

**DALLAS NATIONAL BANK.**  
Capital paid in, \$150,000; Surplus, \$30,000.  
Directors: S. G. Bayne, Pres., J. T. Theobald, Jr., V. P.; E. M. Remond, Cashier.  
W. B. Worham, T. R. Ferguson, A. J. Porter, T. L. Marsalis, Alfred Davis, C. A. Keating, E. L. Stockholms, G. M. Troutman, Pres. Com. Nat. Bank, Phila.; T. W. Brown, V. P. Provident Life & Co., Phila.; W. A. Pullman, Pres. Seaboard Bank, N. Y.; S. G. Bayne, Pres. Ist Nat. Bank, Bradford, Pa.; and V. P. Seaboard Bank, N. Y.; Jas. E. Gramlin, Trade-mark Nat. Bank, N. Y.; L. F. Lawton, 1st Nat. Bank, Cleon, N. Y.; J. O'Day, Gen. Sec. Nat. Transit Co. of U. S.; Jos. Seep, of Standard Oil Co.

# The Dallas Morning News.

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**RELIABLE CONDIMENTS, ETC.**  
There is usually a marked increase in the consumption of table luxuries during the festive season, and in consequence it is of the most important that consumers should use only the best and most reliable goods. Our "select" spices, glass and tin are prepared with extreme care and ground from highly cultivated plantation grown stock directly imported by ourselves. The absolute purity, full strength and fine flavor of these goods renders them at once the cheapest and most economical spices on the market. Our "Bona" Coffee, O. G. Java and "Purity" Baking Powder are standards of excellence.  
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM.—  
**RICKER & LEE,**  
Roasters of Coffee and Grinders of Spices, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

**CIGARS.**  
To Be Convicted is to Smoke One.  
**CIGARS.**

THE CELEBRATED  
**Cleveland's P.P.F. Cigar**  
has no equal. Best 5c Cigar ever put upon the market.

**T. L. MARSALIS & CO.**  
SOLE AGENTS.

**E. BAUMAN'S**  
Parlor Suit and Cloak Room.

PRICE OUR CLOAKS AND WRAPS BEFORE YOU BUY.  
The entire second floor especially adapted to show the elegant line of  
**WRAPS AND LADIES' SUITS.**

**Millinery** Head-  
quarters. **Millinery**

The Largest Assortment in the State. A Full Line of DRESS SILKS, in black and colors, at surprisingly low prices.

Fancy Goods and Ladies' Underwear and Everything Pertaining to Ladies' Wear

**E. BAUMAN,** The Wholesale Millinery  
House, Dallas, Texas.

**The Fire Association** Dallas Opera House.  
(LIMITED) OF  
**LONDON**

Cables authorizing Sight Draft on their London office for  
**\$125,000**  
to cover all their losses in the late fire.

**BEERS & KENISON,**  
General Agents,  
Galveston - - - - - Texas.

**W. L. MOODY & CO.**  
**COTTON FACTORS,**  
GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Parties wishing money in advance of shipments are requested to correspond with us.  
**\$500 REWARD.**

I will pay \$500 for the body of L. C. Bardot, dead or alive, subject to my identification. When last seen was leaving saloon of C. H. Euvelle, Dallas, Tex., on the night of November 28 last. He belongs to K. of H. and Old Fellows. Description: Dark hair and eyes, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, weighs 125 pounds and is a Frenchman. **MARY A. BARDOT,** Prairieville, Kaufman Co., Tex.

**THE NEWS OF THE DAY.**

**FOREIGN.**—The outcome of the English elections is such that Gladstone's following is assuming a haughty attitude toward the Parnellites. Prince Alexander's views and those of the Turkish authorities do not harmonize. The Mexican revolution, Laredo date; also views of the New York Sun thereon—Heavy cotton falling in England.

**DOMESTIC.**—The silver members of Congress at Washington are aroused against the President's views on the coinage question—Estimates for Texas harbor improvements—The Mormon trouble presented to the President by Delegate Cairne—Particulars of William H. Vanderbilt's death; also effect of the news in this country and Europe—A school teacher and minister of the gospel was boycotted by a Pennsylvania false prophet and finally stoned in the street and seriously injured—The American Public Health Association met in annual convention in Washington—Six additional victims of trichinosis among those who ate cooked ham in New York.

**THE STATE.**—A horrible railroad accident occurred at Bryan—W. M. Bell, of Cleburne, was given two years for murder at Waco—Editor Gilbert, of Abilene, was fined for assaulting Editor Gibbs—A bold assault to rob and murder occurred at Sherman—A shooting affray at Seymour resulted in death to Bob Webb—The prosecution of gamblers at Fort Worth has been resumed—A farmer was arrested at Plano for selling a mortgaged horse in Dallas—San Antonio reports the arrest of four alleged stage robbers—A farmer in McLennan County was robbed on the highway by "road agents"—Miss Emma Bear, while on her way home in Waco, was halted by a robber and relieved of her watch and money—The Masonic Grand Lodge at Houston was largely attended—George Grimes, colored, was convicted at Sherman of assaulting a little girl, and was given seven years in the penitentiary—The Methodist Conference for East Texas in session at Beaumont—Local option was defeated at Temple.

**RAILROADS.**—Sketch of W. H. Vanderbilt's railway career—Mr. Gould's proposed retirement means a future surprise to Wall street—Electric tram cars.

**THE CITY.**—A protest against reckless driving—Real estate transfers—The Y. M. C. A.—Orphan's Home benefit—Held up and robbed—East Dallas City Council—The theater—The waterworks question—Hotel arrivals.

**Died of His Injuries.**  
CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—Ed Cudmore, the fireman injured Monday morning at the Cribben & Sexton fire, died to-day.

## THE SUMMONS MOST SUDDEN DETAILS OF MR. VANDERBILT'S DEATH.

Cut Off Unwarned in the Midst of a Business Conversation—Effect in Europe and at Home.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Mr. Vanderbilt arose yesterday morning at his usual hour and ate breakfast. He seemed to be in his usual health and in an unusually happy frame of mind. At 11 o'clock he went to the studio of Sculptor J. A. Ward and sat for a bust, which he consented to have executed for New York. He was accompanied by his children and Surgeons. At 12:30 he partook of luncheon with his family and chatted cheerfully. After luncheon he proposed to take a drive. In the library Robert Garrett noted a sudden twitching at the corners of Mr. Vanderbilt's lips. In an instant he tottered and Mr. Garrett supported him to a sofa, upon which he fell unconscious. The family physician arrived after his death, and no member of the family was present except his wife when he breathed his last.

**HIS HABITS.**  
Mr. Vanderbilt was always an early riser in his young days. When he worked on his Staten Island farm it was his custom to rise with the sun and he used to say in his latter life that he had often arisen at 4 o'clock to go to New York and return to his breakfast and his plow at 7. Of late years he had made it a practice to leave his bed at 7, or not much later, and throughout the increasing ill-health of the last two winters he had adhered to this practice.

After arising yesterday he had held his usual morning conference with his sons, Cornelius and William K., who were the active managers of his railroad properties, and after that with Mr. E. N. Rosier, his private secretary, and treasurer of the New York Central Railroad, to whom he entrusted a large share of the management of his private business affairs. These conferences were held in Mr. Vanderbilt's study, on the ground floor of the mansion, in the corner to the left of the main entrance from the avenue. It was his favorite room, where he had his writing table, and his study, and he had been more than ordinarily alert and active; so much so as to excite comment, to which he replied in a good humored, jocular vein.

He had eaten a good breakfast and was looking forward with pleasant anticipations to a ride up the boulevard with his son-in-law, Hamilton McK. Twombly, in the afternoon.

**MORE CONCERNING HIS LAST MOMENTS.**  
At 11 o'clock he sent to the Grand Central Depot for his old time friend, Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central Railroad, with a message that he wished to see him. Mr. Depew was engaged in a conference at the depot, and sent word that he would not be able to come for an hour or two, and Mr. Vanderbilt delayed the appointment until 1 o'clock and to occupy the interval went down to the studio of J. Q. A. Ward, the sculptor, in West Fifty-second street, to sit for a bronze bust of himself, which the trustees of the College of Physicians and Surgeons wished to place in the vestibule of the college, for the erection of which he recently gave \$1,000,000. He returned and took lunch at 12:20 with his son George and Mr. Twombly. At the table he was noticeably bright and cheerful.

At 1 o'clock Mr. Robert Garrett, the president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, called upon Mr. Depew at the Grand Central Depot, and finding him still absent, he went up to Mr. Vanderbilt's house to inform the millionaire and take Mr. Depew's place. Mr. Vanderbilt greeted him cordially and engaged in a long and animated conversation with him about railroad matters. The conference lasted more than an hour, and Mr. Vanderbilt sent word to Mr. Twombly to be prepared to accompany him to the depot to discuss the new terminal facilities of the Baltimore and Ohio and the new inlet into the city which it had secured by way of Staten Island. Mr. Vanderbilt showed a lively interest in what was to follow for the island of his birth from the new enterprise. It was while the talk turned upon this, the

**SCENES OF HIS CHILDHOOD**  
and early work, contrasted with the tremendous achievements of his old age, Mr. Garrett, sitting on a sofa and fanning the millionaire who lolled in his arm chair as was his habit when thoroughly interested, that the president of the Baltimore and Ohio was suddenly made aware of a slight indistinctness in Mr. Vanderbilt's speech that grew into an inarticulate sound. As he leaned over to catch his words, Mr. Vanderbilt pitched forward without a word of warning and fell heavily on the floor on his face. Mr. Garrett sprang to his assistance with an exclamation of alarm, and seized a pillow from the sofa and laid it under his friend's head. He then summoned Mrs. Vanderbilt and George, the youngest son. Messengers were sent in haste for physicians. One from the neighborhood responded first, and was followed almost immediately by the family doctor, Dr. James W. McLean. Such simple restoratives as were at hand had been applied, but human aid was vain. Mr. Vanderbilt never spoke or moved again after he fell under the sudden stroke, and died within a few minutes without a struggle. To all intents and purposes he was dead the instant he fell forward upon the floor. It was 2:30 o'clock when Dr. McLean pronounced his death, which was the result of a sudden stroke of paralysis, due to the bursting of a large blood vessel at the base of the brain, of the kind that an absolute fatal ailment at the moment. He stated that Mr. Vanderbilt's death was as painless as it was sudden. The doctor knew his patient most intimately, and promptly certified to the cause of death to avoid the unnecessary formality of a coroner's inquest and an autopsy. As soon as it was ascertained beyond any doubt that Mr. Vanderbilt was dead the men servants were summoned to carry the body of Mr. Vanderbilt up stairs to the bedroom he had occupied in life.

**MRS. VANDERBILT WAS PROSTRATED**  
with grief, and telephone messages were sent to the Grand Central Depot to summon her sons and to the residence of her son-in-law to inform them of the bereavement. Cornelius, William K. and Frederick W. Vanderbilt had been together at the depot less than half an hour before the message came and had gone away together. The message found Cornelius in a meeting of the trustees of the American Bible Society at the Bible House. He hastened at once to the house, whither Mr. Depew had pre-

ceded him dumb with distress over his friend's death. One by one the other children arrived, and as the report spread with lightning-like rapidity through the city, the nearer friends of the dead magnate also came. Universal consternation and grief prevailed at the most unexpected news. Mr. Vanderbilt, while he had for two years past been a victim more or less of indigestion, with the attendant ills and kindred nervous disorders, had lately, despite the frequent reports of his death, been apparently mending. There had been an improvement in the general tone of his health that was noticeable yesterday. On Monday night he attended the performance in the Metropolitan Opera-house, and nothing was apparently further from his mind than sudden death. Like most people he had his own

**LITTLE PRIVATE SUPERSTITIONS,**  
and one of them was that if he ever passed the age of 65, which for some reason in the family's history is looked upon as the critical age, he would be good for twenty years more. In conversation with a near friend more than three weeks ago he stated this as his belief when the subject was brought up, and he rejoiced in the knowledge that the turning point was nearly reached. Had he lived to May 8 next year he would have been 65 years of age. He was born at the Staten Island homestead on that date in the year 1821. The nearness of the time which he himself considered critical gave him no apparent concern, however. He did not expect neither did he fear death. It came to him very swiftly and very gently. He did not know it when it seized him.

An arrangement of the nearest friends with members of the family it was decided that the funeral should be on Friday next, at 10 o'clock, from St. Bartholomew's Church, at Madison avenue and Forty-fifth street, of which Dr. Cook is the pastor. Mr. Vanderbilt was a vestryman in the church, to the construction of which he had contributed largely. The sexton of the church was charged with the funeral arrangements. At Mr. Vanderbilt's own desire he will be interred in the family mausoleum in the Moravian Cemetery, at New Dorp, Staten Island, which has just been completed. It was the last act of his life, a duty which he over by deed, for \$1, all the old farm property of the family on Staten Island to his son George, to do with as he desired, and for this purpose father and son visited Staten Island together on Monday last, and Mr. Vanderbilt was to have accompanied his son to the just completed mausoleum.

**THE WILL.**  
Mr. Vanderbilt had made a will, but its provisions are not known to any one outside of the family and his confidential counsel and friend, Mr. Depew. The Vanderbilts were a very united family. Mr. Depew ventured the prediction that the millionaire's death would make no change in existing conditions. The Vanderbilt railway system will be managed and owned as heretofore. The sons will manage the estate and the properties, all of which are here. He had, besides, a theory which he held, no commotion in financial circles need result. Mr. Vanderbilt had long ago abandoned Wall street and the stock market. He owned no real estate as investments. Like the commodore, his father, he had no faith in real estate, but believed that for men in active affairs it was the correct thing to invest in properties that could be turned into money instantly if needed. He had, beside, a theory which he used to express in words to this effect: "That real estate was really owned by the municipality; the owners were really only the tenants."

**THE USUAL POISON SENSATION.**  
In reference to making an autopsy on the body of Mr. Vanderbilt, Coroner Messmer said this afternoon that he had not yet decided. He has heard some gossip implying that Mr. Vanderbilt may have been poisoned while eating lunch, but he doubted it very much. He will get a diagnosis of the case from a consultation of physicians and will look into the testimony of Mr. Garrett. He is inclined to the theory that Mr. Garrett and Mr. Vanderbilt were discussing the proposed extension of the Baltimore and Ohio, and the discussion waxing warm the consequent excitement caused death. Mr. Vanderbilt's family avers that the death was caused by apoplexy and are horrified at the idea of an autopsy. In consequence of Mr. Vanderbilt's death the proposed dinner by Erasus Wimar has been postponed to next Wednesday.

**HIS LATE ASSOCIATES.**  
President Depew, of the New York Central Railroad, said this morning that the board of directors would hold a meeting tomorrow to take action on the death of Mr. Vanderbilt. It is rumored that meetings of the directors of the following companies in which Mr. Vanderbilt was interested will be held to-day: Southern, the cork Sleeping Car Company, American District Telegraph Company, Mr. Depew visited the Vanderbilt mansion to-day and held a conference with members of the family to discuss the funeral arrangements. It is not expected that the will will be read until after the funeral on Friday. The New York Central Depot is draped in mourning to-day. Several engineers have already placed crepe on their engines. All the officers of the company will attend the funeral. Tickets for admission to the church will be issued.

The pall-bearers of Mr. Vanderbilt are: Samuel P. Barger, C. M. Depew, J. Pierpont Morgan, C. C. Clark, Judge Rapalla, Judge Brady, William Turnbull, W. L. Scott, William Bliss, D. O. Mills, E. J. Magee and F. M. Caldwell. Mr. Depew says he thinks Cornelius Vanderbilt has charge of the New York Central and the Michigan Central, and William K. Vanderbilt of the West Shore and the Nickel Plate and the Northwestern. Nothing could be learned at a late hour whether an autopsy of the body had been decided upon or not.

**THE EFFECT IN LONDON.**  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—The death of Vanderbilt had a distressing effect on American securities at the Stock Exchange. At the opening the American list showed a decline of 1.63 per cent compared with closing prices of last evening. At 12 o'clock New York Central was quoted at 106 1/4, a decline of 1 1/4 from yesterday's closing quotations. At 1:30 p. m. the prices of American securities are improved.

**AT CHICAGO.**  
Chicago, Dec. 9.—The death of Vanderbilt had no appreciable effect upon the course of values in the speculative grain trade here. May wheat, which closed at 94 1/2 last evening, sold to-day at 94 and is now 94 1/2. The other markets show no change.

**ON WALL STREET.**  
NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Wall Street brokers and speculators arrived at their offices at an unusually early hour this morning. Anxiety was everywhere shown to know what the stock market would do at the opening, but a confident tone was observable in nearly every instance where opinions were expressed and the London quotations, which were here half an hour before the opening of the New York Stock Exchange, were reassuring. A dense crowd of brokers stood in the Lake Shore corner where wild excitement prevailed for a few minutes. In the other part of the room the excitement was greater than was witnessed at the opening

of the board. The opening quotations for Lake Shore were 85, but the next sale reported was at 82 1/2; next 83 1/2. Dealings were in large blocks of 500 to 2000 shares, and for a short time different prices were ruling at the same time. The opening figure reported for Lake Shore marked a decline of 3 points from last evening's close. New York Central was 2 1/2, and Jersey Central 2 1/4. The rest of the list showed a decline of from 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent. Later the whole market advanced from 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent. The market has been very active, with the heaviest trading in Lake Shore, St. Paul and Western Union.

## GENERAL FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

**SPECIAL TO THE NEWS.**  
LIMA, via GALVESTON, Dec. 9.—A decree has been issued convoking the general elections, which will be held the second Sunday in March. Congress will be opened the 30th of May.

Gen. Caeceres addressed a proclamation to his soldiers thanking them for their perseverance and fidelity. The executive council has decreed amnesty to adherents of all parties. The Minister of War has also informed commanders of both armies to discharge all recruits and retain only the best men, as the treasury is unable to support so large a force. The floating custom house at Mollendo has been abolished and the port has resumed its usual conditions.

El Comercio states that a telegram has been received from ex-Dictator Floria, stating he would leave Paris immediately and return to Peru. Considerable uneasiness is felt in the environs of this city owing to the number of discharged soldiers at liberty.

**DISBANDING TROOPS.**  
SPECIAL TO THE NEWS.  
CHORILLOS, Dec. 9.—The new Minister of War, Velarde, arrived yesterday from Lima and disbanded the entire Yglesias force stationed here. The same measures have been taken with those stationed in the capital. A Cacerist battalion arrived in the evening from Lima and occupied the barracks.

**BANQUETING CAECERES.**  
A banquet was given Gen. Caeceres yesterday by the constitutional committee, whose members did much to aid the Cacerist forces on the 1st instant. To-morrow Caeceres will be given another banquet by the Union Club. It is stated that Gen. Yglesias and family will leave shortly for Spain.

Beginning next Saturday the Deuym Railway will be opened for traffic. To-morrow grand mass and Te Deum will be celebrated in the cathedral for the restoration of peace. A fine art exhibition will be opened on the 20th inst. Gen. Caeceres visited the wounded troops in San Bartolome Hospital yesterday.

**THE ENGLISH ELECTIONS.**  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—Lord Spencer, late viceroy of Ireland, and Earl Rosebery are in consultation with Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden; it is said for the purpose of rejecting a coalition between the Liberals and the Parnellites.

**MUCH MANEUVERING.**  
The Cabinet will meet Monday next. The Daily News says it learns, on high authority, that the government has arranged the policy of conciliating Parnell, and will endeavor to form a coalition with the Whigs to resist Parnell. Unless Mr. Gladstone moves a vote of want of confidence in the government, the new Parliament will immediately adjourn until February.

**LIBERALS STILL AT THE FORE.**  
The election returns received up to 3 o'clock this afternoon show the election of 34 Liberals, 248 Conservatives and 81 Nationalists. Right Hon. Wm. E. Forster, who suffered a relapse yesterday, is improving.

**CENTRAL AMERICA.**  
THE STORM AT ASPINWALL.  
PANAMA, Dec. 9.—The gale at Aspinwall continues, the sea last night washing over the Pacific Mail wharf. The steamship Acapulco remains at anchor at Toru Point. Heavy seas are breaking over No. 4 wharf and submerging the railway. No reliable information as to the number of people drowned is at present obtainable.

LATER—The weather at Aspinwall has subsided and the sea is calm. The Pacific Mail steamer Acapulco got alongside of wharf at 7 o'clock and is expected to sail to-night. The transit across the isthmus is re-established. The number of lives lost during the late storm has not yet been ascertained.

**TURKEY.**  
OFFICIAL NOTICE.  
CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 9.—The Sultan informed Herr Von Radowitz, the German ambassador here that Turkish troops will invade Eastern Roumelia should Prince Alexander oppose the Turkish commission. Prince Alexander telegraphed the Porte that, knowing nothing of the proceedings of the conference on the Balkans question, he is unable to decide on a course of action respecting Bulgaria-Roumelian affairs without having the assistance of the views of the national assembly regarding the situation. He proposed to defer a settlement of the matter till February.

**ENGLAND.**  
FORSTER DYING.  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—William E. Forster, late chief secretary for Ireland, has had a relapse, and his relatives have been summoned to Torquay.

**Counterfeiters Arrested.**  
DAVENPORT, Ia., Dec. 9.—Within the past ten days five counterfeiters have been arrested in this city. The first arrests were George Hawkes and Wilber Morris about ten days ago. The next arrest was made last evening. The prisoner claims to be L. J. Pratt, a traveling agent for a counterfeit detector published in New York. In his pocketbook was found \$125 in counterfeit money. When arrested he was on board the Kansas City train with the intention of going to Kansas City. Pratt denies the accusations against him and says it is a case of mistaken identity.

**En Route to Utah.**  
CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—A detachment of infantry from Columbus, O., barracks passed through here to-day under orders to report at Fort Laramie. This is part of the general movement of troops to the vicinity of Mormondom.

**Business Failure.**  
TROY, Dec. 9.—Wm. Gunnison & Son, shirt manufacturers, assigned to-day. Preferees \$60,000; assets not stated.

## FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

**SILVER MEN AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.**  
War on Texas Harbor Improvements. Estimates for Texas Harbor Improvements. War on House Rules Opened—Opposition to Judge Chenoweth.

**Special to The News.**  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—It is understood that a fight will be made against the confirmation of Judge Chenoweth as First Auditor of the Treasury, but his friends are very sanguine of his success. The opposition comes from Republican quarters, and is inspired by persons who have suffered by reason of Judge Chenoweth's strict adherence to the principles of honesty and law, in the adjustment of accounts against the government.

In the Senate to-day Senator Coke introduced his bill to allot lands in severalty to the Indians, which has passed three times through the Senate, but which has often failed in the House. He also introduced a bill to appropriate \$200,000 for a public building for San Antonio and one to appropriate \$250,000 for a building at El Paso. The bill for a building at San Antonio is the same as that which passed the Senate at the last session.

Senator Maxey introduced a bill for a public building at Houston and a bill to amend the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad act. Judge Hancock has returned here from New York.

Capt. Broadwater, of Laredo, is here, and is an applicant for a Commission in Russia.

**OPINIONS ON THE MESSAGE.**  
While in most features the President's message is generally commended, the portions relating to the tariff and silver questions are severely criticised by Western and Southern Congressmen. His reference to the tariff is regarded indefinite and evasive. A prominent member said it was a fair expression of the Democratic platform on that subject, practically meaning nothing. The views expressed on the question of silver coinage are regarded as decidedly aggressive, and render it certain that Congress will have to dispose of the question. There is no doubt that a majority of the Democratic Congressmen are opposed to his views. One of the most influential Southern Senators said to-night that on this question he is at war with two-thirds of the Democratic party. His ideas concerning the currency and satisfaction to all but the place-hunters, who are extravagant in denouncing discussion of that subject.

**FOR TEXAS HARBORS.**  
The estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, have been furnished to the House. The amount set aside as follows—for the improvement to Texas harbors:  
For Aransas Pass and Bay..... \$500,000  
For Brazos Santiago..... 200,000  
For Galveston..... 750,000  
For Pass Cavallo..... 200,000  
For Sabine Pass..... 1,000,000  
It is noticeable that the estimate for Sabine Pass is \$250,000 more than the government would spend. It would seem that Galveston needs Messrs. Moody, Thompson and Gresham at work here. Certainly something should be done early if Galveston harbor is to receive the consideration to which it is entitled at the hands of Congress.

Senator Coke has introduced bills for the relief of Santiago DeLeon, of Willacott, Beldar, of Mr. Susan, of Lovell, of Parker County, of Overton, Lovell, and the administration of Wyatt Gilchrist; of A. B. Norton, of Dallas; of D. Watch, of D. Watch, of Calhoun County.

Senator Maxey introduced a bill for the relief of William F. Grounds, a former citizen of Texas, now of Arizona. State Senator Pope is still here, working patiently but earnestly to secure a settlement of Texas against the government expended on frontier defense. The difficulty appears to be the need of an appropriation to pay the expenses to employ experts on the part of the treasury department to investigate the claims. He has a promise from Secretary Endicott to do all he can to expedite the matter.

Senator Maxey was to-day, upon his own request, excused from serving further on the committee on military affairs. He was a member of five committees, viz: Military affairs, postoffices and military claims, Indian affairs, and Nicaragua canal, being chairman of the latter. On account of the growing importance of Indian affairs and coast defense committees, he found it impossible to give attention to the business of so many.

**APPOINTED—RESIGNED.**  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Henry H. Carpenter, of Illinois, has been appointed confidential clerk and private secretary to the Commissioner of the General Land Office. Henry A. Newman, of Missouri, has been appointed special agent of timber depredations in the general office. Henry Carpenter, receiver of public moneys at Eureka, Nevada, has resigned.

**THE SALT LAKE SENSATION.**  
Delegate Cairne received the following telegram from Salt Lake to-day:  
"We understand that representations have been made to President Cleveland that there is danger of an uprising on the part of Mormons here; that the property and lives of non-Mormons are insecure, and that military protection is required. The City Council is making an official investigation and have invited others having information bearing upon the matter to appear and testify. The investigation has proceeded far enough to demonstrate the utter falsity of these rumors, and that no foundation exists for them. In fact, a battery of artillery arrived from Omaha to-day and a company of troops are quartered in the city ostensibly to protect citizens and property. Represent the matter fully to President Cleveland immediately, stating that no excitement exists, and that these measures are recalled for an entirely unnecessary. The property and personal safety of all citizens are perfectly secure. JAMES SHARP, Mayor Salt Lake City."

Congressional Delegate Cairn, of Utah, has addressed a letter to the President on the subject of the alleged Mormon outbreak. He says there is no use for troops. He states that the Federal officers and Gov. Murray, in conjunction with anti-Mormon citizens, are trying to force the Mormons to deed of lawlessness. He begs the President to give the Mormons an impartial hearing.

**A LABOR CONVENTION.**  
The fifth annual session of the federation of organized trade and labor unions of the United States and Canada began in this city this morning. The twenty-five delegates present are said to represent a constituency of about 250,000 working men. The meeting was called to order by J. W. Smith, of Springfield, Ill. The chairman of the

legislative committee in a brief speech welcomed the delegates and expressed the hope that their deliberations would be attended with results in keeping with the importance of the interests they represented. He then introduced Congressman Martin A. Foran, of Cleveland, who was present as a visitor. Mr. Foran made a speech in which he dwelt upon the importance of the laboring classes of organization, and upon the conclusion of his address the Congress took a recess.

**FOURTH CLASS POSTMASTERS.**  
Fourth class postmasters were appointed today as follows: California 1, Indiana 2 Illinois 6, Iowa 4, Idaho 1, Kentucky 6, Kansas 2, Michigan 4, Minnesota 2, Missouri 2, New Mexico 2, Ohio 5, Tennessee 7, Texas 21, Wisconsin 7, Utah 1, Wyoming 1.

**THE SILVER MEN AROUSED.**  
Silver men of the South and West are thoroughly in arms against the views of both the President and the Secretary of the Treasury. The views of the administration will have no effect in changing their policy. They say they must go ahead and insist upon the Bland silver dollar act being sustained; that the silver element of the West is so strong that if they were to vote for a suspension of the gold standard they would return to Congress again. These men will resist any movement to suspend coinage, and judging by the feeling exhibited by them to-day they will be strong enough to prevent the passage of any administration measure looking to a suspension. The President's financial views found more favor in the Senate.

**BECK FOR BATTLE.**  
Senator Beck is very vigorous in his denunciation of the President's views on silver, and is preparing a speech in response to the sentiments expressed in the message.

**THE DOMAINS.**  
Couch, the Oklahoma boomer, writes Secretary Lamar that cattlemen still cling to the Oklahoma country. The latest news received by the Secretary was that all cattle, excepting 3000 head, have been driven out, and that those were moving.

**FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.**

**HOUSE.**  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—After the reading and approval of the journal the Speaker asked and received permission of the House to appoint a committee on rules, accounts and enrolled bills.

Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, offered a resolution for reference to the committee on rules, when appointed, continuing in force the rules of the Forty-eighth Congress, with certain modifications, among them being one for the distribution of the work of the appropriations committee among other standing committees of the House.

The committee is still left with jurisdiction over the resolution providing for the amendment of the bill, which provides that no provision in any such bill (general appropriation) or amendment thereto changing the existing law be in order except as being germane to the subject matter of the bill or shall retrench expenditures by reducing the number and salaries of the employees of the United States, by the reduction of compensation of any person paid out of the treasury of the United States, or by the reduction of amounts of money covered by the bill.

The reference of the resolution was ordered.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, then presented for immediate action a code of rules prepared by him, which have already been published.

Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, raised a point of order against the proposition, but withdrew it for the present, to enable Mr. Springer to explain his proposed code.

Mr. Hammond, of Georgia, offered a resolution declaring that pending consideration of the proposed rules, and until the rules of the House shall be adopted, the House be governed by the rules of procedure of the last House.

After a long debate Mr. Hiseock waived the point of order he had made to enable Mr. Springer to take the floor for a brief explanation of the subject sought to be obtained in his revision of the rules.

The first of these objects, according to Mr. Springer, was the partial distribution of the labors of the committee on appropriations, permitting an argued in support of the view that such a distribution would result in a more thorough consideration and more speedy action upon a great many bills which were brought before Congress.

The assertion that the distribution would result in extravagance in public expenditures, and regarded as a reflection upon the representatives of the people the idea that there were a favored class, and that some of their midst who could alone be trusted. He also proposed the abolition of a number of useless committees and pointed out the advantages which would result from this concentration of committee membership by enabling committees to secure a quorum for the transaction of business which had heretofore been difficult to obtain.

The fact that every Representative was a member of two or more committees. Another object sought to be obtained by his revised code was to facilitate the transaction of business by providing for the passage of bills during the morning hour. Another proposition, which he thought would commend itself to the members, was that providing incorporation of general legislation up to the hour of noon.

On motion of Mr. Springer, the proposed rules were referred to the committee on rules, as was also an amendment offered by Mr. Reed regulating the method of calling up bills for action, and facilitating that action, and one by Mr. Beach, of New York, provided that all enrolled on deceased members shall be deposited on the committee on constitutional amendments.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Jones (of Arkansas)—To provide for the deposit in the treasury of the receipts of the money order system and for the payment of its expenses out of appropriations; also to secure cheaper telegraphy correspondence.

By Mr. Bland—To provide for the readjustment of the compensation of postmasters at fourth class offices.

By Mr. Anderson, of Kansas—Denying the privileges of the floor to ex-members of Congress.

By Mr. Reagan, of Texas—Looking to the appointment of committees in succeeding Congresses by the House clerk.

By Mr. Mills, of Texas—Making it in order any day after the reading of the journal, to move to suspend the rules and pass by a majority vote any bill regarding taxation that may have been reported by the committee on ways and means.

By Mr. Dingley, of Maine—Creating a committee on navigation and fisheries.

Mr. Hammond amended his resolution by providing that the House shall be governed by Jefferson's Manual, as modified by the customary practice of the House of Representatives, and as thus amended it was adopted.

The Speaker appointed the committee on rules as follows: The Speaker, Messrs. Randall, Morrison, Reed and Hiseock.

In order to give the committee time to consider the various propositions referred to it, on motion of Mr. Morrison the House adjourned until Saturday.

be unlawful to carry by mail, or deposit in any receptacle for mail matter, a newspaper or other publication containing any advertisement of a lottery, and provides a penalty of \$200 for each violation of the act. By Mr. Palmer—To prevent the introduction of a diffusion of contagious and infectious diseases in the United States, and to promote the general sanitary welfare of the people.

Mr. Gibson—To authorize and direct the Secretary of the Treasury to cede the abandoned Marine Hospital buildings and grounds at New Orleans to the Tulane University of Louisiana. Also to extend the limits of the port of New Orleans to the Gulf of Mexico, and to authorize Col. George W. Getty, retired, to be placed on the retired list with the rank and pay of brigadier general.

Mr. Plumb—To forfeit the unearned lands granted to the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line through the States of Missouri and Arkansas to the Pacific coast and restore the same to settlement.

The following joint resolutions were introduced by Mr. Blair: Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, to give the right of suffrage to women; referred. Also proposing an amendment to the Constitution in relation to alcoholic liquor and to other poisonous beverages. This, at Mr. Blair's request, was referred to the committee on postmasters.

Mr. Hale offered the following resolution, which was agreed to: "Whereas, it is alleged that S. S. Brown, a citizen of the State of Maine, has been instrumental in procuring the appointment of certain postmasters in said State, and the appointment of other persons to serve in their stead; and, whereas, it is further alleged that said Brown has written to parties whose appointments he has procured, as aforesaid, letters in form and substance like the following:—

"WASHINGTON, D. C.—Dear Sir: I have secured your appointment as postmaster at your own request, which will be sent in a day or two. If you feel like sending a small sum to help defray the expenses of attending to our marine matters, you may do so. Respectfully yours, S. S. Brown."

Therefore, resolved, that the Postmaster General be and is hereby directed to furnish to the Senate a list of postoffices in Maine, the names of persons removed, and those appointed postmasters at the same time; also a list of the names of persons recommended the same, or endorsed the applications therefor.

The following resolution offered by Mr. Vest was agreed to: That the President be and he is authorized to transmit, with public interest, to transmit to the Senate the correspondence held by the governments of Italy and Austria-Hungary in relation to the appointment by this government of A. M. Kelly as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, first to the government of Italy and then to that of Austria-Hungary.

Mr. Brown presented the petition of Gen. Alexander R. Lawton, of Georgia, praying to be relieved of political disabilities. "If," said Mr. Brown, "there be any political disabilities in his case," it was referred.

Mr. Tracy, by his own request, was relieved from service on the committee on railroad affairs, and Mr. Walthall was appointed in his stead. The Senate then adjourned.

**CAPITAL CITY CULLINGS.**

**FIXING LOGAN.**  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—At a meeting of the caucus committee of the Senate to-day it was decided to tender to Gen. Sewell, now chairman of the committee on military affairs, the chairmanship of the joint library committee. This will enable the military committee to give Senator Logan what he particularly desires, his chairmanship.

**GARLAND'S RECOMMENDATIONS.**  
Attorney General Garland, in his annual report, recommends several changes in the law governing the affairs of the department and the administration of justice in several instances. He reviews the recommendations and changes proposed by his predecessor. Mr. Garland says it is of the highest importance that pleadings in criminal cases be simplified, a uniform system of challenges provided, and the whole proceeding shorn of technical objections that can now be interposed to prevent speedy trial.

He urges Congress to provide for the construction of a government penitentiary. He also recommends a change in the judicial system to relieve over-burdened courts to such an extent that delay in determining litigation may not, as now, be a frequent instance, amount to a denial of justice.

**MORE WORK AGAINST SILVER.**

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The Board of Trade and Transportation, representing a membership of 2000, passed resolutions to-day urging a suspension of compulsory silver coinage until the general interests of the country demand its resumption, or until silver is adopted on a footing with gold by the leading nations.

**NEW YORK SPECIAL DAILY REPORT.**

**The Gould-Cornor Break—Vanderbilt's Death and the Bulls and Bears—Dallas Concert.**  
Special to The News.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—It is reported that the Gould and Connor dissolution of partnership was owing to a quarrel, the result of short selling personally by Connor, and which Gould sought to prevent by means of a note.

Stocks opened excited on Vanderbilt's death. At first the bulls proposed to make a pool of \$20,000,000 to sustain the market at the opening, but afterward concluded to let the bears sell short and then punish them, which they did later in the day by advancing prices 2 to 6 per cent.

Bonds firm. Thirty thousand Santa Fe sixes sold at 87.

Houston and Texas Central Westerns at 96; Waco 95.

Texas Pacific five was further depressed, Riox declining to 84 1/2 from no known cause and incomes to 43.

The stock sold at 194. It is reported that the gross earnings this year will exceed those of 1884.

International firsts 114; International sixes 83 1/2.

San Antonio Western at 91 1/2, Fort Worth and Denvers at 85.

Morgan's sixes at 106 1/2.

A concert to aid the building fund of St. Mary's School at Dallas, was given at Governor's Island yesterday. Bishop Garrett spoke on each piece sung.

Stealing dull, speculators bills \$4 8 1/2; 2 1/2; money on the street in London advanced 2 1/2; Silver 81 1/2.

The President's emphatic recommendation depressed this market and London.

Cotton dull. Range says there is no market. Inman says we must wait a revival of manufacturing interest abroad.

Signal advanced 1/2; supply restricted.

Hides quiet, speculators bills \$4 8 1/2; 2 1/2; money on the street in London advanced 2 1/2; Silver 81 1/2.

**THE LOCAL NEWS FROM WACO.**

**A RABBI INTERVIEWED ON BOYCOTTING.**

**A Citizen "Held Up" and "Shook Out."**  
Personal and General Drift Around the Corners of the Central City.

**Special to The News.**  
WACO, Dec. 9.—It is understood that the Farmers' Alliance are to establish a weekly paper in Waco at an early date.

**HELD UP.**  
While homeward bound W. C. McNicholson was held up at Moore's crossing on the Bosque and robbed of \$123 by two highwaymen. The road agents were armed with a shotgun and sixshooter, unmasked and no foot. After relieving the farmer of his cash they walked away into the woods. The robbery took place at 4 o'clock yesterday evening but was not reported to the Sheriff until noon to-day, twenty hours after the occurrence. The Sheriff is without hopes, says McNicholson, says for the present whether he could identify them or not if brought face to face with the highwaymen.

**A YOUNG LADY ROBBED.**  
Miss Emma Beer was robbed on Washington street at 7 o'clock to-night. While on her way home an unknown man grabbed the young lady after she had passed him and relieved her of a gold watch and chain and a hand satchel, containing \$35 in cash. The young lady at once gave chase, but was overpowered and the robber made good his escape by flight.

**RELIC OF RECONSTRUCTION.**  
The case of the city of Waco against the trustees of the Howard Institute was tried before Justice Davis and decided in favor of the city. Howard Institute is a relic of reconstruction. It was built for the freedmen and dedicated as a building for the accommodation of colored school children. For years it has been used by the city as one of the public free schools for colored children. The appointment of colored teachers for the present term gave offense to the trustees, who refused the use of the building for free school purposes to the city and took possession of the furniture and fixtures for alleged rent of the building. The suit was for the furniture and fixtures. There are three colored public free school in the city.

**AN INTERVIEW ON BOYCOTTING.**  
Rabbi Voorsanger, who is in the city in the interest of the Children's Home, in New Orleans, was interviewed yesterday by the reporter of the Examiner on boycotting. He said:

Boycotting, to my notion, is a proceeding which deserves the severest condemnation of all good citizens. It is not self-protection, it is revenge. It is not the act of men who fight for the defense of their rights, but an expression of peevish ill-temper that stirs the bile of the commonwealth. My sympathies are with the working class, which have been known since my boyhood, to indulge in the use of so called boycotts. I deprecate the smallest interference with human rights. If labor for its self protection organizes against the presumed rapacity of capital, it is entitled to the same protection. Workingmen has rights that I respect, encourage, and will defend with all the energy of my manhood. He is entitled to a proper and just return of his labor; he is entitled to a healthy, comfortable life, he is entitled to leisure and rest, and to as perfect an education of his children as is enjoyed by the rich. The tendency of capital is always aggressive. Accumulation is a term that indicates a disposition to use all means at hand for the aggregation of capital. A poor man enjoys his day's earnings; but let him have \$100 in bank, he will sign and study the means for accumulating the second hundred. It is the same with the millionaire. Hence, it is right that men, who believe that their earnings, or the necessary means to support their families are being grasped, should have the means of self-protection. Just look at the matter from a very practical standpoint. I employ you, as a reporter, at the sum of blank dollars per week. That is a contract. If you demand an increase of salary, I concede your right to demand a more substantial return for your labor, but I have the right to refuse the increase if I believe your position to be my own interest. Now you have a perfect right to refuse working for me at the old salary, which is the principle of the strike. But will you tell me where your right comes in to prevent the man enjoying his right of employing some one else? What do you think I would call you if you prevented me by force or otherwise from employing some one else? Next, you go to my neighbors and threaten to intimidate them, all because I do not choose to sacrifice my personal rights to your interest. Can you tell me what difference there exists between this mode of destroying business, and setting a house on fire? I can see none in the world. What gives me most concern is that the interests of organized labor are being undermined by boycotting. The method of lawlessness is not the method of intelligent workingmen. It is the act of agitators who are interested in perpetuating feverish relations between capital and labor. I know where I speak, when I refer to the names of certain officers of the Knights of Labor in Texas, I am frightened. One is a newspaper man, who has failed at most everything he undertook; another is an ex-convict, an ardent hater of the negro, whose moral conscience is easily lulled to sleep by the applause of the thoughtless masses.

**DR. VOORSANGER'S LECTURE.**  
A large audience assembled at the temple of Rodef Sholem to hear Dr. Voorsanger's lecture on "Three Years of a Nations Agony." At the close of the finished lecture he announced that he was in Waco to solicit contributions for the Jewish Widows and Orphans Home at New Orleans. The collection was \$800.

Dr. Voorsanger left for Houston this afternoon.

**Penitentiary in a Storm.**  
CHESTER, Ill., Dec. 9.—The buildings of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary in this place were badly damaged and some of the inmates were seriously injured by a cyclone last evening. Portions of the wardens' and cell house roofs were swept away, as well as also that of the shoe shop. The new building being erected for the State and a large part of the stock were blown down, together with the guard house. A guard named Nichols was blown from his box and seriously injured. A life convict named Villmore was blown against the wall and had his leg broken. Another convict, named Wilkinson, was struck by a falling chimney and badly, if not fatally, injured.

A trial of St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism will convince you of its marvelous powers.

**Editor Gilbert Fined.**  
Special to The News.

**ABILENE, Dec. 9.**—Mr. C. E. Gilbert, editor of the Abilene Reporter, was fined \$25 in the County Court for assaulting Mr. Gibbs, editor of the Abilene Quill, several months ago, with a cowhide. The jury was out but five minutes and imposed the lowest fine.

**Western Union Statement.**  
NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company declared a dividend of 15 per cent for the quarter ending Dec. 9, 1885. The declaration was accompanied by the following statement: Estimate of net earnings for the past and present quarter has been materially reduced by extraordinary expenses of cable repairs of both the Atlantic and Cuba cables and by large payments of litigated taxes in a num-

ber of States, exceeding by \$400,000 the ordinary expenditures. The financial statement of the condition of the company shows a surplus Oct. 1, 1885, of \$1,392,000. Net earnings for the quarter ending Dec. 31, partly estimated, \$1,250,000; dividend, 1 1/2 per cent, \$1,000,000; interest on bonded debt, \$144,900; surplus, \$4,337,000.

**Cleburne.**  
CLEBURNE, Dec. 9.—Wm. Bell, a citizen of Cleburne, was tried to-day in Waco for killing a man in that place three years ago. His family received a telegram from him saying that he was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

In the District Court Tom Howard was convicted of theft of cattle and given ten years in the penitentiary.

Luke Sullivan, accused of burglary, was cleared. The defense was ably handled by Judge Ewing and Messrs. Poindexter & Frazier.

Ben Grouch, the last of an alleged gang of horse thieves, who operated in this vicinity, is now held in Hillsboro subject to the order of Sheriff Boyd. Mr. Boyd goes tonight to Hillsboro to see Grouch.

Mrs. R. B. Godley is dangerously ill with typhoid pneumonia. Her mother, living in San Antonio, was telegraphed for and will arrive to-morrow night.

Mr. Richard Harris of Arcadia, La., who was here for the benefit of his health, died this morning. His remains are to be transported to his home in Louisiana for interment. His brother and father are expected to arrive to-night.

A gin owned by G. W. Patterson and situated five miles north of Cleburne was destroyed by fire Sunday morning. The building and contents were valued at \$2500; insurance \$1800.

Mr. E. T. Lewis has sold his interest in the insurance business to Mr. P. J. Norwood and will probably leave Cleburne.

In the District Court Mrs. J. E. Ely was granted a divorce from Joseph Ely.

Wm. Huffnuff, charged with fence cutting, was acquitted.

The State vs. Fletcher was continued. The case of R. B. Godley, accused of horse theft, comes up to-morrow. It is exciting a great deal of interest, as Mr. Godley is one of the most highly respected citizens in the county. The case grew out of some misunderstanding in a trade in horses some years ago. The attorneys have no doubt of proving the absurdity of the accusation.

J. J. Smith and W. G. Davis, two large cattle owners from Glen Rose, passed through here on their way to the State Fair.

Joseph Reed has been appointed road master of the Santa Fe Railroad, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Lucey. C. L. Elliott and wife go to New Albany, Ind., to spend Christmas holidays.

Marriage licenses issued to-day for M. M. Sherrod and Miss Mary McCoy.

Transfers filed for record in clerk's office to-day: L. M. Duval to G. W. McClung, 7 acres Duval Hornbuck survey, for \$100; G. M. Dodge to J. H. Costello, lot 6, block 12, Alvarado, for \$68.

L. D. St. Clair, et al. to J. C. Freeman, 110 acres of Burpess survey, for \$240; B. P. Hodges to D. N. Hodges, interest in lots 4, 5 and 6, Alvarado, for \$2000; E. S. Vick and wife to A. J. Vick, interest in 267 1/2 acres in Johnson County, for \$3000; cash and also for granite discharge and pay off half of the indebtedness on said land.

**LACY'S BAD LUCK.**  
Run Over and Seriously Injured by His Omnibus Team.  
Special to The News.

GREENVILLE, Dec. 9.—This morning at the depot when the train came in, Mr. Charles Lacy, who had been driving the bus, left his horses and went to the door to collect fare from the passengers. While doing so the engine let off steam, which frightened the horses and they started on a run down the street toward the square. Lacy started in pursuit and overtook them near the old Coffey Hall and got held of the lines, but the team was so fast that they jerked him under their feet, trampling on his arms. The wheels of the bus also passed over his body and legs, knocking him senseless for some time. At this time he is in a critical condition, his bones were broken in three places. It is hoped he will recover. After getting loose from Lacy the horses ran to the square and across it and down Stonewall street near the residence of Mr. Pratt, where the bus turned over and was badly smashed up.

**RESTING ON THEIR ARMS.**  
Citizens Anticipating an Attack From Armed Negroes—Arrival of Additional Arms.  
BEVIER, Mo., Dec. 9.—The principal cause in the situation here yesterday was the arrival of a consignment of repeating rifles for the citizens. Mr. Loomis, proprietor of the mine where the recent trouble occurred, had telegraphed for more arms for his men. Both sides declare they are desirous of peace, and all talk points to that end, but preparations are evidently for war, and all that is needed before the spark is fanned into a flame is a quarrel between a negro and a white man. Mr. Loomis says he will not give up his arms, for if he should he and his men could not stay here. The citizens are equally reluctant to disarm themselves, for they constantly expect an attack from the armed negroes.

**THE BALKAN QUESTION.**  
THE PROBLEM KNOTTY AND DIFFICULT.  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—It is considered this evening that the Balkan question has taken a less reassuring aspect. The Porte is disposed to be obstinate in regard to the restoration of the status quo ante in Roumelia and Prince Alexander has sent the Sultan a note to the effect that he is not cognizant of the proceedings of the conference of the ambassadors, and therefore is unable to act upon the Sultan's advice intelligently. He declares he will await the assembling of the national assembly and be guided by its decision. This assembly, called together in the presence of Alexander's victorious army, could hardly fail to be subservient to the Sultan's views. Russia will continue her concentration of troops on the frontier and will be in good position to enter North-western Bulgaria in case of any false move on Turkey's part.

**FIRE RECORD.**  
WOOLEN MILLS BURNED.  
PITTSFIELD, Dec. 9.—The woollen mill of Pomeroy Sons, together with stock and machinery were burned yesterday. Loss \$80,000.

**FIRE IN FACTORIES.**  
RICHMOND, Ind., Dec. 9.—A fire yesterday in the block occupied by Haynes, Spencer & Co., church and school furniture manufacturers, a nickel-plating establishment, Schumard Shash's balance factory and the Eureka skate factory, caused a total loss of \$24,000; fully insured.

**SOAP WORKS BURNED.**  
TORONTO, Dec. 9.—Morse's Soap Works burned last night. Loss \$50,000. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

**Johnson's Jump.**  
CHATTANOOGA, Dec. 9.—Andrew Johnson, who is wanted in Roan County, Tenn., for murder, was brought to this city yesterday from Texas. He made a very daring attempt to escape while the train was passing over a high trestle at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. Johnson was seated beside the guard on the car, when he suddenly broke from him and leaped through the window, alighting in a deep marsh. He fled toward the swamp, and sank to his shoulders in the swamp. The train was stopped as soon as possible, and the officer succeeded in recapturing the prisoner.

**FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.**

**THE BOYCOTT OF THE GRANITE CUTTERS.**

Accidentally Killed While Hunting—Giving the Time and Losing the Timepiece—More About the Land Board.

**Special to The News.**  
AUSTIN, Dec. 9.—A circular printed by the granite cutters' union of Philadelphia is being circulated here this evening cautioning granite cutters to keep away from Austin, Tex., until the Texas capital contractors stop hiring convicts on the State capital building, which the Granite Cutters' National Union has declared a scab job. The circular stated: "The sub-contractor, Gus Wilkie, said he would have convicts and imported contract labor. Show this great I and his employers, the Chicago syndicate, that freedom will not submit to the introduction of slavery into our trade under the guise of contract or convict labor. Boycott the Austin, Texas, capital building."

Richard Vasey, one of Comptroller Swain's clerks, will be united in marriage this evening to Miss Ocie Belle Pierson, of Travis County. Mrs. Vasey has the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Wm. Schenken, a printer, while out hunting on Sunday last, accidentally discharged his gun, the lead taking effect in his right arm. Before medical aid could be found great loss of blood occurred.

**COST OF SCHOOLS.**  
Dr. Leslie Waggoner, chairman of the university faculty, has issued a circular, in which the presidents of the two messing clubs give information concerning the cost of running the club. One of them states that with a membership of eleven they can live almost extravagantly and suffer few inconveniences at the rate of \$12.50 per month per member. The other club, with twenty members, estimates the cost for the session at \$9.20 per month. Dr. Waggoner closes by saying it can be safely estimated that the entire expenses of a student for a session of nine months would be \$100. This includes matriculation for library and for text books.

**THE LAND BOARD.**  
During a discussion at the meeting of the Land Board Tuesday, Treasurer Lubbock, complained that the grass commissioners appeared in too many interviews and wrote too many letters. They went out of their line, he thought, about as much as some correspondent he referred to, who, he said, was employed to canvass for the campaign fund, but has given a good deal of his attention to writing up candidates for the State offices.

One officer remarked that this was a private matter with the correspondent, with which the board had nothing to do. The correspondent referred to is said to have intimated that there was to be "a draw all round in the State offices" at the next election.

**LIVE STOCK ASSOCIATION.**  
Meets in Houston and Adjourns to January 8, 1886.  
HOUSTON, Dec. 9.—The Live Stock Association of Southeast Texas met in the council chamber at 9 a. m. pursuant to adjournment, with President C. R. Cox in the chair and Secretary F. M. O. Fenn at his desk. The following members answered to their names: J. D. Freeman, L. B. Allen, S. B. Moore, J. W. Davis, J. H. Fenn, E. B. Thomas, J. D. Moore, J. H. Cessna, J. H. Weems, J. D. Whitesides, Tom Williams, H. J. Williams, W. W. Bains, H. Roberts, George Roberts, H. K. Bookshire, W. H. Baker, H. L. Skeete, J. J. Setteggast, George Allen, W. H. Keagan, Frank Willford, W. J. Moore, Will Brooks, A. P. Thomas, C. B. Stokins, A. L. Anney, M. B. Dunley, James McCloy, James McDougle, J. H. Patterson, C. Davis, George Davis, Joe Davis, Z. T. Wintry, A. W. Kennard, James Montgomery, L. H. Henshall, T. W. Hlendahl, T. Moore, S. E. McCashan.

Questions of great importance were discussed by the association, which will be again brought up for final settlement on Jan. 8, 1886.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. R. Cox, president; J. W. Davis, vice president; F. M. O. Fenn, secretary; J. J. Setteggast, treasurer.

Executive Committee—H. Roberts, J. B. Fenn, J. D. Freeman, S. E. McCashan, J. W. Moore. The association adjourned to meet in Houston, Jan. 8, 1886.

**VERY LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.**  
TONE OF THE LONDON PRESS.  
LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Daily News (Liberal) expresses the belief that the Liberals will await a formal declaration of Lord Salisbury's programme before making any definite movement toward resigning office or assuming control of the new House of Commons.

The Daily Telegraph states that Princess Louise and Marquis Lorne will probably revisit the Dominion of Canada next spring. The Standard says all the aspects of Mr. Vanderbilt's career appear somber and mournful.

**DEAD.**  
BERLIN, Dec. 9.—Herr Becker, Burgomaster of Cologne, is dead.

**STIRRING DEVELOPMENTS PROMISED.**  
PETERSBURG, Dec. 9.—Private dispatches from St. Petersburg state that reports from Southern Russia indicate that large bodies of troops are being moved from Kishenev and Kherson and concentrated at Odessa.

A large fleet of steam transports is also assembled at Odessa. It is rumored that transports are to convey the Russian army corps to Stambul and Burgas as soon as Turkish troops cross the Roumelian frontier. Prominent officials of the war party say stirring developments may be expected in a few days.

**Morgan.**  
MORGAN, Dec. 9.—The local option election passed off very quietly. The anti-local optionists were in the field all day and worked their cause for all it was worth. The local option men were quiet and inactive. The result at this box was: For prohibition 23; against prohibition 99. The total lacked 100 of polling a full vote. The Kimball and Koppel boxes are yet to be opened, but it is heard from a private telegram from Koppel this afternoon stated that the anti-prohibitionists carried that box by nearly three to one.

**Garrett Elected.**  
BALTIMORE, Dec. 9.—At the monthly meeting of the Baltimore & Ohio Railway Directors to-day Robt. Garrett was unanimously chosen President.

**TUTT'S PILLS**  
25 YEARS IN USE.  
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!  
**SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.**  
Loss of appetite, Bowels constive, Pain in the head, with a dull headache in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Beils before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and  
**CONSTIPATION.**

**TUTT'S PILLS** are adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to sustain the sufferer. They increase the Appetite and cause the bowels to act freely, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Liver, the secretions of the bile are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N. Y.

**TUTT'S EXTRACT SASSAPARILLA**  
Renovates the system, purifies the blood, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscle; tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. \$1. Sold by druggists.  
OFFICE 44 Murray St., New York.

**VICTORIOUS RODRIGUEZ**

# A MARVELOUS SUCCESS!



On the 13th of November, 1885, we introduced for the first time our Great Presentation of Waterbury Watches, and the amount of watches, and chains presented to our generous friends and patrons, giving as it does, an intelligent idea of the immense volume of our Clothing Trade, is indeed something marvelous.

We will continue this liberal mode of presenting to every CASH PURCHASER OF \$15 AND OVER one of these fine watches, not to make any money out of our customers, but to enable all between now and the holidays to obtain this valuable present and to extend our already far-reaching fame and trade throughout this broad State. Again, we pledge our word and well-earned reputation for fair and honorable dealing with the masses, that under no circumstances will any employe in our house be permitted to charge more than the marked low price of our Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods. And again, we assert that our mode of business is original, just and equitable with all, rich and poor; and again, we give our guarantee that no Clothing House in Texas can undersell us. Our large capital and other immense resources, with a store house, averaging nearly three hundred square feet, filled with bargains, is in itself a strong inducement for purchasers to visit our store before purchasing elsewhere. Chief among many holiday attractions is our stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Hats, Silk Handkerchiefs and Mufflers, Gloves, Suspenders, Fine Underwear and 1000 styles of Silk Ties and Scarfs, well adapted for Christmas and New Year presents for those who wish to expend moderate sums. We are closing out about 500 ELEGANT OVERCOATS at cost to wind up our heavy weight goods before January, and have placed upon our counters 1000 Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits at a reduction of 20 per cent to make every one in need of men's and boys' wear a happy, well-dressed being for the coming holidays.

## REINHARDT & CO., THE CLOTHIERS, COR. ELM AND MURPHY STS.

### STATE SPECIAL SELECTIONS.

#### DRIFT CAUGHT IN THE NEWS DRAG NET.

All Sorts of Items of the Day Culled and Condensed from Every Point of the Compass in Texas.

#### Specials to The News.

**Haskell.**  
HASKELL, Dec. 9.—Stock in this county is in fine condition, and the Board of Equalization values all stock cattle at \$10 per head, and sheep at \$1.50 per head. It is known as the "sheep country," the County Commissioners all being sheep men.  
Latest arrivals are: Mr. M. A. Westcott, of the Texas Central Railway Land Company, Houston; Judge J. A. Fisher and John Darling, Esq., of Albany.  
The Sheriff has just returned from Albany, where he has been all week shipping horses from this county to Chetopa, Kansas.  
Mr. J. W. Arledge, druggist, has just returned from Abilene.  
Real estate transfers—F. T. Roche, per S. E. Johnson, attorney in fact, to A. R. Manning, section 4, block 1, Houston and Texas Central Railway Company, for \$667.  
A. L. Hills to Dr. T. M. Lewis, town lots 1 and 2, block 2, for \$75.  
Dr. T. M. Lewis to J. C. Parsons, lot 8, block 25, for \$100.  
Draper & Baldwin to Parsons, lot 5, block 25, on the square.  
Miller & Deves to Draper & Baldwin, two lots on the south side of the square.  
A brisk norther is blowing to-night.

**Mexia.**  
MEXIA, Dec. 9.—Capt. W. G. Veal, of Dallas, was in town yesterday trying to interest the people in the importance of sending an exhibit from this county to the North, Central and South American Exposition now being held at New Orleans, and also to the London Exposition, which opens next May.  
A well attended meeting of citizens was held at the Opera-house last night, which was addressed by Capt. Veal. The organization of an Immigration Society took place, which elected the following officers: Col. J. R. Henry, President; Hon. C. L. Watson, Vice President; S. A. Fishburne, Secretary; J. W. Blake, Treasurer. The President was instructed to appoint a committee to get up an exhibit of the various products of the county, and also to prepare and have printed a circular setting forth the advantages and resources of the city and county for distribution at the Exposition. This committee will go at once to work. The members expect to get up a creditable exhibit and showing for Limestone County.

**Colorado.**  
COLORADO, Dec. 9.—County Court convened yesterday with a heavy docket. The criminal docket will be taken up this week, and the civil docket will fully occupy the later two weeks.  
The Galveston committee returned yesterday, but have no definite information as to the extension of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Road. The railway company has taken no action in the matter as yet. The committee were assured, however, that Colorado's advantages would be thoroughly inquired into before any final decision was made in the matter.  
Col. J. E. McCord, of Coleman City, and Hon. K. K. Leggett, of Abilene, are autographed at the St. James.  
W. W. Marshall, Surveyor of the Mitchell County land district, and J. P. Putnam, a prominent contractor of this place, start for Florida to-morrow. They will spend the winter there, and each will establish an orange orchard.  
The accommodation train was several hours late last evening.

**Weatherford.**  
WEATHERFORD, Dec. 9.—Mr. John R. Lewis, a prosperous young merchant, who was married in Fort Worth yesterday, brought his bride to her new home last evening.  
Mr. Stillwell, United States Deputy Marshal, from the Indian Territory, is in town on his way to Graham as a witness in a Federal Court case.  
Mr. J. W. Stephens, attorney at law, started West yesterday, to Big Springs, to attend the District Court at that place. He appears for the defense in the case of the State vs. H. H. Doughty, charged with murder, the venue having been changed from El Paso County to Presidio County, and from there to Big Springs, in Howard County.  
At Springtown last night, in this county, Mr. Lewis Anthony lost his residence by fire. It is said to have been one of the neatest residences in that town. The loss was partially covered by insurance. Mr. Anthony only saved a very few of his household effects.

**Walnut Springs.**  
WALNUT SPRINGS, Dec. 9.—The first session of Central College began Monday. This institution was first talked about last year. It is now in operation, with 108 students in attendance. The house is well constructed and supplied with furniture of the very best kind, and all of the most approved appliances for teaching.  
At the opening, after the plan, purpose and policy of the college

had been explained by the president, Dr. J. S. Poyner, speeches were made by Col. J. B. Barry, Dr. T. C. Poole and Rev. S. J. Kerr. The institution is the pride of Walnut.  
Not less than fifty new houses have been erected here this fall, and the carpenters are still busy.  
Mr. Ehridge, a resident of this place from its beginning, two years ago, died of cancer yesterday.  
The weather is pleasant and beautiful; health good; people all busy and happy; wheat crop large and promising in this vicinity.

**Jefferson.**  
JEFFERSON, Dec. 9.—Last night a gentleman from Atlanta projected himself from a second story window and fell nearly fifty feet. He was found in a seriously damaged condition. At first it was thought his injuries would prove fatal. His physicians now think the chances favorable for his recovery.

**Capt. George T. Vaughn, from Linden, one of the leading lawyers of Texas, R. W. Choats, Sheriff of Cass County, and Prof. Rowe, of Kildare, were on the streets to-day.**  
Rev. S. J. Hawkins, presiding elder of the Jefferson district of the Methodist Church South, held quarterly meeting here Monday night.  
W. J. Singleton, of Pittsburg, largely interested in the newly discovered coal fields of Camp and Franklin Counties, is looking after that enterprise with a view to its early development.

**Gilmer.**  
GILMER, Dec. 9.—In the County Court W. S. Lawrence, charged with larceny, was convicted, and will be sent to the Insane Asylum.  
Andrew Collins and Sallie Flowers were married at the M. E. Church, one mile north of the city, Sunday.  
Mr. Mat. Echols is quite low with a severe attack of black jaundice.  
Prof. J. T. Bue's school at Cox's School-house closed last Friday evening with a fine display of scholarship.  
Mr. Sammie Cox amused a crowd of boys last evening by showing off his well-trained pony.

**Denison.**  
DENISON, Dec. 9.—The Lawson-Moore scandal case is progressing slowly. A letter from Little Rock requests that Lawson be held until an officer can arrive with a requisition to take him to that place.  
Tom Waitman's cases before Justice Adams for carrying concealed weapons was up again yesterday evening, resulting in a conviction and fine of \$25 in each case.  
When the verdict in the second case was announced Waitman became disorderly, and to keep him quiet was handcuffed and taken to jail.  
The first of three trials for the best lady skater for a gold medal at the rink last night was won by Mrs. J. A. Wilkinson.

**Navasota.**  
NAVASOTA, Dec. 9.—Assignment was made yesterday by Levy & Lewin, dealers in general merchandise, to J. H. Freeman. The debts of the firm are about \$18,000, assets about the same. After certain formalities the house opened to-day selling goods at cost.  
The horse races to-day resulted in favor of Ben Calloun, entered by Joe Baker, and a horse owned and entered by Jim Johnson. There was a large crowd present.  
Much satisfaction is expressed upon the Methodist Conference appointments for this place and district.  
Mr. Devant, the Baptist minister, is here, enjoying his vacation.

**McKinney.**  
MCKINNEY, Dec. 9.—B. F. Eakle, who was shot by Pirtle last night, is resting easy today, though shot through the body and again through the arm, and with another glancing shot about the head. He ate a hearty breakfast and smoked his pipe calmly this morning. Pirtle is in jail on a charge of assault to murder.  
Jesse Shain is on trial before Alderman J. R. Parker and a jury, charged with the erection, construction and suffering to remain of a wooden shed within the fire limits.  
Miss Belle Scott, of Melissa, is visiting the family of W. B. Newsome, of this city.

**Pittsburg.**  
PITTSBURG, Dec. 9.—The testimony in the case of the State of Texas vs. John Hauser, for robbing, was given to the jury late last evening. To-day about 3 o'clock the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.  
The case of the State of Texas vs. J. G. Davis was called this evening, and a motion was made by the defense for a continuance of the case, which was overruled. A motion was then filed to quash the bill, which, as yet, has not been decided. J. G. Davis is charged with bribery. The case is creating considerable excitement.

**San Angelo.**  
SAN ANGELO, Dec. 9.—Gen. Leo Van Scherer, field marshal of the Austrian Army, is a guest of Mr. W. S. Veck. The General came from Austria to visit his son, who owns a ranch in Tom Green County, and will stay several weeks. The officers at Fort Concho have paid their respects to the distinguished visitor.  
A lady asks what shall baby have for Christmas? Give it Red Star Cough Cure.

### MASONIC GRAND LODGE.

The Session at Houston—Reports and Resolutions Adopted.

**Special to The News.**  
HOUSTON, Dec. 9.—The Grand Lodge was opened at 9:30 a. m. with prayer by Rev. Horace Clark. The roll was called and a constitutional number of lodges found present. The committee on credentials delivered a lengthy report, showing the largest attendance seen in years in the city of Houston. After quite a lengthy discussion on the question of the admission of several members with irregular credentials the report of the committee was adopted.

The report of the committee on work was read, and was referred to the committee on finance. The committee on work condemns the present mode of imparting the work and asks its repeal.

Committee No. 1, on chartered lodges, read a report, which was adopted.  
J. N. P. Cramer, chairman of the committee on by-laws, presented a report, which was adopted.  
W. J. Richardson, for committee No. 2, on grievances and appeals, delivered an admirable report in the case of the petition of L. B. Roebuck for reinstatement, and after considerable discussion it was unanimously adopted by a rising vote. The petition was not granted.

A resolution was adopted arresting the charter of White Oak Lodge No. 185 for its action in regard to the above petition. An additional report from committee No. 2, on grievances and appeals, was presented by R. M. Elgin, and after a short discussion was adopted.  
P. G. M. Philip C. Tucker delivered a report from the committee of grand officers, which was adopted.

The committee on foreign correspondence announced that they could not report at this session, and it was moved and carried that they be allowed to print their report in the printed proceedings.  
Report of committee No. 2 on chartered lodges, was read and adopted.  
A motion was carried calling for a further report from the committee on work.  
A resolution was adopted that a committee be appointed to present to Miss Kate Bots the past grand master's jewel that would have been given to Grand Master Bots had he lived. The Grand Lodge was then closed until 7 p. m.

**NOTES.**  
There are fully 500 visiting Masons in the city. At the grand lodge roll call, Tucker Lodge 297, of Galveston, was without an accredited representative, but Past Grand Master W. H. Nicholls and Grand Junior Deacon Leopold Weis, of Galveston, are in attendance.  
State Senator Glasscock, of the Capital district, is in the city, and expects a good deal of attention to chapter affairs.

There will be a very lively, but a good natured, contest for the grand secretaryship to be vacated by "Old Brother George Brimhurst." The position is worth about \$250.

It is generally understood that Z. E. Coombes, of Dallas, the present acting grand master, will be elected grand master for the ensuing year, and all the other grand officers promoted one step. This will leave only the grand junior wardenship open to competition.  
C. W. Preston, of Galveston, and W. T. Fly, of Gonzales, district grand masters, are mentioned in connection with the post of grand junior warden. The election takes place to-morrow evening. County Judge E. G. Bower, of Dallas County, is one of the most active and intelligent Masons in attendance on the Grand Lodge. Judge Bower is a past grand master.  
A lodge of sorrow was held Tuesday and was largely attended. The ceremony being open to the public. The lodge of sorrow was in memory of Most Worshipful Grand Master Benjamin A. Bots, and Past Grand Masters John B. Freeman, N. H. Darnell and Henry Sampson. The lodge room was beautifully hung in mourning draperies and the ceremony was very impressive.

### CORSICANA.

The Odd Fellows' Widows and Orphans Home. Local Miscellany.

**Special to The News.**  
CORSICANA, Dec. 9.—M. D. Herring, R. M. Dechman and W. J. W. Kerr, the committee from the grand lodge of Odd Fellows to locate the Orphans' Home, are in the city to-day. They, in company with R. M. Collins, of the local committee of this city, visited the premises lately purchased by them for the home. In an interview this evening they stated that they were much better pleased with the property now than when it was first purchased, and were firmly convinced that they had made the best selection out of the many localities examined by them. They to-day made arrangements to have the house on the property repaired and a tenant to take possession on Jan. 1, 1886. The building, as it is, will accommodate fully twelve or fifteen children, and they will have the home in operation before Feb. 1, next.  
Mr. Herring will return to Waco to-morrow and will send Mr. Dodson, a Waco architect, to this city at once to view the grounds and draw plans and specifications for the erection of the permanent building, which will be an elegant two story brick, modern in all its appointments, and equal to any building of a similar character in the State.  
The Grand Lodge will meet on the first Monday in February, when an appropriation will be made for building one wing of the new Home.  
The site selected is one of the healthiest and most desirable. It commands a beautiful view of the city and is accessible from all directions. The people of the city are

proud of having secured the Orphans' Home and will give it all the support that is expected of them.

Deputy Sheriff McAfee started to Galveston this morning after James Dyer, who was indicted in this county about five years ago for theft of cattle, but evaded arrest. His whereabouts had not been known until his arrest at Galveston.

County Judge John H. Rice is unable to be at his office on account of sickness.  
Licenses to marry were to-day granted to the following parties: L. H. Hughes and Miss Mattie B. Miller, A. Howard and Mrs. Mary Jackson, John S. Telfair and Miss Jennie B. Ransom.  
The following real estate transfers were filed for record to-day:  
J. H. Wheeler et al. to H. F. Hortley, 80 acres out of the Donagoe survey; consideration \$121.50.  
S. Lynch and wife to J. H. Wheeler, 50 acres out of the Donagoe survey, for \$5 and other good considerations.  
District Judge L. D. Bradley returned from Waco to-day, and will commence the call of the docket to-morrow.

**Another \$10 Prize Given**  
to nearest guesser of winning number of Cook Stove at our Grand Drawing on January 4, 1886. All guesses must come through the mail. B. O. WELLS & CO., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

**Temple.**  
TEMPLE, Dec. 9.—This evening the joint committee of the Texas Baptist Convention and of the General Association, met and agreed to consolidate the two bodies. To-night the consolidation of the schools will be discussed. Large delegations from both bodies are in attendance.  
The latest returns from the local option election make the decision very doubtful, and it may require the official count to decide which side has won the victory. The anti-prohibitionists claim a majority of at least 100.

**Christmas Presents, Holiday Goods, Toilet Goods, Fancy Goods, Novelties, at Hickox & Hearne's.**

**Palestine.**  
PALESTINE, Dec. 9.—The jury is now deliberating on the case of the Box heirs vs. Reagan & Ward. This is a very important suit, involving the interests of many persons, who bought lots upon the land in question and made improvements thereon. A sneak thief entered the room of Katie Putnam, at the address, at the International Hotel last night, and stole \$350, which had been left lying on the bureau.

**Misses' School Shoes, \$1 to \$1.50,** at Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

**Wortham.**  
WORTHAM, Dec. 9.—Mr. J. C. Donegan, a highly respected old citizen of this county, died and was buried with Masonic honors at the old Donegan grave yard Monday. He was a strict and zealous member of the Mignereany Baptist Church, and had a large family connection.  
The president of Trinity University preacher here on Sunday last.  
A good bridge has been placed over Tehuacana Creek on the Fairfield and Corsicana road.

**Bennett & Barnard's Fancy Slippers** at Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm st., Dallas.

First class barbers, says a New York paper, seldom keep hair oil any more.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

#### DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Owing to the illness of Mr. J. M. Northman, the firm of J. M. Northman & Co., at Dallas, Texas, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. M. NORTHMAN,  
D. R. HAWKINS.

#### NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Mr. Charles Carroll having bought out the interest of I. M. Lewis & Co., will pay all outstanding debts and will assume all responsibilities. Respectfully,

CHARLES CARROLL.

#### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the City Engineer until Tuesday, December 15, at 6 o'clock p. m., for furnishing all material and labor for 2500 feet of eight-inch sewer pipe to be laid in Bryan street, from Oleander street east to Benford street.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. M. JOHNSON,  
City Engineer.

#### BIRD, ANDERSON & CO

Wholesale and retail dealers in ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER Shingles, Sash, Doors and Mouldings. Office, corner Elm and St. Paul streets, DALLAS, - TEX.

TEXAS TRUNK RAILROAD.

### STATEMENT

SHOWING THE CONDITION OF The Dallas Homestead and Loan Association DECEMBER 1, 1885.

SERIES "A."		SERIES "B."		SERIES "C."	
Dr.	Cr.	Dr.	Cr.	Dr.	Cr.
1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.
Dec. 1—To capital stock.....	\$37,700 00	Dec. 1—By loans.....	\$25,730 00	Dec. 1—By cash.....	562 10
		Dec. 1—By due from stockholders to date.....	1,119 20	Dec. 1—Unmatured assessments.....	10,283 63
1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.
Dec. 1—To capital stock.....	\$97,400 00	Dec. 1—By loans.....	\$25,688 50	Dec. 1—By cash.....	540 25
		Dec. 1—By due from stockholders to date.....	2,075 10	Dec. 1—Unmatured assessments.....	69,135 45
1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.	1885.
Dec. 1—To capital stock.....	\$31,300 00	Dec. 1—By loans.....	\$4,930 00	Dec. 1—By due from stockholders to date.....	81 30
		Dec. 1—Unmatured assessments.....	26,739 89		
	\$107,191 10		\$107,191 10		
Total amounts at interest, Series "A.".....	\$25,730 00	Total amounts at interest, Series "B.".....	\$25,688 50	Total amounts at interest, Series "C.".....	4,900 00
Annual income from interest.....	\$55,818 50	Total number of homes built for members of Series "A.".....	32	Total number of homes built for members of Series "B.".....	51
		Total number of homes built for members of Series "C.".....	7		
In all.....	70	Estimated market value of Real Estate held by the Association to secure loans.....	\$150,000 00		
		H. C. STEVENSON, Secretary.	JAMES MORONEY, President.		

### Wells, Fargo & Co.'s EXPRESS

Carries and delivers promptly Letters, Money, Valuables, Packages, Parcels, Merchandise, Etc.

Makes Collections and Fills Commissions

This Company's Lines, covering more than 35,000 Miles, extend over Railroad, Stage and Steamboat routes throughout the States and Territories west of the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers and the Republic of Mexico; also, by Steamships from San Francisco to all Pacific Coast Ports, Alaska and the Sandwich Islands; and from New Orleans and New York to Liverpool, London, Havre, Paris and Hamburg.

Connections are made at eastern termini with the American, Adams, and Southern Express Companies, thus reaching in the United States and Canada more than 10,000 Agencies.

### ED. S. ALSTON.

Choice Burgundies. Haut Sauternes. Rhine Wines. Tokay Wines. Malaga Wines. French Clarets. Rieslings. Imported Sherries. Imported Port. Angelica. Catawba.

This line of wines we guarantee so much finer than kept in stock by our competitors as to leave no room for comparison.

### ED. S. ALSTON.

AN ORDINANCE adding certain territory to the Third and Sixth Wards. Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Dallas, that all the territory added to the city by the amended charter of April 3, 1885, bounded by the former north line of the city on one side and McKinney street and Pearl street, the present boundaries, on the other sides, be and is hereby added to the Third Ward. All territory added on the north, from Pearl street to the former northeast corner of the city limits, lying between the former north boundary and the new boundary fixed by said amended charter, is hereby added to the Sixth Ward.

Sec. 2. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Approved Dec. 7, 1885.

JOHN HENRY BROWN,  
Mayor.

### ED. S. ALSTON.

AN ORDINANCE extending fire limits over blocks 55, 57, 63 and 71 in the City of Dallas, and making said blocks a fire district. Section 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Dallas: That the fire limits in said city be and are hereby increased and extended so as to include blocks 55, 57, 63 and 71 in said city, said blocks being bounded by Lamar, Akard, Commerce and Jackson streets.

Sec. 2. That this ordinance take effect from its passage and publication. Approved Dec. 9, 1885.

(A true copy.) JOHN HENRY BROWN,  
W. E. PARRY, Mayor,  
City Secretary.

### OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE

FOR THE FALL TRADE is now complete in every line, consisting of the finest assortment of every description of every description at prices that can not be beaten. If you wish to be convinced of this fact call at the OLD RELIABLE FURNITURE STORE, Nos. 747 and 749 Elm street, near Seymour. Outside orders will receive prompt attention.

### PARLOR AND CHAMBER SETS

ever brought to this city, and at prices that will astonish you. Also, Furniture of every description at prices that can not be beaten. If you wish to be convinced of this fact call at the OLD RELIABLE FURNITURE STORE, Nos. 747 and 749 Elm street, near Seymour. Outside orders will receive prompt attention.

### GEO. RICK.

[Established in Dallas in 1878.] FRANCIS FENDRICH, Manufacturer of and Wholesale Dealer in Cigars and Tobacco

Also dealer in Merschaum and Briar Pipes, and all kinds of Smoking Articles. Import tobacco from Havana Cigars direct from Cuba, and purchases seed leaf in Connecticut and Pennsylvania. French Brothers are the oldest cigar manufacturers in the United States. With thirty-six years experience we can offer the public finer brands of cigars for less money than are manufactured in New York or elsewhere for the jobbing trade. Attention is invited to our special brands, viz: John's Gems, The Five Brothers, the Invincibles of Cuba, Flor del Pumas, Big Guns, etc. Give my goods a trial.

FRANCIS FENDRICH, 604 Main St. - - Dallas, Tex

### \$75,000 STOCK

FURNITURE BOUGHT AT Bankrupt Prices.

Good Parlor Suits - \$33. Good Chamber Suits, \$20. All fine goods in proportion.

T. BILLINGTON, 639 and 641 Elm St., Dallas, Tex.

### Windsor and Tremont HOTEL COMPANY.

The Grand Windsor Hotel, Dallas, BURK & WOODS, Managers, and The Tremont Hotel, Galveston, HENRY WEAVER, Manager.

are the largest, finest and best appointed hotels in the State, with all modern improvements. The most liberal management, offering superior attractions to any hotel in Texas. Rates, \$2 to \$3.50 per day. Large sample rooms and special accommodations for commercial men. Reduced rates for theatrical companies. Cuisine of superior excellence.

J. C. O'CONNOR, President. M. L. CRAWFORD, Vice-President. J. F. O'CONNOR, Cashier.

### City National Bank,

DALLAS, TEXAS.

Cash capital.....\$100,000 Surplus.....67,000

Accounts of cattlemen, merchants and individuals solicited. DIRECTORS: L. A. Pines, F. G. Burke, M. L. Crawford, J. C. O'Conor, H. P. Lantz, J. F. O'Conor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Daily PER COPY \$ 5 ONE MONTH \$ 1.00 THREE MONTHS \$ 2.50 SIX MONTHS \$ 4.50 TWELVE MONTHS \$ 8.00

COMPRISING TWELVE PAGES OF SEVENTY-TWO COLUMNS, MADE UP FROM THE CROWN OF THE DAILY EDITION, IS THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE SOUTH.

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them, being an ex-supreme judge and a prominent lawyer; the Attorney General another one of them, being in his second term and of course a lawyer of high repute; and the comptroller one of the board; being also considered an excellent lawyer. The Treasurer did not take issue with the board and the land commissioner was wholly with it in all the legislation it adopted, so far as the public has known.

While the usurpations to which Col. Hughes alludes were being perpetrated THE NEWS gave them attention. But the law gave the board some discretion, and these lawyers and the other members of the board exercised extraordinary discretion and appealed to the country on their record, and were sustained. What THE NEWS had condemned was approved. The members of the board had kept within the law and the constitution, or they had violated their oaths to uphold the law and constitution. The Democratic party decided that they had not perjured themselves, and that their policy was wise and strictly lawful; but later on their policy is found to be a failure.

THE NEWS announced this fact and declared that the school fund was being defrauded of millions of dollars. The Land Board ordered agents, and their reports prove THE NEWS' declaration to be true. The board's legislation, sustained by the opinion of the eminent lawyers mentioned and by the Democratic party, left the board face to face with the responsibility for the loss. It had assumed unlimited legislative power, which THE NEWS had finally to accept when the people vindicated the assumption. But this assumption increased the responsibility for good results. Had the original law failed of good results in an attempt to enforce it as it stood upon the statute books, the Land Board could not have been held responsible for the wholesale loss of the school fund. This was not deemed the advisable course, for the board had, it held, authority to improve the legislative act, which was deemed insufficient, and thereby shouldered the responsibility, legislative and executive, which otherwise would have rested upon the Legislature. If it can make a law or rule, it must be one that can be executed or enforced. If it repeats a law that is inoperative, it is absurd to substitute a law that is likewise inoperative. So under the vindicated rules of the board if the school fund is defrauded it is the fault alone of the board and not of the Legislature. This is the gravamen of the charge made by this paper. The cattleman violates the law and relies upon the illegality of the action of the board for his defense. That is another question. If he is right, the eminent lawyers of the Land Board are wrong, and the Democratic party has been led to condone a grievous sin upon the part of the five State officials mentioned. If he is right the Governor is wholly wrong in advising suits which the cattlemen would defeat. If he is right the grass commissioners are correct in advising against such suits, and the Attorney General and County and District Attorneys are right in refusing to bring them. But if he is wrong—and that is the presumption from the high standing of the lawyers of the Land Board who so contend, and from the action of the people endorsing these lawyers when THE NEWS had made the issue—then the cattlemen have no defense, and the Land Board, in long delaying any action looking to the punishment of the law-breakers, is alone responsible for the loss. Now all sides agree as to the magnitude of the wrong. Only a little while back THE NEWS was alone in this view of the case. Now the Land Board has deliberately declared that the loss amounts to millions, and the cattlemen declare that it amounts to millions. Between the Land Board and cattlemen the questions raised by Col. Hughes are important to the public mainly in fixing the responsibility for the losses sustained by the public. Between these parties the public has been defrauded. Where the fault rests let the public decide. The board deliberately undertook to change the statutory terms upon which the lands could be leased. It was bound to carry out its decrees, unless cattlemen lawlessly and forcibly resisted. If resisted it had a right to demand of the Governor the exercise of his power, and now this demand is refused. The board, unless assured in advance of its power to enforce its extraordinary legislation, ought to have kept strictly within the law. It is responsible for the mistake of letting go what was assured in order to secure that which was so uncertain and shadowy. It depended upon the Governor, and at the crisis he fails. So the lease business is a failure, and the Governor and the members of the board are in fine shape for another indorsement by the indulgent people who are defrauded of millions. The Houston convention cost the people two millions. Will the next one be as foolish?

Court decisions are of all sorts, and the last one sticks because it is the last, if not always satisfactory. However, a majority of final decisions are probably more correct than the first judgments. The trouble is in delays, expense, and sometimes in the law itself, which does not fit nearly all circumstances and cases. In New York lately a court decided that a rich wife was not responsible for a hotel bill assumed by her for herself and husband. But on appeal Chief Justice McAdam said: We cannot imagine why a wife with credit for her husband, who has none, to a hotel, and in order to procure board and shelter for her family arrange that she, and not the husband, should be liable for the bill. This was not so, a wife, however wealthy, might find it difficult to find rooms in a hotel simply because her husband was unfortunate enough to be impetuous. These observations are made simply to show that the rulings made at the trial might lead to the impracticable results suggested.

This reasoning is clear. The mystery is that the first court could not see it. If common sense were allowed more play such simple truths would not be obscured and appeals would not be necessary to elicit them. Common sense and justice have a hard time of it at law. It is reported that "Gentleman George" is tired of life at Berlin and that his resignation of the German mission may be expected at any moment. Pendleton is very largely a disappointed man. By far too respectable a man for the gang managing

the Democratic party of Ohio at present, and not as able or popular a man as either Thurman or Groesbeck, he is and has been an anomaly in Ohio political life. In singling him out for a diplomatic position he should have been assigned to either London or Paris. He is showy and dapper and much addicted to society, and Berlin is altogether too tame for him. If he comes home, private life and the adornment of a private station will be his fate.

THE NEWS publishes to-day the remaining portions of the President's message. The last sheet of the document was received at 8 o'clock last night. The whole message came in a bungling and disconnected shape, requiring hours of close editing and careful classifying to make it intelligible. The facility THE NEWS enjoys, without competition in this region, for issuing extra editions of the paper as fast as fresh matter is prepared and put in type, accounts for the fact that its issue of yesterday presented the best and fullest report of the message in this part of the State, giving in the second edition twelve of the fourteen columns which the document would occupy in this paper. In further illustration of the completeness of THE NEWS' facilities, it may be stated that owing to interruptions and other difficulties of the telegraphic service, the message was not ready for the printer until 12 o'clock, and with the advent of the sun yesterday morning the entire mail had been dispatched and the paper was at the doors of the citizens of Dallas.

An actress in the divorce court at Pittsburgh, Pa., testified that her husband told her he married her purely as a matter of speculation, and that she was no more to him than a valuable race horse. He wanted to make money out of her. That men can and do act so basely must go far to account for the frequent appeals for divorce by women who are making money by their exertions. It is their misfortune to attract those men who are plunderers by nature, and it is only after marriage that they discovered the base, fraudulent design which must render marriage insufferable.

THE NEWS has received communications on various subjects, also new books, which will have due attention as soon as the extraordinary pressure on space by more urgent news matter is removed.

ACTING VICE PRESIDENT SHERMAN is about as high a title as Old Snakey will ever capture.

ABOUT the best evidence that Senator Cockrell should be retained in his office is that he is bitterly opposed by every Republican paper in Missouri.

THE news from the North is such as to kill off the hopes of those buoyant persons who have prophesied a warm winter for us.

MR. GLADSTONE is reported as again felling trees. He's a good husband. When he gets through with his campaign fun he goes out and chops the stove-wood.

MRS. RANDY CHURCHILL will not be heard of so often now. Mr. Gladstone has somewhat retired that fresh husband, and she goes with him.

KING TILDEN says while at Mandalay he was virtually a prisoner of his own people. They probably caged him as they would any wild animal that had preyed upon them as the King had done. If accounts are correct he was a monster which his subjects are pleased to be rid of.

MR. TILDEN, in his letter to Speaker Carlisle, gave the world to understand that the United States is defenseless on sea-board and sea. The Republican newspapers profess to be highly amused over this "message," as they call it. The humor of it is lost upon those who have witnessed the squandering of millions by the party lately in power in the professed effort to build up the navy. It is history that the government has never been furnished a vessel that could stand before the second-class ships of Europe for an hour. If our coasts are defenseless and our war vessels unfit for service the fault lies wholly at the doors of those who now sneer at Tilden and his suggestions.

MR. ROACH attended the launch of the Chicago at Chester, Pa., yesterday. He seized the occasion to state that if the government wanted good war vessels he would furnish them. The government wants a few but it doesn't want the kind that Messrs. Roach, Robeson & Co. have been furnishing. There are new bosses now who are particular and who superintend the jobs. The Roach-Robeson style of doing business is unpopular, and Mr. Roach, it is feared, must remain in that bankrupt and broken condition so woefully purchased by his friends, the Republican newspapers.

SENATOR TEMPLE HOUSTON came in from the wild West yesterday, heard of the tribulations of the Land Board, winked and faded into the West again.

WHEN Cleveland writes his next message he should start it out on the wires the day he commences writing it, and give it to the country in a continued-in-the-next form. He is a good President but he is not a paragrapher.

Scenes of material existence may fade from memory's page and be forgotten, the landscape may grow dim by time, the bubbling stream may cease to purr, and the songs of the birds that warble enchanting music may have faded on the passing breeze, but a thoughtful friend will be forgotten only when we cease to be.

A Texas Paper Dies. New York Times. DALLAS, Nov. 29.—An important change in the newspaper world of Texas will take place here to-morrow. The Dallas Herald, the oldest newspaper in North Texas, will cease its existence with to-morrow's issue, and Dec. 1 will find THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS, the offspring of THE GALVESTON NEWS, in full possession of the morning field in this city. The proprietors of the Herald, Messrs. Pfouts, Elliott & Hall, become stockholders in THE MORNING NEWS, and to this extent only the two papers are merged into one. Its first issue was published on its first paper Oct. 1 last and was a success from the start. With strong backing it has crowded the Herald to the wall and forced an amalgamation upon terms which gratifies the friends of THE MORNING NEWS. The Herald was established twenty years ago. It has witnessed the growth of Texas and for many years it grew and prospered with the giant State it represents. In its death Texas loses one of her landmarks.

Queen Victoria's Portrait. London World. Prof. Angell, the Queen's favorite portrait painter, is expected shortly at Windsor Castle from Vienna. He was over here in the spring, when he commenced a "State" portrait of Her Majesty, which is now nearly finished. It is a life-size picture, and the Queen is represented in her

royal robes and wearing the crown. She stands on a throne, and her right foot rests on a globe. She wears a crown, and the purple train falls to the steps, so that the effect is altogether most imposing. The Queen wears the Garter. This picture is to be placed in Buckingham Palace, and it is the duty of the artist's predecessors, and as it becomes Crown property it will be paid for out of the Civil List and not out of the Privy Purse.

THE STATE PRESS. What the Newspapers Throughout Texas Are Talking About.

The Bosque County Blade reports progress; a long list of paying subscribers and fine prospects: The Blade management is naturally elated over the success attendant upon it, and never tiring in well-doing, the circulation of the paper will be still increased.

The Paris North Texan is "well to do." It says: The North Texan will close the year with as many subscribers as it ever had, with a surplus of \$50,000, and we are fully ready for the new year's work, with a "stiff upper lip."

The Presidio County News warns the land robbers to look a little out: Gen. McCullough seems to be levying some petty taxes upon certain officers and citizens of our country. The old gentleman, it seems, wasn't asleep every time he closed his eyes during his recent visits to this country; on the contrary, it appears that he drew a close observer drawing his own deductions, as is shown by his recent statements before the Land Board in Austin, as reported in a late issue of THE GALVESTON NEWS. Gen. McCullough talks like he means business, and all parties concerned had better keep their weather eye open, for the end is not yet. The Land Board is busy now, maturing their plans, adopting some feasible method of dealing with the most vexatious part of the worst space of time, and with the least trouble. The general is an old warrior, will do his duty fearlessly, and he evidently has the good of the State at heart. There is no doubt but what he will do his whole duty conscientiously, thereby giving the State value received.

The Brenham Banner rises to explain: Temperance and prohibition are two widely different things. There is not a temperate drinker, nor can we afford to be opposed to temperance, but a vast number are opposed to prohibition. In all localities where prohibition prevails liquor is sold on the sly and both the seller and the buyer are liable. The high license system and good police regulations do more than anything else to control the sale of liquor. If the men can be brought up so as not to drink any liquor the saloons will have to close for want of patronage.

The Mexia Ledger says: THE DALLAS NEWS ought now to enjoy a regular rearing, tearing boom. It has a splendid field. The Temple Times remarks: The Grass Commissioners' report, and what they say "out of school," is valuable information to the public, and yet it is nothing more than what has been known for years by all the west and many in the eastern section, and yet the State flounders unable to enforce the law or even have it enforced.

Doctors disagree, but their sons agree. The Austin Statesman thus buries the hatchet: The editor of the San Angelo Enterprise that took the Statesman editor for "a sucker," and which we fear we took too seriously and did the worthy editor of that paper an injustice, comes back, with "Surrender, Colonel," in large letters. They apologize, Doctor. Both of our fathers being allopathic contemporaries from the same State, we can not afford to be anything else but good friends, nor can we afford to get into a quarrel about the status of a homoeopathic physician. Here is our offer. The Statesman says of the attempt to boycott and bulldoze the Houston Age and its patrons: This very dangerous thing of boycotting is showing its venomous fangs elsewhere than in Austin? It is to be regretted that the interests of the State are identified with all other departments of business and trade, entertain the idea that we can arbitrarily dictate to all other business men in the same community as to whom they shall do business, and that is the most dangerous kind of tyranny. If a secret oath-bound society in midnight conclave is to fix rules as to who shall or shall not be patronized, trade or occupation, or the bulkheads of trade, broken down, and business becomes too certain for any man to venture his capital further than just enough to yield him and his family bread, until the people rise in revolt and break the galling yoke of such a bondage.

The Fort Worth Mail says: If some of the cranks and would-be leaders who are going about crying tyranny and preaching oppression, and sowing the seeds of discord and dissension, are not busy laboring men, were compelled to engage in some legitimate occupation and thereby earn an honest living, the country and people generally would be better off.

Brenham is threatened with a libel suit. The Banner says: Saturday morning a Camptown merchant purchased a chicken from a colored lady paying her 15 cents for it. Soon after the trade had been consummated a colored gentleman came along, claimed the hen, proved property and took it away. The merchant paid the lady, and she is 15 cents refunded. The lady seemed to regard this a reflection upon her honesty and threatened to have the merchant arrested for defamation of character.

The Collinsville Times is a contemplative and solemn sort of paper at times. It begins an article after the style of the poet's remembrance of old friends: "The cold, the lost, the changed, too many but how few."

Saturday, when the lonely, quiet evening was crawling into the shadow of night, we were poised in deep meditation, and were counting the number of unserving friends we had in this remorseless world.

Here the melancholy train of the editor's reflections was side-tracked by the receipt of a piece of bridal cake, and he became ecstatic and exclaimed: Scenes of material existence may fade from memory's page and be forgotten, the landscape may grow dim by time, the bubbling stream may cease to purr, and the songs of the birds that warble enchanting music may have faded on the passing breeze, but a thoughtful friend will be forgotten only when we cease to be.

THE NEWS herewith gives that portion of the President's message which came from the wires too late for either one of its two editions of yesterday. These supplementary portions are of a phenomenally lengthy but interesting document will, with what has already been published, furnish the public with a sufficiently clear idea of the President's views on national affairs.

Under the head Chinese relations, after his reference to the troubles in Washington Territory and the Pacific slope generally, the following paragraph occurs: Race prejudice is the chief feature in originating these disturbances, and it exists in a large part of our domain, jeopardizing our domestic peace and the good relationship we strive to maintain with China. The admitted right of a government to prevent an influx of elements hostile to its internal peace and security may not be questioned, even where there is no treaty stipulation on the subject, and the exclusion of Chinese labor is demanded in other countries where like conditions prevail is strongly urged in the Dominion of Canada, where Chinese immigration is now regulated by laws more exclusive than our own.

In connection with our British relations this paragraph in regard to our Alaskan frontier expresses the President's idea of the necessity for furnishing an early satisfactory arrangement for the frontier between Alaska and British Columbia, as defined by the treaty of cession with Russia, follow the demarcation assigned in the prior treaty between Great Britain and Russia. Modern exploration discloses that this ancient boundary is impracticable as a geographical fact, and the best mode of settling that region the question has lacked importance. But the discovery of mineral wealth in the territory on the line supports the exclusion and admonishes us that the time has come when an accurate knowledge of the boundary is needful to prevent jurisdictional complications.

The interest of the American people in the cholera question is disposed of by the following few additional lines: An international conference to consider means of arresting the spread of cholera and other epidemic diseases, was convened at St. Petersburg, May last, and adjourned to meet again on further notice. An expert delegate on behalf of the United States has attended its sessions and will submit a report.

On the most important international question to Texas, the relations with Mexico, President Cleveland uses the following introductory remarks: Our relations with Mexico continue to be friendly, as do those of our neighbors between whom the strongest ties of friendship and commercial interests exist, a natural and congenial consequence of our geographical position, and our geographical proximity. The relocation of the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, established by the Rio Grande, under the convention of July 29, 1852, has been unavoidably delayed, but I appreciate the difficulty in accomplishing the transaction for the period for its accomplishment. The lately concluded commercial treaty with Mexico still awaits stipulated legislation to carry its provisions into effect, and within one year no time has been secured by a supplementary article signed in February last and since ratified.

One of the President's ideas on certain trust fund obligations is detailed thus, in addition to his extended remarks already published on national finances and kindred matters: Under section 3593 of the Revised Statutes, all debts held in trust by the United States and the annual interest accruing thereon, when not otherwise required by treaty, are to be invested in stocks of the United States bearing a rate of interest not less than five per centum per annum. There being no procurable stocks paying so high a rate of interest, the letter of the statute is as presently inoperative, and the spirit is subdivided by continuing to make investments of this nature in current stocks bearing the highest interest available.

The following is an idea advanced on the subject of special treaties, after expressing himself favorably on the reciprocal treaty with Mexico: Measures were made by her Britannic Majesty's government for a mutual extension of commercial intercourse with the British West Indies and South American dependencies, but the failure of the United States to ratify and re-examination the treaties signed with Spain and San Domingo, then pending before the Senate, has been the cause of a serious impediment to the expediency of entering into engagements of this character not covering the entire traffic. He throws out, as one of his thoughts and suggestions on the silver subject, the following: The depositors in savings banks and other institutions which hold in trust savings of the poor when their little accumulations are held down to meet the needs of the world, in their distress, painfully realize the delusion of the promise made to them that their money would be kept in circulation, and if they are to see their money in circulation, and if their coinage is suspended they can be readily obtained by all who desire them. If the coinage is suspended, the result is apparent, their coinage may be renewed.

The Marine Hospital and Life Saving Service topics incorporate the following facts: The supervising surgeon general reports that during the fiscal year 1885, 473 patients have received relief through the Marine Hospital service, of whom 258 were treated in hospitals and dispensaries, and 215 were treated in the field. A large amount of property was saved through the aid of this service. The cost of its maintenance during the year was \$22,474.43. He favors a change in the coast survey business. So far as a further survey of our coast is concerned, there seems a propriety in transferring the work to the Navy Department, as the duties now in charge of this establishment, if they cannot be profitably attached to some existing department or other bureau, should be prosecuted under a law exactly defining their scope and purpose, and with a careful discrimination between the scientific inquiries which may properly be assumed by the government and those which should be taken by State authority or by individual enterprise. As an item of intelligence on Indian affairs it is stated: Beside the troops which were sent in pursuit of the small band of Indians who left their reservation in Arizona and committed murders and outrages, two regular regiments and one of infantry were sent last July to the Indian Territory to prevent an outbreak, which seemed imminent. They returned to camp, if necessary, the expulsion of intruders upon the reservation, who seemed to have caused the discontent among the Indians. An executive proclamation warning them to remove was complied with without interference.

The President says, in connection with his signal service references: The work of the signal service has been prosecuted during the last year with results of increasing benefit to the country. The field of operations has been enlarged with a view to its usefulness. The number of stations in operation on June 30, 1885, was 459. In connection with the War Department affairs West Point Military Academy matters are touched upon: If this is done the scope and extent of its operations should be as nearly as possible definitely prescribed by law, and always capable of each exact ascertainment. The Military Academy of West Point is reported as being in a high state of efficiency, and well equipped for the satisfactory accomplishment and purposes of its maintenance. The fact that the class which graduates next year is an unusually large one has constrained me to decline to make appointments to second lieutenancies in the Army from civil life, as I have no vacancies to exist in these places may be reserved for such graduates, and yet it is not probable that there will be enough vacancies to provide positions for them all when they leave the military

MISSING LINKS OF MESSAGE.

TRIMMINGS TO THE PRESIDENT'S PAPER.

Some Good Points Under Various Heads that Were Omitted from the Body of the Able State Document.

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The following is an idea advanced on the subject of special treaties, after expressing himself favorably on the reciprocal treaty with Mexico: Measures were made by her Britannic Majesty's government for a mutual extension of commercial intercourse with the British West Indies and South American dependencies, but the failure of the United States to ratify and re-examination the treaties signed with Spain and San Domingo, then pending before the Senate, has been the cause of a serious impediment to the expediency of entering into engagements of this character not covering the entire traffic. He throws out, as one of his thoughts and suggestions on the silver subject, the following: The depositors in savings banks and other institutions which hold in trust savings of the poor when their little accumulations are held down to meet the needs of the world, in their distress, painfully realize the delusion of the promise made to them that their money would be kept in circulation, and if they are to see their money in circulation, and if their coinage is suspended they can be readily obtained by all who desire them. If the coinage is suspended, the result is apparent, their coinage may be renewed.

The Marine Hospital and Life Saving Service topics incorporate the following facts: The supervising surgeon general reports that during the fiscal year 1885, 473 patients have received relief through the Marine Hospital service, of whom 258 were treated in hospitals and dispensaries, and 215 were treated in the field. A large amount of property was saved through the aid of this service. The cost of its maintenance during the year was \$22,474.43. He favors a change in the coast survey business. So far as a further survey of our coast is concerned, there seems a propriety in transferring the work to the Navy Department, as the duties now in charge of this establishment, if they cannot be profitably attached to some existing department or other bureau, should be prosecuted under a law exactly defining their scope and purpose, and with a careful discrimination between the scientific inquiries which may properly be assumed by the government and those which should be taken by State authority or by individual enterprise. As an item of intelligence on Indian affairs it is stated: Beside the troops which were sent in pursuit of the small band of Indians who left their reservation in Arizona and committed murders and outrages, two regular regiments and one of infantry were sent last July to the Indian Territory to prevent an outbreak, which seemed imminent. They returned to camp, if necessary, the expulsion of intruders upon the reservation, who seemed to have caused the discontent among the Indians. An executive proclamation warning them to remove was complied with without interference.

The President says, in connection with his signal service references: The work of the signal service has been prosecuted during the last year with results of increasing benefit to the country. The field of operations has been enlarged with a view to its usefulness. The number of stations in operation on June 30, 1885, was 459. In connection with the War Department affairs West Point Military Academy matters are touched upon: If this is done the scope and extent of its operations should be as nearly as possible definitely prescribed by law, and always capable of each exact ascertainment. The Military Academy of West Point is reported as being in a high state of efficiency, and well equipped for the satisfactory accomplishment and purposes of its maintenance. The fact that the class which graduates next year is an unusually large one has constrained me to decline to make appointments to second lieutenancies in the Army from civil life, as I have no vacancies to exist in these places may be reserved for such graduates, and yet it is not probable that there will be enough vacancies to provide positions for them all when they leave the military

school. Under the prevailing law, the class those not thus assigned to duty are to enter the military service. It is suggested that the law on this subject be changed so that those who are not assigned to duty as are not at once assigned to duty after graduation may be retained as second lieutenants in the Army, the desire of the law to assignment when opportunity occurs, under proper rules, as to priority of selection. The expenditures on account of the Military Academy for the last fiscal year, exclusive of the sum taken for this purpose from the appropriations for the support of the Army, were \$2007.

The act approved March 31, 1885, designed to compensate officers and enlisted men for loss of private property which has been or may be, is so indefinite in its terms, and apparently admits of so many claims, the adjustment of which could not have been contemplated, that it is to remain in the statute book, it needs amendment.

In the interest of river navigation for commerce the President says: There should be general law of Congress prohibiting the construction of bridges over navigable waters in such manner as to obstruct navigation, with provisions for preventing the same, if such obstruction is not prevented, the government cannot intervene to prevent such a construction when entered upon without its consent, and its consent is asked and granted its right to insist upon such condition is clear.

This is in response to that while the officers of the government are with great care guarding against the obstruction of navigation by a bridge across the navigable channels of the river, if such a bridge has been built just below the place, directly in the navigable channel of the river, it is an obstruction, and admitted, argument is presented against the appropriation of large sums of money to improve the navigation of the river, and other important highways of commerce of the United States. In reference to the navy department management, and on the question of the Roach contracts, the President says: No one can fail to see from recitals contained in these reports that the application of business principles has been insisted upon in the treatment of these subjects, and that what such contractors have done, and what the execution on the part of the department of contract obligations as they were legally constructed. In the case of the Dolphin, with entire justice to the contractor, the government has been entered into providing for ascertainment by a judicial inquiry of the facts of the contract compliance with the contract in her construction. The President indorses the efforts of Secretary Whitney, saying that while officers directed to having matters systematized so that all efforts shall unite and lead in one direction. And, further, that the officers of the navy department, though new, are useless unless they combine all that this man has up to this day brought forth relating to their construction, and the Secretary's report devoted to this subject to the action of Congress, in the hope that his suggestions touching the reconstruction of the department may be adopted as the first step toward the reconstruction of our navy.

Congress, at its last session, authorized the construction of two additional new cruisers and two gunboats, at a cost not to exceed in the aggregate \$25,000,000. The cost of this purpose having become available on July 1 last, steps were at once taken for the procurement of such plans as would be likely to insure their usefulness when completed. These are of the utmost importance, considering the constant advance in the art of building vessels of this character, and the time is not lost which is spent in their careful consideration and selection.

In connection with Federal Court matters this suggestion occurs: In connection with this subject I desire to suggest the advisability, if it be found not objectionable to constitutional considerations, of the United States Commissioners with the power to try and determine certain violations of law within the Indian country. Trials might be made to depend upon the opinion of the accused. The multiplication of the small and technical offenses, under the provision of our internal revenue law, render some change in our present system very desirable in the interest of humanity as well as economy.

The following interesting statements are made in the portion of the message devoted to the important question of the Indian problem: The report of the Secretary of the Interior containing an account of the operations of that important department and containing much interesting information will be submitted for your consideration. It is a difficult and delicate subject in charge of this department, and the treatment and management of the Indians, I am satisfied that some progress may be noted in their condition, as a result of the administration of the present laws and regulations for their control.

The history of all progress which has been made in the civilization of the Indian, I think, will disclose the fact that the most successful have been religious teaching, followed by accompanying secular education. While the self-sacrificing devotion and untiring efforts have aided in this good work by their independent endeavor, have for their reward the beneficent results of their labor, and a conscientious discharge of their duty. For their valuable services should be fully acknowledged by all who understand the law, and the management of our Indian affairs. What has been said indicates that in the present condition of the Indian operations, it should be made to apply a fixed and unyielding plan of action to their varied and varying needs and circumstances. The present system is, with their general oversight and with the details of the establishment, can hardly possess itself of minute details, and thus the propriety of creating an instrumentality auxiliary to those already established for the care of the Indians suggests itself.

What, if any, Indians may, with their consent, be removed to other reservations, and what extent the Indians upon the reservations can be placed under the protection of our laws and subject to the jurisdiction of our courts, if any, Indians should be invested with the right of citizenship. Though the powers and functions of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs should be clearly defined, they should, in conjunction with the Secretary of the Interior, be given all the authority to deal definitely with the questions presented deemed safe and consistent.

The President evidently thinks Congress should find a remedy for weaknesses in the land laws. He says: But the pressure of local interests, combined with a special interest, have caused numerous instances procured the passage of laws which marred the harmony of the general plan and rendered the laws of this nature, in general, and special enactments which render the land laws complicated, subject titles to uncertainty, and the purchase often oppressive and wrong. Laws which were intended for the common benefit have been perverted so that large quantities of land are vested in a single ownership. From the result of the character of the laws this consequence seems incapable of correction by mere administration.

The nation has made princely grants and subsidies to a system of railroads, and great national highways to connect the Pacific States with the East. It has been charged that these donations from the Government have been diverted to private gain and corruption, and thus public indignation has been aroused and suspicion engendered. Our country can only be benefited by its generosity, but it should be guarded against fraud, and the favorable regard of our people for the great corporations to which these grants were made can only be secured by a restoration of confidence to be recovered by their constant unequal and clearly manifested integrity.

Here are some well settled and matured thoughts under the head of civil service reform: The people may well trust the commission to execute the law with perfect fairness and with as little friction as possible. But, of course, no relaxation of the principle which underlies it, and no weakening of the safe guards which surround it can be expected. The performance of administration will be suggested a number of methods of its execution, but I venture to hope that we shall never again be reminded of the fact that our public positions purely as rewards for partisan services.

The whimper of a clerk, discharged for indolence or incompetency, who though he gained his place by the

### RAILROAD RUMBLER'S REVIEW

#### THE FRESH TRAIL OF THE IRON HORSE.

Facts, Figures and Fancies Gleaned, Originated and Wired Specially for this Department of the News

The sudden death of W. H. Vanderbilt Tuesday took from the active sphere of the world's commerce one of its most tremendous factors. The dread angel struck him down without a word of warning in the midst of business cares, surrounded by capitalists, at a time when his prospects of life seemed most glowing, and when his mind was engrossed with discussing, perhaps, plans for increasing the sum total of his already fabulous wealth. He would not question the wealthiest, if not the most noted railroad magnate on the face of the earth.

At various times his belongings have been estimated all the way from \$80,000,000 to \$100,000,000. His demise will no doubt have the effect to change very materially the financial map of the entire country. Whether his sons, to whom he will leave the management and control of his vast railroad and other interests, will handle them with the caution and success which signalized the operations of their father is a question left for its unfolding to the future. Better men have died than Mr. Vanderbilt, few richer. His millions, hoarded in part by his father and added to by himself through years of hard work, could not stay for one instant the sickle of the reaper death, or give him the slightest hint of the moment when the blow should fall. If he had any religious convictions they failed him when he needed their consolation most, for his soul was taken from him without leaving the whisper of a prayer to cool his dead lips. Within death clutches at the gate the railroad millionaire had as little consideration as the poorest section hand that has died on any of his thousands of miles of iron highways.

William H. Vanderbilt was in his 65th year when he died. He was the oldest son of Cornelius Vanderbilt. The date of his birth was May 8, 1821, and the place, Staten Island. His distinguished father kept him on a farm, or he kept himself, until he was 40 years of age. In that year, 1861, the eminent deceased entered the railway service in the capacity of receiver of the Staten Island Railroad Company. He had previously administered the finances of that organization as to induce the directors of the company to elect him its president in 1863, a position he kept until 1864. That year he was elected vice president of the New York and Harlem Railroad Company and continued in that office till 1877, when he became president.

When the Hudson River and the New York Central were consolidated in 1865 Mr. Vanderbilt was made vice president, remaining in that capacity till 1867, when he was elected president of the consolidated lines and continued in that position until the combined companies till 1883. He was, besides, vice president of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern from 1874 to 1877, and president from 1877 to 1883; he was president of the Michigan Central from 1878 till 1883; and president of the Canada Southern from 1879 to 1883. Sometime ago he announced his intention of withdrawing altogether from business cares and leaving them in the hands of his son, George. A singular fatality, when death came to summon him it found him attending to business.

SAN ANTONIO, Dec. 9.—A railroad committee from Kerrville had an interview yesterday with President Lott and the directors of the Aransas Pass Railroad concerning the northwest extension of the road through Kerrville. Nothing definite was arrived at. A proposition on the part of the Aransas Pass Railroad to construct the road at the rate of \$4000 per mile, payment to be taken in their own bonds, was submitted.

FORT WORTH AND DENVER CITY.

FORT WORTH, Dec. 9.—Initial steps were taken at the Fort Worth and Denver stockholders' meeting yesterday regarding the extension of their line north through the eastern tier of Panhandle counties to connect with the Kansas system of railroads.

#### PERSONAL.

Rush H. Barnes, of the Chicago and Alton, and Geo. F. Lupton, of the Queen and Crescent, left Dallas last night for the South.

W. H. Abrams, land commissioner Texas and Pacific, has gone to St. Louis.

Geo. Knight's successor as Southwestern Passenger agent of the Vandavia has not yet been appointed.

John Howard is just in from Pecos City. He says the proper pronunciation of Pecos is as if it were spelled, Fays.

#### MR. GOULD'S PROPOSED RETIREMENT.

In connection with the sudden death of Mr. Vanderbilt, the following from Bradstreet's on the subject of the headline above, will be read with a good deal of curiosity:

It is again announced that Mr. Jay Gould is about to retire from active participation in the stock market. This time the information is authentic and has been confirmed by Mr. Gould himself. The stock firm of W. E. Connor & Co., in which Mr. Gould has been special, and his son, George J. Gould, a general partner, will expire by limitation Jan. 1, 1886, and will not be renewed so far as the Messrs. Gould are concerned. The offices of father and son will be removed from Wall street, and they will each devote themselves to the active management of the corporations with which Mr. Gould is identified, chief among which are Western Union Telegraph, Missouri Pacific and its affiliated lines, and Wabash. Mr. Gould, it is announced, made extended trips on his yacht, and intends generally to let Wall Street alone, to the extent of not even supporting the quotations of the stocks in which he is chiefly interested.

The announcement seems to have made more impression outside of Wall street than in it. So prominent an operator, and one whose dealings attained the magnitude of Mr. Gould's, could not actually leave the market without his absence producing an appreciable effect. The impression, however, seems to be that though Mr. Gould may move his offices to those of his railroads in the Western Union building, and though he may give less time to the market and more to his personal recreation, it is extremely improbable that he will disappear altogether as a factor from the street. It is remembered that some years ago when Mr. Gould came rarely into Wall street in person he was proportionately as active in the market as at any time since. Mr. Gould, it is believed, is also not formally retired a short time ago, is also not on the public. It is probable that at no time has the latter gentleman wielded such influence in the market as during the past few months. There are also some who do not hesitate to say that if the street should accept Mr. Gould's retirement for a fact and act accordingly, it is likely he will treat the street to a surprise some day.

#### ELECTRIC TRAMCARS.

The London News recently had the following: A new electric tram engine was shown recently at the depot of the North Metropolitan Tramway Company, Stratford, England. This is a center at which trials have always been readily accorded to any new motor, and it is understood that in the event of the new inventors and the Tramway Company agreeing upon terms a practical experiment of no small importance will be made in electric tramway working upon the new line to Ilford. The electrical engineers in this case are the

Electric Locomotive and Power Company claim to have solved the problem of economical working by combining the electrical power with the mechanical aid of the lever principle. The electro-motor is connected by pinions horizontally with a large stationary motor, and vertically with the wheels. When the engine is started the pinion of the horizontal armature gears into the stationary rack, and so causes the motor itself to revolve. The motor then becomes, by the action of its fixed vertical shaft, the driving axle, and communicates its motion to the wheels of the car. By means of clutches a backward or forward motion can be secured without reversing the direction in which the electro-motor is revolving. The electricity is supplied from 50 cells of, say a total of 280 amperes. It is claimed that the average discharge is from 40 to 45 amperes per hour, and that an engine consuming only two tons of coal per week will charge batteries sufficient to do the work of four cars requiring seventy-four horses per week. The engine appears to be controlled with perfect ease, and though at present it is fitted up separately from the car itself so as to take the place of horses and utilize existing tracks, the company claim that it can in time easily be constructed as a part of the passenger cars.

#### RETURN TO TARIFF RATES.

St. PAUL, Dec. 9.—Appearance now indicate that the railway rate war is at a close. To-day the passenger department of the Milwaukee, Omaha and St. Louis agreed to return to tariff rates to-morrow morning, and they hope that the Minnesota and Northwestern will do the same. At any rate three other roads will do so regardless of the latter. A conference is being held with Mr. Stickney. It is understood that he wants the differential rate and that if he cannot be argued out of it some concession will be made.

#### CONDENSED STATE TELEGRAMS.

The house of George T. Simpson, of Shreveport, was burned yesterday. The loss was between \$4000 and \$5000; insurance \$8000.

A heavy gale visited Tyler and blew the roof from a school building. The children were stampeded. Workmen are repairing the building.

The County Commissioners' Court of Smith County has purchased land, mules, agricultural implements, etc., for the purpose of starting a poor farm.

Deputy Marshal Walcott, of McKinney, discovered one of the stores in the Morrow block on fire. He extinguished it without any damage being done to the property.

Wilke & Co., who assigned a short time ago, filed a schedule of their assets and liabilities, showing a net worth of \$17,000. The term of the postmaster expires on the 20th, and several applicants are after the office.

Montgomery held a prohibition election. The prohibitionists were triumphant in the town by thirty-two majority, and it is thought the county goes against liquor trade. No interest was manifested, and in precincts the polls were not even opened.

The Methodist Conference was opened at Beaumont yesterday. Many clergymen were present who represent the five districts of Palestine, Tyler, San Augustine, Henderson, and Sherman.

At Houston George Clarke's cotton pickery burned. There were on it a few bales of cotton and the building was a total loss. The Herald of last evening says that it has authentic information that the Galveston, Texas and San Antonio Railroad intends to put its shops at Houston. It says the work will be commenced within ten days and when finished the shops will be the largest in this section of the country—will employ between 300 and 1000 men and will distribute nearly \$100,000 per month.

At LaGrange a fire broke out in the store of W. H. Ledbetter, but was extinguished before doing much damage. A carpenter, named Mebus, who had climbed to the post office to save that building, fell off and was seriously hurt. The famous murder trial of Robert Due, transferred from Gonzales on a change of venue, resulted in a mistrial—the jury standing eleven for conviction, a boy about 16 years of age, was convicted of murder in the second degree, and his punishment fixed at twenty years in the penitentiary.

At San Antonio, in the District Court, Judge Noonan presiding, the case of the city against George E. Sims came up for trial. The defendant was fined \$100 and given ten days in the county jail. The case was an appeal from the Recorder's Court, where Sims was convicted for gambling. Judge Noonan affirmed the ruling of the Recorder and decided affirmatively on the ordinance under which he was convicted. It was a test case and will put an end to gambling in that town. Jim Russell was arrested for vagrancy, but on promising to leave the city on the first train he was discharged. The collections of the city collector for the month of November amounted to \$36,392.16.

#### PERSONAL.

Mr. W. J. Havey, a popular and prominent teacher of Valley Mills, was arrested on a charge of murder committed in St. Landry Parish in 1871. The name of his victim was McGee. The prisoner admits the killing, but pleads justification. His statement is that the deceased charged him with a heinous crime for which he, Havey, stood his trial and was acquitted. The two men became deadly foes and carried shotguns for each other. Meeting in the road, they commenced firing at each other, resulting in the death of McGee. Havey fled to this State and settled in Bosque County, where he has been for ten years. He has since been in other counties. The prisoner, by his upright conduct, had endeared himself to the people, who were shocked at the arrest. His friends are confident of his acquittal, and two of them go with him to render assistance at his trial.

Mrs. Embanks, a lady claiming to be from Dallas, stopped at the hotel at the Union Depot, at Fort Worth, and complained of a violent pain in the head. In the evening she commenced firing at a clerk for chloroform saturated her handkerchief with it, and before the clerk could interfere was completely under the influence of the drug. A physician was sent for, who brought her back to life after several hours of hard work. She is reported as saying sickness and the loss of her husband had made her tired of life, and she wanted to join him. She is still very ill, but a watch is kept constantly at her bedside. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Fort Worth and Denver Road was held yesterday. Nothing but reports of the officers showed the gross earnings for the year to be \$48,710.96, net earnings \$197,631.19, fixed charges for the year \$184,200. Fifty new cars have been received from Pullman Car Factory, and the road is building fifty more. An application for a receiver of the defunct Self-Endowment and Benevolent Association has been made by Geo. Matters, one of the creditors. Another attachment for \$100 has also been run against it. Burglars entered the grocery store of R. Walker and attempted to open the safe. They were frightened off before securing any booty. They left the tools with which they were drilling the safe behind them.

#### PLANO.

PLANO, Dec. 9.—J. W. Cox, a farmer who sold a horse in Dallas yesterday that he had mortgaged to Kendrick & Co., of this place, was arrested, and falling to give bond, was taken to McKinney this evening to await the action of the grand jury.

#### SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL, WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES, FOR WASTING CHILDREN.

Dr. S. W. Cohen, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have given your Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, to several children with good results. It not only restores wasted tissue, but gives strength, and I heartily recommend it for diseases attended by atrophy."

#### NEWS FROM FORT WORTH.

##### Presenting Gamblers—A Receiver for Mutual Self-Endowment—Personal and General.

Special to The News.

FORT WORTH, Dec. 9.—County Attorney Bowlin is after the gambling fraternity with a sharp stick and expresses his determination to enforce the law to the letter. To-day there were several arrests made, with from twelve to twenty cases against each party. Bond was placed at \$200 in each case. Frank Anderson, Eugene Lambert, Downy Hunt and Bob Cummins, not being able to give bond, were placed in the county jail.

Charles Ryan was "held up" by two men yesterday morning about three o'clock in the Third ward. He had been to a drug store, where he had purchased a pint of whiskey for his sick wife, and was returning with it when stopped by the men. They searched him, but finding nothing but the whiskey, remarked that it was good enough for them and went off with it.

The application for receiver and dissolution of the corporation of the Mutual Self-Endowment and Benevolent Association of America was granted by Judge Beckham this morning, and Ike Carb was appointed by the court as receiver. This defunct institution has no connection, as some suppose, with the famous Mutual Beneficent Association of Texas. The latter association is in a perfectly solvent condition and is doing a flourishing business. The similarity of names has caused some apprehension on the part of a few holders of policies in this company, but their fears are entirely groundless.

The celebrated \$25,000 damage suit of Jos. H. Brown vs. the Western Union Telegraph Company was taken up to the grand jury on application of defendant, transferred to the Federal Court at Dallas.

J. C. Miller vs. J. G. Wood. Suits to establish liability under the terms of a late land verdict rendered in favor of plaintiff. J. V. True vs. Texas and Pacific Railway, \$25,000 damages for injuries received in the Fort Worth yard, necessitating amputation of leg on trial.

County Court: S. B. Cain vs. G. W. Gillespie. Suit on account; judgment for plaintiff for \$79.83.

L. W. Franklin vs. Rosedale Street Railway Company, to recover \$1000 damages for personal injuries. Judgment for plaintiff for \$95.

Capt. J. C. Richardson has resigned his position as Deputy United States Marshal, the purchaser of the office being too small to justify him in neglecting his stock interest. Capt. Richardson made a fearless and conscientious officer and his resignation is regretted by all law-abiding people.

#### PERSONALS.

R. E. Montgomery returned to-day from a protracted visit to the East by Mr. Martin Casey, who has been in Philadelphia for over a year treating for an injured knee, has returned, fully restored to health.

Warder Cummings and L. K. Keller, of the Texas and Pacific Railway, are in the city.

G. P. Meade has returned from a visit, on legal business, to Hillsboro.

Real Estate Transfers.—The following real estate transfers were recorded to-day: R. J. Houston to L. A. Houston, 173 acres out of the two leagues Shelby County school lands, west part of block 25 and all of block 18; consideration \$1000.

J. P. Prickett to A. P. Hudgins, 20 acres out of the Wm. Bradford 440 acre survey; consideration \$400.

Isaac Harrison to J. F. Cooper, lot 7, block B4 of Dargetz's addition to Fort Worth; consideration \$1.

Marriage licenses were issued to: Walter J. Hardin to Miss Elizabeth Lyles, Henry Hill to Miss E. S. Word, John H. Light to Mrs. A. E. Lawler.

Sheriff Boyd, of Cleburne, arrived in the city to-night from Hillsboro, where he captured George G. Ritch, charged with horse stealing at Cleburne. He leaves for there in the morning.

G. R. Newton and wife returned to the city to-night, after a two weeks' visit to the State of Texas.

Lieut. Geo. Gibbs returned through the city to-night on route to Belton.

A baby belonging to a party of emigrants bound for Bowie died at the Union Depot last night. The body was placed in a coffin, bought a coffin and shipped the corpse to Bowie for burial.

#### SHEREPORT.

Important Decisions Rendered in the District Court.

Special to The News.

SHEREPORT, Dec. 9.—Among other decisions rendered by Judge S. L. Taylor in the District Court this morning were the following, which are of importance to merchants and bankers generally. In both cases judgment was rendered in favor of plaintiffs: L. Levison & Co., of New York, vs. E. & W. B. Jacobs, bankers of this city. Defendants received from plaintiffs a note for collection made by Ben Landman, who was in failing circumstances. Said note was dishonored on Oct. 15, 1884, and defendants and other creditors of Landman attached on Oct. 17 and made their money. No notice having been given by defendants to plaintiffs until the evening of the 17th of October, plaintiff held that defendants were responsible for the note for failing to give notice of the insolvent condition, and that he had given just cause for attachment in the case of Denham, Buckley & Co., of New York, vs. J. A. and Henry Jacobs, the former of this city and the latter of Grand Crane. The Judge held: 1. That a motion for judgment rendered in favor of debtor to his creditor is without effect as to the other creditors, even though the purchaser was not aware of the insolvency. 2. That such contracts are not in the usual course of business, and that it is incumbent to prefer one creditor at the expense of others. Hence, good faith on the part of the creditor, or ignorance of the insolvency of the debtor, will not avail to defeat an action to annul such a contract.

#### THE SCHERCK-WEBB AFFAIR.

Statement of Mr. Webb's Side of the Case—Another Side to the Question.

Special to The News.

MCKINNEY, Dec. 9.—The News of Saturday last noted the filing of a suit of Julius Scherck vs. W. H. Webb & Son. At the time of filing the suit it was intimated that Mr. Scherck would prosecute Mr. Webb for forging a telegram from the First National Bank of this place to Scherck. This item, of course, was not sent to THE NEWS then. Mr. John Webb, the junior member of the firm, was called to Sherman Saturday morning by an appointment with Mr. Haislip. While in town Webb met Scherck and agreed on a settlement of the matters in controversy—this at the instance of McClain, his attorney. Scherck abandoned it, and refused to abide. A quarrel ensued, and Scherck was out. A special to a paper (not THE NEWS) from Sherman, relates the charge that the telegram was not authorized by the bank at this point. The News correspondent exhibited this to the officers of the bank, and was informed that the bank both knew of the telegram, and authorized it being sent.

#### A Minister Stoned.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 9.—Intelligence has been received here of a probably fatal assault on a young minister at Barkerville, a hamlet in a remote corner of Vernago County. Prof. W. H. Yates, of the Barkerville Academy, and a minister, incurred the

enmity of ex-Elder C. W. Kountz, who had been expelled from the church. Kountz has gathered around him a religious sect who look upon their leader as a prophet. A plot was arranged to break into Yates' house, carry him bodily to their meeting and compel him to listen to their doctrines. The plot was attempted one night, but the professor was absent. The following evening they met him on the street and stoned him until he was rendered insensible. He was taken to his home, and it was found that he had been injured in the spine and otherwise seriously. He is believed to be fatally injured. There is great excitement in the community. Yates' assailants have not been arrested, but are under surveillance. If Yates dies his friends threaten to lynch them.

#### VICTORIA VOICINGS.

Special to The News.

VICTORIA, Dec. 9.—Yesterday morning about 4 o'clock the tool house and other houses of Mr. Hugh Jordan, who lives seven miles east, below this city, were destroyed by fire. Several cultivators and other agricultural implements were totally destroyed, involving a loss of \$500 or more. Mr. Jordan had great difficulty in saving his residence. No insurance.

The 18-year-old son of Mr. T. H. Clare, of Beville, who was a student at St. Joseph's Institute, was buried yesterday from St. Mary's Church.

A number of the vendant were victimized yesterday by fakirs traveling with a show. One industrious farmer lost \$750. Through the influence of A. Goldman, Deputy Sheriff, he recovered the money late last night. One wealthy business man suffered to the tune of \$300 or more, and many lost smaller amounts.

The city is crowded with visitors. The steam gin and mill belonging to Mr. John Schmidt, of Mission Valley, nine miles from here, were totally destroyed by fire last night. Fifteen bales of cotton and forty tons of cotton seed, with considerable fencing were destroyed. Loss about \$4000; no insurance.

Cotton and pean receipts light. The former brings 3.40 cents and the latter four cents a pound.

Weather cool, dry and bright, amusements numerous and trade fair.

#### AN AWFUL ACCIDENT.

A Railroad Engine at Bryan Kills Three People. The Engineer Arrested.

Special to The News.

BRYAN, Dec. 9.—A horrible and heart-rending railroad accident occurred yesterday afternoon late at the oil mill crossing, about one mile north of the station. The engine attached to the pay car ran into the wagon of H. T. Wilson, containing himself and two daughters, killing all three persons. H. T. Wilson, about 75 years of age, had his neck broken; the two young ladies were horribly mangled and cut about the head and face. The place where the accident occurred is one of the most dangerous crossings on the oil mill crossing. The engine attached to the pay car ran into the wagon of H. T. Wilson, containing himself and two daughters, killing all three persons. H. T. Wilson, about 75 years of age, had his neck broken; the two young ladies were horribly mangled and cut about the head and face. The place where the accident occurred is one of the most dangerous crossings on the oil mill crossing. The engine attached to the pay car ran into the wagon of H. T. Wilson, containing himself and two daughters, killing all three persons. H. T. Wilson, about 75 years of age, had his neck broken; the two young ladies were horribly mangled and cut about the head and face. The place where the accident occurred is one of the most dangerous crossings on the oil mill crossing.

Christmas Presents, Holiday Goods, Toilet Goods, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Novelties, at Hickox & Hearne's.

Ladies' Kid Button Worked Holes \$1 50 at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s, 738 Elm street.

Lewis Bros. & Co. Boots and Shoes, 738 Elm street, Dallas, Tex.

Christmas Presents, Holiday Goods, Toilet Goods, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Novelties, at Hickox & Hearne's.

A Suitable Xmas Present. Among the many attractions for the holidays, Reinhardt & Co. has a special line of elegant silk ties, scarfs, silk handkerchiefs, mittens and gloves, at popular low prices, specially adapted for genteel holiday presents. Reinhardt & Co. still maintain the lead in all articles pertaining to clothing and general furnishing goods, and it is a matter of fact that anyone who purchases what his occupation can buy better goods and at more moderate rates at this store than any in North Texas.

For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

#### Classified Advertisements.

##### FOR SALE.

THE WELL KNOWN MULLINS RANCH OF 2000 acres in Tom Green County, fine land, plenty of grass, good water in abundance, for sale cheap. ROBERTSON & TARVER, Land Agents, San Angelo.

FOR SALE—Half block of well improved property, consisting of four cottages, one large stable, two cisterns and plenty of well water, always occupied by good tenants; healthy locality and good neighborhood. Terms reasonable. Apply to W. P. Siler, Grand Windsor Hotel.

PAK FOR SALE—in one of the richest sections of Texas, owns a handsome building, centrally located, and is doing a large and lucrative business. Will sell a controlling interest, a permanent and paying position to the purchaser a choice "twixt an incorporated or private bank. Add. Lock Box 286, Dallas.

FOR SALE—Calligraph writing machine, almost new, in perfect order, cheap. Address Calligraph, this office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city property, two lots in the town of Landmarks, each 60x125 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 930 Main street, Dallas, Tex.

FOR SALE—A paying book and stationery business in one of the best towns in Central Texas. A good opening for a man with small capital. For particulars address "Stationer," care News office, Dallas, Tex.

##### HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good experienced day hand. Apply Brownlee Bros.' Ice House.

WANTED—Three men who have energy and pluck and not afraid of work, to canvass and introduce a new work through Central Texas; a permanent and paying position to the right parties. Call early. Room No. 38, St. George Hotel.

WANTED—A competent white servant for household. Apply at once. MRS. A. H. BELO, Corner Ervay and Cadiz streets.

WANTED—If you want work of any kind apply at the Intelligence and Employment office, 609 Main street, Dallas.

WANTED—Chambermaid at St. George Hotel. None but first class need apply.

WANTED—A messenger boy at the Pan Electric Telephone Office. Must be bright, active and well acquainted in the city.

##### MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A good buggy horse in exchange for a piano or organ. Apply to C. H. Edwards, 725 and 735 Main street.

WANTED—To rent house of four or five rooms, within ten blocks of the Merchants' Exchange. Address Box O, News office.

##### BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING, WITH OR WITHOUT ROOM. Apply 213 Ross avenue.

BOARDING—Two large furnished rooms with board for two couples, at northeast corner of Wood and Akard streets. Convenient to business.

##### MASQUERADE COSTUMES.

A elegant assortment of masquerade costumes for rent by Mrs. Egger, No. 1416 Main st., near Union Depot.

##### FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—At low rates, and on time to suit borrowers. C. E. WELLESLEY, Dallas, Texas.

MONEY TO LOAN—For long time at reasonable rates, and in amounts to suit. J. B. WATKINS L. M. CO., Dallas, Texas.

##### VETERAN CERTIFICATES.

STEWART & HARBERT, Austin, Tex. For Sale.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on any security which would realize at cash sale the amount loaned. All business strictly confidential. W. J. B., Lock Box 261, Dallas, P. O.

##### PIANO MANUFACTURERS.

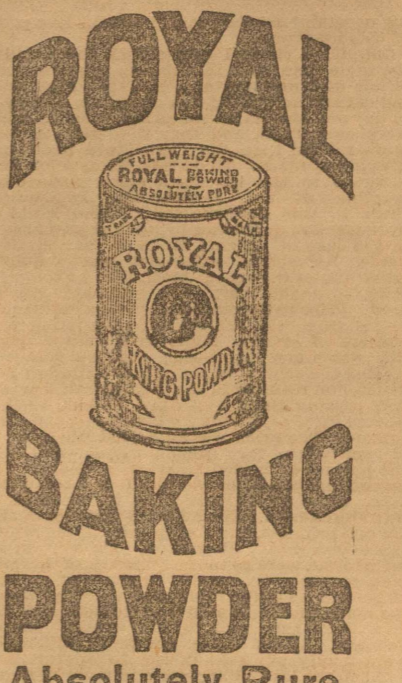
GEO. C. MANNER, 400 Collins st., cor. Orange & Dallas, Tex.

##### SALOONS.

KING'S PLACE—For Fine Liquors, Ales and Cigars. Lamar street, between Elm and Main streets.

##### RESTAURANTS.

LAY'S RESTAURANT—725 Main st.; open day and night; every variety of game and fish in season; meal tickets \$6 per week.



Two farmers' daughters in Seneca County N. Y., husked eighty bushels of corn, or forty bushels each, between the hours of 7 in the morning and 4 in the afternoon.

Unexampled Offer. For the next twenty days every purchaser of \$5 worth of goods from us will receive a ticket entitling him or her to one chance in a Victor Cook Stove or Heater. B. O. WELLS & Co., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

The Value of Gifts. Gifts are doubly valuable if lasting and durable. An inspection of Knepley & Sons' great display of ladies', gents' and boys' watches will convince you that they are specially suitable for holiday gifts. Even the veriest trifle or trinket will give unmeasured joy to the little folks. We have secured an unrivaled assortment of new goods for the holidays, which will delight all lookers. We have determined to please you all with low prices and pleasing goods.

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THE LAND BOARD REVIEWED.

INTERVIEW WITH COL. W. E. HUGHES.

A Careful Analysis of the School Problem—The Law and the Practice—Overstepping Official Powers.

In pursuance of its investigation of the relation of the State Land Board to the occupants of the school lands...

Reporter—Colonel, I have called this morning to get your views upon the school land question...

Col. Hughes—I don't think the matter is being put fairly before the country...

Reporter—If it does not rest with the cattlemen, who are naturally using the school lands without paying for them...

Col. H.—Yes, sir, they have been so misinformed. The responsibility for the present state of affairs, as I view it, rests entirely with the Land Board itself...

Reporter—How is that? Col. H.—The measure has been completely nullified by the Land Board...

Reporter—Are you sure of this? Col. H.—I am, I refer you to the Governor's proclamation issued Oct. 15, 1885...

Reporter—You say that the Land Board is a creature of officials at the capitol, agents and clerks to the contracts, laboring under usurped powers...

Reporter—Perhaps, Colonel, you are a cattleman, and that you belong to one of these firms or companies that have been publishing...

Col. H.—No, sir, the company in which I own stock has leases and a higher rate than the terms imposed by the Legislature...

Reporter—Do you understand your own counsel, that the Land Board, although charged by the Legislature with the execution of this law...

Col. H.—Yes, sir, that is what I said, and that is as I understand it. Reporter—These are strong assertions, I would like to have you prove them...

Reporter—For the purpose of referring to the law itself that created both the system and the Land Board; and to the public acts and declarations of the Land Board since its creation...

Reporter—Very well, let me have the law and the other proofs. Col. H.—Well, the act creating the present sale and lease systems of the school lands...

Reporter—The third section provides that the State Land Board shall under such regulations as they may prescribe, cause the school land to be classified into agricultural, pasture and timber lands...

Col. H.—It did not, so far as any material provision was concerned. In fact the Legislature could not delegate to a commission or bureau, power to amend or modify a law...

Reporter—Did the Land Board claim the right to exercise of these powers, and in the right full exercise of these could they not to some extent amend and modify the law?

Col. H.—I am sure of it, particularly after the passage of the inclosure act. Reporter—What do you think should now be done?

Col. H.—I think the laws of the land, as represented by the Land Board to represent the State, and no subsequent approval of the board was ever required or contemplated by the law...

Reporter—If these matters, Colonel, are as you represent them, and the Land Board acted without authority in the premises, and thereby prevented the sale and lease of the lands...

Col. H.—How were you to get the matter before the courts, if the Land Board were either to purchase or lease the land? You had no vested interest in them, and nothing to give you a status in court.

ing used and not paid for. I should like proof of this assertion. Col. H.—I think I can furnish them, and at the same time show that the changes were not minor and unimportant, but that they were made and authorized to a complete change of policy and system...

Reporter—Then you think the Land Board is responsible for the present state of affairs, and for the loss to the school fund.

Col. H.—I know nothing better now than to try the law as passed by the Legislature, and have the Land Board comply with its provisions...

Reporter—Then you think the Land Board is responsible for the present state of affairs, and for the loss to the school fund.

Col. H.—No, sir; it is not my solution; I think out of respect to the Legislature, it ought to be administered as passed, and its effects judged of before another session is called to amend it.

Reporter—Then you are not in favor of an extra session of the Legislature. Col. H.—I did not say that. An extra session may be necessary to give the law ready effect, and to provide some better instrument than the Land Board for its execution.

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C. H. EDWARDS, Chickering, Wheelock, Mathushek PIANOS. Mason & Hamlin, Western Cottage ORGANS. 733 and 735 Main Street, Dallas. P. J. WILLIS & BROTHER, COTTON FACTORS.

BUCK'S BRILLIANT Base Burners HARD OR SOFT COAL Every Stove Guaranteed.

NOLAND & McROSKY HARDWARE CO. 834 and 836 Elm St. 833 and 835 Main St.

CHAMPION UNRIVALED SIMPLICITY UNPARALLELED DURABILITY

THE BEST OF ALL UNDISPUTED IN THE BROAD CLAIM OF BEING THE VERY BEST OPERATING, QUICKEST SELLING, HANDSOMEST AND MOST PERFECT COOKING RANGE

SUGARS. SALT. COFFEE. SYRUPS. To the Jobbing Trade Exclusively.

HAWLEY & HEIDENHEIMER, Galveston, Texas. BARTRAM, ROBINSON & CO. DALLAS, TEXAS.

STATE AGENTS for Texas, Indian Territory, New and Old Mexico, for Wheeler & Melick Co's Improved Railway and Lever Powers, vibrator Thrashers, steam Engines, etc.

BRADFORD Portable Mills Best in the world for Corn, Wheat and other grain. Satisfaction guaranteed.

MEN: YOUNG & OLD Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

DR. WATERZUG, 734 Elm Street, continues to treat all sexual, nervous and chronic diseases with the greatest success.

INFORMATION FOR THE TRAVELING PUBLIC. YOUR CHOICE OF ROUTES—TRAVEL VIA THE Texas & Pacific Rwy, Missouri Pacific Rwy.

CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, NEW YORK, BOSTON, LOUISVILLE, WASHINGTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and Other Principal Cities.

THE DAILY NEWS. Issued simultaneously every day in the year at GALVESTON AND DALLAS, TEXAS.

Galveston to Dallas, 315 Miles, including a full corps of Special Correspondents and numerous Branch Offices, both within and without the State.

THE WEEKLY NEWS. Published every Thursday at Galveston and Dallas on the same plan as the Daily. SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD IN CITY OR COUNTRY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. DAILY. PER COPY..... \$ 5 ONE MONTH..... 1 00 THREE MONTHS..... 3 00 SIX MONTHS..... 5 50 TWELVE MONTHS..... 10 00

To Young and Middle-aged Men. A Sure Cure. DR. WATERZUG, 734 Elm Street.

Business College THE SOUTHERN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY has the largest Business College in the South.

SCHNEIDER & DAVIS, Importers and Wholesale Grocers, DALLAS, TEXAS. CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPARTMENTS.

J. S. FLOYD & CO., CRACKERS. Grain, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks FOR FUTURE DELIVERY.

COMMERCIAL. DALLAS, Dec. 9.—Interest centered in the President's message to Congress and the death of Mr. Van Hook.

THE GENERAL LOCAL MARKET. APPLES—Western \$2.25 per bushel. Apple and peach butter by the barrel 80¢.

NEW YORK. Total this day... 35,858. Total this day last week... 22,709. Total this day last year... 33,978.

CONSOLIDATED SPOT MARKET. LIVERPOOL, Dec. 9.—Futures opened dull, quiet but steady, and closed steady.

FINANCIAL. NEW YORK MONEY AND STOCK MARKET. NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—Money on call easy at 2 1/2 per cent.

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KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET. KANSAS CITY, Dec. 9.—Wheat market, No. 2 red, cash 70¢, January 72¢ bid.

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET. CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—Flour—Trading very light at unchanged prices.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 9.—Provisions steady and more doing.

WORSTED WHEAT WORKERS. Everybody Puzzled as to Which Side to Swing to and Pinning Their Hopes to Favorable Weather Changes.

Special to The News. CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—The wheat market on 'change is a puzzle. The big operators like Kent, Eldridge, Roche and Jones are in and out of the pit and appear to be working on both sides of the deal.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 9.—Receipts 100 head; market quiet; native shipping steers \$3.75@4.25.

J. S. DAUGHERTY, DALLAS, TEXAS. LAND GRANT BONDS. Having had a surveying corps on the frontier of Texas for the last eight years, and traveled extensively in the State.

HARRY BROS., Manufacturers of Corrugated Iron and Galvanized Iron Cornices. China, Glassware, Lamp Goods.

F. G. MOORE, DEALER IN Doors, Sash, Blinds and Mouldings. Star Work, Shingles, Lath, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Hair, etc.

M. D. GARLINGTON, General Commission Merchant. Grain Eggs, Fruit and Western Produce Apples a Specialty.

MORONEY HARDWARE CO., DALLAS, TEXAS. SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE. Our line of specialties is large and prices low.

RAILROADS. His facilities for assisting purchasers to good bargains are unsurpassed, and he guarantees satisfaction to all parties entrusting him with their business.

FLIPPEN, ADoue & LOBIT, BANKERS, Corner of Elm and Poydras Streets, DALLAS, TEXAS.

OLD TYPE. It is made of the Celebrated Copper Alloy Type Metal, at the Central Type Foundry, St. Louis.

IRON WORKS. PHELAN & CO., Props. IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, Engine, Boiler, Well Tools and general machinery.

DOZIER WHEEL CRACKER CO., ST. LOUIS. The largest manufacturers of crackers in the world. Capacity 1,400 barrels of flour into crackers daily.

RECEIPTS AT UNITED STATES PORTS. GALVESTON, Dec. 9.—General business is reported fairly active and values are firmly maintained.

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Houston & Texas Central R'y.

Table with columns for 'Going South', 'Going North', and 'LOCAL TIME CARD'. It lists train routes, departure times, and ticket information for the Houston & Texas Central Railway.

LAND LOANS

\$500,000 To lend on land, on long time, at low rates.

JAMES B. SIMPSON, DALLAS - - - - TEXAS.

Cent, Colorado & Santa Fe R'y. THROUGH TEXAS. The only route to the celebrated Lampasas Springs. Two trains daily between Dallas and Cleburne.

The Morning News.

THE CITY.

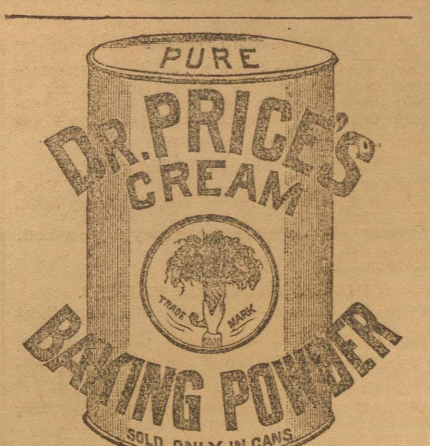
No ONE is authorized to make any purchases for our account or have work performed for any department of our establishment without the written order from the business manager, and these orders should invariably accompany monthly statements rendered at the close of each month.

LOCAL NOTES.

Permission to marry was granted yesterday to W. E. Peterson and Mrs. L. A. Madis. Deputy United States Marshal Wood has returned from an extensive tour, devoted to process serving.

United Here and There.

Mrs. Philip Prather died last evening after a lingering illness of six weeks, age 81. Her husband died last Saturday at the advanced age of 87. To-day their remains lie together in death at the family residence surrounded by a large number of bereaved descendants.



PURE PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER. MOST PERFECT MADE. Prepared with special regard to health. No Ammonia, Lime or Alum.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

PERSONAL.

Mr. W. B. Wynne, of Wills Point, is in the city. Mr. C. M. Costin, of Sweetwater, is in the city. Mr. J. C. Gorham, of Austin, is in the city.

AMUSEMENTS.

A small audience greeted Miss Louise Sylvester last evening in her new play of "A Hot Time." The play is absurd, the singing indifferent and the company much below the average of variety acts.

A Protest Against Fast Driving.

DALLAS, Dec. 9.—Permit me, through your columns, to call the attention of the city authorities and of the public to the fact that the city of Dallas is daily impeding the lives of our people and particularly of women and children.

Orphans' Home Benefit.

All the singers of the various churches, whether able to sing or not, are invited to meet at the Baptist Church at 7:30 to-night for the purpose of considering arrangements for a cantata in behalf of the Orphans' Home.

Local Temperature.

The following readings of the temperature of Dallas were taken yesterday at Reinhardt & Co.'s thermometer, on Elm street, at 9 a. m., 35°; 12 m., 48°; 6 p. m., 40°.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR.—W. J. Mooney, St. Louis; W. A. Speake, Indianapolis; E. S. Ambler, Pittsburg; George Washington Cleveland, Dallas; John Howard, Fort Worth; J. W. Rhodes, Havana, Ill.; A. Vennie, Alabama; Gus J. Gray, Galveston; T. A. Manning, Jas. M. Steere, city; J. H. Jones, St. Louis; J. L. Matthews, Huntsville, Ala.; R. A. Roney, New Orleans; C. F. Bucking, Houston, Tex.; G. M. Israel, city; John A. Ender, Mt. Pleasant, Pa.; W. L. Wadsworth, Hot Springs, Ark.; M. C. Knight, G. M. Sargent, Melissa, Ark.; M. F. Wynne, New York; Ed. Richardson, Detroit; Paul Edwards, Nashville; J. C. Hatcher, St. Louis; W. H. W. Wadsworth, Gorham, Austin; P. Hammer and wife, Taylor; A. Kory, New Orleans; F. B. Van Doren, St. Louis; C. L. Elliott, Ocala, Fla.; J. C. Mann, Minneapolis; S. Houston, city; Henry H. Broder, Philadelphia; Ben Levy, New Orleans; C. F. Marshall, New York; Frank O. Moore, Chicago.

Hold Up and Robbed.

A party by the name of Johnson, hailing from the southern portion of Collin County, reported yesterday that he had been held up and robbed of \$300 the night before by hoodlums, a detachment of whom must have recently arrived from San Francisco.

Diamonds and Watches.

We are offering specially and positively the finest line of diamonds and watches ever offered by any jewelry house in the State. Remember that J. W. Webb is positively headquarters for these specialties.

The Waterworks Question.

Observing that you invite opinions as to the best solution of the problem of an adequate water supply for the city, I desire to give expression through your columns to my idea on the subject. All plans and theories that I have seen advanced thus far entail the expense of pumping, that, too, from a very doubtful continued supply.

We have, from one to two miles to the west and southwest, a number of valleys suitable to be dammed up so as to run the water on this side of the river in a well constructed reservoir on a high location, or near the city. There are also springs on the other side of the river, which combined, will yield enough water to keep up the supply of the daily decrease by use and evaporation. The main supply, however, will have to be gathered from our spring rains. I have seen the water rushing down those valleys to a depth of from 6 to 8 feet by 100 to 300 feet in width, day after day, with but little direction.

A CITIZEN AND TAXPAYER.

Dallas, Dec. 9.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Borden & Borden. Hart & Cloud 2. Hines & Co. Stern Bros. Myers Jacob. Shepard Mollie. Hines Felix or C. B. Nash. Freeman Nancy. Dillard Henry. Bowman & Pettie. Hayes W T.

FOREIGN DUES.

WESTERN ERIK. MISCELLANEOUS DUES. Gateswood L. Moore Annie. Goulding E R. Poland E R. Patton S. Roberts Rev J W. Smith R F 2. Pearson Thos J.

BEAUMONT.

Proceedings of the Methodist Conference, Forty-first Session. Special to The News. Beaumont, Dec. 9.—The East Texas Annual Conference convened in its forty-first session this morning, and was opened by Bishop H. N. McVeyre reading a portion of the 9th and 10th chapters of Matthew and singing the hymn, "Try us, oh, God," etc.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR.—W. J. Mooney, St. Louis; W. A. Speake, Indianapolis; E. S. Ambler, Pittsburg; George Washington Cleveland, Dallas; John Howard, Fort Worth; J. W. Rhodes, Havana, Ill.; A. Vennie, Alabama; Gus J. Gray, Galveston; T. A. Manning, Jas. M. Steere, city; J. H. Jones, St. Louis; J. L. Matthews, Huntsville, Ala.; R. A. Roney, New Orleans; C. F. Bucking, Houston, Tex.; G. M. Israel, city; John A. Ender, Mt. Pleasant, Pa.; W. L. Wadsworth, Hot Springs, Ark.; M. C. Knight, G. M. Sargent, Melissa, Ark.; M. F. Wynne, New York; Ed. Richardson, Detroit; Paul Edwards, Nashville; J. C. Hatcher, St. Louis; W. H. W. Wadsworth, Gorham, Austin; P. Hammer and wife, Taylor; A. Kory, New Orleans; F. B. Van Doren, St. Louis; C. L. Elliott, Ocala, Fla.; J. C. Mann, Minneapolis; S. Houston, city; Henry H. Broder, Philadelphia; Ben Levy, New Orleans; C. F. Marshall, New York; Frank O. Moore, Chicago.

Hold Up and Robbed.

A party by the name of Johnson, hailing from the southern portion of Collin County, reported yesterday that he had been held up and robbed of \$300 the night before by hoodlums, a detachment of whom must have recently arrived from San Francisco.

A New Formula for Consumption.

We are in receipt of a number of communications on a formula which just now seems to be receiving the attention of a great many persons. It is the question of the treatment of consumption and all kindred diseases without drugs. Many years ago in France it was decided by leading physicians that nothing was equal to beef as an article of diet in consumption and all ailments which tend to its development.

LETTERS UNCALLED FOR.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Dallas Postoffice for the week ending Dec. 9.

LADIES' LIST.

Allison Mrs Belle 2. Adams Mrs Annie. Baker Mrs Mary. Benton Mrs M. B. Broray Miss A. Burleton Jane. Gibbs Kate W. Hensbro Anna. Hopkins Olive. Jones Annie. Moore Emma. Morse Susa. Paris Sallie. Ruffner Ruth. Ramsey Mollie. Robertson Mrs Emmett. Smith Carrie. Shumie Clara. Vesey Mrs A. Wood Myrtle. Wright Mollie. GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Special to The News. TYLER, Dec. 9.—Affirmed: H. B. Steele vs. J. A. Wall, from Brazos County. Texas and Pacific Railway vs. Youngblood, from Van Zandt County. Wash. Washington vs. the State, from Falls County—death penalty. George Young vs. the State, from Ellis County—death penalty. Henry Green vs. the State, from Bell County. Phanstel & Co. vs. Pettigling and Hooten, from Hunt County. J. P. Weaver vs. the State, from Williamson County. Reversed and remanded: C. R. Barnes vs. W. H. Booker, from Hopkins County. R. Woodyard vs. the State, from Panola County. Western Union Telegraph Company vs. Smith & Co. et al, from Hopkins County. Jim Johnson vs. the State, from Kaufman County. H. E. Helm vs. the State, from Comanche County. Dave Lilly vs. the State, from Panola County. Reversed and dismissed: Ned Strickland vs. the State, from Panola County. Reversed and rendered for appellants: R. A. and F. M. Mallory vs. Rounsaville & Bond, from Kaufman County. Rehearing reversed: Hedge Bland vs. the State, from Wise County.

To-Day Only.

at Knepley & Son's jewelry store, there will be on exhibition, all the diamond jewelry belonging to Dr. Lightall the Diamond King. They are famous throughout the world. My Hunstable boots fit well.

A Dazzling Display.

You will appreciate our efforts after a careful inspection of the dazzling display of diamond goods now on exhibition at the great jewelry house of Knepley & Sons, Dallas. Never before have we shown so complete an assortment. It is unrivaled, and commands your attention, and their prices will excite your wonder.

Globe Clothing House.

We offer this week the greatest bargains ever given before. Come and see us. 703 Elm street.

As Usual.

Useful and ornamental Christmas Gifts for children, young people and grown folks. Fine Books, Toys, Fancy Goods, Christmas Cards. J. D. A. HARRIS, 730 and 732 Main street.

A Fine Showing.

The statement of the Dallas Homestead and Loan Association published this morning makes a magnificent exhibit. By its perusal it will be seen it is one of the strongest and most prosperous financial institutions in the city. It has, during its few years' existence, erected no less than seventy homes for its members, and is covering about \$9000 per month into property for its stockholders. It is managed by a Board of nine Directors, who belong to our most upright and honorable merchants, bankers and mechanics.

Save the Chickens.

By using Basse's Chicken Cholera Cure. For sale, wholesale, by Crowder Drug Company, Dallas, Texas.

\$10 Prize Given.

to the nearest guesser of winning number of Hester at our Grand Lottery, Dec. 14, 1885. All guesses must come through the mail. B. O. WELLS & Co., the Hard Cash Brokers, corner Elm and Harwood.

Musical Instruments.

Are the best goods for merchants to handle for the holiday trade. A large stock drawn from European manufacturers at G. H. Edwards' 733 and 735 Main street. Ten hole Richter harmonicas, 60 cents per dozen; \$6 50 per gross. Merchants should not fail to call.

Lewis Bros. and Co., Boots and Shoes.

736 Elm street, Dallas, Tex. I have bought the H. S. Matthews lumber yard on Ross avenue, not the accounts. Will keep a well selected stock of everything in the building line and ask for a fair share of the public patronage. Will give estimates on buildings of any character at the following places where I have yards: Sherman, Whitesboro, Gainesville, Alvarado, Hillsboro, Bowie, Henrietta, Wichita Falls, Harrold and Kemp. By calling at the above yards parties can get information concerning prices. I buy in large quantities and can offer inducements in prices and selections equal to any one in the trade. Respectfully, O. T. LYON.

Dr. F. L. Foscoe.

Physician, Surgeon, Oculist, 810 Main street, Dallas. Office Telephone, 67; Residence, 208.

Patronize Home Manufacturers.

Use Dallas Mills fresh-roasted Coffees. "WHITE FOAM" BAKING POWDER—Fresh, Pure, Strong, and Wholesome. For sale by all grocers. BABCOCK, FOOT & BROWN. Infants' Kid and Goat Button 50c. Sizes two to five, at Lewis & Co.'s. Visit the New 96c Cash Store, 719 Elm street.

Great Reduction in Children's Shoes at Block Bros., 704 Elm street.

The boys buy shoes at Hunstable B. & S. Co.

Groceries at Low Prices at J. F. Caldwell & Co.'s. Court House square.

Closing Out at Block Bros. Great bargains in all kinds of ladies' shoes.

The shoe house of Dallas is Hunstable.

Do you wear the Will Hunstable shoe?

Dr. F. J. Dickey, 824 Elm street, Dallas, Tex. Piles and all rectal diseases cured by a new and painless method, without the knife, ligature, or carbolic acid. Consultation free.

To have your watches and jewelry repaired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Ladies who value a refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

For Pure Home-Made Candy Go to 812 Main Street. J. W. SKAER.

Bargain every day in holiday goods and toys at Goldsmith Bros.

From 25 to 50 per cent saved by buying your holiday presents at the New 96c Cash Store, 719 Elm street.

SCHOTT'S HAMBURG SYRUP. Composed of Petroleum Tar, pronounced by Dr. Griffith as a specific for consumption. Certain it is that it has worked wonders in curing the worst form of Chronic Bronchitis and Consumption, purifying the breath, allaying the cough, creating an appetite and restoring to health the most obstinate cases.

Composed of Petroleum Tar, pronounced by Dr. Griffith as a specific for consumption.

The old saying is here repeated, that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, for all coughs and colds commence with sore throats or Croup with children. With this Syrup you have an immediate cure. Composed of Syrup of Wild Cherry, an old and long-sustained remedy, soothing the irritated Lung and Nervous System, quieting the most annoying Cough. Composed of Syrup of Capsicum, an 'old woman's remedy for Sore Throats.'

BADGER'S BITTERS.

THE ONLY LIVER STIMULANT. BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, AGUE CAKE, LOSS OF APPETITE, CONSTIPATION, AND STOMACH COMPLAINTS.

The Great Tonic and Cathartic for the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Price \$1 a Bottle. I HAVE FOR SALE A large number of High Grade and Full Blooded Imported Percheron Stallions, from 3 to 6 years old, weighing from 1200 to 1500 pounds, possessing fine style and action, acclimated, and most of the grade bred and raised by me on ranch in Grayson County, twelve miles west of Sherman and five miles east of Whitesboro. Will guarantee same class of Horses can not be purchased for less money than I offer them. I also have TWO FOUR-YEAR-OLD STALLIONS, by Foster, by Lexington; dams richly bred. Also a number of JACKS, 4 years old next spring, from Mammoth and Black Hawk stock. Postoffice address: Houston. Will meet parties at ranch at any time that may be agreed upon.

H. B. SANBORN.

BARLEY MALT WHISKY.

Rich in flavor, mild and elegant in taste. It does not contain a drop of impure oil. Being a pure malt whisky, it possesses much nutriment, and is a fine tonic for use in malarial sections. It greatly prevents attacks of Pneumonia. A tried tonic for weak lungs and feebleness. Most excellent for drinking, and purest for home use. E. H. CHASE & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Ky. For Sale by J. H. POTTS, Dallas, Texas.

SHORT-HAND Writing taught by Mail.

Free. Prof. A. N. GABLER, Box 404, St. Louis.