

The Baird Star

Our Motto—"Tha Neither Birth, Nor Wealth, Nor State. But the Get-Up-and-Get That Makes Men Great."



FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1935

NUMBER 20

DOYE ARNOLD DIED IN STATES ELECTRIC CHAIR

Doye Arnold, 29, of Breckenridge, died in the electric chair in the state penitentiary early Friday morning April 19th for the murder of his wife Zelma Arnold, who was beaten to death with a rock on a Breckenridge street, September 10, 1932. Arnold was convicted for murder in 42nd district court at Baird on March 16, 1934, and for almost a year he sought to have the case reversed in the court of criminal appeals. However, it was affirmed early this year.

At Arnold's first trial at Breckenridge during October, 1932, he was assessed the death penalty, but the case was reversed and remanded for new trial. Transferred to 39th district court at Haskell, it resulted in a hung jury, and was sent to Baird. Arnold was sentenced to the electric chair March 4th, by Judge M. S. Long, in the 42nd district court then in session here.

Baird Home Ec Girls Leave For State Rally

Miss Virginia Rice, head of Home Economics in Baird High School and Beryl Owens, Norma Morrison, Catherine James, Edith Lewis, Bobby Griggs, Ida Louise Fetterly left Tuesday for Corpus Christi to attend the State Home Making Rally, which convened there Wednesday morning. They will return Sunday.

11 Boys From County Go To Tree Army Sta.

Eleven Callahan County boys left Tuesday for Sweetwater where they reported to the U. S. Army recruiting station for final examination for service in the civilian conservation corps for the six months, fifth period.

If successful in the examination to be given by army officers, the boys will be enrolled in the CCC and transferred immediately to camps in Arizona, according to R. D. Williams, Co. Relief Administrator.

The following boys compose the group: J. W. Crutchfield, Presley Reynolds and Russel Warren of Baird O. B. Joy and Norman Swafford of Cross Plains; Glenn Rightmeyer, Walter Corley and Emanuel Chastain of Clyde; L. C. Maddux, Cecil Williams and Hollis Collins of Putnam.

Belle Plain School Will Close Friday, May 3

The Belle Plain school will close Friday, May 3rd and a cordial invitation is extended to everyone to attend the closing day program.

The morning program will be rendered by the small children. After the barbecue dinner, along about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the rodeo will begin and we invite all to come and take part in the riding, goat roping and tournaments.

Friday night the students of the school will give a three act play, "Poor Father." The parts are played by Louis Cheek, Linton Hughes, Amy Carlisle, Jimmie Tatum, George Warren, Clara Mae Hughes, Othell Ross, Elizabeth, Ernestine, and Earline Oglesby.

Every one invited to come out and see "Poor Father" played by a good group of small children.

W. D. Tate is the principal in Belle Plain school.

Jack Hays Died At Merkel Sunday Night

Jack Hays, 27, well known young man, died at his home in Merkel Sunday night following a week's illness with pneumonia. Funeral services were held at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon at the Baptist church in Merkel and burial made there.

Mr. Hays was well known and unusually liked in Baird where he represented the Abilene Laundry Co.

J. F. Boren Re-elected Supt. of Baird Schools

J. F. Boren has been re-elected as Superintendent of the Baird Public Schools for the 23rd time. Mr. Boren has been with the Baird school for the past 26 years, 4 years as principal and 22 as superintendent.

Mr. Boren has spent the best years of his life in the Baird public schools where with the cooperation of the school board, co-workers and patrons of the school, a school system has been built of which Mr. Boren and the citizens of Baird are justly proud.

Mr. Boren has spent his life in the school room. He began teaching when a young man and has continued his



J. F. BOREN

studies so as to better qualify for the work and he is today recognized as one of the best superintendents in the state.

Mr. Boren holds a B A degree from Hardin-Simmons University, Abilene; M A degree from the University of Colorado, and is working on his PhD in the Texas State University.

Mr. Boren was elected at a called meeting of the Board of Trustees held last Friday night. The returns in the recent election of school trustees was also canvassed at this meeting and the two new trustees installed. They are R. F. Mayfield, re-elected and O. C. Yarborough. Mr. Mayfield was re-elected as president of the school board and Roy D Williams re-elected as secretary.

Other teachers for the Baird School will probably be elected at the next regular meeting of the board, which will be held on the First Monday night in May, which will be May 6th.

Davis Family Reunion And Birthday Celebration

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Davis had all their children and grandchildren at home on Easter Sunday except the eldest son and three grandchildren. There were also a number of relatives present. In addition to it being a family reunion it was also a celebration of several birthdays of members of the family.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Gillam and children, Wayne and Faye Nell of Westbrook; Mrs. E. B. Shepp of Lubbock; Mrs. George Proctor and children, Joline and Jeanette, of Wichita Falls; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davis and children, Joe Clyde, Norma Jean and Truitt of McCamey; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Farmer and children, Dorothy, Billie June and R. G. of Eula; Mr. and Mrs. B B Ford of Baird; Howard B Davis of Wichita Falls; Mrs. M. Weathers and grand daughter, Ruth of the Denton community; Miss Danie Weathers of Wichita Falls; Eva Jane Weathers of Clyde; Mr. and Mrs. W H Phillips and children, Florida, Florence, Littleton and Hugh of the Denton community; Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Jarrells and children, Jim Bob and Martin of Fort Worth.

Mrs. M. Weathers is sister, Mr. Phillips is a brother and Mr. Jarrells a nephew of Mrs. Davis.

This is the first time that some of the Davis children have been at home together for ten years.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. R. A. Walker of Merkel, pastor, will hold services at the Presbyterian church Sunday morning and evening. All cordially invited to attend the services.

See the Irene Jay Dance Review tonight at the high school auditorium and help the Home Economics Class.

HEAVY RAINS FALL OVER COUNTY

A heavy rain accompanied by hail, and wind, fell over the South part of Callahan county Thursday afternoon of last week.

The rain was heaviest around Oplin, Denton and on east. The Pecan Bayou, Clear Creek, Deep Creek and other streams as well as tanks were filled.

Considerable damage was done by hail and wind around Oplin, Rowden and Cottonwood. Houses were unroofed, sheds etc wrecked. Damage to the fruit crop an dother crops were heavy by the hail. In many places crops and gardens were completely destroyed.

A good rain fell at Baird at that time and we had another good rain yesterday morning. This rain was also general over most of the county. The rain here fell slowly and put very little water in the T and P Ry. lake which has been practically dry for several months..

Dressy Cattlemen Favor T. B. Testing

At a meeting held at Dressy Monday night in response to the call of Commissioner B. H. Freeland, some 15 ranchers and cattlemen were present and voted 14 for the program and none against. One did not vote either way.

Mr. Oscar McDermott seemed to voice the sentiment of th group when he said that if any of his cattle had TB he wanted it eradicated as quickly as possible and the sooner it could be done suited him. He and his brothers are going to test with the Coleman county program now.

Mr. W E Melton, Sec'y and Treas. Association addressed the group on the advantage of Production Credit, for the Coleman Production Credit. He pointed out that funds of the association were for the help of the sorely oppressed farmer and stockman and alone and were not put out as a money making enterprise, such as banks must maintain, but to help the farmer class to receive credit when needed and to remain with them so long as their collateral stands with the company.

County agent Ross B. Jenkins, assisted in the meeting and explained the questions relative to the processing tax and its influence on the present cotton price level. It was pointed out that the processing tax would cost a farmer \$4.20 if he were to purchase 100 pounds of manufactured articles made of cotton, which is more than most any family will buy in a year, yet the tax has enabled the farmer to get 12-18 cents per pound for his cotton whereas he got 6 cents before the plan was adopted, or if he sold one bale of cotton and bought 100 pounds of manufactured goods he would net \$28.30 profit.

Historians To Meet At Brownwood

Historians of West Texas will gather at Brownwood, Saturday, May 11th for their eleventh annual meeting according to E. M. Landers, Secretary-Treasurer. A program made up of materials particularly relating to West Texas and participated in by some who had a part in the making will be given. President R. C. Crane of Sweet water together with Dr. R N Richard son of Abilene has arranged for stories of both local and general interest.

The West Texas Historical Association was organized in 1925 at Abilene by a group of citizens interested in the preservation of material especially relative to their section. The first bulletin or Year Book containing the results of their work was issued soon thereafter. This Year Book has been issued each year since that time, and hte material of the program at Brownwood will be printed as volume eleven. The collection of volumes is said to be one of the most dependable sources of information available for West Texas history.

WILL ROGERS will appear in his latest riot, "Life Begins At 40", at the Plaza Theatre Wed-Thurs. May 1-2.

Club Women Going To Alpine

A number of Baird ladies, members of literary clubs of the city will leave for Alpine next Tuesday to attend the annual meeting of the State Federation of Women's Clubs. Delegates are, Mrs. J. F. Boren, County Federation; Mrs. J. Rupert Jackson, Wednesday Club; Mrs. C. B. Snyder, Jr., Delphian Chapter; Miss Irma Dell Mitchell, Junior Wednesday Club; Mrs. L. L. Blackburn, District Chairman, Child Welfare and Mrs. W. P. Brightwell, District Chairman, Music Loan Library and Extension.

Miss Lawrence Honors Guest

To honor her house guest, Eleanor Tucker, of Houston, Mary Alice Lawrence entertained the B. E. T. club at a party of Easted note. Dancing was diversion.

Refreshments were served to Maxine Williams, Judson Atchison, Earlyne Hearn, Leland Jackson, Kathryn McCoy, James N. Jackson, Bury Owens, Stanley Coppinger, of Cross Plains, Nell Bryant, Randall Jackson, Dan Mitchell, Lorene Finch, Eleanor Tucker, Jack Flores, Ida Louist Fetterly, Donald Cooper, Ruth Ray, Cora Mae Mayes, Cliff Johnson, Fannie Warren Donald Melton.

Mrs. Norman Finley's Father Died In Abilene

E. B. Ross, 58, father of Mrs. Norman Finley of Baird, died Tuesday morning at 9:30 at the Baptist Sanitarium, Abilene. Deceased had made his home in that city for the past 21 years. Mr. Ross' death which occurred unexpectedly was attributed to a heart complication in an illness which had been a matter of concern since last Thursday. The condition had not been regarded as serious however until Monday, when Mr. Ross was removed from his home, 1434 North 15th street, to the hospital. He had been in failing health for several years..

Funeral services were held at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning at Elliotts funeral home with Dr. M. A Jenkins pastor of the First Baptist church officiating.

Following the service, the body was taken overland to Denton, Mr. Ross' birthplace, where interment was made in a cemetery family lot after brief rites at the graveside at 5 p. m. Pallbearers were, J. W. Pool, E. L. Finley, Ben Hallock, R. D. Green, Ira Sanders and G. W. Waldrop. Mr. Ross was born at Denton and resided there until he moved to Grand Falls in 1907. At the latter place he operated a general mercantile store. After moving to Abilene in 1916 he was associated for a number of years with the J. M. Radford Grocery Co. For the past few years he had been retired, because of ill health.

Survivors are, his wife, two daughters, Mrs. Norman Finley of Baird, and Mrs. Wade Steager of Abilene; two sons, R. E. Ross and Kenneth Ross of Denton, and four grandchildren.

Mrs. B. C. Childress Died Suddenly

Mrs. B. C. Childress, 20, died unexpectedly in the Griggs hospital here at a late hour Saturday night, after an illness of only a few hours. The remains were carried to the home of the deceased's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Landingham of View, near Abilene.

Funeral services were held at the View Baptist church at 2 o'clock Monday with Rev. Charles Smith of Fort Worth and Rev. Clyde Jackson, pastor of the View Baptist church, conducting the rites. Burial was made in the Caps cemetery.

She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Landingham of View and her husband, whom she married six months ago. Others surviving are four sisters, Mrs. Beula Childress, Baird; Mrs. M. E. Hall, Little Rock, Adk., and Ella Landingham, View; and three brothers, Kyle and Nevill of Houston, and Bryant of View.

Mr. and Mrs. Childress lived near Cross Plains.

See the Irene Jay Dance Review tonight at the high school auditorium and help the Home Economics Class.

Baptist Revival In Progress Here

The Rival Meeting now in progress at the Baptist Church, conducted by Rev. Joe R. Mayes, pastor, assisted by Rev. J. D Brannon, is creating much interest.

Services are held at 10 o'clock a. m. and at night. The meeting will continue through next week:

Subjects:
Friday Night, "The Dearest Spot on Earth-The Christian Home."
Saturday Night, "An Excursion From Baird to Hell."

Sunday Morning, "The Message I Would Use If I Could Preach But One Sermon to the World."
Sunday Night, "The Most Important Question Ever Asked."
Monday Night, "The Man Whose Wife Was A Member of Another Church."

Funeral Rites For Oscar Black Held At Admiral Saturday

Funeral rites for Oscar L. Black were set for 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, were postponed until 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon due to the bad condition of roads, caused by heavy rains which fell Thursday night.

The funeral cortage left the home here at 2 o'clock for Admiral where the services were held. Rev. Joe R. Mayes, pastor of the Baptist church conducted the services. Burial was made in the Admiral cemetery near deceased's mother, who died in March 1934. The I. O. O. F Lodge conducting the burial rites. Hundred of friends of the deceased were present to pay a last tribute to the deceased. The new made grave was covered with beautiful flowers.

Mr. Black died at 1 a. m. Thursday, April 18 in St. Josephs hospital, his death resulting from injuries received in a car wreck last October as he and his family were returning from a football game at Albany

Putnam Club Women Hostess To County Club Institute

The Women's Study Club of Putnam, was hostess to the Callahan Co. Club Institute Tuesday afternoon at the Methodist church.

Mrs. Joseph W. Perkins, of Eastland, District President and Mrs. Jas H. Horton, Eastland, Sec-Treas. of the State Federation of Clubs were honor guests and Mrs. Perkins gave the principal address of the afternoon.

Mrs. R. L. Clinton, President of the Woman's Study Club of Putnam, called the meeting to order and the following program was rendered:

Invocation—Mrs. C. A. Voyles.
Song—"America the Beautiful."
Welcome—Mrs. R. D. Williams.
Response—Mrs. W. B. Atchison.
Reading—Mrs. Roberta Warren Mays
Address—Mrs. Joseph W. Perkins.
Reading—Miss Evelyn Hollis.

Duet:
(a) Twilight Hour.
(b) "Since You Came"
Beulah Burkett Howard
Mesdames Haynie Gilliland and Sidney Foy.

A County Federation of Study Clubs was organized with the seven clubs of the county as a membership. Mrs. L. L. Blackburn, of Baird, was elected president; Mrs. Ace Hickman, of Baird, vice-president and Mrs. T. P. Bearden, of Baird, secretary-treasurer. The Junior Wednesday Club, of Baird, will be hostess to the County Club Institute at the next meeting which will be held in October.

Red Cross Class In Home Hygiene Is Postponed

The Red Cross class in Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick was postponed until Thursday, May 2nd, and those who wish to take these instructions may see Mr. L. L. Blackburn or be present Thursday.

The class will be taught by Mrs. Royce Gilliland, registered nurse at the court house here.

WILL ROGERS will appear in his latest riot, "Life Begins At 40", at the Plaza Theatre Wed-Thurs. May 1-2.

METHODIST DIST. CONFERENCE TO MEET APR. 30TH

The Methodists of the Abilene District will gather in Baird on the 30th of April for their Annual District Meeting. The first session will begin at 10 o'clock of April 30th. There will probably be a morning, afternoon and evening session, concluding with the session on the afternoon of May 1st.

Twenty-five Pastoral Charges make up the Abilene District. Dr. R. A. Stewart, the Presiding Elder, has general supervision of the work throughout the district, and will preside at the District Conference.

Each church in the district will be represented by a layman or a laywoman at the ratio of one delegate to every thirty members or majority fraction thereof. In addition to these elected delegates the Chairman of the Board of Stewards, who is also the Charge Lay Leader, and all the preachers, both regular and local, are ex-officio members of the District Conference. The total membership of the Abilene District Conference is about two hundred and twenty-five.

Reports will be made by the pastors of each of the twenty-five Charges in the District. The Conference will be punctuated with inspirational features. On Tuesday evening a program will be rendered by the Fine Arts Department, of McMurry College.

There will probably be one hundred and sixty persons who will spend Tuesday night, April 30 in Baird. These are being provided for in the homes of the city, where they will be given beds and breakfast. Three meals, dinner and supper, April 30th and dinner May 1st, will be served at the church.

Those who will represent the Baird Methodist Church are, Ace Hickman, A. R. Kelton, B. L. Russell, Jr, M G Farmer, and Mesdames Verda James and S P Rumph.

The public is cordially invited to attend all of these services.

Vocational Guidance For Baird High School Students

In cooperation with Supt. J. F. Boren, of Baird High School to find a vocation for his high school pupils Ross B. Jenkins, county agent, placed four pupils in his office last Saturday

Mr. Jenkins says these young people displayed an aptness not usually found in untrained help. They addressed and mailed out some one thousand letters and contracts. In the total, only one letter was returned to the office due to incorrect addressing.

Mr. Jenkins plans to use some of these young people every Saturday. Here they learn filing, addressing and the use of the mimeograph machines.

Those who worked in the County Agents office last Saturday were: Ida Louise Fetterley, Shelby Jones, Bobby Griggs and Melton Elliott from the commercial class conducted by Mr. Taylor in Baird High School.

Mr. Jenkins voiced the desire to see vocational agriculture and manual training put in Baird High School, since the territory surrounding Baird is made up of ranches and farms.

Old Land Marks Being Torn Down

Two old land marks in Baird are being torn down this week; The residence across the street from Bowls Lumber company, which was erected in about 1881 by the late Rev. O. M. L. Parker, fathed of Mrs W T Wheeler has been bought by W J. Ray and will be used in buildings on the Ray ranch north of Baird.

The old Ed Coppins home, three blocks east, was bought by W. O. Wylie and will be re-built on Mr. Wylie's farm at Rowden. The Coppins residence was erected in about 1885.

POSTOFFICE BOX SALE

The Pythian Sisters will hold a Postoffice Box Sale at the K. P. hall Saturday, May 4th at 3 p. m. All invited to attend.

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Germany Enraged by Her Condemnation by League Council—Work Relief Program Going Forward—Compromise Bonus Measure.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
© Western Newspaper Union.

GERMANY was thoroughly enraged by the action of the League of Nations council in adopting the tri-power resolution condemning the reich for violating the treaty of Versailles by rearmament, and it was expected Reichsfuehrer Hitler would make a defiant retort. As a first step he sent from his Bavarian retreat instructions to Secretary of State Von Buelow to protest "England's defection at Stresa and Geneva." This Von Buelow did, delivering the message to Ambassador Sir Eric Phipps for transmission to London. The German press was loud in denunciation of the league action and Litvinov, the Soviet delegate, came in for most of the abuse because he delivered the chief speech in support of the resolution at the council session. Just recently Germany granted to Russia credits amounting to \$80,000,000. Poland also was assailed for "abandoning" Germany, but in Warsaw it was said by officials that Poland was still the friend of the reich. One newspaper there said quite truly that the complaint against Germany was "a formal matter because the discussion could not result in any actual solution of the problem, but only bring something like emotional relief."

Strange as it may seem, the Jews in Germany are warmly supporting Hitler in this controversy. The following message was sent to him: "The League of National German Jews stands unshaken in its loyalty to the Fatherland, and hopes the government's defense policy will not be changed on account of the Geneva proceedings."

German resentment against Great Britain is especially warm because she feels she was deceived in the recent negotiations. Consequently she thinks Britain's prestige as a mediator in continental affairs is destroyed.

During the council's discussion Tewfik Arras, the Turkish member, arose and stated flatly that if any changes in the existing treaties were made or tolerated, his country would claim the right to fortify the Dardanelles in violation of the treaty of Lausanne. He even hinted that the Turks might follow Hitler's example and not wait for permission. Sir John Simon's immediate and sharp reply was:

"I feel sure my honorable colleague will not expect me to say any more at this stage than that I must naturally make all reservations regarding it."

Laval of France and Baron Aloisi of Italy supported Simon in his rebuke of the Turkish revisionism. Laval carried back to Paris a draft of the mutual assistance pact with Russia for submission to the French cabinet. Litvinov was still insistent that the two countries should enter into a real military alliance, and it may be that he will carry his point. In the opinion of many observers such a treaty would be declared invalid by the League of Nations.

WHEN the administration's great work relief program gets under way one of the most important parts of it, the purchase of material supplies, will have to be started at once, and it is expected that this will absorb about \$1,700,000,000 of the total sum. According to authoritative sources in Washington, this part of the program will be supervised by Rear Admiral Christian J. Peoples, new procurement officer in the treasury. Peoples entered the navy supply corps in 1900 as assistant paymaster and later developed the navy's present purchasing system. When Franklin D. Roosevelt was assistant secretary of the navy he and Peoples became close friends.

The admiral presumably will have full charge of drafting the regulations for material purchases but it is understood the actual buying of supplies for work relief projects will in most instances be handled by the states and other co-operating agencies. However, certain commodities, like cement, that will be needed in immense quantities, probably will be purchased centrally.

JUST as soon as the President says the word, the federal bureau of public roads and the various state highway departments are ready to jump into the work of grade crossing elimination, the building of arterial highways and similar projects. The work relief act earmarks \$800,000,000 for such undertakings, and the sum may be increased by the President to a billion. The roads bureau already has \$100,000,000 of grade crossing eliminations and other projects contracted for under authority granted by congress last year, officials revealed, and these contracts are to be met with work-relief money.

Arthur W. Brandt, president of the American Association of State High-

way Officials, advised a congressional committee recently that states were prepared to wipe out 4,058 dangerous crossings if as much as \$41,881,500 was made available.

SEVEN agencies of the government are organizing to combat the damage done by the constantly recurring dust storms. They are the AAA, farm credit administration, emergency relief administration, soil erosion service, bureau of plant industry and bureau of agricultural engineering.

The efforts, officials said, will include shipping feed, food and water into the stricken areas of Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Kansas and Colorado, starting work relief projects on roads, private lands and the public domain, planting of fast-growing and hardy crops as ground cover in areas where moisture conditions permit, and "listing" operations. This latter work is an attempt to prevent soil blowing away, by making alternate ridges and furrows.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT called Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi to the White House for a conference concerning the veterans' bonus bill, which already has passed the house. Harrison is chairman of the senate finance committee and the administration looked to him to devise a way to spike the measure which is so objectionable to the President in its present "greenback" form. Other majority leaders in congress also were busy with the problem, and the result was the introduction in congress of a compromise bill which it was believed the President would accept if it were passed.

This measure would make bonus certificates mature in 1938, instead of 1945. They could be converted immediately into 3 per cent bonds. Veterans who wanted cash right away could sell the bonds, losing only the interest they otherwise could obtain until 1938. Harrison said this would cost \$500,000,000 more than the present bonus law, but far less than the Patman bill, passed by the house, to pay the bonus with \$2,500,000,000 in new money.

Millie Warner, vice commander of the American Legion, said this bill was "absolutely not acceptable" to that organization. Heads of veterans' organizations and various others were invited to testify at committee hearings on the bill.

SENATOR HUEY LONG called together his complaisant legislature in Baton Rouge and ordered it to pass some new laws that would give him complete control of city finances, elections and expenditures of federal relief funds. Secretary Ickes went right up in the air and announced that if the laws were enacted Louisiana would get none of the public works money; whereupon the Kingfish told him he could go to the nether regions, since the PWA money had already been deposited to the account of the New Orleans sewer and water board.

"The state court very properly recognizes our men as that board now, so how is Ickes going to get his money back?" Long asked. "When he starts that, we'll show him what a smart man he ain't. If Ickes and the balance of the brain trust cabinet hold their breaths until we send for them, there'll be several corpses and the country will be better off."

OVER in Turkey the women, until recently, were forced to lead lives of seclusion in the harem and to go veiled when in public. But all that is changed. The other day the twelfth congress of the International Alliance of Women for Suffrage and Equal Citizenship opened in Istanbul with about thirty nations represented and Mrs. Corbett Ashley of England in the chair, and the women of Turkey, unveiled and in modish European garb, were the proud hostesses of the hundreds of delegates. Among the questions discussed were: The situation and rights of women; the position of women in the liberal professions; the political and civil rights of women; the means women can use to prevent war.

Under Kemal's rule the women of the republic of Turkey have been granted parliamentary and city votes and have entered enthusiastically into all branches of life, civic, professional, industrial and sporting.

WITHOUT any effort to break speed records, Capt. Edward A. Musick and five companions landed the big Pan-American Airway clipper ship Pioneer in Hawaii 18 hours and 31 minutes after they took off from Alameda, Calif. This was the first exploratory flight for a service that will soon be extended clear across the Pacific to Canton, the proposed intermediate stops being Hawaii, Midway islands, Wake islands, Guam and the Philippines. The operating bases are now in process of construction.

BRISBANE THIS WEEK

Protection Impossible
The Railroad Crossings
Things Are Better
When Russia Is Rich

Europe seeks some network of "treaties" to prevent a war, or bind armies and air fleets of each of those signing such treaties to protect the others in case of attack.

Unfortunately, in the new war of the air, as in secret gangster war, no protection is possible.

Where one criminal has an "automatic" or "sub-machine gun," agreements among law-abiding citizens cannot protect them. And while one nation can secretly build and suddenly launch airships with poison gas and explosive bombs, no city can consider itself safe.

France and England, after elaborate experiments, announce that there is no possible way of protecting a modern city against air attacks, even though the city knew in advance when to expect them.

The only safeguard is fear of retaliation.

Deeply grieved by the killing of many school children at a public crossing, the President plans extensive elimination of railroad grade crossings. Complete elimination of such crossings would involve spending hundreds of millions or billions. The work would be undertaken with careful concentration on the fact that railroading itself is bound to change or disappear so far as transportation of passengers is concerned.

Railroads in the future must carry passengers more than one hundred miles an hour, on light railroad equipment, able to climb steep grades as easily as automobiles do now. Elimination of grade crossings will take into consideration and include elimination of existing sharp curves at crossings, that the work may not be done twice.

Dun & Bradstreet, well informed usually, say that a big business rise is coming. Their weekly survey informs you that before the end of this quarter business progress will have developed to a degree beyond the most sanguine estimates offered at the beginning of the year.

How rich will the Russians become, with their energetic development of national resources, all over Russia and far into Arctic regions?

And what will be the effect on Communism, bolshevism and the proletariat when Russia becomes, as she may do, the richest nation on earth, and those that rule her become the world's richest men, perhaps the first multiple billionaires in history?

Expeditions sent into the Arctic have discovered coal, nickel, zinc, tin, copper, gold and oil, all inside the Arctic circle.

A regular line of freight ships has been established through the northwest passage, gigantic icebreakers going ahead of the freighters. Already Russia produces three times as much gold as the United States. What will be the psychological effect on Communism when Russia produces more gold than any other nation on earth?

Gambling in silver, made inevitable by this country pushing up the price, goes on all over the world; poor old China is buying back at double prices silver sold too cheap, and Britain must wish she had been in less of a hurry to unload below 30 cents an ounce the hundreds of millions of ounces taken from India, when India, in a foolish moment, was put on the gold basis, only to fall off again.

An old true saying tells you: "There is some good in all evil," and this applies even to the deadly venom of the cobra, or "hooded snake of India."

A full discharge of the cobra's poison into the human body means death, while the scientific use of that poison supplies a superior substitute for morphine in diminishing pain.

If you love your British cousins, rejoice. Neville Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, says British income taxes will be cut because British finances show a substantial surplus. That surplus appears in spite of the fact that Britain is adding more than \$52,000,000 to the cost of armaments.

Your satisfaction in this good news may be increased by your knowledge that the United States had the pleasure of financing the surplus and the additional armaments to the tune of \$5,000,000,000 in war debts not paid.

Senator Wheeler of Montana has introduced a bill ordering the national government to take over, own and operate the railroads of the nation beginning January 1, 1936. There is no doubt that railroad stock and bond holders would say, "Amen," if they could be sure of getting a fair price for their property. Railroad management, naturally, would grieve. To give up power is always unpleasant.

The effort to tax income from these securities has been worked out in a fashion that is better illustrated than defined. Assume that a corporation had invested a large portion of its surplus

Washington Digest

National Topics Interpreted
by William Bruckart
National Press Building Washington, D. C.

Washington.—The true purpose of the investigation by the senate munitions committee appears to have come to light. It is seeking the honor of drafting legislation which will give it a historical standing as the group of men who first proved to remove the incentive of profit as provocative of war. In presenting its proposal to this end, however, the committee is regarded as having "started something" which it is unlikely can be finished by the group of individual senators making up that committee.

When the investigating resolution was adopted by the senate, its sponsors made much fuss about conditions in the munitions industry. There were many speeches made by Senator Nye (Rep., N. D.) concerning the wickedness of munitions manufacturers, and in the course of those speeches, which were made in a score of different communities, Senator Nye announced conclusions which apparently have not been supported by evidence adduced by the committee investigators. Further, the senator announced plans to disclose alleged corruption among the munitions manufacturers and stated definitely that the purpose of the inquiry was to provide the basis for laws which would control them.

Now, after seven months, we look back on the committee's record and find that it has played a game of hop-skip-and-jump from one subject to another and, I believe, the consensus is that little of real value either to the senate or as public information has been developed.

Since there was the minimum of publicity resulting from the inquiry into munitions plants, shipbuilding yards and the aircraft industry, the committee has taken another tack. Seizing upon President Roosevelt's phrase that profits must be taken out of war, Senator Nye and his colleagues turned their so-called "experts" loose on the track of those illusive profits. The result is a piece of proposed legislation that goes beyond anything ever offered before in the way of tax legislation. Of course, it is entirely likely that nothing at all will come of the Nye bill insofar as improvement of our taxation methods is concerned. But its radical and altogether unworkable character is looked upon as necessitating a frank examination of its provisions.

Because the committee started out to investigate the munitions industry and notwithstanding the fact that since it has wandered all over the surface of the earth with its inquiry there is a widespread belief that its tax bill will apply only to the munitions industry during war time. Such is not the case. It goes far beyond the munitions industry and, indeed, it affects every corporation and every individual with an income of \$1,000 or more.

Probably the Flynn-Nye tax proposal won't get anywhere at all. Certainly it will not be enacted in this session of congress. Nevertheless, when a senate committee seriously introduces a bill that would limit income of a corporation to 3 per cent of its peace-time capitalization—the government would take the rest by taxation—it is regarded by many as time to call a halt. It ought to be added here that obviously the country is faced with the highest taxes it has ever known in consequence of the tremendous spending that has been going on during the last two years and which is to be continued. Those taxes are due to come along within another year or two.

I referred above to the 3 per cent limit on incomes of corporations. This is brought about through a tax of 50 per cent on the first 6 per cent of earnings of every corporation. Above the 6 per cent earnings, it is proposed in the Flynn-Nye bill to take 100 per cent of the total.

Tucked away in one section of the bill is language that is ordinarily referred to as a "joker." It represents the first attempt by congress, rather by the sponsors of this legislation, to circumvent exemption of government securities from taxation. The federal, state, municipal, county and other governmental jurisdictions have the power to issue bonds and other securities free from taxation. This makes such securities attractive. For quite a while there has been agitation to do away with this tax exemption privilege. Nobody has found a way, however, to get legislative bodies to enact the necessary provisions into law. So, we have something like fifty billions of dollars in securities of this type outstanding. If this income were taxable, of course, it would represent a considerable increase in revenue to the federal government through income levies. Thus it is stated the Flynn-Nye proposal is attempting to reach that income without actually violating the contract which the issuing government made with the buyers of those securities.

How It Would Work

illustrated than defined. Assume that a corporation had invested a large portion of its surplus or reserves in tax-exempt bonds. The bill proposes first to limit the amount of income which that corporation may receive and to tax half of the remainder. The result is that income from tax-exempt securities would be mingled with other forms of income and the government would dip its hand into the total and take whatever amount the law prescribed.

Another provision of the bill would result in government confiscation in wartime of every dollar of income that any official of any corporation, company or partnership received in excess of \$10,000 per year. It is to be remembered here that the above-mentioned \$10,000 would not be tax-exempt. Those drawing such salaries still would have to pay the government \$2,500 in taxes on the \$10,000 income. In other words, since nearly every one receiving salaries of this size serves in an official capacity with some commercial unit, the tax provision actually reaches nearly all of the individual income tax payers.

Certainly, the drastic rates affect all persons receiving any income of consequence because there is a sharp reduction in the personal exemption prescribed and the tax rates themselves are boosted higher than a kite. For instance, a married man with an income of \$3,000 a year would have to pay a minimum of \$300 to the government immediately war was declared.

The lethargy that continues among national Republican leaders is beginning to grow irksome upon minor wheel-horses and individual Republicans of lesser consequence in national affairs. Word is coming through to Washington from various sections of the country indicating considerable dissatisfaction with the management of Republican party affairs by the present regime, headed by Henry P. Fletcher, national chairman. There is likewise a growing volume of criticism of the work of Senator Hastings of Delaware, and Representative Bolton of Ohio, joint chairmen of the Republican-senatorial-congressional committee. Superficially, at least, it appears that the Republican pot is about to boil over.

I don't believe anybody can forecast at this time what the result is going to be. It should be said in favor of Mr. Fletcher and Co-Chairmen Hastings and Bolton that they are in a tough spot. They are criticized if they do and criticized if they don't. Yet the fact remains and I think it is recognized everywhere that none of these three has taken a positive position nor has he initiated any constructive effort in behalf of his party's political future.

From among Republicans who yet remain in congress, I have picked up much private discussion indicating fear on their part that the Republican party management is faced with an upheaval equivalent to the Roosevelt New Deal among the Democrats unless the party leaders awaken from their unperturbed sleep. The point made most frequently is that President Roosevelt actually has inaugurated his campaign for re-election, and the Republicans are doing absolutely nothing about it. It is well to recall that Postmaster General Farley is planning to retire—just when nobody knows—to devote his attention to his other job which is chairman of the Democratic national committee. This information can be construed in only one way now that Mr. Fletcher is getting ready to take his seat again at the helm of the campaign machine. Some of the smarter Republicans insist that this should be notice to the guiding lights of their own party to begin construction of political trenches.

Something may come of the Republican sectional meetings now being planned. It is just possible that out of these group discussions may be evolved some national program, or the makings of a national policy. It is likewise possible that from these group discussions some individual may arise who would be a worthwhile leader for the party against Mr. Roosevelt next year. To date, according to all of the information I can obtain, that leader is not in sight. Senator Arthur Vandenberg of Michigan, who was re-elected to the senate last year in the midst of a Democratic landslide, has been suggested. On the other hand, wise politicians tell me that because Senator Vandenberg has been mentioned thus early, he is likely to be out of the running when the convention time comes because in politics it is the early bird who catches the worm.

But to forget the weaknesses of the Republicans in leadership does not cause one to forget the palpable failure made by those in charge at present. So far as the public record shows they have taken no advantage whatsoever of vulnerable spots in the New Deal armor. No administration has been or can be perfect. President Roosevelt does not claim that his New Deal is perfect. He has gone so far as to admit failures in certain of his countless experiments. It is possible that the Republican organization has made note of these failures but it can be stated as a fact that they have made very little use of them by way of political attack.

© Western Newspaper Union.

BEVERLY HILLS.—Well all I know is just what I read in the papers, or what I see here and there. California has just been having some more big rains. Its the finest season there has been out here in years. Cattle are all hog fat, and a high price. Some parts are still aving it tough, but I think it kin er equifs up in he long run. It seems like the Middle West has had a particular run of bad luck the last few years. They just went and plowed up so much of that country that should have been left to Buffalo Grass. But you cant blame em, for at that time things were high, and when you first plow it up it did turn out some fine prairie grass. And a funny thing, of all these seed companies, they just cant seem to get the native seed that originally come from that place. It takes years to get an old plowed-over field back from anything but weeds.

I just got a kind of a hunch that things are going to pick up all around. Everybody hollers about all this big new batch of money that is to be spent, but (in spite of what the Republicans and part of the Democrats say) he must know certain things by this time that will bring results. You cant possibly spend that much money without giving a lot of people work, and you cant give a lot of people work, without them spending it. They cant hold it, they cant bury it, they have to spend it. The man they spend it with, the storekeeper and butcher, he has to spend it. Its bound to have a beneficial effect all around, and the big ones that are hollering so, its bound to reach them, and fix them so they can pay higher income taxes.

I am like everybody else. I could sit down by the hour and tell of plans that has been tried in the last couple of years that havent worked, that have may not only looked foolish, but were foolish, but I care it all that criticism wouldnt do any good. It would just add to the yell of the pack. It would be just another howl in the wilderness. I could sit down from now till morning and tell you what he should not have done, but if you give me five minutes continuous time, I couldnt tell you what he should have done, and neither can any of the rest of em. They can vix with alarm by the hour, but they cant point with pride to something else for a min e. All they can say is "Let Business Alone."

Well that all sounds fine, and it loo's like a good thing to do, and it would be a good thing to do, but it was done. It was already done. Mr. Hoover certainly let it alone, right during this same depression. There was not one sign of a handicap put on it. There was no hollering about usurping the rights of the Constitution. The Colstitution was a-going wide open, and business had the same leeway. Then what was the holler? All you have to do is remember back.

"Why dont the Government do something?" "Why dont they put out five billion dollars?" Dont you remember the first five billion that we were hollering for the Government to spend? This is not the first time this sum of money has been asked for. Its however the first time they ever got it.

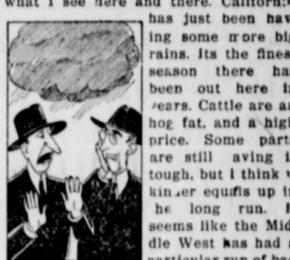
But its no good going over old scores. The breaks have just been against us, the same as I said earlier the breaks have been against those poor ranchers that lived in the drought and sand storm districts. We are in a hole and we are just running around in there looking for somebody to lay it on. Big business wasent entirely responsible for getting us out as lots seem to think. They can help naturally, for they are a tremendous influence.

I think this fellow Roosevelt saw that there was a lot of ills connected with the way businesses were run, and he started in with idealistic plans as to how they should be remedied, and he has found that any business wont work with you when its not paying. He has persuaded, he has coaxed, he has tried, but you cant make you or I invest our money if we are afraid, and he has kept em afraid. But maby the minute that this gigantic expenditure starts showing some results business will join in with him, and that will assure the whole plan's success.

We can talk all the politics we want, but business rises above politics in this country. The South has gone Republican, and the North has gone Democratic. Why, both have done it because it looked like there was money in it. Let Roosevelt start showing some results with this new money, and it will have a lot of outside (ugh) join it. There is not a Country in the World that can change our outlook as quick as we can. Just a dollar in our pocket makes a different man out of us. So lets dont thumbs down on this thing till we see, and the minute any of that dough commences reaching us, we are going to think its a pretty good plan.

Says WILL ROGERS

BEVERLY HILLS.—Well all I know is just what I read in the papers, or what I see here and there. California has just been having some more big rains. Its the finest season there has been out here in years. Cattle are all hog fat, and a high price. Some parts are still aving it tough, but I think it kin er equifs up in he long run. It seems like the Middle West has had a particular run of bad luck the last few years. They just went and plowed up so much of that country that should have been left to Buffalo Grass. But you cant blame em, for at that time things were high, and when you first plow it up it did turn out some fine prairie grass. And a funny thing, of all these seed companies, they just cant seem to get the native seed that originally come from that place. It takes years to get an old plowed-over field back from anything but weeds.



I just got a kind of a hunch that things are going to pick up all around. Everybody hollers about all this big new batch of money that is to be spent, but (in spite of what the Republicans and part of the Democrats say) he must know certain things by this time that will bring results. You cant possibly spend that much money without giving a lot of people work, and you cant give a lot of people work, without them spending it. They cant hold it, they cant bury it, they have to spend it. The man they spend it with, the storekeeper and butcher, he has to spend it. Its bound to have a beneficial effect all around, and the big ones that are hollering so, its bound to reach them, and fix them so they can pay higher income taxes.

I am like everybody else. I could sit down by the hour and tell of plans that has been tried in the last couple of years that havent worked, that have may not only looked foolish, but were foolish, but I care it all that criticism wouldnt do any good. It would just add to the yell of the pack. It would be just another howl in the wilderness. I could sit down from now till morning and tell you what he should not have done, but if you give me five minutes continuous time, I couldnt tell you what he should have done, and neither can any of the rest of em. They can vix with alarm by the hour, but they cant point with pride to something else for a min e. All they can say is "Let Business Alone."

Well that all sounds fine, and it loo's like a good thing to do, and it would be a good thing to do, but it was done. It was already done. Mr. Hoover certainly let it alone, right during this same depression. There was not one sign of a handicap put on it. There was no hollering about usurping the rights of the Constitution. The Colstitution was a-going wide open, and business had the same leeway. Then what was the holler? All you have to do is remember back.

"Why dont the Government do something?" "Why dont they put out five billion dollars?" Dont you remember the first five billion that we were hollering for the Government to spend? This is not the first time this sum of money has been asked for. Its however the first time they ever got it.

But its no good going over old scores. The breaks have just been against us, the same as I said earlier the breaks have been against those poor ranchers that lived in the drought and sand storm districts. We are in a hole and we are just running around in there looking for somebody to lay it on. Big business wasent entirely responsible for getting us out as lots seem to think. They can help naturally, for they are a tremendous influence.

I think this fellow Roosevelt saw that there was a lot of ills connected with the way businesses were run, and he started in with idealistic plans as to how they should be remedied, and he has found that any business wont work with you when its not paying. He has persuaded, he has coaxed, he has tried, but you cant make you or I invest our money if we are afraid, and he has kept em afraid. But maby the minute that this gigantic expenditure starts showing some results business will join in with him, and that will assure the whole plan's success.

We can talk all the politics we want, but business rises above politics in this country. The South has gone Republican, and the North has gone Democratic. Why, both have done it because it looked like there was money in it. Let Roosevelt start showing some results with this new money, and it will have a lot of outside (ugh) join it. There is not a Country in the World that can change our outlook as quick as we can. Just a dollar in our pocket makes a different man out of us. So lets dont thumbs down on this thing till we see, and the minute any of that dough commences reaching us, we are going to think its a pretty good plan.

© 1935, McNamee Syndicate, Inc.

After Worlds Collide

By Edwin Balmer and Philip Wylie

Copyright, 1934, by Edwin Balmer & Philip Wylie WNU Service.

SYNOPSIS

Under the leadership of Cole Hendron, noted American scientist, over 300 persons escape in two Space Ships just before a cosmic collision wiped out the earth, and land on Bronson Beta. A smooth, straight metal roadway is discovered, indicating that whoever once lived on Bronson Beta had swift moving vehicles.

CHAPTER I—Continued

On the evening of that day Bronson Beta had exhibited another phenomenon. Soon after dark, when more than half the members of the colony had gone to sleep from fatigue, a colossal meteor blazed across the sky and disappeared over the edge of the sea. It was followed by another smaller meteor and then half a dozen.

During the ensuing two hours countless thousands of meteors hurtled across the atmosphere of Bronson Beta in the vicinity of the Ark and many of them fell to earth within the visual range of that spot.

Tony and Eve were outside when the aerolites commenced to fall. At first they were spellbound by the majesty of the spectacle, but when a great hurtling mass of molten material splashed into the sea less than a mile offshore and set the ocean boiling all around, so that clouds of hot steam drifted over it, they became alarmed. Hendron and Duquesne were asleep, but there were twenty-five or thirty people outdoors.

When several of the great masses of material had hit the earth so hard that it trembled beneath their feet Tony quickly commanded the little knot of people who were standing together, watching the spurts of fire across the sky, to go to holes in the rock wall.

They started, with Eve leading the way. Tony then entered the Ark and woke Hendron, whom he found lying on the padded floor in sound, exhausted slumber.

Hendron sat up. "What is it?" "Meteors," Tony answered. "Three of them have landed within a mile of here in the last few minutes. Big ones. Any one of them would annihilate this snip if it hit it. There were about thirty people outdoors. I sent them up the coast to some shallow caves at the foot of a basalt cliff. I thought it was safer there. Safer than the Ark, anyway."

"Right," Hendron rushed up the stairs, followed by Tony.

Hendron and Tony awakened all the pilgrims who had been asleep. They were commencing to leave the Ark in an orderly but fast-moving line. Hendron was at the door of the Ark and as the people emerged he divided them

into groups of five and sent each group running in a different direction, thus dispersing over a wide area those of the colonists who were not hiding under the rim of the cliff.

When they had all emerged Hendron said to Tony shortly: "You go to the cliff and disperse the people there. I'll stay here with the last five."

The air was filled with parched, hot odors and clouds of steam. In the distance, around the craters made where the meteors had struck earth, there was a red glow. Half an hour passed. The pyrotechnics stopped. During that half hour Cole Hendron had been busy in the upper control room of the Ark with two electrical engineers; and when after five or ten minutes of normal darkness, interrupted only by spurts of the soft multi-colored aurora which frequently flickered on Bronson Beta, a few groups of five began to return to the Ark, they were halted by Cole Hendron's voice—a voice broadcast from the Ark by a mighty loud speaker.

"You will stay where you are," Hendron's voice commanded, "in groups of five for the remainder of the night. I will summon you when the time comes."

Tony had rejoined Eve in a group of five along the base of the precipice. Elliot James was in that group, and two women—one of them Shirley Cotton, who was already a prominent person among the hundred and one odd people who had been prominent on earth. The two men and the three women slept fitfully on the hard earth that night; and in the morning with the first rays of dawn, Hendron's voice summoned every one together again.

No more meteors had fallen after the shower had ended. The human beings who trekked back over the bare landscape to the Ark were a little more grave than they had been on the previous day. Once again the frailness of their hold on their new home had been made plain.

They answered a roll call. No one had been harmed. The Ark was unscathed. They sat down to breakfast.

Hendron explained the unexpected dilemma of the previous night. "Unless I am greatly mistaken, our new planet passed through a cluster or path of fragments of the moon, destroyed, as you know, months ago. They would find orbits of their own about the sun; and we have approached again an area where we might encounter fragments of any size. I believe that the meteors which fell last night were debris from the moon—debris scattered and hurled into space by that cosmic collision.

"In the future we will probably be able to chart the position of such fragments, so that we will know when we are coming within range of them. I would like to extend our period of rest to include this, our second day, on Bronson Beta. But so divergent and so pressing are the necessities of our work here that I cannot do so. We will start immediately after breakfast to construct a cantonment which will be adequate, at least temporarily."

CHAPTER II

Cole Hendron walked over to Tony and Elliot James and his daughter, Eve, who were breakfasting together.

"Right after breakfast," he said, "I want you, together with Higgins, to start prospecting for farm lands. Bring back soil samples. It may be that you will find nothing in the vicinity that will be adequate; and if that is true we will consider moving the Ark. It is still good for a few hundred miles, I guess. I'd risk taking it up if we had to move in order to find a suitable place to raise food."

Tony understood that the leader of the expedition was entirely serious and said with sudden intensity: "What's the matter with the Ark?"

"In the laboratory tests," the gray-haired man answered, "and in the smaller furnaces and engines we designed, Dave Ransdell's metal did not fuse or melt. But under the atomic blast, as we came through space, it commenced to erode. About eighteen hours after we had started, we went off our course because, as I discovered, the lining of one of the outside stern jets was wearing out more rapidly than the others. I used one of the right-angle tubes to re-establish our direction and I made some effort to measure the rate of dissipation of Ransdell's metal. I couldn't be very accurate, since I could not turn off the jets, but I was not at all certain that the material would stand the strain until we had reached the point where we started falling on Bronson Beta."

Elliot James looked depressed. "I had imagined," he said, "that we would be able to cruise at will on the surface of the planet from now on."

Hendron turned his face toward the ship, which represented the masterpiece of his life of engineering achievements. He regarded it almost sadly.

"We won't be able to do that. In any case we would move her over the surface of the planet only to find good farm land, because we've got to take her to pieces."

"To pieces!"

Hendron assented. "We designed her for that very purpose. Those layer sections on the inside wall will be taken down, one by one, and set up again on the ground. The top section will be made into a radio station, so that we can make accurate measurements of our orbit and also study meteorological conditions. The next section below that will be a chemistry laboratory. The one below that will be a hospital, if we need it. The next three will be storerooms and we will turn the last section into a machine shop. The steel on the outside hull will be our mineral source for the time being and out of it we will make the things we need until it is exhausted."

Elliot James said: "I hate to think of the Ark being torn down. I had imagined we would go hunting for the others in it."

Tony spoke. "I'd been thinking about that. It seems to me that if anybody had reached here, we would have heard

some kind of signal from them by now."

"I agree with you," Hendron said.

"And when I thought about looking for them it seemed darned difficult. After all, Bronson Beta has an area of more than five hundred million square kilometers and any one of those five hundred million would be big enough to hide a ship like the Ark. Besides, we don't even know where the land is, except in a general way. Still, I am of the opinion that we arrived here alone out of all the expeditions. If our crops fail us entirely because of too much heat, or because it gets cold too soon, or for reasons we cannot anticipate now"—

Cole Hendron paused.

"Twenty-five or thirty of us might get through the winter on the provisions I've brought. But all of us couldn't."

With the injection of that grim thought into their breakfast conversation the meal was brought to an end.

"It therefore behooves me," Tony said, "to look for farm lands and get some sort of crops in."

Half an hour later Tony started out with Higgins. As the two men left, the sound of hammering was already audible inside the Ark and most of the members of the company were engaged in useful work.

For an hour they walked along the bluff that faced the sea—a continuation of the landscape upon which the Ark had landed. It was rocky and barren, except for such ferns and mosses as they had already observed. Of dead vegetation there seemed to be nothing which had grown as large as a tree or indeed even a bush. The whole area appeared to have been called a moor—though Higgins could recall no earthly moor of this character or evident extent. They climbed to the highest nearby elevation and surveyed the arid, rock-strewn plateau.

"I don't believe," said Tony, "that there is any farm land in this area."

Higgins shook his head. "I think if we can find a place to get down over the cliff to the edge, we can go around that point at water level."

They continued along a little way and presently Higgins pointed to a "chimney" in the precipice. "How about it?"

Tony stared into the narrow slit in the rock. It was almost perpendicular and only the smallest cracks and outcroppings afforded footholds and handholds. He was on the point of suggesting that they find a more suitable place to descend, when he realized that the older man was laughing at him.

Tony set his jaw. "Fine!"

Higgins started down the chimney. He had not let himself over the edge before it was apparent that he was not only a skillful climber, but a man of considerable wiry strength.

Tony had always felt an instinctive alarm in high places and he had no desire for the task ahead of him. Perspiration oozed from him, and his muscles quivered, as he lowered himself into position for the descent. It was ticklish, dangerous work. Two hundred feet he went lay a heap of jagged rocks and around that the beach. Tony did not dare look down and yet it was necessary to look for places to put his feet; and from the corner of his

eye he was catching glimpses of the depth of the abyss below. His composure was by no means increased when the professor below him called: "Maybe I should have gone last, because if you fall where you are now, you'll probably knock me off."

Tony said nothing. Twenty minutes later, however, he felt horizontal ground under his feet. He was standing on the beach. He was covered with perspiration; his clothes were soaked. His face was white. He looked up at the precipice which they had descended; and he said, with his best possible assumption of carelessness, "I thought that was going to be difficult. There was nothing to it."

The professor gave him a resounding clap on the back. "My boy," he exclaimed, "you're all right! That was one of the nastiest little jobs I've ever undertaken."

Before them was a vast valley. It disappeared inland toward the high mountains and down its center meandered a wide, slow river. The whole valley was covered with new, bright green, where fresh vegetation had carpeted the soil!

Tony and Higgins ran, side by side



It Was Ticklish, Dangerous Work His Composure Was by No Means Increased When the Professor Below Him Called, "Maybe I Should Have Gone Last, Because if You Fall Where You Are Now, You'll Probably Knock Me Off."

HIGHLY POPULAR "FAN" RAG RUG

By GRANDMOTHER CLARK



This "Fan" rag rug has attracted a lot of attention and to our knowledge quite a few home rug makers have made one or more like it. It must be seen to be appreciated. Made up in brilliant colors, the panels in alternating light and dark shades and the center of dark green and red, this rug is bound to catch the attention of anyone upon entering the room. This model measures 58 inches across and 30 inches deep, and requires about four pounds of material to crochet. The ten panels are made first and then crocheted together. The center half circle is made to fit opening for it and in turn is slip stitched into space.

This beautiful rug is one of the twenty handmade rugs shown in colors in rug book No. 24.

If handmade rag rugs interest you send us 15c for this book of rugs with instructions, and you will receive it by mail postpaid.

Address HOME CRAFT COMPANY, Department C, Nineteenth and St. Louis Avenue, St. Louis, Mo. Inclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply when writing for any information.

GENERAL STORE RESUMES PLACE IN COMMUNITY

The general store is coming back, according to the reports of wholesale grocers from the Middle West, but it is a different institution from that which had a prominent place in the earlier days of merchandising and community life.

No longer is the cracker barrel open, the pot-bellied stove is conspicuous by its absence, and the box, half filled with sawdust, that was a combination cuspidor and waste-basket, is no more, says the Columbus (Ohio) Dispatch.

But in these newer general stores you can buy anything from a bottle of patent medicine to a postage stamp. To term them department stores is not correct, even though the atmosphere of the establishment in the old general store is gone.

The proprietors are in some cases men whose forebears were the storekeepers of the district in the days when houses and other buildings were made of the tough prairie sod. The idea for small town merchandising needs is thus proven sound again. Not alone did the store supply the wants of the customers in the early days, but it was the forum of discussion on politics, religion and the state of life, manners and morals in the community in which the store was located. And the proprietor was as like as not to be the leader in community politics and in some cases religion.

Nowadays there are many other places where people may meet to discuss things. The movies provided the entertainment and the automobile the means to move about for wider horizons.

Yet many of the older generation would give a great deal to have the chance to spend a few hours again in that old general store they remember from the days of their youth.

Skip It

Johnny—Dad, they say the Saar has gone to Germany now.
Dad (busy reading)—Something like that, son.

Johnny—But what will the Russians say?

Dad—The Russians! What have they to do with it?
Johnny (puzzled)—But I thought the Saar was the king of Russia.—Montreal Daily Star.

Vitamin A Aids Sight

In an operation to restore sight by transplanting a healthy cornea to a sightless eye, a Russian surgeon has tried applying vitamin A to prevent the cornea from becoming turbid after a time.



I'VE WON OVER 300 AWARDS

Says Mrs. M. E. Ryerson of Clayton, Indiana, "My cakes and pastries won 44 awards at the Indiana State Fair last year and all were baked with Clabber Girl."



CLABBER GIRL

Hard for Japanese to Master Own Language

The hardest job of the Japanese student is to learn his own language. Added to its own difficulties are the difficulties of Chinese; for modern Japanese contains a sprinkling of more than 50,000 Chinese characters.

The primary student toils over his own language seven hours a week in class, seven hours a week at home, a total of fourteen hours a week for six years. At the end of that time he has mastered only about 3,000 of the Chinese ideographs (each having five or six different meanings). He can read a newspaper. But he is still baffled by a magazine or book, unless written in the most colloquial speech.

Even university students have a very uncertain knowledge of the literary language. It is supposed to be used in the composition of letters, articles, books. A young friend of mine in Tokio Imperial university, principal institution of learning in Japan, confesses that his uncle rarely hears from him—because any letter to him must be written in the old literary form, and its composition is a long and fatiguing task.

Even the greatest scholars cannot write without a good dictionary at hand. Educated men find it easier to read Japanese classics in an English translation than in the original.—Willard Prince, in Asia Magazine.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 60 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

"What's Your Hurry?"

"Darling, answer me, I am on the rack."

"So is your hat," came a deep voice from the hall. Whereupon the young man took the hint, his head-piece and his departure.

END FRECKLES AND BLACKHEADS, QUICK



No matter how dull and dark your complexion; no matter how freckled and coarsened by sun and wind, NADINOLA Cream, tested and trusted for over a generation, will whiten, clear and smooth your skin to new beauty quicker, easiest way. Just apply tonight; no massaging, no rubbing; Nadinola begins its beautifying work while you sleep. Then you see day-by-day improvement until your complexion is all you long for; creamy white, satin-smooth, lovely. No disappointments; no long waiting; money back guarantee in every package. Get a large box of Nadinola at your favorite toilet counter or by mail, postpaid, only 50c. NADINOLA, Box 9, Paris, Tenn.

Beauty in Simplicity

The simple things on earth are the loveliest.

Regular Elimination

The proper use of Theford's Black-Draught, (for constipation) tends to leave the bowels acting regularly. It is a fine, reliable long-established family laxative.

"I have used Theford's Black-Draught fully thirty years," writes Mrs. J. E. McDuff, of Elgin, Texas. "I had trouble from constipation is why I first began the use of it, and as it gave perfect satisfaction I do not see any reason to change."

Another good thing about Black-Draught that helps to make it so popular—it is NOT expensive.

THEFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

CARBOIL for BOILS

Eases throbbing pain; allays inflammation; reduces swelling; lessens tension; quickly heals. Easily applied. Inexpensive. Results guaranteed. Also use for festering, rashes, cuts, burns, and bites. At your druggist, or write Spurlock-Neal Co., Nashville, Tenn.

SARGON

and Sargon Soft Mass Pills

This powerful invigorating treatment thoroughly cleanses the system of toxic poison and builds strong sturdy bodies. RELIEVES RHEUMATISM. Ask your Druggist.

Sensitive Skins

May be kept Clear and Whole some by Regular Use of

Cuticura Soap and Ointment

Containing emollient and healing properties, they soothe and comfort tender, easily irritated skins and help to keep them free from irritations.

THE BAIRD STAR

Established by W. E. Gilliland, December 8, 1887
Bairst, Texas

Issued every Friday, Baird, Texas

Entered as Second Class Matter, December 8, 1887, at the Post Office in Baird, Texas, under the Act of 1879.

ELIZA GILLILAND
Editor and Publisher

HAYNIE GILLILAND
Associate Editor

Advertising Rates	Subscription Rates
Display, per inch 25 (Composition, 10c per in. extra)	One Year ----- \$1.50
Reading Notices, per inch 5c (Minimum of 25)	Six Months ----- \$1.00
Four weeks is a Newspaper Month. All Adds run until ordered out.	Three Months ----- 50c
	Outside County, Per Year ----- 2.00

The publisher is not responsible for copy omissions, typographical errors, or any unintentional errors that may occur further than to correct it in the next issue. All advertising orders are accepted on this basis only.

NOTICE—Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing, or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The Baird Star, will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publisher.

Pledge

I will think—talk—write . . . Texas Centennial in 1936! This is to be my celebration. In its achievement I may give free play to my patriotic love for Texas heroic past; my confidence in its glories that are to be . . .




County Agent News

ROSS B. JENKINS
County Agent

A & M FARMERS' SHORT COURSE ANNOUNCED

Texas A & M College announced this week that the 1935 Farmers' Short Course would be held July 28—August 2. The theme of the twenty-sixth annual meeting will be "Changing Country Life."

Phases of the housing problems facing the rural family; soil conservation with particular reference to emergency erosion work; an agricultural adjustment will feature the program. Demonstration in doing will be stressed rather than talks and lectures at this event, which is the largest gathering of rural people in Texas each year.

A newspaper staffed by 4-H Club boys and girls as reporters will be printed daily during the Short Course week. Neal Douglass, agricultural editor of the Austin American, will be managing editor. A small news sheet was mimeographed and sold on the campus last year, and because of its success plans have been made to enlarge and print the paper this year.

Callahan sent her first boys and girls to the Short Course last year and the Demonstration Agents plan a much larger group this year.

FARMERS REPAY LOANS BEFORE DUE

"In their determination to pay their bills promptly some farmers not only are doing their part but are going the extra mile," according to Albert Gross, Farm Credit Administration.

Almost 2000 of the debt-burdened farmers in whose interest the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act was passed have entirely repaid their loans and an additional number are making regular advance payments of principal although only interest payments are due for the first three years.

When 2000 farmers can pay their loans in full who were faced with fore closure two years ago and the average amount is \$2600 apiece, then it can be truly said the farm is a place of opportunity. Good rains have put the spirit into farmers in Callahan this week that were in great need of some kind of inspiration.

THE FARMER'S INTEREST IN FOREIGN TRADE

In a radio address on "Land Utilization and Foreign Trade," Mr. L. R. Edminister, Export Section A A A said, "whether they know it or not, farmers in this country have a big stake in this trade program. This is not merely because so much of our agriculture is dependent on foreign markets, important though that is. Farmers are also consumers. Most of the consumer's goods and many of the producer's goods that they buy are subject to high tariffs. If these tariffs are reduced, most farmers will get more for what they sell, and all or them will get more for what they spend. To be sure, some branches of agriculture are sheltered by the tariff. But farm products that we export

are much more important than those that we import. The whole range of farm products has felt the price-lowering effects of our loss of foreign markets much more than it has felt the price-raising effects of the tariffs on farm products. By and large the interests of farmers in this country as a whole, lie on the side of restoring our foreign trade. This we can surely do if we have the intelligence to understand, and the courage to face, the central problems involved. This is the problem of reducing our tariff, thus enabling our foreign customers to sell us more goods than we now permit them to sell."

If we expect to sell all the surplus farm products that we wish to grow we must also expect to buy some of the surplus products that other nations produce. No nation can expect to do all selling and no buying, neither should any nation situated in any of the climatic zones expect to create a monopoly on the crops grown but should expect to see like crops to be grown in like climate and soil. Cotton and wheat may grow in either the north or south temperate zone and such is the actual case.

DEMONSTRATION: PRUNING AND STAKING TOMATOES

Purpose: To hasten the maturity of the crop and to increase the size of the fruit.

Materials needed: 4500 3 1-2 ft. stakes per acre, and one ball of binder twine.

When plants are 10-12 inches in height, drive stake about 6-8 inches from the plant, and make the first tie. Prune suckers from plants once each week until three clusters of fruit have been set. Then top plants by pinching off top shoot, leaving two pairs of leaves above cluster of fruit to serve as feeder branches.

When plants have attained a height of 18 inches, make second tying to stake. Sucker and top plants leaving three clusters of fruit per plant.

FORKING

Forking the plants will hasten the maturity and increase the size of the fruit.

When the first cluster of fruit appears, remove all suckers except the one at the base below the fruit cluster. Allow this to remain and grow to make a "Y" or fork on the plant. Once each week remove suckers on the main stem, also on the fork.

Pruning Tomatoes Makes 'Em Bigger and Earlier. Have you tried pruning tomatoes to increase their size and earliness? At least once each week the suckers should be "pinched" out. Suckers' growth takes plant energy that should go to the fruit clusters. By removing the suckers the growth of fruit is hastened. Don't let suckers rob you of having large and early tomatoes in your garden. Leave a row unpruned and see if these facts are not so.

Ross B. Jenkins
County Agent

Home Demonstration Club News

By Miss Vida Moore, Co. Dem. Agt.

REPLANT GARDEN NOW

"If the sand and washing rains took their toll in your garden, plant over" advises Mrs. Nollie Smartt, Pantry Demonstrator for the Admiral Home Demonstration Club. According to information furnished by the Home Demonstration Agent. Mrs. Smartt advises the following vegetables and varieties to be planted. Pole Beans, McCaslan variety; Lima Beans, Fordhook variety; Okra, white velvet variety; pepper, Calif. wonder variety, good for stuffing; pumpkin, small sugar variety; fine to store in the fall; spinach, New Zealand variety, if planted now will furnish spinach for July and August; and Yellow crook neck variety of squash, late but a heavy yielder and of high quality.

PEPPER RED RELISH SELLS GOOD Mrs. Joe Stallings, Pantry coopera-

tor for the Helping Hand Home Demonstration Club of Clyde, with the cooperation of Mr. Stallings has made her garden a paying proposition. Not only did Mrs. Stallings have a well filled pantry in 1934 but in addition to filling her food budget made and sold over 500 pints of green tomato Chow Chow and Pepper Relish. The pepper relish is trade marked as Pepper Red. Mrs. Stallings says that they expect to have even a larger crop and more sales this year.

FOUNDATION PATTERNS FIT THE INDIVIDUAL

It has always been said that figures don't lie, but the fact that a 34 is not always a 34 has been discovered by Mrs. Hayden Patterson, Wardrobe Demonstrator for the Helping Hand Home Demonstration Club of Clyde. In checking her own pattern and the patterns of other Club members Mrs. Patterson found that of several people who wore size 34 in a commercial pattern no two were the same in height, weight or individual measurements. In this check Mrs. Patterson found such irregularities as sloping shoulders, broad shoulders, short waists, long waists and large hips.

FOUNDATION PATTERNS ACCURATE

"Cutting a dress by a foundation pattern gives a satisfaction that can not be had by using another pattern" says Mrs. John Robbins, Wardrobe Demonstrator for the Progressive Home Demonstration of Clyde.

Mrs. Robbins attended the Foundation Pattern School conducted by Mrs. Dora Barnes, Extension Specialist in clothing in Baird, April 22-23 and there made a complete Foundation Pattern according to her individual measurements. The pattern consisted of a complete front and back waist, front and back skirt and two sleeves.

CURE FOR MILDEW ON ENGLISH PEAS

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure and this is especially worth remembering when it comes to the care of English Peas" says Mrs. Jesse Tarrant, Pantry Demonstrator for the Lone Oak Home Demonstration Club.

"Before long," continues Mrs. Tarrant "their may appear a white powdery covering on the lower leaves of the English Peas. Should you notice this condition spray the plants with the following mixture which has been recommended by the Extension Department: 2 pounds hydrated lime, 1 lb. blue stone, copper sulphate, mixed with 12 gallons of water. Chip up 1-2 lb soap in the mixture to make it stick to the foliage"

PRUNING IMPROVES TOMATOES

"You will get a lot more tomatoes and much better ones of you will prune and stake the vines," says Mrs. G S Sherrill, Pantry Demonstrator for the Enterprise Home Demonstration Club. The purpose of the pruning and staking of the vines is to hasten the maturity of the crop and increase the size of the fruit. The materials needed will be 1000, three and one half feet stakes and one fourth ball binder twine. When the plants are 10-12 inches high, drive the stake about 6-8 inches from the plant and make the first tie. Prune suckers from the plants once each week until three clusters of fruit have been set. Then top plants by pinching off top shoot, leaving two pairs of leaves above clusters of fruit to serve as feeder branches. When plants have attained a height of 18 inches, make second tying to stake. Sucker and top plants leaving three clusters of fruit per plant.

FOUNDATION PATTERN SCHOOL HELD AT BAIRD

A two-day Foundation Pattern school was conducted by Mrs. Dora Barnes Extension Clothing Specialist in Baird Monday and Tuesday, April

22-23.

The work was for the wardrobe demonstrators of the Home Demonstration Clubs of the county and included detailed instructions in the making and use of foundation patterns.

Wardrobe demonstrators attending the school and making patterns were: Mrs. Bailey Johnson, Denton; Miss Juanita Holloway, Rowden; Miss Linnie Brasher, Atwell; Miss Birdie Eastham, Admiral; Mrs. Joel Griffin, Midway; Mrs. John Robbins, Clyde; Mrs. Paul Shanks, Enterprise; Miss Vergie Hardy, Lone Oak; Mrs. Norman Finley, Deep Creek; Mrs. Hayden Patterson, Clyde; Mrs. Eva Johnson, Opalin; Mrs. Frank Spencer, Dressy.

THE JUNIOR WEDNESDAY CLUB

The Junior Wednesday Club met April 17th in the home of Mrs. C. M. Mills with Mrs. Jack Ashlock as hostess.

The following program was given: Social Adjustment Roll Call, Current Events. Conflict In Social Behavior,

Mrs. Edwards. Social Mal-Adjustment Evidenced in Mental Disease, Miss Green. Criminal Behavior, Mrs. Alexander Leader, Mrs. Bell

APPRECIATION AND NOTICE

I wish to express my personal appreciation and that of the entire Methodist Church for the splendid way the people of the other Churches are opening their homes to the Delegates to the Abilene District Conference Delegates. Many are also providing breakfast for these guests.

We thank you. Your guests will be sent you some time next Tuesday. Some may arrive at their homes for the night after the evening service.

P. E. YARBOROUGH,
Pastor, Methodist Church.

FEDERAL LAND BANK AND COMMISSIONERS LOAN

If you wish to refinance your loans with 4-1-4 and 5 per cent money on long and easy payment plan, see or communicate with M. H. Perkins, Secretary, Citizens National Farm Loan Ass'n. Clyde, Texas

SEED PEANUTS AND HAY

Clean bright peanuts for seed; get yours now. Peanut hay—the balanced ration for cattle etc
SHANKS NURSERIES
Clyde, Texas
W. Homer Shanks

FOR SALE Cheap—Three second hand Cultivators; two Planters; One Double Disk Plow or Section Harrow

FRECKLES?
Use
OTHINE
(Double Strength)
**BLEACHES and
CLEARS THE SKIN**
Gives You A Lovely Complexion

"I HAVEN'T HAD A COLD IN FIVE YEARS"

"In the old days I used to dread the coming of Winter. I was always fighting colds—feeling about half alive—trying to work with my body aching and every nerve on edge.
"Then a friend told me about McCoy's Cod Liver Oil Tablets with their marvelous vitamins A and D. I started to take them five years ago and I haven't had a cold since that time.
"McCoy's Tablets put new life in folks; build up resistance so anyone can laugh at cold germs. They make weak, skinny people strong, steady-nerved and vigorous. They're wonderful!"
Get the genuine McCoy's Cod Liver Oil Tablets from your druggist today. Don't waste money on imitations. Ask for McCoy's.

Fort Worth Star-Telegram

For service and the day's best news items with complete Sports and Society News—Try The Fort Worth Star Telegram. Rates: 10 cts per week for daily only 18 cts per week for daily and Sunday. 25 cts per week for double daily and Sunday delivery service.

TOM WARREN, Agent, Phone 11.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY TO THIS COMMUNITY

It is often said that a town or community is largely judged by the character of its churches, schools and banks.

The officers and directors of this Bank are ever mindful of that responsibility which is ours.

We know that this community is proud of its churches and of its schools. We pledge ourselves to so conduct the affairs of this Bank that no one will hesitate to say:

"... and we have a good Bank"

The First National Bank

BAIRD, TEXAS

The Rural Community Has Come to Town

The rural community and small city faces a new future. Electric service and all that electric power and light mean to home life, commercial and industrial development is now available for a more constructive and wider field of achievement.

Much work, planning, testing, engineering and large investments of capital was necessary in order to make this possible. Our 2600 miles of power transmission lines, interlacing 49 counties in West Texas and serving 160 towns and communities provide an adequate and economical source of dependable electric service with precise regulation to meet the requirements of modern day appliances.

Today hundreds of small West Texas towns and communities can offer to industry this modern electric service in proximity to its raw materials . . . two very necessary prerequisites for industrial progress.

We point with pride to our part in assisting the small towns and communities in this way, thus guaranteeing to them the same opportunities in respect to power as the larger metropolitan cities enjoy. It is our policy to fully co-operate with the small towns and communities we serve so that they may realize the full benefits accompanying and made possible by electrical development.

**West Texas Utilities
Company**

THE EVENT YOU HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR.

REXALL ORIGINAL RADIO

ONE CENT SALE

LISTEN TO THE RADIO BROADCAST. LEARN WHAT YOUR PENNIES WILL DO

4 BIG DAYS
May 1-2-3-4
City Pharmacy

SAVE WITH SAFETY
At the **REXALL DRUG STORE**

PLAZA

MAKE IT A THEATRE WEEK!
Friday and Saturday, April 26-27

**BUCKLE UP!
RIDERS OF THE
CRIMSON TRAIL**

ALSO: First Chapter of
"RUSTLERS OF RED DOG"
Saturday Nite At 11 P. M.
Again Sunday and Monday

STARS!

**GIRLS!
TUNES!
LAUGHS!**

Just some of the reasons why
this picture is such a hit!
**"George White's
1935 Scandals"**
with
**ALICE FAYE JAMES DUNN
NED SPARKS**

TUESDAY—April 30
Matinee at 1 p. m.

We Have 150 Reasons Why
You Should See This Picture!

**MURDER ON A
HONEYMOON**

Wed-Thurs, May 1-2
Matinee Wednesday at 2 p. m.

His Latest Riot!
The Laughs Begin When You
Come In!

**ROCHELLE HUDSON
RICHARD CROMWELL**

**COMING ATTRACTIONS
FOR MAY**

"Mighty Barnum"
"Little Colonel"
"Roberta"
"Goldiggers of 1935"
"Go Into Your Dance"
"Broadway Bill"
"West Point of the Air"

—FREE TICKET—
THIS TICKET and One Paid
Admission of like value will
Admit 2 Persons to the Plaza
Theatre, Friday and Saturday
April 26 and 27.

666 checks
COLDS
and
FEVER
first day
HEADACHES
Salve - Nose Drops in 30 minutes

**Gus Ackermans Pioneer
West Texas, Died At
Abilene**

Gus Ackermans, 75, one of the earliest residents of Abilene, died unexpectedly Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock a few minutes after being stricken with a heart attack. Funeral services were held from Sacred Heart Catholic church Tuesday at 9:30 a. m. with Rev. Fred Harry Knufer officiating. Burial was made in Masonic cemetery beside the grave of his wife, who died sixteen years ago. Mr. Ackermans, who had been book keeper at the Western Compress and Storage company a number of years, complained early in the afternoon of not feeling well and made an engagement with a physician for 4 p. m., friends said. Later he asked a co-worker to take him to his home, 425 Merchant street. As he was being assisted from an automobile into the home he collapsed; and died before a physician could reach him. Mr. Ackermans, a native of Brussels, Belgium, is survived by three daughters. They are, Miss Marie Ackermans, who resided with him; Mrs. O. J. Lenihan, St. Louis; and Mrs. J. F. O'Boime of Cleveland, Ohio. Three grandchildren, Mary Elizabeth Lenihan, and Shirley and Constance O'Boime also survive. As a young man Mr. Ackermans emigrated from his native Belgium and settled in Abilene soon after reaching America.

**Wrestling At Abilene
Tonight, 8:30 p. m.**

The Abilene Athletic Club will open its Open Air Arena to-night at 8:30 o'clock with the greatest card ever shown in Abilene. Six top notch wrestlers will vie in three contests—each one a headline. Ross Williams promoter states that the club is going to bring to Abilene this summer some of the best heavy-weight wrestlers in the world, including Jim Landis, man mountain Dean and Gus Soumberge. Location of arena is South Second and Elm.

Recondition Your Hair With
Soapless Oil Shampoos
Special Price
75c

We are now featuring
JAMAL PERMANENTS
the new machineless wave. Enjoy the
soft, lasting beauty of this permanent
FOR ONLY
\$6.50
MACHINE WAVES
\$1.95 to \$5.00
Marinello Beauty Shop

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Holmes left Monday for Memphis and Childress for a visit with relatives.

Miss Edith Collier returned a few days ago from Marlin and Dallas where she spent several weeks.

Nat Williams, Supt., Cross Plains Schools, was a Baird visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Annie Stephenson and daughter, Mrs. Alice Nichols, of Tecumseh were in Baird Monday.

Mrs. D. C. Garner of Wink, spent last week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Wheeler and family.

See the Irene Jay Dance Review to-night at the high school auditorium and help the Home Economics Class.

Miss Lou Ceile Trent, student of T. C. U. visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Trent during the Easter holidays.

Mrs. Linwood Hays returned to her home in Breckenridge Sunday, after a week's visit with her mother Mrs. J. E. Gilliland.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Hobbs of Abilene, were in Baird Tuesday enroute to Rowden to visit Mrs. Hobb's sister, Miss Ada Sikes.

Mrs. O. F. Henderson of Rowden, was in Baird Tuesday. Mrs. Henderson is president of the home demonstration club of Rowden.

Mrs. S. H. Walker, little daughter, Mary Jane of Austin and Mrs. T. U. Anderson of San Antonio, are spending the week-end with their mother Mrs. G. W. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Harp left Friday for their home in Masa, Colorado after a two weeks visit with Mr. Harp's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Harp and family. Gordon is in the Forest Ranger service.

Miss Marjorie Boren, teacher of Home Economics in the Teague public school, spent the Easter holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Boren.

Mrs. Alfred Harding and children of Wink are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wade Harding. Mr. and Mrs. Geo Jones Mr. and Mrs. Paul Schaffrina out on Route one.

Mrs. Joe McGowen will leave this week for an extended visit to her daughter, Mrs. R. M. Cunningham at Stiles and her sisters, Mrs. Annie Ruhrop and Mrs. Dee Davis at Toyah.

Mrs. Jack Reese of Bartlesville, Okla who has been visiting her brothers and sisters, H. C., J. H. and Joe McGowen and Mesdames Cora Work and W. D. Boydston, has returned to her home.

Mrs. Wm. A. Fetterly returned Friday from a visit in Fort Worth and Denton. Miss Mary Elizabeth Fetterly, a student in the State Teachers College, Denton, accompanied her mother home to spend Easter, returning to Denton, Monday.

Mrs. O. E. Wolfe of Big Spring, spent the week end with her mother Mrs. Lua James. Lina Jane and Spencer Wolfe who have been visiting thier grandmother for the past month returned home with their mother.

Mrs. R. H. Collins and babies who have been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Joe McGowen for the past three months returned to their home in Dallas Saturday. She was accompanied as far as Fort Worth by her mother, who visited her sister, Mrs. J. Norton, returning home Sunday, accompanied by Mrs. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. Sye Hicks.

L. J. Brian returned Thursday night of last week from San Antonio where he attended a meeting of the Texas Bakers Association. Mr. Brian was elected as a member of the Executive Committee of the Association. Mr. Brian was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hamrick of Abilene. Mr. Hamrick is salesman for the Chas. Denney Co, Bakers Supply Dealers.

**COLLEGE BOYS AND GIRLS
HOME FOR EASTER**

Quite a number of Baird boys and girls who are away attending college were at home for the holidays. Among them were:

Reaves and Beatrice Hickman, Daniel Baker College, Brownwood.
Rupert Jackson, Jr., Billy Harris and Judson Atchison, State University, Austin.
Polly Rumph, Junior, A and M College, Arlington.

There were other students home, but we could not get their names.

**William S. Smallwood
Died At Lawn**

William S. Smallwood, 59, died at his home near Lawn, Sunday night at 9:30 following an illness of nine years. He had been confined to his bed for the past year. Funeral rites were held from the Lawn Methodist church at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon with Rev. T. H. Davis of Rising Star and Rev. W. V. O'Kelley of Ovalo in charge of the services. Mr. Smallwood is survived by his wife, who was formerly Mamie Bell of Buffalo Gap; a daughter, Mabel Smallwood of San Diego; his mother Mrs. H. B. Smallwood, Lawn; two sisters, Nora Smallwood and Mrs. A. M. Sanders, Lawn; three brothers, John of Lawn, George of Lubbock, Lewis of Roby. Mr. Smallwood was born in Fort Worth May 9, 1875 and moved with his parents. Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Smallwood to Callahan county in the early eighties, the family making their home at Tecumseh for many years. The family later moved to the southern part of Taylor county near Lawn, where they have since resided and where the deceased's father died some years ago. Bill Smallwood as he was familiarly known to friends around Tecumseh, made his home in San Diego for some time, being engaged in the real estate business. He and his wife returned to Lawn some months ago. Deceased was a nephew of Mrs. Ibbie Slaughter, who lives near Baird. Burial was made in the Rogers cemetery, one of the oldest cemeteries in that section, where many pioneers are buried.

Griggs Hospital News

F. M. Appleton, 82, of Clyde had major surgery the past week is doing nicely and will likely be able to leave the hospital today.

M. W. Ashton, 16 year old son of Mrs. W. L. Ashton was operated on for appendicitis Thursday night of last week.

Ruth Ray was a tonsilectomy patient Tuesday.

Frank Ross, 7 year old son of B. F. Ross, of Belle Plain was a patient Friday for treatment of a badly lacerated leg sustained when wading in a tank.

Jimmie, 2 year old son of Mrs. Edith Everett of Clyde was a patient for removal of tonsils Monday by Dr. Ramsey and Dr. Webster.

D. A. Farrar who has been a patient for the past two weeks was able to

return to his home at Eula last Friday.

Mrs. Ben McIntosh of Clyde, a surgical patient the past week, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. John Brown has been a patient the past week under treatment and will undergo major surgery later.

**Beryle Owens Wins 2nd
Place In Regional Meet**

Beryle Owens of Baird, representing Baird High School at Abilene last Saturday won 2nd place in the Ex-temporaneous Speaking Contest. She was the only representative for the school in literary contests. Bill Austin, Pearce Flores, Jackie Street and Bernie Bryant will go to Abilene tomorrow to compete in the mile relay and Bryant will also enter the 440 yard dash in the track and field division, which was postponed putnam club women hostess to county club membeds.

WILL ROGERS will appear in his latest riot, "Life Begins At 40", at the Plaza Theatre Wed-Thurs. May 1-2.

You are probably waiting for the biggest money saving event of the season. Well, here's good news. The dates of the Rexall ORIGINAL One Cent Sale are May 1, 2, 3, and 4th at the City Pharmacy The Rexall Store.

19-2t

FREE! about STOMACH TROUBLE

Explains the marvelous Willard Treatment which is bringing amazing relief. Sold on ironical money-back guarantee.

PRICELESS INFORMATION
—for those suffering from STOMACH OR DUODENAL ULCERS, POOR DIGESTION, ACID DYSPEPSIA, SOUR STOMACH, GASTRITIS, HEARTBURN, CONSTIPATION, BAD BREATH, SLEEPLESSNESS OR HEADACHES, DUE TO EXCESS ACID.

Ask for a free copy of *Willard's Message*. We are Authorized Willard Dealers.

Holmes Drug Company

EXPRESSION AND DRAMATIC ART
(STUDIO—West room, small building on Grammar School ground)
Patrons and the Public Cordially Invited to attend Studio Recitals given each month

MRS. ROBERTA WARREN MAYES

Fitting Tribute to a Loved One

The fitting tribute to one whom you have loved is a monument of permanence and grace; a stone that will go down through the years marking the last resting place of one whose name you respect and honor.

Early Spring months are the months to order and have placed headstones and markers. To place your order now will allow sufficient time your working out design and have ready for placing when warm days arrive.

SAM L. DRYDEN & SON
Cor. Walnut and 8th Street, Abilene, Texas

**The GAS Refrigerator Runs for MUCH Less Cost
Than Any Other Method**

It Also Handles PLEASURES As a Sideline

Let Gas Refrigeration freeze your desserts and salads and keep ice cubes handy for refreshments.

Its main business, of course, is to keep cold shelves year in and year out to protect your everyday foods, but it handles a good many pleasures, too, as a side line. The whole family raids this sparkling headquarters for extra snacks. It's fun to be able to dish out strawberry mousse for an afternoon visitor; Jimmie to find the makings of an orange milkshake, ice cubes and all, after school; for the man of the house to find a bit of ham and celery and apple pie in perfect condition for a tasty hand-out. See Electrolux before you buy ANY refrigerator.

- So Modern It Needs NO Moving Machinery
- Silent as Snow

ELECTROLUX
The GAS Refrigerator

Community Natural Gas Co

If "half sick" and "run down" PERK UP WITH PURSANG

Marvelous new tonic helps to restore balance of white and red blood corpuscles and drive out blood impurities.

Pursang is a real tonic, scientifically produced, specifically for anemic condition of the blood. Get a bottle of Pursang today. Take no other. Pursang is not to be confused with cheap tonics with only a temporary effect.

HOLMES DRUG COMPANY
NYAL Service Store—Baird, Phone 11

JACKSON ABSTRACT COMPANY

RUPERT JACKSON, Mgr. BAIRD, TEXAS

OTIS BOWYER

Attorney-at-Law Office in Odd Fellows Bldg. BAIRD, TEXAS

DR. S. P. RUMPH

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER Res. 143—Phones—Office 65 If no answer call 11

Dr. M. C. McGowen

DENTIST X-RAY Office, First State Bank Bldg. BAIRD, TEXAS

OTIS BOWYER, JR.

Attorney-at-Law 305 Mercantile Bldg. DALLAS, TEXAS

V. E. HILL

DENTIST Office: Upstairs, Telephone Building BAIRD, TEXAS

TOM B. HADLEY

CHIROPRACTOR 13 Years' Practice in Baird Since August 15, 1922 Office: 3 Blocks East of Court House on Bankhead Highway Phone 89

VIRA L. MARTIN

Chiropractor Spinal Examinations and Analysis Free (One Mile South of Clyde)

TELEPHONE . . . SUBSCRIBERS

Use your telephone to save time. It will serve you in many ways, business, socially or emergency. Your telephone is for yourself, family, or your employees only. Please report to the management any dissatisfaction. T. P. BEARDEN, Manager

GRIGGS HOSPITAL X-Ray Laboratory and Special Diagnosis DR. R. L. GRIGGS Local Surgeon, T. & P. Ry. Co. City Health Officer DR. R. G. POWELL DR. W. V. RAMSEY Office Phone 340 BAIRD, TEXAS

BLANTON, BLANTON & BLANTON LAWYERS Suite 710, Alexander Building Abilene, Texas Albany National Bank Bldg. Albany, Texas THOMAS L. BLANTON MATHEWS BLANTON THOMAS L. BLANTON, JR.

G. A. Hamlett W. S. Namlett Phone 29 Res. Phone 73 Hamlett & Namlett Physicians and Surgeons Special Attention to Diseases of Women and Children Office: Telephone Bldg. Phone 29 BAIRD, TEXAS

W. O. WYLIE FUNERAL DIRECTOR Phone 68 or 139—Baird, Tex. AMBULANCE SERVICE Flowers for All Occasions BAIRD, TEXAS

L. L. Blackburn Lawyer BAIRD, TEXAS

Miss Ruth Akers Special and Private Nursing Phone 318 Baird, Texas



Flowers

For all occasions. Special attention given to orders for flowers for funerals. ORDERS DELIVERED Mrs. A. R. Kelton Phone 212-L S L Baird

Dine in Comfort..

For real pleasurable dining there's no substitute for the combination of good food, cooked to a delicious flavor? Courteous service. Drop in for lunch or meals.

QUALITY CAFE

ESTES & ESTES, Props.

SAM GILLILAND

BETTER

SHEET METAL AND PLUMBING

Sinks, Bath Tubs, Gas Stoves Electrical Wiring

BAIRD SEWER COMPANY OFFICE

ALL PATRONS OF THE BAIRD SEWER COMPANY ARE REQUESTED TO PAY THEIR SEWER BILLS AT THIS OFFICE

Luncheon Is Served

If it is a delicious luncheon you want drop in at the American Cafe. Only the finest foods are served, prepared by experts.

AMERICAN CAFE

“QUOTES”

COMMENTS ON CURRENT TOPICS BY NATIONAL CHARACTERS

USE OF GAS IN WAR

By CAPTAIN G. J. FISHER Chemical Warfare Service. THE next war is not much more likely to be fought on a chemical basis than the last. We don't expect the number of deaths from chemicals to be materially greater than in the last war.

The military effort required to fly chemicals against cities is such that it is doubtful whether military commanders would feel justified in directing men and materials to that purpose.

The progress made in developing gases since the World War has not been as great as the general public has been led to fear. Those who point out that one ton of mustard gas is capable of killing 30,000,000 people run dead up against the fact that in the World War a ton of this gas actually killed but three persons.

CUBAN DIFFICULTIES

By SUMNER WELLES Assistant Secretary of State THE solution of their political difficulties lies now solely in Cuban hands. We have abrogated the Platt amendment. We have renounced the rights of intervention which we had previously secured, and we have made it emphatically clear that this government would interfere neither directly nor indirectly in the internal concerns of the Cuban people.

When any people has suffered economic prostration coincident with a political dictatorship, and the dictatorship is overthrown by popular uprising, it is almost inevitable that for a period of time that country will pass through varying stages of political unrest. That is what occurred in Cuba.

PERMANENCE FOR CCC

By PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT IT IS my earnest hope that the work carried on by the Civilian Conservation Corps will find a permanent place in our government.

Only in that way can the nation, through future generations, enjoy the full benefit of what already has been accomplished and the full measure of all that ultimately will be achieved.

The results achieved in the rehabilitation of youth, the conservation of our natural resources, the development of new recreational opportunities for our citizens and the quickening of business recovery have proved so worth while that I have not hesitated to recommend continuance of the Civilian Conservation Corps camps for another two years.

PENDING RAIL LAWS

By W. W. ATTERBURY President Pennsylvania Railroad. PROPOSED legislation, if enacted, would place an insupportable burden upon the railroads without advantages to the employees.

Any treatment of their problems which omitted consideration of the overhanging threat to the integrity of the industry, would be tantamount to the destruction of efforts looking toward recovery in the field of railroad transportation. Such legislation would mean ultimately less employment in the railroad industry rather than an increase in employment, as contended by the sponsors of this legislation.

ONLY PASSING PHASE

By ANDREW W. MELLON Pittsburgh Banker. EVEN at 80, one does not acquire the gift of prophecy, but I look forward to seeing the return of normal conditions again within my own time.

America is going through a bad quarter of an hour, but present conditions, however distressing, especially in terms of human suffering, reflect only a passing phase in our history. New generations are coming on and new inventions and the advance in human intelligence will solve many problems that now seem insurmountable.

OUR TAX BURDEN

By MARK GRAVES New York Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. IN 1929 the national income was \$90,000,000,000, while last year it had fallen to about \$45,000,000,000. The tax burden in each year was approximately \$10,000,000,000. I believe it should be obvious that we are suffering today because nearly one-quarter of our income is taken for taxes of one kind or another, direct or indirect, whereas the share was only about one-ninth of our income at the beginning of the depression.

ARMS FOR PEACE

By ADOLPH HITLER German Chancellor. FOR in this hour the German government renews before the German people, before the entire world, its assurance of its determination never to proceed beyond the safeguarding of German honor and freedom of the Reich, and especially does not intend in re-arming Germany to create any instrument for warlike attack, but, to the contrary, exclusively for defense and thereby for the maintenance of peace.

Will Give Idle Men Real Jobs

Second Stage of Recovery Plan Is Program of Big National Projects

By EARL GODWIN

WASHINGTON.—The second stage of the New Deal's recovery plan now appears with the amendment of the bill granting the President \$4,800,000,000 to undertake a national program of projects extensive enough to furnish work for every employable man now receiving direct cash relief.

It is difficult to comprehend the scope of this program. The sum involved is the largest grant of money ever handed by any government over to one man to be spent entirely at his direction. While the money phase of the project is large, the project itself is even larger, for it is but the first step in a 25-year program for the development of the country's natural resources, as outlined in the President's message at the opening of this congress.

The administration boldly struck at unemployment by the appropriation of \$3,700,000,000 in the last congress. Later it increased this by \$500,000,000, a total of \$4,200,000,000 used for public works and direct relief and the great number of projects coming within those two broad divisions. The President himself was responsible for the spending of this money, and every one of the 20,000 projects, large and small, have been personally approved by him.

One outstanding accomplishment has been to arouse the national conscience to a realization that the country must take care of its unemployed. The hunger of millions has been appeased, even though the "doles" have been pitifully small. But a greater thing has also been realized; that Americans don't want charity—they want work. It's going to cost more to end unemployment by putting 3,500,000 men to work on government projects, but it will save their self respect, permit them to work at the jobs for which they are fitted and the belief is that gradually the economic situation will improve so that this army of public-workers will be absorbed into private industry. The materials needed on this \$4,800,000,000 program will start activities in mines and factories and railroads to such an extent that for every man on the public job from four to six men will be working in private industry to supply the goods.

Primarily this program is to furnish jobs for unemployed; for that reason the work projects will be planned as far as possible in the neighborhoods where the unemployed now reside. The country will be divided into small areas and work will be planned in those areas so that the workers will be within a daily bus ride of the job. This will obviate the mobilization of great armies of workmen who would have to be moved long distances and also be provided with temporary housing.

The first project to be approved by the President was the doubling of the CCC camps. The personnel of these camps will be increased from 300,000 to 600,000; the number of camps will be increased from about 1,400 to approximately 2,900. These camps take boys from towns and cities where they have been denied a decent chance at life, under the depression, and put them at useful paid work on conservation projects. It is one of the most popular of the New Deal items. Incidentally it has been administered by a combination of the army, the Labor department, the bureau of forestry and other agencies without setting up new bureaus of government. Furthermore, the President intends to spend his \$4,800,000,000 without setting up any new agencies. There are already too many bureaus and offices in Washington.

There is more than ordinary importance attached to this second step in the recovery program. Critics of the New Deal spending policies should remember that nearly a sixth of the population (including women and children) are dependent on relief. If this vast section of the people should be left to help skelter, disorganized charity, some day there would either be a revolution or a war. Nations with great problems of that sort have either had to adopt a strong internal domestic policy; or have had to reach out and start a war. Look at Japan.

The few, but politically powerful, who are whining at the cost of President Roosevelt's work-relief program will do well to contemplate the more costly alternative.

HOLDING COMPANIES

Back in the nineties, those days when people fell down flat on their faces and worshiped high tariff and were glad that benevolent corporations were good enough to pay wages at the rate of \$6 to \$12 a week, there grew up a system of corporation laws which produced those things the cartoonists began to call "Trusts." These giants took the place in modern life of the armor clad barons of the Middle Ages, who owned everything in sight, including the people, and who stalked around the country knocking folks over the head with a battle-axe.

We've got the remnants of this race of giants with us today in the shape of a dozen or so "holding companies" which own or control all the electric light and power companies in the country. These holding companies are responsible for the high electric light rates which could be cut in half, according to the National Power commission.

The New Deal program includes putting these holding companies into the side show as relics. The bill for this purpose is the Wheeler-Rayburn legislation to regulate holding companies and abolish the worst of them by 1940.

It is a measure to protect investors from watered stock and prevent collapses like that of the Insull empire. But Wall Street and the power trusts are acting just as their banker friends did in the Woodrow Wilson administration when the federal reserve system was being created to take the control of money out of J. P. Morgan's office at the corner of Broad and Wall streets, New York city.

The power trust is more than a mere abstraction. It consists of a dozen corporations with ominous names and vast financial ramifications. They are in the electric light business, but they don't produce a single volt or an ampere of power. All they do is milk the operating companies; and to get enough cream they keep local electric light rates high. They can fool a state or local utility commission most any time. They dazzle the eye with financial gyrations, stupefy the average mind with mountain peaks of figures and treat the public like babies lulled to somnolence with soothing sloop in the way of regular dividends.

While they are paying \$5 or \$3 in dividends, they are making a select group of inside millionaires.

The New Deal aims at cutting down these power trust corporations, without hurting investors, until electric light rates are as low as they should be and permit and encourage a greater use of home electric power. But the holding companies are strongly against such a program.

Space does not permit a description of all these companies; but one illustration will suffice. One certain holding company was started in 1921 by two men who put up \$10,000 (ten thousand dollars) in cash. By the use of the old-fashioned corporation law they were able without investing another nickel to collect dividends of \$2,131,632 in the years 1925-1932, inclusive; also to gain control over electric light company property amounting to \$640,000,000. Part of this was accomplished by trick pen and ink work in the book-keeping departments. People were forced to pay high and inequitable electric light rates in order to furnish these two wizards with dividends by the cartload.

Now the New Deal wants to get rid of this parasite and its associates. Solid investment does not depend on trick bookkeeping. The widows and orphans who rely on these holding companies for their investments may some day be left holding an empty bag, while the heads of the power trust go down a side street with the property.

There isn't any danger in these regulatory laws which protect investments and tear down these holding company structures. You have Roosevelt's word for it—thus: "Such a measure will not destroy legitimate business. . . . It will not destroy a penny of actual value. . . . On the contrary it will surround the necessary reorganization of the holding company with safeguards which will in fact protect the investor."

No one has denied this. Not even the power trust. That gigantic opponent of the New Deal does not try to answer; it prefers to smear the enemy with mud.

OLD AGE PENSIONS

The old age pension legislation is now in shape, reported to the house of representatives, and it is possible to specify exactly what is outlined in the administration's measure known as the social security bill. One purpose of the bill is to encourage the states to adopt old age pension laws and to help the state carry the burden. The bill provides that for the immediate pensions the federal government shall match the expenditures of the states for old age pensions at age sixty-five, providing that the federal share shall not exceed \$15 per month per individual. States can go as high as they please. (The average pension now paid by the 29 states with aged-pension laws is about \$16.50.) It is not a law for the free distribution of money to all people at age sixty-five; pensioners must need the pension and must prove it.

Right now there are about \$1,000,000 men and women sixty-five or over dependent on the public for support, the great majority of them being on relief. This number is expected to increase in the future due to several reasons, among them the fact that many older workers will never again be employed; the disappearance of savings during the depression and the lessened ability of children to support their parents. The experts believe, then, that the problem of old age dependency is great today and growing more acute.

The government would take care of people who are sixty-five years old right now; but expects that a system of contributions will be set up to provide for the future. In the course of a few years every working person will be contributing a little bit out of his or her pay into a fund which will be kept in the United States treasury at Washington, where no state politician can monkey with it. Under this plan the monthly old age pension would depend on the age, the length of time of work, the income, but it would range from \$15 a month to \$85 a month. The strong feature of this ultimate plan is the safety of the funds, which are placed in the hands of the United States government.

Bargaining

The Salesman—You can't find a better car than this for the money. I'll let you have it for \$350 as it stands.

Mr. Spavin—I'll give you \$300 for it if you'll throw in a hitching weight and a whip.

HOUSE FROCK ON TAILORED LINES

PATTERN 2089



Quite a "sweeping success," isn't it, this well-tailored house frock with its slenderizing lines and nicely detailed bodice? The skirt is fronted by a long slimming seam which breaks into a perky little kick pleat just below the knee; the bodice is gathered onto the yoke to provide ample fullness. And don't you like that vestee-like effect of the front yoke which does so much to break the width of the figure above the waistline? Buttons emphasize the trim belt, the pointed sleeve cuffs and the nice diagonal closing. Make it of any pretty cotton material, figured or plain, and you'll have a house frock to be proud of!

Pattern 2089 is available in sizes 16, 18, 20, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46. Size 36 takes 3 3/4 yards 36 inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included. Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE. Address orders to Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth Street, New York City.



ON THE JOB

Citizen—The legislature makes too many laws—useless laws. Legislator (eagerly making a memorandum)—I will put through a law against that, but of course, it will be quite useless.

In Time of Anxiety

"I saw your picture in the paper," said the admiring constituent. "Did you like it?" asked Senator Sorghum. "Very much. It seemed as natural as life." "Natural as life! I wondered why the artist was so careful to tell me to keep quiet and look unpleasant."

Bargaining

The Salesman—You can't find a better car than this for the money. I'll let you have it for \$350 as it stands. Mr. Spavin—I'll give you \$300 for it if you'll throw in a hitching weight and a whip.

Advertisement for Wrigley's Spearmint Gum, featuring the text 'Fine For Digestion' and 'Fine For Teeth'.

Housewife's Idea Box



To Tell Raw Eggs From Cooked Ones

Has it ever happened that you boiled a few eggs and then placed them with raw ones and could not tell which were the raw and which the cooked? If this ever happens again, test them in this way: Try to spin each egg. The raw ones will not spin; the others will whirl like a top.

THE HOUSEWIFE.

Copyright by Public Ledger, Inc. WNU Service.

Oil From Rubber

The motorist of the future may be able to obtain his petrol and oil from old tires. Government chemists of the fuel research board have discovered that by compressing rubber and hydrogen at high pressure and high temperature—a process similar to that used for extracting oil and tar from coal—it is possible to produce either motor spirits or lubricating oil. In one experiment a temperature of 350 degrees centigrade was reached, and a quantity of pale yellow oil equal to about one-eighth of the bulk of the rubber was produced. At a higher temperature, 450 degrees centigrade, the scientists succeeded in obtaining a yield of motor spirit equal to half the amount of rubber used.—London Tit-Bits.

Knitted Apparel Goes Ultra Chic

By **CHERIE NICHOLAS**



to the left one can almost fancy the knitting needles clicking a ditty, to wit: "If fashion sends diagonals then diagonals' my choice." Which is exactly what we have been trying to say in regard to knitting as now is. It is as facile and amenable as any woven-on-loom fabric and what's more, knitted fashions are not missing a "trick" when it comes to styling with fetching details, silhouettes and accessory notes.

Note, for instance, the shapeliness of the jacket to this suit. The skirt is straight and narrow and may be knitted with or without the new slit hemline. ("Would be ever so smart with a slit hem to left front in the skirt.") The original of the model pictured is done in old ivory of a delustered crepe floss, knitted in a tweedy diagonal effect. The dainty blouse of drop stitch pattern is cream color. Brown grosgrain ribbon trims the jacket and the crocheted hat.

IF YOU would keep in the very forefront of fashion you simply must wear something knitted this spring. Not only is the smart set taking to knitting with more enthusiasm than ever, but knitted things sold in the shops were never more fascinating. So whether you knit your own or buy, you are certain to be smartly clad if your suit, frock, coat, blouse likewise hat, gloves, belt and scarf, one or all are knitted.

Astonishing things are being done in knitted realms nowadays. Every fad, foible and intriguing move of fashion finds interpretation via knitted art on the new style program. Which accounts for the increasing enthusiasm expressed for knitted modes this season.

The stunning three-quarter coat to the right in the picture is one unmistakable "reason why" women are continuing so wholeheartedly knitted-minded this spring. It can be knitted rapidly because it is of heavy white cotton and made on large needles. Wide-at-the-wrist sleeves, a flattering collar and pouch-shaped patch pockets lend a casual air to this youthful model. The beauty of this coat is that it can be tubbed so easily. If you prefer, make it of the new linen yarn or string. In either event, cotton or linen, this coat is a swank fashion and its "endearing charms" will give you joy the entire spring and summer through.

In looking at the cunning jacket-suit

Speaking of the crocheted hat reminds us to say to those who would rather crochet than knit that fashion is willing. Members of the smart set are having any amount of fun crocheting the new cape suits (cape and skirt) out of either mercerized cotton or the very popular carpet-warp string. The whole thing can be done in an open lacy stitch or the skirt may be in plain with lacy for the cape. The crocheted or knit sweater looks best in contrasting color.

© Western Newspaper Union.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By REV. P. B. FITZWADE, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago, Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for April 28

THE HOLY SCRIPTURES

LESSON TEXT—II Timothy 3:14-17; Psalm 119:7-14. GOLDEN TEXT—O how love I thy law! It is my meditation all the day.—Psalm 119:97.

PRIMARY TOPIC—The Book God Gave Us.

JUNIOR TOPIC—The Book God Gave Us.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—How to Use the Bible.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Inspiration and Authority of the Bible.

I. The Origin or Source (II Tim. 3:16).

They are inspired of God, which literally means "God-breathed." Peter says "Holy men spake from God, being moved by the Holy Ghost" (II Pet. 1:21). When Paul declares the Scriptures to be God-breathed, he means that the utterances resulted from God's breath in men's mouths. Because they are God-breathed they are the veritable words of God. The holy Scriptures not only contain the word of God, but they are in verity the message of God to men.

II. The Value of the Scriptures (II Tim. 3:14-17).

1. Able to make wise unto salvation (v. 15). Salvation is alone in Christ. It is obtained through faith in his finished work on the cross.

2. Disciplines the life (vv. 16, 17). It is profitable for doctrine, which is the divine standard of conduct. In the Holy Bible alone is to be found this standard of life. Not only is it the standard of life, but of all thought. Then, too, it reproves, that is, confutes error. The way to deal with error is not denunciation, but the positive presentation of the revealed truth. It also corrects, that is, sets straight many of the dislocations of personal and social conduct. The Word of God is the standard of measurement which sets straight the lives of moral beings. Further, it instructs in righteousness and thoroughly equips the minister for Christian service. The mastery of God's holy Word is the indispensable equipment for Christian service. One who lacks this knowledge of the holy Scriptures is utterly unfit for the Christian ministry, no matter how well trained he may be in other things.

III. The Nature and Effect of God's Law (Ps. 19:7-11).

1. It is perfect. It is without a flaw. It converts and restores the soul; it turns man back to God himself to lead a life of holiness. It not only converts sinners, but restores the saints to divine fellowship.

2. It is sure. It is absolutely dependable. Man's reasonings change, but God's Word endures forever. God cannot lie. It makes wise the simple. Common men and women as to natural gifts become wise even in the rightful things of the world, because of their mastery of the Word of God.

3. It is right. The precepts and judgments of the Lord are expressions of absolute righteousness because they proceed from the righteous God and are, therefore, inherently right.

4. It is pure. There is no admixture of error. There is no compromise with that which is untrue. Because of this, it enlightens the eyes. All that mars the spiritual vision is taken away. Conduct for the Christian is clearly defined.

5. It is clean. This is seen in the effects of the Word of God upon the life. The individual who is sanctified by it is clean within and without.

6. It is true and righteous. The decisions of God's Word are true without exception. The judgments of God's Word are unimpeachable. Because of these qualities, God's Word is more to be desired than the choicest of gold. Obedience thereto brings great reward.

IV. The Prayer of the Believer (Ps. 19:12-14).

The life brought face to face with God's Word is seen as sinful. The soul cries out for

1. Cleansing (v. 12). The perfect law reveals the imperfections of the life. The Word of God reveals sins of which the individual may be ignorant.

2. To be kept from presumptuous sins. Presumptuous sins are peculiarly dangerous. In the Mosaic economy no sacrifice was provided for such sins.

3. Freedom from the dominion of such sins (v. 13). How awful is the slavery of those who are in bondage to presumptuous sins.

4. That the words of the mouth and the meditations of the heart be kept in line with God's Word (v. 14). From many dangers the believer would be saved if the words and meditations of his heart were kept in line with the Scriptures!

MEDITATIONS

Does it strike you that the mischief of our life is really our constant fretfulness?

Christ would not be diverted from the main issues of life and destiny. He observed a strict economy in his resources.

That silence is one of the great arts of conversation is allowed by Cicero, who says, there is not only an art, but even an eloquence in it.—Barnah More.

"Dust Storms" Figure on All Pages of History

No one who has not been in one of the dust storms which have swept the western plains for more than a year can appreciate their devastation and the apprehensions of the people in the region extending from the Gulf of Mexico to the Great Slave lake.

Science knows full well the potentialities of this terrible phenomenon. It has innumerable records of other soil transformations brought about by the wind. Much of the richer soil over vast areas in the United States was carried there by dust storms. An analysis of dust falling in Missouri a year ago revealed the characteristics of soil in the Dakotas. All soils are easily identified by their mineral content. The Dakotas had been exposed to drouth for a number of years. The soil was deprived of its protective vegetation. Thus, when the wind blew, the soil was carried away to be deposited in other states.

To most of us who live where moisture is sufficient for human needs, it is difficult to realize that the dust storms have been raging all winter. Neither snow nor rain has been sufficient to keep the dust down even in mountainous states like Colorado. Heavy rains have flooded the lower Mississippi valley, but the shortage of moisture has gone right on in the plains. Whether in Texas or Saskatchewan, the wind has only to rise and the dust is blown. If anything, the dust storms have been worse than ever in the last two months. They have actually buried fences, piled dust high around houses and barns, covered up crops. They are destructive alike to man and beast. No form of life can withstand them day after day very long.

Needless to say, the dust phenomenon has greatly altered the food situation in the United States. It affects meats and grains. It is in part responsible for the increased cost of living. The AAA plan to limit the production of spring wheat has been abandoned. How can there be too much wheat when the wheat states are the chief victims of the dust?

WOUND IN HEART NO LONGER HELD AS SURE DEATH

To be shot or stabbed through the heart used to be considered certain death, and, though it is still a very effective way of killing either man or beast, research has proved that even the heart can be dealt with surgically.

A domestic servant in Mexico City, while going about her work, fell from the second floor into the street, and a knife she was carrying pierced her heart and remained embedded. In what seemed a hopeless effort to save her, the doctors at the nearest Red Cross center removed both knife and heart. For five minutes they were engaged in sewing up the heart and replacing it, yet so far from life being extinct, the patient, in spite of a serious pleurisy complication, recovered and returned to her duties apparently little the worse for her accident.

During the war, a man in hospital complained of severe pains in the region of the heart. X-rays showed a hard substance, and in the course of the operation which followed, the surgeon had to put his hand behind the heart and take away with his fingers the piece of shrapnel—about the size of a cent—which was there. During this process air was pumped into the man's lungs, and he recovered.

A rabbit was stabbed by a negro through the heart. The surgeons exposed it, and a saline solution was injected to replace the blood between pulsations. The left ventricle was then stitched up, and the patient's life was saved.

About the same time much interest was evoked by the successful operation of stitching up the heart of a Leeds butcher who was accidentally stabbed. A still more complicated case occurred of a man who was brought into a hospital with a revolver shot wound. The heart was exposed, and a bullet, found embedded in the thick flesh of the apex, was successfully removed.—London Tit-Bits.

Naming No Names

To become a great orator Demosthenes put a pebble in his mouth. Sometimes we wish our would-be orators would try a cobblestone.—Boston Herald.

The drouth reduced corn last year to a minimum. If it persists this year, there will be no reserves of corn left. From surplus induced by excess production in our own and other countries, we are in danger of passing to scarcity due to drouth and dust.

Records of drouth are readily traced in the rings of trees. There are records of other drouths in the plains as bad as or worse than the present drouth. This is not, however, an assurance to science that we may now be witnessing the beginnings of one of those deserts in which nature delights. It was when the Southwest became a desert that the Indians moved into Mexico. Life follows the moisture-bearing air currents. When they passed from the region south of the Mediterranean to the region north of the Mediterranean, life followed them. The Asiatics have long been accustomed to packing up and following the moisture-bearing winds.

Science would not care to assert its entire apprehensions of the dust storms in the western plains. They may be the consequences of just another drouth. Or they may be the beginning of the end for all that region where the buffalo grazed. Science knows what has happened. What is to happen is on the knees of the gods.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"No more tired, let-down feeling for me"

"I reasoned that my red blood corpuscle strength was low and I simply took a course of S.S.S. Tonic and built it back."

It is all so simple and reasonable. If your physical let-down is caused by lowered red blood corpuscles—which is all too frequent—then S.S.S. Tonic is waiting to help you... and will, unless you have a serious organic trouble that demands a physician or surgeon.

Remember, S.S.S. is not just a so-called "tonic." It is a tonic specially designed to stimulate gastric secretions, and also has the mineral elements so very, very necessary in rebuilding the oxygen-carrying red corpuscles in the blood.

This two-fold purpose is important. Digestion is improved... food is better utilized... and thus you are enabled to better "carry on" without exhaustion—as you should naturally.

You may have the will-power to be "up and doing" but unless your blood is in top notch form you are not fully yourself and you may remark, "I wonder why I tire so easily."

Let S.S.S. help build back your blood tone... if your case is not exceptional, you should soon enjoy again the satisfaction of appetizing food... sound sleep... steady nerves... a good complexion... and renewed strength.

S.S.S. is sold by all drug stores in two sizes. The \$2 economy size is twice as large as the \$1.25 regular size and is sufficient for two weeks treatment. Begin on the uproad today. © S.S.S. Co.

A TONIC AND BUILDER

Mrs. N. M. Etheridge of 1317 E. 10th St., Little Rock, Ark., said: "I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery highly as a system builder. It gives me a fine appetite and drives away that tired feeling."

New size, tablets 50 cts., liquid \$1.00. Large size, tabs. or liquid, \$1.35. All druggists.

Write Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

REDDUGS, CHIGGERS. Where Chigga lights, no reddug bites. Dust with Chigga for comfort. 25¢ TREADWELL CHEM. CO., 313 E. 50th St., New York.

Unsightly Complexions

muddy-looking, blotchy and red—relieved and improved with safe, medicated Resinol.

KC BAKING POWDER

Manufactured by baking powder Specialists who make nothing but baking powder—under supervision of expert chemists.

ALWAYS Uniform Dependable

Same price today as 44 years ago 25 ounces for 25c

FULL PACK NO SLACK FILLING

MILLIONS OF POUNDS HAVE BEEN USED BY OUR GOVERNMENT

Thought for Today It is usually the forward girl who is rather fond of looking back.

Quick, Safe Relief For Eyes Irritated By Exposure To Sun, Wind and Dust

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

WATCH YOUR KIDNEYS!

Be Sure They Properly Cleanse the Blood

YOUR kidneys are constantly filtering impurities from the blood stream. But kidneys get functionally disturbed—lag in their work—fail to remove the poisonous body wastes.

Then you may suffer nagging backache, attacks of dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination, getting up at night, swollen feet and ankles, rheumatic pains; feel "all worn out."

Don't delay! For the quicker you get rid of these poisons, the better your chances of good health.

Use Doan's Pills. Doan's are for the kidneys only. They tend to promote normal functioning of the kidneys; should help them pass off the irritating poisons. Doan's are recommended by users the country over. Get them from any druggist.

DOAN'S PILLS

WNU—L 17—35

NEUTRALIZE Mouth Acids

—by chewing one or more Milnesia Wafers

MILNESIA WAFERS

The Original MILNESIA WAFERS

SPRING BRINGS NEW SHADES IN MAKE-UP

New spring shades are going to mean some new spring make-up for the woman of discernment.

Yellow, one of the favored spring colors, and beige, are calling for a coral tint in rouge and lipstick. Navy, however, requires a deeper tint, bordering on the red, rather than on the orange shades. With white or black, orange or the more brilliant shades of red will be advisable.

Local department stores have charts showing the shades of rouge and lipstick which should correspond to the shades of your clothes.

No longer is it adequate to have one shade of rouge and one shade of lipstick, the authorities divulge.

As for eye-shadow: blue goes with blue eyes, green with green, or brown eyes, and for evening a new shadow with silver dust in it, that is dramatically effective.

Flapper Mode Revival Is Suggested by Short Skirt

The introduction of the short, full skirt in some Paris collections has set the fashion world to wondering whether the flapper is returning. Several designers showed daytime skirts that were an inch or two shorter than those of the previous season and most of them endorsed skirt fullness. Pleats and gathers shared attention.

Fluctuating skirt lengths also were a sensation of the evening modes. Ankles appeared again and again. The skirt which was sufficiently short to show footwear at the front frequently was lengthened to touch the floor at the back and sometimes to form a train.

Peasant Influence

The peasant influence has come to town, accenting slowness with its full lines. Fullness is used effectively, below shoulder yokes, back and front with a suggestion of gathered flounce at the back of the skirt above the knee-line. Waist and hips and shoulders look twice as slim by comparison.

WEAR FLOWERS

By **CHERIE NICHOLAS**



"Tis said that fashions will be gay with flowers this season. The news of first importance in the realm of stylish flowers is the carnation. The favorite boutonniere of the moment is a big fluffy many-petaled carnation, white, pink, red or even navy blue. Garlands of flowers will be worn like a necklace. Add a flower bracelet if you will. A wreath in the hair, too, if it is evening. There is rumor in the air that hats will be trimmed in natural flowers—a special little contrivance to hold them and to permit removing to change for fresh flowers. The flower ensemble in the picture is interesting and very lovely. The turban and the cuffs of the gloves are made of shaded purple violets. The bows are of satin ribbon in a deeper shade.

Hats Go Bi-Colored

Here's something new in spring hats. Suzy makes a straw sailor whose right side is yellow and whose left side is black. It is finished with a simple black ribbon trim.

W. T. High School Seniors To Be Guests Of Hardin-Simmons University at Abilene

Hardin-Simmons university of Abilene will be host to the high school seniors of West Texas April 27 in its second annual West Texas High School Senior Day. Plans have been completed to handle more than 3000 students who will be in Abilene to attend the affair inaugurated last year.

High spots of the day will be a musical program and miniature crowning of the university queen in the university auditorium in the morning, a barbecue dinner at the university cafeteria, a massed band concert and intra-squad football game in the evening.

The university chorus, orchestra, and fine arts department will have charge of the morning program. A band of 300 pieces under the direction of H. A. Vandercook, Chicago; W. T. Betts, Marlin; Harold Woolridge, Fort Stockton; and Marion B. McClure, Abilene, will give a concert on Parramore field under the lights at 7 o'clock. Players will be picked from bands attending the Eighth Annual West Texas High School Band Contest which will be in progress. Vandercook, Betts and Woolridge will be judges for the contests while McClure is conductor of the Hardin-Simmons Cowboy Band.

The Cowboy football squad will wind up its spring training period with an intra-squad game following the band concert. The fifty man squad will be divided into two groups by Head Coach Frank Kimbrough, new Hardin-Simmons mentor, and will play a regulation game. A loudspeaking system is being installed, and Coach Kimbrough will make remarks to the crowd during the meleé concerning the various plays, and details of the game. The microphone will be placed on the field at intervals to allow the spectators to hear what goes on in a huddle during a game. Exhibitions of punting, passing, blocking, and tackling will be put on by Kimbrough his assistants, T. W. Harrison, and J. B. Neely, and several members of the team.

A marching contest for bands will be held between halves of the football game with the winner to be awarded a handsome loving cup. All bands will compete in this event which will be judged by Major Harold D. Austin of Abilene, and Vandercook.

All visitors will be served a free barbecue dinner at noon with the afternoon being left free for visits and a tour of the city.

B. T. U.

The B T U met in regular session last Sunday evening and rendered an interesting program on "Singing Religion" We urge every young person to come every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

Ludie Jo Mayes, Reporter.

AFTER WORLDS COLLIDE

By EDWIN BALMER and PHILIP WYLIE

A Breath-Taking Story With Terrific Climaxes

The earth is destroyed. A band of men and women, the flower of the earth's civilization, have fled to a new world. Behind them lie the despair and heartbreak of a holocaust. Before them is a world new to their touch, a world yet to be born.

A band of 230 alone in the universe. They have conquered the problem of remaining alive. Now in a maelstrom of passion, ambition and hate, they must build a new civilization.

This story will grip your imagination as has none other you have ever read. Follow it as it appears serially in this paper.

Woodmen Circle Shows Excellent Financial Condition

The annual financial statement of the Supreme Forest Woodmen Circle for year 1934, recently released shows an increase of more than 56 per cent in insurance issued, over 1933. Insurance written by the society during the past year totaled \$11,509,769.

Also, a comparison of the statement with that of the previous year shows there was an increase of 72.7 per cent in the number of certificates issued.

Another highlight of the statement was figures showing 13,038 certificates issued through the juvenile department of the society during the past year, an increase of 36 per cent over 1933. Juvenile insurance of the Woodmen Circle totaled \$7,848,811, December 31, 1934, amongst a membership of 27,662.

Total income for the past year was \$3,858,791.23, the statement shows. Balance carried over from 1933 amounted to \$27,500,909.75. Benefits paid in 1934 totaled \$1,747,299.41. Total disbursements were \$2,970,834.14. The statement shows ledger assets at the end of the year amounted to \$28,388,866.84.

Total gross assets were \$28,771,587.46. Total liabilities amounted to \$360,990.05.

The annual statement shows in what fine condition the Woodmen Circle, a legal deserve fraternal benefit society weathered the strenuous days of the recent economic stress. It is a fine tribute to its management, their judgement and vision.

Figures for 1935 available so far show that the advance made during last year over 1933 is being maintained now.

The Woodmen Circle, with national headquarters in Omaha, Nebr., has a combined membership of over 133,000 with more than \$106,000,000 in insurance in force. Mrs. Dora Alexander Talley is national president and Mrs. Mamie E. Long national secretary.

Officers of the local Woodmen Circle organization Holly Grove no. 570, are:

- Mrs. Julia Vestal, Guardian
- Mrs. Lizzie Estes, Advisor
- Miss Eliza Gilliland, Sec.
- Mrs. Bertha Bowlus, Banker

CLYDE NEWS

Joe Bailey, accompanied by Miss Madgaret Murray, visited his mother Mrs. J. H. Bailey during the Easter holidays. Joe and Miss Murray are students in the University of Texas, at Austin.

Miss Fay Clemer, teacher in Sunset High, Dallas, visited her father B. C. Clemer during the past week end. Miss Mary Marshall accompanied her home Miss Marshall will spend part of her summer vacation with her mother in Dallas.

Mr and Mrs. Harol Pyeatt of Jal, N. M. visited their parents in Clyde last week.

Mrs. R. C. Clemer attended the Hilton hotel meet of the Beauty Culturist April 22. More than 200 culturists from this district attended.

The Clyde Study Club met in session with the Putnam club Wed. Ap. 24.

Mrs. T. O. Dulaney and son Paul Stewart visited relatives in Haskell Sunday.

Miss Louise Thaxton, teacher in Marlin and Miss Mittie Jones, Lubbock, visited relatives last week.

All Clyde school teachers were re-elected at the recent board meeting with the exception of Mrs. Halph Steen and Mr. Briscoe, who have other positions.

College students home for Easter were, Nick Young, Pete Tyler, J. W. Baulch, Kitty Grey Bentley, Ivabou Malphurs, Wycliff Matphurs and Conard Hays.

THE METHODIST CHURCH

Some time ago I received an anonymous letter that read like this: "Dear Brother Yarbrough; Did God leave on record any plan for financing His Church? If so, what was it? Won't you please preach on this subject sometime?" In answer to this request I will preach next Sunday morning on the subject: "God's plan for financing His Kingdom Work." The public who are interested in knowing the Bible truth on this subject are cordially invited to hear this sermon.

Last Sunday morning we had the largest attendance at Sunday School since the early part of 1933. We have classes to meet the needs of all sexes and all groups. If you are not attending any Sunday School, we invite you to study with us from 10 o'clock to 11 o'clock each Sunday morning.

We will have no choir practice or prayer meeting this week on account of the Revival in progress at the Baptist church. I trust the Methodist people will attend this Revival.

Let each one of us be in our place next Sunday morning for Sunday School and Church. Our Church will be WHAT WE MAKE IT.

Cordially,
P. E. YARBROUGH.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced open competitive examinations as follows:

Immigration patrol inspector, \$1,800 a year, Department of Labor. Applicants must be of active type with good muscular development, and in good health and sound physical condition. Because of the short time during which this examination is open, applications may be filed with the district office nearest the applicant, as well as with the U. S. Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. Applications must be on file not later than May 4.

Minor laboratory apprentice, \$1,020 a year, National Bureau of Standards Washington, D. C. Optional subjects are chemistry and physics. Applicants must have been graduated from a 4-year high school course or have completed 14 units of high school work acceptable for college entrance. Applications must be on file with the U. S. Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. not later than May 13.

Full information may be obtained from the Secretary of the United States Civil Service Board of Examiners at the post office or customhouse in any city which has a post office of the first or the second class, or from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

WANTED: Man to start in business selling widely-known products to satisfied consumers. Complete line Largest company; established in 1889 **BIG EARNINGS** No capital or experience needed. Write for free particulars, Rawleigh's, Box TXD-38-1, Memphis, Tenn. 18-4tp

Do you believe in the stars? Magic Hours are coming next month when you can save half on your drug store needs. It's the Rexall ORIGINAL One Cent Sale at the City Pharmacy The Rexall Store. 19-2t

WITH BAIRD BAPTIST

The Workers Meeting at Atwell, Tuesday was mighty fine. A splendid program well rendered and such hospitality. You will never find it better. Atwell always does the big thing. when they entertain. The next meeting will be with the Putnam church and say! They have a real surprise for us over there. No I won't tell, you just come and see, Tuesday after the Second Sunday in May is the date.

Our meeting is going very nicely. We are just getting started and getting use to the preacher. One thing we have already found out, he "pours it on". Well we are right in there for a genuine fight and the more he "pours it on" the more we will back him up.

You will see some of the subjects for the coming services in this issue of The Star. You will want to hear them discussed. Brother Brannan is no ordinary preacher, he has college and Seminary training and a lot of the most practical experience to go with it. I say to you—He is a sure enough good preacher. Come hear him at 10 a. m and 8 p m

We want 150 people in Sunday School Sunday morning. We are setting this goal and earnestly request every one to help us make it "150 In Sunday School Sunday" is our slogan. Come and let's put it over.

We will go to Dudley Sunday afternoon. Let all out that way be present. Bro. Brannan will preach and if any one fails to be present, he will be a great loser.

JOE R. MAYES.

BABY CHICKS—Several Thousand each Wednesday. Started chicks reasonable. Heavy breeds \$7 hundred. Leghorns, \$6.50. 4 weeks old cockerels, 15c each. Clyde Hatchery, Clyde Texas. 20-4t.

WANTED—Laundry work, Family washings 5 cents per lb. All flat work ironed. Will call for and deliver Will consider fryers, hens, or can goods for pay. Mrs. Reno, 2 blocks east of Main St one block south of highway.

WATCH YOUR KIDNEYS!

Be Sure They Properly Cleanse the Blood

YOUR kidneys are constantly filtering impurities from the blood stream. But kidneys get functionally disturbed—lag in their work—fail to remove the poisonous body wastes.

Then you may suffer nagging backache, attacks of dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination, getting up at night, swollen feet and ankles, rheumatic pains; feel "all worn out."

Don't delay! For the quicker you get rid of these poisons, the better your chances of good health.

Use **Doan's Pills**. Doan's are for the kidneys only. They tend to promote normal functioning of the kidneys; should help them pass off the irritating poisons. Doan's are recommended by users the country over. Get them from any druggist.

DOAN'S PILLS

Chickens--Turkeys

Give them Star-Sulphurous-Compound in drinking water regular. Use as directed and it will keep them free of germs and worms that cause diseases. Also free of blood-sucking lice, mites, fleas and blue-bugs that sap their vitality and we will guarantee you to have healthy, good egg-producing fowls and strong, healthy baby chicks at a very small cost or your money refunded.

For Sale by **HOLMES DRUG COMPANY BAIRD, TEXAS**

Preachers Hair Tonic

Don't worry about Gray Hair or be embarrassed with Dandruff; Preachers Hair Tonic positively corrects these ailments. Thousands satisfied customers. Holmes Drug Company, Baird, Texas. 17-tf.

DON'T SLEEP ON LEFT SIDE—AFFECTS HEART

If stomach GAS prevents sleeping on right side try Adlerika. One dose brings out poisons and relieves gas pressing on heart so you sleep soundly all night. City Pharmacy No. 1.

Notice I am standing a real Perchem Stallion at my place 6 miles south of Clyde. It will pay you to look him over. I also have red top cane seed for sale. Ernest Ham Rt. 2 Clyde 17-4tp

FOR RENT—6 room house. Hot water heater. Clean paper all through. 8 dollars per month Write Clarence West 305 Davis Street, Longview, Texas.

FOR SALE—2 year old Hereford Bull See J. E. Alexander at ranch near airport three miles north of Baird or write J. E. Alexander, Box 294, Baird 19-1t

WANTED: Tea and Coffee Route Man for regular route through Baird and Callahan County. Apply by letter immediately. T. E. Torgstad Coffee Co., Kokomo, Indiana 18-1tp

LET Want Ads

SELL IT, BUY IT, TRADE IT

FOR SALE Span six year old Work Mares. See Raymond Clark, Putnam.

FOR SALE—Fresh milk cows. See W. J. Ray at Ray Motor Co Baird 19-tf

Alexander's Improved Cottonseed, ginned on private gin, recleaned and sacked. \$1.25 per bushel at Diamond Ranch, F W Alexander, Albany, Texas 16-St

ABILENE NEWS-REPORTER Distributed twice daily in Baird. See me or phone No. 100 for delivery of paper. Cliff Johnson.

FORT WORTH STAR TELEGRAM—Delivered twice daily, Morning, evening, Sunday, Tom Warren, Agent.

Good sized, 3 year old horse and medium, 5 year old mule for sale. Also have fresh milk goats and pigs. N. M. George 17-1tp

DON'T SCRATCH! Get Paracid Ointment, the guaranteed Itch remedy Guaranteed to relieve any form of common Itch or eczema within 48 hours or money refunded. Large Jar 50c. City Pharmacy. 5-16tp

FOR SALE—Quilts, Hooked Rugs

Auto Parts Shop

We have a full line of Parts and Accessories for all popular cars. We are located in building across street from City Hall.

Baird Auto Parts Shop
John Henry Mitchell, Mgr.

Embroidered and crocheted scarfs, dresser sets, etc. Will also take orders for quilting, rug making or fancy work Mrs. Henry Lambert, Miss Jeffe Lambert. 41-tf

We are prepared to do all kinds of Photographic work. Kodak work specialty.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Farmer (Located in old Baird Star building)

DOES ASTHMA OR HAY FEVER

Make your life miserable and take the joy out of living? Would you like to breathe free and easily, sleep well at night, go about your work without choking and wheezing? Get a \$1.00 bottle of Hoover's Improved Preparation. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money (\$1.00) refunded. If your druggist cannot supply you, or for free trial, write Geo. D. Hoover, Mfg. Co., Inc., Des Moines, Iowa. Sold by

HOLMES DRUG COMPANY

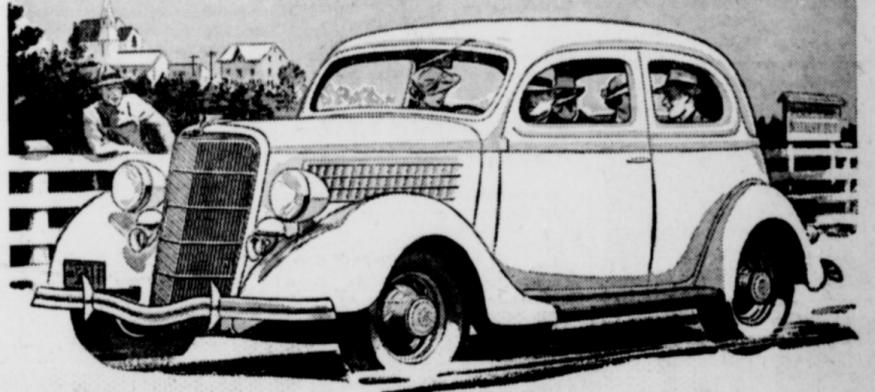
bring you **BIG VALUES**
Rexall ORIGINAL RADIO

ONE CENT SALE
Listen for the RADIO BROADCAST

4 BIG DAYS
May 1-2-3-4
City Pharmacy

SAVE with SAFETY at
The Rexall DRUG STORE

The Universal Car



ONE name comes quickly to mind when you think of "The Universal Car." The description is distinctively Ford. No other car is used by so many millions of men and women in every part of the world. Everywhere it is the symbol of faithful service. . . . That has always been a Ford fundamental. Something new is constantly being added in the way of extra value. Each year the Ford has widened its appeal by increasing its usefulness to motorists. . . . Today's Ford V-8 is more than ever "The Universal Car" because it encircles the needs of more people than any other Ford ever built. It reaches out and up into new fields because it has everything you need in a modern automobile. . . . The Ford V-8 combines fine-car performance, comfort, safety and beauty with low first cost and low cost of operation and up-keep. There is no other car like it.

FORD V-8

\$495 up, f.o.b. Detroit. Standard accessory group including bumpers and spare tire extra. Small down payment. Easy terms through Universal Credit Company. All body types have Safety Glass throughout at no extra cost.

WOOTEN MOTOR COMPANY

AUTHORIZED DEALER

Sales and Service Phone BAIRD, TEXAS