man names—if he is bigger than you.

At Howards, Colorado, a few days ago, a drunken man named John Davis, without any provoaation, shot and fatally wounded Alfred Powers, who died an hour afterwards. The murderer escaped across the river and was pursued, but as yet has not been captured.

DENVER, January 12.—John McKinney, supposed to be insane, this afternoon attempted to shoot J. P. Brockway, in the latter's law office. Brockway was talking to a friend when McKinney, without any words, drew a revolver and fired. The revolver was so close to Brockway's face that the powder burned him, but he escaped injury by dodging.

The Lake City *Mining Register* says: "There was a heavy snowslide from Schafer's basin last Sunday, which covered the toll road and blockaded it. The road is only open now to Capitol City. Beyond that point, snowshoeing is the only sure mode of travel. Mike Gallagher, who reports these items, says the road to Capitol is open to man, beast or wagon.

A man named Miller was accidentally killed while at work in the Pelican mine at Georgetown on the 12th. Miller was at work in the bottom of the shaft, while some material was being lowered, a heavy piece of which became detached, striking Miller on the head, killing him almost instantly. The relatives of the unfortunate man, who reside in Kansas, have been apprised of the sad accident by telegraph.

Gov. Pitkin, in his annual message to the legislature, recommends that body to increase the number of districts and judges in the district courts of Colorado, so that the immense volume of business coming before these courts may be more promptly attended to. This is a very proper recommendation, and should be promptly acted upon. The districts are now too large and the amount of business coming before them at each session is too ponderous to be handled with despatch.

The Leadville *Herald* says: "The other afternoon, two youngsters by the names of Ed. Johnson and Sam Peters were collared in the corner saloon on Chestnut street, for attempted robbery, which for cool cunning merits Cañon City at once. The *modus operandi* was this: The youngsters would enter a saloon and one of them engage the proprietor in conversation. Then while his back was turned towards the other, he would reach over with a long stick having a prod in the end and claw a bill from the rear shelf where money is usually kept in saloons. It is supposed that in this way they secured several hundred dollars. They were detected by a mere accident."

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1881.

OUTRAGEOUS TAXATION.

Unequal, Unjust, Extortionate and Extremely Exorbitant.

The tax books of Ouray county came into town to-day and for gross injustice exceeds anything ever before witnessed. The tax itself is bad enough, being 64 mills on the dollar, but the glaring neglect of the incompetent person deputized to assess the property of Rico and vicinity to perform his duty is so palpable as to stagger belief. The assessment was levied between the 1st and 13th of last May, at a time when there was in reality but very few buildings and other taxable property in Rico. Our merchants had no stock to speak of and the amount of taxable property has increased at least three fourths and if property should be taxed at its present valuation the amount would be startling. The NEWS office (material alone) is taxed $67. If the office should be taxed now on its actual value the tax would be $224. Cahn Bros. had less than $200 worth of goods and McIntyre had next to nothing. Look at their taxes. Some property owners are taxed far in excess of justice—others who own more are not taxed at all, and others are taxed on a very small portion. The tax schedules, or a large portion of them, were left by Mr. Van Doren in this office, where they still remain. We do not see how such a great irregularity exists in the tax levied, for even though the rate is high, the valuation of property should be proportionately the same. Then in what are we of Rico benefitted by this heavy tax? Our school is supported by private subscription; we have no county roads, no deputy clerk's office to make the transaction of business a matter of ease, but when we have any business to transact in relation to mining matters we must put our hard-tack in our pockets and strike out through 80 miles of fores., and the county won't even lend us an ax to blaze the trail. When you get to Ouray the citizens find out you are from Rico and they begin to bleed you. They will first steal your horse and then sympathize with you and tell you they are sorry you should be so treated in their hospitable town. They will charge you $30 a week for day board and when they have detained you as long as they think you will stand it, they recover your horse and charge you $5 a day for his board and $50 reward. You will then turn over the horse for damages, and start for home afoot. Before you get a mile out of town, a committee, appointed for the purpose, knocks you down and takes away all the cash you have: after casting lots for your clothes you are allowed to go on your way. The only way out of the difficulty is to borrow some money and after rounding up Dell Parsell and Stoddard, they give you ten dollars apiece and start you off.

We publish below a number of assessments which represent the various grades of taxation:

D. McIntyre	$128.66
H. J. Hammond	32.00
A. J. Johnston	38.29
Jones & Hartman	67.00
C. Enderich	39.90
Cahn Bros	324.50
F. W. Raymond	80.54
D. Beidler	79.90
A. J. Barlow	118.52
Geo. Stone	3.10
Ward Grigsby	0.00

To those who are acquainted with the property owned by these gentlemen the gross injustice of the thing will appear at once. It is Ouray county's last shuffle of the cards and we think she works top stock.

The government directors of the Union Pacific railroad figure out the average daily through California freight business over the Union Pacific between Omaha and Ogden in August, September, October and November 1880, at thirty-three cars each way, against twenty-eight cars during the corresponding period of 1879, and add that in their opinion any loss of through business in 1881, in consequence of diversions to the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, will be made up in the increased business that will be derived from its branch lines of road and its local business.

William H. Berry, who stands before the people accused of one of the worst crimes on the criminal calendar, is still in the employ of the United States as its agent at Los Pinos.

Mr. Hudson should not forget to attend to the division of Ouray county before the session comes to a close.

And now the fidgety office-seeker daily wends his way to the suburban retreats of Mentor.

Now for a long pull, a strong pull and a pull together for the new county.

POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE.

The associated press informs us that Congressman Belford said in the course of his remarks on the funding bill, in the House a few days ago:

"I want to say to my republican friends of the east that the time has come, if the single standard theory is to be the policy of the republican party, we in the west will revolt against their banner. [Applause on the democratic side.] We recognize the silver money of the constitution as the money which was honored and respected in the state before the constitution was adopted and if it is right to protect pig iron in Pennsylvania, sugar in Lousiana, copper in Michigan, it is also right to protect the silver production of the west. We will bow neither to the golden-headed image of New York, nor to the iron footed image of Pennsylvania, and if our rights are not respected, we will march under the banner of that party which accords to the great silver interests of the west a decent and honest recognition."

Mr. Belford is right; the time has come when the representative of the people must look rather to the interests of his constituents than to the interests of his party. Too long have the eastern Shylocks been able to dictate to legislators at Washington, and the manly and patriotic stand taken by Judge Belford should be approved by every fair-minded man in Colorado. It is unjust to charge all the opposition to the silver dollar to the republican party, though it is true that the great majority of that party are opposed to it. But at the same time, be it remembered that though a majority of the democratic party is in favor of silver, its great leaders are opposed to it. While the democratic party remonetized silver, it must not be forgotten that Bayard and Kernan, Tilden and Belmont, Lamar and Randolph are opposed to it. Many western republicans favor silver, but not one member of that party residing in the east favored its remonetization. The western democracy is a unit in favor of silver, while a large minority of that party in the east, unlike the republicans, favor it also. The silver question, in the abstract, is not a party question, and should not be treated from a party standpoint. It is simply a fight by the people against the gold bugs and sharps of the east to maintain the money of the constitution. But if a political party accepts the dictation of the gold bugs and advocates their wishes, it behooves every honest man in that party to renounce it, as Belford gallantly informed his political friends in Congress that he would do. Silver is the principal product of Colorado, and any party that wishes to degrade and dishonor silver should not be supported by the freemen of our state. The representatives of the people in Congress, as a general thing, are too much absorbed in the interests of their party to give proper attention to the wants of their constituents. When a citizen is chosen to represent his fellows, he should cease to be a partisan and devote all his attention to the wants of all his constituents, irrespective of party. It is a manly thing for any person to define and defend his principles, but when he becomes a public servant he should throw his partisan prejudices aside, and be the agent of those who voted against him, as well as of those who voted for him. There is very little difference between democracy and republicanism. There are good men, faithful adherents of both parties, and each organization has a respectable minority of scoundrels and scamps. The party is led by the caucus or ring, consequently if the public servant is led by the party, he will be doing the work of the machine, instead of obeying the commands and wishes of his constituents. Judge Belford is right when he threatens to desert his party unless it changes its attitude on the silver question. His constituents and the interests of his state should be dearer to him than mere party fealty and a rousing God speed should be sent him from the Centennial state.

THE RIGHT OF THE STATE TO MANAGE RAILROADS.

The Denver *News*, in the feeble way characteristic of that journal, has taken it upon itself to combat Judge Black's recent letter on the right of the state to regulate railroads passing through its territory. Though the *News* is a great distance from being able to knock the thunder out of Judge Black's document, still it places itself in a pitiable position, as an organ of the people advocating the dominancy of corporations. That the state has a perfect right to regulate, manage, if necessary, and supervise all corporations within its limits, no citizen of the state should deny. That corporations are rapidly taking upon themselves the functions of the people, it is madness to controvert. The legislatures of the states are controlled by the influence of railroads, the governor's veto is in some places prepared by the attorneys of railroads and it is almost impossible to send to the senate of the United States a man who is not previously branded by the corporate seal of some railroad company. While we hold that the right of property is sacred, still we think the people will be doing themselves an injustice if monster corporations are not kept under proper supervision. Corporations, and railroad companies especially, have contributed more towards lowering our public service than anything else. It is a lamentable thing to admit, but it is nevertheless the truth, that all our public men of prominence in Congress, with one grand, solitary exception, are railroad tools, or hired servants. The one exception is Thurman, of Ohio, who has ever been the friend and advocate of the people and smelled the danger of corporative corruption afar off. Corporations always controlled Garfield's vote in Congress. Bayard is a railroad attorney, and so is Frank Kernan. Conkling never cast a vote against corporations and Sam Tilden has more railroad in his make-up than flesh and blood. With these facts staring us in the face, it is impossible that the people should be blind enough to refuse to see the coming danger. The surest remedy is for the people to send their best men to the legislatures—men on whom they can rely, and who will not mortgage himself to a railroad company before the session is over. Railroad rates are too high. The money or lands of the people built the roads in the first place, almost invariably, and the representatives of the people should claim the right to at least a limited management of them. Large corporations are daily growing more dangerous to our institutions and our liberties, and the people should exert their prerogative by calling a halt.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

Mrs. Albina Washburn, of Loveland, publishes a card to the ladies of Colorado on the question of woman's suffrage which cannot fail to attract attention. Mrs. Washburn, in addition to being a chaste and beautiful writer, can be vigorous when she wants to. She is Colorado's chief advocate of woman's suffrage, and her cause suffers nothing from her advocacy, because she is temperate and moderate in her demands, graceful in her mode of expressing them, and her convictions the essence of sincerity. In national politics, Mrs. Washburn is a Greenbacker, and while that is not calculated to aid her cause, it should not prejudice it. The question of woman's suffrage is one of great importance, and the day is not far distant when it must claim the attention of our law-makers. When we reflect that the negro has been enfranchised, and some states, notably New York, are naturalizing Chinamen, the time seems not to be far distant when the people of the United States may demand the ballot for their fellow countrywomen. The idea that a woman cannot be entrusted with the ballot, is the merest bosh. We have no doubt but a careful examination will show, that intelligence and education among the women of this country is of a higher average than that possessed by men. Already the progressive territory of Wyoming has enfranchised women, and that embryo state has gained by so doing. Oregon, the future empire state of the Pacific slope, has just passed a Constitutional amendment giving women the right to vote, and it now depends on the people, at the polls, to accept or reject the amendment, and from an intimate knowledge of Oregon men, we are inclined to think they will enfranchise their women. Colorado may do worse than try the Oregon experiment, and be one of the first of the united commonwealths to accept the inevitable. In the course of her interesting letter, Mrs. Washburn says:

American women descended from revolutionary sires and mothers who ran bullets by the fireside or fought the common enemy from their own doors, or women who, taking their lives in their hands went down amomg the fratricidal carnage and, amid the whistling of shot and shell, bound up the wounds of "the blue and the grey" alike, or, in homes remote and lonely, gathered the neglected harvests, provided garments and dainties for the sick, and folded the little ones to their anxious, stricken hearts! Who but women will remember that those of their number who left ease and comfort to plead for the freedom and enfranchisement of the slave are still "in bonds" and disfranchised? And when the survivors of the battle fields and the sons they have raised to be men cast their ballots to elect rulers over them, who but women feel the indignity, and who but they the mockery of that idle boast "no taxation without representation" when the tax-collector makes his annual call?

One great blessing in store for the people of the United States is the retirement of Carl Schurz on the 4th of March next.

The Morey letter is being brought home to Stilson Hutchins. For hatching a lie Stil. has no superior in the United States.

A Good Thing for Miners and Lawyers.

A seventh edition of that much praised book, COPP'S Hand Book of Mining Law, will soon be out; to contain the State and Territorial Mining laws, and instructions how to examine title, in addition to the lists of Government patents, digest of decisions, and other good things in previous editions.

Its editor, Henry N. Copp, of Washington, D. C., has an extensive work on the same subject in press. It will give in full, the Land Office and court decisions now in force, and be the authority on United States mining law without doubt.

THE NEW COUNTY.

We understand the people of Ophir and San Miguel have forwarded a petition to the legislature protesting against being annexed to the new county. Of course the people of those localities have a perfect right to do what they please, but we incline to the belief that they are making a mistake which it will not take them long to discover. Ophir is naturally tributary to Rico, and if wisdom were to prevail and demagogueism get routed, the people of that flourishing camp would see that with Rico only could their interests be promptly advanced. The idea seems to prevail among the people of Miguel and Ophir, that at the next session of the legislature, they can cut loose from Ouray and form a county of their own in the Miguel valley. They are mistaken. They have not territory enough in the San Miguel valley to support a new county, and from our experience, we can say, that Ouray will be selfish enough to deny any more of her territory to her offsprings. Ophir may rest assured, that if she looses her golden opportunity of pooling issues with Rico on this occasion, it will be many long days ere she can again attain the dignity now offered her. The idea of another county carved out of this end of Ouray, is absurd, and so it should be treated by Ophirites who are allowing themselves be led in opposition to their best interests, by a few demagogues in their own midst, and selfish whisperings from San Miguel. Ophir may make its mind up, that if it refuses to be annexed to the new county, it will for an indefinate period remain sixty miles from its county seat as at present. Does it not seem better to attach themselves to Rico and have a county seat within twenty miles of them, than to remain with Ouray and be the enormous distance of sixty miles from the place of transacting county business? Rico does not want to boycott Ophir into the new county, but extends to her a hearty welcome if she choses to come of her own accord. Her best interests are in this direction, and the sensible men of that camp had better start a petetion to the legislature praying to be annexed to the new county, and thereby counteract the mischief likely to be done by a few irresponsible madcaps.

The Great Central Hotel, at Durango, is under the management of Rockwood & Grout. Many of our readers were guests of the Rockwood Hotel, Silverton, last summer and to those no further recommendation is necessary. Combine good food, good beds and comfortable quarters with the recognized gentlemanly qualities of Tom Rockwood as a host and the hotel pleasures are complete. No more conveniently located hotel is in Durango and this enterprising firm will carve a large chunk out of public patronage. They richly deserve it.

The legislature should not adjourn without enacting some law tending to prevent Mormon immigration into Colorado.

The New State Directory.

The Colorado State Business and Mining Directory for 1881, a book of 400 pages, is now in course of preparation. The publisher aims to give a complete list of all the business firms of every class, mine owners, companies, and superintendents, mills, etc., in every town, camp, and settlement in the State.

Special efforts will be made to give the San Juan and Dolores sections a full and complete showing. Information from all parties is invited. A good agent is wanted for this county. Liberal inducements are offered. Address

J. A. BLAKE, Publisher,
Denver, Colorado.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOLORES NEWS.

RICO, COLORADO.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1881.

Wants, For Sale, etc.

Three Notices at the Rate of Ten Cents per Line.

FOR SALE. A splendid residence location, apply at the News office.

FOR SALE. A HOUSE COVER, 18X22, of best quality ducking, only used about a month, good as new. Will be sold cheap. Apply at the office of the News.

Pay your taxes.

County of Dolores.

A sneak theif about.

Political intrigues in Rico.

Large snow-shoeing weather.

Taxation, vexation, damnation.

Burglars are at work in Pueblo.

Star chamber gatherings on tap.

Pay your taxes before February 1st.

We trust our paper troubles are past.

The surrounding ranges must be strewn with Rico's mail.

Is it possible that the exchange fiend has found Rico out?

John Eggers' smiling countenance is again visible on our streets.

Fred. Hutchinson will hereafter be at the post-office half an hour at noon on Sunday.

Bob Klum returned from Animas City and Durango this week. Everybody is glad to see him back.

Mox Lauer, employed by Beverley R. Keim on the Roanoke lode, is down with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Our Commissioner now wishes he had been able to put his oar into the "equalization" dish. So do all of us.

A curious Breckenridger has observed that the volume of water in Blue river is greater at night than during the day.

A man by the name of Sharp had his hands, feet and ears badly frozen while coming in over the Scotch creek trail last Thursday night.

A. H. Mundee has been appointed deputy treasurer of this county, and will soon have the books and commence the collection of county taxes.

Resolved that love creates more misery than happiness, is the next subject for debate. Prof. Adams leads the affirmative, and Prof. Seaton the negative.

John Gault left on Thursday morning for a visit to the valley. He has two weeks leave of absence, and will hunt up Ben Cahn and have a game of billiards.

We have a stuffed club ready for the man who imp rinently asks—"Well, is this cold enough for you?" Adam forbid all such "jokes" before his barge was entered by any one, for fear that it would swamp the thing.

The *nice* young man who took a Colt's 44 calibre pistol from this office on last Sunday is known, and in case the same is not returned before the next issue his name will be made public. It may have been taken for fun, but don't let the joke run too far.

E. B. Cushing starts for Denver in the morning to talk up the new county, that topic of such vital interest to us all just at present. There must be no such thing as fail in this matter, and if it is properly presented before the legislature, there is reason why the battle should not reach a successful conclusion. Mr. Cushing will do all in his power to secure the division of the county, and we know of no man better calculated for the work than that gentleman.

The Durango *Record* stated a few days ago that a cow boy and a gambler became engaged in a quarrel lately which resulted in a duel, the gambler shooting with a Colt's 38, and the cow boy with a rifle. The cowpuncher was killed and it being Sunday, the gambler went to church that night. While the service was in progress, a lot of men surrounded the church, with the supposed intention of mobbing the gambler. The congregation took a hand and 7 men were killed in the fight. The *Record* had sent a messenger to Farmington, where the rumpus occurred, to get the names and full particulars, but nothing further has been heard here.

We omitted to state last week that the lower Animas country had contributed another killing to its already long list. The one now referred to is the mobbing of Porter Stockton, well and unfavorably known throughout southern Colorado and northern New Mexico. A band of 18 unknown men went to his house and were confronted by Stockton and his wife, both armed with Winchester rifles. A bullet tore a splinter from the butt of Mrs. S.'s gun, which entered her abdomen, killing her. Porter was completely riddled and fell dead. He was marshal of Animas City last summer, and is well known in Colfax county, N. M. He lays claim to having killed 12 men, and as he had made threats against the lives of several citizens, it was thought best to give him to the angels, who now minister to his wants.

Hymeneal.

MARRIED—At Delavan, Wisconsin, D. McGraw, of Rico, to Miss C. Jessup, of Delavan.

"Mac" stole a march on the boys in this last rash act. He pretended that his visit east was wholly unpremeditated—started off on the impulse of the moment, etc., but he no sooner sets foot on eastern soil than he sends this disheartening message to his bachelor friends, who regret his departure from their ranks. A short sojourn in Rico makes the hard heart susceptible, and Cupid has availed himself of the vulnerable spot. Beware of the east!

MARRIED.—In Rico, last Wednesday evening, Jan. 19, Justice Gault officiating, J. H. Burghardt to Miss Emma Mertens, all of Rico.

A number of invited guests witnessed the ceremony, after which a sumptuous feast gladdened the eyes of those present. A good sociable time was indulged in for some time when one by one the assembled friends departed. While this newly married couple have our best wishes, still we cannot but deplore this wholesale thinning out of the marriageable young ladies of the burg. There were but few in the first place, and if rumor is to be credited, the spring will find none left. Our thanks are due the bride for kind remembrances in the shape of delicacies from the table, especially so in view of the fact that it is the first time we have been so honored in Rico.

On Friday evening the newly married couple were tendered a reception by the Bachelor's Mess at their quarters on Commercial street, which was in every sense of the word a pleasant affair. Not less than twenty-five couples were in attendance and promptly at half-past nine, the bride and groom entered, accompanied by the immediate relatives and friends of both, and took a position at the head of the spacious dining room, which was converted into an impromptu ball room for the occasion. A grand march was formed, each couple presenting their respects to the happy pair as they filed past. Dancing then began and was kept up until the small end of Saturday morning hove in sight. The dance was only interrupted by a call to a sumptuous lunch about the hour of midnight. Every person present enjoyed the affair and everlasting honor is conferred on its promoters.

MINING NOTES.

—A contract has been let on the Garfield lode for a 40-foot tunnel, to Daniel McCarthy.

—A 30-foot perpendicular shaft has been sunk on the Mackoy, located on Eugenie's mountain. This looks like a valuable property and will be extensively worked next spring and summer.

—An assay was recently had from the Mountain View lode, in Horse gulch near the Johnny Bull, of 187½ ounces of silver. This claim is owned by J. W. Winkfield *et als.*, and promises to be one of our best.

—The Silver Glance, on Expectation mountain is showing up well. A 25 foot open cut has been worked on this mine, and further development will be prosecuted with avidity ere long. This mine is owned by Roe, Summa and Clevenger.

—The Little Lucy, on Dolores mountain, about 300 feet below the Swansea, owned by Colonel J. B. Erhardt, is being worked by Captain Edwards, Colonel Erhardt's agent here. The Lucy has a thirty-five foot tunnel, and the present work will extend it twenty-five feet farther.

—Assays from the Nora Lilley, on Nigger Baby hill, owned by Sockrider and Castello, show:—No. 1, $268.95; No. 2, $100.26; No. 3, $35.29; No. 4, $66.12. Work is being pushed on this mine, and it requires no very imaginative mind to believe that it will make its mark in the near future.

—The Don Pedro, on Dolores mountain is a near neighbor to the Newman and Carbonate Queen, and promises to fairly rival these bonanzas at no distant day. A 12-foot shaft has been sunk and a 25-foot incline from bottom of the shaft. This property is owned by Siddons, McGaughy, Hyland and Roe.

—Captain Edwards, while getting out timbers for the Little Lucy mine, on Wednesday last, met with quite a painful if not a serious accident, by imbedding the blade of his ax into his left foot and ankle, nearly splitting the ankle bone. We found him in bed, though doing as well as could be expected.

—The New York *Tribune* of a recent date informs us of another mining company organized in that city to do a general mining business in Rico, under the corporate name of the Dolores Valley Mining Company, with a capital stock of $2,000,000—200,000 shares. The trustees are Charles F. Woerishoffer, Jordan L. Mott, a large iron dealer; Edward Einstein, member of congress from New York city; Hugh J. Jewett, president of the New York, Lake Erie & Western railroad, and Col. J. B. Erhardt. The company is organized upon properties belonging to Colonel Erhardt in Rico. It is thought to take in all of them—eighty-seven in number, but nothing definite is known as yet. Another good company added to Rico's quota.

—The Silver Cliff *Miner* says: "Last Friday night there was considerable excitement in mining circles in the vicinity of the Cliff. Rumors were current that jumping would be carried on in a wholesale manner at midnight. Many of the mine owners began to feel uneasy, and about dusk some of them, armed with rifles and six-shooters adjourned to their mines and guarded them over night. Quite a large number were relocated, and there is no doubt but that many more would have been done likewise had it not been for the war-like, precautionary measures of mine owners. Men are beginning to realize that a mine whose title is clouded with litigation, loses most of its value. Any man who relocates a claim on which the owner has complied with the law is as much a thief as though he had stolen a horse. As a usual thing we are not in favor of the rifle or shot-gun policy, but men are justifiable in guarding their property even if it occasionally requires powder and ball to do it."

Roll of Honor.

The following named pupils of school district No. 5, Rico, have had 100 in deportment during the past month:

Edith Alderman,	Edward Goddard,
Augusta Beidler,	Willie Kauffman,
Charlie Biedler,	Maudie McConnell,
Johnnie Blake,	Emma McConnell,
Sarah Blake,	Ella Nevil,
Ellen Blodgett,	Willie Nelson,
Wilbert Chapman,	Zenus Robinson,
Mattie Kauffman,	John Snyder,
Charlie Turner,	Artie Thompson,

Frank Warren.

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT

Views of Rico at A. V. Gorla's.

Splendid Oat-meal at D. McINTYRE'S.

Pure Apple Vinegar at D. McINTYRE'S.

Dried Fruits of all kinds at D. McINTYRE'S

2,000 pounds of hams at T. A. & E. L. Davis's.

A large assortment of Canned Goods at D. McINTYRE'S.

The finest quality of Rauch Butter at D. McINTYRE'S.

Ladies collars, cuffs, and ruchings at T. A. & E. L. Davis's.

Arctic overshoes, full line, ladies and gents, at T. A. & E. L. Davis's.

Clothing and everything needed by miners at low prices at D. McINTYRE'S.

The best Missouri Blue Hickory Pick, Axe and Hammer Handles at D. McINTYRE'S.

Shawls, cloaks, ladies skirts and wool hosiery just received at T. A. & E. L. Davis's.

Wall Paper, Border, Curtains and Fixtures at Newman, Chestnut & Stephens, Animas City.

2,000 Rolls Wall Paper, choice patterns just received at N. C. & S., Animas City. Send for samples.

Genuine Elgin creamery butter, guaranteed to be equal to the BEST ranch butter at Habermann & Meyer's.

Condensed milk and all kinds of FRESH canned goods put up in 1880. Denver flour at Habermann & Meyer's.

DOLORES HOUSE BAKERY—

Having secured a New Baker, Good Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pies can be had at the Dolores House Bakery, at the Lunch Stand at Winkfield & Klee's Wholesale Liquor house or at Tontine Restaurant.

O. M. DAVIS.

Our syrups are pure sugar goods—will not get thick in cold weather like glucose.

HABERMANN & MEYER.

The Hotel Windsor, Durango, captures the epicures (for even this western country has its dainty palates) and holds their custom by dint of wholesome food, prepared in an appetizing manner and served in an attractive style.

COUNTY TAXES.

The tax-payers of Ouray county, school district No. 5, are notified that the books are now open for the collection of taxes. Taxes become delinquent after 1st day of February.

A. H. MUNDEE.
72 Deputy Treasurer.

Ballou & Cowen, Hotel Windsor, Durango, can fill the hungry cavern, satisfy the yearning appetite and put an aldermanic protuberance on the leanest in less time than it takes to tell about it. We got ours there so we speak from pleasant experience. Then those luxuriant beds are enticing beyond description.

The following Legal Blanks may be found on sale at the NEWS office:

Mining Deeds,
Title Bends,
Quit Claim Deeds,
Warranty Deeds,
Mining Lease,
Power of Attorney,
Affidavit of Labor.

JUSTICE OF PEACE BLANKS.

Attachment Writ.
Attachment Writ in Aid,
Undertaking in Attachment,
Appeal Bonds,
Warrants,
Affidavit for Attachment.

A cough, Cold or Sore Throat should be stopped. Neglect frequently results in an incurable lung disease or Consumption. Brown's Bronchial Troches are certain to give relief in Asthma, Bronchtis, Coughs, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases. For thirty years the Troches have been recommended by physicians, and always give perfect satisfaction. They are not new and untried, but having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age. Public speakers and singers use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Sold at twenty-five cents a box everywhere.

FINE JOB PRINTING IN ALL BRANCHES
—EXECUTED—
AT THE DOLORES NEWS OFFICE
IN THE HIGHEST DESIGNS OF THE ART.

Rico Market Report.

RICO, COLO., January 22, 1881.

LUMBER (AT YARDS).	
Common, per 1,000 feet	$27 00
Flooring " " "	42 00
Clear " " "	55 00
Common sheeting "	20 00
Shingles, per 1,000	7 50
CUT MEATS.	
Beef steaks	10 to 15c per lb
do roasts	10c per lb
do boiling cuts	6 to 8c per lb
do hind quarter in bulk	10c per lb
do fore " " "	8c per lb
Game	10 to 15c per lb
WINES AND LIQUORS.	
California Port wine per gallon	3 50 @ 5 00
do Sherry do do	4 00 @ 5 00
do Angelica do do	3 75
do Bl'kberry do do	4 50
do Brandy do do	6 00
Old Bourbon whiskey do	5 00 @ 7 00
Whiskey rectified do	3 00 @ 4 00
DRIED FRUITS.	
Apples per pound	15 @ 30
Black berries per pound	18 @ 25
Prunes " "	25
Raisins " "	30
Currants " "	25
VEGETABLES.	
Onions per pound	10 @ 20
Cabbage " "	15
Beans " "	15
Potatoes " "	10
MEATS.	
D. S. bacon per pound	20
Breakfast bacon per pound	20 @ 30
Sugar cured hams per pound	30
SUGARS.	
Coffee A per pound	22½
Granulated "	25
GRAIN.	
Corn per lb	10
Oats per lb	10
Hay per lb	10
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Flour per 100 pounds	$14 00
Rope per lb	25
Crackers quality as to price, soda	25
Sardines in quarter-pound boxes.	25
Salmon in one pound cans	35
Syrup "	1 75 @ 2 25
Tea per pound	75 @ 1 25
Vinegar D. S. per gallon	1 75 @ 2 00
Baking powder per lb	35 @ 50
Corn starch per lb	25
Salt three pound sacks	35
Codfish per lb	25
Gun powder rifle per lb	75
Lead in bar per lb	25
Rice per lb	25
Ax with handle	2 50
Pickles per gallon	1 75 @ 2 25

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 22, 1881.

To William Jarvis, his heirs and assigns:

You are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars ($100.00) in labor and improvements upon the California lode situated on Prospect mountain, in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, state of Colorado, being the amount required by law to hold the same for the year ending December 31st, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication, you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim or lode will become the property of the subscriber, under the provisions of section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States.

72-86 WM. MCCORMICK.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 22, 1880.

To Chas. Kauffman:

You are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Monster lode, situated in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, Colorado, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31st, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication you do either fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscribers under section 2324.

CHARLES BULLOCK,
72-86 FRANK COLLIER.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 22, 1881.

To Charles Kauffman:

You are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Francois lode, situated in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, Colorado, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31st, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscribers under section 2323.

CHARLES BULLOCK,
72 86 FRANK COLLIER.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 15, 1881.

To Francis Morey and Levi Trentham, their heirs and assigns:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Silver Wing lode, situated in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, Colorado, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owners, your interests in said claim or lode will become the property of the subscriber under the provisions of section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States.

71-85 E. J. SIRRELL.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 15. 1881.

To Levi Trentham, his heirs and assigns:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Mountain Boy lode, situated in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, state of Colorado, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication, you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim or lode will become the property of the subscriber under the provisions of section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States.

71-85 E. J. SIRRELL.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 15, 1881.

To Levi Trentham, his heirs and assigns:

YOU are hereby notified that we have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Black Diamond lode situated in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, state of Colorado, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication, you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim or lode will become the property of the subscribers under section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States.

E. J. SIRRELL,
71-85 HARRISON HOW.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray County, Colo., Jan. 1, 1881.

To Theo. L. Bolle, Gustave Bolle and Mrs. Gertrude Schwenck:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Salamander lode, in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county, Colorado, as will appear by certificate filed Dec. 21st, 1880, in Book 3, Page 330, in the office of the Recorder of said county, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1880. And if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owners, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber under said section 2324.

69-83 CHAS. FORSBERG.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 2d, 1881.

To Levi Trentham and E. J. Sirrel:

You are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Mammoth lode situated in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray County, state of Colorado, as will appear by certificate filed November 23d, 1880, in the office of the recorder of said county in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 2324 Revised Statutes of the United Statutes being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owners, your interests in said claim or lode will become the property of the subscriber under the provisions of said section.

69-83 FRANK WALKER.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray County, Colo., Dec. 11, 1880.

To Oliver Gartin:

YOU are hereby notified that we have expended Three Hundred Dollars ($300.00) in labor and improvements upon the Golden Shaft lode, located on Bear creek, San Miguel Mining District, Ouray county, state of Colorado, as will appear by certificate filed October 5th, 1878, in the office of the Recorder of said county, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of Section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the years 1878, 1879 and 1880. And if, within ninety (90) days from the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscribers under said section 2324.

JOHN EDER,
66-80 GUST. GIAMBONI.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray county, Colo., Jan. 8, 1881.

To Wm. Moore and Alex. Blair:

You are hereby notified that I nave expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the George Washington Lode, situated on the north side of Horse Creek, on the East side of Elliott mountain, in Pioneer Mining District, Ouray county State of Colorado, as will appear by certificate filed in the office of the recorder of said county in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 2324 Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1880, and if within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owners, your interests in said claim or lode will become the property of the subscriber under the provisions of said section.

70-84 J. W. LAMON.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Ouray County, Colo., Jan. 6, 1881.

To Wm. DeWyre:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended One Hundred Dollars in labor and improvements upon the Hogback lode, situated in Pioneer mining district, Ouray county, state of Colorado, as will appear by certificate filed ——— in the office of the Recorder of said county, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1880. And if, within ninety days from the service of this notice by publication, you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as a co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscribers under said section 2324.

70-84 T. E. BRECKENRIDGE.

Notice of Entry of Town-site of Rico.

To all whom it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, F. W. Raymond, as Mayor of the town of Rico, did on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1880, at the U. S. Land Office at Lake City, Colorado, enter in trust for the use and benefit of the occupants thereof, all that certain tract or parcel of land situate in the county of Ouray and state of Colorado, known as the Town Site of Rico and more particularly described by meets and bounds as follows, to-wit:

Begin at U. S. L. M. No. 1, an aspen post 5 feet by 6 in. square, whence sand stone point is n 22 deg. 19 min. w. La Plata mountains is s 10 deg. 55 min. w, D. L. M. is n 28 deg. 17 min. e, 2500 feet; thence n 0 deg. 14 min. e 316.8 feet to n e cor. 1 of Rico, an aspen post 5 feet by 7 in. square, marked on one side corner 1 and on opposite side Rico; thence n 80 deg. w 2200 feet to n w cor. 2, an aspen post 5 feet by 6 in. square marked on one side cor. 2, and on opposite side Rico—whence a prom. peak bears s 75 deg. 30 min. e; thence s 10 deg. w 6336 feet to s w cor. 3, an aspen post 4 feet by 4 in. square, marked on one side corner 3, and on opposite side Rico—whence sand stone point is n 3 deg. 26 min. w. Mt. Wilson is n 11 deg. e. Thence s 80 deg. e 2200 feet to s e corner 4, an aspen post 5 feet by 5 in. square, marked on one side corner 4 and on opposite side Rico, whence sand stone point is n 10 deg. 30 min. w, also U. S. L. M. No. 3, is s 75 deg. 8 min. 52 sec. w. 765.6 feet; thence n 10 deg. e 6336 feet to n e cor. 1, containing 320 acres. The adjoining claims are the Atlantic Cable, Elliott, Del Norte lodes, Columbia mill site on the north. Sun Up, Crown Point, Shamrock, Triangle, Neptune, Iron Clad, Riverside, Legal Tender, Monitor, Lone Star, Iron lodes on the west. The Harmon placer on the south. The Parsons, Raven Tunnel No. 1, Gulch lodes and Iron Cap mill site on the east. Besides these there are the Eureka, Major, Grand View, Gulch and Independent and Maid of Athens mill sites and the Town Site lode, situate within the exterior boundaries of town site.

And each, all and every person, company or association of persons claiming to be an occupant or occupants, or to have possession or to be entitled to the occupancy or possession of the above described parcel or tract of land or any lot, block, share, part or parcel thereof, are hereby required to within ninety (90) days from the first publication of this notice, file in the office of the corporate authorities of said town of Rico a statement in writing signed by said claimant, or claimants, or by his, her or their duly authorized agent or attorney for them, containing an accurate description of the particular part or parcel of land in which he, she or they claim to have an interest and the specific right, interest or estate therein which he, she or they claim to be entitled to receive, or be forever barred from claiming or recovering any such lands or any interest or estate therein on any part or parcel or share thereof.

Dated at Rico, Colo., this 13th day of November, A. D. 1880.

F. W. RAYMOND,
62-76 Mayor of Town of Rico.

DOLORES NEWS.

RICO, COLORADO.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1881.

Rico's Boom---Wagon Road.

From the Durango Record.

While it is universally known that Rico is surrounded by some of the most valuable mines in Colorado, it is not so generally known that the people of that thriving and prosperous camp have passed more than a year of its brightest prospects without having built a good practicable wagon road into Rico. It would seem from present indications that the people of Rico intend passing the road matter for another year. Should this be done, it will add injury that will require tha time of at least two years to overcome.

We are informed by parties who have traveled over the lower Rio Dolores route, that a good wagon road can be built from Rico to Bear Creek, (a distance of about eighteen miles) bridging the Rio Dolores, for a sum not exceeding $6,000. From that point there would be little expense in the completion of the road to Durango, as there is a natural road bed, with but few places where work would be necessary to make it the *best* wagon road in Southern Colorado. With careful engineering Rico can be reached from Durango by this route within a distance of 65 miles.

Heavy freights have been transported over this route during the past summer with great difficulty, but in spring it is absolutely impossible to travel the road, on account of high waters.

Will the people of the new carbonate camp entirely ignore this important feature, so essential to their future prosperity?

After the perusal of the above article, we doubt if there is a citizen of Rico but will give the matter referred to a moment of serious reflection. The thought that we have carved out of a wilderness a city of no mean proportions, without the aid of railroad or wagon-road should cause us to wonder what would have been done in case we had had other ways of transportation than by a burro trail. This article which we reprint from the *Record* gives an insight into public opinion that is worth something; we see ourselves as others see us, and something must be done to place Rico in a better light. So soon as the road is built by the southern route two rival stage lines will run daily coaches over it. That we will soon have a road by the upper route may be seen from the following notice taken from last week's *Solid Muldoon:*

J. R. Foster, superintendent of Otto Mears' toll roads, was in town the past week. He was on his way to San Miguel to commence building the road from that point to the agency. The road is eventually intended to be built from the cantonment over the mesa west of it to the head of Leopard creek, and thence to Placerville and Columbia, with a branch up the south fork to the lakes, and thence to Rico, with a second branch to Ophir. For the present the old road *via* the Dallas will be used to Leopard creek. Mr. F. has a large supply of grub and a force of men, and will commence at once building bridges on the Miguel, and as soon as the survey is finished, the work of building the road will be pushed with vigor. Charley Wheeler is now engaged in the survey. About 150 men will be employed on its construction. The road will prove of incalculable advantage to Rico, Miguel and Ophir, and will be the means of opening the above camps to the outside world.

The New State Directory.

The Colorado State Business and Mining Directory for 1881, a book of 400 pages, is now in course of preparation. The publisher aims to give a complete list of all the business firms of every class, mine owners, companies, and superintendents, mills, etc., in every town, camp, and settlement in the State.

Special efforts will be made to give the San Juan and Dolores sections a full and complete showing. Information from all parties is invited. A good agent is wanted for this county. Liberal inducements are offered. Address

J. A. BLAKE, Publisher,
Denver, Colorado.

A Good Thing for Miners and Lawyers.

A seventh edition of that much praised book, COPP'S Hand Book of Mining Law, will soon be out; to contain the State and Territorial Mining laws, and instructions how to examine title, in addition to the lists of Government patents, digest of decisions, and other good things in previous editions.

Its editor, Henry N. Copp, of Washington, D. C, has an extensive work on the same subject in press. It will give in full, the Land Office and court decisions now in force, and be the authority on United States mining law without doubt.