

GRAHAM LEADER.

J. W. GRAVES, Editor.

Entered at the Post Office at Graham, Texas, as Second Class Mail Matter.

23rd Year

VOL. 23.

GRAHAM, TEXAS, SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1898.

NO. 1.

Professional Curds.

PHYSICIANS.
DRS. LEGRAND,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.
Office up-stairs in First National Bank Building.

DR. R. N. PRICE,
Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician,
—Graham, Texas.—
Calls promptly attend to in town or country
Office at Graham & Co's drug store.

DENTISTS.
E. F. LEWIS,
—DENTIST—
Office opposite College Building in Crawford addition.
Operative and Mechanical Plate Work
A Specialty.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

DR. W. A. MORRIS,
—DENTIST—
Office over Berkham National Bank,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

DR. M. H. CHISM,
DENTIST and PHOTOGRAPHER.
West side of the square, one door south of
Shumaker & Timmons.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

ATTORNEYS.
J. E. SIMPSON,
LAWYER,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.
Office at Court House.

P. A. MARTIN,
LAWYER.
Practice in all courts. Has complete abstracts of Young county land titles.
Office in Court House.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

JOHNSON & AKIN,
Attorneys at Law,
Graham, Texas.
Will practice in the courts of Young and adjoining counties. Office west side square.

JOHN C. KAY,
—LAWYER—
Office in the Court House.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

O. E. FINLAY,
—ATTORNEY AT LAW—
(COUNTY JUDGE.)
Graham, Young County, Texas.

W. J. Farley,
BARBER,
West Side Public Square,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

JOHN POHLMANN,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
BOOTS & SHOES,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

I have a large and complete stock and can fill orders on short notice.
All kinds of repairing neatly done. Price reasonable. Give me a trial.
Shop west side Public Square.

Stray Notices.
REPORTED by A. C. Caser, Com'r Proc. No. 4, and left with Geo. McComas, one gray horse 9 or 10 years old, about 14 hands high, branded 74 (con.) or on left thigh. This Aug. 8, 1898.

REPORTED by A. J. Wheat, Com'r Proc. No. 1, and left with J. W. Carlton, one bay horse, 16 hands high, 8 years old, branded J on left hip, has scar on left hind foot. This July 23, 1898.

Reported by A. C. Caser, Com'r Proc. No. 4, one bay mare, 3 years old about 13 1/2 hands high, branded U on left shoulder; left with S. H. Stinnett.

Reported by A. C. Caser, Com'r Proc. No. 4, one sorrel horse, blaze in face, about 13 hands high, branded UO on left shoulder. This July 4, 1898.

Young People
FREE: \$20.00 IN GOLD
Bicycle, Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or Scholarship in
Dr. H. H. Pringle's Practical Business
College, Nashville, Tenn., or
Texas, Tex., or a school-
ship in most any other reputable business
college or literary school in the U. S. can be secured
by doing a little work at home for the 'Youths'
Advocate, an illustrated semi-monthly journal.
It is enlightening in character, moral in tone, and
especially interesting and profitable to young
people, but read with interest and profit by
people of all ages. Stories and other interesting
matter well illustrated. Sample copy sent free.
Agents wanted. Address: Youths' Advocate Pub-
Co., Nashville, Tenn. (Mention this paper.)

Salt Creek Items.

A fine rain last week—cotton looks well.
Misses Lizzie Baldwin, Fannie and Etta Knight, Messrs. James Johnson, Joe Been and George Mayes enjoyed a croquette party at the residence of Frank Knight Saturday.

C. M. Been and family returned home last week from a visit to relatives in Fisher county.
Walter Johnson has gone to Cleburne.

Mrs. I. N. Johnson and son, and Mrs. Marvia Avritt returned home Saturday from Dallas county, where they have been to visit Mrs. Johnson's mother. They were accompanied by Ed Harman.

Jason Mayes has gone to the railroad this week.
B. A. Gatlin and wife passed through our community Sunday on their return from a visit to relatives in Limestone county.

J. W. Johnson is on the sick list this week. A. H. K.

The Wiser Way.

"How fresh and rosy you look, Nora," exclaimed Isabel, who had just returned from the beach, and was greeting her friend.
"Yes, dear," replied Nora, "I am feeling splendidly, and mamma says I have an alarming appetite."

"Where in the world have you been since I saw you?"
"I have remained at home," replied Nora "and have worked hard every day. But I have been taking that wonderful medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it has done me, oh, so much good. You see I always like to feel well when I go away, and I leave for the mountains next week."

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The Taking of Richmond.

Omaha World-Herald: Lincoln was urged from the beginning of the war to take Richmond, but talking of taking Richmond and taking Richmond were two different matters. Gen. Scott, who was not retired until after several futile attempts had been made to take Richmond, was summoned before the president.

"Gen. Scott," said Mr. Lincoln, "will you explain why it was you were able to take the City of Mexico in three months with 5,000, and have been unable to take Richmond in six months with 100,000."

"Yes, sir, I will, Mr. President," replied Gen. Scott. "The men who took me into the City of Mexico are the same men who are keeping me out of Richmond now."

LILLARD & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Mitchell and Studebaker Wagons,
Buggies, Harness and Saddles,
Farm Implements and Machinery of all Kinds, Baker PERFECT
Barbed Wire, Stoves, Tinware and Queensware.

THE GREAT WESTERN COOK STOVES,
Sunbeam and Eagle Cultivators.

LILLARD & CO.
Bank Building, JACKSBORO, TEXAS.

Something New Under the Sun,

NOT QUITE SOMETHING FOR NOTHING.

A little talk done by you among your friends and 15¢ buys a fine suit of clothes, or \$15 worth of any kind of goods desired; 20¢, buys a stove, a kitchen range, a refrigerator or ice box, or \$20 worth of any kind of goods desired; 25¢, buys a single or double wagon or buggy harness or \$25 worth of any kind of goods desired; 35¢, buys a solid gold gent's or ladies' watch, a genuine 1-2 karat diamond ring; stud, breast pin mounted in any shape wanted, a baby carriage, a parlor set, or \$30 worth of furniture or any other kind of goods desired; 75¢, buys the finest buggy or wagon made or \$75 worth of goods desired, (including groceries). THIS IS NO HUMBUG. A little of your work is all you have to give to get the goods. Goods delivered by the largest store of Dallas, Texas. Write for catalogue and particulars how to obtain the goods to

DALLAS SUPPLY CO.,
North Texas Building, Dallas, Texas.

Farmer Items.

Rev. H. B. Whittenburg and wife of Lacy, were here Friday.
Mrs. Jasper Spencer visited Mrs. Wm. Huffman Saturday and Sunday.

R. L. Williamson was here shaking hands with his many friends Saturday.
Misses Willie and Marshie Cook and Myrtle Steen were in town shopping Saturday.

We noticed in the last LEADER that Graham had the oldest couple in the county. Farmer can come ahead of Graham. J. H. Casey is now 85 and his wife 83. They have been married 66 years.

The young folks enjoyed a nice singing at the residence of N. Gegg Sunday night. All seemed to enjoy the singing.
Miss Jennie Drum was visiting friends and relatives in Farmer this week.

W. W. Farmer and R. A. Drum made a flying trip to Jacksboro last week.
Mrs. W. R. Drum of Brushy Flat spent Tuesday in Farmer.

Miss Della Peery is visiting Miss Jennie Drum this week.
Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Peery of Bellevue, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. A. H. Wilson of this place.

Prof. Hardgraves left for Arkansas Wednesday morning.
The Farmer High School will open for the reception of pupils Monday, Sept. 5, 1898. Our teachers are well qualified to teach us a good school. Let all of the patrons be ready to start their children the first day. We are entitled to a good school in Farmer and must have it.

Uncle Ap Looney of Lacy, was here on business Wednesday.
Our gin men, Drum & Bryan, have been very busy getting their gin in good shape. They have made several changes, putting in new material, moving every thing around and renovating the same that you would hardly know the place. Success to the LEADER.

DEW DROP.

Bucklen's Arnica Salvo.
THE BEST SALVE IN THE world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by D. R. Akin & Co.

RIDE OF FLEAS.—In the last issue of your paper some one wants to know how to get rid of fleas. I can give them an unfailing remedy. Take one tablespoon of carbolic acid, mix in one pint of lukewarm water and sprinkle the places infested and they will disappear. If one application does not get rid of them repeat in six or eight days. With 20 cents' worth of carbolic acid I cleaned my house and barn a short time since. Do not let it get on the hands or clothes.—S. R. Summers, in Home and Farm.

The dude at the front is all right, but there are some dudes who couldn't be dragged there by army mules.

It is said that a few grains of salt sprinkled on coffee before the water is added will bring out and improve the flavor.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrefy in the stomach. These follow dizziness, headache, insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Board of Examiners.
The Board of Examiners of Young County will meet at Graham on Friday and Saturday, August 19th and 20th, 1898, for the purpose examining such teachers as may apply.
O. E. FINLAY, Co. Judge.

Elmo Stewart of Markley, has been visiting friends in Graham this week.

Gen. Blanco may continue to breathe defiance, but no doubt his soldiers would be delighted to surrender and get a square meal.

Three Months of Constipation Cured.
I have used and sold St. Joseph's Liver Regulator and find it superior to any other. I sold it to Dr. Isbell, Red Apple, Ala., who prescribed it to one of his patients who had not had a move on his bowels for three months except by injection. In three days after commencing the use of the Regulator his bowels became regular and are so to-day. Dr. Isbell says he would not be without it in his practice.
A. CRUTCHFIELD,
Sand Mountain, Ala.

This famous Liver Medicine may be found at The Graham Drug Co. and Akin's Drug Stores.

FOR TRADE.
Will trade good resident property in one of the best towns in black land Texas for land in Young or adjacent counties.
G. ALEX. CRAY,
South Bend, Texas.

A 50-cent Iron Tonic. Pure soluble, iron concentrated, and pure Amorphous Quinine is contained in Chatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic, making it the most desirable Iron Tonic on the market. It is a true tonic, strengthener, appetizer, toner up of the system, and blood purifier. Only 50 cents.

A chronic kicker is bad enough, but a continual scrotler is worse. Better initiate a mule than a hen. Hunt's Cure will do up the worse case of Itch, Tetter and Ring-worms known. Price 50c.

Successful Physicians.
To our readers we wish to recommend Dr. Hathaway & Co., of 209 Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Texas, as being perfectly reliable and remarkably successful in the treatment of chronic diseases. They guarantee to cure where others fail. They never employ traveling doctors. If in need of medical help, you should certainly write them for their expert opinion which you will receive by return mail, free of charge.

REMARKABLE RESCUE.
Mrs. Michael Curtis, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from the first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as the ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at D. R. Akin & Co's Drug Store. Price bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

TEXAS NEWS NOTES.

Whitecaps have served notice on the negroes at Whitewright to hunt new homes.

It is rumored that a new company may take hold of the deep water project at Aransas Pass.

Mount Pleasant is to have an electric light plant. It will be owned and operated by individuals.

Whitecaps around Sherman are after the scalp of the section foreman for working negroes on the section.

Oil fires have become so numerous around Corsicana that it is said to have caused some of the fire laddies to resign.

Waxahachie's new artesian well is said to be a gusher—furnishing all the pure water that can be consumed by the population.

Judge John C. Easton, a Texas pioneer and 82 years of age, died at Paris. He was judge of that district under Gov. Davis.

A crowd was disappointed at Cleburne last Friday—because Shaw did not hang. He was reported for a week by the governor.

The first bankruptcy case under the new federal bankruptcy law has been filed in the federal court at Dallas. It is said there are stacks of such cases preparing.

The Fort Worth and Rio Grande Railway company has paid the comptroller \$201.47 tax on \$20,147.18 of gross passenger earnings for the quarter ending June 30.

Adj. Gen. Wozencraft is taking a few week's vacation. He is visiting his mother in Arkansas, but will be with the governor at Omaha on Texas day at the exposition.

Jim Williams, 68 years old and blind, was found crawling on his hands and knees in the woods near Cookville, Titus county, where he had been wandering for twelve days without a morsel of food.

Mrs. George Hold, near Rockwall, suicided by jumping in a well. She had been released from the Terrell asylum recently, supposed to be sufficiently recovered to entrust her to her husband's care.

It is said the railroad commission has furnished the attorney general with data for legal proceedings against the express companies for refusing to affix the revenue stamp on receipts for consignments of freight.

Gov. Hogg and his daughter, Miss Ima, have gone to San Francisco and will accompany the Hawaiian commission on a visit to Honolulu. He and his daughter will also visit all the northwestern states before returning to Texas.

Miss Winifred Adamson, a pretty, intellectually bright and accomplished English young lady of 19 summers, committed suicide by the morphine route, at Fort Worth. She was educated at Nottingham, England, but was left without parents and was upon her own resources in this country where she had followed the vocation of governess. She was out of means and despondent. She left an essay to the effect that "life is not worth the living," especially for a young girl left alone and unprotected.

DR. SWEARENGEN DEAD.

The State Health Officer Dies of Bright's Disease.

Austin, Texas, Aug. 8

Dr. R. M. Swearingen, state health officer, died at his home here Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock after a lingering illness. He had been a sufferer from Bright's disease for several months and the disease took an acute form a few days ago. He lost consciousness

Remember the name

when you buy again

Battle-Ax PLUG

yesterday and gradually sank until death came.

His death was a great shock to his many friends here. Gov. Culbertson was one of his warmest friends and is greatly grieved over his demise. The governor expressed himself in the most eulogistic terms of the character and official career of the deceased.

Dr. Richard M. Swearingen was born in Noxubee county, Mississippi, in 1838, and with his parents came to Texas in 1848. While opposed to secession, yet he served in the confederate army. After the war he studied medicine and graduated at New Orleans, then located again in Texas. In 1881 Gov. Roberts appointed him state health officer, which position he held for six years. In 1891 he was reappointed to this position and has held it ever since. He leaves a widow and a married daughter.

STATE CAPITAL NOTES.

Franchises Will Be Taxed.

The comptroller, in replying to an inquiry from the assessor of Bexar county, holds that franchises are taxable. He says:

"I beg to say that under the laws of this state a franchise is subject to taxation in accordance with the value thereof. See article 5061, revised statutes, and subdivision 43 of articles 5118, revised statutes.

The franchise of a corporation is deemed personal property, and is taxable as such. The question presented by you as to how the value of a franchise is to be ascertained, is a question of fact which must be necessarily determined by the owner, assessor and commissioners' court. It is assumed that every franchise has a value, which can be at least approximately ascertained. As to pointing out or indicating any particular manner or procedure for ascertaining the value of a franchise, this department can not attempt.

It is believed that there is no distinction to be made between corporations, companies, associations, firms or individuals. If any or either holds a franchise, it would seem that the same is taxable, unless, of course, specially exempt from taxation by law.

Without going into any argument as to the right of the legislature to impose ad valorem taxes upon franchises in addition to the other taxes imposed by law upon corporations, it is the opinion of this department that it is the duty of the tax assessor to require rendition of franchises, to be made at such value as is just and fair, such valuation to be ascertained by the assessor by such means as are available, and by which a reasonable estimate can be made as to the value thereof.

I recognize the difficulty which must necessarily be encountered by the assessor in getting at such intangible property and in determining the taxable value thereof, and it is a matter in regard to which the good judgment of the assessor, aided by his personal knowledge of local conditions affecting the question of value, must be largely relied upon."

CHARTERS GRANTED.

The Gulf, Beaumont and Great Northern railway company; capital stock, \$350,000.

The Mason Electric Light company of Mason, Mason county; capital stock, \$5500.

Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds Mabley has a force of men repainting the interior of the big capitol dome. The work is extremely haddardous, the painters being on swinging scaffolds 300 feet above the floor of the dome.

Death of a Centenarian.

Cameron, Milam Co., Aug 9.—Nelson Hillery, colored, known as Dad Nelse, died last night on the Goodhugh Wilson farm, about 3 miles from Cameron. He was by far the oldest citizen of Milam county, being at least 100 years old. He was a good-sized mill boy, living in Mississippi, at the time of the great battle of New Orleans. About twenty years ago he borrowed a mule from Mr. Goodhugh Wilson, who was well off and liberal, and was told by Mr. Wilson to keep the mule until he got through with him, so Dad Nelse kept the mule until his

THE PRINTER GOT IN.

Under Army Weights, He Filled Full of Buttermilk, Beef and Potatoes.

Among the recruits secured last week by Major Edgar Goldwin was a young man by the name of Roger Q. Mills, who hails from Karnes county. This young man has had a hard fight to get into Uncle Sam's army and the manner in which he finally succeeded is quite amusing, but at the same time is a gastronomical feat. He offered himself for enlistment when Camp Mabry was occupied and passed every examination until he was put upon the scales and there he was rejected, being under weight, although the minimum weight for southern recruits is much lighter than that required of recruits in the north, on account of the height which southern recruits have and which as a rule the northern recruits do not possess.

Roger Q. was not daunted, but presented himself at Fort Sam Houston in San Antonio to the first Texas cavalry and he was again refused on account of being under weight, but this did not seem to phase him, for when Major Godwin opened his office at Austin to secure recruits for the third regiment of engineers among the first applicants was the young man with the senatorial name. Dr. Joe Wooten, who conducted the physical examinations, passed favorably upon him until he placed him on the scales and for the third time he was rejected on this alone. The minimum weight required is 110 and the young man asked if he would be allowed to be weighed again, and if he came up to the requirement would he be accepted? Major Godwin said he would, but never dreamed of seeing him again. The next day he presented himself immediately after dinner and upon being weighed (stripped), although weighing less than 110 pounds the day before, the scales registered a fraction over 112 pounds, and it is needless to say he was accepted and is now on his way to Jefferson barracks. His old father, who is an inmate of the Confederate home, was with him and was as happy as the young recruit.

To Build Another Maine.

It is said that dimes have been pouring into the navy department, contributed by patriotic Americans who want a battleship built to replace the Maine. Somebody started this endless chain to this end, and it is giving Secretary Long trouble. To such of the contributors as gave their addresses, it is given out, he is returning them with a note informing them that he has no authority under the law to receive it, and that the object seems to be otherwise provided for, as congress has specifically appropriated money for the construction of another battleship to be known as the Maine.

IN OTHER STATES.

NEBRASKA.

The fusion convention nominated William A. Pointer, populist, for governor; E. A. Gilbert, free silver republican, for lieutenant governor. Constantine J. South, for attorney general, is a democrat; and the remainder of the ticket are populists.

FLORIDA.

The convention indorsed the Chicago platform, and nominated a straight democratic ticket—nearly all the present incumbents.

The Alabama state election last Monday resulted in a victory for the entire democratic ticket, by a good majority.

Pictures Enlarged.

LIFE SIZE.

I do first-class portrait work and sell elegant frames at low prices. Mail orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Reference, 3000 customers and Recod Pub. Co. in Dallas. Write for prices.

T. E. LEWIS.

125 Kentucky St., Dallas, Tex.

MORPHINE

Optum, Co. Cures, White key habits cured at home. Remedy \$5. Cure Guaranteed. Endorsed by physicians, ministers and others. Book of patients, testimonials, etc. Free. Tobaccofree, the tobacco cure. L. Est. 1892. G. WILSON CHEMICAL CO. Dublin, Texas.

The University of Texas.

Seventy-one Instructors and Officers.

Present enrollment, 800 students. Total expenses, \$150 to \$200. Tuition Free. Women admitted to all Departments. Students admitted at any time.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

One hundred and ten courses of study. Matriculation fee, \$10; University system of instruction and discipline; well equipped scientific laboratories; library of 35,000 volumes; all leading periodicals and newspapers on file; Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., gymnasium instructor, gymnasium, athletic field. Engineering department confers degrees of Civil Engineering. Teachers' courses lead to First Grade Certificates for two years, for four years, and for life.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Matriculation fee, payable only once, \$30.00. A two years' course leads to degree of Bachelor of Laws, and entitles holder to practice in any Court in Texas. Law students admitted to Academic Course without further charge.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. (Located at Galveston.)

Largest attendance in the South. Four years' course; School of Pharmacy; School of Nursing (for women). Matriculation fee, payable once, \$30. Complete equipment in all schools. University Hall, a large dormitory for women recently completed.

For large catalogue and illustrated circular, address JOHN AVERY LOMAX, Registrar, Austin, Texas.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY.

FOR BOTH SEXES.

Healthful Location, Beautiful Scenery, Christian Influence, Experienced Teachers.

Courses of Instruction in English, History, Philosophy, Mathematics, Astronomy, Greek, Latin, Chemistry, Physics, Modern Languages, Natural History, with preparatory, Music, Art and Teacher's Review departments. Ladies' Hall, a refined home for girls. The 29th Year opens Sept. 5th. For catalogue and particulars address TRINITY UNIVERSITY, Tehuacana, Texas.

SOUTHWESTERN BAPTIST UNIVERSITY JACKSON, TENN.

Over three hundred students last year. Courses in all branches of a liberal education; also in Business, Music, Theology, and Law. Excellent board from \$7.00 to \$8.00 per month. Location—a city with all modern conveniences. Young women are also admitted; and unsurpassed accommodations for their boarding, comfort, and protection. Next session opens Wednesday, Sept. 7th, 1898. For catalogue apply to H. C. JAMESON, Sec'y.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.



MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS

CURES Chills, Malaria and Biliousness

DELIGHTFUL TO TAKE. WARRANTED.

"NO CURE, NO PAY."

Is just as good for Adults as for Children.

Faris Medicine Co., Galatia, Ill., Nov. 16, 1893.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought 3 gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic.

Yours Truly,
ABNEY, CARR & CO.

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

MURDEROUS BURGLARS.

Mrs. Blythe of Fort Worth the Victim of Thieves.

At Fort Worth, on the morning of the 4th about 3 o'clock, Mrs. Less Blythe was murdered by a burglar, and her husband struck down as he rose up in the bed where they were sleeping, at their home. Mr. Blythe says he was aroused by feeling blood running over him, and as he sat up in a dazed condition he saw his wife struggling in the agonies of death. Before he realized what had happened, he himself was staggered by a blow from some kind of blunt instrument in the hands of one of two men he saw in the room. He was too stunned to give any other description than that they were white men. He says there was a purse containing \$50 between the mattresses under his wife's head, which was missing, and his belief is that the burglar who struck her was reaching for this money when she awoke and made a noise, which caused him to give her the terrible blow from the effects of which she died, making scarcely any noise after the first scream. Another lot of money, \$150, was found in a bucket, where she had put it for safekeeping. No clue.

Ex-Empress Eugenie is seriously ill at Paris.

UNTERRIFIED DEMOCRACY!

They Harmonize on Personal Issues, Blake Withdrawing.

PLATFORM DISCUSSION WARM.

Bailey and the Anti-Expansionists Snowed Under.

About five thousand people were reported as attending the democratic convention at Galveston last week—not a few taking advantage of the low rates merely for the pleasure of the trip.

Harmony was brought about on personal issues by Hon. J. W. Blake withdrawing from the contest for the chairmanship of the state executive committee and accepting the permanent chairmanship of the convention; while ex-Congressman Bell of Fort Worth was given the former position.

The only thing that brought out much discussion was the territorial expansion question, which was thoroughly aired, pro and con, by able champions.

The nominations went through without friction, except as to the treasurer's contest, over which there was a lively three-cornered race between Garrison of Shelby county, Mills of McLennan county and Robbins of Wilbarger county—the last named being successful.

THE TICKET.

Governor—Joseph D. Sayers of Bastrop.

Lieutenant Governor—James N. Browning of Potter.

Attorney General—Thomas S. Smith of Hill.

Land Commissioner—George W. Fager of Tarrant.

Treasurer—John S. Robbins of Wilbarger.

Comptroller—R. W. Finley of Travis.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—J. S. Kendall of Fannin.

Railroad Commissioner—Allison Mayfield of Grayson.

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court—Thomas J. Brown of Grayson.

Associate Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals—M. M. Brooks of Hunt.

The platform of the majority report, which was adopted, is as follows:

THE PLATFORM.

Resolved, by the democrats of Texas in convention assembled, that we indorse in every particular the platform adopted by the national democratic convention at Chicago in 1896, but we especially commend and approve the declarations in favor of an income tax; against the power of banks to issue money; for a tariff for revenue that will operate without discrimination against classes or sections, and for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, with full legal tender qualities and without reference to the action of other governments.

2. We denounce the republican party for the passage of the Dingley bill, which places the burden of tariff taxation upon those least able to bear it and which has resulted in a great deficit of revenue.

3. We declare that the present war excitement can not and shall not obscure the money question upon which the fight in 1900 will be chiefly made, and the interest now being taken in the 2,000,000 people of Cuba and Porto Rico must not detract from the vital interests of 75,000,000 of our own people.

4. That while we recognize the necessity of a war tax, we denounce the revenue bill passed by the republican party for the gross inequalities therein, both in the tax imposed and the exemptions made.

5. That we congratulate the country upon the skill and intrepidity of American soldiers and sailors in the present war, which we declare to have been forced upon us by the conduct of Spain.

6. The national democratic party will give the president of the United States its full support in all measures necessary to conduct this war to an early and successful end.

7. That we favor the generous

development of American navy to whatever extent it may be necessary to protect our commerce on every sea and our citizens in every land.

8. That we favor the construction and control of the Nicaragua canal by the United States.

9. That we favor the carrying out of letter and spirit of the resolutions under which we intervened in Cuba and we insist that the Cubans shall be permitted to establish an independent government of their own. But in the event that the people of that island shall hereafter desire to be annexed to this country and the terms of annexation can be satisfactorily arranged between the two governments, we will welcome Cuba as a part of the territory of the United States.

10. We favor the acquisition of Porto Rico and all other Spanish possessions in the western hemisphere.

11. That we reaffirm our faith in the Monroe doctrine and oppose the annexation or continued retention of the Philippine islands or any territory upon the eastern hemisphere.

12. We approve the action of the democrats in congress in engrafting upon the bill providing for the present army, that the increase thereof must be mustered out at the end of this war and we declare against any increase in the standing army of the United States.

13. That we indorse the action of the Chicago convention in the nomination of Wm. J. Bryan for president and approve the campaign he made and pledge him our support for renomination in 1900.

14. We indorse and command the administration of Gov. Culberson and his associates as being economical, wise and patriotic.

15. That whereas, the democratic party can justly claim that from its organization it has been a staunch and consistent friend of the working classes, therefore we declare it to be a correct principle that all public work (including the public printing) should be done in the confines of the state, other things being equal, whenever possible.

16. We indorse the fee bill and text book bill passed by the last legislature.

17. We indorse the railroad commission law and the administration thereof, and in this connection we demand that the legislature make all needful appropriations to enable the commission to employ such experts as the commission may deem necessary to enable it to examine into the traffic affairs of railroad companies in this state, and we further favor the enactment of a law making it the duty of the commission to keep such experts continuously employed in this work to the end that discriminations by railroad companies against persons and places be entirely prevented.

18. We indorse the able, honest and economical method in which Attorney General Crane has managed the business of his high office.

19. We favor the appointment by the 26th legislature of a committee to consist of the governor, comptroller and state revenue agent, whose duty it will be to diligently inquire into our state's financial system, including the method of levying and collecting taxes, and the system of accounting of the government officials, said committee to formulate such measures of reform looking to a fair and equitable distribution of burdens of government and to a more economical and expeditious collection of the taxes, and at the same time provide all proper and necessary safeguards for checking the receiving and disbursing officers charged with the duty of handling state funds, the same committee to report to the legislature, making such recommenda-

tions as may be deemed wise and practicable.

20. We recognize the necessity of developing our educational system. We therefore declare that all legislative assistance necessary will be given to bring the system to the highest possible degree of efficiency consistent with our financial conditions, and in order to accomplish this purpose we demand that the law allowing the appropriation of any part of the permanent school fund to be transferred to the available school fund shall be repealed.

21. Feeling a just pride in the increasing usefulness of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical college and other educational institutions we favor such appropriations by the legislature as may promote their efficiency and advancement.

22. We favor the greatest possible assistance to the eleemosynary institutions of the state consistent with its financial condition and especially favor the state care for all of its insane, idiots and epileptics.

23. We favor the enactment of a statute prohibiting all railway companies from giving free passes or free transportation to any one not in the employ of same.

MINORITY RESOLUTIONS.

Congressman Jo Bailey's minority report, offered as a substitute for sections 9 and 10 of the majority report, and which were tabled by the vote of 721 to 334:

We believe that a colonial is contrary to the theory of this government and we are opposed to the acquisition of any territory inhabited by a people who are incapable of self-government, because we hold the right of local self-government to be the basic principle of our republic.

We are opposed also to the acquisition of any territory, the government or control of which will necessitate an increase in the standing army of the United States.

We reaffirm the declaration of Thomas Jefferson that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed and we are opposed to the establishment of any government anywhere by the United States without the consent of the people to be governed.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—Chas. K. Bell of Fort Worth.

First District—Sam H. Smelzer, of Texarkana.

Second—H. E. Henderson of Sulphur Springs.

Third—J. M. Terry of Bonham.

Fourth—I. M. Standifer of Denton.

Fifth—W. T. Beverly of McKinney.

Sixth—Jot Gunter of Dallas.

Seventh—Gus F. Taylor of Tyler.

Eighth—John T. McLemore of Timpson.

Ninth—Erehard Mays of Corsicana.

Tenth—J. S. Davis of Waxahachie.

Eleventh—J. J. Swann of Marlin.

Twelfth—John W. Doremus of Bryan.

Thirteenth—John B. Peyton of Trinity.

Fourteenth—R. A. McReynolds of Sabine Pass.

Fifteenth—B. H. Powell of Huntsville.

Sixteenth—John M. Moore of Richmond.

Seventeenth—John Lovejoy of Galveston.

Eighteenth—John D. McGregor of Weimer.

Nineteenth—B. S. Rogers of Brenham.

Twentieth—Dayton Moses of Burnet.

Twenty-first—J. L. Ellison of Martindale.

Twenty-second—D. C. Stone of Beeville.

Twenty-third—Robert J. Kleberg of Corpus Christi.

Twenty-fourth—Frank H. Bushick of San Antonio.

Twenty-fifth—James M. Goggin of Eagle Pass.

Twenty-sixth—C. H. Willingham of Ballinger.

Twenty-seventh—J. Hall Bowman of Belton.

Twenty-eighth—H. C. Hord of Sweetwater.

Twenty-ninth—W. B. Plemmons of Amarillo.

Thirtieth—William Capps of Fort Worth.

Thirty-first—J. T. Buckaloo of Dacatur.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Whereas, the Twenty-fifth Legislature, at its regular biennial session, which convened on the 12th day of January, 1897, and adjourned on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1897, passed the following Joint Resolution, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution of this State, proposing the following amendment to the Constitution of this State, to-wit: Joint Resolution to amend Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to authorize the grant of aid to disabled and dependent Confederate soldiers and sailors, and their widows, and to grant aid to the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas, That Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended as to hereafter read as follows: Article 3.

Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant, or authorize the making of any grant, of public money to any individual, associations or individuals, or to any corporation, partnership, or other body, provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors who came to Texas prior to January 1st, 1868, and who are either over sixty years of age, or whose disability is the proximate result of actual service in the Confederate army for a period of at least three months, their widows in indigent circumstances who have never remarried, and who have been bona fide residents of the State of Texas since March 1, 1880, and who were married to such soldiers or sailors anterior to March 1, 1862; provided, said aid shall not exceed eight dollars per month; and provided further, that no appropriation shall ever be made for the purpose herebefore specified in excess of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year. And also grant aid to the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, under such regulations and limitations as may be provided by law; provided, the grant to aid said home shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for any one year, and no inmate of said home shall be entitled to any other aid from the State; and provided further, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent the grant of aid in case of public calamity.

Sec. 2. This amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1898; when those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots, "For the amendment to Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution." Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots, "Against the amendment to Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution."

And whereas, the State Constitution requires the publication of any proposed amendment once a week for four weeks, commencing at least three months before an election, in one weekly newspaper of each county in which such a newspaper may be published;

And whereas, the said Joint Resolution directs the Governor to issue his proclamation to the qualified electors of the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1898, which will be the first day of said month;

Now, therefore, I, C. A. Culberson, Governor of the State of Texas, in accordance with the provisions of said Joint Resolution, and by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, ordering that an election as required by said Joint Resolution be held on the day designated therein, to-wit, on Tuesday, the first day of November, A. D. 1898, in the several counties in this State, for the adoption or rejection of said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas. Said election shall be held at the several polling places of the election precincts of the several counties in this State, and will be conducted by the officers holding the same in conformity with the laws of this State and in accordance with the provisions of this proclamation.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto sign my name and cause the seal of the State to be affixed, at the city of Austin, this 1st day of July, A. D. 1898.

By the Governor, C. A. CULBERSON, Governor of Texas.

By the Secretary of State, J. W. MADDEX, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Whereas, the Twenty-fifth Legislature, at its regular biennial session, which convened on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1897, and adjourned on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1897, passed the following Joint Resolution, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution of this State, proposing the following amendment to the Constitution of this State, to-wit: Joint Resolution to amend Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended as hereafter to read as follows:

Section 24. The members of the Legislature shall receive for their services as may from time to time be provided by law, not exceeding five dollars per day for the first one hundred days of each session, and after that not exceeding three dollars per day for the remainder of the session. In addition to the per diem, the members of each house shall be entitled to mileage in going to and returning from the seat of government, which mileage shall not exceed five dollars for every twenty-five miles, the distance to be computed by the nearest and most direct route of travel by land, regardless of railways or other routes; and the Comptroller of the State shall prepare and preserve a table of distances to each county seat now or hereafter to be established, and by such table the mileage of each member shall be paid; but no member shall be entitled to mileage for any extra session that may be called within one day after adjournment of a regular or called session.

Section 2. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for submitting this amendment to the qualified voters of Texas, at the next general election, at which election all voters favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their tickets, "For amendment to Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, relating to the compensation of members of the Legislature;" and those opposed to said amendment shall have written on their tickets, "Against amendment to Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, relating to the compensation of members of the Legislature."

And whereas, the State Constitution requires the publication of any proposed amendment once a week for four weeks, commencing at least three months before an election, in one weekly newspaper of each county in which such a newspaper may be published;

And whereas, the said Joint Resolution directs the Governor to issue his proclamation to the qualified electors of the State at the general election to be held on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1898, the same being the 8th day of said month;

Now, therefore, I, C. A. Culberson, Governor of Texas, in accordance with the provisions of said Joint Resolution, and by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, ordering that an election as required by said Joint Resolution be held on the day designated therein, to-wit, on Tuesday, the 8th day of November, A. D. 1898, in the several counties in this State, for the adoption or rejection of said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas. Said election shall be held at the several polling places of the election precincts of the several counties of this State, and will be conducted by the



PARSONAGE FIRST M. E. CHURCH, DALLAS, TEX.

GENTLEMEN:—I can readily add my name to the many testimonials as to the merit of Kitchen Queen Baking Powder. I find it splendid. Best wishes to home industries. MRS. E. L. SPRAGINS.

Remember the name when you buy again

officers holding the same in conformity with the laws of this State and in accordance with the provisions of this proclamation.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto sign my name and cause the seal of the State to be affixed, at the city of Austin, this 1st day of July, A. D. 1898.

By the Governor, C. A. CULBERSON, Governor of Texas.

By the Secretary of State, J. W. MADDEX, Secretary of State.

NEWSPAPERS IN KLONDIKE.

How a Man with Late News Reaped a Harvest of News.

Denton, Tex., Aug. 7.—R. S. Dorman, writing from Dawson, N. W. T. says among other things: "The latest war news we have is twenty-two days old. A fellow brought in a paper, and guess what it has brought him! Fourteen hundred dollars. He read it in Tammany hall and charged \$3 to hear it read. Needles cost 25 cents apiece, cord wood \$75, house logs \$5 apiece, dried beef \$5 per pound, pistols, S. & W., 38-caliber center fire, \$2—dead property. I would not advise any one to come here. I got in early or I would not have got a smell. But as it is I got a good claim and have refused \$7500 for it."

Mr. Dorman was in the big snowslide in which fifty or sixty persons lost their lives. He managed to dig his way out and went to work with his partner rescuing others, all of whom were alive except one, a lady, who had died from fright. He expects to come home this summer.

Distress in Alaska.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 8.—The steamer Lenwa arrived to-day, twelve days from St. Michaels. She brought seven passengers, who were returning without any gold. Her passengers report the conditions existing at St. Michaels as being extremely precarious. They say that thousands of people are stranded and that relief must be sent by the government. Commercial companies control the only available landing places at St. Michaels and vessels are unable to land their passengers or their cargoes. The Yukon is getting too low for navigation and the distress will be very great unless the government takes energetic relief action.

Gen. Miles' troops in Porto Rico are reported as making a general forward movement on San Juan.

Remember the name when you buy again

Remember the name when you buy again

The Leader.

—PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY—
J. W. GRAVES,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

Entered at the postoffice at Graham, Texas, as second class mail matter.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Per copy one year, \$1.00.
" " six months, .50.

By a vote of 721 to 334 the democratic State convention voted down Mr. Bailey's anti-annexation minority, platform report. And now the democratic party of Texas is in favor of expansion, as a live, aggressive and progressive party should be.

Rev. S. A. Hayden, of the Texas Baptist and Herald, is suing the Globe-Democrat and its Dallas correspondent for damages to the amount of \$50,000.

DeLome, the Spanish diplomat who was sent home because of his letter attacking the president, says the only thing left to Spain is to repent and reform. And the latter will be the hardest job Spain ever undertook, though even that won't be as hard making the world believe she has reformed.

Help is wanted when the nerves become weak and appetite fails. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives help by making the blood rich and pure.

The city council of Louisville, Ky., has passed an ordinance exempting new manufactories from city taxes for a period of 5 years.

Chicago street cars have killed more people in the past six months than fell before the Spanish rifles in the Santiago campaign.

Residents of Santiago are continually presenting claims against the United States government for losses sustained at the hands of Cuban troops in the last three years.

The boll worm is invading the Texas cotton crop in sections where once the farmer had hopes of joy and plenty. If this thing continues, the yield will no doubt be decreased a large per cent.

Patriotic people should never patronize monopolists who never pay one cent to the war fund.

A brother of Admiral Dewey, was formerly one of the lessees of the Huntsville penitentiary of the firm of Ward, Dewey & Co.

Aguinaldo is inquisitive, even to impertinence, when he asks, "Am I fighting for annexation, protection or independence?" but he inserts a saving clause when he says, "it is for America to say, not me."

Col. W. J. Bryan donned his uniform and sailed forth to meet the enemy. Such patriotism as Bryan possesses shows the stuff that the man is made of.

How strange it is that a thief is transformed into an honest man as soon as he dies.

Do You Read

What people are saying about Hood's Sarsaparilla? It is curing the worst cases of scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism and all forms of blood disease, eruptions, sores, boils and pimples. It is giving strength to weak and tired women. Why should you hesitate to take it when it is doing so much for others.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver tonic. Gentle, reliable, sure.

The law of supply and demand doesn't cut any figure with Bon-Li's newspapers. There are about three supplies to one demand.

The Cubans have stood the oppression of Spain for a long time.

Grand Jury's Report.

IN DISTRICT COURT, AUG. TERM. To Hon. Geo. E. Miller, Judge: Now comes the grand jury and report as follows: That we have carefully investigated all matters brought to our attention and find that the laws are, upon the whole, remarkably well kept by our citizens. We return one felony indictment and seven misdemeanors.

We have examined the work and conduct of the various county and precinct officials and find no fault with any officer.

We have examined the county jail and insist that the commissioners' court take steps to better the condition of this bastille. The jail has no adequate sewage arrangements. It smells badly, even under the best conditions and the efforts of the jailer are unavailing to keep it clean under its present shape. This has been an eye sore for each grand jury for years. We desire to say that it is a shame to place any prisoner in any such place. We find that the prisoners convicted by the city courts are sent there: These prisoners are usually very drunk and fail to observe any of the laws of health or cleanliness. This works a hardship upon those who have to stay there all the time. The city should furnish herself with other quarters hereafter to put these prisoners in.

We have paid careful attention to the workings of the local option law. We find that the greatest difficulty in the way of a successful enforcement of this law lies in the order scheme. In most cases coming before us for investigation, the witness would testify that he had made some sort of nondescript order to somebody and usually this order would last indefinitely. Like the widow's cruise of oil it would not fail. The original gallon would yield many quarts and divers and sun dry treats to thirsty friends, and yet be as full as if no effort had been made to empty it.

Some citizens are renting houses where this iniquitous business is carried on and this kind of support should be withdrawn by decent people.

We have investigated the road question carefully. The roads have not been worked as much as they should have been, yet, the showing was uncommonly good.

We are informed that your honor will not again be a candidate for the office of District Judge, and we feel that we cannot adjourn without expressing to your services upon the bench. Knowing you in public and in private for many years, we can say with truth that your life throughout has been an honor to the high office and to the people whom you have served. We see you retire with sorrow and wish for yourself many prosperous and happy years.

We desire also to express our warm appreciation and endorsement of our District Attorney, Mr. Jas. F. Carter. That he has filled the office with credit to himself and satisfaction to our people is well known.

We further desire to express our approval of the course of Jno. C. Kay, our County Attorney for the last four years. We have found him an able lawyer and a strong and vigorous prosecutor; fair, honest and faithful in the discharge of every duty, he has "our well done." It is our wish that he be promoted.

All the county offices are well administered and we commend the officers for their services.

Having no further business we ask to be discharged.

J. B. JEFFERY, Foreman

QUARTERLY REPORT.

State of Texas,)
County of Young,)

Before me, Chas. Gay, Clerk of the County Court in and for said County, personally appeared the Members of the Commissioners' Court, whose names are below subscribed, who, upon their oaths, do say: That the requirements of Art. 867, Chapter 1, Title XXV, of the Revised Statutes of the State of Texas, as amended by the regular session of the Twenty-fifth Legislature, have in all things been fully complied with, and that the cash and other assets, mentioned in the quarterly report made to and filed in this court by J. A. Dixon, County Treasurer of said County, for the quarter ending the 8th day of August, 1898, and held by him for said County, have been fully inspected and counted by them at this Term of said Court; and that the amount of money and other assets in the hands of said Treasurer are as follows, to-wit:

Total amount of cash in the various Funds belonging to the County, Eighty-Eight Hundred and one dollars and 24 1/2 cents, (\$88,801.24 1/2.) Total amount of assets other than actual cash to the credit of the County, Fifteen Thousand, Three Hundred and Twenty-nine dollars and 70 cents, (\$15,329.70.)

O. E. FINLAY, Co. Judge Young Co.
A. J. WHEAT, Com'r Precinct No. 1.
W. H. ARDIS, " " " " 2.
H. L. LEBERMAN, " " " " 3.
A. C. CASEY, " " " " 4.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of August, 1898.

CHAS. GAY, Co. Clerk, Young Co.

KEEP OUT.

Know all whom it may concern, That I have leased from Beckham National Bank, the pasture known as the Burns pasture, Northeast of Graham. Trespassing therein will be prosecuted to the extent of the law from this date. OLIVER LOVING, June 22, 1898.

A lady was so reduced in flesh last summer by the chills that she actually had to wear suspenders to hold her corset up. A friend advised her to take Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic—she did so. That pair of suspenders for sale cheap. She now tips the beam at 140 pounds. Guaranteed. Tasteless 50c size.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm of A. R. McDonald & Co. are requested to come forward and settle by cash or note. The accounts will shortly be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. E. H. WADE, Assignee.

NEW MEAT MARKET!



HENRY & DOWDLE,
Graham, Texas.
N. E. Corner Square.

Keep the best the country affords. Give us a trial.

Aid for Her Sex.

A lady writing Mrs. Brown from Charleston, S. C., says: "I received the box of JUNO TABLETS and used them as directed. They have completely overcome my trouble. I cannot praise them too highly. What a blessing it would be if all women knew that that which was illness, despondency, timidity and grief would be supplanted with health, hope, courage and good cheer if they would but use JUNO TABLETS. JUNO TABLETS are for female troubles. They were never known to fail. Not taken internally. Send stamp for sample and valuable information, mailed in plain sealed envelope. Brown Chemical Co., CLEVELAND, O."

A Good Druggist to fill your Prescriptions is as necessary as a good Doctor to write them.

POISONOUS

Drugs you must take because your Physician prescribes them.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Calling for poisons like Strychnine, Arsenic, &c., and all other prescriptions as well, will receive the utmost care in our hands, and will be

ACCURATELY FILLED

With the purest DRUGS obtainable. We take a pride in our PRESCRIPTIONS and ask that you give us a trial, and be convinced of the superiority of our work.

AKIN & MATTHEWS.

No trouble to fill night prescriptions as Edgar Matthews rooms in rear of store.

"Its Not the Good That Hurts."

Rocky Comfort Whiskey.

A GOOD PURE MELLOW DISTILLATION.

IF YOU TRY IT
YOU'LL
ALWAYS BUY
IT.

IT HAS NO
SUPERIOR
FOR MEDICINAL AND
FAMILY USE.

W. W. HENDRICKS, SENATE SALOON,
Sole Agent. Bowie, Texas.

M. H. CHISM,

Dentist and Photographer,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

West Side Public Square, First Door South of Shumaker & Timmons.

E. B. Norman, President.
R. F. Arnold, First Vice President.
J. B. Norris, Second Vice President.

W. D. Craig, Cashier.
J. T. Norman, Ass't. Cashier.

The Beckham National Bank.

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, 25,000.

Mississippi Saloon.

MINERAL WELLS, TEXAS.

D. L. GALLEHAR, Prop'r.

The Purest and Best Liquors always in stock. Carefully packed for shipment. Give me a trial.

ORNAMENTAL



CLOTH-COVERED CASKETS.

Also, Metallic Caskets for Shipping Purposes. Coffins and Caskets in Snow-White, Rose-wood, Mahogany, San Domingo Ash, French Burl, Walnut, Oak, and XVI Century Finishes.

All Styles, All Prices, All Sizes, at the Furniture, Crockery & Undertaking House

OF
W. S. McJIMSEY,
Graham, Texas.

WILSON BROS.,

Dealers in

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Patent

Medicines, Paints, Oil, Toilet Articles and School

SUPPLIES.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY A SPECIALTY.

Farmer, Texas.

We carry a complete line of everything usually found in a First-Class Drug Store. Our prices are the lowest. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE LEADER.

Published Weekly by J. W. Graves.

Subscription \$1.00 a Year.

Announcements.

For Representative of 104th District.
T. H. C. PERRY.
For District Judge 30th District.
A. H. CARRIGAN.
P. M. STINE.
For County Judge.
O. E. FINLAY.
For County Attorney.
J. E. SIMPSON.
For Sheriff.
H. C. WILLIAMS.
For District and County Clerk.
CHAS. GAY.
For County Treasurer.
J. A. DIXON.
For Tax Assessor.
W. P. BECKHAM.
For Commissioner Precinct No. 1.
A. J. WHEAT.

A. J. Hughes and family are back from a visit to Fisher county.

The divorce mill has been actively grinding this week.

Ambrose Lewis is reading law under P. A. Martin.

Attorney Beattie of Sherman, has been in attendance upon District Court this week.

Babbitt Metal,
In any quantity, for sale at this office at 10 cents per pound.

Mr. Baldwin of Collin county, has been visiting his sister, Mrs. W. O. Clark of this city.

The advertising fake was in town this week and succeeded in getting up a partial business directory.

New crop California Evaporated Apples, Peaches, Prunes, Pears and Grapes.
JNO. E. MORRISON & Co.

Cas Beckham and family, accompanied by Ben and Burkett Beckham, of Spring Creek, are visiting relatives here this week.

Marion Wallace and family were visiting home folks in town this week and were accompanied home on Wednesday by Mrs. Wallace and daughters.

Country Sorghum (home made) Comb Honey, Dunbar's Louisiana Molasses and Pure Maple Syrup.
JNO. E. MORRISON & Co.

John C. Kay and J. E. Simpson have opened a bachelors' hall on Third avenue; but it is said that one or both of them will have a housekeeper soon.

Mrs. A. J. Broyles had recovered sufficiently from her recent illness as to leave for her home at Memphis last Sunday, in company with Mr. Broyles and the children. Mrs. W. B. Lawrence accompanied them for a short visit.

E. E. Smart, commercial agent for the Weatherford, Mineral Wells and Northwestern railway, has been interviewing the business men of Graham.

Fresh Grits, Nabob Rice and Scotch Oats.
JNO. E. MORRISON & Co.

A. H. Carrigan of Wichita Falls, candidate for District Judge, has been in Graham this week interviewing the "dear people."

Judge Geo. E. Miller and District Attorney Carter have been shaking hands with their Young county friends this week just as if they were candidates for reelection; but they are out of the ring and voluntarily retire after the expiration of the present term.

Nice line of New Can Goods, Tomatoes, Early June Peas, Corn and Stringless Beans.
JNO. E. MORRISON & Co.

Mrs. B. S. Doty died on Thursday afternoon after a long and painful illness. While her death was not unexpected it cast a gloom over the entire community, where she has been known and esteemed for the past twenty years. Deceased leaves a devoted husband, three children, a mother, brothers and sisters and a legion of friends to mourn her death. The remains were interred in Oak Grove Cemetery yesterday, in the presence of a host of sorrowing friends.

The Graham contingent in attendance upon the meeting of the Macedouia Association of the Baptist church, held at Boggy, returned last Monday.

A large number of Graham people attended religious services at Medlan Chapel last Sunday.

The balance of all we have in Drummers' Sample Slippers for 50 cents a pair. They are bargains. Not a pair in the lot worth less than \$1.00

S. B. STREET & Co.,
Cheapest House in Town.

Eld. D. W. Russell, a former well known citizen of this county, but now of Utopia, Uvalde county, is here visiting relatives and friends. He was in attendance upon the meeting of the association of the Primitive Baptist Church held at Medlan Chapel last Friday and Saturday. He called on THE LEADER and paid a year's subscription for the 20th time. He says he can't get along without the LEADER.

Riley Harman and Mrs. Sallie Dinkins were married Thursday.

John H. Wood and family returned Tuesday from a protracted western trip.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL
Cures Catarrh, Neuralgia, Headache, Cramp Colic, Diarrhoea, Cuts, Headache, Rheumatism, Good for men and beast. Failing, money refunded.

Jno. E. Morrison is still confined to his home with a fractured foot, mention of which was made last week. Mr. Morrison's injury is quite painful, but he is recovering as rapidly as possible.

Frank Herron and family were in the city Wednesday.

We will have the largest and best stock of fall and winter goods ever brought to Graham. Our prices will be right. We will do everything in our power to get your fall bill; we want to sell to you and will make the prices right to do it.

S. B. STREET & Co.,
Cheapest House in Town.

Will Mayer returned last Saturday from a trip to the panhandle. He made the trip on his wheel, and reports everything prosperous, good crops and fat cattle.

The weather has a hazy, Indian summer appearance and has been some cooler.

Sam Collier and Tom Wallace are prospecting in Oklahoma.

Get a pair of ladies', misses or children's slippers for 50 cents a pair, at

S. B. STREET & Co.
Cheapest House in Town.

Judge P. M. Stine of Henrietta, candidate for District Judge, was circulating among the people here this week.

The small dockets and small number of indictments returned speak well for the citizenship of the county.

Man Johnson made quite a reputation as an artist by making a picture of a party to one of the divorce suits.

When in Jacksboro call on Lillard & Co., Wholesale and Retail dealers in Wagons, Buggies, Hardware, Farm Implements, Saddlery, Harness, and everything in the Hardware and Saddlery line, and they will give you astonishingly low prices. Bank Building.

Save Your Money.
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.
No Reckless Assertion
For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse
TUTT'S Liver PILLS

District Court
Convened last Monday, Judge Miller presiding.

The lawyers looked blue when the Judge called the trial docket and developed only one case. The grand jury was then duly impanelled and charged and court adjourned till Tuesday.

GRAND JURORS.

S. R. Jeffery foreman, J. E. Parsons, W. L. Chandler, G. W. Terrel, J. T. Hunt, J. H. Norris jr., W. C. Wilkinson, R. E. McGlamery, J. S. Timmons, J. Mathis, P. L. Gibson, Ed. Whitely.

District Attorney Carter arrived Monday night and began his labors with the grand jury Tuesday morning.

The only case on the criminal docket—that of the State vs. Walter Cooley, was called and dismissed. The call of the appearance docket developed the fact that marriage has proved a failure in several instances in this county, there being four divorce cases on the docket. Mrs. Sarah Dinkens was relieved of matrimonial bonds uniting her to the destinies of John Dinkens. Mrs. Mary Hoover was likewise untied from J. W. Hoover: Mrs. Marvia Averitt was decreed a divorce from Albert Averitt, and Lewis Mills came to the bat with an earnest effort to free himself from matrimonial relations with Alice Mills. In the latter case the court seemed loath to sever the tie that binds and took the matter under advisement.

A land suit, involving several parties around Markley, was tried and judgment compromised.

Mr. Kay took a large number of tax suit judgments, and by Wednesday noon the civil business of the term came to a close. On Tuesday the grand jury reported two bills, one against Lee Holly, charging burglary, and one against John Cochran, charging aggravated assault. The latter plead guilty in the County Court. On Wednesday evening the grand jury made their final report, handing in six more bills, all of which are understood to be misdemeanors.

The case of the State vs. Holly remains to be disposed of and it will probably be tried today (Friday.)

PETIT JURORS.

W. J. Rheder, M. H. Steadham, S. T. Seddon, J. T. Rogers, A. C. Neeley, W. J. Henry, W. T. McBea, W. C. Leberman, D. P. Still, Benton Kramer, J. W. McBea, Henry Kelly, R. M. Williams, Jas. Porter, Warren Ward, W. L. Tandy, C. S. Richards, Ed. Terrell, W. H. Keen, John Taylor, J. B. Whiteburg, J. V. Tyra, G. C. Thedford, N. F. McCain, G. M. James, R. J. Johnson, W. F. McAbee.

The seven year old daughter of Mr. Lacy, who resides in Goose Neck, died twelve miles north of Antelope Tuesday night. Mr. Lacy and family were returning home from a trip to the Territory, when the little daughter was stricken with diphtheria with the above result. The remains were interred in the Goose Neck cemetery.

Judge P. M. Stine and Hon. A. H. Carrigan, candidates for district judge, addressed the voters at the court house Tuesday night. The audience was not as large as might have been, but those present were entertained with two rattling goog speeches.

R. L. Rickman came in Monday after an absence of a few weeks on the road.

Salt creek was washed out thoroughly by the freshet last week and the boys now report fishing and swimming good.

The pulpit, the bench and the bar recommend Chestham's Chill Tonic as the finest antiperiodic in use, being free from poison and guaranteed. Put up in both the Tasteless and bitter styles. Tasteless in 50c size.

Some of the boys had important business out of town this week, while the grand jury was in session.

To live or not to live, is a question which annually confronts the residents of our low ground and swampy districts. Take Chestham's Tasteless Chill Tonic and live to die a nobler death than by a commonplace chill Cure guaranteed. Tasteless 50c a bottle.

H. L. Morrison left Wednesday morning for Chicago, New York, other eastern markets to buy an immense stock of fall and winter for his firm.

Cotton is beginning to open and picking will commence in earnest about September 1st.

Jesse Rickman will interest you in a good trade.

Jas. Clover, who has been in Henegar's blacksmith shop for several months, left last Monday for Arkansas, his old home, where he will in future reside. His father and family also moved back to Arkansas.

Mr. Chas. Long and Miss Ethel Ledbetter were united in marriage at the home of the father, P. E. Ledbetter, on Wednesday evening, Eld. G. W. Black officiating. THE LEADER extends congratulations to the newly wedded pair and wishes them all the good luck imaginable.

Thomps Brown, J. L. McDanel and other prominent citizens of Markley attended the court.

Chas. E. Auburg, one of the old settlers of this county, passed through Graham last week with his family on their way to Esteline, Hall county, where he will engage in the saddlery business.

The old proverb, "live and let live" should be remembered even in our small village.

Clearing Sale!

A GENUINE FEAST OF BARGAINS!!

In order to close out all Summer Goods before our immense fall stock arrives, we offer all at or about cost.

We name a few of the many bargains:

- Rose Bud Figured Lawn, worth 5 cents, at.....2c.
- Challie, worth 6 1-4 cents, at.....3c.
- Crown Etomine, worth 15 cents, at.....10c.
- Ladies' Vests, worth 6 1-4 cents, at.....3 1-3c.

Similar Reductions on all Summer Dress Goods.

- Men's Straw Hats at Cost. Big Reduction on all Millinery Goods. Some Big Bargains in Mens' and Boy's Clothing.
- Ladies' Waists, worth 75c to \$1, all go at 50 cents each.
- Ladies' Washable Skirts,.....50 "
- White Lawn, worth 6 1-4 cents, for.....3 cents.

Big Reduction in Ladies' and Misses' Slippers.

Call and see us and secure some of our many bargains.

J. E. MORRISON & CO.

D. M. HOWARD,

Of Mineral Wells, Texas, Carries the Largest

and Best Assorted Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Millinery, Etc.

In This Section of the County.

I will sell you goods as cheap as any house in Northwest Texas. Will buy Cotton and Wheat. Give me a call. I will treat you right.

D. M. HOWARD.

IF YOU WANT

GOOD FRESH GROCERIES

At Rock Bottom Prices for Cash,

GO FORD BROS.

They will sell you Groceries lower than ever sold in Graham. Try them and you will be convinced.

AGUINALDO'S ATTITUDE.

Desires That His Troops March Through Manila.

New York, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from Manila Bay, via Hongkong, says:

Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief, is becoming more friendly to the Americans. He has made two propositions to Merritt, which may solve the insurgent problem in a manner highly advantageous to the United States. In the first place he asks the commander in chief of the American land forces to permit the rebel troops to march through the streets of Manila when that city surrenders. Gen. Merritt appears inclined to consent to this. It would gratify the vanity of the natives to let them indulge in what will seem to them a triumphal march as victors through the capital of their enemy, whom they have been successfully combating and besieging since the wiping out of Montejo's fleet. At the same time the native troops being thus arrayed in line and under direct orders, may be more easily controlled and prevented from excesses.

In the second place, Aguinaldo suggested the formation of the Philippine regiment with American officers. This is considered a highly important proposition—possibly the key to the whole situation throughout the islands. The native troops would thus be constantly under direct orders of our men. It is believed they would be obedient and easily controlled under tactful commanders. The American troops now occupy the trenches in front of Malate, one of the suburbs of Manila, which were constructed by Aguinaldo. The Astor battery, supported by a battalion of the 3rd infantry, is now in position at the front with its guns being planted within a thousand yards of the Spanish lines.

AGUINALDO TALKS.

New York, Aug. 7.—The Journal prints a cablegram from Hongkong purporting to give the text of the message sent by Aguinaldo to Consul General Wildman. The message is dated Cavite, July 30, and in it Aguinaldo says it has been reported that he is getting the big head and is not behaving as he promised Wildman to do. "In reply," says Aguinaldo, "I ask why should America expect me to outline my policy, the present and future, and fight blindly for her interests, when America will not be frank with me? Tell me this: Am I fighting for annexation, protection or independence? It is for America to say, not me. I can take Manila, as I have defeated the Spanish every, but what would be the use? If America takes Manila, I can save my men and arms for what the future has in store for me. Now, good friends, believe me, I am not both a fool and a rogue. The interests of my people are as sacred to me as are the interests of your people to you."

Want American Protection.

A Rome correspondent says: "The Vatican has telegraphed the archbishop of Manila to place himself and his clergy under the protection of the United States, in face of the threatened attacks of the insurgents. The archbishop's position is very odd, bearing in mind his foolish anti-American manifesto at the beginning of the war."

NOTES

A Hongkong special says: "The prospect of America abandoning the Philippines has well nigh brought on a panic."

PHILIPPINE QUESTION.

Our Policy Hinges on Aguinaldo's Conduct.

A cabinet officer is credited with the following statement in an interview by a Washington reporter: "I believe we shall annex the whole group of the Philippines, and I think that will be satisfactory to the people who are in revolt against Spanish oppression. I don't believe that Aguinaldo is going to create trouble, because neither Admiral Dewey nor Gen. Merritt has suggested such an outcome of the present situation. But we want no mistake and we have therefore left the final settlement of the future of the Philippines to a peace commission, not that the president wishes to shirk the responsibility, but that he may secure

information from Admiral Dewey which will enable him to act with his eyes wide open. This is the position of the administration on the Philippines. If Aguinaldo and his followers are ready to throw off the yoke of Spain and have the United States give them an honest and liberal government, the Philippines as a whole will be annexed to the United States or will have the protection of the United States. If, on the other hand, Aguinaldo is a professional revolutionist and is ready to lead a revolt against our rule, we shall not feel that our responsibility calls for our sending a large army to conquer 8,000,000 people who object to either annexation or the protectorate of the United States.

"We do not care to drive Spain out of the Philippines and rule the islands by Spanish methods, but even under such circumstances we shall keep Manila, Manila bay and the harbor, if we have to fight both Spain and Aguinaldo. No consideration for either Spain or the insurgents will induce this government to surrender Manila, either to the Spanish or the insurgents."

PORTO RICO ALWAYS AMERICAN

God of the Just Praised for Returning the Island to America.

A correspondent at Ponce, Island of Porto Rico, gives the following as the text of the mayor's proclamation issued at Yacua as a United States city:

Citizens: Today the citizens of Porto Rico assist in one of her most beautiful feasts. The sun of America shines upon our mountains and valleys this day of July 1898. It is a day of glorious remembrance for each son of this beloved island, because for the first time there waves over her, the flag of the stars, planted in the name of the government of the United States of America by the major general of the army, Senor Miles.

Porto Ricans, we are, by the miraculous intervention of the God of the just, given back to the home of our mother America, in whose waters nature placed us a people of America. To her we are given back in the name of her government by Gen. Miles, and we must send our most expressive salutation of generous affection through our conduct towards the valiant troops represented by distinguished officers and commanded by the illustrious Gen. Miles.

Citizens, long live the government of the United States of America. Hail to their valiant troops. Hail to Porto Rico, always American.

EL ALCALDE FRANCISCO MAGNISA. Yacua, Porto Rico, United States of America.

Rates to Hawaii.

The opportunities for travel between the United States and Hawaii are described by Consul General Haywood, who says that the bulk of the steam passenger and freight traffic between San Francisco and Honolulu is controlled by the Oceanic Steamship company, their rates being \$75 cabin passage and \$25 steerage, though a number of fine sailing vessels which make regular trips between Port Townsend and San Francisco and Honolulu with limited passenger accommodations charge \$40 for cabin passage. The time for passage between San Francisco and Honolulu by steamer is from six to seven days. Freight rates from San Francisco are: By steamer, \$5 per ton and 5 per cent primage; by sailing vessels, \$3 per ton and five per cent primage; while the rates to Atlantic ports are from \$5 to \$7 per ton with 5 per cent primage, and the duration of the voyage between Honolulu and New York from 89 to 134 days. On the islands there are three railroads, aggregating about 70 miles in length, used principally in carrying the products of the plantations to the various points of shipment.

FEVER BULLETINS.

Yellow fever reports by Gen. Shafter, as to the condition of his army at Santiago:

Aug. 2: Total sick, 4239; total fever cases, 3179; new fever cases, 689; cases fever returned to duty, 679; deaths, 15.

Aug. 5: Total sick, 3354; fever cases, 2548; new fever cases, 502; returned to duty, 549; deaths, 15—mostly of malaria fever.

Record Pub. C., long primer

BRIEF NAVAL COMPARISON.

Suggested by the Possibility of War With Germany.

In view of the complications that have arisen with the German fleet in Manila bay, suggesting as it does the possibility of a war with Germany, a comparison of the navies of this country and Germany may not be out of place. A well-informed correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune has given some attention to the subject and he reaches a conclusion which will be very gratifying to the United States. According to this writer Germany is credited in the European almanacs with having seventeen battleships, but this is not true. She has actually four first-class battleships, four second-class battleships and six third-class battleships. She has three first-class battleships under construction, but several months must elapse yet before she can put them into commission.

From this statement it is evident that the United States would have no trouble coping with Germany on the score of battleships, which are the principal fighters. But there are other important details to be considered. Germany's four first-class battleships are all inferior to our own vessels of this class, as the figures cited below will suffice to prove. Taking each of Germany's vessels separately, there is the Frederick William, built in 1891, with 9874 tons displacement, the Brandenburg, built in 1891, with 9874 tons displacement, the Weissenburg, built in 1891, with 9874 tons displacement, and the Woerth, built in 1891, with 9874 tons displacement. Of our own vessels there is the Indiana, built in 1893, with 10,288 tons displacement; the Massachusetts, built in 1893, with 10,288 tons displacement; the Oregon, built in 1893, with 10,288, and the Iowa, built in 1896, with 11,410 tons displacement. Thus it appears with respect to the first-class battleships of the two powers, those of the United States are not only of more recent construction, but they are also of greater capacity.

With respect to the first-class battleships of the two powers now under construction Germany has only three, while the United States has five. Germany's specifications fall considerably short of our own. For instance, her three vessels call for only 11,130 tons displacement, 11 1/4 inch belt armor, four 9 4-10 inch guns and eighteen 5 9-10 inch guns, while the five vessels of the United States call for 11,525 tons displacement, a 16 1/2 inch belt armor, four 13-inch guns and fourteen 5-inch guns. According to these figures, we have immensely the advantage of Germany in the number and character of our first-class battleships now under construction; but in addition to these vessels, which will soon be ready to go into commission, we have recently made appropriations for several battleships of each class, several cruisers of each class and several torpedo boats. With respect to second-class battleships, Germany has four to our one, but our one second-class battleship is of recent construction, while Germany's four were built over twenty years ago, and are, therefore, well nigh obsolete in both design and mechanism. Until the Maine went down in Havana harbor we had two second-class battleships.

With respect to third-class battleships Germany has six to our none, but her vessels of this class are wholly out of date, and Admiral Dewey with his little unarmored fleet of cruisers could easily take care of them.

Coming down to cruisers, the writer states that Germany has only one armored cruiser, while the United States has two, each of which is in every respect superior to Germany's. Of first-class protected cruisers, we have fourteen already built; Germany has only three. Of second-class protected cruisers we have twenty; Germany has only ten. Without following the comparison into further details, it is evident that, apart from the yachts and merchant vessels which we have lately converted into satisfactory warships, we are much stronger upon the sea than

is Germany, although Germany claims to be ahead of us. The American navy is the only one of any consequence that has had modern experience in actual warfare, and this would be an immense advantage for it. In a war with Germany we could easily destroy that country's navy, and though France has a powerful navy we are beginning to doubt whether it could compete with our victorious squadrons.—Commercial-Appeal.

THE MIAMA DEATH TRAP.

Letter from a Soldier in "Flagler's Graveyard."

The following letter was received from a Texas boy in the camp at Miama, Fla.:

No better illustration of the power of wealth could be presented to an observant public than the picture of the volunteer camp at Miama, Fla. Here, through the powerful influence of enormous capital, Flagler, the Standard Oil king, has transformed a noisome, pestilential jungle into a veritable flower garden. When the recruit first arrives at his army home he is satisfied at his semi-tropical paradise. Alas! he quickly learns that he is but deceived by false appearances. He finds to his sorrow that Miama is not Paradise, but merely the first station on the road to that divine abode. True it is near heaven, for it is but a few days journey from the Everglade City to the great unknown. The soldier finds here a surer death, a quicker end than that which he had looked for from Spanish bullets.

The power of gold has bought men's souls since Adam's time, and the location of this camp in the midst of this fever plague spot records another crime, marks the loss of another soul. While no one can deny that Miama is one of the prettiest spots on the Southern coast, and while every soldier in this camp has been educated by scenes of magnificent splendor in the shape of lovely gardens, beautiful landscapes and multi-colored tropical foliage, it is nothing else than a death trap and a spot which will never be forgotten by the survivors of its perils nor by the kindred of the martyrs who perished here, trapped to their death by the power of wealth and the pull of a politician.

To this place were sent like lambs to the slaughter pen, an army of patriotic men who had given up home, wife, children and parents to serve their country in an hour of need. Instead of using these brave southern boys to conquer Spain, instead of sending to Porto Rico's battleground, the powers at Washington have made them the hired slaves of the man who rules over the land of Southern Florida. The Nation has loaned her defenders to clear a jungle and improve the worthless acres of a money king. In laying out their camp these volunteers have hewed down trees, dug up rocks, cleared away underbrush and transformed a wilderness into a future site for a city.

Since the arrival here of the Texas troops death has swept down the line, spreading sorrow from one end of the Lone Star State to the other. The bugle no more ushers in the day; the funeral dirge has succeeded the reveille.

The troops should be moved out of danger at once, and if the cries of our afflicted are not soon regarded open mutiny may result.

Texas do not fear a soldier's death, but they turn in horror at the coming plague. Over this cursed place should be inscribed that warning which met the gaze of travelers at the entrance to the Inferno: "Leave hope behind all ye who enter here." The camp at Miama should be broken up instantly and the men who dare oppose this move should be indicted for murder and meet the usual punishment for his crimes.

As I write this before me passes another procession of the dead, and my heart is saddened while I listen to the muffled music of the drum playing the funeral dirge. Another victim of this fever stricken spot; another martyr to the power of gold. Yours,—Ed, in Houston Post.

AGUINALDO'S DARING.

Account of How He Collected the Reward Set Upon His Head.

Pancho Aguinaldo, the native dictator of the Philippines, is a very picturesque personage. He is the son of a prominent native chief. Anxious that his boy should be educated, this chief confided the lad to the Spanish priests, who thought that Aguinaldo's influence, when he grew up, would help to maintain Spanish authority among the Malay population. The father is rich, for a native, and Pancho Aguinaldo, after being taught in the schools, was sent to Madrid to study theology and qualify for the priesthood. After a year or two of study the young man boldly declared he would not be a priest, but a soldier. So he was drafted into one of the native regiments, in which a few of the subalterns are Manila men, but all the captains and field officers are Spaniards.

Nearly two years ago Aguinaldo and a compatriot named Alexandro, also a lieutenant of native troops, organized a revolt in the native corps. Aguinaldo's regiment one morning, while on parade, shot all the Spanish officers except a few lieutenants, and took to the savannas—great trackless prairies, swampy, with occasional high bits of land called "mattees." Here Aguinaldo made his headquarters. At one time he must have had 4000 or 5000 men under arms of some sort, hidden in the fastnesses, raiding the rich settlements whenever they felt like it. The political governor general of the Philippines, Senor Don Basilio Augustiny Davilla, offered a reward of \$20,000 for the head of Aguinaldo. Within a week he received a note from the insurgent chief, saying: "I need the sum you offer very much, and I will deliver the head myself."

Ten days later the southeast typhoon was raging. The hurricane—for it was one—was tearing things to bits, and it was raining, as it can rain only in the Orient, a sheet of black water flooding the earth. Two sentinels at the governor general's gate made the usual reverent sign as a priest passed it, who asked if his excellency was within and unengaged. They answered yes to both questions. Don Basilio did not turn his head as some one entered. It was his secretary, he supposed, come to help prepare an eloquent statement upon the condition of the colonies. It was not the secretary, but a priest, who said, "Peace be with you, my son."

The cleric locked the door, and dropping his cloak said:

"Do you know me?" Don Basilio did not know him. It was Aguinaldo, with a 20-inch bolo a native knife, sharp as a razor, carried by every Malay in time of trouble. They can lop off an arm with one blow, as though it was a carrot.

"I have brought the head of Aguinaldo," the chief said touching the edge of his jewel-hilted bolo to ascertain its condition "and I claim the reward! Hasten, else I shall have to expedite the matter myself."

Don Basilio was trapped. He had to open his desk, and count out the sum in Spanish gold. Aguinaldo punctiliously wrote a receipt, coolly counted the money and walked backward toward the door. He suddenly opened it and dashed out, just ahead of a pistol bullet that cut his locks out of his temples. Captain General Polavieja offered him and Alexandro a free pardon and \$200,000 each to quit the colony. They accepted and got the money, only to learn that they were both to be assassinated the next night at a festa. The two men who had undertaken the job were found dead, stabbed to the heart, in their own beds. On the kriss handle was a bit of paper with a line saying: "Beware of the Malay's vengeance."

Polavieja resigned and returned to Spain, being succeeded by General Augustin, formerly captain general of Barcelona.

Aguinaldo is about 28 years old. He and his comrade Alexandro, hold the future of the Philippines almost in their hands.—Philadelphia Press.

Mr. Blake is booked for a later speech in Dallas.

DARING.

Collected the His Head.

the native... the father is... and Pancho... ing taught in... to Madrid to... qualify for the... year or two of... an boldly de-... be a priest... was drafted... ne subalterns... ll the captains... paniards... ro Aguinaldo... d Alexandro... tive troops... n the native... regiment one... ade, shot all... ept a few to... the savan-... prairiers... sional high... lled "mat-... aldo made... one time he... r 5000 men... rt, hidden in... the rich set-... ey felt like... rnor general... Senor Don... villa, offered... the head of... a week he... e insurgent... ed the sum... and I will... f."

the southeast... The hurri-... was raining... ly in the... black water... w sentinels... ral's gate... nt sign as... asked if his... and unen-... d yes to both... lio did not... one entered... e supposed... an eloquent... lition of the... e secretary... "Peace be... door, and... 1:

ow him. It... 0-inch bole... as a razor... in time of... off an arm... gh it was a... e head of... id touching... lted bolo to... and I claim... else I shall... he matter... pped. He... and count... ish gold... y wrote a... the money... oward the... ned it and... of a pistol... out of his... eral Pola-... lexandro a... 00 each to... y accepted... y to learn... be assassi-... at a festa... undertaken... l, stabbed... own beds... a bit of... "Beware... " returned... eeded by... ly captan... years old... lexandro... hilippines... -Philadel-

PEACE TERMS ACCEPTED.

Spain Assents to the Demands of President McKinley.

HOSTILITIES NEARING CLOSE.

Only Details Remain for Consideration By Peace Commissioners.

New York, Aug. 5.—A special to the Evening Journal from Madrid published in a late extra edition of that paper says:

Spain accepts the "principal conditions of peace as set forth by the American government, and only the peace details are needed to cause all hostilities to cease at once.

"A peace delegation will be chosen at once to confer with the representatives of the United States.

"The peace conditions as set forth by President McKinley were dismissed at length today by Minister Sagasta, and at the conclusion it was given out officially that the terms of the United States would be accepted.

"There are one or two amendments in the proposition that the Spanish will ask to be made, and

if this is done peace will be declared at once."

London, Aug. 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"The government has accepted the principal of the American conditions, but the acceptance will not be made public until inquiries to Washington in matters of detail have been settled, thus sounding official preliminary basis."

SPAIN DALLYING.

Washington Aug. 6.—Since this government's reply to M. Cambon that there would be no material concessions in the terms submitted there has been a lull in peace proceedings, everything waiting on Spain's final reply. It is anticipated that she will yield to the inevitable; but in the mean time the war is being pushed as vigorously as though no cessation of hostilities was contemplated.

Washington, Aug. 8.—No official notification has been received up to noon today of Spain's final acceptance of this government's peace terms. However, the acceptance is unofficially announced, and is accepted as foregone—and the departments are looking ahead with that view.

BLANCO RELENTS.

Capt. General of Cuba Realizes the Hopelessness of the Situation.

Washington, Aug. 8.—News has reached Washington of a recent proclamation in which Blanco made known to the Spanish people of Cuba that Spain, through the intervention of foreign powers, had been forced to the disgraceful issue of suing for peace and that there would be no more war and no further use for soldiers.

He offered a pardon to all Cuban political prisoners and more than 150 were released in Havana.

Havana, he says, will be given over to Americans and Cubans and the Spaniards will be forced to evacuate.

Blanco assures the soldiers and all Spanish residents who wish to return to Spain or go to other Spanish possessions that they will get free transportation, given by their mother country, to their destination and will be protected from interference on the part of either Cubans or Americans. He suggests that the Cubans be forgiven and no longer regarded as enemies and that no unkind feelings be cherished.

ALGER AND ROOSEVELT.

Personal Letter from the Latter Calls Forth a Red Hot Cable Response.

The following correspondence has passed between Col. Roosevelt and Secretary Alger:

Santiago, July 23.—My Dear Mr. Secretary: I am writing with the knowledge and approval of Gen. Wheeler.

We earnestly hope that you will send us, as most of the regulars and at any rate the cavalry division, including the rough riders, who are as good as any state troops, to Porto Rico. There are 1800 effective men in this division; if those who were left behind were joined to them we could land at Porto Rico in this cavalry division close to 4000 men, who would be worth easily any 10,000 guards armed with black powder Springfield or other archaic weapons. Very respectfully,

THEO. ROOSEVELT.

The following reply has been cabled to Col. Roosevelt:

"Your letter of 23rd received. The regular army and the volunteer army and the rough riders have done well, but I suggest that unless you want to spoil the effects and glory of your victory you make no invidious comparisons. The rough riders are no better than other volunteers. They had an advantage in their arms for which they ought to be very grateful.

R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War."

LATE WAR MOVEMENTS.

The Second Texas Ordered to Porto Rico Under Gen. Wade.

Washington, Aug. 6.—The following regiments have been designated to constitute Gen. Wade's provisional division for service in Porto Rico:

First Rhode Island, first New Hampshire, first New Jersey, second Texas, first Maine, fourth Missouri, first Alabama, first Vermont, first West Virginia, first Kentucky, third Tennessee, twenty-second New York, first Arkansas, fifty-second Iowa, third Virginia, first Delaware, first Maryland and fifth Illinois.

IN PORTO RICO.

General Miles Steadily Advancing—Little Resistance Yet.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Friday Morning, Aug. 7, via St. Thomas, D. W. I.—Major Gen. Miles is proceeding entirely without regard to peace negotiations.

Krag-Joagensens are being issued.

The second and third are moving up to the sixteenth Pennsylvania.

Col. Huling captured 5000 pounds of rice. Thus far the enemy has not molested him.

Major Gen. Brooke's landing at Aroyo is successful. Troops on the Roumania, four batteries of the twenty-seventh Indiana, the first Missouri, the first Pennsylvania and the fifth Illinois are disembarking there.

The Morgan troops of the fifth cavalry and the Mississippi commissaries have arrived here.

Lieut. Hunter of the artillery was slightly wounded by one of our pickets last night.

Capt. Edgar Hugart, who died of typhoid fever, has been interred with military honors.

BRIEF NOTES.

When peace is declared, says a Washington telegram, the army will be reduced to 125,000.

The Texas has been put in dry dock at the New York navy yard, and was found in fair condition.

The president has directed that the military forces of the Hawaiian Islands to the extent of one battalion may become a part of the volunteer army organizing for Manila.

The Sultan of Turkey is said to be much impressed with the terrible execution of the American naval guns, and has ordered the purchase of similar ones for Turkey.

Gen. Wheeler has sailed from Santiago for home. Troops are also being embarked for the homecoming. Gen. Toral's Spanish troops are also embarking for their trans-Atlantic voyage.

Gen. Leonard Wood, the military governor of Santiago, has forced the retail dealers and butchers of that city to form a tariff for the sale of the necessities of life on a basis that will prohibit extortion.

At Miami, Fla., as the soldiers were embarking on a train to leave the plagued camp, an electrical storm raged, and lightning killed Private Humphrey of the first Texas and Private Gill of the first Louisiana.

Late reports from Manila say that the Spaniards made a fierce attack on the American forces at Malate, in which the Americans had 9 killed and 44 wounded and the Spanish loss was 200 killed and 300 wounded.

Captain Sigsbee, who commanded the Maine when she went into Havana harbor, has been ordered to relieve Captain Philip in command of the Texas. The latter, it is said, will be assigned to shore duty, probably the command of the Mare Island navy yard at San Francisco.

Admiral Cervera, accompanied by his son, Lieut. Cervera, has been permitted a leave of absence from the Annapolis naval academy, where they are retained as prisoners of war, and are visiting some of America's eastern cities. They took in Fort Monroe, Norfolk and New Port News.

DEMONS' DEVILTRY.

Lynching at Tyler.

Palestine, Aug. 8.—Dan Ogg, a colored man, 21 years old, was taken from the jail last night at 11 o'clock and hanged to a tree in the rear of the courthouse yard, and some 20 or 30 shots fired into his body by a mob of some 150 men.

Ogg was accused of an attempted assault on a well-known young lady of Palestine Saturday night by entering her room and attempting to chloroform her. Notwithstanding Sheriff Cook making a brave attempt to save his prisoner, it was of no avail, as the mob seemed a very determined one.

Negro's Horrible Crime.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 8.—The 18-year-old daughter of J. M. C. Howell, a prominent citizen of this county, residing ten miles from Knoxville, was to-night assaulted by a negro brute, who subsequently cut her throat, severed her fingers from her hands and otherwise butchered her body in a terrible manner. The negro made his escape and is now being pursued by police and deputy sheriffs from this city. The entire community is up in arms against the villain and he may be severely dealt with if captured.

Tried to Assault a Girl.

Colmesneil, Tyler Co., Tex., Aug. 7.—A gentleman passing through here to-day from Village Mills reports that a negro attempted to assault a white girl there yesterday afternoon. The child, eluding him and reporting his attempt, the citizens went after him and returning within a few hours gave evasive answers as to whether or not they found the negro. The child is about 14 years old and was out riding, the negro catching her horse and trying to pull her off. It was the impression of the gentleman reporting the occurrence that the negro was caught and killed.

Georgia Lynching.

Griffin, Ga., Aug. 9.—John Needows, a negro who yesterday attempted to assault the 7-year-old daughter of Benson Camp at Carmel, a small place near here, was hanged on the edge of town today and the body riddled with bullets.

And Tennessee, Too.

Ripley, Tenn., Aug. 9.—Saturday morning about 3 o'clock Richard Thurmond, a negro of bad reputation, entered the house of L. D. Hines and attempted to assault his daughter. She screamed and the negro ran. A posse chased him to Middleton, where he was captured last evening and brought to Ripley. He made a full confession and was hanged at 1 o'clock this morning by an orderly crowd of citizens.

GENERAL NOTES.

The Fall River, Mass., cloth mills will not close down, as it was announced was anticipated.

All the big distilleries have organized a trust. Representatives met at Cincinnati and elected officers of the spirits monopoly.

There were five deaths from extreme heat in New York on the 8th—the anniversary of the great wave of 1896, which killed hundreds.

William Counts and his son, desperate outlaws of West Virginia, were killed by lightning. They were credited with a long list of crimes, and had baffled arrest.

The new smelter in Juarez, Mexico, across the Rio Grande from El Paso, has begun operations with 200 car loads of silver and lead ore on hand. It is said to be the largest smelter in Mexico.

At Clarendon, Ark., Mrs. Orr and three negroes have been placed under arrest, charged with being implicated in the murder of the former's husband a few days ago. Mr. Orr was a wealthy merchant.

The Columbian congress, it is said, has decided to deposit \$60,000 of security for the amount due the Cerutti heirs, the Italian subject whose claims against Colombia were referred to President Cleveland as arbiter and by him decided adversely to Columbia, just before his last term expired. It took the presence of Italian warships at Cartagena to bring about the above result.

GREAT COST OF THE WAR.

Total Cost Will Probably Reach One Billion Dollars.

Washington, Aug. 10.—This Spanish affair of ours at an inside estimate will cost the United States \$900,000,000.

The expense may reach the even \$1,000,000,000 notch. The figures are based on the assumption that the volunteer army will be mustered out and paid off as soon as possible after the conclusion of peace arrangements. If the present force is continued any length of time and the navy maintained at its present size the expense will be much heavier than the estimate given.

But as the finance expert who gave the figures said: "What is done concerning the army and navy subsequent to the cutting off of hostilities can not properly be regarded as a Spanish war expense, even though the incentive and reason for altering the respective establishments were the results of war."

The figures herewithin given were furnished by one of the auditing force of the treasury department. They are the sum totals of the various warrants daily drawn on the treasury. They represent eighteen or twenty bureaus and thousands of items. Here are the actual disbursements from the 1st of April to Aug. 1 with the total for the first eight days of August in both departments, war and navy:

War \$81,480,366, navy \$40,750,809; total both army and navy \$122,231,175. This statement above does not comprehend all the expenses for July. These will be included largely in the August expenditures.

As to the general expenses payable in the future in addition to the foregoing the estimate furnished is as follows:

Expenses of the army and navy to date \$120,000,000, expenses probable before mustering out \$250,000,000, state expenses \$12,000,000, war claims \$30,000,000, interest on war debt \$90,000,000, pensions (future) \$350,000,000, industrial losses (soldiers' labor) \$75,000,000; total \$927,000,000.

It might be proper to deduct from the four months' expenses of the army and navy of this year the cost of maintaining the regular establishments in time of peace. April, May, June and July of last year show a cost of cost of \$33,766,900 for the two branches of the government. This would make the extraordinary expenses of this year for the months of hostilities \$88,500,000 in round numbers.

In the matter of casualties the United States fared well. The queen regent of Spain in discussing the probable indemnity the United States would ask is said to have remarked to a minister: "Although we fought them they cannot claim that we killed many of their men." It is strictly true the losses thus far reported are:

Army—Killed, 300; wounded, 1080.

Navy—Killed, 7; wounded, 48.

It is impossible to give the exact figures of the dead and wounded with Shafter's army. The general's partial reports are not concise and no complete report has been made.

WANTED Reliable Agents to handle Acetylene Gas Machines nnn High Grade Specialties. Big money to energetic men. Enclose stamp for particulars. International Acetylene Gas Company, 309 Cockrell Bldg., Dallas, Tex.

Put Your Finger on Your Pulse

You feel the blood rushing along. But what kind of blood? That is the question. Is it pure blood or impure blood? If the blood is impure then you are weak and languid; your appetite is poor and your digestion is weak. You cannot sleep well and the morning finds you unprepared for the work of the day. Your cheeks are pale and your complexion is sallow. You are troubled with pimples, boils, or some eruption of the skin. Why not purify your blood?



It will do it. Take it a few days and then put your finger on your pulse again. You can feel the difference. It is stronger and your circulation better. Send for our book on Impure Blood.

If you are bilious, take Ayer's Pills. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla. They cure constipation also.

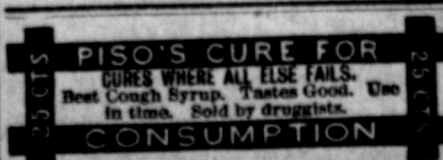
Write to our Doctors. Write them freely all the particulars from our book. You will receive a complete reply, without cost. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Remember the name when you buy again



The Business Training School,

Under the auspices of the SOUTHWESTERN BAPTIST UNIVERSITY stands at the head of the list. Has the endorsement of the banks and business men wherever its students have been employed. COST—Unlimited scholarship, books and stationery, board, and laundry for sixteen weeks, also a part of the car fare paid for One (\$100) Hundred dollars. For testimonials and particulars address, H. C. JAMESON, Jackson, Tenn.



Record Pub. Co., Ready Prints.

Remember the name when you buy again



1898-1899

Work Given Up

Owing to Intense Headaches Caused by Catarrh

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Relief and Restored Sleep and Appetite.

"I had attacks of sick headache which were sometimes so severe I could not rest day or night and had to quit work. The medicines I took relieved me for a time, but when I began work the headaches would return. At the same time I had catarrh in the head and a soreness in the back part of the head nearly all the time, with constant discharge from my nose. I had very little appetite. I saw an advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I made up my mind to try it. After taking a few bottles I felt very much better. I can now sleep all night and can eat heartily three times a day." D. W. WATKINS, Palestine, Texas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. Price, \$1.00 for 30c.

Hood's Pills

are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

Judge Sam J. Hunter, associate justice of the court of civil appeals at Fort Worth, in delivering the annual address before the Texas Bar Association at Galveston, took the ground that the life tenure of the supreme court judges is the one grave danger that confronts the country today. Speaking of the income tax decision of that exalted body he said:

"And, oh, how I prayed for the spirit of that grand old commoner and hero (Andrew Jackson) to fill the executive chair for a little while, when the same imperial, irresponsible body, by a bare majority of one, performed that crowning act of usurpation in the decision of the income tax cases. President Jackson would have collected the tax, after having signed the bill, even at the point of the bayonet. * * * Cleveland here missed the opportunity of his life for proving his democracy and patriotism. But what could have been expected from a man who had been raised to affluence and power by the money of the very millionaires of New York City in whose favor the dangerous decision was rendered?"

Rheumatism Cured and the Goutiness Thrown Away.

I have been afflicted with Inflammatory Rheumatism for two years so that I had to go on crutches, and my feet were broken out in sores. I took three bottles of S. J. S. (St. Joseph's Sarsaparilla) and am now enjoying good health, and feel grateful to you for sending such a great preparation to our country. Taylorsville, Miss. J. D. MOSELY.

This greatest and best of all Blood Purifiers is for sale by the Graham Drug Co. and D. H. Akin.

A millionaire turned preacher is one of the latest surprises which the revolving aspects of American life disclose. The individual who has furnished this spectacle of renunciation to the world rejoices in the name of Anson Phelps Stokes, jr. He is a millionaire in his own right and expects to inherit other millions when wealthy ancestors are gathered to their fathers.



2
CANS OF
B. T. Babbitt's PURE POTASH
IS EQUAL TO

3 of any Other BRAND.

3 Cans of any Other Brands, 25 cts.
2 Cans of B. T. Babbitt's PURE POTASH, 20 cts.
SAVES THE CONSUMER, 5 cts.

INSIST ON HAVING
B. T. BABBITT'S
Pure Potash or Lye.

The Austin correspondent of the Mouston Post says of the populist State convention.

"Another feature of the convention which grated upon the sensibilities of many of the members was Gibbs' declaration that he was in favor of what Marion Williams would call "individual fusion." That is, he was in favor of swapping votes in the dark with anybody who would help the populists win local fights. As the programme was to make a great show of middle of the roadism this declaration by their nominee for governor rattled the brethren to some extent and made them talk a great deal on the side. It aroused their suspicions, which are always ready to take hold of them and caused many to return home with doubts in their minds as to the sincerity of the profession to which they had listened for two days."

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills ease in action and are particularly effective in the cure Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by D. R. Akin & Co. Druggist.

One of the crew of Oregon writing of the destruction of Cervera's fleet says:

During the battle our captain stood on the 13-inch gun turret, with shell flying about his head. His bodyguard tried to persuade him to go inside to his station—that is, behind about 8 inches of steel, where there is a hole for observation. If any one come out where he stood he would say: "Run back, children; I don't want any of you hurt." A person would think that a mother was talking to her children, the way he cautioned the boys, but that is like Capt. Clarke who is very kind and always has a pleasant smile.

The government is moving to decrease the expenses of the war by retiring from active service such vessels of the auxiliary navy as can be spared. The destruction of the Spanish Navy was a paying investment.

FREE! FREE!

ABSOLUTELY FREE.
A Life-Size Portrait!

Having established a branch of our Studio in Dallas, Texas, we will, in order to introduce our excellent work, make free to anybody sending us their photo, a life-size crayon or pastel portrait. Send your photo at once to C. L. MARECHAL ART CO., S. W. Branch, North Tex. Bld'g. Dallas, Texas.

Proclamation By the Governor of the State of Texas.

Whereas, the Twenty-fifth Legislature at its regular biennial session, which convened on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1897, and adjourned on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1897, passed the following Joint Resolution, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution of this State, proposing the following amendment to the Constitution of this State, to-wit:

Joint Resolution to amend Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to authorize the grant of aid to disabled and dependent Confederate soldiers and sailors, and their widows, and to grant aid to the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That Section 51, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

ARTICLE 3.
Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant, or authorize the making of any grant, of public money to any individual, associations or individuals, municipal or other corporations whatsoever; provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors who came to Texas prior to January 1st, 1886, and who are either over sixty years of age, or whose disability is the proximate result of actual service in the Confederate army for a period of at least three months, their widows in indigent circumstances who have never remarried, and who have been bona fide residents of the State of Texas since March 1, 1880, and who were married to such soldier or sailor anterior to March 1, 1866; provided, said aid shall not exceed eight dollars per month; and provided further, that no appropriation shall ever be made for the purpose hereinbefore specified in excess of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year. And also grant aid to the establishment of and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, under such regulations and limitations as may be provided by law; provided, the grant to aid said home shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for any one year; and no inmate of said home shall be entitled to any other aid from the State; and provided further, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent the grant of aid in case of public calamity.

Sec. 2. This amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1898; when those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots, "For the amendment to Section 51, of Article 3, of the State Constitution." Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed upon their ballots, "Against the amendment to Section 51, of Article 3, of the State Constitution."

And whereas, the State Constitution requires the publication of any proposed amendment once a week for four weeks, commencing at least three months before an election, in one weekly newspaper of each county in which such a newspaper may be published:

And whereas, the said Joint Resolution directs that it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1898, which will be the first day of said month:

Now, therefore, I, C. A. Culberson, Governor of the State of Texas, in accordance with the provisions of said Joint Resolution, and by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby issue this my proclamation, ordering that an election as required by said Joint Resolution be held on the day designated therein, to-wit, on Tuesday, the first day of November, A. D. 1898, in the several counties in this State for the adoption or rejection of said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas. Said election shall be held at the several polling places of the election precincts of the several counties of the State, and will be conducted by the officers holding the same in conformity with the laws of this State and in accordance with the provisions of this proclamation.

In Testimony Whereof, I hereunto sign my name and cause the seal of the State to be affixed, at the City of Austin, this 1st day of July, A. D. 1898.

C. A. CULBERSON,
Governor of Texas.
J. W. MADDEN,
Secretary of State.

When you get into a tight place and everything goes against you, and it seems as if you could not hold on a minute longer, never give up then, for that's just the place and time that the tide'll turn.—H. B. Stowe.

Any Person

Who wishes to know the truth in regard to their health should not fail to send for a valuable and new 64-page Booklet which will be sent FREE for a short time to those who mention this paper. This book is published by the celebrated physicians and specialists—Dr. Hathaway & Co., of San Antonio, Texas, whom you should address. Write to-day.

Character is power: it makes friends, creates friends, draws patronage and support, and opens a sure way to wealth, honor and happiness.—J. Hawes.

Don't Neglect Your Liver. Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has advanced, Brown's Iron Bitters will cure it permanently. Strength and vitality always follow its use. For sale by All Dealers.

Proclamation By the Governor of the State of Texas.

Whereas, the Twenty-fifth Legislature, at its regular biennial session, which convened on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1897, and adjourned on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1897, passed the following Joint Resolution, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution of this State, proposing the following amendment to the Constitution of this State, to-wit:

Joint Resolution to amend Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as hereafter to read as follows:

Section 24. The members of the Legislature shall receive from the public treasury such compensation for their services as may from time to time be provided by law, not exceeding five dollars per day for the first one hundred days of each session, and after that not exceeding three dollars per day for the remainder of the session. In addition to the per diem, the members of each house shall be entitled to mileage in going to and returning from the seat of government which mileage shall not exceed five dollars for every twenty-five miles, the distance to be computed by the nearest and most direct route of travel by land, regardless of railways or other routes; and the Comptroller of the State shall prepare and preserve a table of distances to each county seat now or hereafter to be established, and by such table the mileage of each member shall be paid; but no member shall be entitled to mileage for any extra session that may be called within one day after the adjournment of a regular or called session.

Section 2. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for submitting this amendment to the qualified voters of Texas, at the next general election, at which election all voters favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their tickets, "For amendment to Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas," and those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on their tickets, "Against amendment to Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, relating to the compensation of members of the Legislature;" and those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on their tickets, "Against amendment to Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, relating to the compensation of members of the Legislature."

And whereas, the State Constitution requires the publication of any proposed amendment once a week for four weeks, commencing at least three months before an election, in one weekly newspaper of each county in which such a newspaper may be published:

And whereas, the said Joint Resolution directs the Governor to issue his proclamation for the submission of the said Joint Resolution to the qualified electors of the State at the general election to be held on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1898, the same being the 8th day of said month:

Now, therefore, I, C. A. Culberson, Governor of Texas, in accordance with the provisions of said Joint Resolution, and by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby issue this my proclamation, ordering that an election as required by said Joint Resolution be held on the day designated therein, to-wit, on Tuesday the 8th day of November, A. D. 1898, in the several counties of the State, for the adoption or rejection of said proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas. Said election shall be held at the several polling places of the election precincts of the several counties of this State, and will be conducted by the officers holding the same in conformity with the laws of this State and in accordance with the provisions of this proclamation.

In Testimony Whereof, I hereunto sign my name and cause the seal of the State to be affixed at the City of Austin, this 1st day of July, A. D. 1898.

C. A. CULBERSON,
Governor of Texas.
J. W. MADDEN,
Secretary of State.

Old Queen Victoria of Great Britain will be the next world wide character to pass off the stage of human action. She is past eighty years of age.

Weakness manifests itself in the loss of ambition and aching bones. The blood is watery; the tissues are wasting—the door is being opened for disease. A bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters taken in time will restore your strength, soothe your nerves, make your blood rich and red. Do you more good than a special course of medicine. For sale by All Dealers.

BLOOD TELLS.

IF YOU SUFFER FROM
Rheumatism, Scrofula,
Erysipelas, Salt Rheum,
Eczema, Tetter, Neuralgia
And other troubles of a like nature,
It is because your
BLOOD IS IMPURE.



ST. JOSEPH'S SARSAPARILLA
Is the Greatest CLEANSER and PURIFIER of the Age. It performs its work so thoroughly that you will wonder how you got along without it. TRY IT. IT WILL CURE YOU.

Change of Life Passed With Safety.

I write to state my experience with G. F. P. (Gerstle's Female Panacea). The best physicians of our community examined me and said I would have to let nature take its course. I was persuaded by one of your traveling men to try six bottles of G. F. P. for change of life, and can cheerfully say that it has relieved me entirely, and I am now in perfect health, feeling better than in a number of years. This is, beyond doubt, the finest female preparation on earth, and I can highly recommend it to all suffering from the afflictions peculiar to women. I believe it to be a God-send to the suffering class of humanity. I can safely say it will do all that is claimed for it and has no equal.

Mrs. W. A. CHARLES,
White Home, Tenn.
For sale by The Graham Drug Co. and Akin's Drug Stores.

THEIR SUCCESS.

Dr. Hathaway & Co.'s success has become a household word. Why? The answer is simple. They are men with the courage of their convictions. Originators, not imitators. Their methods like themselves, are in harmony with the reason and the times. New and up-to-date. Among the legions of mis-called experts and legitimate specialists they stand to-day with courage in the front rank of respectable professional men as acknowledged originators of the new and now widely adopted method of treating chronic and complicated diseases.

Their reputation rests not on the cheap, transient platform of purchased testimonials, but on a long list of cured patients, visible and known to those of their skill. As physicians of business and social status in the community they practice a complete course of treatment and ultimate cure by the "Hathaway method," and charge, and at prices within the reach of all.

They are regular graduates in medicine from some of the best medical colleges in the world, and hold licenses to practice from different State Boards of Health. They respect their business on a strictly professional basis, promising nothing but what they can fulfill and do not adopt the many tricks and quackeries which many doctors and so-called operators in offering their prescriptions, cheap medicines and pills, in order to obtain a few dollars from their unfortunate victims.

YOUR LIVER

Is Deranged and Causes



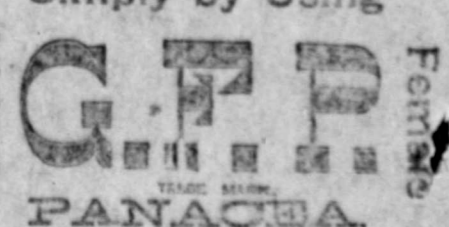
Biliousness, Chills and Fever,
Liver Complaint, Indigestion,
Dropsy, Malarial Troubles, etc.

THIS REMEDY WILL CURE YOU

THE NEW WOMAN!

WHO IS SHE?
She is one who KEEPS HERSELF POSTED ON ALL MODERN DISCOVERIES, and by so doing has relieved herself of all those painful and annoying troubles so prevalent among women at the monthly periods, and is transformed into a "NEW WOMAN."

HOW DID SHE DO IT?
Simply by Using



Gerstle's
G. F. P.
FEMALE
PANACEA.
Which is the Best Remedy for ALL FEMALE IRREGULARITIES. Ever placed in the reach of suffering women, thus enabling them to treat themselves in the privacy of their homes. TRY IT. IT WILL HELP YOU.