Sank, N. Y.; L. F. Lawton, of 1st Nat. Bank, Oleon, N. Y.; L. F. Lawton, of 1st Nat. Bank, Oleon, N. Y.; D. O'Day, Gen. M'g'r Nat'l Transit Co. of U. S.; Jos. Seep, of Standard Oil Co.

The Ballas Morning A.

VOL. 1.

DALLAS, TEXAS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1885.

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

MR. HOLMAN ON A SIOUX RESERVATION.

A Double-Headed Joke on a Man from Michi-

gan-The Succession Bill-Forecast

of the Coming Week in Congress.

Washington, Dec. 13.—A good story is told on Congressman Holman, of the House

special committee to visit the Indian agen-

cies. In last summer's tour the committee

spent a day or two at Pine Ridge Agency.

part of the Territory. Eight thousand

Sioux, most of whom were once blood-

thirsty savages, are on this vast reserva-

tion. The Pine Ridge Agency has been be-

several years and is in charge of Col. Mc-

political enemies are continually after his

scalp and charges have been made against

him which, in manuscript and printed form, fill two bushel baskets in the Indian

Bureau. Red Cloud, the old war chief of

the Sioux, is a disturbing element on the

eservation and is not it accord with Young-

Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses and other pro-

gressive young chiefs, and there is trouble

at Pine Ridge in weekly installments

Therefore, the committee visited this cele-

brated agency to see the notorious agent

and talk with the renowned chiefs. A

that Red Cloud and his turbulent followers

would make trouble and perhaps slay Judge

Holman. The latter was excited and nervous, but joined in the "talk" as a member

of the big council and a representative of

of the big council and a representative of the Great White Father at Washington. At the opening of the council, Little Would, an intrepid chief who holds aloof from both Sioux factions, stalked boldly in and seated himself along-gide of Red Cloud, with the avowed intention of shooting him in his tracks if he turned his gun toward the white chief. Nobody knew what moment an outbreak and terrible massacre would occur, as the situation was serious. After the close of the council Judge Holman and his friends retired to his apartments, when a great row was raised outside by the factional quarrels among the Indians. It seemed to the Indiana statesman as if all shoel was let loose, and it is no laughing matter to be at the mercy of three thousand Sioux bucks armed with Winchester rifles. Fearing for the safety of the Judge, he was nastly

armed with Winchester rifles. Fearing for the safety of the Judge, he was nastily rushed over to the agent's house and ascended to the garret. Throwing open the window, the Judge was ready to leap forth and flea for his life, if the worst came. The Indians discovered the change of abode and yelled like demons. A friend went up stairs to the Congressman, and found him at prayers, supplicating divine protection. The friend suggested that the Judge go out and try to pacify the Indians and attempt to— "I object!" hastily ejaculated the distinguished representative, as he cut short, the friend's request. The bucks had all disappeared by morning and felt that they had given the Congressman a good scare.

A DOUBLE-HEADED JOKE.

A DOUBLE-HEADED JOKE.

The members of the Michigan delegation

and their friends are enjoying a double-

headed joke at the expense of two Congress

men. Carleton is well acquainted with

First Assistant Postmaster General Steven-

son, who resembles O'Donnell, the new

his twin brother. A few evenings ago

Carleton and Tarsney stood talking in the

Ebbitt Hotel lobby, when O'Donnell walked

in. Carleton mistook O'Donnell, with whom

he was then scarcely acquainted, for

Stevenson, and offered to introduce Tars-

ney, who saw a chance for a joke and al-

lowed himself to be presented to "Steven

son." O'Donnell saw through the matter a

a glance, and although he is a Republican

impersonated Stevenson so successfully

that Carleton was left in utter ignorance of

his blunder. Tarsney broached the subject

of the Michigan postoffice, and "Stevenson"

replied that his only desire was to follow

the wishes of the people and secure compe

tent and honest men, but suggested that

there had been about enough removals up in the Port Huron district. This was rather a shock to Carleton, but after carrying on the hoax for some minutes, O'Donnell left,

vithout Carleton having discovered his nistake. Tarsney, of course, told all his riends how he and O'Donnell had "sold"

Carleton, who was much chagrined over the affair. Thus ends the first act of the com-ddy, and now comes the second:

Tarsney, who had not yet met Stevenson, saw him at the National Hotel last night,

nistook him for O'Donnell, and, walking up o him, slapped him vigorously on the shoulder with a "Hello, O'Donnell!" "Sir!"

so unceremoniously. And then Tarsney made his little explanation, while a group of friends whom Tarsney had entertained with the Carleton-O'Donnell episode, stood around and enjoyed Tarsney's discomfiture. Somehow Tarsney no longer thinks the

Somehow Tarsney no longer thinks the Carleton joke worth relating.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION BILL.

In the Senate, on Dec. 8, Mr. Hoar intro

duced the following bill, which was read

twice and referred to the committee on priv-

A bill to provide for the performance of the duties of the office of Fresident in case of the removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of

Representatives of the United States of

America in Congress assembled, that in

case of removal, death, resignation or in

ability of both the President and Vice Presi

dent of the United States, the Secretary of

State, or if there be none, or in case of his

removal, death, resignation or inablility,

then the Secretary of the Treasury, or if

there be none, or in case of his removal

death, resignation or inability, then the Sec

retary of War, or if there be none, or in

case of his removal, death, resignation or

inability, then the Attorney General, or if

there be none, or in case of his removal.

death, resignation or inability, then the

Postmaster General, or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation or mability, then the Secretary of of the Navy,

or if there be none, or in case of his removal, death, resignation or inability, then the Secretary of the Interior shall act as President until the disability of the President or the Vice President is removed or a President shall be elected, such officer being eligible to the office of President under the constitution and not under articles of im-

constitution and not under articles of im-

ileges and elections:

council was called and it was whispered

Special to The News.

NO. 75.

CLEVELAND'S FUTURE.

Smoke this CIGAR and you will forget the PAST, enjoy the PRESENT and be happy in the FUTURE.

SOLE AGENTS.

SHORT WRAPS,

NEWMARKETS AND RUSSIAN CIRCULARS, At Fifty Per Cent Lower Than Former Prices. 86.00. \$12.00. Diagonal and Berlin Beaver New-markets, Astrakhan trimmed; DOWN TO \$7.90. All-wool Jackets, trimmed in DOWN TO \$3.50. 375 Seal Plush Newmarkets, 56 inches long, Silk Lined; Down to \$47.50. **812.50.** \$22.50.

Jersey and French Tricot Cloth, fur-trimmed Russian Circulars. DOWN TO \$14.50. Diagonal Jackets, Trimmed in Silk Plush; DOWN TO \$7.85. \$60 Elegant Brocaded Silk Velvet Newmarkets, 56 inches long; Down to \$38.50. 827.50. \$34.50.

Mattlese and Silk Newmarkets, handsomely trimmed; DOWN TO \$16.50. Brocaded Silk and Velvet silk-lined Russian Circulars; DOWN TO \$22.50. 25 Short Wraps in black and brown Brocaded Velvet and Silk Brocade, Ostrich Feather Trimming, entirely new.

\$45.00. \$35.00. Silk-woven Brocade and Silk-lined Russian Circulars; DOWN TO \$32.50; Silk Brocaded and Ottoman New-markets; DOWN TO \$22.50.

Call early to secure good bargains for Holiday Presents at the PARLOR SUIT AND CLOAK ROOM.

845.00. Elegant Seal Plush Coats, genuine \$25.00. Seal Plush Coats, satin and silk lined;
DOWN TO \$14.75.

These goods were bought for cash by our resident New York buyer at a great sacrifice Hence we are able to give you bargains in the above goods never before offered in the city.

MILLINERY HEADQUARTERS.

E. BAUMAN, The Wholesale Millinery House, Dallas, Texas.

DALLAS OPERA-HOUSE.

Farewell performance to night at 8 o'clock of Mr. J. B. POLK, supported by his own 8 Comedy Company, under the management of Mr. Frank G. Cotter, presenting the whimsical satirical comedy of modern social life written expressly for him by Dr. T. H. Sayre, entitled "MIXED PICKLES."

Monday Dec. 14. The famous

EMMA ABBOTT GRAND OPERA COMPANY. Largest Company in America. New and brilliant array of artists: EMMA ABBOTT, MICHELENA BELLINI, PRUETTE, ANNANDALE, BRODERICK, MONTEGRIFFO, DIXON. Full chorus and orchestra. Wednesday, Dec. 16—First production in Dallas by a Grand Opera Company of the Great Japanese Craze, the "MIKADO," with the famous EMMA ABBOTT AS YUM-YUM. Also Bellini, Annandale, Ovier, Montegriffo, Pruette, Broderick, Bryant and Dixon. Gorgeous Cos tumes, beautiful Mise en Scene, correct English business. Thursday Matinee—Baif's Romantic Opera, "BOTTEMIAN GIRL," Thursday Night—Gounod's Grand Opera, "FAUST," Friday and Saturday Dec. 18, 19-KATIE PUTNAM. Dec. 21, 22, "YOUNG MRS. WINTHROP."

GRAND CONCERT

Tuesday Dec. 15, 8 p. m. ST. PATRICK'S BAZAR,

721 Elm Street. Overture by the Silver Star Cornet Band 1. Instrumental duet..........Prof. W. Steer, Miss Sarah Steer.

(LIMITED) OF

LONDON

Cables authorizing Sight Draft on their London office for

\$125,000 to cover all their losses in the late fire.

BEERS & KENISON General Agents,

Galveston - - - Texas.

W.L. MOODY & CO.

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Parties wishing money in advance of shipments are requested to correspond with us.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

INDICATIONS FOR TO-DAY.—For the West Gulf States fair weather, northwesterly winds, becoming variable, stationary, followed by slight rise in temperature.

DOMESTIC .- Chicago cattle and wheat re view-The mistakes of Mr. Mannix and other Cincinnati news by special-Full text of the presidential succession bill in Washington special—First week of Congress reviewed nd a forecast for the coming week-Beecher preached yesterday on sudden death -New daily paper to be established at

Plymouth, England—Mr. Gladstone's congratulations—A new Governor for Neuvo

THE STATE.—The people of Hearne protest case. When picked up he was dead.

against increasing convict labor in the Brazo bottoms—The total fund for the relief of suf ferers by the Galveston fire aggregates \$123, 549 57-Society events throughout the State are recorded in their special column-Ex Collector Malloy and Mr. Thomas Goggan were appointed delegates to represent the Gal veston branch of the Irish Land League in the National convention at Chicago -- The losses by fire in Fort Worth are generally covered by

THE CITY.—The stormy darky—The golden rule: The connecting link of Judaism and Christianity; an interesting sermon by Dr. Chapman-Charged with making firewater —A small blaze——A huge colonization scheme—Resisting arrest—Col. McKec's funeral—Y. M. C. A.—The East Dallas fire Hotel arrivals—The horse reporter grows sentimental over "A little baby's tattered

RAILROADS.—East bound passenger rates ou of St. Louis still being cut—Another Arkansas railroad projected—Jarred out her hair pins—Gainesville and Henrietta to be connected by rail-New time card on the Texas and St. Louis.

THE FIRE RECORD.

A CINCINNATI BLAZE. CINCINNATI, Dec. 13.—A fire broke out in the fifth floor of the building Nos. 145 and 147 Walnut street, shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon. The three lower floors are occupied by Roes, Robinson & Co., wholesale paper dealers, and the two upper floors sale paper dealers, and the two upper floors by C. E. Jones & Bros, manufacturers of electrical apparatus. The fire was confined to the floor on which it originated, and the damage to the building will amount to \$10,000. Roes, Robinson & Co. estimate their loss at \$75,000, mostly by water. They had an extra large stock of goods on hand. Jones Bros. lose between \$15,000 and \$20,000: insured for \$8000.

AT FARMERSVILLE. FARMERSVILLE, Dec. 13.—The alarm of fire was given last night at 10 o'clock. The fire originated in the office of Pike & Bumpass, and was confined to their office and warehouse of farm implements. Loss on stock \$500; and on the two buildings \$300.

TRESTLE BURNED. BIG SPRINGS, Dec. 13.—About noon to-day a fire destroyed a small trestle in the Texas and Pacific Railway yard, and communica-ting to a caboose standing near ruined it.

Stricken With Paralysis.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 13.-Matthew McClintock, aged 79, until a few years ago a heavy hreveport.

Foreign.—Fearful loss of life by fire at tymouth, England—Mr. Gladstone's conratulations—A new Governor for Neuvo eon.

Carallroad contractor, was stricken with paralysis at the top of a flight of stairs in his residence, 52 North Broadway. The old gentleman fell the full length of the stair-

and duties of the office shall devolve upon m; provided, that whenever the powers and duties of the office of President of the and duties of the office of President of the United States shall devolve upon any of the persons named herein, if Congress be not then in session, or if it would not meet in accordance with law within twenty days thereafter, it shall be the duty of the person upon whom said powers and duties shall devolve to issue a proclamation convening Congress in extraordinary session, giving twenty days' notice of the time of meeting. Sec. 2. That the preceding section shall only be held to describe and apply to those officers who shall have been appointed by advice and consent of the Senate to the offices therein named.

Sec. 3. That section 146 of the Revised

Sec. 3. That section 146 of the Revised Statutes is hereby repealed.

THE FORT BROWN TITLE. The last Congress appropriated \$160,000 for the purpose of enabling the government to secure title to the property known Dakota, a wild region in the southwestern as the Fort Brown military reservation, near Brownsville, consisting of 350 acres of land, and on which the military barracks are situated. The Secretary of War was directed by the terms of the law fore the public at frequent intervals for to negotiate with the owners of the property for its purchase. Since the passage of the law numerous claimants of this property have appeared, and it is now understood it will require a suit in the courts of law to determine who are the real Gillicudy, a brave soldier, but a man who has been investigated more than any other government official in the country. His

BROUT THE RULES. The committee on rules will be ready to report the prosed new rules to the House to-morrow. They are substantially the same as those proposed by Morrison on the first day of the session. The Randall crowd will oppose them, and it is probable that several days will be consumed in the discussion. Those who have counted noses say there will be a considerable majority in favor of the change. THE CHENOWETH MATTER.

Texas members and other friends of Au litor Chenoweth have been actively working the past day or two to overcome the fight being made against his confirmation. They seem less uneasy to-night and now appear to think he is safe.

WIGGINS. It is learned to-night that there is a slight ray of hope for Wiggins, of Texas, late clerk in the War Department. was removed upon a charge of inefficiency and insubordination, and subsequently gained considerable newspaper notoriety in that connection. It is hinted that he may get reinstated and be transferred to another department.

General Jno. M. Claiborne left to-day for New York where he will endeavor to secure money loans for some of the Galveston fire sufferers to enable them to rebuild.

Hon. George C. Pendleton, member of the Legislature from Bell County, is here. He disclaims being after office.

Ex-Congressmap Hangock left to day for ongressman Hancock left to-day for New York.

Hon. J. B. Wells and Mayor Carson, of Brownsville are here.

GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS.

CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW AND FORECAST. WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Congress has been in session a week and yet legislation is only fairly started at one end of the Capitol. The Senate has organized, bills have been introduced and measures are likely to be reported, prepared and passed by that body during the coming week, while on the House side the revolution in the base methods of that body, contemplated by the pending propositions to amend the rules, prought things to a standstill there during the past week, and bid fair to occupy much of the time of the coming week. There is some doubt as to what progress the Senate will make during the coming week. It is quite probable the presidential succession bill and the joint code of rules will be re ported from the committee and passed. By the middle of the week the President's first batch of

RECESS APPOINTMENTS may be reached, and in that event the re

mainder of the week will be mainly spent in executive sessions. Some Senators are dis posed to postpone action upon these nomin tions for a while, but this will hardly prevail, and it is probable that many of the federal officers will receive the impress of senatorial sanction before the end of the week. Scenes of unusual interest are an icipated in the House during the coming week. When that body meets to-morrow the committee on rules will submit its report and ask that it be printed. A request will then be made that the States and members be called before the introduction of bills, and this will probably lead to a spirited debate. Quite a number of members have already stated that it is folly to introduce bills until the code of rules are adopted, because there are no committees to receive them and no rules to govern their reference or direct their care. Objection will be made to a call of the States and then the question whether objections can be entertained, except they come from a majority of the House, will probably be raised. The best parliamentarians say only "fown meeting" rules can govern the House at this time and consequently it will be an easy matter to bring about a snarl and disorder. There is little doubt, however, that the request for a call of the States will prevail, for it will be seconded by the committee on rules, that course, it is said, having been determined upon at the meeting yesterday afternoon, when it was agreed to report Mr. Morrison's code. A call of the States and Territories for the introduction of bills will occupy from four to six hours, so that if much time is lost to-morrow before the reek. When that body meets to-morrow Territories for the introduction of bills will occupy from four to six hours, so that if much time is lost to-morrow before the work is begun it will consume so much of Tuesday that the question of rules will not come fairly before the House until Wednesday and will consume much of the remainder of the week. On the first call of the States in the last Congress there were presented 1738 bills, and almost two days were consumed in the call.

A CHANGED OUTLOOK. It looked yesterday as though the opposition to the report of the committee on rules would be so feeble that it would take but a day to dispose of the whole subject. Tonight, however, it is reported that the opposition will be quite formidable. It will be led by Messrs. Randall and Holman on the Democratic, and Messrs. Cannon and Ryan on the Republican side of the House. On this point Mr. Warner, of Ohio, said tonight: "There is going to be a good deal this point Mr. Warner, of Onio, said to-night: "There is going to be a good deal more opposition to the report of the com-mittee on rules than a majority of the com-mittee expect. I don't think there ought to be a call for bills to-morrow, because we will need all of the time to consider the new code of rules."

WHAT WEAVER WANTS.

Congressman Weaver, of Iowa, intends to introduce a bill in the House to-morrow, or at the first opportunity, to provide for the creation of a new governmental department, to be called the Department of Labor. The head of the department is to be cabinet of the United States at the time the powers officer. The duties of the department will and an estate of considerable value.

be to acquire and diffuse useful information on the subject of labor, to ascertain th causes of discontent between employer and employe, and to recommend measures for the adjustment of such troubles. Mr. Wea-ver proposes, also to introduce a bill pro-viding for the election of United States Senators by a popular vote of the people of the States.

ARRESTED FOR CONSPIRACY.

Col. Morrow, proprietor of the Sunday Gazette, here, was arrested to-day, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government It is alleged that Morrow, with the conniv ance of Mr. Carman, late Chief Clerk of the Department of Agriculture, procured a situation in that department for Frank Thoma, who rendered no service at the department, but worked in Morrow's office, drew his salary and divided it between himself, Morrow and Carman. Morrow is out on bail. A warrant was out for the arrest of Carman, but he is not in town to-day.

A TALE LIKE TEWKESBURY.

Russell, Mass., Reports Horribly Cruel Treatment of Paupers. Special to The News.

Russell, Dec. 13.—For many months there have been rumors of cruel treatment of the town paupers by Keeper Chipman, who has for three years bid off the town's poor at an average of about \$75 a year for each pauper. The selectmen have persistently lenied the rumors. Two officers of the State Board of Health, Lunacy and Charity have just completed an investigation. Some of the details of their report are too revolting for publication. The inspectors found filth abounding and stenches too loathsome for human endurance. a few inmates had for beds nothing but a pillow of husks upon the floor, and for covering only old clothing. Upon such a bed an aged man named Thompson died without attention. The food provided him was uncooked cornmeal mixed with water. Starvation, rather than disease or old age, hastened his death. It is alleged that in his last moments he called for water to cool his parching lips, and though his cries were heard by passers by no one went to his assistance. Not long ago another inmate, once a property owner of the town, died similarly of a terrible disease. One man, a school teacher and public lecturer, after enduring assaults and hunger finally ran away. The general care of the paupers was found to be on par with that given in the above described cases. The selectmen are charged with trying to kill off the paupers to get rid of them. nothing but a pillow of husks upon the floor,

A FIGHT WITH INDIANS.

A Troop of Federal Cavalry Put in Some Very Good Work.

Special to The News. DEMING, N. M., Dec. 13.—News has been eceived from Silver City that Capt. Fountain's troop C, of the Eighth Cavalry, together with his scouts, had an encounter with hostiles at Lillie's Cabin, near Pop-inois, on the 9th inst. Lillie and an old man named Prior had been murdered by Indians, who were dancing around the burning cabin when the troops charged upon them. A lively fight ensued and several Indians were wounded. It is believed two redskins were killed. The soldiers captured fourteen of the Indians' horses, one mule and their entire supply of provisions. The hostiles, who scattered in every direction, are believed to be on their way to Mexico in quest of winter quarters. The weather is very cold and the

mountains covered with snow. NEW OWNERS FOR OUTING.

Change of Management in the Popular Sporting Magazine.

Boston, Dec. 13 .- A controlling interest in the well known sporting magazine, Outing, published here the past few years, has been sold to Paultney Bige low, a young journalist of New York, recently an editorial writer of the New York Herald and formerly the Herald's London correspondent. The magazine is to be published in New York, beginning with the February number. Theodore Roosevelt and Clare Dodge are to be associated with Mr. Bigelow in its manage

Opinion and Decision. Buffalo, Dec. 13.—An opinion and decision in the demurrer interposed by defend ants in the suit brought by the Buffalo Lubricating Oil Company against the Standard and Acme Oil Companies for damage on account of an alleged conspiracy, were handed down by Judge Lewis yesterday. Judge Lewis holds that inas much as actions for assault and battery much as actions for assault and battery, libel and malicious prosecutions can be maintained against corporations, actions for conspiracy can also be maintained when officers or agents of a corporation, acting for that organization, enter into a conspiracy, the corporation is liable for their acts. Although the complaint to set forth facts of conspiracy with as much clearness as might be expected, yet it must be held to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against all defendants. The demurrer is ficient to constitute a cause of action against all defendants. The demurrer is verruled with costs against defendants, ith leave to serve answer within twenty days, on payment of costs.

A Long Chase.

Buffalo, Dec. 13.—Deputy Sheriff Carlton returned yesterday from a four weeks' chase on the plains of Western Kansas, having in custody David C. Jones, who is wanted here on the charge of forgery. It was only after persistent and long continued effort, working under great difficulties and traveling 4000 miles, that Carlton was enabled to get his man. Jones operated extensively in Western New York, and it is said defrauded farmers out of some \$20,000 or \$30,000. Last April he was located on his cattle ranch in Kansas, about fifteen miles from Hayes City. Deputy Sheriff Carlton arrested him there, but Jones afterward escaped, and the chase was tempora-rily given up. Four weeks ago Carlton again started for Ellis County, Kansas, and by a clever piece of detective work entrap-ped Jones on his ranch, and, after travel-ing eighty-five miles in an open wagon with the prisoner, boarded a train at Larned and landed here safely yesterday

B. Gratz Brown Dead.

St. Louis, Dec. 13.-Ex-Gov. B. Gratz Brown died at Kirkwood, Mo., this morning of heart disease. Deceased had been prominent in Missouri politics for the past forty years. He represented this State in the United States Senate in 1863, and in 1870 was elected Governor of the State. He was a candidate for Vice President on the Greeley ticket in 1872. Since that time he has been entirely out of politics. He leaves a wife and nine children, all unmarried, l enter into the joy of your Lord."

TEXAS. SERMON ON SUDDEN DEATH.

STANDARD SPECIALTIES.

Rionosa Coffee,
"Monogram" O G.Java,
Purity Baking Powder,
Ki.Sho" Tea
Laudanum, Paragoric,
"Universal" S e wing
Machine Oil,
Oriental Pepper Sauce,
Bitctly pure Spices,
"Licity pure Spices,
"Licity

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. RICKER & LEE. Importers and Grinders of Spices, Roasters of Coffee, Manufacturers of Mustard, Baking

AND THE NECESSITY FOR PREPARATION.

Be Ye Therefore Ready Also, for the Son of Man Cometh at an Hour When Ye Think Not.

New York, Dec. 13.—The numerous recent instances of sudden death were apparently the inspiration of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher this morning. His text was: 'Be ye therefore ready also, for the son of man cometh at an hour when ye think not." (Luke xii. 40.) Mr. Beecher said: "God has fixed in the

soul of man a love of life and organic shinking from death. It was perhaps necessary to hold men to the endurance of all the rude and sorrowful experiences that come to him in this world. But for the most part men undergo anything and everything rather than yield to death, and squalor, neglect and pain are clutched and hugged rather death; shame and ignominy than rather than death. Poverty continually rather than death. The death of love, the most deathly of deaths, the loss of fortune, the whip of scorn; all, anything rather than death. Old age would fain shiver on, though the overcast field has not a sheaf left, nor a straw. It mumbles fear and clings still to life. The heat of summer, the ice of winter cannot make life so unendurable that men will willingly enter the tomb as a shelter and refuge. There have been in various literatures milder views of death, but some, as if it were not enough abhorrent to nature, have builded all around and in every approach to death gorgon images and hideous dogmas, outraging everything that is noble or sublime; nor has Christian theology been freed from it. We are to bear in mind that Christian theology is Roman theology latinized, and Roman theology was Tuscan theology, and the Tuscans had no hope for the future, but pictured the after-state as filled with every reptile and every engine of the whip of scorn; all, anything rather than filled with every reptile and every engine of

THE BOOKS OF THE JEWS But conspicuously above all literatures and higher than all mediæval and scholastic theology are the two great books of the Hebrew nation. We have derived a great deal from the Greek and from the Roman in the lower spheres of life, but for all the fountains of the deepest emotions and of the grandest moralities we are indebted to the Jew. The Old Testament thought of death is almost idyllic, "like a shock of corn fully ripe." Is there anything more beautiful than the harvest field? There is no sense of loss before the sickle. The garner stands behind the sickle and the golden hues, both of the harvests and of all nature, have contributed to make the harvest home the day of joy and hilarity, and the New Testament stands as far higher then the old as that stands higher than any and the New Testament stands as far higher than the Old as that stands higher than any heathen or pagan literature, for death here almost glows on the horizon like a guiding star. All through the New Testament the subject of death is set to the cry of immortal hope and immortal joy.

Would to God that theology followed the New Testament!

New Testament! BE READY.

Now, our Lord's words do not at all change the spirit of scripture. "Be ready in such an hour, as ye know not when the Son of Man shall come." The whole life unfolds itself with a wise regard for our limited stay upon the earth. Lay out your whole life with the cardinal fact in view that it is but a beginning, and that whatever

that it is but a beginning, and that whatever there is cognizable by the senses will speedily come to an end, perhaps without warning. If men had some data by which they could calculate with certainty on long life, there might be some excuse for the way in which men are accustomed to banish the thought of death from their minds, saying: "It will be time enough by and by." But men do not die by gradual extermination. We are warned on every side and in the midst of life literally we are in death. Men in full bodily pulse, in full possession of their faculties, move up with gayety and proper functions to the fatal hour, and ere they can speak they have gone. speak they have gone.

SUDDEN DEATHS.

Nor are these sudden deaths infrequent; they are becoming so frequent as to arouse the attention of every man that studies human life, and it seems to me that every man that has self consideration should feel that there is an emphasis in such providences, and that is a commentary on scripures. "Be ye ready." Be ye ready. Let our whole life unfold itself so that whattures. "Be ye ready." Be ye ready. Let your whole life unfold itself so that whatever hour the Son of man cometh He will find you ready. I mean by being ready to due, being ready to live right. I must so conduct myself that my family and my business and everything that appertains to me shall have attained the greatest measure of success in the probable duration of my life. I may live twenty years, I may not live ten years, but I found no expectation on this; I will so cut out the lines of my life as that within those reasonable points I may, so far as is permitted to human frailty, have accomplished the purpose of my life. Live in a pure life, live believing that all things lovely and of good report among men are part and parcel of the Christian life. Let your piety abound in the shop as in the store, in the street, in every part of your life. Do not grow careless in family matters, as men are apt to do, by putting off the thought of death. I hold that the INSURANCE OF A MAN'S LIFE

should be a part of his religious duty, that his children and his widow shall not suffer. The daughters left destitute that come to my house are enough to melt my heart, brought up in refinement now seeking to earn a pittance to keep from starvation. There is a great deal of crime committed by the inconsideration of men, who act in their affairs as if they thought they would never die. When they are suddenly taken away, many hearts are made to bleed. And lastly, avoid the idea that you can by extemporaneous prayer in the last hour, by sending for your minister, that you can prepare to enter the other life. You are going to enter the other life as a piece of workmanship which you have yourself wrought out in this world. You will take out with you no extemporized virtues, to varnish it or wash it or make it a little different. So live in your daily duty with high and honorable impulses, that when the Son sends for you you may go right out of your business crowned with honor, because you have never shirked a duty, because you have done the Master's will according to the measure of your years and strength. Blessed be they that go suddenly without weary waiting for the anchor to be weighed; blessed are they that having fulfilled all the ways of life are taken into the presence of God to hear the greeting: "Well done good and faithful servant, enter into the joy of your Lord," would never die. When they are sud-

NEWS FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

HORRIBLE FIRE CALAMITY IN ENGLAND.

Many People Perish and Others Maimed and Mangled in Efforts to Escape—English Politics and Other Item.

FEARFUL FIERY FATES.

A HUMAN HOLOCAUST AT PLYMOUTH. London, Dec. 13.-A fire which caused a fearful loss of life occurred to-night at Plymouth. The fire broke out in a tenement house in Love street, a narrow thoroughfare in the slums, devoted to sailors' lodging houses, cheap taverns and tall, rickety tenements. Most of the occupants of the tenements were asleep when the fire started. Those who were awake, or were awakened by the tumult, made frantic efforts to escape. In most cases their terror overpowered their reason, and they escaped from the burning building

ONLY TO MEET DEATH on the pavement. One man was instantly killed and crushed beyond recognition by jumping from a fourth story window to the sidewalk. Many of the boarders threw mattresses and other articles of bedding upon the ground and jumped upon them from a height of 10rty feet. One child was killed in this way and several men and women had legs and arms broken. The fire escapes were crowded with household goods and were useless. Many pitiful sights were witnessed by the large crowd assembled in the street, but powerless to help. One lodger, a young man named Bickford, clung to a window sill for several minutes with his little sister under his arm. If he had been alone he could have dropped to the street in comparative safety, but the child had swooned and was a dead weight. At last he had to let go his hold, but managed to fall in such a way that the little girl fell on top of him. Both his legs are broken and his spine is injured. He is also terribly burned about the face and hands by the flames which surrounded him before he fell. The child is also badly burned, but will recover. The firemen worked heroically. Several of them were detailed to enter the building, which was then and were useless. Many pitiful sights were

A VERITABLE FURNACE of fire, and rescue the survivors. These life savers plunged into the seething flames, followed by the pipemen, who kept playing the hose upon them and upon each other In this way several lives were saved. After the fire was extinguished twelve bodies were found burned to a crisp. Two lodgers are still missing.

PERU.

AWAITING OFFICIAL ORDERS.

LIMA, Dec. 13.—Col. Relayse, commanding the Central Division, replying to the note of recall sent him by the new government, says that when the same is sent by Gen Yglesias, under whose orders he is serving, he will comply therewith. Last night the Minister of Justice, Monseiur Tovar, was the object of an hostile demonstration from a mob, who collected in front of his resi-

GLADSTONE'S LETTER.

HE GIVES THANKS FOR CONGRATULATIONS. LONDON, Dec. 13 .- Mr. Gladstone has written an open letter addressed to all the gen tlemen who have congratulated him upon the result of the general elections. He says that is a physical impossibility to reply to all his friends individually, and mentions that he is receiving congratulatory letters at an average rate of three thousand per month.

ADVICE TO THE TORIES.

NO COMPROMISE WITH PARNELL. LONDON, Dec. 14.—The Standard, which is a Tory paper and is supposed to reflect the views of Lord Salisbury, is outspoken this (Monday) morning, for the first time, in advising a refusal of Parnell's demands for Irish home rule. It says to acquiesce would be suicide and to compromise would be

A NEW GOVERNOR FOR NEUVO LEON. MONTEREY, Dec. 13 .- City of Mexico advices are to the effect that Gen. Ballestares nas been appointed provisional Governor of the State of Nuevo Leon, and that he left the City of Mexico yesterday. He is to relieve Gen. Reyes upon his arrival.

MAKING MEN TALLER.

How Two Police Sergeants Made Themselves Taller by Natural Means. Brooklyn Union

Three sergeants sat in the Washington Street Police Station one night last week talking to Charity Commissioner Reeve, when the subject of deceptiveness of a man's appearance was brought up, one of the sergeants telling a story of an ex-rounds man whose seeming immense proportions had frequently been the subject of jest among his fellow policemen. Some time since he was promoted to a sergeancy, and before having a new uniform made tried on the coat of a sergeant who was believed to measure not more than three-fourths as much as the ex-roundsman. To the surprise of those who were present the coat fitted as though made for him.

"That goes to show," said the sergeant who told the story, "that you can't always tell a man's size when he has his clothes on. Why, there is Sergeant —. He looks like a man of not more than medium build, but his limbs and chest are extraordinarily

but his limbs and chest are extraordinarily well developed, and he weighs more and is of bigger proportion than several other men I know whose uniforms make them seem as big again as he is."

"Talking about him," said Commissioner Reeve, "reminds me of how I got him on the force by stretching him in length three quarters of an inch. That sounds queer, but it is a fact, nevertheless. It was in the time of the Metropolitan Police, and he wanted to get on. He went to New York and I went along. He went through all right until he came to height, and he

FELL BELOW THE STANDARD

three-quarters of an inch. I felt very much downcast about it, for he was a friend of mine, and I was very anxious that he should get on the force. A physician with whom I was acquainted happened to be there at the time, and he asked me if I was interested in the man who had failed to reach the height standard. I told him I was.

"'That's all right,' said he. 'I'll tell you

"'That's all right,' said he. 'I'll tell you how to fix that,'
"'Of course I didn't believe it could be done except by some trickery, but I thought I would listen to what he had to say, anyhow. He told me to get an order for remeasurement, which I did with his assistance, the applicant for the position to be measured again the following day. 'Now,' said he, when we had got the order, 'you take your man to some hotel near here, give him a warm bath, and put him to bed. Make him stay in bed until to-morrow morning about an hour before the time for him to be measured again, and tell him to sleep all the while if he can. If he does this he will be three-quarters of an inch taller, and come up to the standard.'"
"I didn't know what to think about the suggestion. My medical friend was not given to joking, but I thought he had begun, However, I was anxious that my man should

However, I was anxious that my man should

get on the force and was willing to try anything. I told him what the physician had said and he agreed to it. The next morning he appeared and when he was measured he not only came up to the standard, but was a little above it. We were both as much surprised as gratified, and when I spoke to the doctor about it he said: 'Well, I told you so.' Then I was curious to know how it was that such a thing could be done and asked him. He explained that every one of the numerous joints in the human frame was supplied with a natural oil. When a man has walked a good deal or gone through much exertion a good deal or gone through much exertion of any kind in a day the oil is used up, and the joints come close together. The differ-ence this would make if there was but a single joint would be very little, but when there are so many it reduces the height in some cases as much as an inch at the end

some cases as much as an inch at the end of a day's work. Let a man take a warm bath and a long restful sleep, the joints will be resupplied with oil, and the consequence is he will be taller. You may not believe this, but it is a fact."

"I believe it," said one of the listening sergeants, "because I did the same thing myself. I was three-eighths of an inch below the standard, and I heard of the plan that you tell of. I went to a hotel in New York, took the bath, and slept twelve hours. Then I got an order for remeasurement claiming that I did not have a fair show the first time. To my surprise I just came up to the standard, being three-eighths of an inch taller than I was the day before. I got my appointment and I'm on the force now."

ART IN THE HOUSEHOLD.

A Chapter on Fancy Work-Work Baskets and and Embroidery. New Orleans Times-Democrat.

As Christmastide approaches, floving hearts and fingers are busy devising and fashioning pretty gifts for dear ones in com memoration of the era of "peace and good will." It is, indeed, a stolid nature that does not respond intuitively to the sentiment that prompts a gift which is the work of one's own hands, every stitch of which is interwoven with the fondest of good wishes It is undoubtedly owing to this happy quality in humanity that the custom of giving pretty trifles, inspired by thoughts tender and true at Christmas time is becoming more and more popular. Reckoning the value of a present in dollars and cents despoils it of its intent and is a direct violation of the proverb which bids us never to look a gift horse in the mouth. In these days of art work even trifling things need not lack in beauty. If utility be combined with beauty so much the better. Indeed, every article in everyday use may and should be beautiful. The cheapest and commonest thing need not be ugly, and the artistic does not of necessity simply lavish expenditure. ity in humanity that the custom of giving

Expenditure.

Vitruvius says: "The perfection of all works depends on their fitness to answer the end proposed; and the ancients approved only those which by strict analogy.

works depends on their fitness to answer the end proposed; and the ancients approved only those which by strict analogy, were borne out by appearance of utility." This is a wise principle to remember in all manner of decoration. It may be cheap and still be artistic, and it may be artistic and still be comfortable. The one condition is not incompatible with the other.

Almost every woman is nowadays more or less occupied with some sort of art needle-work. A convenient receptacle for holding it is a necesity, and it should be a thing apart from the commodious work-basket, with its tape and needles and thread and buttons. A pretty conceit for the fancy work is an easel of plush, upon which a bag is fixed. The easel should be about fourteen inches in height and neatly covered with plush; the bag of the same material, lined with a contrasting color of satin or silk. A high frill is left above the drawing cord, which allows a piece of the lining to show. The bag is fastened only to the two outer portions of the easel, the third being left free to open outward, so that it may stand upright on the table—Another is a tripod made of three sticks of equal length, upon which a child's straw hat with a round brim is fixed with wire, which is afterward hidden with ribbon. Hat and sticks are gilded or silvered, the hat is lined and fitted with a bag drawn up at the top and the work is complete. A hat with a somewhat broader brim may be easily converted into a work bag to hang against the wall, and will be found very useful in one's bedroom to hold the articles requisite for repairing accidental ravages to one's wardrobe. A basket with covers opening each way toward the central handle may be made a thing of beauty by lining it with anything that suits the fancy, and trimming the handle with harmonious tints of ribbon. Still another convenient work-bag may be made to pasteboard, shaped like a boat, covered with painted or emispoidered velvet or plush, and fitted with the indispensable bag drawn up at the top. The footstool may painted or embroidered velvet or plush, and fitted with the indispensable bag drawn up at the top. The footstool may be made to serve a double purpose by having its padded and covered top adjusted by means of hinges, the round or octagonal frame upon which it is mounted being very useful as a work-box. It will be seen that none of these are expensive either in time or money; neither do they require any especial skill in their manufacture, while they are sure to be warmly appreciated and recall the fair donor often to mind.

One of the latest fancies in the way of

lonor often to mind.

One of the latest fancies in the way of lecorative work is the German embroider y lone in linen flosses, and washable emproidery silks and cottons. The designs are quaint arabasques, scrolls, and an intermingling of conventional flower forms. It is applied chiefly to table searfs, buffeteads, tea cloths, and many even extendillow and sheet shams and bedroom pery. The materials used for this sort of drapery. The materials used for this sort of work are Fayal and Italian towels, Swedish inen, Momic cloth and cream and ecrue embroidery linens and crashes. The design is first worked in outline; the scrolls, or arabesques, are next worked within and close to the outline with button-hole stitches white linen floss, or they may be filled in with white linen floss couchings, or any of the devices employed for variety. Feather titching will answer for the foliage forms, apestry stitches within the flower petal outlines, and French knots wherever they are testrable. The effect is more or less rich or simple according to the stitches and combinations used, and the work is applicable nations used, and the work is applicable

desirable. The effect is more of less rich or simple according to the stitches and combinations used, and the work is applicable to many uses.

Darned embroidery still holds its popularity, and by it the most delicate effects are attainable, especially in the matter of color, different effects being given in different lights. Its principle is practically the reverse of other kinds of embroidery in that the design is simply outlined and the background filled in, leaving the pattern indicated by the material alone. Where the background is very fully worked the effect is almost the same as applique. The stitch is the same as that employed in the homely work of mending stockings. A great number of patterns may be produced, depending upon the order in which the stitches are arraigned but perhaps none is more satisfactory than irregular darning which produces a soft background with broken lights. It may be done on any kind of material but a soft silk or linen is the best. A tussore of Nagpore silk darned with flo-floss is especially beautiful, since the most delicate coloring, almost equaling the broad washes of water color painting, can be given. The softness of the ground coloring showing through the stitches produces wonderful effects. Materials woven in the same way as huckabuck toweling are very suitable for darning. The thread can be run through the raised part of the weaving without the trouble of marking lines or counting stitches. Charming and comfortable afghans for the sofa may be easily made of honeycomb cloth with darned embroidery. It is likewise suitable to the same infinity of uses to which any embroidery may be applied, and with due exercise of taste in the selection of colors, perhaps mare artistic results may be attained with this simple stitch than with any other.

A Brakeman Killed.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 13 .- Thomas Duffy, a brakeman on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, while standing on top of a car on an outward-bound freight this morning, was struck on the right temple by an overhead bridge, near South Cumminsan overhead bridge, near ville, and instantly killed.

THE FLAMES AT FORT WORTH.

CHECKED IN GOOD TIME BY THE FIREMEN.

Complete List of the Losses and the Insurance-Tramps and Thieves Get in Their Work-Other Items.

Special to The News.

FORT WORTH, Dec. 13.—A little before 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the second story of the building on Houston street, between First and Second, occupied by Ingram & Co. as a dry goods store. An alarm was promptly turned on and, although the night was the coldest of the season, the firemen were quickly on the spot and battling valiantly to save the adjoining buildings, and in less than an hour the flames were under control. The building in which the fire originated was a double tene ment owned by M. Davis and occupied on the south side by Lampton Bros., a shoe firm, which started business about six weeks ago. Next on the south was the building owned by W. J. Boaz and occupied by Thomas Cartright as a dry goods and notion store.

The fire spread to the unoccupied floor above Lampton Brothers' store, and for a while it was thought that the Boaz building would go, as it caught fire several times. Many predicted that the First National Bank building, which stood next to the Boaz building, would be consumed, but Capt. Lloyd's fire wall prevented it becoming a

prey to the flames On the north of Ingram & Co.'s store was the Taylor & Barr building, occupied by H. . Conner & Co., booksellers and stationers. N. Conner & Co., booksellers and stationers. The fire reached this building and did considerable damage to the roof, but was extinguished before it spread further. Ingram & Co.'s store was completely gutted, and the loss is total. They claim it will exceed \$40,000; insurance \$36,000 on stock and fixtures.

tures.

Lampton Bros.' loss is about \$4500, chiefly by robbery after the goods were removed; insurance \$3500, on stock and fixtures.

Thos. Cartwright's loss, caused by water, cannot be estimated at present, but will not reach a large figure and will be more than covered by the amount of insurance, \$5000.

Conner's loss slight and is fully covered by insurance.

Conner's loss slight and is fully covered by insurance.

The Davis building is badly damaged, but the \$3500 insurance on it will be sufficient to put it in good order.

Partial damage on the Bcaz building is well covered by \$1500 insurance.

The Taylor & Barr building was insured for \$4000; loss probably not half that sum.

Swayne Bros. & Crane's agency report their losses as follows: Continental \$2500, Sun Fire of England \$4500, Underwriters' \$2500. German American \$3000, Germania

\$2500, German American \$3000, Germania The young ladies of the Erie Telephone The young ladies of the Erie Telephone Exchange and the operators of the Western Union Telegraph Company, both of which companies occupied quarters in the First National Bank building, left their quarters and took to the street, the telegraph men taking their instruments with them, Fortunately the fire did not reach that building, and they were able to return to their posts. The tramps and boys got in their work at the fire on the removed stocks.

Three boys were arrested this morning at the variety theatre on suspicion of having stolen goods at the fire by Officer Rushing. The officer found about \$100 worth of rubbers, shoes, etc., secreted in the theater,

The officer found about \$100 worth of rubbers, shoes, etc., secreted in the theater, evidently placed there by the boys.

An alarm of fire was turned in from box 5 at 4:30 this afternoon, caused by a flue at the residence of Geo. H. Chase, on Bluff street, taking fire. It was put out by the firemen with little trouble and no damage.

The electric light disappeared last night about 8:25, creating a considerable incomvenience to the patrons of the plant. The lights were turned on again in half an hour and continued to 12 o'clock. Nothing has been seen of them to-night, however.

W. M. Lampton, of Lampton Bros., who were burned out last night, was formerly traveling auditor of the Texas and Pacific Railway, and resigned that position about three months ago to embark in the shoe

three months ago to embark in the shoe business here.
Littlejohn & Martin Agency report Liverpool, London and Globe, \$6500; Queen, \$5000; Hartford, \$2500.

Fosdick & Furman's Agency had insurance as follows: Pennsylvania, of Phila-delphia, \$3000; American Central, of St. Louis, \$1100. Zane Cetti had \$3500 on the Davis building and \$1500 on the Boaz building. In what

companies is not stated.

The origin of the fire cannot be definitely ascertained. Several reports are current, but the true cause will probably forever remain a mystery.

The Wool Trade.

Fort Worth Live Stock Journal. The Boston market is booming just now, the sales for the week ending Dec. 8 amounting to 4,333,000 pounds of wool against 2,506,000 for the corresponding week last year. Quotations for Texas wools are as follows:

exas spring medium, 12 mos.....

Very little Texas wool was sold, the principal sales of territory and unclassified

The Advertiser contains the following:

"The market is much stronger in general tone, higher for some descriptions, and has been more active than for six weeks. Not for a long time has the situation assumed so strong and vigorous a tone, and confidence in the future been more general and earnest. Manufacturers have shown greater interest, and it is noticeable that a great many Rhode Island manufacturers, among whom are to be found some of the most successful in the country, have been in the market, not looking around only, but purchasing supplies. It, apparently, is a good time to buy, to prepare for future wants, but so many manufacturers bought heavily in September and October sufficient to largely cover their contracts ahead for manufactured goods that they have since been well supplied, and a large proportion of the sales in November was made up of transactions earlier completed. The buying this week has been stronger, therefore, than for a great many weeks, and the purchases by manufacturers at an advance over the prices The Advertiser contains the following: nanufacturers at an advance over the primanufacturers at an advance over the prices paid in September and October show a confidence in the future that it would be folly to underestimate. On the other hand it is well not to draw upon the imagination. Some of the sales have been between dealers, which is a further sign of confidence, and in fact the further sign of confidence, and in fact, the expectation that wool will be higher has rarely in the past been more general, although it has been more earnest and although it has been more earnest and boomish. A disposition to speculate is noticeable, and there is not as yet the pressure to sell to close up accounts which usually accompanies the closing weeks of the year. Instead, there is a noticeable indifference to sell by some dealers, who consider wool good property, holding that the advances this season in wool and the profits made will cause growers to put still higher prices upon wools next year, and the disposition to speculate in wool will be increased by the reports of the success which has attended many operators this season,"

The Commercial Bulletin contains the following:

wool is still too high to tempt many buyers. The wool now on the Pacific Coast is likely to remain there for some time. The price is equivalent in this market to about 57c the scoured pound, much of the wool now there is in scourers' hands, about the same price demanded here for spring wool.

Territory wool continues active. Much of the medium wool sold on speculation recently went to dealers in other cities, but the supply is to be enlarged by the arrival of the Chicago wool mentioned above. There is a general advance all along the line in fine mediums on a basis of 25c. for fine medium Wyoming.

The New York Economist says: 'The aspects of the wool market are virtually unaltered, the feature being steadiness and firmness, with prices very strong for

altered, the feature being steadiness and firmness, with prices very strong for all medium grades of clothing descriptions especially. Coarse combing classes are also steady and firm. Fine fleeces do not creep above a snail pace, but are all the same held with much confidence," and reports the following sales: 45,000 pounds fail Texas and Mexican wool at 15%18c., 18,000 pounds low Mexican at 13c., 45,000 pounds Colorado at 15%17c., 25,000 pounds spring California at 22½c., 10,000 pounds fine unwashed fleece at 22c., 20,000 pounds fine Texas at 20%2c., 25,000 pounds fine Texas, in grease, on private bounds fine Texas, in grease, on private

The general outlook is good for our next thip, as before May 1 next it will be found that the supply of wool in the country will be considerably diminished. Foreign clothng wools can not be imported at present prices, pay existing duties, and compete prices, pay existi with Texas wools.

THE TALK OF THE DAY.

Something should be done to suppress the half-grown lads who infest Broadway near Twenty-eighth street every evening, selling "Mikado" librettos. The way in which they thrust their books in the faces of passers-by constitutes them a nuisance. They should be compelled to do their busi-

ness without annoying the public.
"I say, pop," exclaimed Jimmy Tuffboy, as he plunged in at the door, "I've got a government sit." "A what, young man?"

"James, you must not disturb your father's

equilibrium by such statements," said his mother. "What have you got?" "Well, you see, I'm independent o' you olks now. I'm down at the p. o., and take immediate delivery letters and get 8

ents a letter."
"How many letters have you delivered to-"None at all. First day, so they didn't work me very hard. By day after to-morrow I expect to carry a letter."—Hartford

> IN OCTOBER. No more
> Do lovers walk
> Upon the beach beneath the moon,
> And talk,
> No more
> Doth Mollie swing
> Her hammock and with Chollie spoon,
> Shy thing.

No more
Do Grace and Bert
Play tennis daily on the lawn.
And flirt!
No more
Does Tom, Kate's joy,
To get a turn-output his watch in pawn,
Poor boy!

But now
Before the fire
The lovers sit and softly sigh,
While ever higher,
And hotTer yet
Doth papa's ire
Rise as the fleeting hours glide by,
And he,
He goeth not!
—Somerville Journal.

Wife: "I have heard that Psycho, the celebrated automaton, can answer any question put to it."

Husband: "I know one question it couldn't

"Tell me what it is?"

"What is the attitude of the Democratic party on the tariff? Just ask it at the next

Cider asples sell at 10 cents a bushel at

the railroad station at Antrim, N. H. This is but one of the many indications of the spread of temperance principles among the yeomanry of the Granite State. The farmrs thereaway have given up cider. They not that whisky answers every purpose, nd. considering its superior effectiveness, is reckoned as cheaper in the end.—Boston Transcript.

Le Journal d'Hygiene suggests a cam-caign document for the Prohibitionists in a able published of the probabilities of life moderate drinkers and total abstainers. for moderate drinkers and total abstainers. It says: "A moderate drinker at 20 years of age may expect to live 15 6-10 years; at 80, 13 years; at 40, 11 6-10 years; at 50, 10 8-10 years; at 60, 8 9-10 years. The computation for total abstainers is: At 20 years, 44 2-10 years; at 30, 136 5-10 years; at 40, 28 8-10 years; at 50 21% years; and at 60, 15 285

She (frigidly),
Allow you to kiss me good-night ere you go?
I could not permit such a freedom, O' no. He (respectfully).

Excuse me. Of course you know best what is right,
But I meant no offense, I assure you. Goodnight.

She (disappointedly). The fool! He must certainly have a thick head To think for a moment I meant what I said. -Boston Courier.

Hermann Bloch, the dwarf bootblack of Hermann Bloch, the dwarf bootblack of Castle Garden, who was married a few days ago, upon being twitted because of his lilliputian stature, responded: "Do you know where are found men of least weight? Well, in Ireland there are men of Cork, and in Scotland men of Ayr." A 'longshoreman standing by interrupted with: "Shure, at the Quarantine we have lightermen,"

A friend tells me a story of Mr. R—, who delighted in the false claim that he was "on terms" with all the famous members of the literati. One evening, at a social gathering, a young lady engaged Mr. R— in conversation about books and authors. "Did you know George Sand?" the young lady asked.

"Know George Sand? Should say I did.
We used to room together."—Washington
Republic.

President Egan Thinks Home Rule is Assured for the Green Isle.

A Boston paper suggests vaccination as a cure for loud talking at theaters. IRISH PROSPECTS ROSY.

LINCOLN, Dec. 7 .- Patrick Egan, president of the Irish National League of America, was interviewed to-day regarding the report that Parnell will not attend the Chicago convention, and as to the statement that bitter dissensions exist in some of the Irish associations which will probably lead to unpleasantness in the convention. Said he: "The statement that Parnell will not attend is mere conjecture. He has promised to come. I know he is anxious to come, and I believe he will come. In any case at least three of the very best men in the party will certainly be sent over."

With regard to the reported factionism, he had only to say there are some differences among Irish American, just as there are in various American party organizations, but fortunately they are confined almost entirely to New York. Taking the Irish-American element as a whole, it is dent of the Irish National League of Amer-

to sell by some dealers, who consider wool good property, holding that the advances this season in wool and the profits made will cause growers to put still higher prices upon wools next year, and the disposition to speculate in wool will be increased by the reports of the success which has attended many operators this season."

The Commercial Bulletin contains the following:

Texas wool is looking up. There has been more or less inquiry for fall wools during the week. These wools are used to mix with fleece in medium cassimeres for flannels and for hosiery. One large Connecticut mill took 500,000 pounds of fall Texas this week, but only a small percentage was bought in this market. The scoured basis of this wool is 52655e.

California wool is quiet. The price of fall

ALL ALARMED AND AROUSED.

CONVICT LABOR ON FARMS DENOUNCED

Citizens of Hearne Demand Protection-Circular Issued and Mass Meeting Called. Threats of Release.

Special to The News. HEARNE, Dec. 13 .- The news that there is

about to be an increased importation of several hundred convicts to this immediate neighborhood is creating considerable excitement among the business men and laboring classes here. Dissatisfaction is general, and even threats of releasing the entire force at work in the bottoms are made, A meeting of citizens for next Friday the 18th is announced, and circulars are being generally distributed throughout the county with a view to taking defitite action in the matter. The general sentiment is that the action of the Penitentiary Board heretofore has been an outrageous imposition, which militates directly against the best interests of the community, and that any future importation of convicts will be resisted, by force even, if necessary. THE PEOPLE PROTEST.

The following is furnished for publication

in The News:

We, the undersigned citizens of Hearne wish to enter a protest through your columns against the movement now on foot to increase the number of convicts at present in the Brazos bottom this vicinity. This importation is ruinous to the business interests of the town and laboring men of the community, and will not be tolerated kindly if the Peniteniary Board permits its continuance. One-half the force of the penitentiaries now employed upon farms are in this vicinity, and we regard it as unjust and iniquitous that any increase in this number should be

permitted. F. P. Bailey.
D. B. Saffolk.
J. H. Hartzog.
William Crenan,
George Castle,
B. Cohn.
H. K. Davis.
M. Batlely.
S. J. Cox.
M. C. Brenk.
Mack McKee.
Eli Hardcastles.
R. H. Martin.
W. W. Wison.
H. Wetleman. Cobert Martin.
E. Bishop.
M. Bassett.
D. D. Cannon. D. Cannon,
mes Mammill.
mes Martin, Jr.
A. Allen.
B. Easterwood,
D. Jinkins.
W. Offutt.
M. Davison,
E. Easterwood G. Roeben. Thomas Peoples. A. C. Renfro.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Personal Gossip About Gen. Logan-The Low Tide of His Fortunes Last Spring. New York World. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Gen. Logan, who

is regarded as the coming president protem. of the Senate, is about 58 years old. The date of his birth is not given in the Congressional Directory. He belongs to the tough and hardy stock of Western pioneers. There are few men in public life today who have his health and strong physical vigor. His hair is still as black as it was when he was a young man. There is hardly a gray thread in it. His mustache is beginning to be quite gray. The intense blackness of his hair has led many to think that it might be dyed. But there are enough gray lines in it to show that this supposition is baseless. Like all men who have preserved their physical health for a long period of years the General lives simply. He has never been a drinking man. He smokes in a moderate way and is temperate in his eating. He is not very fond of swell dinners. Senators are invited out more than any other class of officials in Washington. Many Senators whose deaths have been attributed to overwork owe the shortening of their lives to excesses of fashionable dinners. Where one attends three or four set dinners a week there is a constant temptation to eat and drink too much. A man who can go through several Washington dinner campaigns without going down deserves as much congratulation as the soldier who comes out whole at the end of a bloody campaign. preserved their physical health for a long

much congratulation as the soldier who comes out whole at the end of a bloody campaign.

Gen, Logan does a great deal of manual labor. In the settling of his house, which he bought this last summer, he did every day for a long time several hours of carpenter work. He had a shop fitted up in one of the wings of the house, and there he has trimmed off refractory doors and done many jobs of hard physical work. The bulk of the sodding around the house was done by him in the early morning hours of last summer. The large henhouse and the doghouses back of the house are triumphs of his carpentering skill. This active exercise has evidently done him as much good as his success in his Senatorial campaign. He looks as well this fall as he has at any time since he has come to Washington.

He has occupied all of his leisure during the summer and fall in writing a political history. This is entitled "A Great Conspiracy." The book will be 600 pages in length. It will be published by Hart & Co. The manuscript is all finished. The General has now nothing more to do with the book except revising proof. The published paragraphs about this book have given an incorrect idea of its character. Gen, Logan has gone back to the foundation of this government for the begiuning of his book and reviews the various administrations up to the time of the late war. He does this for the purpose of developing and demonstrating from his standpoint an idea which he has had for some time. He starts out with the theory that the Tories, who were originally against the declaration of independence in this country, have remained in it to fight against our existing form of government. The Tories and their descendants have always had the same idea, he argues. They have always conspired, according to his theory, to break down the existing form of

against our existing form of government. The Tories and their descendants have always conspired, according to his theory, to break down the existing form of government. The Tories of the revolutionary period, as viewed by him, became after wards Democrats. The Democrats he claims have always been opposed to the national average of the protection of slavery was a mere pretext set up by the States-rights people, and that primarily slavery was not the cause of our last war. The rebellion was caused, he says, by the growth of the Tory States-rights school of politicians. They were bound to break down the national form of government sooner or later; and if slavery had not given them a pretext they would have found one in something else. Gen. Logans says that his book is intended for a political manual for the younger members of the Republican party.

Of the various senators names mentioned in connection with the presidency of the Senate the Illinois senator is the only one to whom the increase of salary would be a decided advantage. John Sherman is classed here is a millionaire. He is one of the largest of investors in Washington real estate, and through the increase of this class of property the value of his private fortune has been nearly doubled during the last ten years. Senator Edmunds is said to be worth half a million of dollars. The lottery character of American politics is well illustrated by the changes which have taken place in Gen. Logan's fortunes during the last six months. Last spring he was out of office, and engaged in what appeared to be at that time an almost hopeless struggle for re-election to the Senate. He had no property except a house in Chicago, and if he had failed at Springfield would have had a hard struggle to make up an income in the legal profession. By this I mean that he had no practice established, as he has not given mem in the legal profession. By this I mean that he had no practice established, as he has not given members of the reduce of the was cleeked Senator at Springfield h

luck changed. He returned to Washington and in the dullest season of the year bought a handsome real estate property for \$20,000 in a location where real estate was just beginning to move up. This property he bought entirely upon credit, as he had no money to make even a first payment. The rent of his house in Chicago is sufficient to pay the interest and taxes upon the sum due on this property. As the Logans live plainly, the Senator expects to be able to pay for this house in the course of time from the moderate savings of his salary. The increase of \$3000 a year attached to the acting Vice President's office would probably enable him to pay for his house during the next three years. His book promises well his publishers say. His real estate purchase this year promises to realize for him within the next five or six years three times what he gave for it. The change between his condition last spring and this fall is one of the sharp and marked contrasts which are so often presented in the lives of energetic, self-reliant men who refuse to succumb to bad luck.

GOOD FOR LAMAR.

His Annual Report-Cattle Trails Through the Indian Territory.

From Report of Secretary of Interior. It has been the custom for a long time past for cattle owners holding herds in the State of Texas, and to some extent in the State of Arkansas, to drive portions of their herds yearly through the Indian Territory, over established trails and other public highways, en route to Northern markets and grazing grounds.

With the advent of the policy of allowing the Indians to lease portions of their reservations for grazing purposes came trouble and interference with the free passage of cattle through the Territory in pursuit of the usual channels of commerce. Old established trails and public highways long used for the purpose of this branch of inter-

used for the purpose of this branch of interstate commerce were closed up by the fences erected by the respective lessees, who assumed to confine cattle passing through the Territory to such trails as they saw fit to allow to be used.

Some slight disturbance occurred in 1884 by reason of the obstruction of the passage of cattle over certain trails running through that portion of the Indian Territory known as the "Cherokee outlet,"

Certain facts and ciecumstances made it necessary for cattlemen driving herds northward during the present year to leave the route used last year in the vicinity of Fort Supply, and instead of proceeding directly northward, to go in a northwesterly direction so as to pass into and over the "neutral strip," or "No Man's Land," lying west of the "Cheookee outlet."

They found the old-established Indian trail and highway known as the "Camp Supply Trail," leading along in the vicinity of Beaver Creek into the "neutral strip," obstructed not only by the fences of the alleged lessees, but also by an armed force of men controlled by said lessees, who opposed the passage of the cattle over that trail.

The owners, whose cattle were on the drive northward appealed to this depart-

The owners, whose cattle were on the drive northward, appealed to this department to take action to relieve them from the embarrassing situation in which they were placed by having their herds forcibly stopped. An inspector was ordered to proceed to the region of disturbance to see that the established trails and public highwayswere opened and kept open for the free and uninterrupted passage over them of uninfectious cattle en route northward. At the same time the War Department was requested to instruct Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, then in the Indian Territory, to furnish such military assistance as might be found necessary to effectuate the instructions of the department to its inspector. The cattle were then allowed to pass on.

The men who are occupying these Indian lands with their herds have not only gone into that Territory and entered into pretended leases for such occupation in violation of law, but they have gone farther and assumed the right to control and to restrict the use of the established trails and public highways passing over and through the Territory. They have attempted to exercise such pretended right by the use of an armed force, thereby menacing the peace and good order of the country while unlawfully obstructing and interfering with interstate commerce, which is regulated by law. The owners, whose cattle were on the

ROUND-UPS.

A. B. (Sug) Robertson bought the Montgomery herd of cattle, 1200 head, last week, and is driving the same to his new ranch on the Pecos. Terms of sale private.—Colorado Clipper.

On Tuesday W. H. Merten, E. R. Nichols, L. W. Winchester, and O. P. Posey, sold an interest in the half circle L, TM, CT, circle B and T brands of cattle located in this county to the Concho Cattle Company for \$25,000...Sen Angelo Standard \$25,000.—San Angelo Standard.

Sr. Paul, Minn., Dec. 3.—The Marquis de Mores is here, en route to France to spend the winter. He says his business is not m any way embarrassed; that he will return and resume the direction of the dressed beef industry and cold storage on the Northern Pacific in the spring.

C. A. Donovan, of Abilene, who is now on a contract of exterminating the dogs from Snyder Bro.'s pastures on Renderbrook, was in the city this week, shipping out some poison for the dogs. They say it is funny to see how the dogs hide out when Donovan drives along the road through a dog town.—Colorado Clipper.

From our friend, Mr. J. H. Dousman. of Exile, we learn the following particulars of his trade for the W. J. Harrison ranch and stock some time since: There were 540 acres of land watered by the Dry Frio, the brand of cattle including 150 head counted, with 3 grade Brahmin bulls and 10 or 15 head extra; also, 100 head of sheep, which were since traded to Ben Mr. O'Bryant for goats, head for head, and the goats turned into the present herd of Dousman & Kuhlman. The amount paid by Mr. Deusman for the above lay was \$4000. This range is enlarged by leased lands.—Uvalde West Texan.

The large cattle herds continue to emigrate westward to newer and wider ranges. The "man with the hoe" is coming in so fast that the long horns barely get away without having their tails chopped off. The last two days Durant Bros. shipped thirty cars of cattle to their new ranch north of Toyah; D. L. Lynch shipped five cars to W. W. Tuttle, El Paso, and W. Mills shipped six cars to C. M. Condon, Russell Creek, I. T. These are all parts of large herds which have ranged about here for five or six years, and make a total of about 600 cars shipped from Abilene to new ranges the

IT IS PRINCIPALLY PERSONAL

SOCIETY AND SOCIETY EVENTS IN TEXAS.

Garnered Grains from Many Fields Dropped Into the News Society Basket by Correspondents Throughout the State.

[Correspondents will please send society news on sheets of paper separate from other reports. Arrange to have society news reach THE DALLAS MORNING News in time to be inserted in Monday's issue.]

Dallas social circles have been unusually quiet the past week considering the near approach of the holidays, but expectation is atiptoe, as several events of a pleasant nature are either announced or contemplated, which are looked forward to with eager an ticipation. Among the first to occur will be the masquerade ball to be given by the U.O. G.C. at the Merchants' Exchange on the evening of the 22d, for which extensive preparations are being made, and which promises to be a most delightful affair. The committee of invitation, consisting of Mesdames F. E. Hughes and E. C. Smith, Miss Lizzie Cronk, and Messrs. Charles N Smith, Frank Shaw and B. R. Berry, affords a sufficient guarantee of the pleasure that may be expected, and with Mr. Monta Beach as master of ceremonies the artistic features will not be neglected.

The Idlewild Club contemplated a grand masquerade ball for the 29th inst., but it is understood an amendment has been adopted in favor of a pink domino, and the elite of Dallas society is on the qui vive. It has been the chief topic of discussion in social circles for the past few days, and Ma Belle declares that nothing could be more delightful. "A Pink Domino!" says Ma Belle, with a merry ringing laugh that makes one feel as if a flock of feathered songsters had floated into the room on iridescent wings and flooded all the room with sunlight. "It will be just perfectly splendid to see a number of people all dressed alike, as to outward semblance, so that no one will be able to distinguish a most intimate friend from the most casual acquaintance. Such an entertainment, of course, should be confined to people of the same set so that one need not fear any embarrassment from subsequent disclosures and recognitions. Just think of the funny situations that must inevitably result from circumstances of mistaken identity and what fun it must be to know and not be known when one has been so fortunate as to make a discovery without betraying one's own mask."

"Will there, then, be masks as well as deviners?"

dominos?"
Again Ma Belle's laughter rang out with resonant sweetness as she exclaimed: "Why, hew stupid you are! Of course there will be masks. At least I suppose so, though really I don't know anything about it, but what else could a domino mean?"
Ma Belle is quite positive, but not the least bit illogical, though she occasionally recalls what Dr. Holmes said of the katydid.

"Any one who has attended a phantom party," continued Ma Belle, "must know what to expect of a pink domino, though I should think the latter would he much more unique and picturesque without being whit less amusing. The masquerade, in which all sorts of characters are represented and which presents such a variety of bright and elegant costumes, mingled with the funny and grotesque, is awfully nice, you know, but such a bother and trouble to get ready for, and that sort of thing, you know.

There is to be a pleasant little ceremony and an odor of crange blossoms at the Cumberland Bresbyterian Church on Thursday evening, at half past seven. The invitations have already been sent out.

The thirteenth annual commencement and Christmas tree is to be enjoyed at Lawrence Commercial College on Christmas eve. The programme embraces music, recitations and the usual school commencement exercises, followed by a distribution of presents from the Christmas tree and presentation of floral tributes, etc.

The proposed benefit to the orphans ought to touch a responsive chord in every heart. The necessities of the orphan appeal strongly to the sympathies of the charitably inclined at all times, but especially so during the holiday season devoted to the commemoration of Him who said, "Suffer little children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." The Christmas firestide of the affluent will look brighter and the fires of love and happiness will burn with a warmer and more cheerful glow if the consciousness of good deeds done abide with them.

Invitations have been issued for a musical soiree to be given by Messrs. Will A. Watkin & Co. at their piano warerooms on Tuesday evening. The programme embraces vocal and instrumental selections.

There will be an entertainment soon for the aid of the Hebrew congregation.

In compliance with a fair one's request, the society editor inserts the following morceau from the pen of Mr. Brenner, contributed to the Current:

A blushing rose, as summer days withdrew, Drooped, by degrees, its gentle, queenly head, And when its beauty vanished life went too— The rose was dead.

A charm from off a radiant Hebe face Fled with the years. Both youth and joy were gone;
But goodness left a higher beauty's grace,
And love lived on.

A birthday party was given to Master Caruth at the residence of his parents on Friday evening and was largely attended by his young friends. The occasion is

spoken of as a most pleasant one. At least two handsome residences are expected to be in order in time for pleasant reception immediately after New Year.

PLANO. A social party given at the residence of Mr. W. S. Skelton last Monday evening was

an enjoyable affair. Mr. J. L. Wyatt, Mrs. M. A. Forman, Mrs W. S. Skelton, Mrs. L. W. Oglesby and daughter Lou, and Miss Armide Lamm were in Dallas and attended the perform ance of the "Private Secretary" last week.

Mrs. Fred. Bentel presented her liege lord with a fine girl last Wednesday morning. S. B. Oglesby has gone to Weatherford, and will occupy a position in the County Clerk's office there.

The mule-eared rabbit chase that took place last week a few miles west of Plano, which was indulged in by a number of Plano's society young ladies and gentlemen, was one of the most exciting and amusing incidents that has taken place lately. The ears of five rabbits were brought home by the ladies as trophies. Another chase is promised during the holidays.

Mr. Randolph Clark, of Thorp Springs, was here last Thursday.

T. P. Barry, representing Sanger Brothers, of Dallas, was here Friday.

C. C. Dewey, postmaster, paid Dallas a flying visit one day last week.

W. G. Barnett was visiting near Van Alstyne a few days last week.

A large crowd attended the ball given at Boggess Hall Friday night. Dancing was kept up till a late hour, when the best of friends parted and wended their way homewhich was indulged in by a number of

ward, all having spent a pleasant evening.
Active preparations are going on for a grand union Christmas tree at the Methodist Church Christmas eve.
The Juvenile Missionary Aid Society, under the able to the second of the specific second of the specific

The Juvenile Missionary Aid Society, under the able management of Mrs. Fred. Schimelpfenig, had a very pleasant meeting on last Sunday afternoon. An essay on Missionary Work, by Miss Lizzie Beaty, was an excellent composition and well delivered. Others who contributed to the exercises were Misses Nannie Kendrick, Laura Coffey, Gertrude Tampling, Celeste Saigling, Amelia Lamm, Bernice Beaty and Mattie Butler. A library, consisting of choice reading for girls and young ladies, has lately been purchased. The society meets one Sunday in every month. The membership is increasing at every meeting, and bids fair to live long and do good work.

SHREVEPORT. E. E. McDonald, a prominent cotton merchant of this city, is in New Orleans taking in the Exposition.

Among the prominent visitors to the city during the week were Senator Wm. Ralson. of Long Branch plantation, and Hon. Harry Ogden, Speaker of the Louisiana House of Representatives.

Miss Ethel Turner, who has been spending some time with Miss Mattie Allen, returned to her home in Marshall, Tex., a few days ago.

Congressman Blanchard and family departed for Washington last Tuesday. Mr. Thomas B. Chase and wife have returned from a two months' visit to New

The handsome residence of Mrs. Pauline Pickett, corner Milan and Edward streets, has been purchased by Col. John S. Young,

Pickett, corner Milan and Edward streets, has been purchased by Col. John S. Young, a prominent lawyer here, and will be occupied by him as a residence.

Mrs. B. Schwartz, of Edwards' Depot, Miss., daughter of Mrs. H. Simon, of this city, who has been visiting ner, left for home during the week.

The wedding of Mr. Sam Q. Hollingsworth and Miss Nina Arnold at the Episcopal Church last Tuesday night was largely attended and was unusually imposing. The church was handsomely decorated with rare flowers. The toilets of the bridal party were tasteful and elegant, and the couple received the congratulations of a large assemblage of relatives and friends. The bride is the daughter of Major James R. Arnold, once a resident of Nacogdoches, Tex., and the groom the son of Col. James M. Hollingsworth, a well-known Red River planter. Rev. Dr. Dalzell officiated, and the attendants were Mr. Thomas C. Barrett and Miss Lillian Hollingsworth, Mr. W. F. Taylor and Miss Eva Durringer. Dr. Jno. P. Scott and Miss Ida Finney, Mr. W. M. Foster and Miss Lillie Arnold. After a grand reception at the residence of Col. James M. Hollingsworth, the bride and groom left for New Orleans to visit the Exposition.

GAINESVILLE. Nothing startling or unusual has shown itself upon the surface of Gainesville society during the past week, but underneath this apparent calm there are forces at work that will soon produce some genuine sensa-

Spring may be the time when the "young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love;" but winter is the season that the Gainesville beau "talks business" to his girl. Negotiations are now pending which will doubtless end in several weddings before the holidays are over. A bachelor of course cannot find out these things as readily as the man who has a wife to gather the news for him, but he can learn enough to know that in the next few days one of the prominent society gentlemen will bring a Dallas beauty to preside over the home he expects to prepare.

Also, that the cashier of a bank in a town a short distance east of here will take away

one of Gainesvilles' most popular young la-lies soon after the holidays.

Mr. A. H. Gardner, Pacific Express agent

at this place, was married last Thursday to Miss Lucie Allen, of Jackson, Miss. J. W. Bailey has gone to Philadelphia on business, and will not return until after the

The young men are preparing to give a complimentary ball to the young lady eachers of the city schools.

eachers of the city schools.

The following marriage licenses were isued during the week.

John H. Burton to Miss Carrie Alverson;
M. Locke to Miss Emma C. Crabtree; J.
Holder to Miss Tempe Solomon; C. Carter
Miss Ella Robinson; J. W. Blanton to
Miss E. Robinson; M. Harmon to Miss Miss Ella Ridgeway; H. J. Peteet to Miss Mattie Wilson; Hiram Strong to Miss Jermima Hargis; G. W. Kimbrough to Miss Katie Steagall; P. P. Turner to Miss Sara

Springer.
On Monday evening the theater-going people will amuse themselves by listening to Katie Putnam in "Little Mad Cap." CLARKSVILLE.

The devotees of Terpsichore in Clarksville passed a few enjoyable hours "tripping the light fantastic" at the Opera-house Monday evening.

The elite of the city gathered in the commodious building of the Merchants' Exchange Friday evening and enjoyed the beauties and delicacies of a Japanese bazaar,

gotten up and operated by the ladies of the Baptist Church. It was an elegant affair and profitable as well as pleasurable.

Mr. J. K. Norwood, of Bennett, well and favorably known in the city, has been spending a few days here with his many friends. Misses Sue and Mary Corley left yester-

Misses sue and Mary Corley left yester-day for a visit to relatives in Boston, and two bright lights in the social world are for a time extinguished.

Miss Julia Thomas, of Little Rock, who has been visiting Miss Estelle Sims, and Miss Annie Cleaves, of Gainesville, departed for their respective homes Monday.

DAINGERFIELD. Judge J. C. Henderson, County Judge of Cass County, was in town this week shaking

hands with his many friends. Sheriff Swiney has returned from Austin, where he had been to carry Mrs. Fannie Ryal to the insane asylum. He also visited San Antonio and other places.

Rev. J. W. Horn, the new Methodist pastor, preached his first sermon last Sun-

pastor, preached his first sermon last Sunday night to a good congregation.

Misses Fannie Fhigpin and Julia Mintor are visiting in Jefferson this week.

Mr. Lee McDowell, of Sulphur Springs, has been spending the week with his many friends in and around Daingerfield.

On last Tuesday evening, at 1 o'clock, your reporter was invited to attend the marriage of Miss Ora Barnes, of our town, to Mr. Ed Kimble, of Pittsburg. The ceremony was performed in a solemn and impressive manner by Rev. C. M. Coppedge. Only a few of the high contracting parties' most intimate friends were present. After the ceremony was over the guests were invited to the dining room, where a magnificent dinner was prepared, and amid

infloent dinner was prepared, and amid glee and merriment the happy circle of friends partook of a sumptuous repast. An hour or so was spent after dinner with their friends, and the happy couple left for Pitts-burg, their future home. TERRELL. As the patrons of the Terrell public school had manifested but little interest in its progress, having been visited by only a limited number, Prof. Hunter extended invitations to its patrons and friends to be present on last Friday night. No programme was announced, and not even the scholars knew what would transpire. His scholars knew what would transpire. His coup d'etat brought out a very large assemblage. He made a few brief remarks on the past history and progress of the school, emphasizing some of the shortcomings, in which he asked the co-operation of the parents to being about the needed reformation, especially as to tardiness: that the time lost was never regained, and promptness is always rewarded in all vocations of life.

eations of life.

The wonderful improvement in the school, kept up till a late hour, when the best of | in so brief a period, inspires confidence in | ing, Dec. 9, at the residence of J. R. Ran-friends parted and wended their way home. I the people that the superintendent is quali- som, in the marriage of Mr. John S. Telfair

fied to verify his promises that the Terrell public school shall not be second to any in the State.

SHERMAN. Sherman society has not lagged for want of amusement and food for talk this week, and if Dame Rumor is correct in her prophe cies there will be much agoing until the holidays shall have waned and prosy days once more be at hand. The first event of any importance this week was a progressive euchre party at the residence of Ed. Metz, 607 South Crockett street. Although such social gatherings are very popular with Sherman young people, still it is doubtful whether there has been anything yet to equal this. The following is a list of gentlemen and the ladies escorted by them: E. S. Edwards and Miss Marion Wilkins, Silas Hare, Jr., and Miss Annie Brown, Doc Grant and Miss Mary Brown, G. L. Blackford and Miss Louise Scott, Thomas Randolph and Miss Lillie Link, E. B. Paxson and Miss Carrie Rountree, Chas. Chapman and Miss Emma Brown, Wm. O'Niel and Miss Katie Pittman, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Dor-

remento of the occasion.

The Binkley House hop was a most enyable affair. About twenty couples of
the leading society young people were
resent and indulged in the terpsichorean
ip until a reasonably late hour, when all
spersed to their separate homes much
appier for the pleasant evening they had
utually enjoyed.

appier for the pleasant evening they had unually enjoyed.

Thursday night was one of merriment enerally distributed throughout the city. In the constant of the happiest events that social receives have known for quite awhile transited in the marriage of Harry C. Handy, the firm of Roberts, Hardwicks & Tayor, to Miss Minnie Wallace, daughter of J. Wallace. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's father in the reseance of a select number of invited. tence of a select number of invited sts. Rev. G. W. Paisely, of the First aberland Presbyterian Church, officiated guests. Rev. G. W. Paisely, of the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, officiated. On the same evening, by special invitation, quite a large company of young people visited the Willow street oil mills, to view the workings of the intricate machinery and to see it all by the electric lamps which have been placed in the working department to take the place of the dull red glare of lardoil illuminators. After visiting every department, from the warehouses to the ginnery, the sightseers went in a body to the office and returned thanks to Manager C. W. Brown, to whom they were indebted for the kind invitation.

While the visitors were at the mills and orange blossoms were wafting their fragrance through the Wallace residence, North Sherman was not content to standidly by and not furnish its quota of enjoyment, and a happy group of young folks were having a most delightful time at the residence of A. L. Darnal, corner of East and William streets. Misses Cora Bivens and Louise Collins, of Farmington, who are visiting in the city, were present.

The church social given by the ladies of South Travis Street M. E. Church at the residence of Mr. Cole, on South Travis street, Friday evening was a most enjoyable affair, and \$23 was cleared above current expenses.

affair, and \$23 was cleared above current expenses.

The ladies of the First Presbyterian Church had intended giving a similar affair on the same evening, but in order to avoid a confict it was postponed until some other

Rev. R. H. Brown, recently appointed to

Rev. R. H. Brown, recently appointed to the Sherman Circuit, arrived in the city friday and the Methodist ladies of East Sherman had the Maxey Street Parsonage in a glow of pleasure for the reception of himself and family.

Friday night the young folks of Van Alstyne, a thriving little city sixteen miles south of Sherman, opened the social season there with a pleasant hop at Henderson's Dera-house. The following young ladies and gentlemen attended from this city: Misses Lillie Bonham, Lizzie Conaway, Dora Gardenhire, Mina Fitch, Sallie Martin, Patsie Martin, Mattie Matingly; Mesdames R. H. Neely and J. P. Wheat: Messrs. Scott Jones, Jas. Sadler, George Stewart and Dave Thorne.

few weeks ago John Waples and Fox interior, the alleged of amplies of Ser-in, to play 500 points. The game rocked ong evenly for the first few sittings, with erman in the lead by a few points, when at once, in the language of one of the ermanites, "a Waterloo befell us," and Denison took the lead. The sitting night was played at Denison, but the manites scored a fair victory, and the game, which is now nearing the goal of 500 points, promises to be uncomfortably close for both

O. T. Lyon and wife are now on their way to Chicago. The Captain intends purchasing a supply of lumber for all of his Texa

ing a supply of lumber for all of his Texas yards, which, by the way, are scattered pretty well over the State.

Miss Burke, an accomplished young lady from Jamaica, is visiting the family of Rev. Mr. Demoach, pastor of the St. Stephen's Episcopal Church.

The members of the Grayson Rifles are

preparing to give an entertainment during the holidays. Quite a diversified programme is promised.

TYLER. The bazaar gotten up by the Ladies' Aid Society for the benefit of the Baptist Church was a scene of special merriment Friday evening. The District Court room, corridor and a large portion of the court yard were thronged with men, ladies and children so that standing room was at a premium. Our home band was out and gave us a rare treat in the way of sweet music in abundance The Douglas Rifles were also out, making their debut in their new and elegant bottle green uniforms, which they had just received. And they gave in the court yard, by the light of the bonfires, an exhibition drill, going through with the manual of arms with remarkable deftness and accuarms with remarkable definess and accuracy. After drilling for some time they were ordered to stack arms, and when the ranks were broken made a charge upon the oysters and other delicacies which were prepared by the fair hands, to the complete demolishment of the enemy, and leaving the prevailing impression that if their thirst for honor and glory upon the battlefield shall compare even unfavorably with that longing for the oyster which the knights of the brass button displayed on that occasion, there are palm branches growing for them now.

now.

J. M. Edwards Esq., left Friday to visit relatives and friends at Kosciusko, Miss., and a significant smile which he insisted upon wearing away with him, has had the effect of creating in the bosom of his friends very grave suspicions that Jim intends to do something rash in manifestation of his zealous solicitude for immigration to Texas.

Miss Maggie Anderson, of Corsicana, is visiting Tyler.

visiting Tyler. Miss Lucy Hatchett, of Montgomery, Ala., Miss Lucy Hatchett, of Hontgomery, Ara, is visiting friends in this city.

Judge McCord, with his little daughter, started to the Exposition Thursday, and will visit his father in Mississippi before

will visit his father in Mississippi before returning.

The Douglas Rifles will give a grand military ball at the Opera-house Monday night, Dec. 14, and request the ladies not to make engagements beforehand.

A cold wave struck us Friday night, followed by rain and sleet, and now we are submerged with water and mud.

Maj. Grace, of Paris, is in the city.
Katie Putnam played at the Opera-house
the 9th and 10th to crowded houses, and left us with, if possible, a better reputation than

she brought.

A wedding in high life (six feet four) is the subject of pudantal the subject of under-current whisperings, and it is said that the honeymoon and the holidays will be so blissfully commingled in one ethereal period of beattitude that—in fact, they will be made one (that is, the honeymoon and holidays).

CORSICANA.

One of the happiest social events of the season took place on last Wednesday evening, Dec. 9, at the residence of J. R. Ranand Miss Jennie Ransom, Rev. Mr. Vaughn, of the First Methodist Church, officiating, Mr. Telfair, the happy groom, is a popular conductor on the main line of the Houston and Texas Central Railroad, and is a young man well liked in business and social circles. Miss Jennie Ransom was one of Corsicana's most excellent and accomplished young ladies, and John has secured a prize he may well be proud of. The ceremony was performed amid a large number of rel-

was performed amid a large number of relatives and friends of the contracting parties. The good wishes of a host of friends follow them as they embark on the voyage of married life.

Miss Eva May Pells, one of Palestine's most charming young ladies, is visiting Mrs. James Pittman.

Miss Myrtle Deckord, a beautiful and popular young lady of Bosqueville, will in the future make Corsicana her home.

WACO. Mrs. Senator Richard Coke is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Wallace at Terrell. Mrs. Joe S. Willis is in Houston, visiting her sister, Mrs. Davis.

Mrs. A. B. Weston, of Albany, Ga., is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. A. Cohn. Senator and Mrs. Richard Harrison are to be congratulated, as they now have a son and heir, a fine eleven-pound boy, born this

Gen. and Mrs. J. B. Robertson and their son-in-law, Dr. Knott, of Goliad, are in the city, guests of Gen. and Mrs. F. H. Robertson, and will spend several days here. Mr. H. G. Bustwick, Jr., and Miss Emma

Shelley, both of this city, were married Thursday by Rev. Dr. S. A. King, at his residence on Speight street. Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Buchanan entertained

a number of friends at the Pacific Hotel Thursday. Both are graduates of Waco University, and the bride is well remembered here as Miss Stella Allen, daughter of Rev. J. S. Allen. They will make their home at Belton.

Mr. S. D. Anderson and Mrs. S. B. Evans both of this city, were married at the residence of the bride, Rev. Dr. B. H. Carroll officiating. Only relatives and intimate friends of the high contracting parties were

The event of the week was the pansy tea

arty of the Ladies' Guild, of the Episcopal Church. The seats having been taken from the parquette of the Opera-house, gave room for the booths and tables, and the nise en scene was one of beauty and brilliancy. To the right, as the visitors entered, the sylvan booth of Miss Hortense Herz caught the eye, its fair occupant in the county. scene was one of beauty and brilliancy. To
the right, as the visitors entered, the sylvan
booth of Miss Hortense Herz caught the eye,
its fair occupant in the garb of
"Minnenaha," graciously offering for
sale the weed divine. Next came
the gaily decorated stand of Miss
Cheesman, who dispensed the luscious
goober to the passers by. Directly opposite
Misses Mamie Ker, Dot Richardson and
Mary Thompson had imported a section of
Iceland, over which they presided charmingly, and served ice-cream to all
who wished it. The "bubble booth"
was beneath the sway of Misses
Hattie Woodward and Nina Carroll, and every one could see how like human thoughts and ambition the gaudy bubbles were—providing they paid for the pleasure. Little Misses Lallie Marshall and
Laura Yeates, in a very pretty little stand of
snowy whiteness, sold ambrosia and other
delicacies so tempting that they would have
allured the old time deities had they been
present, as they were particularly fond
of sucif etherial food. Misses
Maggie Cheesman and Clara Lee
Puckette ran opposition to Uncle Sam in
their postoffice near the stage, and the inquirer, anxious to know if "there's a letter
for me," found one always waiting. The
center of the parquette was graced with an
array of tables, handsomely decorated with
snowy linen, elegant tableware and covered
with an endless profusion of all that might
tempt the appetite, under the supervision
of Mesdames Geo. Clark, T. R. Jordan, O. B. Caldwell and others.
After several choice selections by the
orchestra, the stage curtain was lifted and
Miss Willie Franklin entertained the audience with a pleasing production of her
poetic genius, entitled "After a While." A
little latter "twelve little maids from
home" filed out on the stage, under the
command of the polished tactician
of the last empire, the Count de la
Forte. The drill was fanitless. Every
movement was precise and graceful. The
wheels were particularly well executed; the
manual was superb and the fair warriors,
to the bewitching music of Miss Ka movement was precise and graceful. The wheels were particularly well executed; the manual was superb and the fair warriors, to the bewitching music of Miss Katie Friend, who presided at the piano, gave an entertainment most pleasing in its novelty. The names of the maids who, all unwary, showed so much skill in the art military were Misses Lida Tibbs, Annie and Sadie Cameron, Frankie Graham, Louise Pearre, Maud Wheeler, Eloise Davidson, Mattie Jeffrees, Cora Bloomfield, Laura Risher, May Ker and Katie Kınnard. In fact all the features of the evening's programme were loaded with pleasure to all present and were such as only feminine tact and refined skill could devise. The second night as on the first the entertainment was attractive and the crowd in attendance delighted. Vocal selections by the quartette were followed by the now famous drill. Miss Katie Friend bore, with martial grace, the "great horn spoon" of commend and gave her sadders with the "great horn spoon" of command, and gave her orders with such a military air and with so much force and precision as to call forth round after round of applause. The company responded with the tact and skill of veterans, but few individual errors in the manual being noticeable. pany responded with the tact and skill of veterans, but few individual errors in the manual being noticeable. A number of the æsthetically decorated waiters which the white-capped gens d'armes had borne so charmingly, were auctioned off after the drill, and brought from \$2 to \$5 apiece. The resplendent spoon, a unique gem, was bought by Maj. Moran on a bid of \$20. The gayly decorated booths had lost none of their brightness, and the teatables were marked by the tastiness and beauty of decoration which had won the admiration of the ffirst night's visitors. Mesdames R. B. Parrott, John J. See, Felix Robertson, E. C. Conger, C. C. Cook, F. R. Starr, D. S. Wood, S. Greer, O. B. Caldwell, T. R. Jordon and Geo. Clark were the ladies who so gracefully presided at these tables. The very gratifying success of the fair repays well the ladies who worked with so much energy and devotion to make it the pleasing occasion that it has been. In the annals of church enterprises the "pansy tea party" of '85 will long be remembered for its novelty and success. its novelty and success.

JEFFERSON. Wednesday night the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Wise was the scene of one of the most brilliant and enjoyable receptions for which society in Jefferson has an enviable reputation. The reception was given by the Harmony Club, complimentary to the Young Ladies Cooking Club. The costumes of the ladies were rich and elegant, and in conformity with taste. Mrs. D. C. Wise, the hostess, appeared in lavender ottoman, trimmed in white wool lace.

Mrs. W. J. Sedberry, brocaded silk, natural flowers; ornaments, diamonds and

Mrs. C. J. Wise, black satin, lace trimmings; ornaments, diamonds.

Mrs. Wm. Clark, black satin, lace trimmings; diamond ornaments.

Mcs. A. D. Clark white nuns' veiling, velvet trimmings and diamond ornaments.

Miss Sallie Rowell, mouse-colored silk, why relief trimming. ruby velvet trimming.
Mrs. H. C. Hynson, black silk, velvet

trimming, with pearls.

Mrs. Col. E. W. Taylor, black silk, point lace and diamonds.

Mrs. Maj. C. S. Woodworth, brocaded silk, Mrs. Capt. V. H. Claiborne, black silk, jet

trimmings; diamond ornaments.

Miss Jennie Lyons, white nuns' veiling,
French embroidery. Taylor, cream brocaded silk, Spanish silk lace, bouquet of ostrich tips and Miss Murphy Smith, brown mohair.
Miss Sallie Phillips, black cashmere, lace

Miss Annie Perry, light blue albatros em- | at Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm st., Dallas.

proidered with aracine, oriental lace trimmings, diamond ornaments.

Miss Katie Gracey, of Summit. Miss.,
pink mull embroidery, diamond and pearl

Miss Hattie Henderson, black boucle, velvet trimmings. Miss Louise Hermaze, gray silk, black

elvet trimmings.
Miss Zula Rowele, pink nuns' veiling, Miss Zura Roweie, pink nuns' veiling, lace trimmings.

Miss Effie Sales, cream colored albatros, escurial lace trimming.

Miss Maggie Preston, lavender, nuns' veiling, garnet satin, gold ornaments.

Miss Louise Perry, light blue albatros, handsomely hand embroidered, ornaments of pearls, and diamonds and argaids work.

handsomely hand embroidered, ornaments of pearls and diamonds and aracide work. The chivalry of Jefferson were there in all their pride and glory, and while voluptuous strains of music unceasingly rolled, fairy feet moved in "certain measured cadent step." "Joy and mirth and pleasure reigned, and sweetly ruled the hour."

MIDLOTHIAN.

On Thursday! evening Mr. John M. Hawkins led the fair daughter of Capt. J. R. Kennedy, Miss Jimmie Love, so the hymeneal altar. A crow of friends assembled to see the nuptial knot tied, and after the ceremony partook of a sumptuous collation provided by the bride's mother. The following day the bridal couple, accompanied lowing day the bridal couple, accompanied by their respective friends, repaired to the residence of the groom's sister, Mrs. Stanberry, where they dined sumptuously and spent the day in merriment and festivity.

At the temperance supper last week, Miss Lizzie Campbell was the happy recipient of a cake, awarded to the prettiest girl present. On Wednesday night a select body of friends gathered at her mother's residence and helped her to eat the cake and various other good things provided for the occasion.

Mr. John W. Fields left Wednesday for his home in Coleman County.

DENISON.

Miss Dixie Crooks will spend the winter in Washington.

The Gate City Literary Society held their regular meeting Friday night at the Chris tian Church, which was largely attended, and a constitution and by-laws read and

adopted.

Miss Josephine Goldsoll, one of Denison's accomplished young ladies, will leave for Boston in a short time to enter the conserv-

FORT WORTH. Dr. S. S. Johnson of Knoxville, Tenn., is in the city. F. P. Knott, a cattleman of Wichita Falls,

is in the Fort. J. M. Hints of Hereford ranch is here. H. T. Marcomb of New Orleans is a late

arrival.

Thos. Harvey of Galveston is here.
Col. W. Hinter of St. Louis is in the city.
W. J. Bryan of Abilene is in the city.

THE SABBATH AT SHERMAN.

A Dismal Day, With Some Imported Snow-Holiday Arrangements-Local Dots. Special to The News.

SHERMAN, Dec. 13.-To-day has been one of bright skies and golden sunshine, but uncomfortably mixed with raw winds, and as comfortably mixed with raw winds, and as the rain left the ground in a miserable plight, there have been but comparatively few people to be seen on the streets any distance from the business center. The norther last night froze the surface of the ground to a depth of about a quarter of an inch, and to-day's sun has only partially thawed it, but enough, however, to leave a disagreeable amount of black, waxy, clay clinging to the feet of the pedestrian who has "gall" enough to attempt walking on anything outside of the narrow plank walks, which constitute the protection from mud in this city. mud in this city. SOME SNOW.

The passenger trains from the north today have each had their sleeping coaches well covered with snow. From passengers Well covered with snow. From passengers
THE NEWS reporter learned that snow had
fallen to a considerable depth as far south
as Savanah, I. T. Lastnight about 12 o'clock
a few straggling flakes fell here. There was
no trace of Sherman's first snow left on the
ground this morning, but every body of
water was covered over with a thick coating
of ice

AT THE CHURCHES.

The attendance on divine services to-day has been large, and from every church comes the intelligence that the audiences were greeted with good sermons. Rev. J. S Moore, at the First Presbyterian Church delivered a magnificent oration and held a packed house spell-bound for over an hour The Sunday-school of the South Travis Street Methodist Church was held at the Opera-house this morning, instead of the Chapel of the North Texas Female College, as has been done heretofore.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the Band of Hope, composed of young people, met at the Congregational Church and went through a rehearsal for their coming holiday exhibition day exhibition.

AN ACQUITTAL. In the District Court last night at a very late hour the jury in the case of the State of Texas vs. Mike Hanna, charged with theff from the person, returned a verdict of not guilty and the defendant was released from custody. This is the last of the several in-dictments which hung over him when the criminal calendar was taken up by his honor, Judge Maltbie. MILITIAMEN IN MINSTRELSY.

In a conversation with Lieut. Frank Ryan, of the Grayson Rifles, THE NEWS corre spondent learned that the members of the company are now making preparations to give a grand plantation minstrel entertain ment some time during the holidays. The costumes and other outfits are now en route from the furnisher in Chicago, and every-thing will soon be in order for a dress re-hearsal. The proceeds of the entertainment are to be utilized by the "Rifles" in fitting up their armory.

THE DAY' DOTS. The east side of the city was rather short of gas last night on account of water freezng in some of the pipes east of Branch The Board of County Commissioners is to

convene at the court room to-morrow morn ing.
Slaughtering is still rapidly progressing at the Packing Company's pens on North Brighton street. There are, at the present, fifty-three pris-ners confined in the county jail at this

A SAN ANTONIO FIND. J. Kennedy Discovered Dangerously Wounded and Left for Dead.

Special to The News.

SAN ANTONIO, Dec. 13 .- About 3 o'clock this afternoon the body of a man was discovered lying in the brush a short distance east of the Sunset Depot by an engineer on a switch locomotive. On examination the man was found to be still breathing, although lying in a pool of blood. The unfortunate man was brought to town on the engine and professional attendance was immediately summoned. It was discovered that he had received two severe stabs, one in the back of the head and another in the side of the neck, both of which are very serious in their nahead and another in the side of the neck, both of which are very serious in their nature. The man is still unconscious, and no particulars can be gleaned as to the cause of this attempted murder, but it is thought it was for the purpose of robbery, his pockets being rifled. He has been identified as J. Kennedy, a bricklayer, who arrived from New Braunfels two or three days ago and who has been employed on the government buildings. He was seen drinking in a neighboring saloon a few hours before he was found, and it is probable that some arrest will be made this evening. Kennedy is in a very critical state and grave fears for his recovery are entertained. entertained.

Bennett & Barnard's Fancy Slippers.

THE TELEGRAPH IS TICKING

And the People of Rusk are Tickled Thereat. Local Items.

Special to The News. Rusk, Dec. 13.—Rusk is for the first time since the war connected with the outside world by telegraph. The line on the Kansas and Gulf Short Line Railway, being put up by the Western Union, was completed here yesterday, and the people now send greeting to the world by the electric current. A line was in operathe electric current. A line was in opera-tion during the war, and one a few years since to Jacksonville, but that was when this section had no railroads and the line did not pay and was taken down after a year's trial, but now the telegraph has come to stay and will be pushed on to Luf-kin, and there connected with wires from Houston

Houston.

The District Court consumed nearly all of the past week on the celebrated Musick trial for murder. Some eighty witnesses were in attendance from the upper part of county. The trial began on Wednesday and was continued to nearly midnight last night and one more speech is to be made to-more row morning by the Prosecuting Attorney. Three felony convictions have been had so far.

ar. The weather is exceedingly cold and snow The weather is exceedingly cold and snow fell to-day.

The Texas Express Company has entered the field at this place against the Pacific Express, heretofore the only express line in operation here.

After Miss Field's Remains.

Special to The News.

EL Paso, Dec. 13.—E. S. Cowles, of the

firm of Williams & Cowles, of Jersey City, has arrived in the city to effect a settlement of the affairs of the late Miss Arabella Field, who died suddenly at the Grand Central Hotel. The remains have been disinterred and are to be forwarded North for re-interment. Mr. Cowles states that deceased was a woman of unusual intelligence and has traveled extensively over the world.

John S. Wise is reported to have said that he is permanently out of politics, and that he now intends to devote himself exclusively to the study and practice of his profession. It is a good thing to know when one is permanently out. Kick Ben Butler out of politics and he immediately commences to crawl in again.

Another \$10 Prize Given Cook Stove at our Grand Drawing on January 4, 1886. All guesses must come through the mail. B. O. Weller & Co., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

Misses' School Shoes, \$1 to \$1 50. at Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

ED. S. ALSTON.

Choice Burgundies. Haut Sauternes. Rhine Wines. Tokay Wines. Malaga Wines. French Clarets. Rieslings. Imported Sherries. Imported Port. Angelica. Catawba. This line of wines we guarantee so much finer than kept in stock by our competitors as to leave no room for comparison.

ED. S. ALSTON,

Ousiness College
THE SOUTHERN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
has the largest Business College faculty south

THE SOUTHERN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY has the largest Business College faculty south of St. Louis and a widespread reputation for doing better work than any Southern school. The distinguished business educator, Prof. Watson, of Nashville, Tenn., has been employed. Short hand by machine. Fine equipments. Expenses \$20 to \$25 less than at other schools. Add. R. H. HILL, Pres., Waco, Tex.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A \$2000 ACKNOWLEDGMENT. To Henry Schuhl, L. Fitzhugh, Hyman S. Mittenthal, P. N. Mittenthal and others: I here with tender you my sincere thanks for the imediate payment of endowment certificate No. 36 of Pioneer Tent No. 1, of the Knights of the Maccabees (the supreme jurisdiction of which is in Port Huron, Mich.), on my deceased husband, Sam Pollack. In deep sorrow, I am very respectfully, MARY POLLACK, beneficiary and wife of deceased.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Dec. 1, 1885.—Our salesmena Mr. DAVID and Mr. JULIUS CAHN, will repre-

sent us in Texas to SOLICIT ORDERS FOR OUR GOODS.

SCHEPFLIN, BALDWIN, TWEEDY & CO. MANUFACTURING CLOTHIERS. NEW YORK OFFICE 318 BROADWAY.

NOTICE. The Commissioners' Court of Eastland County Texas, desire immediate Proposals TWO IRON BRIDGES.

One 30 foot span, 12 foot approach at each end; the other 40 foot span, 12 foot approach at each end. Also specifications, etc., on two WOODEN BRIDGES.

Same dimensions and approach. Bids, etc., to be opened DECEMBER 30, 1885.

Address same to J. T. Yeargin, County Clerk, Eastland County, Eastland, Texas. R. M. BLACK, County Judge.

TEXAS TRUNK RAILROAD. OFFICE OF AUDITOR, DALLAS, TEX., Dec. 4, 1885.—Notice is hereby given that the public office of the Texas Trunk Railroad Company has been established in rooms 18 and 19 in the Merchants' Exchange Building, on Laman street, Dallas, Tex.

W. H. GLEASON, Secy. Texas Trunk R. R. Co.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the City Engineer until Tuesday, December 15, at 6 o'clock p. m., for furnishing all material and labor for 2,500 feet of eight-inch sewer pipe to be laid in Bryan street, from Oleander street east to Benford street. Plans and specification to be seen at my office.

office.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids. W. M. JOHNSON, Olty Engineer.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

NOTICE-I.O.O.F.

To the Officers and Members of Dallas Lodge No. 44, I. O. O. F.: You are hereby requested to meet at the hall at 10 o'clock, a. m., TO-DAY to pay the last tribute of respect to our deceased brother, L. BOURGEOIS.

Members of Trinity Lodge and visiting brothers respectfully invited to attend.

H. EELES, N. G.,

NOTICE.

The members of Ridgeley Encampment No. 25, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at the Odd Fellows' hall THIS (Monday) MORNING at 10 o'clock for the purpose of attending the funeral of Patriarch L. Bourgeois.

By order of W. SHIRLEY, C. P.

The Morning News.

A. H. BELO & CO., PUBLISHERS.

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Look at the printed label on your paper. The date thereon shows when the subscription expires. Forward the money in ample time for renewal, if you desire unbroken files, as we can not always furnish back numbers. Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please state in their communication both the old and new address. ADVERTISING RATES.

[Classified Advertisements on Fifth Page.]
Three Lines—Nonpareil—One time, 40c; each
additional insertion, 20c; one week, \$1 60;
two weeks, \$2 65; three weeks, \$3 55; per

nth, \$3 90.

nth, \$3 90.

nos.—One time, 80c; each additional income, 40c; one week, \$3 20; two weeks, \$5 30; ee weeks, \$6 70; per month, \$7 80.

For advantal space, if the advertisement is to be treed with those that are classified, charge Advertisements of 7 Lines and Over.

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Nonpareil measurement, leaded or solid non-pareil or minion solid, double price for space occupied; specified pages, 50 per cent extra. Weekly Edition.

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sertions.

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Weekly advertisements inserted every other week charged at 14c per line each insertion.

No advertisements taken for either edition for a less space than three lines.

Double column advertisements, in either edition, 25 per cent additional. SPECIAL POSITIONS—Subject to special con

tract.
Terms strictly in advance. Those having open accounts with us will be rendered bills

Discounts.

Branch Offices of The News:

NEW YORK—News and Advertising Agency, F.
A. Abbott, Room 21, United Bank Building,
corner Wall street and Broadway.

FORT WORTH—Reportorial and Business Office,
511 Houston street, in office of Fort Worth Gaslight Co.

ACO—Reportorial and Business Office, 171 South HOUSTON-Reportorial and Business Office, at the annex to Prince building, Main street, near

AUSTIN-Reportorial and Business Office, 810 ngress avenue.

AN ANTONIO-Reportorial and Business Office, soledad street. HE NEWS is on sale and may be procured at

ollowing stands: S. Roose, Metropolitan Hotel, Washington,

D. C.
P. Roeder, \$22 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.
Ed. Jett, \$02 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.
James Overton, Southern Hotel and Union
Depot, St. Louis, Mo.
George F. Wharton & Bro., 5 Carondelet
street, New Orleans.
George Ellis, opposite postoffice, New Orleans. leans.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1885.

Notice to the Subscribers of the Dallas Herald. Office of the Dallas Herald, } Dallas, Nov. 80.

Dear Sir: By announcement made in the Herald of this morning you will see that it has ceased publication, and the individual proprietors and owners of the Herald have become stockholders in THE NEWS, published at Galveston and Dallas. A number of specimen copies of THE NEWS have been sent to you, and it is hoped you will transfer your patronage to that paper, with which we are now identified. Thanking you for your patronage in the

past, and hoping to receive an early response, we remain, very truly yours, THE DALLAS PUB. AND PRINTING CO.

Referring to the above notice of Messrs. Ptouts, Elliott and Hall, THE NEWS man agement begs to state that it respectfully solicits the subscription of every person formerly subscribing to the Herald. The subscription rates to THE NEWS can be found at the head of this column. Remittances can be made through the local agents, or by money order, registered letter or draft on Dallas or Galveston.

A. H. Belo & Co., Publishers.

GOVERNMENT IN BUSINESS. Business men who consider any scheme of telegraphy in a practical light will not be blind to the defects of the postal system, neither to the merits and progressive extension and cheapening of the telegraph service, as actually conducted by companies. It is comparatively easy to sort, ship and deliver letters and packages, but even here the express companies beat the government system, so far as they are allowed to compete. This is clearly traceable to the superior organization on a business basis of an enterprise wholly disconnected from politics and tenure of office. To speak plainly, business men could not tolerate in telegraphy the delays, the wrong delivery and misplacements which occur in the handling of books and papers sent through the mails. Yet telegraphy is a more complex business than postal service. The government would presumably require a monopoly of the business to make it pay. To establish any new government monopoly would be progress backward as regards Democratic evolution, or progress forward toward State socialism, which would in time bring all other business under government control. There is no more reason whatever for the government to own the telegraphs than for it to own the factories, farms and newspapers, and those who most want it to possess either, except as they are actuated by some temporary motive of gain, want it to pessess all. The buying up or construc-

ng and maintenance of telegraph lines. What this would be under official management is a question too deep for present solution, but under some administrations, judging by the history of the navy and pub- of business men in the Southern cotton lic buildings and river and harbor works, it would be decidedly expensive. Specialists in civil service reform may reason that thus business men would be compelled to take a the extension of the system of national livelier interest in politics. To this the re- | banks in the interior facilitates this trade, ply is that compulsion by increase of dan- and the ports become but the pathway gers is not a good way. They might elect of the crops from the plantation to to compel politicians to take care of other forced anxiety. If the business men were crop, it is not likely that thus compelled to devote their energies to establishing a much better government service extended to some industrial affairs, it requires little reasoning to see that the de- has but just begun, and while it promises mand for government control of other industries would increase in proportion to any evidence of partial success. If, after the utmost effort, there were waste and curruption, still the expensive effort might not avail to teach the proper lesson. Too many employes and officeholders would be interested. Official power would be greater, promises of reform would be made conditioned on greater power alleged to be necessary to effect such reform, but the constitutional democratic-republican government would then be a thing of the past. It is probable that the question of America becoming a socialistic republic depends upon control of the telegraphs and railroads by government as principal initial steps. The protective tariff and a few other interferences with natural social economy have already produced class advantages and corresponding class demands, and the experience derived shows that every appearance of success causes an acclaim for more government to extend the alleged benefits, and every indication of failure or injustice calls forth flerce demands for more government action to equalize benefits or correct wrongs. Thus there is a tendency in such a process to proceed to its ultimate, precisely as in prohibition of the liquor traffic, where if local option seems to succeed it is an argument for a State law to extend the benefits, but if local option fails the failure is an argument for a State law because the local application was not backed by sufficient power or was not extensive enough. It is the same with all policies, and hence the clear-sighted citizen will view them as parts of tendencies, the great divisions being the authoritative and the self-sustaining. Senator Edmunds probably believes that the people can be welded together under a strong central government, somewhat served and benefited by paternalism, held under control by power, made to pay for it all, and made to support well such able lawyers and legislators as himself; and behind him stand the men of wealth who are ready for a new departure toward a form of government more like those of Europe, and with a considerably larger army. As an excuse for such a development of brute force, it may appear necessary to make government larger, more intrusive, more restraining and constraining in every way connected with commercial and industrial

STEADY PROGRESS UNDER CHANG-ING CONDITIONS. During the past two years it has been

had its birth in Galveston among the cot-

ton buyers and factors, those men who in the past found wealth rolling into their coffers with but little effort on their part. These home born complaints have been echoed and re-echoed through the interior newspapers until a stranger would have imagined that the once populous and thriving seaport of the Lone Star State had become a barren sandhill on an inhospitable coast. The facts, however, prove that during all these years, as shown by each successive city directory, the population of Galveston has steadily increased, new and expensive business houses and beautiful residences have been erected, public improvements planned and completed, all with the one grand idea of local development and without ostentation or parade; in fact with less public notice than is given to the erection of a moderately fine country home in other parts of the State. The water front on the business side of the city has been improved and is still being improved. The long line of wharves has been extended, and yet during the busy season the wharvds are lined with foreign and American steamships and sailing vessels crowded together, and with a general demand for more berth room, so that there have been yearly additions and still more in progress of completion, and still more extensions needed. These are facts which any one can verify; yet there are still those who complain of the decline of business, and in a limited sense these complaints have a basis of truth. Business methods are constantly changing to meet the requirements of modern progress. It is but a few years since long lines of prairie schooners traversed the trails along the frontier and extended their trips into the heart of Mexico, heavily laden with American goods and returning with their freights of Mexican products and half barrels and kegs of silver dollars. To-day a train of prairie schooners is as rare on our Western prairies as they were numerous in the past. But will any one pretend that business is less active to-day when the railways transport in hours tenfold the amount and value of freight where weeks and sometimes months were required to transport the limited amount? As on the prairies so in the cites have changes taken place. A new order of business has been established, and it only remains for Galveston, like all other successful commercial cities, to adapt itself to the new condition of things. The day of the wealthy cotton planter with his over abundance of cheap labor is past, and in his place are many small planters who in many instances find their labor in their own homes, and consequently are able to produce their

crops without the large advances required

of the middlemen. The planters sell to the spinner's employe or agent; the spinners seek to buy direct from the planter. Thus the old source of income for a large class ports is becoming more and more limited each year. Shipments are made direct from the growing region to the mills, and the manufactories. While the above is branches of business in return for such en- true as to a large proportion of the the manifest advantages possessed by Galveston as a cotton market will be soon ignored. The change outlined above to grow in extent, yet there are planters and manufacturers who will hold to the old business methods. The business will be continued, but subject to greater competition and a smaller margin for profit than heretofore. This is a fact which needs to be impressed on our cottonmen. The ignoring of the growth and extent of these new methods has given rise to the complaints which have been circulated in regard to Galveston's trade. It is safe to say that there is not a Southern cotton port where such complaints cannot be heard, and it is equally safe to say that at no Southern cotton port are these complaints less founded on facts than at Galveston. The growth of this city and of its immense tributary territory, the large amount of surplus wealth here seeking investment at lower rates of interest than obtained in any other city in the State, its large wholesale houses doing a business, the extent of which has never yet been reported, all prove the stability of Galveston as a commercial city; not as of old, with cotton as its sole hope and reliance, but with a far more prosperous and continuous trade, not confined to seasons, but bounded by the growing needs of a vast territory now but in the infancy of its final development. There is no limit indeed for this trade, a constant, progressive, growing wholesale trade, for the great outport and inport of Texas.

declares that "if the free traders execute their plans for the purpose of destroying Mr. Randall's influence in the House and the party, they will create a factional contest which will shatter all hopes of the Democracy's future success." It speaks of the estimates of expenditures being \$25,000,000 in excess of estimated receipts for next year as a bar to tariff reduction. It says "Samrandallism" means protection and economy. Perhaps the most serious part of its remarks is an allusion to the imminence of a connection between an alleged free trade movement—the official revenue reduction no doubt-and a lack of economy to result from the very reorganization said to be directed against Randall. There is in fact a chance that the protectionists under Randall's lead may be able to connect free trade with jobbery and extravagance sufficiently for their purposes. This should be warning enough to any real free traders to vindicate their principles, keeping it clear from confusion with revenue depletion, and to show that they are not less tenacious of limits upon government expenditures than Mr. Randall or any other the common remark that Galveston trade protectionist standing ready to bemud the has become dormant and its commercial cause of free commerce by laying hold of prestige has departed. This complaint has instances of extravagance with whi may be dishonored through a combination and the votes of professed revenue reformers, Randall awaits his opportunity for attack on the misof the revenue reducers Any increased expenditures will be occasion for his slogan-protection and economy versus free trade and extravagance. These things may be but casually connected, but the connection would serve the purposes of stump speakers. Add to this the faulty and treacherous advocacy of policies that are mere parodies upon free trade. and in a spirit which reminds the reader of all the intellectual and moral habits of paternalistic protection, and the true free trader in Congress will see the danger that his principles may be fatally overlaid by a stratum of error and perversity, unless he uses the most unsparing vigilance and uncompromising statement of truth for their vindication and propagation

THE Philadelphia Evening Telegraph

THERE is nearly always a hidden design in the changes made at Washington. The debt was refunded, not to save interest to the people, as was pretended, but to fasten the debt upon the country for a longer time. It is feared that the proposed change in the rules of the House is not conceived or planned simply to get rid of Mr. Randall Mr. Carlisle would be a coward if he could not get rid of Randall any shorter way. A possible, or probable, though not necessary, result of the change of the rules, if effected, will be a great increase of appropriations, as Mr. Randall predicts, and this may have been one of the aims of its projectors. Randall is a sharp critic, and while he sports with principles to serve the particular interests that employ his services, he can expose some other wrong things. It is suspected that another aim was to abolish or merge the committee on coinage as a stronghold and organ of the silverites.

WARD has been transferred from the stove department of Sing Sing to the accountant's office, where he was set to bookkeeping. Even with nothing to steal his figures will be closely scanned to prevent him from involving the penitentiary in finan-

MR. TILDEN wrote to Mr. Carlisle on the necessity of coast defences. As wise as is Mr. Tilden he has yet to learn that when a Kentuckian knows that Kentucky is safe from a foreign enemy he knows the United States is safe.

A MEMBER of Mr. Gladstone's late government informed the cable news correspondent that the chief obstacle to a Liberal-Parnellite coalition is the question of the control of the police in Ireland, which the Tories and the bulk of the Liberals will tion of government lines, as proposed by Mr. Edmunds, would be a means of getting With these new men have come new means that there will be trouble about the proper appreciation of a local paper, as lined by a vote of 71 to 9 to lever intrust to an Irish Parliament. This Luling doesn't need any "pointers" about the proper appreciation of a local paper, as lined by a vote of 71 to 9 to lever intrust to an Irish Parliament. This Luling doesn't need any "pointers" about the proper appreciation of a local paper, as lined by a vote of 71 to 9 to lever intrust to an Irish Parliament.

rid of surplus revenue and continuing high | methods of handling the crop, the most | Liberal unity and unity with the Parnell taxes, which might go in part to the repair- important of which is the general disregard ites. The moderate Liberals will doubtless seek Tory concessions, as they would have made concessions to the Tories had the latter been in a majority of the British members. This is all that stands in Parnell's way, but it seems as yet a good deal, and it is becoming formidable, as the Whigs and Tories realize the common danger.

MR. BLAINE submits all the matter for his book to Gail Hamilton. They take long walks together, and then Gail tells Blaine what happened in the government when he was a child.

THE collapse of the Self-Endowment Association of America goes to prove that more people die than live who believe that they can make money from taking big chances with small capital.

A LEADING lawyer in Atlanta promises to knock the bottom out of the holy work of prohibition for a stipend of \$50,000. At last accounts the roystering spirits of that town were engaged in raising the money.

THE STATE PRESS.

What the Newspapers Throughout Texas Are Talking About.

The Fort Worth Mail speaks like an ancient sibyl:

Whatever dependence one class has upon another should be one of mutual reciprocity. This secures a most perfect co-operation, and there is a mutuality of profits as well as mutual aid. Just so. The reciprocity and mutuality

should not all be on one side like a jug handle. Give and take. "In matters of finance 'tis the fault of the

In yielding too little and asking too much" But their Anglo-Saxon kinsmen should

avoid it. As the Mail says: There is a recompensing reciprocity of labor, accommodation and profit between the wholesale dealers, the retailers, the producers and the consumers, when the business of each with the other is conducted upon intelligent methods and just principles. In no age has the sagacity of man been able to dispense with either class; they constitute the component factors of the commercial world—what the wheels are to the wagon.

These metaphorical wheels need lubricating and the lubrications of the Mail tell how it is to be effected. It has spoke, and wheels have spokes. Now, let the Paris Balance Wheel speak, or forever withhold its piece. Give us an even, symmetrical Balance or nothing. No Mexican cart creak-

The Greenville Banner hangs on the outer

wall of the Democratic party, and says:
Prof. Enoch Dickson, of Caddo Mills, has
an article in the Banner to-day on the subject of Cleveland's appointments. Among
other things, he argues that the few Republicans who helped to elect Cleveland should
be rewarded. We differ with him somewhat on that point. The offices were not
created for the purpose of rewarding politicians of either party. Appointments should what on that point. The offices were not created for the purpose of rewarding politicians of either party. Appointments should be made solely with a view to efficient public service. Mr. Cleveland ought to be given plenty of time. A government with 100,000 federal office-holders cannot be reformed and renovated in a day, nor even in a year. The changes should be made solely for the purpose of improving the public service, and not merely for the sake of putting Democratis into office. But the people have said, by their votes, that they believe the principles of the Democratic party to be the best for the country, and the proper way to carry out Democratic principles is to employ men who believe those principles to be the best. In other words, if the people prefer Democratic government, the safest plan is to employ Democratic agents to administer such government. For this reason, a Democratic agents. Yet, we abhor the doctrine that "to the victors belong the spoils," for the simple reason that public office is a public trust, and not a public bounty.

The Columbus Citizen says:

The Columbus Citizen says:

The boycotting of the Houston Age, Mr. W. D. Cleveland, Geo. Goldthwaite, Esq., Dr. R. Rutherford and other advertisers of that paper seems to be so clearly an act of injustice on the part of the Knights of Labor that its results have been anything but beneficial to the order. The Knights had a perfect right to boycott the Age, we think, if they thought proper; but to extend it to merchants, professional, business men and mechanics not belonging to the organization, it seems to us, is extending the prerogative too far. They have the perfect right to withdraw their patronage and support from obnoxious classes, but to apply it indiscriminately to other business classes because of objections to one, it occurs to The Columbus Citizen says: port from obnoxious classes, but to apply it indiscriminately to other business classes because of objections to one, it occurs to us, is going too far and calculated to affect the liminunities and rights of citizens—in the widening circle of the exercise of the principle—even beyond the desires of the knights themselves. The exercise of the principle could be made to extend throughout a city, a county, the State, the Union. In this way would it not affect the commerce of the State? Would it not become revolutionary? The Citizen is with the laborers of the country, and believes their organization is destined to redound to their mutual benefit, if wise counsels prevail in the enforcement of the principles, as we understand them, of the order. The objects of the Knights of Labor, which we published a week or so ago, are sound and equitable, and worthy of a strict adherence by the laboring classes. But to strike against any and all branches of business, because of inimical feeling toward one, because of inimical feeling toward one, does not occur to us to come within the purview of their published articles, and is calculated, we think, rather to cast discredit, than benefit upon its membership.

The San Antonio Times is out of joint. It As a maiden effort, President Cleveland

As a maiden effort, President Cleveland has projected a very ponderous document on the country. The Times would not think of publishing "Gibbon's Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire," or the American Encyclopedia; likewise it can't find room for the message. The main points of the message are silver coinage, on which question the President is hardly in accord with the majority of his party; the treatment of the Indians, and the civil service. Congress will deal with the first two questions during the present session: the last Congress will deal with the first two questions during the present session; the last will probably be left in statu quo. There is a vast amount of matter in the message. It is reasonably well written, but will not be generally read, on account of its length, and will not have any disruptive influence on the Democratic party. It is the most compared to the most compared to the present the most compared to the most compar the Democratic party. It is the most com-prehensive, and in most respects the most sensible, message sent to Congress since the days of Abraham Lincoln.

The Times shakes with the horny-handed: The farmers are in dead, hard earnest in their Alliance and their influence will be a factor in State matters first thing any one knows. The tillers of the soil are not to be downed forever.

The Weimar Gimlet says:

We know but little about the difficulty between the Knights of Labor and the Age, and we regret that there is any. Many laboring men have a hard struggle to get along, and we sympathize with them. It is commendable in them to endeavor to better their condition in every way that is fair and reasonable; but we consider the method above mentioned as unfair and against reason. The Knights of Labor are against monopolies, but if acts of this kind are persisted in, will they not culminate in monopoly? This attitude to the Houston Age will be construed to mean persecution, and instead of breaking it down will put it on a stronger basis than it ever was before. The Weimar Gimlet says:

The Signal says:

a glance at our advertising columns will

This is the best evidence a community can give of its appreciation of a local paper. The Signal is out in new type and much improved in appearance. Speaking of the Farmers' Alliance to get

rid of middle men and obtain higher prices

for cotton, the Cleburne Telegram remarks The object of the Alliance is to effect this very purpose; that is, to remove all intermediate expenses between the producer and the factory. When the organization is fully perfected no doubt this will be done. Those who make cotton can by concerted action dictate its sale if they will observe the first law of all independent traffic; that is, keep out of debt. As matters now go, whatever the farmer buys or sells has the price fixed by another. A man who owes nothing can demand his price or refuse to sell. When the producer arrives at this point he will have something to do in fixing commercial quotations and not leave it all to the bulls and hears of Wall street. and bears of Wall street.

The Calvert Courier says:

The Mutual Self-Endowment and Benevo-lent Association of America suspended pay-ment last week. Several of our worthy citizens are sufferers by this fraud. They need not feel lonesome. There are

more of the same kind all over the State. The Austin Statesman says: by booming them in advance of time will regret it when the convention assembles. Those who win are not those who herald their coming, and thus give the enemy a chance to prepare for them.

The Statesman also says: Our townsman, Major J. T. Brackenridge, is receiving a considerable boom for Governor of the State. About thirty papers are advocating his claims for that office.

The San Antonio Express says:

The San Antonio Express says:

Gov. Ireland shows by his proclamation that his dander is fairly elevated, and he will move upon the works of those illegally enclosing or using the school lands. The proclamation will need backing, however, more than is provided in the offer of reward. The power of the State exerted against the officials who know they are failing in their duty would do more than anything else to bring about the results desired. In forming civil governments people surrender part of their natural rights in order to secure protection for the rest, but they never willingly relinquish the greater in order to secure the least. When governments usurp more power than is compatible with private rights and interests the spirit of revolt is developed. Whether the prevailing tendency to trade and labor associations is to end in securing the members better protection than they would otherwise enjoy at less cost, or to be abused, is not yet altogether clear.

The Greenville Banner says: In some parts of Texas, where Alliance stores have been established, members are not allowed to trade anywhere else. This is bad policy. Competition is what the people want. If the Alliance stores can people want. If the Alliance stores can sell cheaper than other stores, members will trade with them without being forced to do so. If they cannot sell cheaper what are they good for? Cheap goods is what the people want, and the best way to secure them is to have an open field and a fair fight.

The Cleburne Telegram remarks:

The Mutual Self Endowment and Benevolent Association, headquarters at Fort Worth, has collapsed. Quite a number of people have paid into the institution from \$300 to \$500, first and last, and received little or nothing in return and now find the concern insolvent. It was founded on a theory false in practice and contained within itself the elements of its final destruction. It made its officials a fat living while it lasted, which they now hate to give up and accordingly are trying to inveigle its members into a new scheme to be finally swindled again.

And many of them will be. The idea of The Mutual Self Endowment and Benevo

And many of them will be. The idea of getting something for nothing is the ruling passion with many, and they are no sooner off with one delusion than they are ready for another. Some are almost as greedy as sharks, that are said to take a second hook while their throats are still bleeding from the first. It is the "pleasing, anxious hopes and fears that kindle hope" that pays. Doubtless the pleasure is as great of being cheated as to cheat.

The Telegram says:

Texas does not want a Senator who is afraid to tackle the bullionaire. Let the unlawful fences be removed and the cattle gs be compelled to pay for the grass they

THE MONTGOMERY OUTRAGE.

Further Particulars-The Perpetrator Arrested but Escapes. Special to The News.

MONTGOMERY, Dec. 13.—Further reports from the Mink Prairie tragedy confirm the first report, except that Mrs. Smith and her two children were not dead when found, but the little girl has died since, and the other two are not expected to live The girl regained her senses before she died The girl regained her senses before she died long enough to tell who the villain was. It seems a negro came to the house during the day and got to talking with Mrs. Smith, and it is supposed, finding her and the children alone, he attempted an outrage, as there is evidence of a severe struggle in the house and prints of his fingers were left on Mrs. Smith's throat where he tried to choke her. Being foiled in his attempt by her desperate resistance, and to tried to choke her. Belng foiled in his attempt by her desperate resistance, and to cover up the crime, he picked up a large stick of wood and beat and pounded all threefuntil he thought they were dead. Mrs. Smith was found in the wood pile, where she had run in trying to escape the murderous blows, leaving a track of blood behind her. The little girl was found in the house where she was knocked down, and the boy in the yard. As soon as the girl told who the villain was the officers went to his house and captured him, but in some to his house and captured him, but in some manner he managed to escape during the night, and at last accounts was still at large. The whole country is aroused and he cannot escape. The woman is terribly bruised, and the little boy has his jaw broken and is otherwise hurt. The has always lived in the neighbor-

LIEUT. HEARD ACQUITTED.

End of the Prosecution for Murder of a Young Army Officer.

Special to The News. PITTSBURG, Dec. 13 .- Last night the courthouse was filled to overflowing with anxious hearts and open ears to hear the closing argument of the Heard case, which has been on trial two days. W. T. Armistead, of Jefferson, E. A. King and Judge W. L. Morris, of this place, were the attorneys for the de-fense. John L. Shepard and J. C. Hodges, fense. John L. Shepard and J. C. Hodges, of Paris, Texas, attorneys for the prosecution. The defense was concluded by Mr. Armistead in an able and eloquent speech, followed by J. C. Hodges for the prosecution. The argument closed at about 10:45. Judge W. P. McLean read the charge to the jury and it retired to make a verdict. In less than twenty-five minutes the jury reless than twenty-five minutes the jury re-turned with a verdict of not guilty. Lieut. Evant Heard left this evening on the 4 o'clock train, by way of Jefferson, for his

Uvalde.

post at Camp Rice, near El Paso, Tex.

UVALDE, Dec. 13.—The Sabinal correspondent of the West Texan reports by telephone the accidental killing of Peter Rheiner, about noon to-day, by his brother Wil-

lie, while shooting quail.

At the election yesterday it was determined by a vote of 71 to 9 to levy a special school tax upon the Uvalde District of 20

BAD BOYS OF BUCKEYEDOM.

STORY OF THE MISTAKES OF MR. MANNIX

The Cincinnati Grand Jury and the Election Cases-Future Plans of the Committee of One Hundred.

Special to The News. CINCINNATI, Dec. 13 .- Like the blood on

Lady Macbeth's hand that would not "out," the Arbishop Purcell failure seems destined to make a permanent stain. It has alienated not a few Roman Catholics from the "holy Church," and to financial ruin of hundreds upon hundreds it has added the moral ruin not of J. B. Mannix alone, if the truth could all be told. So slipshod and unbusiness-like was the method of keeping accounts in that gigantic banking concern, that it is a common saying that "if the whole truth could be 'got at,' many business men would be shown up as borrowing thousands upon thousands of this money and never returning it, because the accounts against them were either lost or had never been made." There was a very general disposition here to exonerate the late Archbishop and his brother, Father Edward, the man who took charge of the loans, from any intention to defraud. In fact this feeling, one might say, among all who were not losers by the stupendous failure, was nearly universal. It has often been suggested that Father Edward was the loser of hundreds of thousands by the dishonest failure of business men who borrowed from him to pay back their loans in the absence of accounts against them. Nothing of the kind, however, has appeared in evidence in the court proceedings.

MR. MANNIX'S MISTAKE.

Now comes the assignee, John B. Mannix, got at,' many business men would be

Now comes the assignee, John B. Mannix, and admits to the court that he has suffered himself to be dragged into the general ruin to be overwhelmed by it. He was a young lawyer of ability and promise when to be overwhelmed by it. He was a young lawyer of ability and promise when the grand trust of assignee of this great failure was committed to him. Youthful, he was able, industrious and reputable. There had never been a whisper against his integrity. Friend and foe had confidence in him. An association of the most belligerent of the suffering creditors was formed three or four years ago and that association in its impatience found fault with J. B. Mannix for his tardiness, and sent a committee to him to stir him and spur him up. That committee reported back rather exexcusing the assignee's tardiness in view of the magnitude of his work. Later on, when still more impatient at the delay in bringing the case before the courts, he was charged with leaning more toward the priesthood and to recipients of the late archbishop's money than to the great multitude of his poor, despoiled creditors. But even then J. B. Mannix was not accused of any intention to misappropriate the money entrusted to his care. His bondsmen had great faith in him and they were his personal friends, and it was believed he had too much honor to take any chances that would imperiil them. Even his delay of sit years and it was believed he had too much honor to take any chances that would imperil them. Even his delay of six years to make the report required by law raised no suspicion, except in the minds of a few, and in the minds of these only at the last moment. And in this last moment the first public exposure, which came out last Sunand in the minds of these only at the last moment. And in this last moment the first public exposure, which came out last Sunday in a morning daily, was so vague, timid and guarded and so indefinite that people suspected that it was a sensation, with but a slender basis of fact. It took one or two days more of bolder work by all the dailies, assisted finally by Mr. Mannix's own admission, to fairly pound it into the people's heads that John B. Maunix had misappropriated and wasted the surplus assets that had came into his hands as the assignee of the late archbishop. Even at this stage of the News' revelation, it was stated by way of palliation that Mr. Mannix had made the first ruinous investment of the funds entrusted to his keeping by and with the consent of the Judge of the Probate Court, and people were fain to believe this until Mr. Mannix, utterly broken in spirit and writhing under remorse, brushed away this illusion by exonerating the judge of the court of complicity in his great mistake and telling the world that he alone was responsible. The construction the public put upon it just now is that having first invested in the bonds of the lessees of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad and lost by their depreciation, he tried to lesses of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad and lost by their depreciation, he tried to retrieve the losses by speculation in Wail street, and instead of retrieving increased street, and instead of retrieving increased them. Thus far no charges have been made that he misapplied any of the funds thus wasted to his own personal benefit. Exceptions have been taken to his report of \$9000 for services as assignee and \$31,000 for legal services by himself, and his law partner for legal services, that they were exorbitant charges. This the courts will settle. At the present stage of the developments in this remarkable case the assignee is pitted, but that does not mean that he is not also severely blamed. His bondsmen will be held for the losses unless there is some loophole to let them out, and it will be an almost solitary exception to the rule in Hamilton County if some such loophole big enough for their escape is not found. enough for their escape is not found. A SEVEN TO RIGHT GRAND JURY.

The grand jury had seven "election cases" before it, and found no indictment. The case to which they gave most attention was that of Mr. Julius Dexter, the treasurer of the Committee of One Hundred, on the charge of perjury. His offense consisted in swearing that to the best of his knowledge and belief a certain man had violated the laws. This was done in swearing out a warrant for the man's arrest. The grand jury were 8 to 7 in favor of indicting Mr. Dexter. In the six other cases the grand jury stood 7 to 8 in favor of indictment. In both instances the 7 and the 8 were made up of the same men. It was a dead lock division by a line that smacks less of conscientious scruples than of partisan feeling. The Committee of One Hundred will bring no more cases before the regular grand jury, but will ask for a special venire grand jury early in January, after the next regular grand jury adjourns. It will present no election cases for the violation of the registry law. How many other cases it will have The case to which they gave most attention ry law. How many other cases it will have some of the secrets of the law committee. A NEW ELECTION LAW. A sub-committee on legislation of the

Committee of One Hundred is now at work

on a new election law for the State of Ohio, ncluding a registry law for the large cities, including a registry law for the large cities, free from the flaws that the Supreme Court found in the last law. A great many changes are contemplated in the new law. One of these is the holding of all elections, State, county and municipal, but once a year, and that at the November elections. It proposes an election commission appointed by the Governor to select registrars, who shall also be judges of elections, and who shall be assisted by two other judges. The law, as at present contemplated, is in a who shall be assisted by two other ludges. The law, as at present contemplated, is in a certain degree iconcolastic, and in almost every respect radical. It is only in its nascent state, and what it will be if the Legislature ever finishes it up, no living man can foretell. No one who knows the people of Cincinnati and of Hamilton Count fails to represeive as prevelent, conviction that our Cincinnati and of Hamilton Count fails to perceive a prevalent conviction that our present State election law is full of weak spots, and that it needs revision. A constitutional amendment will be necessary to the making of some of the changes that the reformers contemplate. The task of making such changes is arduous, but the Committee of One Hundred is zealous, and it has the helping of men and means. It is now a mittee of One Hundred is zealous, and it has the backing of men and means. It is now a permanent organization, and the hundred is made up of fifty Democrats and fifty Republicans. Among the Democrats are such men as the Hon. Rufus King, Isaac J. Miller and Capt. William P. Anderson, and such republicans as Judge Nicholas Longworth, Capt. W. W. Peabody and others of that sort. Many who were requested to serve upon it begged to be excused, and were excused. It is made up of very earnest men, and it "means business." No one here doubts for a moment that it will be heard from in the early hereafter. from in the early hereafter.

RAILROAD RUMBLER'S REVIEW

THE FRESH TRAIL OF THE IRON HORSE.

Facts, Figures and Fancies Gleaned, Originated and Wired Specially for this Department of the News

No wonder the Dallas ticket agents are selling so many tickets to St. Louis just now, when such a state of affairs as the following exists:

The first class passenger rate from St. Louis to New York, to all appearances, was maintained yesterday at \$16. There was no meeting of the warring lines and nothing transpired to indicate that there was likely to be any change in the situation at any very early date. From indications it seems that the roads are determined to continue their present policy until after the holidays. It will be next to impossible to restore through rates to the East before the first of the year, as all the lines have determined to give special holiday rates to local points. This arrangement will of course interfere with any effort that may be made to restore retas.

A HENRIETTA ENTERPRISE.

HENRIETTA, Dec. 13.—Influential citizens are agitating another railroad, and steps are being taken to raise a handsome subscription to the stock of such a corporation. The proposed road is to run from Gainesville to Henrietta. As soon as the necessary stock is subscribed here a committee will be sent to Gainesville, Sherman and Denibe sent to Gamesville, Sherman and Denison, to confer with parties there, and no time will be lost in pushing the matter through. Henrietta possesses abundant capital, and with such a road completed the large pastures which have had such a depressing effect on the settlement of this county will be over too valuable for grazing and will be put on the market in tracts to and will be put on the market in tracts to suit purchasers. A NEW TIME CARD.

Corsicana, Dec. 13 .- The new time card of the Texas and St. Louis Railway goes into effect to-day. The regular passenger, mail and express, going west, arrives here at 7:05 p. m., and leaves at 7:25 p. m.; going east, it arrives at 9:50 a. m., and leaves at 10 a. m. The Corsicana and Gatesville accommodation leaves here for Gatesville at 8 a. m., and, returning, arrives at 6:30 p. m.

A CHICAGO SCHEME. Railroad officials in Chicago have received a circular from the Chicago freight bureau advising them that the transporta tion interests of the Chicago Board of Trade and freight bureau have been united. The last two paragraphs of the circular

read as follows: "While the work of the association with the Western roads has been largely in the direction of extending trade and acquiring new territory for our merchants and manufacturers and suggesting certain changes and modifications in the manner of doing business, the interests of the Board of Trade are more closely allied to the Eastern

Trade are more closely allied to the Eastern roads, where the territory is already defined and the basis upon which rates are made is already fixed and in the main satisfactory. The basis of making rates from all distributing centers having been fixed and agreed upon, we ask the transportation companies to maintain the same without deviation or concession to localities or individuals, and our efforts will be directed toward assisting the several transportation lines from the West to the seaboard in maintaining this position.

"As a distributing center we ask no protection, but only that rates be 'at once reasonable, equitable and certain, never discriminating, rarely and then only slowly fluctuating,' and consequently that other distributing centers be given no advantage over us. We trust the public will not look upon this association as in any manner antagonistic to the transportation interests of the country, but on the contrary, as an organization looking solely to the preservation and extension of the trade of Chicago, and consequently benefiting the carriers interested in our prosperity."

TEXAS RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION,

TEXAS RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

The Houston East and West Texas Railway last Saturday accepted twenty-four miles of new road from Contractors Harding and Burns. Service will be at once extended over the new road from Thompson, the present terminus, to the Sabine River, opposite Logansport, La. Work has been resumed on the Sabine River bridge, the difficulties between E. L. Bremond and the receiver of the Shreveport and Houston Railway having been amicably settled, and it is now expected that trains will be running

THANSCONTINENTAL ASSOCIATION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 13.—It has been decided to hold the next meeting of the Transcontinental Railway Association in this city instead of Monterey. This is for the accommodation of the Eastern railway representatives. The meeting will open toresentatives. The morrow, Monday.

THE TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS ROAD.

In the case of the Central Trust Company of New York vs. the Texas and St. Louis Railway et al., Master Geo. H. Shields filed a report Saturday in the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis on the intervening petition of the Baltimore and Ohio Tele graph Company. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company have a contract with the receiver of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company to operate telegraph service along their line, and the master in his report their line, and the master in his report in the decree of sale that the road be sold which the text the text and the line of the sale that the road be sold which the text the text that the road be sold which the text the text that the road be sold which the text the text that the road be sold which the text that the road be sold which the text that the road be sold which the text the text that the road be sold which the text the text that the road be sold which the text the text that the road be sold which the text th subject to the contract and its obligations.

HASTENING TO HIS DEATH. A large, portly man, about 70 years of age, boarded the Illinois Central southbound train Saturday night at Sixteenth street, Chicago, very much excited and almost out of breath. The man's face was ghastly pale and immediately became a deep dark red. His head fell to one side and his form seemed to collapse and shrink. Trainmen and passengers sprang to his relief, but the man was dead. He was taken off the train at Twenty-second street and carried into the station. Mrs. Logan, of Hyde Park, was waiting at the station, and at once recognized the dead man as A. C. Boyd, of Worcester, Mass. The man's mysterious death has been partly explained by persons who saw him running to catch the train. He was late and ran across the lake train. He was late and ran across the lake front as he saw the train slacking up at the station. Being a stranger, he did not know of the existence of the wire fence along the track, and he did not see it in the dark. He ran full against the wires and was thrown backward to the ground by the recoil. He, however, picked himself up and got on the train, with the result above stated. He weighed nearly 200 pounds, and the exertion of running, together with the shock of this fall, probably brought on heart disease or appoplexy. Mr. Boyd leaves a wife and three married daughters in Worcester.

A FUNNY ACCIDENT.

Collisions are anything but amusing, but Receiver Callery, of the Pittsburg and Western, struck one of the funny kind not long ago. He was traveling over his own road with a private party, and when the crash came he was leaning over a chest, getting some eatables and drinkables. He made a headlong dive into its depths and the cover slammed down on him, fastening him firmly. Mrs. Callery made an aeriel, but dignified, flight through a window, and struck on the ground outside with nothing

bruises, and a Mrs. Robinson, traveling with the party, was jammed under a berth so tightly that she could not get out without assistance. Nobody was hurt, so when the ntary fright was over, they enjoyed a

IT JARRED OUT HER HAIRPINS.

The wife of an engineer on the Texas Pacific rode with her husband from Marshall to Dallas the other day. For that distance the train runs with great speed, at intervals fully a mile every four minutes. When she reached this city and dismounted from the engine, her friends who were to meet her in a chorus inquired: "Well, how did you enjoy it?" "Oh!" said she, "it was splendid, real exciting, but I haven't a hairpin in my hair." The jar of the engine had shaken all the hairpins out, so that her hair hung upon her shoulders.

PACIFIC AND GREAT EASTERN. The survey of the Pacific and Great Eastern Railroad was completed to Harrison, Ark., and will be continued eastward to Cottonwood Point, on the Mississippi River, which is intended as the eastern terminus The survey was commenced at Fayetteville, about seventy-five miles west of Harrison, and runs through the Counties of Washington, Madison, Carroll and Boone, and the towns of Hindsville and Carrollton. Nine miles of track has been laid between Fayetteville and White River, and the bridge over the White is about completed. The survey is being made under the personal supervision of H. D. Perkey, who is one of the projectors of the road. Mr. Perkey is well known in connection with the Denver Exposition and Belt Railway. He speaks very favorably of the country through which he has passed, and is especially pleased with Harrison and the surrounding country, and is hopeful of the early completion of the road to that place. The completion of this survey, together with the information that the Missouri Pacific Company is surveying a line from Carthage, Mo., to Batesville, Ark., which will pass through Harrison, and that Hon. Powell Clayton and R. C. Kerens are daily expected there to look after their interests, with a view of extending the Eureka Springs Road to Harrison, has caused quite a stir in real estate matters and given a new impetus to the growth of the city, which has been growing rapidly for the last three years.

THINKS HE WOULD EE CONSULTED. towns of Hindsville and Carrollton. Nine

THINKS HE WOULD BE CONSULTED. E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Company's lines, authorizes a denial of the statement going the rounds of the press that he is about to be promoted to the position of general traffic manager of the lines west of Pittsburg. He says if the management of these lines has concluded to bestow that honor upon him he has not been advised of it; and he has no doubt that if it was intended to make such doubt that if it was intended to make such an arrangement he would be consulted.

GALVESTON'S RELIEF FUND.

Statement of the Amount Received and From What Sources-The Irish Land League. Special to The News.

GALVESTON, Dec. 13.—A recapitulation of the relief fund subscribed for the sufferers from the great fire shows the very munificent sum of \$123,549 57, and from the way in which the subscriptions have been coming in for the past week it is evident that the maximum has about been reached. An accurate compilation of the contributions made shows the following results by States outside of Texas, and from the various cities in the State, the amounts sent from each State and city of Texas, being credited to said State or city, whether sent through organized agencies or by individuals:

	By States;		
	Texas	\$62,635	08
	New York	30,856	78
	Missouri	8,105	00
	Louisiana	6,497	45
	Massachusetts	3,083	
	Illinois	2,727	
	Pennsylvania	2,390	
13	Tennessee	1,499	30
	Kentucky	792	
	Ohio	686	
	Maryland	657	
	South Carolina		
	Maine		
	California	330	
20	Foreign	275	
	Kansas	258	
	Virginia	257	
	Mississippi	245	
	Washington, D. C	230	
	Florida		
	Georgia	175	
8	Indiana	125	
	Connecticut	110	
ŝ	Wisconsin	150	
ô	North Carolina	65	
ă	Rhode Island	55	
	Arkansas	51	
0	Dakota		
	Alabama		
Į.	New Jersey and Nebraska each	3	00

Florida	201
Georgia	175
Indiana	125
Connecticut	110
Wisconsin	150
North Carolina	65
Rhode Island	55
Arkansas	51
Dakota	50
Alabama New Jersey and Nebraska each	10
New Jersey and Nebraska each	3
The \$62,635 08 contributed from	Texa
came from the following sources:	
Galveston	\$42,366
Houston	4,767
Austin	3,263
San Antonio	3,174
Dallas	675
Corpus Christi	671
Brenham	477
Paris	420
Abilene	400
Brownsville	400
Weatherford	400
San Angelo	380
Fort Worth	329
Calvert	317
Waco	317
Denison	265
Victoria	256
Luling	250
Columbus	245
Marlin	210
Castroville	184
Gainesville	173
Coleman	172
Colorado City	168
Cuero	154
La Grange	148
Bonham	128
Schulenburg	125
Tyler	115
Halettsville	115
Marshall	
Channan	115
Sherman	100

Vaxahachie and Eagle Lake, each... lew Braunfels, Woodville, Ledbetter, Weimar, Hondo City, each,.... Vharton, Longview, Laredo, Belmont, Rockdale, Round Top, each....

The above amounts credited to the States are for the most part from the leading cities of the States, as for example Louisiana's contributions came mainly from New Orleans, Missouri's from St. Louis, New York's from New York City, Illinois' from Chicago etc.

THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

A meeting of the Irish National League of America occurred to-day in their hall above Mason's corner. The minutes of the last meeting were read, and after the usual routine business had been dispensed with an election of delegates to Chicago from this branch of the league was called, and resulted in the unanimous election of Thos. Googan and Gen. Malloy, the contest being between each with alternate votes. The delegates expect to leave here on Jan. 20 next for Chicago, for the purpose of being on hand to meet Mr. Parnell, who is expected to be there with a newly elected body of Irish members of Parliament. The meeting was characterized by the utmost harmony and order, and a good deal of work was accomplished.

STATE SPECIAL SELECTIONS

DRIFT CAUGHT IN THE NEWS DRAG NET.

All Sorts of Items of the Day Culled and Condensed from Every Point of the Compass in Texas.

Specials to The News.

CLEBURNE, Dec. 13.—The past week has been one of unusual gaity in this city. The mild weather with which we have been fa vered for some time past was utilized by the young people in various ways. Driving and riding has been largely indulged in, and so suggestive of summer has the condition of the weather been that several days ago a party of a dozen or more ladies and gentlemen ventured to the river on a gen-

The nominal object of the excursion was a pecan hunt, but nothing was said of pecans after the party left the limits of town. With the characteristic changeableness of Texas weather, the day, which in the morning promised to be a model one for such occasions, was rendered somewhat wintry by the arrival of a severe norther, which began to blow just about the time the gay piencers were preparing to return home. The drive home in the face of the wind put a decisive quietus on any sentimentality that might have been saved up for this portion of the day's enjoyment.

A surprise party at Mr. Robt. Boles' Tuesday evening was a decided success. A great many young people were present and enjoyed the occasion hugely.

Mrs. B. L. Durham gave a sociable last Thursday evening to her friends among the young people. It was a decided success in every particular. The time fleeted rapidly by, while music, card playing, conversation ing promised to be a model one for such

by, while music, card playing, conversation and other pleasant occupations contrived by the charming hostess made the entire evening one of continued enjoyment. At a seasonable hour the guests were invited to partake of a dainty collection of sweet-

meats.

The marriage of Mr. S. C. Paddleford and Miss Minnie Baird, which will take occur Wednesday evening, will be attended only by a small party of the most intimate friends of the contracting parties.

George L. Brown, of Fort Worth, was in the city to day.

the city to-day.

S. F. Moore, of same place, was also here.
It is rumored that no less than half a
dozen marriages will be consummated here in the near future.

Henrietta.

HENRIETTA, Dec. 13.—Clay County real estate is coming up in the market. Not for vears has there been the demand for land by the "man with the hoe" that now exists. Prospectors are arriving every day and land men, lawyers and county officials are almost daily in receipt of inquiries by mail from parties desiring to locate in Northwest Texas and many trades are being made Several Germans have already purchased farms and many more will be here before

County Judge P. M. Stine on the 5th inst. sold the old courthouse property at public auction and it was bid in by A. D. Goodenough for J. M. Gomer, of Galveston, and it is to be used as a church by the Germans. Workmen are already at work putting the

Workmen are already at work putting the building in order.

Clay County offers inducements to the farmers that are second to none in this section of the State, a rich soil and plenty of water and a climate that is "just right."

Clay County has suffered seriously from prairie fires during the past month or six weeks. First the fires that burned over the north part of the county, destroying thousands of acres of grass; then, about two weeks ago, a fire swept the south part of the county, consuming farm improvements, fences and a large amount of grain and forage, and, lastly, a fire northeast of town, which burned houses, stables, fences and crops, and rendered several families homeless. The exercise of reasonable care would have prevented much of the loss that less. The exercise of reasonable care would have prevented much of the loss that

has been sustained in this way.

Rain fell steadily during the greater part of the night and plenty of stock water

Albany.

ALBANY, Dec. 13 .- The members of the Methodist Church at this point are commencing the erection of a new and fine parsonage for their pastor, the Rev. J. A. Wallace, and the liberal manner in which said members and others have subscribed to the erection of the same is highly credit-

County Judge R. M. Norman has just returned from a tour of inspection of the public schools in the southern part of the county, and reports them as being in a favorable condition and well conducted by

their teachers.

Business in town is evidently looming up. Many farmers and stockmen can be seen daily on the streets.

Granville E. Waters, one of the County Commissioners and a large stockman, has returned from a visit to his old home in Ohio, and brought with him a lot of fine cattle, including some thoroughbreds.

Mr. Bayless, the representative of the Lamar Nursery, generously offered to plant \$10 worth of fine trees in the courthouse yard, provided citizens would also plant some, but they have evidently postponed until spring.

some, but they have evidently postponed until spring.

Probably parties in different parts of the Probably parties in different parts of the State are the owners of Shackelford County scrip; if so, anyone holding such scrip, of whatsoever class issued prior to Jan. 1, 1885, can have the same cashed on presentation to the County Treasurer, L. M. Keener. This does not include bonded indebtedness. In the course of three or four months

county scrip will be worth dollar for dollar. Stephenville.

STEPHENVILLL, Dec. 13.-H. H. Neill, Esq., and family left yesterday for El Paso, their future home. Mr. Neill and his excellent wife will be greatly missed in Stephenville. and the best wishes of his legal bretnren attend him to his future home.

Mr. McD. Reill, delegate to the grand lodge at Houston, has not yet returned. Mr. E. Nesbit, of Hardeman County, re-cently from Erath, is here on a business

trip.
The County Court has been slowly dispatching business the past week, the criminal docket occupying its attention. The defendants seem to be holding winning hands against the State.

BEDFORD PRAIRIE, Dec. 13 .- Cotton picking is about finished in this section, and ginning well up with picking. Shipments to date, about three hundred bales short of same date last year, with not over one-half the amount of cotton in the hands of planters as at this time a year ago. There has been no accumulation or delay in shipments this season here. Cotton has been moved promptly by the railroad.

E. W. Fagan has had his examining trial before Justice Ryan, of Paris, for the killing of Brantley, and was put under a bond of \$100.

A cold rain is now falling which will suspend the movement of cotton for some days.

Alvarado.

ALVARADO, Dec. 13 .- To-day has been intensely cold. A regular blizzard hhs been blowing all day from the north.

The business of Alverado has been very satisfactory throughout the past week The but dignified, flight through a window, and struck on the ground outside with nothing more serious than a few slight cuts and always cures them. Fifty cents a bottle.

Satisfactory throughout the past week The receipts of cotton have not been very large owing to the decline in the market. The owing to the decline in the market, The

farmers of this section will start into the New Year in better shape than for a num-ber of years past.

The fast increasing trade of Alyarado The fast increasing trade of Alvarado calls loudly upon the different railroads here for better facilities for handling freight. The depot building of the Missouri Pacific is inadequate, and it is hoped that before long a more commodious building will be erected.

Dr. St. John, R. M. Chapman and G. W. Cotter were in Dallas last week.

Col. F. M. Sansom and J. P. Robertson are in Fort Worth.

Mrs. Rawlings of Lancaster, has been

Mrs. Rawlings, of Lancaster, has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Schults, this week.
Mr. J. N. Lane, stock claim ageni for the
Missouri Pacific Road, was in town on business the past week.

DECATUR, Dec. 13 .- Ford, Weak & Johnston have made arrangements to ship a large quantity of coal from the Wise County coal mines to points north of here on the Fort Worth and Denver City Rail road. This will open up a new industry for this section, and it is to be hoped that it will prove remunerative to those who have opened up the enterprise.

There will be numerous Christmas trees, good dinners and social gatherings during

the holidays, and the youngsters are living in expectations.

Thorp Springs.

THORP SPRINGS, Dec. 13 .- Dr. M. L. Woods died this morning about 6 o'clock, aged 78 years 6 months and 12 days. His children have been telephoned at Fort Worth. His remains are to be interred in the Granbury

cemetery.
There is still some moving for the benefit of the schools at this place.
Prof. A. M. Morrison will preach in Wills Point Christmas day.
Charley McGaughey is in from Brown

Salado. SALADO, Dec. 13.—The much needed rain has come at last, and the ground is thoroughly wet once more. Wheat will now

come up, and the farmers will all be happy. Stock water will also be plentiful on the prairie farms.
S. C. Birdwell, a leading citizen, died last night of typhoid fever, after lingering about thirty lays. He leaves a wife and several small children and many warm friends.

THE TERROR.

He Was a Bad Man and Did Not Care to Die.

Detroit Free Press.

A burly form—a thick neck—face covered with bristles—hands covered with hair—a voice like the bellow of a bull-a natural swagger to his gait-eyes like a mad dog's -mouth no cleaner than a hog's-a bluster ing, roaring, malicious brute!

Such was the Terror. A mile away from the little town he halted his horse and braced his courage with half a pint of whisky. It was a fluid which would have killed a dog; he smacked his lips over it. He pulled out his revolvers and saw that they were loaded and in order. He drew his bowie knife from its sheath and tried the keen edge. He was going to capture the town and run

This thick-necked human brute, this swaggering, drunken, boasting, fighting beast, proposed to intimidate, overawe, shoot, slay and kill. The people had never seen him; he would show himself off. Some of them had never heard of him; he would see that they remembered his name and the

that they remembered his hame and the date of his visit.

In the town men were at work on the streets—in the shops. Women sat in their doors or passed to and fro. From the open windows of the schoolhouse came the voices of the children as lessons were recited. It

windows of the schoolhouse came the voices of the children as lessons were recited. It was an hour of peace.

"Yi! Yi! Yi! Shoot! Crack! Bang!" The Terror had struck the town. In five minutes he had captured it. Two men lay dead in front of the store—another at the door of the blacksmith shop—two more were groaning with grievous wounds.

"Whoop! waugh! Come out, ye skulks! I'm the only and original Terror! Hundreds imitate me—no one equals my style! Who owns this bloody town? Whar hev yer fightin' men hid away? Whoop! Heven't ye got a woman in this town who kin aim a gun? Waugh! ye set of babies!"

There was a woman. Her husband was the first man shot, and her eyes were upon him as he fell. She did not scream out or faint away. Her face turned whiter than chalk—she gasped for breath two or three times, and then her teeth shut hard. The sewing fell from her hand, and she rose, walked into the bedroom, and was back in a moment with a rifle. Kneeling down at the window she pushed the barrel over the sill, aimed straight at the Terror's head, and pulled the trigger.

"Whoop! Waugh! They call me the Terror! Come out and see me and shake—!"

He threw up his arms as the rifle cracked, and her devents."

He threw up his arms as the rifle cracked, and lurched out of the saddle to the ground, the bullet raking his skull. Three or four men ran to him at once, and finding that he was wounded and stunned they tied him count and fact.

was wounded and stunned they tied him stout and fast.
"Say, men," he called as his senses came back, "what does this mean? Come, untie me! I was only in fun, you know. I'm the best hearted fellow in the world; wouldn't

harm a chicken."
"You must die!"
It was the voice of the woman who fired the shot, and she still held the rifle in her hands. Twenty feet away was the lifeless

"You don't mean it!" gasped the Terror.
"You wouldn't murder me for my little
joke!"
"Get a rope!"

The voice of the woman had the ring of steel in it and her eyes had such a story, merciless look that men retreated a step. A

"For God's sake! don't murder me?" whined the Terror. "Oh! you won't—you can't—you don't dare to! I'm sorry I took your town—won't never do such a thing Say! you may have my horse and The woman made a noose with her own

'Throw the free end over that limb!" she "Oh! have mercy! I'm an innocent man! This woman is crazy—keep her away!" With her own hands she placed the noose over his head, and then stepped back and

"Oh! you musn't! I'm a bad man! I want time to repent! I can't die this—

"Pull him up!"
Twenty strong arms walked away with
the rope, and the Terror was pulled ten feet
from the ground. He kicked—struggled—
whirled 'round and 'round, and died the
death of a dog.

Not until all was over did the woman's
stony gaze leave his face. When the body
hung limp and lifeless she turned away,
walked over to that of her husband, and
sinking down beside it, she mourned and
wept and could not be comforted. She was
a woman again.

a woman again. Half a mile below the town is a head-board beside the highway. On it is en-

"THE TERROR."
"Humbled to the Dust by a Woman." And you have the story just as they told

A Buffalo preacher lately took as a sub-lect for a sermon: "The Duty of the Nation is the Education of the Freedmen." He should have said the "education of the ignoshould have said the "education of the ignorant." The freed man, made so by the Lincoln proclamation, is a little too old for school days, and his bureau was worn out years ago. The children of freedmen are getting their share of schooling in the South. If they are not getting it in Buffalo the good people of that city are to be blamed. Absolutely Pure.

A Gray Haired Squirrel.

Birmingham (Ala.) Age.
Mr. C. W. Williams killed a pure white squirrel on the Cahaba River, in Bibb County, a few days ago. The squirrel had been seen many times in the swamp by the negroes during the past few years, and they had looked upon it with superstition. A the same swamp, and the negroes rejoiced at its death. They believed it to be the ghost of a Confederate soldier who was murdered in the swamp during the war.

E. G. Thurmond has bought out the Little Casino Ranch property, etc., from Lieut. Collins for \$6900. This is a very prettily situated property.—Mobeetie Panhandle. Ladies' Kid Button Worked Holes \$150

Unexampled Offer.

For the next twenty days every purchaser of \$5 worth of goods from us will receive a ticket entitling him or her to one chance in a Victor Cook Stove or Heater, B. O. Wel-LER & Co., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

Lewis Bros. & Co., Boots and Shoes, 36 Elm street, Dallas, Tex.

For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Classified Advertisements. FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Several desirable city proper-ties and farms and one of the finest ranches within forty miles of Dallas on easy terms. Ellis & Pearce, 609 Main Street, Dallas.

TOR SALE—Valuable newspaper property in La North Texas town of 5000 inhabitants; to be sold on account of the death of the proprie-tor. Address A. M. LOCKETT, Cleburne, Tex. TOR SALE—Half block of well improved property, consisting of four cottages, one large stable, two cisterns and plenty of well water; always occupied by good tenants; healthy locality and good neighborhood. Terms reasonable. Apply to W. P. Siler, Grand Windsor Hotel.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city If property, two lots in the town of Lampasas, each 69x128 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 980 Main street, Dallas.

10 HOUSES AND LOTS—In different parts of the city, can be bought at a sacrifice for spot cash. See property. Address box 249, Dallas.

GOULD HOTEL at Hillsboro for sale or ren of on long time. I desire to sell on accoun of failing health. Good transient trade estab lished. Address J. I. KIRKSEY. FOR SALE—On Bryan street, house of eight rooms, lot 50x120 feet, cistern, etc.; house new and in the best of condition. This property is first-class in every way, centrally located, and can be had at a bargain. Terms easy. Apply to SIMPSON & HUFFMAN, 731 Elm street.

FOR SALE—By Murphy & Bolanz, 721 Main street, lot 25x100 feet on north side of Main street, west of Ervay street, with brick house renting at \$20 per month. Price, \$3000.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-Furnished room in private fam ily; one or two gentlemen; reference req. possession Jan. 1. Add. Box N, this office.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED. WANTED—To rent house of four or five rooms, within ten blocks of the Merchants Exchange. Address Box O., News office.

BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING.
WITH OR WITHOUT ROOM.
Apply 213 Ross avenue. SALOONS.

RESTAURANTS.

L ANG'S RESTAURANT—725 Main st.; open day and night; every variety of game and flish in season; meal tickets \$6 per week.

MASQUERADE COSTUMES.

An elegant assortment of masquerade costumes for rent by Mrs. Egger, No. 1410 Main st., near Union Depot.

WANTED-If you want work of any kind apply at the Intelligence and Employment office, 609 Main street, Dallas.

WANTED—A capable white woman for general housework in a small family. Apply to Mrs. C. H. Edwards, 1119 Commerce st.

WANTED—A woman to help with housework; good wages; no washing; 420 Bryan street. WANTED—Gentleman and lady agents to solicit orders for a line of the fastest selling household articles in the market. Liberal terms and permanent employment. Address Thayer & Hewlett, 932 Main street. WANTED-A good boy to deliver THE MORNING NEWS. Apply to A. F. WILMANS, at

WANTED-A GOOD BARBER. Address JAMES BENTON, Abilene, Tex

PIANO MANUFACTURERS. GEO. C. MANNER, 440 Collin st., cor. Orange, Dallas, Tex.,
Piano-Forte Manufacturer,
Formerly manufacturer of the Arion Piano in the city of New York. Specialty: Pianos tuned and repaired under guarantee.

SITUATIONS WANTED. WANTED—Copying to do at home, by a young lady who is a rapid and legible writer. Address Box M, this office. WANTED-By an experienced hardware clerk, A situation for the incoming year; references. Address Box R, News office.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—To form copartnership in the real estate business in Dallas with some man with extensive acquaintance. Ad. Box A News.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—At low rates, and on time to suit borrowers.

C. E. WELLESLEY,
Dallas, Texas MONEY TO LOAN—For long time at reason able rates, and in amounts to suit.

J. B. WATKINS L. M. CO.,
Dallas, Texas.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE BY

Classified Advertisements. PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

E. D. ANDRUSS-DENTIST, corner Elm and Murphy sts. (Reinhard building). Residence 1126 Main st.

ATTORNEYS.

CRAWFORD & CRAWFORD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

723 Main street,

DALLAS, TEXAS. PHILIP LINDSLEY—
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
735 (Lindsley Building), Main st., Dallas,
Gives exclusive attention to commercial and
corporation law in State and Federal Courts.

EDWARD GRAY.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Merchants' Exchange Building, Dallas, Texas. FRANK FIELD, Attorney at Law, Dallas, Tex. Practices in State and U.S. Courts. Special attention to commercial and corporation law.

W. T. ROBERTS,
LAWYER AND LAND AGENT,
GAINESVILLE, TEX.,
Has complete abstract of titles to Cooke BALL & BURNEY-

Attorneys at Law,
Colorado, Texas.
Special attention given to collections. BALLINGER, MOTT & TERRY,

ATTORNEYS AND

COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

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The poet laureate's last book, "Tiresis and Other Poem's," contains a number of new poems. It is dedicated "To my good friend, Robert Browning, whose genius and geniality will best appreciate what may be best, and make most allowance for what may be worst." One of the longest poems is in blank verse, in temperated with larges. Following is an expense of the longest poems. sed with lyrics. Following is an ex-

But vain the tears for darkened years, as laughter over wine,
And vain the laughter as the tears, O brother
mine or thine,
For all that laugh, and all that weep, and all

at breathe are one inple on the boundless deep that moves dall is gone.

uatrains given below are addressed to

O, follower of the vision still in motion to the distant gleams, er blind force and brainless will may jar hy golden dreams; owledge fusing class with class, of civic testence may be a class. Of love to leaven all the mass till every soul be yet like Nature would'st not mar by anges all too fierce and fast, ler of her human star, this heritage of

the past. Some of the most exquisite dialect poems are given, of which this bit may be taken as a specfmen:
Och, Mollie Magee, wid the red o' the rose an'
the white o' the May,
An' yer hair as black as the night an' yer eyes
as bright as the day,
Achora! yer laste little whisper was sweet as
the lit of a bird,
Acushla, ye set me heart batin' to music wid ivery word.

An' sorra the queen wid her scepter in such an illegant han';

An' the fall of yer foot in the dance was as light as snow on the lan'.

The few who find pleasure in speaking of the noble bard's decline will be silenced by the evidence contained in this book of the triumph of his genius over the encroachments of age.

APPELLATE COURTS.

will be furnished on application to THE NEWS pourt reporter, lock box 1450, Tyler, Texas.]

COURT OF APPEALS. Missouri Pacific Railway Company vs. W. T. Jackman et al, from Hays County. Hurt J.-Appelles shipped 1750 head of cattle over appellant's road from Kyle to Toyah, under a contract of shipment in which oceurs the following stipulations: "And for the consideration before mentioned said party of the second part further agrees that, as a condition precedent to his right to recover any damages for any loss or injury to said stock, he will give notice in writing of his claim therefor to some officer of said party of the first part, or its nearest station agent, before said stock is removed from the place of destination above mentioned, or from the place of delivery of the same to said party of the second part, and before such stock is mingled with other stock." This action is to recover as damages the value of twenty head of the cattle, which died in conse quence of the failure of the company to transport the cattle to their destination in a reasonable time. Appellant contends that because there was no notice as required by the above stipulations the appellees could not recover. The previous decisions of this court, and of the Supreme Court, holding such a stipulation in a contract for shipping live stock valid and reasonable, have been limited to contracts which were not to be performed entirely within this State, and and we are not willing to extend the rule. As the contract in this case was to be performed wholly within this State our statute controls it, and we hold that such stipulation is in violation of the statute, and, therefore, not binding upon the shipper. (Revised Statutes, article 278.) The judgment

J. R. Bailey vs. the State, from Hopkins County. White P. J .- It was charged in the indictment that the animal alleged to have been stolen was taken from the possession of the owner, W. H. Perkins. The evidence conclusively established that at the time of the taking W. H. Perkins, the owner, had been absent from home two months on business, and had taken his family with him; that before leaving home he had placed his cattle in charge of his mother, Mrs. E. J. Perkins, and his brother, Ed. that Ed. Perkins had the exclusive control and management of the cattle, subject to his brother's orders, and was to look after and feed them. Held: Under these facts, Mrs. E. J. Perkins and Ed. Perkins were the parties in possession of the animal when taken, and the indictment should have alleged a taking from their possession, and without their consent, or it should have al-

without their consent, or it should have alleged an actual ownership in W. H. Perkins, and that it was taken from the possession of Mrs. E. J. Perkins and Ed. Perkins, who were holding the same for W. H. Perkins, and that the taking was without the consent of all the parties. (18 Ct. App., 426, 434.) Because there was a fatal variance between the allegation and the proof of possession, the judgment is reversed and the cause remanded.

Seligman & Mayer vs. LeGierse & Co., from Wilbarger County. Hurt J.—Certain barroom supplies, constituting the property in controversy, were levied on as the property of D. G. Sullivan, to satisfy an execution issued upon a judgment recovered in Justice's Court in favor of appellants against D. G. Sullivan and D. Tompkins. Appellees made claim to the property through the County Court, and upon the trial of the right of property, claimed to have purchased the goods and that they were being held and sold on consignment by Sullivan. The court gave all charges asked by either party, and, among others, the following: "If you believe, from the evidence, that LeGierse & Co. did ship goods to the said D. G. Sullivan, and that said Sullivan did sell said goods on consignment for the account of LeGierse & Co., you will find for the defendants." The jury, believe that D. G. Sullivan did sell signment for the account of LeGierse & Co., you will find for the defendants." The jury returned the following verdict: "We, the jury, believe that D. G. Sullivan did sell goods under consignment, shipped him by said LeGierse & Co." Judgment was entered for LeGierse & Co., for the property and for costs, and that appellants take nothing by their suit. Held: The verdict is insufficient to support the judgment. There is no statement of facts in the record, and it cannot be determined whether or not the charge quoted was the law of the case; but, conceding its correctness, under it the verdict is insufficient, for it is not a finding for LeGierse & Co., nor is it equivalent to a finding that the property belonged to them. Reversed and remanded.

E. L. Antony vs. John G. Wilson, from Milan County. Hurt Justice.—Jan. 1, 1883, appellee rented to one J. H. R. twenty-seven and one-half acres of land for that year. R. owed appellee for this rent \$137.50 and \$63 for advances. After R. made his cotton

priori theories are, how apt to come to grief when they run bolt against statistics! So for advances. After R. made his cotton crop, it was gathered, carried to the gin, ginned and packed in four bales marked R. & W. While the cotton was still in the gin C., a constable, levied an execution in favor of L. & Bro. against J. H. R. on the cotton. The levy was made Sept. 8, 183. The cotton was taken by the constable to Cameron. Nov. 5, 183, the cotton was taken by the constable to Cameron. Nov. 5, 183, the cotton was taken by the constable to Cameron. Nov. 5, 183, the cotton was taken by the appellant. On the same day and before the sale, the Sher-iff-levied a distress warrant proceedings were returned to the County Court, and appellar returned to the County Court, and appelle recovered judgment against R. for \$200 50, with a decree foreclosing the lien on the cotton. Upon this trial appelle relied upon his distress warrant proceedings. Appellant relied upon his purchase from the constable. There was no contest over appellant's title through his purchase from the constable, who sold the cotton under the execution against R. They were all regular. When appelle extempted to maintain his right to the cotton by virtue of fisch and all of the proceedings in the case

of Wilson vs. R. because the whole proceedod. In December, 1883, there was filed in a case of W. vs. R. a waiver as lows: "I, J. H. Robinson, herewaive the issuance of citation d accept service in the case * * W. vs. R. * * and waive any formality that may appear in the papers. and accept service in the case of ** W. vs. R. ** and waive any informality that may appear in the papers of said cause now on file." This waiver and all other papers in the case were admitted over objection. Held: The proceedings in the distress warrant suit were up to, and at the time of, his purchase void, and no subsequent acts of appellee or R. could affect this title to the cotton, and the case must be determined upon the rights of the parties at the time of appellant's purchase. Appellant's title was, therefore, good, and was not affected by the distress warrant proceedings. There was not only no citation, waiver or acceptance of service, but the writ by virtue of which the cotton was seized by the Sheriff seems to have been intended for an attachment. It is not a distress warrant, and if intended as such, it is fatally defective. It reads: "The State of Texas, County of —, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Milam County, greeting: You are hereby commanded that you attach so much of the property of J. H. Robinson, if to be found in your county, repleviable on security as shall be of value sufficient to make \$200 50 and costs, to satisfy the demand of —, and such property so attached in your hands to keep and secure that the same may be liable to further proceedings thereon to be had at the next term of the County Court to be holden in said County of Milam, at the county aforesaid, on the first Monday of December, 1883, to own of Cameron, in the country aforesaid, on the first Monday of December, 1883, to uppear and plead to the complaint of the aid ————, when and where you shall nake known how you have executed this vrit." Judgment reversed and rendered or appellant.

writ." Judgment reversed and rendered for appellant.

J. S. Irvin vs. the State, from Montague County. White P. J.—Appeal from conviction of murder of second degree. The two different theories of the prosecution and defendant, insisted upon on the trial, are thus correctly stated: "The prosecution contended that appellant, acting in concert with his brother, Tom Irvin, and in pursuance of an agreement between them, brought on the difficulty which resulted in the death of J. W. Kerr, for the purpose of giving Tom Irvin an excuse or opportunity to murder said Kerr, and that therefore the appellant was as guilty as if he himself had fired the fatal shot. On the other hand, the defendant contended that he did not participate with his brother, Tom Irvin, in any design to kill or inflict serious bodily injury upon said Kerr; that while it was true that appellant did strike the first blow in the difficulty between the deceased and himself, which immediately preceded the killing, yet his only purpose in so doing was to inflict upon said Kerr personal chastisement for some real or supposed insult, and when Kerr and Tom Irvin became engaged in mortal combat, the appellant, then in good faith and at Irvin became engaged in mortal combat, the appellant, then in good faith and at the peril of his life, attempted to stop the shooting and to prevent either of said parties from killing are indication by the other.

inflicting bodily injury upon the other." ie points relied on for a reversal are: Overruling defendant's application for a ntinuance. 2. Defects in the court's continuance. 2. Defects in the court's charge. Defendant proposed to show by the ten absent witnesses named in the application for a continuance, the attendance of seven of whom it was alleged could not be procured by a postponement of the case to some future day of the term, that at the time of the fatal rencounter the defendant was not as testified to by several State's was not, as testified to by several State's vitnesses, armed with a pistol, and that frer the difficulty commenced he endeavered to prevent his brother and deceased rom shooting each other. Held: There can be no question as to the diligence used by defendant to secure the attendance of the testimony sought, to the defense, and the evidence was probably true. Though ome of the evidence may be cumulative answer to a first application for continuance. (13 Ct. App., 468; 17 Ct. App., 650; 18 Ct. App., 130; 5 Texas-Law Review, 544.) Though a first application for a continuance be in compliance with the statute, it is not a matter of right. Still the discretion exercised by the court in overruling it must be a sound one. (13 Ct. App., 287; 5 ust be a sound one. (18 Ct. App., 287; 5 exas Law Review, 471.) And especially hould a sound discretion be shown in con-ection with the overruling of such applinection with the overruling of such application when the court has a second time, in effect, overruled it in refusing a defendant a new trial after conviction. (C. C. P., art. 560; 18 Ct. App., 232.) The application should have been granted in the first instance, and error was again committed in overruling the motion for a new trial. "It is undoubtedly improper for a court to place, by frequent repetitions, too frequently before a jury, any principle of law involved in the case. (61 Texas, 144; 18 Texas, 401.) Especially is such a rule important in a criminal case in order to guard against creating an impression upon the minds of the jury as to what may be the opinion of the court with regard to the facts to which the principle is applicable. (7 Ct. App., 183, 332, 383.) A charge is also objectionable which presents the phases of the defense in a negative form only. A defendant is entitled to a distinct and affirmative, and not merely an implied or negative, tive, and not merely an implied or negative, presentation of the issues which arise upon his evidence. (7 Ct. App., 412; 9 Ct. App., 429; 15 Ct. App., 84; 18 Ct. App., 57.) Reversed and remanded.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Some Very Entertaining Reading as to Marriage and Stockings.

Boston Herald. The popular idea has long prevailed that the first year of married life is apt to be the most beset with the rocks and shoals, and that couples who get through this probation successfully are pretty sure to cleave to one another for the rest of the journeyvery much as the sound steamers, having once passed Hell Gate safely, find open water all the way to Stonington or Fall River. The idea certainly looks plausible, for why should not the pair of doting lovers who were finally married on the invincible conviction that the man had secured an angel and the woman a hero, be thrown into quite "a state of mind" on the latter finding how the angel can lose her temper and actually sulk, or how very unheroic the hero can show himself when the oatmeal porridge comes on to the breakfast table. It is in those days of high-wrought expectancy, the popular impression runs, that the blight of disappointment is felt most keenly, and that such couples as are unfortunate enough to own a copy of "Everyone His Own Lawyer" are secretly found conning its pages and dwelling most lingeringly on the section headed "Laws of Divorce." Alas! how futile a priori theories are, how apt to come to grief when they run bolt against statistics! So far from the tabulated columns of domestic infelicity showing that the first year of married life is ever the squally season, they prove overwhelmingly that only about the tenth year does the regular line storm and actually sulk, or how very un-

is as much their nature to as that of dogs to is as much their nature to as that of dogs to delight to bark and bite. Navigators and almanae makers would be put out if they did not, and city clocks would be of no more use than boys' pewter toy watches. But of all the aggravations of life, few are so exasperating as the man or woman who can always be relied on to come to time with the same old story, same old headache, same old complaint. Ah! if, by way of change, it were only for once acute colic instead of chronic headache! And just here comes in the real rock of shipwreck upon which so many marriages split. Nature abhors monotony, nature cries out for variety, and will have it by hook or by crook, by fair means or by foul. cries out for variety, and will have it by hook or by crook, by fair means or by foul. Even if people must have tantrums, they can at least indulge in a variety of tantrums, so that you can never be sure beforehand which species will crop out. Then there is at least something fresh and piquant to be on the look out for. Naturally and rationally a man who has married one woman of 20 wants to marry another of 40 and another of 50, and to

LIVE HAPPILY WITH EACH. Not that any Mormon doctrine is advocated here. The wife may be the same identical woman every time, only with a good deal of addition to her at each decade. Indeed, the only monogamy that is utterly intoler able is that in which the husband or wife thinks to be "married for life" on the strength of the sole physical, mental and moral capital that originally stood up in the bridegroom's patent leathers or the bride's satin slippers at the wedding ceremony. Polygamy with one wife, then, is an institution that has its legitimate claims. Every man in mature years ought to be able to look back upon a beautiful series of wedded unions, first with a blooming light hearted young creature, taking life on trust, then with an earnest, devoted mother, then with a sorrowing, heaven aspiring being who has stood with him at the graves of children, then with a strong sustaining helpmate whose higher courage supported him when the day of reverse came. It is because such numbers of men and women do not grow larger and richer, and so meet one another as fresh, new gifts of heaven when life's various vicissitudes open up, stale, flat and unprofitable to one another. This explains the meaning of the line storm that, as statistics show, prevails so disastrously about the tenth year of married life, when the monotony of living with a husband who is the same long worn out grind organ tune, without a variation, grows utterly intolerable, and the two fly asunder satin slippers at the wedding ceremony organ tune, without a variation, grows utterly intolerable, and the two fly asunder for a breath of relief.

LEE'S SADDLE.

A Contemptible Election Campaign Canard Completely Collapsed.

Richmond Dispatch. I asked Gen. Lee what were the facts as to the "treason-stained saddle," the socalled cavalry parades, the alleged display of Confederate flags and his appearance in Confederate uniform during his canvass He said that he was almost dumb with amazement that partisan malice and partisan ingenuity could go to the length of misrepresentation and falsehood which had characterized the descriptions of his campaign. He said the beginning of the horseback feature of his meetings and processions was at the Natural Bridge in Rockbridge County, on the 10th of September. When he arrived there two of his friends came to him and said: "The cavalry will turn out to greet you." This was the first intimation he had of anything of the kind, and he asked what was meant, as he did not know of any cavalry in that region. He was informed then that the citizens of that vicinity had organized an impromptu cayalry under the leadership of Capt. Davin, formerly of the French army, but now a naturalized citizen of Virginia. The mounted detachment which turned out on that occasion was composed of between 8:0 and 400 men, most of them young farmers, and he was quite sure there was not a dozen in the whole lot who had served in the Confederate army. in the whole lot who had served in the Confederate army. A horse, saddled and bridled, was tendered him and he rode at the head into Lexington. His cousin, Curtis Lee, who is the president of the college at Lexington, said that he was sorry that he could not come out to meet him, but he had sent him a saddle. Gen. Lee said it was possible that this saddle had belonged to Custis Lee's father, Gen. Robert E. Lee, but he did not know whether it did or fiot. he did not know whether it did or not. When Gen. Robert E. Lee died Custis Lee had sent to him, as he had sent to other members of the family, certain articles as mementoes. Those sent to him were a telescope, a saddle and a pair of riding gloves. The saddle, which had been presented to his uncle by some Texan admirers, was of costly material and workmanship, and it had been at home all the time he was away. The idea of mounted demonstrations, Gen. Lee said, originating with Capt. Davin, was adopted elsewhere, and from that time forward he was met at different points by friends on horseback, and a horse fully accourted was always provided for him. Of course, he rode a different saddle on each occasion. This was all there was in the "cavalry parades," and in his riding on his uncle's saddle. Gen. Lee said if upon any of these occasions there was a display of Confederate flags it had escaped his observation, but the flag of the Union was always conspicuous. It had also been said that he rode around in his Confederate uniform, and Judge Foraker had proclaimed that when he was nominated for Governor he had his picture taken in Confederate uniform and scattered over the State. These statements were as destitute of truth as the others. In 18st, at the Yorktown celebration, as brigadier general commanding the Virginia State troops he wore the uniform prescribed by law. After that celebration he wished to resign his commission in the State militia, but in deference to the advice of friends he vielded his own wishes. At the inauguration of President Cleveland last March he appeared in the procession in the same uniform which he wore at Yorktown, and afterwards at the request of some of his friends, he satin Washington for a photograph in his uniform. This was a picture circulated after his nomination for Governor and which Judge Foraker said was his Confederate uniform. After he came back from Washington he took off his uniform and said to his wife that he never intended to wear one again, and then sat down and wrote hi

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> COMMERCIAL. THE GENERAL LOCAL MARKET.

APPLES—Western \$3.25@3.75 \$\psi\$ bbl. Apple and peach butter by the barrel 8c \$\psi\$ b.

BACON—Short clear smoked 7c, short clear dry salt 6\psi_c, breakfast bacon 9\psi_c.

BAGGING AND TIES—BOSTON 1\psi_t b 11\psi_c, Southern 2 b 12\psi_013c, Empire 1\psi_t b 10\psi_c. Ties—Arrow, full length \$1.50.

BANAMAS—\$2.50@3.50 \$\psi\$ bunch.

BAKING POWDER—Standard goods in bs \$5 \$\psi\$ doz, Grape or Kitchen Queen in bs \$2.50.

BEANS—California in bags 4c \$\psi\$ b, hand picked medium 4c, Lima beans in sacks 4\psi_c.

BLUEING—Bag blueing 60c \$\psi\$ doz, 4 oz liquid 50c, pints 85c, Sawyer's \$3.50.

BEESWAX—Texas product 25c, refined Northern 50c.

rn 50c. Brooms—Dallas or Northern best \$3.50 \$\text{ doz},

BEESWAX—Texas product 25c, refined Northern 50c.

BROOMS—Dallas or Northern best \$3.50 \(\psi \) doz, medium \$2.25. common \$1.75.

BUTTER—Fresh country choice 22\(\alpha \) 30c, choice western dairy 20c, fancy creamery 30c.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Coopered Hime \$2 \(\psi \) bbl, in bulk \$1.35; plastering lath \$3.50 \(\psi \) M; goat hair 75c \(\psi \) bu. Cement, Rosendale \$2.50 \(\psi \) M; Louisville \$3.25, English Portland \$4.75, Michigan plaster \$4.50. The local lumber exchange in its new list gives a discount of 15\(\alpha \) 25 per cent to large orders for doors, sash and moldings. Rough lumber, per M, under 25 feet \$17.50, over 25 feet \$20; dressed on one side, clear \$22.25, do star \$20. do sheeting \$17.50, D and M flooring \$25, do star \$22.50, D and M ceiling \$15, 50, over 25 feet \$20; dressed on one side, clear \$22.25, do star \$22.50, D and M ceiling \$45, iding, native \$17.50, do \(\psi \) \$22.50, rough ceiling \$15, iding, native \$17.50, do poplar \$25, ceiling D and M, poplar \$25, cpoplar boards \$50; shingles, cvpress "O. K." \(\psi \) M \$4.25, do "Boss" and "Best" \$4.75; heart pine \$4, do \$P \$3.

CANNED GOODS—Apples, 3-B cans \$1.25 \(\psi \) doz, gallon cans \$3.25; blackberries, 2 \(\psi \) \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.20; raspherries, 2 \(\psi \) \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.20; raspherries, 2 \(\psi \) \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.20; raspherries, 2 \(\psi \) \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.20; raspherries, 2 \(\psi \) \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.57; oysters, 1 \(\psi \) full weight \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.57 (oz. 5 \(\psi \) \$5.50\(\psi \) 5.75; oysters, 1 \(\psi \) full weight \$1.10\(\psi \) 1.57 (oz. \$25 \) independent of the signal of the signa

2.15. CRACKERS—No. 1 X 5 ½ 0 \(\psi \) b. No. 3 X 6c, cream soda 8½ @9c. Excelsior P. O. 8c; ginger snans, No. 3 X 8½c; cakes and jumbles 12c, knick knacks 12½ @13c, alphabets 12c; cartoons, 10½ @12c. CHEESE—kull cream twins 13½c \(\psi \) b, Young America 13½c; cheeddar 12½ @13c. COAL OILS—Eupion in bbls 28c \(\psi \) gal, Brilliant in bbls 18c \(\psi \) gal, Eupion in 25 cans \$\$3.10, Brilliant in 2.5 cans \$\$2.10, Brilliant in 1 gal cans \$\$3.96, gasoline \$\$3.

soline 85. JOBFEE--Fair 10@10%c ¥ 15, prime 10%@11c, oice 12@13c, peaberry 13@14c, golden Rio 13@ ;, Mocha 23@24c, Java 19@20c. JOTTON SEED-At mills \$7 \$7 ton, for feed 12c

RANBERRIES-Cape Cod \$10 & bbl, bell and

nerry \$8.50.

OURRANTS—New crop in barrels 71/2 4 th, in alf barrels 71/2, in 50 th boxes 8c, old cooked ver 606%c. DRIED FRUIT—Apples, Alden's process evap-ated 90%c \$ 5, bright quarters 4%c; sliced eaches 5%66c; prunes 6%67c; dates in frails

peaches 5½@6c; prunes 6½@7c; dates in Iralis
7½c \(\psi \) \(\psi \) \\
\text{DRUGS AND OILS—Acids, benzoic, 21c \(\psi \) \(\psi \) \\
\text{carboic 40c \(\psi \) \(\psi \) \text{th, citric 56@60c \(\psi \) \text{b, gallie 18c \(\psi \) \\
\text{oz, salicylie \$2 \(\psi \) \text{b, tannic \$1.65 \(\psi \) \text{b, tartaric} \\
\text{powd 50c \(\psi \) \text{b. Alcohol \$2.35. Alum 3½@5c. Ammonia, carbonate 16c \(\psi \) \text{b, muriate cryst 15c.} \\
\text{Asafetida 20@30c \(\psi \) \text{b. Arrowroof 45c \(\psi \) \text{b.} \\
\text{Balsam, copaiba 45c \(\psi \) \text{b, fir 35@45c \(\psi \) \text{b. Cassia bark 12c \(\psi \) \text{b. Bay rum \$2\@3 \\ \psi \) \\
\text{gal. Cubeb berries 90c \(\psi \) \text{b. Biue this subnivate \$2.40 \(\psi \) \text{b. Blue mass 45c \(\psi \) \text{b. Blue vitrol 7010c \(\psi \) \text{b. Colornal, American 75c \(\psi \) \text{b. Cantharides, Russ an Po \$2.60 \(\psi \) \text{b. Chloral hydrate, fused \$1.50 \(\psi \) \text{b. cryst \$1.60. Chloroform 65@ 75c. Cinchonidia, 1 oz vials 25c, 5 oz cans 20c \(\psi \) \\
\end{arise} \(\text{cann the proper to the top of the proper to the top of the proper top of t

Ke \$0.00, I. T. Daked \$10; hard wood \$5.20 grd at cars
GLASS—Per box of 50 feet classes A or B 60
r cent off list price for single thick; for
uble thick 60 and 10 per cent off
GRAIN AND BREADSTUFFS—Wheat 75c for No 1
kass milling grade; corn. Texas sacks 40%41c,
shucks from wagon 32%34c; oats in sacks 24½
65/c,in bulk 2c lower; brun, at mills \$10 grad;
rn meal, fine bolted \$1 grewt; hominy and
its \$5 gr bbl; feed, chopped corn 90c growt,
copped corn and oats \$1.05 growt, corn bran
c grewt; graham flour \$2.25 grewt; hay, prai\$809 gr ton, millet \$10 gr ton.
GRAPES—Malaga \$8.50 gr bbl, domestic grapes GRAPES-Malaga \$8.50 & bbl, domestic grapes

out of market.

HAMS-13 to 15 hs average 10%c.

HARDWARE-Bar iron \$3, Norway Sc, No. 22

Excess this day last
Excess this day...

aged 20c. Call, French \$1.10\(^2\)\tilde{w}\) by American kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.20, French kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.45, American kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.20, French kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.45, American kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.20, French kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.45, American kip \$5c\(^2\)\(\tilde{s}\)1.50, 5 th pails \$7\(\tilde{c}\), 20 th pails \$7\(\tilde{c}\), 20 th pails \$7\(\tilde{c}\), 5 th pails \$7\(\tilde{c}\), 20 th pails \$7\(\tilde{c}\), 5 th pails \$7\(\tilde{c}\), 3 th pails \$8c.

LEMONS—Messina \$4.15 \psi box, Malaga \$4.25; supply good and demand active.

LYE—Western Union f. w. \$2.90\(^2\)3 \psi box; Philadelphia l. w. \$2.75. American f. w. \$3.75.

Liquors—Highwines \$1.00. Brandies, apple \$1.75\(^2\)3, peach \$2\(^2\)4, domestic cognac \$1.50\(^2\)3, imported brandy \$4.50\(^2\)10. Brandies \$1.50\(^2\)3, imported brandy \$4.50\(^2\)10. Whiskies XX \$1.50, XXX \$1.55, western \$1.40, rye \$1.50\(^2\)35, Scotch imported \$5\(^2\)3, imported \$5\(^2\)7. Whiskies XX \$1.30, XXX \$1.55, western \$1.40, rye \$1.50\(^2\)35, Scotch imported \$5\(^2\)0. Spring of \$2.\$2.25. Clarets, California 70c\(^2\)81, Zinfandell best \$9c\(^2\)81, 31; imported \$7\(^2\)82, Wask; Medoc, quarts \$6.50, pints \$7.50; Chateau Bouliac, quarts \$8. pints \$9. California claret, quarts \$4, pints \$5. California hock \$1\(^2\)0.70 and \$2.20 \psi bland, quarts \$22; Krug & Co., pints \$30, quarts \$27; dry Verzenay, pints \$30, quarts \$28; Cook's Imperial, pints \$18, quarts \$16; California Eclipse, pints \$18, quarts \$15. Cider \$7.50 \psi bland Molasses—Choice 55c, prime \$5c, fat \$5c.

) # bbl

OLASSES—Choice 55c, prime 45c, fair 35c

UTS—Almonas 22c # b, filberts 15c, Brazil

s. 11c, new pecans 4½c, cocoanuts \$5@6 #

or \$2.50 \(\psi \) 100.

POTATOES—St. Louis potatoes in bulk sell at 55c per bu. Michigan crop in sacks 90c per bu. Discount for carloads 10@20c.

POULTRY—Mixed coops of chickens \$2.25@2.50; turkeys 65@80c, outside rates for grown gobblers; geese \$5 \(\psi \) doz.

POWDER—Rifle and shotgun \$3.50 \(\psi \) keg, blasting \$2, Eagle ducking \$3.50 \(\psi \) keg.

POTASH—Babbit's (2) cases \$2@2.15, Union (4) \$2,50@2.75.

ROPE—Sisal ½ inch basis 9½c \$\psi\$ b, cotton rope 17c.

RAISINS—California London layer \$\$\psi\$ box, Spanish London layer \$\$\$,75, Muscatel \$\$\$
SARDINSS—French \$13, American \$8.
SAUERKRAUT—\$\$.75 \$\psi\$ bbl, \$\$\psi\$ bbl.
SWEET POTATOES—60065c \$\psi\$ box.
STARCH—Royal gloss. 6 \$\psi\$ boxes 6½06½c, 3 \$\psi\$
5½05½c, 1 \$\psi\$ 5½06c, bulk 4½0½c; Pearl 3½04c.
SODA—Bicarb, in kegs 4½05c \$\psi\$ b, 1 \$\psi\$ packages 5½06c; sal soda 2½03c.
SALT—Michigan flat hoops \$2.2502.35 \$\psi\$ bbl;
Louisiana fine \$2.1502.25, coarse \$1.3002.
SPICES—Black pepper in grain 18020c \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$, salspice in grain 16c; ginger in grain 14016c;
nutmegs 65c.
SUGAR—Plantation granulated 7½c, standard nutmegs 65c.

SUGAR—Plantation granulated 7½c, standard tranulated 7½c, cut loaf 8½@8½c powdered ½@8½c; new crop, white clarified 7½c, yellow o 7c, choice 0 K 6½c, prime 6½c.

SCRAP IRON—Wrought \$7 \$\forall \text{ton}, heavy castigs \$10@11, store plate \$7@8, pig iron (Scotch) o. 1 \$14.50.

Tallow-Local product 4%c, country cakes TEAS—Gunpowder 35@50c # t, Imperial 40@ 30c, Oolong 35@50c VEGETABLES—Good western cabbage \$2.50 \$200 crate, or \$13.50 \$200 WOOL—Nominal; no transactions.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET. NOTE—All sales of stock in this market are made # cwt, live weight, unless otherwise stated. Butchers' animals are firm and hogs

DESCRIPTION. Medium. Good to extra.	in good demand.				
Steers. \$2,35@ 2.40 \$2.50@ 2.75 Feeders 1.90@ 2.40 2.45@ 2.76 Cows. 1.50@ 2.00 2.23@ 2.50 Bulls. 1.00@ 1.25 1.25@ 1.50 Veal calves. 3.00@ 3.50 3.50@ 4.00 Milkers, \(\psi\) head. 20.00@30.00 30.00@35.00 Hogs— 2.75@ 2.90 3.00@ 3.25 Light weights 2.75@ 3.00 3.00@ 3.25 Stock hogs. 1.50@ 3.00 3.00 Sheep— Natives. 1.75@ 2.00 2.25@ 2.50	DESCRIPTION.	Medium.			
	Steers. Feeders Cows Bulls Veal calves Milkers, # head. Hogs— Packing and shipping. Light weights Stock hogs. Sheep—	1.90@ 1.50@ 1.00@ 3.00@ 20.00@ 2.75@ 2.75@ 1.50@	2.40 2.00 1.25 3.50 30.00 2.90 3.00 2.00	2.45@ 2.25@ 1.25@ 3.50@ 30.00@ 3.00@ 3.00@	2.70 2.50 1.50 4.00 35.00 3.25 3.25 2.50

FORT WORTH MARKET REPORT. FORT WORTH, Dec. 12.—The bad weather toa depressing effect on our local the business transacted by the

trade, though the business transacted by the retailers has been very good. In jobbing cir-cles very little business has been done. Cotton market dull; receipts to-day were very light, not amounting to over 40 bales; low middling 7.90c, strict low middling 8c, midlow middling 7.90c, strict low middling 8c, middling 8.20c, strict middling 8.30c, good middling 8.35c.

COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Dec. 12.-The week ends with general business fairly active on orders from the interior and a free movement of goods out. continue dull and lifeless. Liverpool reduced middling Orleans 1-16c to-day. Charleston de-clined 1-16c for the line. The Galveston marerpool futures closed firm at about yesterday's

erpool futures closed firm at about yesterday's quotations. New York futures are from 1 to 2 points lower for all months except September, which is 1 point higher. New Orleans futures are unchanged for all months except September, which is 1 point higher.

Cotton compressed in Galveston yesterday is reported as follows: Factors' press 283 bales, Gulf City press 757 bales; total bales compressed yesterday 1039.

Galveston stock this day 101,163 bales, same date last year 81,062; in compresses this day 51,678, same date last year 36,820; on shipboard this day 49,485, same date last year 41,242; receipts thus far this season 476,240, same date last year 356,477.

GALVESTON SPOT COTTON.

GALVESTON SPOT COTTON. HOUSTON COTTON MARKET.

Houston, Dec. 12.—Tone easy. Sales 2,213 ales. Ordinary 7c, good ordinary 8c, low midling 8%c, middling 8%c, good middling 9%c, siddling 6 for 94%c.

· Demo	MID	DLING.	Sales
Tone	To-da	y Yest'y	
Liverpool Dull	5 1-1	16 5 1-16	6.00
Galveston Dull	87%	8%	25
NewOrleans Dull, eas	V 834	834	2,25
Mobile Quiet	834	834	50
Savannah Quiet	85%	8%	1,00
Charleston. Quiet	8 13-1	6 87/8	25
Wilmington Quiet	8%	8%	
Norfolk Dull	9	9	1,56
Baltimore Dull	914	914	42
New York Quiet	914	914	24
BostonQuiet	91/2	93/3	
PhilaDull	9%	95%	
Augusta Quiet	85%	85%	89
MemphisQuiet	8%	834	3,35
St. Louis Easy	8 13-1	6 8 13-16	2,44
RECEIPTS AT UN	TTED STA	TES PO	RTS.
Galveston			
New Orleans			15.51
Mobile			
Savannah			5.50
Charleston			
Wilmington			59
Norfolk	40.14		3.15

Receipts thus far this week.....
Receipts same time last week....
Receipts same time last year....
Receipts this day..... 41,269 40,453 36,613 41,269

.2,946,381 .3,098,493 . 152,112 15,267 970,464 912,425

asked, June-July 5.16d bid, July-August 5.20d asked.

HAVRE, Dec. 12.—Spots quiet but easy; tres ordinaire 63%, low middling afloat 63%, low middling loading 63%. Futures steady; December 59%, January 59%, February 60, March 60%, April 61, May 61%, June 62.

New York, Dec. 12.—Futures opened dull and easy, ruled dull and closed dull; December 9.19@9.21c, January 9.80@9.31c, February 9.42@9.33c, March 9.54@9.55c, April 9.66@9.67c, May 9.77@9.78c, June 9.88@9.89c, July 9.98@90c, August 10.06@10.07c, September 9.77@9.78c, October 9.55@9.56c, Sales 50,300 bales.

New Orleans, Dec. 12.—Futures opened barely steady and ruled dull and closed dull; December 8.61@8.82c, January 8.86@8.87c, February 9.03@9.04c, March 9.14@9.15c, April 9.28@9.29c, May 9.42@9.43c, June 9.56@9.57c, July 9.88@8.9.69c, August 9.72@9.73c, September 9.36@9.37c; sales 14,500 bales.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK MONEY AND STOCK MARKET. NEW YORK, Dec. 12.-Money closed at easy

rates, viz: 1%@2 per cent. Exchange closed firm; posted rates \$4.84%@ 1.87, actual rates \$4.83%@4.84 for sixty days and \$4.86%@4.86% for demand.
Government bonds closed firm; currency 6's

125% bid, 4's coupons 123% bid, 4%'s coupons The stock market this morning was active

out irregular, and some of the leading speculatives showed unmistakable signs of manipulation. The market opened generally fractionally higher, but before the first call a trade in Lake Shore on a report that the directors of that company were considering a scheme for the issuance of \$25,000,000 bounds for the purpose of taking up the Nickel Plate bonds. This report caused sharp selling of the stock, which resulted in weakening the whole list, prices at noon showing a fractional decline from the closing of last night in a majority of instances. Burlington and Quincy was notably strong, advancing 2½ per cent, to 137, it is believed on manipulation. The most active stocks were Lake Shore, Lackawanna, St. Paul, Union Pacific, Erie, Kansas and Taxas and New York Central, 201,000 out of a total sale of 264,000 shares being made up of the stocks named. The market continued feverish and weak throughout the afternoon, and prices went gradually lower. During the last hour there was a heavy selling of the whole market, which carried prices down to the lowest of the day. The decline was general, extending to the entire list, and ranged from ½ to 3½ per cent, the latter in Pacfic Mail. The specialties were weak, in sympathy with the general list, and closed lower. The sales to-day aggregated 575, \$21 shares.

Pacific Mail 62% M., K. & T. 30
Western Union 72% N. Y. Central 192% C. and N. W. 106% N. Pacific common 27% C. and N. W. 106% N. Pacific common 27% C. M. & St. P. 129 N. Pacific preffd. 60
C., B. & Q. 135% Phil. & Reading 193% C. M. & St. P. 92% St. L. & San Fran . 24% Delaware, L. & W. 126% St. L. & S. F. pref. 95% Lacks Shore. 83% W., St. L. & P. 99% Louisy, & Nashy. 48½ Wabash pref. Missouri Pacific. . 104% EXCHANGE AT GALVESTON.

Buving. Selling. atives showed unmistakable signs of manipulation. The market opened generally fraction-

EXCHANGE AT GALVESTON.

	Sterling, 60 days	4.83
	New York, sight % dis	% pre
	New Orleans, sight	% pre
	American silverpar	par
	LONDON MONEY MARKET.	
	To-day, Yes	sterday.
	Bank rate of discount 3	3
	Rate of silver 47 3-16	47 3-16
	Consols for money 99 5-16	991/6
	EXCHANGE AT NEW YORK.	
	Buying.	Selling.
ı	Sterling-Bank, 60 days.,4.84%	
	Commercial, 60 days4.8234	4.83
	Francs—Bank, 60 days	5.20%
1	Commercial5.221/2	
	Reichsmarks-Com'l, 60 days 94% @9	4 15-16
	EXCHANGE AT NEW ORLEAN	8.

GENERAL TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Wheat has been very inactive to-day, as hardly any outside orders came in, and local traders seem disposed to do as little as possible. Cables were dull and some private dispatches said lower. Eastern markets were quiet. Some wheat was bought by Crosby for Minneapolis account, but nearly all the trading was for home account. The market closed steady at about yesterday's average price.

Corn ruled dull and was firmer earlier for January and May, but later the feeling was easier and the price fell off a trifle. There was but a small amount of trade in anything and the market closed steady and quiet.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—December 86½c, January 86½e February 87c, May 92½@92½c.

Corn—December 40½c, January 38‰c, May 40½@40½c.

Oats—December 28‰c, January 28‰c, May 31½c.

ST. LOHIS GRAIN MARKET. OHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

1%c. ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET. St. Louis, Dec. 11.—Wheat lower, dull cables, the probable peaceful settlement of the Euroean war question, with lower markets elsewhere, caused a decline of #c early in the day, he sayly to flaward recovering #c and then where, caused a decline of %cearly in the day, the market afterward recovering %c and ther ruling steady, closing %c below yesterday's close. Corn firmer, with May %c and other months %c better, but quiet. Oats firm. Closing prices: Wheat—January, 35%c; February, 37%c; May, \$1 °2%. Corn—January, 34%c; February, 35c; May, 87%c. Oats—May, 31%c.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET. KANSAS CITY GRAIN MAKKET.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 12.—Wheat weak; No. 2 red, cash 69@69%c; January sales at 71½; February 73%e bid, 73%e asked; May 79%@81%c; No. 2 soft, cash 82%e bid, 84c asked.

Oorn weak; No. 2 cash 27c bid, 27%c asked; May 31%c bid; No. 2 white, cash 27e bid, 28c asked;

Oats-No. 2 cash 26c bid, 26%c asked. NEW YORK GRAIN MARKET. NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Wheat opened 140% ower, afterward ruled stronger and reacted bout 15c with a moderate business; January 15c, February 961,0981c, March 981,0981c, Corn %@4c better; mixed western, spot 40@ 54c; futures 404@51%c. Oats firm; western 36@41c.

NEW ORLEANS GRAIN MARKET.

HAY STEADY AT \$11/001, Drime \$14/0016.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK MARKET,

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 12.—Cattle—Receipts 650
head. Some extra prime exporters here not
sold yet, \$6.50 offered for them; good cattle of
all kinds steady.

Hogs—Receipts 8078 head; quality good;
market active and higher; choice heavy \$3.70\omega\$
3.80, good packers \$3.50\omega\$.70; all sold.

CINCINNATI GRAIN MARKET. CINCINNATI, Dec. 12.—Wheat firmer; No. 2 red

Corn firmer; No. 3 mixed 35%c. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 31c. ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 12.—Cattle—Export steers \$5\pi\$
5.25, good to prime \$4.5\pi\@4.90, fair to medium
\$4.15\pi\@4.40, common natives \$3.5\pi\@4, fair to good
Colorado \$3.4\pi\@4.50, southwest \$3\pi\@4.25, light to
good stockers \$2.25\pi\@2.75, fair to good feeders
\$3.3\pi\@3.75, native cows and heifers \$2.25\pi\@3.50,
grass T\pi\xans \$2.40\pi\@3.25, grass Indian cattle \$2.60
\@3.65, native and T\pi\xas \text{bulls \$1.90\pi\w2.35, scalawags of any kind \$1.50\pi\w2.
\text{Hogs—Receipts 3049; market active at an advance; Yorkers \$3.55\pi\w3.60, packers \$3.70\pi\w3.80,
\text{butchers to best heavies \$3.85\pi\w3.90.}
\text{CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.}

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET. CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Cattle—Receipts 1500 head; narket steady; Christmas steers \$6@6.50, beef attle \$3.50@5.25, butchers \$1.50@4, stockers \$2.25 #4.60.

Hogs—Receipts 25,003 head; prices 5@10c higher; light \$3.50@3.90, rough packing \$3.60@3.80; heavy packing and shipping \$3.80@4.

Sheep—Receipts 500 head; market strong; common \$2@3, good to extra \$3.25@4; lambs \$3.50@5.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET. ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 12.—Provisions—Market strong and higher; good demand for up-country product, but offerings moderate and sellers irm in their views. The southern demand was curtailed materially by the close of navigation. Pork—Standard old mess \$9.25, new \$100^10.25. Lard—Prime steam nominal at \$5.90\overline{\sigma}5.95. Dry Salt Meats—Loose shoulders \$3.60, longs \$4.85, clear rids \$4.95, short clear \$5.10. Bacon—Loose clear ribs \$5.60, short clear \$5.75. Whisky unchanged.

NEW YORK PROVISION MARKET. NEW YORK, Dec. 12.-Beef dull; new extra mess \$10.
Pork—New mess \$2.75@10.25.
Lard higher and firm; steam rendered \$6.42½.
Sugar firm; crushed 7%c, powdered 7%@7%c, granlated 7c.

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET. CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Provisions were active and them after strong, the advance of yesterday afternoon be was hurt.

ing fully sustained. The market was broken a trifle several times by local traders, but closed

firm.

Pork—December \$9.20, January \$10.07%, February \$10.20, May \$10.52%.

Lard—December \$6.05, January \$6.12%, February \$6.20%6.22%, March \$6.30, May \$6.47%.

Short Ribs—December \$4.90, January \$5, February \$5.07%, March \$5.15.

CINCINNATI PROVISION MARKET.

CINCINNATI PROVISION MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 12.—Flour steady and unchanged; family \$4@4.30, fancy \$4.50@4.70.

Provisions nominally unchanged.

Pork quiet at \$10.15.

Lard steady at \$6.05@6.15.

Bulk meats quiet; short ribs, partly cured, \$5.

Bacon scarce and firm; short clear \$6.25.

Whisky active at \$1.09.

NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 12.—Flour dull and prices nominally unchanged; fancy \$4.90.

Cornmeal quiet at \$2.

Pork firm; stock light at \$9.874@10.

Cut Mears—Shoulders \$3.85, sides \$5.12½@5.25, long ciear sides \$5.87½@6.

Hams—Choice sugar cured \$10@10.50.

Lard—Refined tierces \$6.25, packers' tierces \$5.37½.

GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.
GALVESTON. Dec. 12.—Coffee—Market active and firm. Quotations are: Ordinary 9@9%c, fair 9%@9%c, prime 10%@10%c, choice 11@11%c, peaberry 12%@12%c, Cordova 12%@13c, oid Government Java 21%@25%c, according to grade. Importers of Rio coffee fill orders for round lots at the following prices: Fair 8½@8%@8%c, good 9%@9%c, prime 9%@9%c, choice 10%@ 10%c, peaberry 11%@11%c.
Sugar—Market strong and active. Round lots quoted by plantation agents as follows: Louisiana pure white 6%c, choice off white 6%c, vellow clarified 5%@5%@5%c, according to grain and color. Northern refined firm; wholesate grocers quote as follows: Orushed and cut loaf 8%@8%c, powdered 8@8%c, granulated 7%@8c, standard 4 7%@7%c, off 47%@7%c.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES. GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Coffee for futures soid as follows: Noon: December 6.75, January 6.75c, February 6.80c. Closed: December and January 6.75c, February 6.80c.

MARINE.

GALVESTON, Dec. 13.—The Norwegian bark Haminaja, Capt. Jahnsen, arrived from Barbadees to-day and came inside; the British bark Roma, Capt. Pepper, from London, also arrived to-day and came inside.

The following vessels sailed to-day: Bark Stanbo, Capt. Christophersen, for Cork, with 4632 sacks oil cake; bark Christine Elizabeth, Capt. T. Maguesen, for Leith, with 3374 sacks oil cake; schooner Susie H. Davidson, Capt. W. H. Corson, for Philadelphia, with a cargo of ones, etc.; schooner E. B. Leisenring, Capt. N. A. Davidson, for Wilmington, Del., with a cargo of old iron.

THE BEARS HAVE THE BEST OF IT. They Were the Leaders in the Chicago

Wheat Pit All Last Week. CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—The "bears" in the wheat pit on 'change have been in the lead during the past week. About all the outside news has been in sellers' favor, and yet, in spite of a heavy increase in the visible supply, lower cables, idle mills, Vanderbilt's death and a consequent fear of business depression, the deal has shown a strong undertone throughout and values do not close materially lower than seven days ago. Still the market is by no means buoy ant, and a constant exercise of muscle by Bloom, Wm. Baker, Ream and other strong holders, together with a steady flow of war news, is required to brace it up. The bulls, however, argue that if they can but tide over the interval between this time and the holidays, limited farmers' deliv-eries and a rapid shrinkage in stock in sight will give them all the leverage necessary to send prices kiting. On the other hand, at present prices the difference against Chicago, based on Liverpool quotations, is about 10 cents per bushel, and as the amount afloat has shown a big increase, despite a light movement from this country, and private cables declare that Europe can get along without a bushel of American wheat, there is certainly not much encoursupply will show at least one more increase, and that it will be a heavy one. Hence, with the exception of the Bulgaro-Servian difficulties, which are a constant menace to 'short'?' salars and the createst of the constant that the visible supply salars and the createst of the constant that the visible supply salars and the createst of the createst

agement to be derived from that quarter. Local statisticians estimate that the visible difficulties, which are a constant menace to "short" sellers, and the strong financial backing which the long side is acknowledged to have, receipts are the chief item in holders' favor. These are light everywhere, but shipments are also light, and the crowd are inclined to believe that farmers' deliveries are merely temporarily shut off by the bad weather. The representatives of the Northwestern Miller's Association are apparently very buller's Association are apparently very bull-ish, and Fillsbury, of "Fillsbury's Best" fame, when on the floor yesterday, gave it as his opinion that farmers in the spring wheat section held only about 25 per cent of wheat section held only about 25 per cent of the crop, and that they were unwilling to sell at present figures. Speculators have been misled so often, however, that many dealers now religiously believe that the Minneapolis wheat grinder's "tips" should always be "coppered." The great question of the future is, "Will the surplus now in the Northwest circ out before prother har. the Northwest give out before another harvest?"

"Year" corn is undoubtedly cornered, but the deal looks rather tired. McCormick, Kenneth & Co. hold the reins, but it is doubtful whether the "short" interest is large enough to make a squeeze profitable. Hence many good men believe that recent weakness is due to an attempt of the manipulators (who are also hampered by a quarrel among themselves) to get out. In any case parties having corn for sale would do well to get it forward to take advantage of this monthly prices.

this month's prices.

Provisions are slow. Packers appear indifferent, but some good judges think at present quotations product is relatively much lower than the live hogs.

East Texas Conference Proceedings.

Special to The News. BEAUMONT, Dec. 13 .- The motion to recommit the report on temperance, leaving out all reference to politics and politicians, was

The vote not to dispense with the word "South" in the name of the church, was unanimous.

Palestine was selected as the next place of meeting.

Three hundred and twenty-five dollars were raised for the Paine Colored Institute n Georgia. H. W. Hawkins was received from the H. W. Hawkins was received from the Cumberland Presbyterian Church.
T. S. Garrison and T. W. Ford were elected lay delegates to the General Conference and R. S. Finlay and John Adams clerical delegates.

James N. Bridges, at his own request, was located

The usual vote of thanks was passed.

McKinney, Dec. 13.—Bud Wilson was committed to jail this morning charged with the theft of a bale of cotton from Greer Bros. & Shirley. The theft was a

bold one, the cotton being taken from the platform at Anna. Wilson has made differ

platform at Anna. Wilson has made different statements implicating others.
A cold rain fell yesterday, followed this morning by a cold norther.
Inclement weather prevented a meeting of the Literary Society last night.
A movement is on foot to hold the next one at the opera-house.
Mrs. T. F. Mangam, of Alabama, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. S. Lausdale.
There is to be a grand ball at Shain's Opera-house on Dec. 24.

DENISON, Dec. 13.-A number of small burglaries have been committed within the last few days. No arrests as vet. The party who followed the desperadoes

Meadows and Shorty, who escaped from White Bead Hill, I. T., after the fight with United States Marshal Dwyer and posse, near that place, evertook and captured them after a sharp fight in which no one

A WEEK OF WICKED WEATHER

UNSETTLES CHICAGO'S CATTLE MARKET.

Poor Demand for Any Grade Except Gilt-Edge Butcherings-Stock Trains Snow-Bound and Straggling-Closing Quotations.

Special to The News.

Chicago, Dec. 13.—The cattle market during the past week has been somewhat unsettled, owing to the stormy weather and consequent irregular arrival of trains, but trade has generally been very unsatisfactory to sellers, especially toward the close of the week. On the early days receipts were pretty light, and as it looked as though Western shippers had been rendered more cautious by recent unpleasant experiences, the movement was active at rather firmer prices. At Liverpool the supplies were scanty and prices advanced 1c. to 15c., which was the highest figure quoted for months. New York reported offerings large, but with a brisk demand for good grades. Hence exporters took hold well for so late Hence exporters took hold well for so late in the year, and Eastern shippers were good buyers, although the best demand continued to come from the Chicago dressed beef interest. The feeling was firm, particularly for desirable lots, and in some instances prices were higher. Some choice 1580 pound Colorados brought \$5.65.

Cows and mixed lots ruled steady, canning establishments and city butchers being good customers. A few Texas canning cattle dropped in each day and sold fairly well.

Trade in stockers and feeders averaged

ning establishments and city butchers being good customers. A few Texas canning catted cropped in each day and sold fairly well.

Trade in stockers and feeders averaged very light. Few country buyers were here, and while the supplies of choice thrifty feeding steers was hardly equal to the demand, common light cattle were plenty and not wanted.

As the week advanced there was a sudden and decided change in the situation. The weather became wet and disagreeable, and snow bound trains came straggling in at all hours. Offerings were excessive and the demand only moderate. Some few choice lots went at only slightly lower rates, but holders of common to medium grades had difficulty in finding purchasers even at a decline of 10@16c. The market was very irregular, and it frequently happened that when two bunches were the same in weight and quality there was 15c difference in the price realized. Then coarse cattle were not wanted even at big concessions.

Cows and mixed lots were freely offered, but there were none too many for the demand, and good lots were steady, though common stuff was about 10c. off in sympathy with the decline in shipping stock. But, as a salesman remarked, "There are lots of these scraggy old cows that always sell for more than they are worth, because they are hardly worth anything." Texans were in limited supply and steady.

Stockers and feeders were slow at lower prices. Some Eastern buyers put in an appearance, but the chief inquiry was for good, strong feeding steers, and common to fair light cattle were exceedingly low.

Toward the close of the week the market grew steadily worse. Receipts were heavy, and when coupled with the large number of stale cattle left in the pens each night, made the supplies overwhelming. There was a pretty good assortment of good to prime cattle, but the common to medium lots were the kinds that were so abundant, and rates tumbled down another 10@15c., with the feeling pretty weak at that, with every prospect of a further break next week unless country dealers cu

ment. Buyers did a good deal of looking around, but were slow to make bids. Offer-ings of young cattle were large and chiefly of common to fair light qualities. Closing quotations range as follows:

The market for sheep has been largely overstocked and consequently weak. Prices have declined 20@30c. and trade dragged at the bottom, with scarcely any inquiry for poor and common sorts. Last sales were at \$1 60@2 25 for inferior to common, and at \$2.56@2.56 for reject to the large states are stated to the state of the state of the states are stated to the states of the states are stated to the states of the states of

\$2 50@3 50 for fair to choice. Senator Stanford's Establishment.

Leland Stanford, the Senatorial millionaire from California, expects to have a great establishment in Washington this winter. Much has been said recently about his great gift of \$15,000,000 to the University of California. A California gentleman and a lawyer who is now in this city says that he has examined the papers conveying this alleged bequest, and he has found that the generosity connected with it is not of that layish character which has been so picturesquely described in the laudatory articles of the high-flavored California newspapers. He says that in the State of California they have a law which provides that the State can accept bequests from private individuals for certain purposes of charity or public benefit, and that such bequests when accepted are free from State taxation. Senator Stanford made this bequest to the State, but coupled with it certain conditions. He stipulated that he should have the election of a trustee or a director, who should have absolute control of the bequest, its investment, and who should decide what should be done with its income. This director was to have absolute control of everything relating to this fund. The Senator further provides that the bequest might be revoked at his pleasure. The State accepted it subject to the conditions. Then Mr. Stanford named himself as the director. He, by doing this, has placed his \$15,000,000 under cover safe from taxation while he remains in absolute control of it. Whenever it pleases him to put this money back into his own pocket he can so do. This is very nearly the same kind of bequest that is given by the ingenious youth on the 1st of April, who leaves a pocketbook on the sidewalk with a string attached to it, which he safely works in the security of some hiding place. examined the papers conveying this alleged

A Stranger in a Small Town.

Adams County (O.) Defender. "Happy Bob" Robinson jumped his hotel bill at North Liberty to the extent of \$1990. He also went off, leaving "Uncle Nat" to the tune of \$6 for horse and buggy hire. "Happy Bob" just greased the town and "Happy Bob" just greased the town and swallowed it whole. Fellows who never accommodated a neighbor in their lives ran over each other in their anxiety to accommodate "Happy Bob," who was not slow to take in the situation. He remained with them two weeks, making that community his headquarters, while he took in the surrounding country with his entertainment. Being a stranger, with a plug hat, he took them in.

The society girls of New York have regular rehearsals in low necked dresses, bare arms, bouquet carrying, walking, bowing and smiling, to fit themselves for making a good appearance at soiress. To get even with them the dudes ought to practice with dumb belies.

point in Europe.			
LOCAL TIME CARD.			
Going South.		Going North.	
Leave.		Arrive.	
2:20 pm 2:00 am	Denison.	1:15 am 12:15 pm	
2:45 pm 2:25 am	Sherman.	12:50 pm 11:50 pm	
4:15 pm 3:52 am		12:25 pm 10:25 am	
5:55 pm 5:30 am		9:55 pm 9:00 am	
8:50 pm 8:15 am	Corsicana.	7:30 pm 6:35 am	
8:30 am	Cisco.	5:50 am	
3:50 pm 6:45 am		9:10 pm 10:15 am	
8:30 pm 9:00 am		6:45 pm 6:30 am	
1:10 am 12:01 pm		3:15 pm 2:20 am	
6:35 pm 8:25 am	Austin.	6:20 pm 7:45 am	
2:08 ani 1:28 pm	Brenham.	1:28 pm 1:07 am	
Arrive.			
6:30 am 5:00 pm	Houston.	10:00 am 9:00 pm	
8:55 am 7:40 pm	Galveston.	7:25 am 6:40 pm	
7:40 ain	New Orleans.	7:30 pm	
Arrive.		Leave.	

etc., apply to any agent of Houston and Texas Central Railway, or to D. TICHENOR, Union Depot Ticket Agent, Dallas, Tex.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with special regard to health.

No Ammonia, Lime or Alum.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO..

PERSONAL.

LOCAL NOTES.

A Huge Colonization Scheme

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR.—J. H. Ferris, Kate Putnam Company; J. W. Tommerson, St. Louis; J. H. Ingraham, Milwaukee; R. Walsh, Ireland; C. C. Miller, Sherman; W. P. Rickey, F. E. Rickey, St. Louis; John W. Gibson, J. P. Burroughs, Waxahachie; Frank Grice, San Antonio; R. L. Harroll, Pecos, Tex.; Len Walsh, Memphis; H. Greenwall, Galveston; E. N. Nesbitt, W. W. Reves, J. J. Dickard, Wills Point; F. B. Pates, New York; M. L. Graves, New York; H. H. Newhall, Chicago; James Pfouts, city; E. P. Cowen, St. Louis; Miss May Ward, Chicago; B. T. Horner, New York; Tom Harvey, Galveston; C. Hunt, Chicago; K. J. Kimble, New Orleans; Frank Doremus, city; R. L. Harrell, Pecos, Tex.; Ben Collins, Marshall; C. L. Watson, Mexia; J. G. Sargent, St. Louis; F. M. Hall, M. D., Bryan, Tex.; C. T. Moore, Virginia; J. F. Elliott, city.

Col. Jack Haverly is gradually edging back into the theatrical business again.

Free storage and free delivery, and all

GRAND WINDSOR .- J. H. Ferris, Kate Putnan

CHICAGO.

ST. LOUIS.

\$500,000

To lend on land, on long time, at low rates.

THROUGH TEXAS.

I ASSERGER, MAID AND BELLESS.		
READ DOWN.	READ UP.	
6:30 a m L've. Dallas	've. 10:55 p m 've. 6:45 p m 've. 3:35 p m	
MIXED:		
3:30 p m L've. Dallas	've. 5:15 a m	
Through tickets and baggage opoints and to and from Europe. and other information call on or a W. J. STORMS, Ticket Age	For tickets ddress	

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Mr. Ford House as a candidate for the office of City As sessor and Collector, to be voted for at the en suing election to be held Tuesday, April 6, 1886

The Morning News.

THE CITY.

No one is authorized to make any purchases for our account or have work performed for any department of our establishment without the written order from the business manager, and these orders should invariably accompany monthly statements rendered at the close of each A. H. BELO & Co. Dallas, Tex., Oct. 16, 1885.

Thanks Again.
THE NEWS is again indebted to Messrs Dietz & Leachman, the laundry men next door, for their kindness in coming to the relief of THE NEWS last night by allowing the use of a part of their machinery. The favor is appreciated fully.

Col. McKee's Funeral.

The remains of Col. J. A. McKee were interred yesterday at Trinity Cemetery from the Episcopal Church. The funeral was largely attended and yery impressive. All the new facts brought to light since his death go to show that the deceased in taking his life acted as an irresponsible agent.

Y. M. C. A.

A meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association was held last evening at ' o'clock in the Tabernacle Methodist Episcopal Church, St. Paul and Main streets. meeting of the managers will be held on Tuesday morning (9 o'clock) at the office of Sinker, Davis & Co., for the purpose of con-sidering the business of fitting up the rooms of the association.

Resisting Arrest.

Tom Burke was arrested yesterday by Officer Russell for some one of the ordinary offenses of the season. Tom, not caring to be locked up with bad company, split the officer's lip, whereupon the officer paralyzed him with the soft end of his six-shooter. Officers Schluneger, Russell and Gains suffered bodily injury during the week from resistance to law and order, which leaves the impression that the rejected potshaped cap was more of a terror than the adopted slouched hat.

Charged with Making Firewater. Deputy United States Marshal Johnson yesterday brought in James Lynch, who is charged with running a distillery in the indian Territory, and thereby leading the noble red man to the warpath and ruin. The Indian loves whisky better than his mother, and it does not need over a half dozen distilleries to start a killing epidemic that would pass him down to history and make a clear opening for the boomers; but the government insists on regulating his morals. If it be proved that Mr. Lynch ran a still, salt won't save him; but he de-

his innocence, and says he can

New Orleans Times-Democrat, Dec. 11. At the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. E. A. Pleasants, on Prytania street, yesterday morning, Mr. Reuben F. Gray and Miss Mary A. Hughes were united in marriage. A large number of the friends of the contracting parties were present and witnessed the ceremonies. The bride's graces of mind, commensurate with her beauty of face and form, had endeared her to a large circle of friends, who saw her to a large circle of friends, who saw her take her departure to her new home with regret. Mr. Gray is well known throughout Louisiana, where he has spent the greater part of his life, and where he has made hundreds of friends by his manliness, integrity and kindness. The happy couple left at noon for Dallas, Tex., the groom being connected with The News of that city, and where they will make their home.

A remarkably extensive and varied stock of choice ornamental Goods, Diamonds and Watches at Knepfly & Son's. There is nothing more beautiful and effective for holiday and wedding presents. Their case Watches at Knepfly & Son's. There is nothing more beautiful and effective for holiday and wedding presents. Their case goods are elegant and cheap. Opera Glasses of their own importation, Presentation Canes, handsomely chased, and Silverware, Letter is the stock is more than complete and the stock is more than complete. both plain and most elaborately carved. In short, an inspection of Knepfly & Son's great stock of Jewelry will convince you that it will be a saving of trouble, time and money to make your purchases there.

In the late was the tender of the signated by you. Remember, for choice of goods and prompt attention there is no place like the old reliable China Hall, corner Elm and Murphy streets.

D. Goslin, Manager.

A SERMON BY DR. CHAPMAN

FUNDAMENTAL LAWS OF JEWISH ETHICS.

The Golden Rule the Kernel of the Law-All the Rest Merely Commentary-Confucius, Buddha and Socrates.

In the moral world there are discoveries which, like the egg of Columbus, surprise us by their simplicity, and which have for centuries been waiting for the redeeming word to bring them into notice. Such was Hillel's answer to the Roman heathen, who for mere fun, wanted to hear the tenets of Judaism expounded while he stood on one leg. "Do not do unto others that which you do not wish them to do to you," replied the rabbi. This is the kernel of the law; the rest is merely commentary. This golden rule, re-echoed by the founders and apostles of Christianity, took the heathen world by storm and enthroned the one God of Israel in the hearts of mankind. The attempt to J. C. Moore, of McKinney, was in the city replace religion by pure ethics during the ast twenty-two centuries has been made in Ben Collins, of Marshall, was in the city three different parts of the world—in China C. C. Miller, of Sherman, is at the Grand Windsor. by Confucius, in India by Buddha and in Freece by Socrates-and it has everywhere S. E. Jordan, of Ennis, is a guest at the St. George. failed to save human society from moral and intellectual decay, because the neces C. S. Walson, of Mexia, is stopping at the sity of a religious foundation was overooked. If we investigate the character of R. Walsh, of Ireland, is registered at the Grand Windsor. these three different ethical systems we find Capt. E. P. Cowen has returned from a trip to St. Louis. that they all bear the stamp of the nation and the religious spirit of the country from which they originate. Thus: There is the W. C. Guthrie of Duck Creek is registered at the St. George. same dry, matter-of-fact wisdom, with its John W. Horne, of Cleburne, is stopping at the St. George. commonplace rules, the same lack of true manhood and fortitude in the ethics of Con-Jake Spangler of Sherman came over to the city yesterday. fucius which you discern everywhere in China. Again, all the touching traits of J. R. Hearn and wife returned yesterday from a visit to Palestine. self-sacrificing love and sympathy manifested in Buddhism are simply the outcome J. P. Clayton, Matt Cobb and T. B. Grif-fith of Terrell are stopping at the St. George. Ben Levy, of Galveston, representing one of the Crescent City's largest firms, is in the of a morbid sentimentality which paralyzes the energy and progress of millions upon millions of people in India. On the other hand, the ethics of the Greeks was Hon. R. L. Harroll, County Judge of Reeves County, is quartered at the Grand Windsor. altogether too gay and worldly, too selfish and compromising to exert an elevating influence upon the race. The Jewish religion alone offered a safe moral guide, an ennobling and elevating system of ethics to the world, a principle, sublime and impressive with earnestness remote from frivolity, gayety and levity, and from monkish asceticism. It is given in the divine pattern of holiness, "Ye shall be holy, for I, your God, am holy." It holds before man the highest pattern of perfection, the ideal of all that is good and just and true, and says to him, 'Rise and become Godlike, the builder of the kingdom of truth and righteousness upon earth." The prophet Micah seemed to recognize this fact, as we find in chapter vi., verse 3. Justice, love and humility are the three fundamental laws of Jewish ethics. Justice first and foremost. Justice must be first established; then comes love, kindness or charity. On justice alone, States can be built and society maintained. It won't do to cheat and defraud and then cover up the wrongs inflicted on others by generous acts of benevolence. In the eyes of Jewish ethics, he who steals leather from a rich man to give shoes to the poor, is no saint but a thief. Wrong can pear he made Al Moss, of Ennis, is visiting his friends in this city.

E. N. Nesbitt, W. W. Reeves and J. J.

Dickard, of Wills Point, are registered at
the Grand Windsor. Frank Grice, editor of the San Antonio Express, was in the city yesterday, and a pleasant visitor at The News office. Henry Greenwall, manager of the Galveston, Houston and Dallas Opera-houses, has returned via Galveston from Hot Springs, whither he went to visit his son, who is very unwell. The local campaign set in with the cold L. Bourgeois, a respected citizen, died last vening. Several new buildings are in course of rection in East Dallas. An insurance agent last night, after summing up the recent fires in Texas, concluded that several companies will not renew their licenses next year. ethics, he who steals leather from a rich man to give shoes to the poor, is no saint but a thief. Wrong can never be made right by charity and love. Our age is too apt to lose sight of character and forgive all sins for the sake of charity done, yet the way to heaven does not go through hell. All communistic movements commence at the wrong end. They upset justice, which they desire to obtain; they undermine the very foundations of society, which the profess to maintain. First of all, respect all that which is your neighbor's. The loss of society must be maintained and kept sacred, oppression and violence be crushed and Prof. Black will preach to-night on the "Conversion of the Jailer and His Household," after which the ordinance of baptism will be administered to several persons. A good lady uses efforts every Sunday to covert the jailor and his household of Dallas County, and her efforts are said to have produced a large amount of good. society must be maintained and kept sacred, oppression and violence be crushed and justice have its way. But this is not enough. The world was not made for the rich and fortunate alone. Love must do its sweet work of supplying all wants, of healing all wounds. The poor and needy, the widow and the orphan, the helpless and the forsaken have a divine claim on the abundance of the wealthy. Justice is never complete, without tender-hearted love and kindness. Humanity subsists on sympathy. To live for its own little self is the animal's privilege. Man's privilege is to live like God, for others. But you need not take all you possess and give it to the needy. This would Prof. Samuel H. Smothers, of this city, a colored man of ability and means, is on the edge of maturing a colonization scheme of more than ordinary moment. He owns a half interest in a hundred thousand acres of land in Brazoria County, which, with the consent and assistance of his partner, he proposes disposing to colored families in farms of fifty acres. With that end he has for some time conducted, through means of circulars, a canvass of Louisiana, Arkansas and Texas, with the effect, it is said, of others. But you need not take all you possess and give it to the needy. This would be injustice to yourself. You need not offer him your right cheek who smites you on the left. This would weaken the power of justice. Justice toward all, toward high or bringing responses from applicants for farms in almost sufficient number to take up the entire domain at his disposal. Assuming this to be true, the estimate would increase the population of Brazoria County by the addition of 2000 colored families, which at a modera e calculation, would increase the voting strength of that county and of the Shoestring Congressional District by about 4000. Several colonization schemes of this character have been set on foot soon after the war, looking to the occupancy of lands in Brazoria and neighboring counties by colored families, but partly owing to the facts that the movements were headed by white men, and that the negroes, with few exceptions, were out at the elbows, none of them took substantive shape. In regard to Prof. Smothers' scheme, it is contended that the industrial improvement which his people have underticed. up the entire domain at his disposal. Asthe left. This would weaken the power of justice. Justice toward all, toward high or lowly, toward stranger as well as fellow-citizen, is the Jewish rule, and however good and righteous you be there is yet one step to be avoided, one law yet to be respected—learn how to be humble. Think of your own shortcomings, of your own littleness, as compared with Him, before Whom you worship, before Him, Who is the model of perfection. All mortal men have their shortcomings and faults. God alone is holy and perfect. Before Him you must humble yourself. Before the world at large you may boast of what you are and what you do. Before Him, Whose eyes search your innermost heart, discerning every flaw of selfishness, you cannot. Before Him learn, in time, to bow in humble devotion and prayer. His help and inspiration you need always, even for the sake of doing more good and of doing it in a better spirit of goodness. As God's greatness consists in His condescending love, so the crowning virtue of human greatness scheme, it is contended that the industrial improvement which his people have undergone during the past decade, coupled with the confidence which his record as an educator has inspired, make its success almost in the nature of a certainty. Should this be realized, and satisfaction result to the colonists, it would be merely a question of time as to when Brazoria and some of the neighboring coast counties would become a "happy land of Canaan," for a large influx of colored settlers, whose political predilections would, doubtless, be taken into consideration in the formation of congressional districts under the next apportionment. the crowning virtue of human greatness must be humbleness. So, also must the good, upright citizen embrace within him-self the three fundamental laws of Jewish

A Rampant Darkey. George White, whose name is a contra ST. GEORGE HOTEL.—W. M. Curry, Kansas Sity; W. M. Bamberg, Houston; W. C. Guthrie, Duck Creek; Isaac H. Moore, Hutchins; Jake Spangler, Sheiman; S. C. Johnson, Gainesville; Mrs. J. Jones and child, Texas; J. W. Bowen, Ferrell; J. B. Murphree. Murchison; E. T. Anderson and wife, Kansas City; Jot J. Smith, Grandview; W. Hunter, St. Louis; Geo. D. Harrison, Longview; J. R. Cravens, Gainesville; J. B. Clayton, Matt Cobb, T. B. Griffith, Ferrell; T. H. Pina, P. Blanca, Hot Springs; S. E. Jordan, Ennis; John W. Horne, Cleburne; C. H. Bennett and wife, Kaufman; Mrs. Boykin, Kaufman; E. Reynolds, Plano; F. E. Yats, Forney; T. W. Kron, St. Louis; J. B. Simpson, city; J. M. Goodwin, Bowling Freen, Ky; R. F. Logan, New Orleans; N. M. Lee, St. Louis; E. R. Briggs, Waxahachie; R. Sauttery, Dallas; W. H. Collins, New York; J. D. Moore, McKinney; J. W. Frank, Mineola: H. L. Dean, R. A. Dean, Wills Point; F. C. Jones, Many, Ga.; D. F. Shernell, J. D. Conger, Quitnan, diction of his color, gave a free engagement yesterday in East Dallas, which drew like a plaster. He had been on a high lonesome. and the homestead did not look cheerful, so he started at putting things in rights by licking his old mother-in-law. He then went out into the street and yaumped like a varmint dog when a polecat is in the atmosphere, which had the effect of startling a dozen or more stub-tailed polygamous canines, and setting the small boys to sicking them on. George, of course, wanted whip something, so he turned loose on the dogs, which had the effect of merging their owners into the conflict. It was a sight for the gods and men to see the loose jointed White laying around him with the swing of a tornado, while the women on the outside swelled the in like a war-dance in the suburbs of Tim-uctoo. White played a star engagement with a fine orchestra until Officers Gaines with a fine orchestra until Officers Gaines and Ramsey put in an appearance and dispersed all the crowd, except the leading character. He wanted to make an explanation, but they insisted on an unconditional surrender. This was something that White could not consent to, so he made a crack at Officer Gaines' head, which dodged like a duck's and made a narrow escape. The officer the next moment, on the suggestion of a small boy, hit him on the legs with a sixshooter, and he dropped like a case of sixshooter, and he dropped like a case of

The Fire at the Fair Grounds.

About 9 o'clock last night a small boy, observing a bright light in the windows of an inoccupied two story building near the fair grounds, conveyed the information to Mr. R. S. Munger, living next door, in a one story frame cottage belonging to Mr. Ohmsted. Munger, on going to the house, found that it was full of flame, which had already struck into the second story, and, being beyond the fire limits, there was no hope of its being brought under control. The flames soon broke through the sides | Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

and roof of the burning building and were communicated to Mr. Munger's residence and the fine two story building owned and occupied by Mr.W. Apperson. All three and occupied by Mr.W. Apperson. All three buildings were burned to the ground, but Messrs. Munger and Apperson, through the kind efforts of several neighbors, succeeded in saving their furniture. The Apperson building was valued at \$5000, and insured, through Dexter's Agency, for \$2000 in the Continental. Mr. Olmstead s house was valued at \$2000, and was partly insured, but for what amount could not be ascertained. The unoccupied house lately changed hands and is not known to have been insured. It was valued at about \$1000. The origin of the fire is involved in obscurity with the weight of opinion in favor of the belief that it is chargeable to malice or tramps.

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL.

Doings and Sayings of the Profession Here and Abroad.

Roland Reed's new play by Ed Kidder has not turned out a great success. Mrs. Georgie Drew Barremore is lying dangerously ill at her home in London,

Miss Mary Anderson's business went over \$15,000 in Boston the first week of her engage-

Sarah Bernhardt's next great part will be Marion Delorme, in Victor Hugo's play of

ive nights old at the Union Square on

Manager Joseph H. Gulick has been sent to an insane asylum in New Orleans hope-essly mad.

Miss Alice Vincent has joined the Gus Williams Company to play Mrs. Mishler in Captain Mishler.

Goldmark's Queen of Sheba was presented for the first time at the Metropolitan Opera-house on Wednesday last.

A new opera of Faust has been written. The music is by Prof. Zollner, of the University of Dorpat, Germany.

Mr. Edwin Booth and Signor Salvini are to appear together as Iago and Othello respectively later in the season.

Manager McCaull has engaged Signor Pe-rugini to create the title role in Don Cæsar de Bazan, the next new opera.

Adelaide Neilson was photographed nearly a thousand times, and kept a copy of every picture to look at now and then. Proceedings have been instituted in Berlin for a divorce between Marie Heilbronn, the prima donna, and Vicomte Panouse.

Tony Denier, the famous Hupty Dumpty, has retired from the stage. He is worth \$100,000 and lives in great style in Chicago. Mr. Louis Aldrich is quite certain that a few theatrical ventures will succeed this season. Mr. Aldrich is right.—Dramatic Nawe

Nat Goodwin offered Lotta \$3000 for her time at the Standard Theatre, but the little lady wanted double the amount. Goodwin declined. Henry Guy Carleton has disposed of his day, "Victor Durand," to Miss Rose

play, "Victor Durand," to Miss Rose Coghlan, who will include it in her starring Nat Goodwin's skating rink will take in a week of one night stands. Mr. Henry Donnelly will enact Mr. Gopdwin's part on

Miss Vernona Jarbeau, one of the hand-somest women on the stage, was married in Chicago recently to Mr. Jeffereon Bernstein, of New York.

A new Ponish ballet has been produced at the Eden Theater in Paris. It is called Speranza, and is described as a bewilder-ingly gorgeous success.

Pat Gilmore is very fond of hearing the story of his sudden death, which was told in New York recently while the popular band master was away in the West.

Mr. Stetson is so much encouraged by the unprecedented success of The Mikado that he has decided to put another company on the road, which will shortly open in Canada. The daughters of two of our best comedians have committed matrimony, Miss May Maginley, daughter of Mr. Ben Maginley, and Miss Margaret Lamb, daughter of Ed. Lamb.

The People's Theatre in St. Louis, Mo., was sold on Saturday last under a deed of trust by Mr. Marcus A. Wolff and George B. Capen, trustees for George H. Rea, to Charles H. Kilgore, of Cincinnati, who is the backer of Mr. William C. Mitchell, the

"Mikado" has been advertised as the "Mikado" has been advertised as the opera for the opening night of the Emma Abbott engagement. This may possibly be changed, in which event "Lucia" the most melodious of Italian operas and undoubtedly the best appreciated of Donizetti's works, will be substituted with Miss Abbott in the title role bott in the title role.

"Mixed Pickles" will be repeated at the Opera-house this evening. Mr. Polk was unfortunate in the attendance on the opening night, owing to the wretched weather His play is one of the brightest comedies we have had here this season. There is no a dull spot in it and the case is good through out. Miss Julia Polk will repeat the charming songs she sang Saturday evening.

SHREVEPORT.

A New Daily Paper to Be Started by Merchants.

SHREVEFORT, Dec. 13.—A company of merchants and capitalists has been organized here to start a new daily paper, devoted to the commercial and other interests of the city. In politics the paper will be Democratic and ably edited. An old and well known editor of the Democratic press here, it is said, will be tendered the chief editorial position. It is not decided whether the paper will be morning or afternoon, but it will make its appearance within a short

A Small Blaze.

A fire broke out yesterday from a defective flue in a small shanty occupied by a colored family, which, with its contents, was burned to the ground. The loss is estimated at \$600, no part of which was covered by insurance.

Gorgeous Display of Holiday Goods. J. W. WERB, 610 MAIN STREET.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, Silverware, Silver Platedware, Gold Pens, Pencils, Toothpicks, Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Music Boxes, Carving Sets, French and American Clocks, Plush and Fancy Goods, China and Bisque of every variety, and all at greatly reduced prices. Parties at a distance can have goods sent them on a

If you are in doubt as to what to select as an appropriate gift, then go to Knepfly & Son's great Jewelry House, and there you will find an assortment of goods seldom seen in the South. Their stock of Diamonds is immense, Watches the most beautiful. Silverware the richest, Fancy Goods the most novel, and for the little folks a line of goods most certain to please them. You will find a wonderful stock to select from.

Many of THE NEWS people have had shoes made by the Hunstable Boot & Shoe Com-pany, 712 Elm street. They are well pleased with them. Will Hunstable fits

\$10 Prize Given

to the nearest guesser of winning number of Heater at our Grand Drawing on Jan. 4, 1886. All guesses must come through the mail. B. O. WELLER & Co., the Hard Cash



THE MIGHTY.

It is true that we offer you greater inducements for your patronage than any other Clothing, Hat or Furnishing Goods House in this city.

It is true that we have the Finest Stock of Ready-Made Garments for Men, Boys and Children of any house in this city. It is true that our Clothing is the best fitting, most stylish and reliable of any sold in this market.

It is true that we are having a big trade and crowded in every department. We guarantee all goods as represented. We cheerfully refund your money if you are not satisfied with the goods you purchase.

We offer you bargains in every department. Our Overcoat Department is full of warm and comfortable overgarments. In our Hat Department you will find all the newest shapes and styles of Wool and Plush Caps; Fur Gloves and Gloves of every kind. Our Furnishing Goods Department contains many warm, beautiful and appropriate things that are suitable for Christmas Presents for gentlemen.

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers. CORNER ELM AND LAMAR.

I have bought the H. S. Matthews lumber yard on Ross avenue, not the accounts. Will keep a well selected stock of everything in the building line and ask for a fair share of the public patronage. Will give estimates on buildings of any character at the following places where I have yards: Sherman, Whitesboro, Gainesville, Alvarado, Hillsboro, Bowie, Henrietta, Wichita Falls, Harrold and Kemp. By calling at the above yards parties can get information concerning prices. I buy in large quantities and can offer inducements in prices and selections equal to any one in the trade. Respectfully, O.T. Lyon.

Household and kitchen furniture for sale at residence of Mrs. Doyle, 322 Live Oak st.

Dr. F. L. Foscue. Physician, Surgeon, Oculist, 810 Main street, Dallas. Office Telephone, 67; Residence, 208. Infants' Kid and Goat Button 50c,

Our Bulk Baking Powder is sold by all grocers at 20 cents per pound. Do not be humbugged by lottery schemes into paying high prices for bogus goods. BABCOCK, FOOT & BROWN.

Musical Instruments Are the best goods for merchants to handle for the holiday trade. A large stock direct from European manufacturers at C. H. Ed-wards', 733 and 735 Main street. Ten hole Richter harmonicas, 60 cents per dozen; \$6 50 per gross. Merchants should not fail to call

Globe Clothing House.

We offer this week the greatest bargains ever given before. Come and see us. 703 Elm street.

Clara Morris uses Pozzoni's Powder. Clara Louisa Kellogg does likewise. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

If with ailments you're afflicted,
If to pains you are addicted,
And the peace-disturbing fiend you wish to foil,
The deed is quickly done if you go to Patterson
And apply his famous Rabbit's Foot Oil.
So pleasant the sensation of each application
The patient seldom fails to cry for more; [again
'Twill take away your pain and bid you come
To "The People's Druggist," Patterson's Drug
Store.

Lewis Bros. & Co., Boots and Shoes, 736 Elm street, Dallas, Tex.

By using Basse's Chicken Cholera Cure. For sale, wholesale, by Crowdus Drug Company, Dallas, Texas.

As Usual. Useful and ornamental Christmas Gifts for children, young people and grown folks. Fine Books, Toys, Fancy Goods, Christmas Cards. J. D. A. HARRIS, 730 and 732 Main street.

Fish and Oysters. I. M. Lewis has removed to 607 Main st. Keeps on hand fresh fish, crabs, oysters, clams, shrimps, shell oysters, at all times. Families needing anything in Mr. Lewis' line will do well to telephone him.

Groceries at Low Prices Lowis Bros. and Co., Boots and Shoes,

To have your watches and jewelry repaired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Flowers.

736 Elm street, Dallas, Tex.

Ben Good, No. 114 Good street, keeps constantly on hand a choice selection of cut flowers, baskets and bouquets. Having the largest greenhouse in the State, you can always get a good selection. All orders intrusted to him will be promptly filled.

Blankenship & Blake Company.

Blankenship & Blake Company.

We offer the remaining stock of the Blankenship & Blake Company (about \$50,000) to the citizens of Dallas and dry goods merchants throughout the State. The company is organized under the laws of the State of Texas, and commences business Jan. 1, 1886. The paid up stock will be \$300,000; shares \$500 each. The company is bound to become one of the grandest whole-sale and manufacturing concerns in the State. We shall make it a source of great pride and profit to all who take stock with us. We will own a controlling interest in the company, and will give to all other stockholders a guarantee of their stock and a dividend of at least 10 per cent per annum. Our Eastern friends would take all the stock we have, but we prefer to have the fruits of our labor at home. We believe our company will be one of the leading factors in the commerce of the State long years after we have passed over the river of life.

Persons interested are invited to call and get all the information they may desire.

B. BLANKENSHIP,
S. D. BLAKE.

H 0 T

Composed of Petroleum Tar, pronounced by Dr. Griffith as a specific for consumption. Certain it is that it has worked wonders in curing the worst forms of Chronic Bronchitis and Consumption, purifying the breath, allaying the cough, creating an appetite and restoring to health the most obstinate cases.

The old saying is here repeated, that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," for all coughs and colds commence with Sore throats or Croup with children. With this Syrup you have an immediate cure, "Composed of Syrup of Wild Cherry, an old and long-used remedy, soothing the iritated Lung and Nervous System, quieting the most annoying Cough,

Composed of Syrup of Capsicum, an "old woman's remedy for Sore Throats."

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CURES BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE, INDIGESTION.

DYSPEPSIA. AGUE CAKE, SICK HEADACHE, LOSS OF APPETITE. | CONSTIPATION, AND

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

The Great Tonic and Carthartic for the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys

Price \$i a Bottle.

HAVE FOR SALE A large number of High Grade and Full

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Percheron Stallions, from 3 to 6 years old, weighing from 1200 to 1800

nated, and most of the grades bred and raised miles west of Sherman and five miles east of Horses can not be purchased for less money

I also have TWO FOUR-YEAR-OLD STAL-LIONS, by Foster, he by Lexington; dams Also a number of JACKS, 4 years old next

pring, from Mammoth and Black Hawk stock Postoffice address: Houston. Will meet parties at ranch at any time that may be agreed upon.

H. B. SANBORN.



WHISHY. Rich in flavor, mild and elegant in taste. It does not contain one drop of impure oil. Being a genuine Barley Malt Whisky, it possesses much nutriment, and is a fine tonic for use in malarial sections. It greatly prevents attacks of Pneumonia. A splendid tonic for weak lungs and feebleness. Most excellent for drinking, and purest for home use.

E. H. CHASE & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Kv. For Sale by J. H. POTTS, Dallas, Texas

For Pure Home-Made Candy Go to

Bargain every day in holiday goods and toys at Goldsmith Bros.

If you desire reliable goods buy spoons

stamped Knepfly & Son, Dallas; knives stamped Knepfly & Son, Dallas; watches stamped Knepfly & Son, Dallas; spectacles stamped Knepfly & Son, Dallas