

GRAHAM LEADER.

GRAVES, Editor.

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GRAHAM, TEXAS, SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1898.

NO. 43.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. LeGRAND,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.
Office up-stairs in First National Bank Building.

R. R. N. PRICE,
Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician,
—Graham, Texas.—
Calls promptly attend to in town or country
Office at Graham & Co's drug store.

DR. W. MORRIS,
—DENTIST—
Office over Beckham National Bank,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

E. F. LEWIS,
—DENTIST—
Office opposite College building in Crawford addition.
Operative and Mechanical Plate Work
A Specialty.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

DR. M. H. CHISM,
DENTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER,
—Graham, Texas.—
West side of the square, one door south
of Shumaker & Timmons.

J. E. SIMPSON,
LAWYER,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.
Office at Court House.

P. A. MARIN,
LAWYER,
Practice in all courts. Has complete set
of books of Young county and titles.
Office in Court House.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

JOHNSON & AKIN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Graham, Texas.
Will practice in the courts of Young and
adjoining counties. Office west side square.

JOHNSON C. KAY,
—LAWYER—
Office in the Court House.
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

O. E. FINLAY,
—ATTORNEY AT LAW—
(COUNTY JUDGE.)
Graham, Young County, Texas.

W. J. Farley,
BARBER,
West Side Public Square,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

JOHN POHLMANN,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
BOOTS & SHOES,
GRAHAM, TEXAS.

I have a large and complete stock and can fill orders on short notice.
All kinds of repairing neatly done. Prices reasonable. Give me a trial.
Shop west side Public Square.

The Pacific and United States
Express Companies.

Operate more miles of Railway and have a greater number of offices than any other company in the world. Their money order system is the safest and most convenient for sending money. Orders are sold payable everywhere. The Pacific Express Co. operates exclusively the Texas Pacific and Ft. Worth and Denver Ry; have offices at every station on these roads and at Mineral Wells. The only direct line to Ft. Worth and Dallas. The only line delivering between these points and Mineral Wells same day of starting. Office open at Mineral Wells night and day. Goods ordered by this company are not delayed at Mineral Wells, but are forwarded immediately by stage to Graham and intermediate and surroundings. Address C. H. BOWEN, Agent Pacific Exp. Co., Mineral Wells, Texas.

HAVE YOU ANY CASH?

This is a pertinent question, but we want to show you that it is to your interest to have it.

\$3.50 will get you a set of six Cultivator Plows, or if you

Like Economy,

have the old ones pointed, \$1.50 will do it.

We told you the first of the year that we would give more work for the same money than elsewhere in Young county, and its a go.

Tell your neighbor about these prices and save him money too.

Respectfully,

R. L. HENEGAR.

Shop one door East of Brick Stable.

Lower Boggy Valley.

Crops are fine.

J. D. Carr, F. A. and W. L. Tandy and W. C. Wilkinson went to Graham the first of the week on business.

Mrs. C. A. Harmonson and family of Indian Mound, returned home Tuesday from a two weeks visit to relatives here and at Fort Griffin.

Elder Nance of Throckmorton, preached for us Saturday and Sunday.

J. M. Hughes has about recovered from an attack of la grippe. Better stay out of the river, J. M.

The enterprising and aspiring young attorney, Joe Aynesworth, was shaking hands with the "dearly beloved" last week.

Bill and Henry made the usual trip to the town just below here Sunday.

J. W. Proffitt is going to extend the telephone line to Graham soon. That is a move in the right direction.

J. D. Reynolds and son Jim have gone to the plains.

F. A. Tandy visited relatives at the ranch Saturday night.

Miss Etna Wilkinson has finished her school at Miller Bend and returned home.

UNCLE SI.

Impure blood is responsible directly and indirectly for many other diseases. Purify the blood at once with Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. Fifty cents and 50 doses.

Living History.

One of the history teachers of Philadelphia has turned the war excitement to good advantage, according to the School Journal. Her class found the war of the past dull and uninteresting, so the teacher decided to teach the war of the present. She collected all the pictures that could be found in the papers and magazines, and had them pasted in an immense scrap-book labeled "Living History." The boys were required to read up and study the events and things represented by the pictures. They at once developed into a bright and progressive class full of patriotic interest, and with a remarkable knowledge of the situation. They are beginning to realize more fully what the wars of history really meant, and will soon be able to study them with full appreciation.

A Wonderful Discovery.

The last quarter of a century records many wonderful discoveries in medicine, but none that have accomplished more for humanity than that sterling old remedy, Brown's Iron Bitters. It seems to contain the very elements of good health, and neither man, woman or child can take it without deriving the greatest benefit. For sale by All Dealers.

Markley.

The merry singing of the binder is heard.

A much needed shower fell last night.

A young lady is stopping at Will Bethany's. Mother and babe getting along nicely.

Our school closed last Friday with a public entertainment at night. Everybody seemed to enjoy themselves hugely. Archer, Clay and Jack counties were represented. The crowd was estimated at from five to seven hundred.

John Cullers of Clay county, visited his brother here Tuesday. Bro. Thomas filled his appointment here last Lord's day. He baptised two Monday evening.

A. GUMP.

Change of Life Passed With Safety.

I write to state my experience with G. F. P. (Gerstle's Female Panacea). The best physicians of our community examined me and said I would have to let nature take its course. I was persuaded by one of your traveling men to try six bottles of G. F. P. for change of life, and can cheerfully say that it has relieved me entirely, and I am now in perfect health, feeling better than in a number of years. This is, beyond doubt, the finest female preparation on earth, and I can highly recommend it to all suffering from the afflictions peculiar to women. I believe it to be a God-send to the suffering class of humanity. I can safely say it will do all that is claimed for it and has no equal.

MRS. W. A. CHARLES,
White Home, Tenn.
For sale by The Graham Drug Co. and Alkin's Drug Stores.

A THIRD EYE.—The professor of physiology and vertebrate zoology at Cornell University declares that human beings have three eyes. He admits, however, that only two are useful, since the third eye, commonly called the pineal gland, hangs idly in the skull. He insists, however, that it is a true eye and was once used as such.

One hundred and ninety Chicago Hebrews have enlisted in the Illinois national guard and will fight under Col. Pat. McGrath.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of most of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Brown's Iron Bitters. The remarkable cures effected by this famous remedy are sufficient to prove the theory correct. Brown's Iron Bitters are sold by All Dealers.

The year 47 B. C. was the longest year on record. By order of Julius Caesar, it contained 445 days. The additional days were put in to make the seasons conform as near as possible with the solar year.

Farmer Gleanings.

School election Saturday.

A nice little rain fell Tuesday night. Crops are looking fine. Wheat cutting is in progress. Hunt and Casey will run their binder again this year. If the season continues good there will be a good crop of cotton this year. Drum and Bryan will run the gin this year. We notice they are kept very busy putting things in shape.

It seems as if the prospects for a good school here this next year is better than ever before. We think it is about time.

The war talk has about subsided and politics seems to be taking the day. We will say to the many candidates, you had better begin to rustle as the good people of Farmer are talking about ye up this way.

E. A. McDonald and family of the north side Archer county, were visiting in Farmer Saturday night. Come around oftener Mr. Mc., it seems that you don't know us much of late.

Chas. Keen, Herbert and Jim Bell spent Sunday in Archer City.

Mrs. Hillard and children are guests of Mrs. S. M. J. Benson this week.

Our broom man A. E. Oatman and family together with several dozen brooms of his own manufacture started to Bowie this week via Markley, Antelope, Stampeed Springs, Newport and Fruitland. Mr. Oatman will bring a new line of broom material.

Frank Prideaux returned home last Saturday accompanied by his sister, Miss Mary, and his cousin Miss Minnie Prideaux. They were in Farmer shopping Tuesday morning.

Miss Willie Davis, a charming young lady of Archer City, is visiting Mrs. Bell this week.

One of our most enterprising merchants made a flying business trip to Graham Tuesday. W. W. Farmer held down the store during Mr. Casey's absence.

Two enterprising young men of Clay county, have been here this week in the interest of an Arkansas Nursery.

Walter Steen and Louis Herron were in town Tuesday. We learn that Walter has built himself a nice residence north of town in Archer county. The old saying is that when the new cage is built the little bird will take its abode therein to reside with its companion.

Jasper Spencer and family have moved into the residence opposite N. Gegg Hotel. We now have competition in most every line of trade and trade is increasing.

Miss Nellie Prideaux remained at Lot for a few weeks sojourn.

It has been rumored by some of our citizens that Farmer is to have a picnic sometime this summer. As to what kind of a picnic it will be, we are not prepared to say just now. Why can't the Masons have a picnic about the 24th of June.

What is the matter with our mails? We seem to have the poorest mail facilities of any little town around us. What we want and are in the most need of is a line direct from the railroad. It

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

eatily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

would be better could we get our mail from Lacy every day and stop the line from here to Graham. Let us awake up to the matter and work for a change.

DEW DROP.

The cloak on which Wolfe breathed his last, at the capture of Quebec, is one of the curiosities in the British Museum.

Official War Book

by Congressman James Rankin Young. All about War with Spain, the Navy, all defenses, Battle Ships, etc. Portraits and biographies of Dewey and all prominent officers. Nearly 600 pages. Massive volume. Marvelously cheap. Best authorship. Only authentic, official book. Experience not necessary. Any body can sell it. Ladies as successful as gentlemen. We are the largest subscription book firm in America. Write us. Fifty persons are employed in our correspondence department alone, to serve you. Our book is just out. Get agency now and be first in the field. Large 50c. War Map in colors free with book or outfit. Other valuable premiums. Tremendous seller. Biggest money maker ever known. Most liberal terms guaranteed. Agents making \$7.00 to \$28.00 per day. Twenty days credit given. Freight paid. Full book sent prepaid to agents, \$1.45. Splendid sample outfit and full instructions free for nine 2-cent stamps to pay postage. Mention this paper.

MONROE BOOK CO., DEP'T M.
CHICAGO, ILL.

Bismark on the Alliance.

Bismark submitted to an interview the other day, and among many other things he had the following to say about a possible alliance between the United States and England:

"We are accustomed to have Americans and British always recollect that the Teutons are British cousins wherever Deutscher's Michael's powerful fists are useful, but they are much mistaken, both in Birmingham and London, about the German policy, which will never offer Pomeranian soldier's bones to further British purposes.

"British policy is treacherous. English arrogance is proverbial. Great Britain's alliances are worthless, because she may at any time sacrifice a minister. Nor does modesty abound in America, which proclaims the Monroe doctrine, not only in the Atlantic and Pacific, but everywhere without asking the opinion of Europe. The consequence will be a future increase in the American Army and Navy, which has been hitherto abhorred.

"The Sugar Trust's preponderance in American politics may decline if Germany abolishes the premium. The Americans are too practical a nation for a British alliance.

"Spain deserves her fate like Portugal and Denmark."

TEXAS NEWS NOTES.

A new compress is to be built at Greenville to be ready for the next season's business.

A ruling of the treasury department at Washington has made Sabine Pass a sub-port of entry.

At Brenham Chas. Kugadt was not hanged last Friday. He gets a stay of sentence to be tried for lunacy.

Burt, hanged at Austin last Friday, refused to permit the doctors to examine his brain for scientific purposes.

At Uvalde, Capt. Old is organizing a company entirely of Mexicans, who will tender their service to the governor under the second call for volunteers.

At Waco a negro hack driver ran his vehicle over a baby carriage in the street and killed the infant. He was arrested for negligent homicide and fined \$100.

Frank Sabo was shot and killed twelve miles northeast of Bryan. Jesse Ellison, a brother-in-law of Sabo, is charged with the killing. Ellison claims self-defense.

In his last statement, given exclusively to the Austin Statesman, Eugene Burt denies killing his wife and children, but says he succeeded in thoroughly annihilating the man who did commit the crime—but the identity of this man he did not reveal.

The strange, rumbling sound heard in Tacoma has been explained by settlers down from the base of Mount Ranier, who say an avalanche occurred there. The Bowitzer glacier being rent in twain. Acres of snow, ice and rock plunged furiously down the mountain side. No damage was done, as no one lived in the track of the great slide.

Eugene Burt was hanged in the jail at Austin last Friday. He protested his innocence to the last, and his only statement on the scaffold was, "With the exception of the disgrace, this is the happiest moment of my life." The crime for which Burt was hung was the murder of his wife and two babies and throwing their bodies in a cistern, where they were found a week later. This was in July, 1896.

In a fire at Dallas last Friday one man, J. W. Cowan, was caught by the falling walls and burned to death. City Electrician Frazer was badly burned in trying to rescue Mr. Cowan. Several others were injured in trying to render assistance. It is suspected that still another body is under the debris. The fire consumed five large store buildings, and the loss of property is placed at \$250,000. Fairly insured.

At Sherman in the case of Susie E. Toser vs. the estate of Frank McNealey, deceased, transferred from the county to the district court, there was a judgment in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of \$1000. The plaintiff appeared in court with a letter written by the deceased, in which he stated that he considered her (the plaintiff) as a sister, and that as he had just taken out a life insurance policy for \$3000 she could consider herself \$1000 better off. The district court held the letter was a will.

Permanent School Fund.

The following has been given out from the executive office:

To County Judges and County Commissioners: There is now in the state treasury, belonging to the permanent school fund, uninvested, the sum of \$924,283, and the amount is rapidly increasing. If the money now in the treasury were invested at the usual rate of 5 per cent it would yield \$46,214 yearly to help support the public schools, and, consequently, if the fund remains unemployed this large sum in interest will be annually lost to the schools. The condition of affairs is serious, and believing that even under present laws you can materially assist in remedying matters, this letter is addressed to you.

This fund, under existing law, can only be invested in the bonds of the United States, the state of Texas and the several counties in this state. The state board of education is not only confined to these securities in investing this money, but is also required by law to secure county bonds bearing not less than 5 per cent interest per annum, and is forbidden to pay more than par for them. Strenuous efforts were made by me during the last two legislatures to avoid this accumulation of money, but without success, and we must deal with the law as it is.

The principal cause of this extraordinary accumulation is the act of the commissioners courts of the counties refunding bonds held by the school fund and selling the new bonds to other investors. The great demand for these securities speaks highly for the credit of the state, and the efforts of counties to reduce expenses by refunding bonds into those bearing a

lower rate of interest is most commendable. But when refunding the new bonds should be sold to the school fund, so that the interest will be kept in the state and used here to maintain our schools. Generally, county officials have declined to sell the new bonds to the school fund because foreign investors, knowing that the state board of education is limited to a 5 per cent bond at par, bid a small premium for them. This, it is respectfully submitted, is false economy and poor financing. In every instance coming under my observation it can be shown that the small premium paid was far less than the pro rata of the available school fund which would have gone to the county before the maturity of the bonds had they been sold to the school fund.

In the interest of the public schools and in order to keep this large sum of money in circulation among the people, it is earnestly insisted that all county bonds should be submitted to the state board of education for investment in this fund. The question is not only of importance to the county judges and commissioners, but the people generally should take hold of it, so that the school term will not in this manner be shortened and the schools themselves injured and crippled in the end. Very respectfully,
C. A. CULBERSON.

CAPITAL ITEMS.

The Hogue land decision handed down by the supreme court destroys the purpose of the act of the last legislature which appropriated 50,000 acres of public domain for a colored university, for the reason that the decision declares there is no public domain left and therefore none can be appropriated.

BONDS APPROVED.

Knox county.—Court house and jail bonds, \$43,000; refunding same, \$1650.
Mills county.—Courthouse refunding bonds, \$4000.

Decided an Important Case.

Austin, May 31.—The supreme court, Judge T. J. Brown rendering the opinion, decided a most important question in the case styled J. W. Frisbie vs. Leon & H. Blum, from Coke. The question involved was the legal right of the land commissioner to make office forfeitures where interest is past due, which power was given him by the last legislature. The case originated in Coke county and the trial court held the forfeitures were valid, the court of civil appeals, third district, reverses the lower court's decision and the supreme court reverses the appeal court and affirms the lower court.

Judge Brown's decision is quite lengthy, going into all details. He holds that the state when in a business transaction is placed on the same parity with an individual and therefore when payments were in arrears it had the rights of an individual who would rescind the contract under similar conditions, hence the legislature had a right to confer this power.

The purchase was under the act of 1883, but as the doctrine of the court above mentioned is broad, it virtually applies to all prior forfeitures including those of the act of 1881.

Judge Brown also in his decision is very clear on the point when he says: "The word forfeiture is inaptly used in this case, but it is simply a forfeiture of the right to acquire a title—the title not having been acquired to forfeit, as patents are not issued until full payment is made."

This is the first time this question has been presented to the supreme court. Two other cases involving the same question are matter of record, but before a decision was made a compromise was reached. The cases referred to are Island City Savings bank vs. Cuba, and McCarty vs. Cauty. There are between 15,000 and 16,000 forfeitures involved, which represent between 7,000,000 and 8,000,000 acres, all of which are school lands.

The land commissioner has maintained the view taken by the court and ignored the several courts of civil appeals in their decisions to the contrary. The attorney general is also and has been of the opinion held by the court.

Frank Miller, who has been for some time prospecting for coal near San Saba, fell into his shaft, eighty-seven feet deep, breaking his neck.

Several transports conveying 2600 troops are now well on their way to Manila; 5000 more troops are to follow in a few days. And still more later on. Gov. Gen. Merritt is now at San Francisco, and will go with the last installment of troops.

GENERAL NOTES.

At Chickamauga 49 cars of provisions were unloaded, valued at \$295,000.

After eight weeks' idleness the coal miners at Taylorville, Ill., have returned to work.

It is officially announced at Buenos Ayres that 400 tons of wheat are still available for export.

Mrs. George M. Pullman has renounced the terms of her husband's will and chosen her dower right.

Garfield King, a negro, who shot a white boy at Salisbury, Md., was taken from the jail by a mob and hanged.

Lewis W. Hasselman, one time owner of the Indianapolis Journal and Globe-Democrat, died at Indianapolis.

Wm. Van Amburg Sullivan has been appointed by Gov. McLaurin of Mississippi to succeed the late Senator Walthall.

Cuban refugees in New York say the Lafayette carried food to Havana but was not allowed to land the supplies on orders from Washington.

The state supreme court of Missouri has declared the St. Louis police pension law unconstitutional. The court holds that the constitution prohibits the city of St. Louis from "granting public money to or in aid of an individual."

At Charlotte, N. C., Miss Emma Hartsell, of prominent family, was assaulted and then her throat cut from ear to ear. Two negro suspects were arrested and jailed—but later taken out by a mob and hanged and riddled with bullets.

The Republic says: It is understood that the deal for the consolidation of the big tobacco factories in the United States has fallen through. It is claimed that the terms were too low to suit the owners of the plug factories and that all oppositions have been withdrawn.

STATE SCHOOL OF METHODS.

Self-Explanatory Circular Letter as to the Course to be Pursued.

Austin, May 29.—The state school of methods for white teachers will open in Austin June 6, and will close on June 18. The work for this year has been carefully prepared by a faculty of the most efficient teachers in the state and will be of great benefit to the teachers of the state. Every indication points to a large attendance and a successful session.

The University of Texas summer school will open on June 6 and will close July 5. This school offers exceptional opportunities for teachers of the state desiring to take special reviews. The university summer normal school will open June 6 and will close July 5. Most careful preparation has been made for all these educational enterprises, and it is the earnest desire of the management to meet the wishes of every teacher who may be in attendance. Judging from the correspondence in reference to these schools, it is safe to predict a most successful term for each one of them, and it is a great pleasure to be able to offer to the teachers of the state these admirable opportunities for professional improvement.

On July 4 and 5 teachers having attended the university summer normal school and that have state certificates issued not more than a year ago will be admitted to an examination for permanent certificates without the necessity of taking examinations in the elementary branches.

These schools can not undertake to instruct in the elementary branches, but, in order to meet the requirements of a few teachers whose certificates are more than a year old, a special examination will be held for the accommodation of such persons in the subjects prescribed for second grade certificates. This special examination will be held immediately preceding the examination above named. This will in no way affect the school of methods' work or that of the summer normal school, but will be an accommodation to those teachers who have possibly misunderstood the circulars heretofore sent out.

Any teacher interested in the school of methods or the summer normal school of the university or the university summer school will be furnished with a complete outline of exercises and lectures upon application to this department.

The railroads of the state have made liberal rates for these educational meetings, and tickets will be on sale June 4, 5 and 6 at all coupon stations throughout the state. Teachers intending to come to Austin should at once make inquiry of local railway agents about rates.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic



CURES

Chills, Malaria and Biliousness

DELIGHTFUL TO TAKE. WARRANTED.

"NO CURE, NO PAY."

Is just as good for Adults as for Children.

Paris Medicine Co., Galatia, Ill., Nov. 16, 1893.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought 3 gross already this year. In all our experience of 19 years in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic.
Yours Truly,
ABNEY, CARR & CO

PRICE, 50 CENTS.

St. JAMES HOTEL,
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.

The ONLY Hotel in the city having in connection a FIRST CLASS Dining Room and Lunch Counter
Meals 25 Cents. Open Day and Night.
278 MAIN STREET, DALLAS, TEX.
NEAR SANTA FE DEPOT.
W. B. COOK, Mgr.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

Denton, Denton county: Harvesting has begun in Denton county in several places and will soon be in full blast.

Comanche, I. T.: A fine rain fell here, which insures the best small grain crop this country has ever raised.

Marshall, Harrison county: The weather is extremely hot and sultry. Corn is suffering for rain. About one half of the cotton in this county has been worked.

Sherman, Grayson county: From general statements of the farmers of Grayson and adjacent counties it is believed that wheat harvesting will be in progress within a few days.

Gatesville, Coryell County: Harvesting is in full blast. The wheat crop is very good. Oats are rather light on account of the draught. Thrashing will next be on.

Waxahachie, Ellis county: Thrashing machine outfits are being arranged to harvest the big Ellis county wheat crop. This county has been a strict cotton county, but things will be a little changed this year, and would have been more changed had the price of wheat to plant been cheaper.

Wichita Falls, Wichita Co.: Machinery men are getting a hustle on themselves and the streets are crowded with binders, traction engines and thrashers. The big harvest will soon be on and the farmers will be as busy as a hive of bees in swarming time. Wichita will carry the banner again, and house more wheat than any county in the west.

Ringgold, Montague county: The wheat is ripening some and a few will begin to harvest the latter part of this week or the first of next. Wheat will make about half a crop. Oats will make about half a crop without any more rain, but if another good rain comes oats would do better. Corn and cotton are doing nicely.

Dallas, Dallas county: In the Duncanville neighborhood the wheat growers began harvesting last week and several large farmers have begun thrashing. All the reapers and threshers in the country will be kept busy for the next fifteen or twenty days. Hon. James F. Rowland of Richardson said: "Harvesting has begun and the wheat crops the finest ever raised in Dallas county. The yield will surpass all preceding years. The oats crop is very heavy. Corn is look-

ing fairly well, but cotton is backward. Nevertheless, Dallas county will be in it this year. The small grain crop is all that could be desired and I look for plenty of 'corn and cotton.'" Mr. W. P. Cochran of Smith's Hall: "Our people are cutting wheat and oats and the small grain crop is the best ever harvested in Dallas county. My corn is up to my shoulders and I am counting on a big yield. Cotton doesn't look so well."

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Senator Lodge has offered Newland's resolution for the annexation of Hawaii as an amendment to the war revenue bill. The senatorial friends of the annexation now declare that henceforth the two measures must travel together.

Mr. Gorman (dem.) of Maryland has offered in the Senate an amendment to the war revenue bill, which provides for a special excise tax upon all corporations whose gross receipts are more than \$250,000 per annum, of one-half of 1 per cent.

HOUSE.

The senate resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to present a sword of honor to Admiral Dewey and cause to be struck bronze medals commemorating the battle of Manila bay and to distribute them to the officers and men of the Asiatic squadron was passed unanimously with debate.

JOHN DOWELL,

Attorney at Law,

105 W. 9th St. Austin, TEXAS.
Practice in all the State and Federal Courts. Attend to any business in State Department. Business solicited.

W. VON ROSENBERG,
[For forty years in business in Austin.]
LAND AND GENERAL AGENT.

Box 844, AUSTIN, TEXAS.
Land business in all its branches, and any business connected with the Department of the State Government attended to.

ORGANIZERS wanted everywhere to write sick, accident and life benefits. Finest plan to the world. Top contracts given, especially to state managers. Address AMERICAN BENEVOLENT LEGION, Cockrell Building, Dallas, Texas.

MORPHINE Opium, cough habits cured at home. Remedy B. Cure Guaranteed. Endorsed by physicians, ministers and others. Book of particulars, testimonials, etc. Free. Tobacco, the tobacco cure. L. Bee, 1208 G. WILSON CHEMICAL CO., Dublin, Texas.

MOMENTOUS SITUATION.

The United States Has Reached the Turning Point in Its Career.

Washington, May 30.—Henry Norman, editor of the *London Daily Chronicle*, whose letters from this city regarding the Venezuelan boundary dispute attracted such widespread attention, is in Washington as war correspondent of his paper. The following letter of his was cabled to London, and the *Associated Press* was favored with a copy:

"Since my arrival I have sought diligently in all quarters for some outline or suggestion of the policy to be pursued by the United States in the immediate future. The result of the war is a foregone conclusion. Each day's news has, therefore, only an incidental interest. But wholly without intention on the part of the administration the country is rapidly approaching a situation where a decision more momentous than any for a century past must be taken. The result of this decision will affect European nations hardly less than America itself. Upon such matter I have been unwilling to say a word until convinced it was based on solid facts. I have conversed with almost every man, beginning with the highest, whose authority will mold the issue, and with many other friends and new acquaintances, representative of all shades of opinion. The inquiry has been like the search for a needle in a haystack and I have now reached the conclusion that in this particular stack there is no needle at all.

"I mean that neither in the White House nor the state department is there any definite conviction or determination concerning the future directions of the national policy with regard to the disposal of those over-sea possessions over which the American flag will be flying when the war is over. This may sound like a hostile criticism. Nothing is farther from my mind. The United States has drifted steadily towards its new fate. If the *Maine* had not been blown up war would not exist to-day. The neutrality of England forced Admiral Dewey's squadron to sea, and to smash the Spanish Asiatic squadron and seize Manila was his only course. This accomplished, it becomes instantly imperative to send him reinforcements, and these had to be strong enough to defeat twenty Spanish regiments and occupy the principal islands. The same is true of the Atlantic. When war was declared it was believed that the insurgents were capable of taking the field against the Spanish if supplied with arms, ammunition and food. It is now known they are wholly incapable of this, and the military authorities have become deeply averse to any co-operation with the insurgents, holding the view that the American army should act with complete independence, so as to be free to face whatever situation may arise after the Spanish are expelled. To President McKinley alone is due the escape of this country from the fatal blunder of recognizing the insurgents as belligerents, and for this every thinking American to-day is profoundly grateful. Again, there was originally no intention of bombarding or seizing Porto Rico. Admiral Sampson's bombardment was a failure; it should have been sooner and final or not at all. That mistake is not to be repeated, and the second Spanish fleet will not find a base there.

Moreover, nobody could have foreseen the extraordinary change of public opinion after Admiral Dewey's victory. Between April 30 and May 1 a revolution took place. On one day the idea of keeping the Philippines had not occurred to anybody; on the next few people thought of giving them up. Now also it is appreciated that it is impossible to dispose of them to any other power without the gravest complications, while public sentiment is intolerant of the idea of restoring them to Spanish misrule.

Thus in every direction events have moved and the administration has followed. In Ambassador Day's words, it has been a case of the imposition of invisible hands. The moving finger has written and it can not be lured back to "cancel half a line."

The question is, will the United States, when peace is restored, withdraw within its old limits, abide by its old traditions and resist the temptation of empire; or will it accept boldly what fortunes of war have brought and turn its face toward a new destiny? This struggle will be long and bitter.

The opponents of annexation urge that the constitution permits no territory to be incorporated in the union

which can not become a state. It is replied that America must no longer get George Washington to do its thinking for it. It is declared that the country possesses no class of men capable of administering eastern countries, and that these will merely become the prey of professional politicians. The retort is that the necessity of finding such men will compel at least a complete reform of the diplomatic and consular services and thus deprive the politicians of their old spoils. "Why," ask some, "should we entangle ourselves with European powers and enter the far eastern perilous arena?"

"We are already entangled," reply the others, "our interests are equal to those of England in keeping open the vast markets of China and England will be overborne and China seized piecemeal unless we range ourselves alongside her."

It will take a great army and navy, say the objectors. It is perfectly certain, reply the annexationists, that the country has already determined to have a strong navy and an army such that never again shall we be caught in this disgraceful state of unpreparedness. Having these, therefore why should we not use them to advance our material interests and the general civilization? Besides, add the annexationists in conclusion, we are called upon to take a place in the world commensurate with our numbers, our wealth, our strength, our future. Precisely the same counsel of timidity and the same warnings of disaster greeted every old accession of territory, and today nobody would surrender an inch.

In view of this sharp division of opinion it is obvious that the only statesmanlike course of the president is to finish the war first and let the policy take care of itself.

He would be a bold and reckless man who would venture to prophesy the outcome. Still 2500 men have gone to Manila, 5000 are going in ten days and more afterwards, probably until 20,000 are there, and these troops are hardly sent merely to be recalled. Moreover, I have reason to believe it has been decided to enforce only a moderate revenue tariff upon the Philippines, to which American goods will be subject like the goods of other nations, and this is already so great a departure from traditions as to render other departures less surprising. Cuba will be given every chance of freedom, as may well be, she lacks the elements of independence; she must become American. That Porto Rico will be retained I feel sure.

Europe, therefore, needs to envisage a development of American policy which will upset many calculations and possibly radically modify the present balance of power. In all this the relations of England and America are of course vitally concerned, and with these I shall deal in another dispatch.

Preparing to Receive the Boys.

San Francisco, May 28.—The steamer *China*, which stopped at Honolulu on her way from the orient, reports that the people of that city were making great preparations to receive the transport fleet which left this city for Manila and which stops at Honolulu en route. The town was being decorated with flags and bunting and the freedom of the city will be offered to the men on the steamships. The *China* passed the transports *City of Pekin*, *City of Sydney* and *Australia* and reports the three vessels proceeding westerly at great speed with all well on board.

War Notes

Chickamauga again entertains a big volunteer army—45,000 to 50,000.

The "Bough Riders" have left San Antonio for Florida, whence it is supposed they will proceed to Cuba.

By a vote of 24 to 14 the directors of the Omaha exposition voted to keep the gates open on Sunday from 1 to 10 p. m.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, has written a book on the money question. Its title is "Analysis of the Functions of Money."

Eighteen recruits from the Dallas station went to San Francisco for the Philippines. Nearly 50 Texas have gone for service in the East Indies.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn says the government is paying from \$20,000 to \$30,000 a month for transports to take troops to Dewey.

The Universal Peace Union, having offices in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, have been guilty of flying the Spanish flag in their rooms and writing letters of sympathy to the queen regent and Sagasta. The city council has ordered them to vacate.

St. James Hotel, Dallas.

A NEW TREATY TO BE MADE.

United States and Canada Negotiating for a Treaty.

Washington, May 31.—The Canadian negotiations which have been in progress here for the last week were concluded, when an agreement was reached for the creation of a committee which shall consider all the subjects of controversy between the United States and Canada and frame a treaty between the imperial government and the United States for the complete adjustment of their controversies.

The agreement is now to be submitted to the British government for its approval, and when this is given the organization of the commission will be completed. For the present the agreement is confined to one point that the commission shall be created, the time and place for the commission to begin its work being left for future determination.

It is said the first meeting will be held at Quebec, probably during the coming summer. The membership of the commission will be determined by the executive branches of the two governments. The discussions during the last week have proceeded in a manner most satisfactory to all parties concerned, it being stated by those participating that the spirit of good will was marked throughout. The purpose was not to arrive at final conclusions, but rather to pave the way for a commission which could affect these conclusions by complete examination of all the details of the several questions involved. Those include the Behring sea, North Atlantic and lake fisheries, border and immigration, reciprocity, mining regulations in the Klondike and British North American possessions and also the determination of the Alaskan boundary line.

While these were gone over in the conference just closed, it was a preliminary discussion and no final agreement was reached on any of the subjects. The expectation is that the commission will now accomplish this general work of offsetting concessions on one question by equal concessions on other subjects involved. Those participating in the conference were Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador; Sir Louis Davies, Canadian minister of marine; Gen. John W. Foster, special commissioner in charge of Canadian affairs, and Reciprocity Commissioner Kasson. The British ambassador will forward the agreement to the British foreign office, and it is said will be approved by the imperial authorities.

After that the commissioners will be named and the time and place of meeting definitely determined upon.

Reciprocity with France.

Washington, May 31.—The President has issued the following proclamation:

Reciprocity with France—Proclamation: Whereas, pursuant to section 3 of the act of congress approved July 24, 1897, entitled "An act to provide revenue for the government and to encourage the industries of the United States," the government of the United States and of the French republic have in the spirit of amity and with a desire to improve their commercial relations entered into a commercial agreement in which reciprocal and equivalent concessions have been, in the judgment of the president, secured according to the provisions of said section whereby the following articles of commerce, being the products and manufactures of the United States, are to be admitted into France on and after the 1st day of June, 1898, at the minimum rate of duty, not exceeding the rates respectively appearing in the following table, namely:

Canned meats, table fruits, fresh lemons, cedrats and their varieties not mentioned, 15 francs per 100 kilos; mandarin oranges 10, common table grapes 8, apples and pears for the table 2, for cider and sherry 1.50; other fruits, except hot house grapes and fruits, 3; fruits, dried or pressed (excluding raisins), apples and pears for the table, 10, cider and sherry 4; prunes 10; other fruits 5; common woods, logs 0.65; sawed or squared timber, 80 mm. or more in thickness, 1; squared or sawed lumber exceeding 35 mm. and less than 80 mm. in thickness, 1.25; wood sawed 35 mm. or less in thickness, 1.25; paving blocks 1.75, staves 0.75, hoops 40; apples or pears, crushed or cut and dried 1.50; manufactured and prepared pork meats 50, lard and its compound 24.

Therefore in further execution of the provisions of said section it is hereby declared that on and after the 1st day of June, 1898, and during the continuance in force of the agreement aforesaid and until otherwise declared the imposition and collection of the duties heretofore imposed and col-

lected upon the following named articles and products of France by virtue of said act are hereby suspended and in place thereof the duties shall be imposed and collected thereon according to the provisions of said section 3 as follows:

On argols or crude tartar or wine lees, crude, 5 per cent ad valorem; on brandies or other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other materials, \$1.85 per gallon; on paintings in oil or water colors, pastels, pen and ink drawings and statuary, 15 per cent ad valorem.

It is further declared that the rates of duties heretofore imposed and collected on still wines and vermouth and product of France under the provisions of the United States tariff act of 1897 are conditionally suspended and in place thereof shall be imposed and collected on and after June 1 next as follows, namely:

On still wines and vermouth, in casks, 35 cents per gallon, in bottles or jugs, per case of one dozen bottles or jugs containing each not more than one quart and more than one pint or twenty-four bottles or jugs containing each not more than one pint, \$1.25 per case, and any excess beyond those quantities found in such bottles or jugs shall be subject to duty of 4 cents or fractional part thereof, but no separate or additional duty shall be assessed upon the bottles or jugs.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, William McKinley, president of the United States of America, have caused the above modifications of the customs duties of the respective countries to be made public for the information of the citizens of the United States of America.

In testimony whereof, etc.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY,

By the President,
WILLIAM R. DAY, secretary of state

THIRD CALL FOR TROOPS.

Necessities Arising Out of the Invasion of Cuba and Other Points.

Washington, May 30.—A third call for volunteers is likely to be issued within the next two weeks.

Military authorities are convinced that there is to be a demand for troops which can not be met with the force available under present conditions. It is evident that the regular army can not be increased to the desired strength of 62,000, and the war department will consider itself fortunate if the regular army attains a force of 40,000.

Army officers are perplexed as to why men are not willing to enter the regular establishment. The conditions are identical to the volunteer service and the regulars stand a chance of being better cared for, as the system of distributing supplies to regular troops is more nearly perfect than in the volunteer army. No regular term of enlistment has been provided and regulars now entering the army can do so provisionally with the understanding that they need serve only during the war, and certainly no longer than two years.

Despite the fact an army must be retained in the Philippines, Porto Rico and Cuba even after the declaration of peace, those entering the regular army will not be bound to remain for this service after the war.

During the last week it has become obvious that the military forces for invasion and occupation purposes will have to be much larger than was ordinarily expected. A conservative estimate by a competent officer provides: First, for an army of 125,000 for Cuba; second, an army of 60,000 for the Philippines; third, an army of 30,000 for Porto Rico.

Taking into consideration the improbability of augmenting the regular army of 62,000; the disabilities certain to occur in the field and the necessity of maintaining a large reserve force for home defense and to replace those who become ill while away the third call for volunteers is practically certain.

How the necessity for larger invading forces than originally expected has grown is exemplified in the case of Cuba. Originally it was thought that a force of 30,000 men would be sufficient to take Havana and the plan was to land such a body within ten or fifteen miles from that port. Since then Blanco has extended his shore batteries almost forty miles to the east and west of Havana and the American landing forces for that reason must be considerably greater. It has also become obvious that a force should be planted on the southern coast near Cienfuegos to take and hold that town and to form a junction with the troops landed on the north coast. Within the last three days it has also become clear that to do the work thoroughly in Cuba a force of 15,000 or 20,000 must be debarked near Santiago for the purpose of occupying that port and the adjacent country.

TROOPS READY TO SAIL.

Movement to Take Cuba and Porto Rico Has Begun.

Washington, May 31.—The movement on Porto Rico and Santiago has already begun. That much was gleaned from the war department, although a rigid censorship has been established by Secretary Alger. The promptitude of this action is the result of the war council.

Gen. Miles will go to Tampa and direct the movements of the army in person. The war department has thirty-two transports filled with soldiers riding at anchor in Tampa bay.

Some of them have already been started down the Florida coast towards Key West, where they will join Admiral Sampson's fleet.

Each transport contains 1000 men and their equipments.

Sampson's vessels, it is understood, will convey the entire fleet of transports as far as the Windward passage, where ten or twelve will be sent west to Santiago to join Scley's squadron.

The remaining transports will be taken by Sampson within twenty miles of the Porto Rican coast, where they will leave to while the war vessels will promptly proceed to San Juan, reduce the fortifications and make the place ready for the occupation by the American troops.

The stars and stripes will wave over Porto Rico's Morro before the end of the week unless calculations fail.

Sampson, it is estimated, will draw up in battle array before San Juan on Friday. It is assumed that not more than fifty-six hours will be required to reach Porto Rico with the necessary delay to permit the vessels destined for Schley to reach Santiago. One day it is thought would be sufficient to dismantle the San Juan fortifications.

When that is done the landing of troops will be quickly effected and Porto Rico will be ours.

The 10,000 or 12,000 troops destined for Santiago will dislodge the Spanish in the neighborhood of Santiago, gain the hill tops about the harbor and command the situation with siege guns and other artillery forces.

These tactics should have the effect of placing the city of Santiago at the mercy of the American army. This is Gen. Miles' proposition and it finds favor with the president.

Orders Countermanded.

Barcelona, May 30.—The *Numancia* is here, her bulwarks battered, her anchors and chains thick with rust and her paint all gone. Apparently she does not carry a single gun. I am not sure whether she has engines. Beyond a few sentries she certainly has no crew. A small gang of men is hammering, swabbing and painting and fifty marines from Carthage have been ordered here to do work of patching her up.

Though official announcements say that the reserve fleet, including the *Numancia*, is to go to the Philippines, the orders for the 7000 men who were to have gone with it are now definitely countermanded.

Besides the *Numancia*, the cruiser *Cardenal Cisneros* and the *Lepanto*, now just out of dock at Carthage, with the *Dona Maria de Molina*, the *Don Alvar de Bazan* and the *Marquis de la Vittoria* will be included.

Europe Gives Spain No Hope.

London, May 28.—The *Madrid correspondent* of the *Times*, commenting on the "feeling of sadness prevailing in Spain," says:

It is less on account of the ministerial dissensions, which are really serious, than on account of a fuller apprehension of the difficulties of the situation, namely, that it is hopeless to expect any assistance from Europe, even France and Russia being, since Mr. Chamberlain's speech, averse to doing anything to precipitate complications. Spain sees now that she must trust to herself alone in an unequal struggle that can have only one ending.

SCARED NEGROES.

Didn't Vote, Fearing They Would be Sent to War.

Richmond, Va., May 29.—The returns from the municipal election held in this city show that the democrats carried Jackson ward, the great stronghold of the republicans, and which has always been controlled by the negro votes. The reason for this unlooked-for turn in affairs is that the negroes were afraid to vote for fear that the federal government would use the poll books as a list from which to draw recruits for the war with Spain.

The Leader.

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J. W. GRAVES,
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as second class mail matter.

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One copy one year, \$1.00.
Six months, .50.

The Nomination of Sayers will be a Gold Bug Victory.

What the Gold Bugs Think of Him.
Read the following editorial which recently appeared in the Washington Post, the organ of the Cleveland Gold Standard Democrats, so-called, and reproduced in the Dallas News of May 24th, 1898:

"The Texas Democrats are going to nominate Representative Sayers for Governor, and they are showing other evidence of a recovery from the Chicago platform craze."

Sayers has practically lived in Washington for the past fourteen years, and the Post certainly knows his sentiments.

C. R. BOWLIN,
Ch'm Dem. Ex. Com. Tarrant Co.

Dallas had a \$300,000 fire last Friday. It originated in a vacant two story brick on Elm street. J. W. Cowan was burned to death and four others injured.

Some of the States have not yet furnished their quota of troops under the first call, while Texas wants to furnish more than her share.

Edward Bellamy, made famous by the success of his book, "Looking Backward," died at his home in Chicopee Falls, Mass., recently.

Seekers after gold are often disappointed. Seekers after health take Hood's Sarsaparilla and find it meets every expectation.

Admiral Montejó told his sailors before Dewey sailed into the harbor that they would be drinking the waters of Lake Michigan before the summer was passed. Curious how the wicked in all parts of the earth expect to go to Chicago when they die.—St. Louis Republic.

"Favorable war news, reduction in the Bank of England discount rates, easier money and moderate foreign buying resulted in a stronger market today," says the Dallas News' New York special.

Hunt's Cure
Cures all skin diseases in all its various forms. No internal treatment necessary. Failing, money returned to purchaser. Sold by D. R. Akin & Co.

Eugene Burt, the wife and child murderer, was hung at Austin last Friday. He left a written statement which he requested published.

S. P. Evans, the sole editor of the Van Alstyne News, one of the most prominent members of the last legislature, has been renominated by the democracy of Grayson county.

If You Wish to be Well
You must fortify your system against the attacks of disease. Your blood must be kept pure, your stomach and digestive organs in order, your appetite good. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine to build you up, purify and enrich your blood and give you strength. It creates an appetite and gives digestive power.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic, easy to take, easy to operate.

Successful Physicians.
To our readers we wish to recommend Dr. Hathaway & Co., of 299 Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Texas, as being perfectly reliable and remarkably successful in the treatment of chronic diseases. They guarantee to cure where others fail. They never employ traveling doctors. If in need of medical help, you should certainly write them for their expert opinion which you will receive by return mail, free of charge.

War News.

Thursday evening a message came over the phone that Schley had entered the harbor of Santiago and had a fight with the Spanish fleet, and that Spain's loss was heavy. Spain now wants peace. Castillo was officially charged by the Queen before leaving for Paris to obtain peace on such terms as would protect the honor of Spain.

The news we get is very unreliable and few people believe it; but it is highly probable that there has been a fight, but we await further news before we can place much confidence in it.

Mr. E. G. Senter is the author of a red-hot article published in the Bonham Chronicle in which he charges the use of money to buy votes for Sayers in the primaries. He says that from seven to ten thousand dollars was spent in McLennan county to carry the county for Sayers. Mr. Senter was an original Crane man, but now that he is out of the race he is supporting Wynne.

The Wynne boom goes rolling on and gathers force every day.

WEST POINTERS TO THE FRONT.
—Last night the first class of the United States Military Academy at West Point, fifty-nine strong, was graduated in a hurry, by special direction of the War Department, so that the cadets might go to the front to assist in organizing the arm of volunteers. They reported at once at Washington, for duty, a happy, and hardy lot of young officers.

The people are not fooled by the newspaper outcry against the naval board of strategy. They look behind this fiction to the creator of the Board—the chief executive, who is responsible for its existence, and who keeps it in existence to obstruct aggressive action, if Senator Chandler is to be believed, lest Spanish bonds may fall in price.

DISCOVERED BY A WOMAN.
Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Luz." This writes W. C. Hammick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at D. R. Akin & Co's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

YELLOW JAUNDICE CURED.
Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This is to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters; and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured. I now take great pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky." Sold by D. R. Akin & Co., Druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
THE BEST SALVE IN THE WORLD FOR Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by D. R. Akin & Co.

Our Maritime Scouts.

I am asked how the cruiser scouts St. Paul, St. Louis, Yale, Harvard, Minneapolis and Columbia expect to find a Spanish fleet at sea and how they may be able to warn Admiral Sampson of its coming. Each of the vessels named has a given cruising ground between two parallels of latitude and longitude. Just like a scouting party thrown out by an army on land and the great sentinels of the sea, which are able to make twenty-one and twenty-two miles and hour, are expected to pace their beats like patrolmen of police force at regular intervals. If they see evidences of the approach of vessels and they always have lookouts at the topmasts, they run in that direction to inquire. Smoke in the air is the first sign of the approach of a vessel on the ocean, and when the Minneapolis or the St. Louis sees smoke it goes at full speed to get further information. The officers of these vessels were informed before they left port that Admiral Sampson's fleet would be at certain points on certain days, and it is as easy to arrange interviews and meeting places on the ocean as anywhere else. If one of the big scouts should discover the approach of the Cape Verde squadron, for example, it would run at full speed to the spot where Admiral Sampson's battleships were due at noon or daylight next morning, and if the latter should have changed his course for any reason he would leave one of his ships cruising around in that locality to receive the message and give directions.

The Cape Verde fleet can go no faster than its slowest vessel, which is about twelve knots an hour. Our ocean scouts can make from twenty to twenty-two knots, and thus can reach a certain place in almost half the time that the Spaniards could make that distance, so that any one of them would have a considerable time to overhaul Admiral Sampson and give him the information necessary.—Chicago Record.

Rheumatism Cured and the Crutches Thrown Away.
I have been afflicted with Inflammatory Rheumatism for many years so that I had to go on crutches, and my feet were broken out in sores. I took three bottles of S. J. S. (St. Joseph's Sarsaparilla) and am now enjoying good health, and feel grateful to you for sending such a great preparation to our country. Taylorsville, Miss. J. D. MOSELY.
This greatest and best of all Blood Purifiers is for sale by the Graham Drug Co. and D. R. Akin.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL
Cures Catarrh, Nephritis, Headache, Cramp Colic, Diarrhoea, Cuts, Headache, Rheumatism. Good for man and beast. Failing, money refunded. For sale by D. R. Akin & Co.

A TEXAS WONDER.
Hall's Great Discovery.
One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kinds of kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder, in both men and women, regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months treatment, and we will cure any case above mentioned. E. W. HALL, Sale Mfr., P. O. Box 218, Waco. Sold by the Graham Drug Co.

READ THIS.
Weatherford, April 8, 1898.—We the undersigned have used Hall's great discovery for kidney and bladder trouble and cheerfully recommend it.
E. M. Woodward, N. B. Johnson, W. C. McFall, H. S. White, J. C. McConnell.

Rich, Red and Pure Blood can be had by using Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. Only 50 cents per bottle and 50 full doses for an adult.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

MENRY & DOWDLE.

N. E. Corner Public Square.
Keep the best the country affords. Give us a trial.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY.

Having bought out the Millinery Department of the Graham Mercantile Co., and consolidated my stock with the same, I beg to announce that I will be found at the Graham Mercantile Co. Store, where I will be pleased to meet all my old friends and customers.

I have the most beautiful Flowers and the latest Styles of Hats of the season, and the cheapest of any house in town.

Very Respectfully,
Mrs. J. H. STEWART.

A Good Druggist to fill your Prescriptions is as necessary as a good Doctor to write them.

POISONOUS

Drugs you must take because your Physician prescribes them. Your

PRESCRIPTIONS

Calling for poisons like Strychnine, Arsenic, &c., and all other prescriptions as well, will receive the utmost care in our hands, and will be

ACCURATELY FILLED

With the purest DRUGS obtainable. We take a pride in our PRESCRIPTIONS and ask that you give us a trial, and be convinced of the superiority of our work.

AKIN & MATTHEWS.

No trouble to fill night prescriptions as Edgar Matthews rooms in rear of store.

Mississippi Saloon.

MINERAL WELLS, TEXAS.

D. L. GALLEHAR, Prop'r.

The Purest and Best Liquors always in stock. Carefully packed for shipment. Give me a trial.

ORNAMENTAL



CLOTH-COVERED CASKETS.

Also, Metallic Caskets for Shipping Purposes.

Coffins and Caskets in Snow-White, Rosewood, Mahogany, San Domingo Ash, French Burl, Walnut, Oak, and XVI Century Finishes.

All Styles, All Prices, All Sizes, at the Furniture, Crockery & Undertaking House

OF
W. S. McJIMSEY,
Graham, Texas.

E. B. Norman, President. W. D. Craig, Cashier.
R. F. Arnold, First Vice President. J. T. Norman, Ass't. Cashier.
J. B. Norris, Second Vice President.

The Beckham National Bank.

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, 25,000.

BLOOD TELLS.

IF YOU SUFFER FROM

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Neuralgia

And other troubles of a like nature it is because your

BLOOD IS IMPURE.



ST. JOSEPH'S SARSAPARILLA

is the Greatest CLEANSER and PURIFIER of the Age. It performs its work so thoroughly that you will wonder how you got along without it. TRY IT.

IT WILL CURE YOU. it is on the Market Everywhere.

The Well-Bred Jack, PRINCE ALBERT,

Will make the present season one-half his time at my stable, 5 miles N. W. of Graham and one-half at L. C. Blackwood's, and will serve mares at \$7.50 to insure, payable when the fact is ascertained, mare traded or removed from the county. Care taken to prevent accidents, but no responsibility should any occur. In all cases the colt stands good for service. He will be at Blackwood's May 8th, and remain one week.

PRINCE ALBERT is a beautiful dark brown, 14 1-2 hands high, 10 years old. He was sired by Fairview Prince, he by Robert Rains, imported by A. C. Farklin of Sumer county, Tenn. Prince Albert's 1st dam Enterprise Jennett, 2nd dam Black Bess, by imported Castello.

T. A. HIGGINS.

THE LEADER.

Published Weekly by J. W. Graves.

Subscription \$1.00 a Year.

Announcements.

We are authorized to announce the following candidates, subject to the Democratic Primaries:

For Representative of 104th District.

T. H. C. PEERY.
J. A. WOHLFORD.

For District Judge 30th District.

A. H. CARRIGAN.
P. M. STINE.

For Tax Assessor.

G. H. CROZIER.
J. C. CASBURN.

PRESTON BROOKS.
S. H. JAMES.

W. P. BECKHAM.

For County Attorney.

J. E. SIMPSON.
JOS. H. AYNESWORTH.

For County Judge.

O. E. FINLAY.
H. C. WILLIAMS.

For Sheriff.

For District and County Clerk.

CHAS. GAY.
JOE FORD.

For County Treasurer.

J. A. DIXON.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 1.

A. J. WHEAT.

Miss Eddie Burk, who has been attending school here, left Friday for her home at Benbrook.

Bert Farmer has closed out his tin shop and is going to enlist in the army. Several others are talking of going.

For Sale.

Cyclopedia Britannica, 26 large quarto volumes, for sale or trade for good horse 15 1/2 or 16 hands high. The horse must be a good driver. Books cost \$50. New. J. N. JOHNSTON.

Miss Julia Gay, who has been visiting her uncle, Capt. A. T. Gay, returned to her home at Trenton, Tenn., last Monday.

Another Robbery.

Dr. Thompson of Fort Worth, was held up and robbed of a valuable gold watch, \$80 in money and a pistol, Friday night, five miles this side of Mineral Wells by a lone highwayman.

Mrs. J. W. Graves, accompanied by her daughters, Mrs. E. H. Wade and Miss Jessie, and her son Rozwell, left Tuesday Morning for Harrod, Wilbarger county, to visit her daughter, Mrs. B. R. Wagner. They will be gone about two weeks.

We can sell more goods for the money than any house in Graham, and in addition will furnish free a large whiter colored portrait, made from any tintype or photo you may wish. We will also sell you a frame for same at retail wholesale price. Call and see samples now on exhibition in our store.

S. B. STREET & Co.
Cheapest House in Town.

There will be an all day singing at Rocky Meand, near H. W. Devasher's, with dinner on the ground, on the second Sunday in June. Several fine singers have promised to attend. All are cordially invited to come and bring well filled baskets. An enjoyable time is expected.

J. W. Casey, postmaster at Farmer, and wife, were in Graham Tuesday.

Good rains fell in some portions of the county Tuesday night, but it missed Graham a few miles. In the northern portion of the county got a good rain.

Misses Pearl Matthews and Theo Hindmon made the LEADER office, a pleasant call this week.

We would suggest to the city authorities that it would be a good idea to put on an efficient police force, as there are a great many grass widowers in town at this time, and as a rule they are tough citizens.

You have a friend or loved one living or dead of whom you would like a good life size portrait; now is the opportunity to get one free. See samples now on exhibition in our store.

S. B. STREET & Co.,
Cheapest House in Town.

J. L. Vaughan, who has been at work in Jacksboro for some time, came home on a visit to his family this week. He will return to Jacksboro in a few days. He says there is not much building going on and lots of carpenters.

W. H. Farris, of O'Brien county, Tenn., arrived in Graham Wednesday.

Chas. B. Gant returned Wednesday from a trip to Mineral Wells and other points.

Mrs. J. N. Johnston and children are visiting relatives at Corsicana and Whitt this week.

To Our Customers.

Owing to the extreme hard times, the war excitement and uncertainty incident thereto, we are compelled to adopt the cash system in our business. We will sell at the lowest figures for cash only hereafter and we hope to furnish all of our old trade on this basis, but we hereafter positively cannot do a credit business. BIGHAM & CRAIN.

Rev. M. L. McDowell, employed as missionary by the Macedonia Association, recently married Miss Maggie Gamble of Parker county, has located in Graham, and is comfortably domiciled in the Howard house in East Graham.

Dr. Thompson of Fort Worth, was here Thursday, and, assisted by Drs. Gallaher, George and Leroy LeGrand, performed an operation on Mrs. J. B. Crain. She is getting along nicely.

Boarders Wanted.

Apply to Miss Crozier, North Oak Street.

Tournament Picnic.

There will be a picnic on the Clear Fork, near the Kellar place on the first of July. The tournament riding will be at 10 o'clock A. M. Everybody invited. Bring your baskets well filled and have a good time.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Jackson, of Abeline, came in Monday night and Tuesday morning arrested E. W. Johnson, J. D. Short and R. W. Ratliff, charged with selling liquor without revenue license. He left at noon Tuesday with the parties arrested.

The parties arrested waived examination and gave bond in the sum of \$250 each and are on their way home.

M. L. Midyett, postmaster at Lacy, was in Graham Monday.

H. L. Morrison and family, and John Rubenkeonig and family, left Monday on a fishing excursion to the Clear Fork. Will Rothwell is holding down the barber shop during John's absence.

J. R. Harris and P. A. Martin went fishing up Salt Creek Monday night and returned Tuesday morning with the usual fisherman's luck.

The following persons have paid their subscriptions to THE LEADER since our last publication:

J. L. Steen, John Bosworth, M. A. Stewart, Tom Birdwell, John H. Robertson, W. C. Barnum.

To the Democratic Voters of Young County.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Young county met in Graham, May 7th, 1898, and ordered a Primary Election to be held in Young county on the 9th day of July, 1898; at the established voting precincts in said county to nominate candidates for State, District and County offices and elect delegates to attend a county convention, which is ordered to be held in Graham July 18, 1898. Therefore said Primary Election is ordered to be held on the said date (July 9th 1898) and the polls shall be opened by the precinct chairman in all the voting precincts of said Young county, and remain open from 12 o'clock to 6 o'clock P. M., except precinct No. 1, which shall be opened at 8 o'clock, A. M., and close at 6 o'clock P. M. If any chairman of any precinct fails or refuses to open said polls for said primary election; then the democratic voters present shall be authorized to elect a chairman, who shall be vested with full power to hold said primary election.

Each chairman shall select two persons who shall assist him in holding said election. Two poll lists and tally sheets shall be kept; one of each sealed up, together with the ballots, sealed up in a box, shall be delivered by one of the officers holding the election to the chairman of the county democratic executive committee on or before July 16, 1898, and the other preserved by the precinct chairman. On said date said county chairman shall open and count said election returns and the parties receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared the nominee of the party.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

"All persons, who shall be a legal voter in the county of Young, on the 8th day of Nov. 1898, and shall be a democrat and willing to support the ticket nominated, shall be entitled to vote in said primary election."

Democrats of Young county, you are again called upon to select standard bearers of the only political party representing the masses and republican institutions, handed down to us by the patriots of 1776. The Republican party, representing only classes, and not the masses, is the city of refuge for all the comorants, corrupt syndicates, and sordid wealth of this country, who are robbing the people of the fruits of their labor.

There are great questions now being discussed by the American people and must be settled by one or the other of these political parties. If settled by the Republican party we may expect a strong central government, based upon the destruction of republican institutions and sustained by a sordid despotism of wealth, more despotic than any nation recorded in the past history of the world. But if settled by the Democratic party we can hope for the return of that prosperity that made the country rejoice for more than sixty years of Democratic rule, prior to the misrule of the Republican party. Let us not forget that it is our highest privilege and duty to support and sustain our Navy and Army, while battling for humanity against a cruel and treacherous Spanish foe. But it is of equal importance that we guard well our government from all internal enemies, that equal justice may be done to both the rich and poor. Then let me urge you to a diligence that will once again bring success to the Democratic Banner.

A. T. GAY.

Chr'm Ex. Com., Young Co.

To those living in malarial districts

Tutt's Pills are indispensable, they keep the system in perfect order and are an absolute cure for sick headache, indigestion, malaria, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

The ladies of the Methodist Church realized about \$15 from the Ice Cream supper Wednesday night.

Robert Fowler will leave in a few days to join his company—the Wichita Rifles. He will start as soon as he receives his transportation.

There are about twice as many men as Texas' quota of the second call ready for the word.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

B. A. BOTTS CHAPTER No. 167; R. A. M., meets Friday night of or before the full moon of each month. Visiting companions invited to attend.
F. W. GRAVES, R. P.
B. S. DOTY, Sec.

YOUNG COUNTY LODGE No. 485, A. F. & A. M., meets on Saturday night of or before the full moon of each month. A. R. McDONALD, W. M. J. W. AKIN, Sec.

K. O. F. H.

TWIN MOUNTAIN LODGE No. 2202, Knights of Honor, meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in each month.
O. E. FINLAY, Dictator.
J. R. HARRIS, Reporter.

K. O. F. P.

Corinthian Lodge, No. 143, Knights of Pythias, meets in Castle Hall, every Monday night. Visiting Knights invited to attend.
J. T. RICHMAN, C. C.
Jo. W. AKIN, K. of R. & S.

Woodmen of the World.
GLEN McDONALD CAMP, No. 429
W. O. W., meets every Saturday night at K. of P. Hall.
C. G. KING, C. C.
P. A. MARTIN, Clerk.

IF YOU WANT GOOD FRESH GROCERIES At Rock Bottom Prices for Cash, GO TO FORD BROS.

They will sell you Groceries lower than ever sold in Graham. Try them and you will be convinced.

M. H. CHISM, Dentist and Photographer, GRAHAM, TEXAS.

West Side Public Square, First Door South of Shumaker & Timmons.

WILSON BROS., Dealers in Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils Toilet Articles and School SUPPLIES. SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY A SPECIALTY. Farmer, Texas.

We carry a complete line of everything usually found in a First Class Drug Store. Our prices are the lowest. Satisfaction guaranteed.

\$8 to \$15 Saved on Mens Suit

BY BUYING DIRECT FROM E. ROSENBERGER & CO., 202-204 E. 102d St., NEW YORK CITY. The Largest Clothing Manufacturers in America.

OUR GREAT BARGAIN OFFER! \$5 BOYS' ADONIS SUITS FOR \$2.76

with Extra Pants and we Pay Expressage. These suits are guaranteed to be made from Imported Wool Cheviot, in Black, Blue, Grey and Brown, sizes from 3 to 9 years of age. Made up double breasted, with Sailor Collar—Collar fancy embroidered—lined with fast Black Albert Twill Sat so and Patent Waist Bands. Trimming and Workmanship the very best. Sizes for 10 to 15 years, without Sailor Collar. Mention age and if large or small.



When ordering send Post Office Express Money Order or Registered Letters also age at last birthday, and if large or small for his age Money cheerfully refunded if not satisfactory. Send no stamps for samples tape measure, measuring bands etc.

Of the shoes imported into the British colonies, more than 45 per cent. are of American manufacture.

THE New York World,

THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

18 Pages a week. 156 Papers a Year.

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Published Every Alternate Day Except Sunday.

The Thrice-a-Week Edition of The New York World is first among all "weekly" papers in size, frequency of publication, and the freshness, accuracy and variety of its contents. It has all the merits of a great \$6 daily, at the price of a dollar weekly. Its political news is prompt, complete, accurate and impartial as all its readers will testify. It is against the monopolies and for the people.

It prints the news of all the world, having special correspondence from all important news points on the globe. It has brilliant illustrations, stories by great authors, a capital humor page complete markets, departments for the household and women's work and other special departments of unusual interest.

We offer this unequalled newspaper and The Graham Leader, together one year for \$1.00 cash in advance. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

ESTRAYS.

REPORTED BY A. J. Wheat, Com'r Pro. No. 1, and left with J. S. Timmons, one iron gray horse 14 hands high 8 years old, branded A on left shoulder and 8 on left thigh.
CHAS. GAY.
May 12, 1898. C. C. C. Y. C. T.

THE WAR

ASSUMING GREAT PROPORTIONS.

The War a More Gigantic Undertaking Than at First Thought.

A dispatch from Washington to the New York Tribune says:

Another call for volunteers is under consideration by the military authorities, although it may not be issued for at least a week or two, or, at any rate, until the invasion of Cuba has begun and the necessity for additional troops is clearly demonstrated. The difficulties of arming and equipping many of the soldiers already mustered into service are rapidly disappearing, and from the experienced gained in the recent call army officers are satisfied that more than a month will be consumed in mustering in an additional 50,000 men, and that in this time equipments can be prepared for that number. The unexpected and extraordinary drain on the regular and volunteer force by the Philippine expeditions, necessitating at the outset 15,000 men, together with the prospect that Spain will not be influenced by European powers to abandon her futile struggle, but will wage war until her resources are exhausted, is causing the military authorities considerable anxiety regarding the sufficiency of the armed force of the government for carrying out the responsibilities which have been undertaken.

The simple task of freeing Cuba has been increased through the necessities arising in the Philippines and through the probability of being compelled to maintain an army of occupation in Cuba for several years, until the war is beginning to assume tremendous dimensions. If Porto Rico is added to the scales as the Philippines were, the magnitude of American responsibility will be materially increased and further increase of the army will be compulsory. Many public men are beginning to express the conviction that the forces of the United States will be as difficult to withdraw from Cuba as those of England have been for Egypt, although there is no modification up to this time of the resolution to make Cuba a free and autonomous republic and not a mere dependent territorial acquisition.

With regard to the Philippines and Porto Rico, however, a disposition is already manifested to regard them as fruits of victory, and in view of the notorious incapacity of their inhabitants for self government, to take per-

manent possession of them with complete colonial establishments. Eventually they may become in part self governing, but the strong arm of the United States may have to be exerted indefinitely to preserve their peace and prosperity.

The authorized strength of the army a month ago was 25,000 men. It has now been increased to 199,500, and of the latter number 194,500 will be actually under arms and in the field before June 1. Of this increase, by the expansion of the regular service through its reorganization under three battalion formation, 36,000 men have been added, the other portion having been acquired through the call for volunteers and by means of the enlistment of two brigades of immunes and one of engineers. It is already the prevailing belief that the expansion of the regular service, though contemplated only for the duration of the war, would be permanent and that the standing army will never again fall below 85,000. The latter number, in the opinion of General Miles, is essential for the operations in Cuba next summer, although most of the invading force will be necessarily composed of volunteers.

The rapid development of the Cuba invasion project is given as another indication of the forthcoming necessity for additional volunteers. In its inception a month ago the programme contemplated a force of only 5000 men to establish a base of supplies from which the insurgents were to be armed, clothed and fed and their campaign against the Spaniards supported as occasion required. This was based on the presumption that reports regarding the insurgent strength which had been received from American consuls and others for the last two years were accurate, and that the ability of Gen. Gomez to crush the Spaniards and shut them up in the coast cities had not been exaggerated. For nearly two years positive assertions had been numerous that the Cubans, with merely the moral encouragement of the United States through a recognition of belligerency would quickly accomplish their own independence. Within the last month the falsity of these assertions has been demonstrated to the complete satisfaction of the authorities here, and through the reports of the regular army officers who have recently made reconnaissances in the island, it is now definitely known that little or no assistance from the vaunting "armies of liberation" need be expected. On the contrary, the latest information, which is of undoubted trustworthiness, indicates conclusively that had so small a force as at first contemplated been landed in Cuba the rapid concentration of Spanish troops against it would have caused its speedy retreat or resulted in its annihilation.

This radical disillusionment of those enthusiasts who predicted Spanish abandonment of Cuba at the first evidence of a threatening attitude on the part of the United States, in part at least, accounts for the precautions and delays which are now apparent in the preparations for invasion. The numerical strength of the advance guard is now placed at nearly 20,000, and it is probable that no movement will occur until twice that number are equipped and are ready to respond instantly to any call for reinforcements which may be imperatively demanded.

The Suttler System Killed.

Washington, May 29.—Secretary Alger has dealt a death blow to the sutler system, when he issued an order announcing that the government would sell delicacies and extras to soldiers at cost. A great number of persons had applied for this privilege, but Inspector General Breckinridge and Commissary General Egan united in a fight against the system.

The plan to be put in operation is the same followed at regular military garrisons, in the co-operative postoffice exchange, which has worked with so much profit and comfort to the men. The list which has been approved is a long one, including mild drinks of the effervescent quality, canned apples and other fruits, oatmeal, fruit, sauces, smoking and chewing tobacco, proprietary articles such as soap, with articles of utility, such as stationery, thread, pins and buttons.

While the commissary department is giving attention to the physical welfare of troops in the field, their spiritual condition is not to be neglected. The Y. M. C. A. authorities have secured permission to conduct services at military camps, on the march and in the field, and will work in co-operation with the army chaplains. A similar application has already been received from the Salvation Army.

OREGON'S EVENTFUL TRIP.

Spaniards Put Dynamite Bombs in the Coal at Rio.

Key West: The prospect of attack by Spanish warships was not the only deadly peril menacing the battleship Oregon which anchored off Key West after her long journey around the Horn. Dastardly Spanish sympathizers tried to blow up the battleship at Rio Janeiro. While coaling there thirty dynamite bombs were found in the fuel. Some were discovered by the Brazilian guards, others by the Oregon's crew. It was only by a miracle that the ship was saved from an explosion.

The longest voyage ever made by a battleship is the record of the Oregon. Her voyage was a record-breaker—17,499 miles in 81 days. Covering a distance of 2484 knots at an average speed of thirteen knots an hour is still another unequalled record.

A run of 155 knots in ten hours is still another unparalleled record. The officers of the Oregon have also made known the fact that while at Callao they heard of a Spanish plot to blow up their ship if she entered the port of Valparaiso. As a precaution they did not put in at that port.

The Oregon's men slept at their guns all the way from Rio to Florida and were ready for fight at any time. The Oregon has been ordered to the north Atlantic squadron under Admiral Sampson off Havana, as soon as she is provisioned and coaled. She will participate in the bombardment of that city and this will be the reward for the long trip she made around the Horn.

Capt. Clark of the Oregon emphasizes the Nicaragua canal scheme as a growing naval as well as a commercial necessity. He considers the voyage of the Oregon a great object lesson on the necessity of the canal. It is now learned for the first time that the gunboat Marietta and the cruiser Buffalo, formerly the Nictitony, could not keep up with the battleship and had to be left behind off the Brazilian coast. They had already caused the Oregon to lose five days because of the necessarily decreased speed.

Capt. Clark and a number of his officers came ashore on a launch and received a great welcome.

One of the officers said that on the trip north along the South American coast the ship was cleared for action twelve times. The Oregon is in excellent shape and ready for duty at once. Not a man was ill on the entire trip.

The battleship's crew first heard at Bahia, Brazil, of Dewey's great victory at Manila. They cheered their selves hoarse and had a big patriotic celebration.

Second Call for Volunteers.

By the president of the United States. A proclamation:

Whereas, an act of congress was approved on the 25th day of April, 1898, entitled, "An act declaring that war exists between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain," and

Whereas, by an act of congress entitled "An act to provide for temporarily increasing the military establishment of the United States in time of war and for other purposes," approved April 27, 1898, the president is authorized in order to raise a volunteer army, to issue his proclamation calling for volunteers to serve in the army of the United States.

Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, president of the United States, by virtue of the power vested in me by the constitution and the laws and deeming sufficient occasion to exist, have thought fit to call forth and hereby do call forth volunteers to the aggregate number of 75,000 in addition to the volunteers called forth by my proclamation of the 23d day of April in the present year, the same to be apportioned as far as practicable among the several states and territories and the District of Columbia according to population and to serve for two years unless sooner discharged. The proportion of each arm and the details of enlistment and organization will be made known through the war department.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 25th day of May in the year of our Lord 1898 and of the independence of the United States the 122d.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

By the President:
WM. R. DAY, Secretary of State.

Col. J. R. Waties, of Houston, recently made colonel of the Texas cavalry regiment, has been promoted by the president to brigadier general in the volunteer army.

CERVERA BOTTLED.

Spanish Fleet Corked in Santiago Harbor—Schley Has the Screw.

Washington, May 30.—The navy department has received a dispatch from Commodore Schley stating that the Spanish fleet is in the bay of Santiago de Cuba, and that he has seen and recognized the vessels.

POSITIVE ORDERS TO SCHLEY.

Not to Allow Cervera to Escape, But to Capture or Destroy Them.

Washington, May 30.—The invasion of Cuba and Porto Rico will begin at once. Secretary Long has just received a cipher cablegram from Commodore Schley announcing officially that Admiral Cervera is in Santiago with his formidable squadron of four fast armored cruisers the Vizcaya, the Oquendo, Cristobal Colon and the Maria Teresa, and the two torpedo boat destroyers the Pluton and the Furor.

The navigation bureau and the officials immediately began the work of translation. It was a tedious task and consumed fully an hour.

When enough of the message had been deciphered to make it clear that Secretary Long's conviction on the subject had been proven to be correct, the navy department in the neighborhood of the navigation bureau became a blaze of light, and messengers were hastily dispatched to President McKinley, Secretary Long, Secretary Alger and Gen. Miles.

It is understood that Commodore Schley in addition to officially confirming the belief that Cervera's presence cleared up the question which has continually arisen as to why the Spanish squadron had entered Santiago harbor. Cervera, owing to his inability to secure much coal at Martinique and Curacao, and unable to continue this cruise effectively without replenishing his coal bunkers, went into Santiago for the purpose of securing coal.

Within thirty miles of Santiago is the only developed coal mine in the eastern half of the island of Cuba. Cervera when he entered made a requisition upon the military governor for coal, and large detachments of the Spanish army then drove out to the mines hundreds of the Santiago townsfolk. The work of mining was pursued diligently by this impressed force and the coal was carried to the town and delivered to the ships as rapidly as possible.

Cervera now has plenty of coal, but he will have no opportunity to use it. Schley will remain in front of Santiago harbor until he destroys Cervera's squadron.

The department, after translating Commodore Schley's cablegram, wired him instructions to this effect: "Under no circumstances permit Spanish ships to escape. Destroy or capture them."

AFFAIRS IN MAIL.

Trying to Wean Philippine Rebels From their Allegiance.

London, May 30.—The Hong Kong correspondent of the Daily Mail says: United States Consul Williams, who arrived here from Manila on board the United States auxiliary gunboat Zafiro (formerly a British merchant steamer) tells me he does not think Admiral Montojo will be courtmartialled, and adds that he does not think the admiral should be, for he fought bravely. Mr. Williams says also that Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has his men near Cavite in good state of discipline. They are provided with plenty of rifles and ammunition and are expected to do good service for the Americans in attacking Manila. The troops from San Francisco are expected to arrive there in June.

The Spaniards are trying to wean the Philippine rebels from their allegiance to the Americans. Capt. Gen. Augusti sent two priests to Aguinaldo promising all kinds of reforms, including autonomy for the islands, but the insurgent chief declined to negotiate with them, reminding them that the same promises had been made before. Aguinaldo made prisoners of two native deputations from the Manila government. The Spanish are appointing natives governors of provinces.

Sampson at Key West.

New York, May 30.—A special dispatch from Key West says Admiral Sampson has arrived there and may remain during the preparations for the Cuban invasion.

This it is believed will not be more than a few days at the most. Admiral Sampson's fleet is between Havana and Key West with all on board well.

HOLLAND'S SCHEME.

With His Little Submarine Boat Will Enter Santiago Harbor.

New York, May 29.—The Press says: J. J. Holland, builder of the Holland submarine boat, has gone to Washington with Col. C. E. Greecy for the purpose of making an offer to the government which, if accepted, perhaps will solve the problem of how to destroy Cervera's fleet. Mr. Holland will submit his proposition to the secretary of the navy at once. He is willing to undertake to sail his submarine boat into the channel of the narrow entrance to Santiago harbor, destroy the mines planted there and, if necessary, proceed into the harbor and deal a few blows at Cervera's vessels.

Mr. Holland declares that his plan is entirely feasible. The boat is in shape and ready for the work and he will agree, if the secretary of the navy thinks favorably of his proposal, to obtain a crew of volunteers for the work.

All that he will ask of the authorities is the transportation for his vessel and men to Cuba. Once there he agrees to do the rest.

Mr. Holland proposes to take his boat to Santiago, fitting her out and getting everything in readiness under the protection of Commodore Schley's squadron. Then, when the opportunity arrives, probably just at dawn, the Holland will start on its mission. Before it comes within sight of the fortifications which crown on both sides of the entrance it will sink beneath the surface of the water and steal quietly toward the main channel.

When this is reached it will reconnoiter to get the layout of the mine fields and then, withdrawing to a safe distance, discharge one or more of its submarine torpedoes among the mines. This is the regular process known as countermining, which is similarly conducted, but by a vessel above the water, which lays alongside the harbor mines another series, which when exploded opens up the whole school. Mr. Holland believes that by this method the channel into Santiago could be opened without great difficulty. He is prepared, if necessary, after this task has been accomplished, to proceed in his craft underneath the water into the harbor and attempt to blow up one or more of Cervera's battleships. If the navy department has not another plan for disposing of Cervera, Mr. Holland's plan may be considered.

BIG WAR BALLOONS.

Government Will Utilize Aerial Force in Aid of War.

New York, May 29.—The New York Tribune prints the following:

There were shipped to Governor's island from the pier of the French line of steamers two big balloons and equipment which the government has purchased for use in army operations. They were obtained from the French manufacturer of balloons, M. Mallet. M. Mallet is also in this country with Antony Varile, both of them well known aeronauts, and it is likely their services will be secured in connection with the use of the balloons in military operations in Cuba and Porto Rico, and possibly in the Philippines. The plan has been proposed of sending one of the balloons now at Tampa on a suitable vessel of high speed to join Commodore Schley's squadron and to use it in seeing just how the alleged Spanish fleet is hidden away in Santiago harbor. The balloons will be shipped to such points as the officers of the signal service determine.

Prisoners Exchanged.

Washington, May 29.—The state department has received a telegram from Mr. Gollan, the British consul at Havana, stating that the exchange of the correspondents, Messrs Thrall and Jones, for four of the Spanish prisoners captured on the Argonauta had been effected. The telegram was as follows:

"Exchange effected at noon. Maple left immediately."

The prisoners exchanged for the Americans are Col. Cortejo, former commander at Cabanas fortress and understood to be a brother-in-law of Gen. Weyler, Surgeon Major Sincon Garcia Julian and two private soldiers.

More Spies.

Key West, May 30.—Two of the three alleged Spanish spies who tried to dynamite Fort Taylor have been captured and identified by Sergeant Richards. The man who shot Richards is still at liberty.

St. James Hotel, Dallas

Keep Your Youth

If you are young you naturally appear so.

If you are old, why appear so?

Keep young inwardly; we will look after the outwardly.

You need not worry longer about those little streaks of gray; advance agents of age.

Ayer's

Hair

Vigor

will surely restore color to gray hair; and it will also give your hair all the wealth and gloss of early life.

Do not allow the falling of your hair to threaten you longer with baldness. Do not be annoyed with dandruff.

We will send you our book on the Hair and Scalp, free upon request.

Write to the Doctor.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Call at 278 Main Street, The old St. James.

Dyspepsia Made Her a Physical Wreck

Great Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla - Sufferer Throws Down Her Crutches and Finds Herself Able to Do Her Work.

"For a long time I suffered with dyspepsia, and medicines failed to relieve me. Finally I began to break out in sores and became a physical wreck. No one can imagine what I suffered. My friends advised me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, saying they believed it was the best medicine in the world. I began taking it and soon found relief. After taking three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I threw down my crutches and was able to do my work." MRS. CLINTA PARKER, 609 West Washington St., Greenville, Texas. Get only Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the best - in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1; six for \$5. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Awful Consequences.

Reports of starvation and other forms of public misery at Havana suggest a weak point in our highly organized social structure and closely knit industrial system which needs to be strengthened if the civilized world continues to settle its disputes by resorting to war.

Hemmed in by the insurgents on the land side and by our blockade on the sea side, Havana is practically without the means of procuring the commonest necessities of existence. The stores of provisions are about exhausted, with no hope of replenishment until the siege is raised. This means that a city of nearly three hundred thousand population is on the verge of starvation under the very eyes of the richest nation on earth. In addition to that dread possibility, Havana's water supply is now reduced to one small stream, whose volume is inadequate for the most economical use of the water. At the same time the fuel supply which generates the power that lights the city is being rapidly exhausted and soon every street light will be extinguished.

This tells the story of the weak point in our social structure and industrial system. It is possible to impose upon any modern city the terrible condition that now confronts the people at Havana. Suppose, for example, a hostile army should attack St. Louis. If the people of the city were not strong enough to repel the attack and keep the lines of communication with the outside world open, we could be starved into submission just as Havana is now being

starved. If the enemy wanted to make shorter work of the job he could do so by closing the markets and other places of food supply. Perhaps not one in every ten households in the city would have its larders stocked with supplies sufficient for a week. Then the foe could cut off our water supply in a twinkling and every pipe in the big city would be dry. While doing this he could also blow up the gas and electric plants, and we would have neither light for our homes nor power for our street cars.

Investments of cities was always a cause of hardship, but cities are now so populous and so dependent on highly organized systems that investment becomes a prospect of horror to humanity. —St. Louis Republic.

Three Months of Constipation Cured.

I have used and sold St. Joseph's Liver Regulator and find it superior to any other. I sold it to Dr. Isbell, Red Apple, Ala., who prescribed it to one of his patients who had not had a move on his bowels for three months except by injection. In three days after commencing the use of the Regulator his bowels became regular and are so to-day. Dr. Isbell says he would not be without it in his practice. A. CRUTCHFIELD, Sand Mountain, Ala.

This famous Liver Medicine may be found at The Graham Drug Co. and Akin's Drug Stores.

Cheatham's Chill Tonic is peculiarly adapted to persons in enfeebled health and invalids. It assists digestion and is a perfect strengthener and appetizer. Satisfaction or money refunded. Put up in both tasteless and bitter styles. 50-cent size.

A dispatch from New Haven says: "J. M. Sheppard of Texas, won the eighth annual Wayland prize at the Yale law school today, the subject of the discussion being the exemption of church property from taxation." Whether it is sweeping the honors of a law school or harvesting a blue ribbon wheat crop, it is all the same. Texas simply stands at the head. —Dallas News.

In Greenland, potatoes never grow larger than marbles.

The sea coast line of the globe is computed to be about 136,000 miles.

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Ex-Jonny Reb and the Yank.

Chattanooga dispatch to New York Sun: The Rossville road, leading from Chattanooga to Chiechamauga park, was constantly filled to-day with moving troops and journeying sightseers. About noon some dozen or more army officers came riding along the road. Just as they swung into the straight stretch of pike four miles from the city a tall figure confronted them, and, with outstretched arms and hat in hand, asked them to halt. He was obeyed, and, standing before the officers with his six feet and some inches of manhood erect, this bearded man said:

"I used to hate to see you blue devils. I've clim a tree and shot lots of you. I've charged bayonets on you and pulled the trigger that sent many a bullet straight to the mark, but now I'm with you boys and I take off my hat to you. That ain't a man that ever fit in the rebel army that don't know what we can do when we are together, and now we are together. Let's give three cheers for America."

The three cheers were given and the officers shook the old rebel veteran's hand and passed on.

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Free advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.
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How Long Will The War Last.

War on the basis of a peaceful blockade may last until after the next Presidential election; war on Capt. Mahan's plan would be ended in thirty days. In his book entitled, "Interest of the United States in Sea Power," page 192, Capt. Mahan says:

"The assumption of a simple defensive war is ruin. War, once declared, must be waged offensively, aggressively. The enemy must not be fended off, but smitten down. You may then spare him every exaction, relinquish every gain. But till down, he must be struck INCESSANTLY AND REMORSELESSLY."

A month has passed and what has been done to reinforce Dewey.

More than a month has passed, and what has been done toward driving Spain out of Cuba."

Prussia had half a million men on French soil in less than three days after war was declared against France; and in the Austrian war she captured one army of the enemy in eight days after the declaration of war, and six days later, destroyed the Austrian power at Koeniggratz.

The sooner we quit playing Bopeep with Cervera, and waiting for Spain's ships that never come, on the Atlantic seaboard, and get down to the serious business of war, the sooner it will be over.

The war is costing over \$1,000,000 per day; unnecessary delays are expensive. Why not inject a little of Capt. Mahan's elixir in the "Board of Strategy?"—National Intelligencer.

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TIME TABLE.
Leaves Weatherford 10:20 a. m. & 5:50 p. m.
Arrive Mineral Wells 11:42 a. m. & 6:50 p. m.
Leaves Mineral Wells 7:00 a. m. & 1:35 p. m.
Arrives at Weatherford 8:10 a. m. & 2:55 p. m.
SUNDAY ONLY.
Leaves Weatherford 10:20 a. m. & 5:50 p. m.
Arrive Mineral Wells 11:20 a. m. & 6:50 p. m.
Leaves " " 7:10 a. m. & 1:35 p. m.
Arrives at Weatherford 8:45 a. m. & 2:55 p. m.
For further particulars, address, W. U. FORBESS, G. F. & P. A., Weatherford, Texas.

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of men and women which affect the delicate organs and private diseases of all kinds, rheumatism, stricture, varicose, ruptured, female troubles, skin eruptions, ulcers, kidney and urinary diseases, liver and stomach difficulties, liquor, opium and morphine habits, or any chronic disease. Our treatment can be taken at home under our directions or we will pay railroad fare and hotel bill to and from our office in our office for treatment, if we fail to cure. We have the best of financial and professional references and transact our business on a strictly professional basis, promising nothing but what we can fulfill. We do not believe in any of the free prescriptions, free cures, free samples or C.O.D. frauds, but think it is best in the end to be honest with our patients. Write us to-day; don't delay. We have carefully prepared Symptom Blank No. 1, for men; No. 2, for women; No. 3, for skin diseases; No. 4, for catarrh, and new 64 page booklet which we will send free to all who really desire truthful information about their condition. Call or address, DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 225 Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Texas. Mention this paper.

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