

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JULY 3, 1924.

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JAPANESE EXPRESS REGRETS TEARING DOWN U. S. FLAG

Tokio, July 1.—The cutting down of the American flag at the United States embassy here by an unidentified Japanese was discussed in the lower house of the diet today, while it was officially indicated that a special meeting of the cabinet might be called to discuss the affair.

The matter was reported to Premier Kato today during a session of the house of representatives. With Foreign Minister Shidehara and Home Minister Wakasuki, the premier immediately left the chamber for a conference as to what action should be taken. Following the conference a thorough police search for the man who cut down the flag was ordered, together with an investigation into all phases of the affair.

A formal statement of the incident was issued by the foreign office.

"I realize what the American flag means to the American people," Minister Shidehara said in making public the statement, "and we are most regretful that this has happened."

The foreign office statement read:

"A man apparently about 27 years old secretly entered the compound of the United States embassy, stealthily lowered the embassy flag, and then made good his escape. The action was discovered by several policemen dispatched thither in connection with the anti-American demonstrations which had been going on in the city since morning. Chase was given him. The police lost sight of the man they sought after a hot chase for a short distance. Thereupon police authorities took vigorous measures to restore order. A thorough search for the malefactor is being made."

Two suspects were taken into custody late tonight.

Incident Regretted.

"I regret this incident exceedingly," Minister Shidehara told Jefferson Caffery, the American charge d'affaires, when the latter called to report the matter to him. The baron added that the affair was causing the government great worry as well as regret. Premier Kato, he said, had ordered, first the apprehension of the flag cutter at any price, and, second, the most rigorous

THIRD BOY DIES IN WEIMAR WRECK

Weimar, Texas, June 28.—Hugo Blaske, the third brother burned in the auto wreck near here Friday morning, is dead and Ewald Blaske, the cousin, is not expected to live.

All the boys except the driver are said to have been asleep when the wreck happened and the driver is supposed to have dozed. The car struck a guard rail when rounding a curve on the highway near here and burst into flames, burning one boy to death in the auto and seriously burning the other three occupants of the car. The second boy died a short time after the accident and the third several hours later.

police search and investigation. "I hope that no American believes this incident represents the sentiment of any thinking Japanese or has the approval of any member of our intelligent or responsible classes," Baron Shidehara concluded.

The remnants of the flag, now in possession of charge Caffery, show that the flag proper was ripped with a knife from the canvas band whereby it was joined to the halyards. Only one band was left, with a few clinging shreds of the flag itself.

The police have forbidden publication of the news in local newspapers.

The discussion in the house of representatives followed the introducing of an urgent resolution changing the order of the day and permitting an interpellation of the government on the flag incident. Chuji Shimooka, one time vice minister of home affairs, is a leader of the kenzi-kai, the strongest party in this parliament.

LAWYERS ASK FOR REFORM OF COURTS

State Body May Request Change
In Primary Election
Law Also.

Dallas, Tex., July 1.—In approving unanimously two of three reports on the subject of court reform in Texas, the Texas Bar Association at the first day's meeting of its forty-third annual convention at the Adolphus Hotel this afternoon set in motion the machinery for what was declared by speakers to be the means toward actual betterment of the state's judicial system. The next legislature will be asked by the association to enact statutes to correct many of the existing ills of the system of legal procedure, with the supreme court of the state, assisted by a special commission of attorneys, to draft a code of procedure to replace that sought to be repealed in toto, the new system to become effective Sept. 1, 1926.

There was a strong expression in favor of a change in the primary election law to provide for the convention system. This was under consideration when adjournment came this afternoon.

Lockhart Daily Paper Changed Into Weekly.

Lockhart, Texas, July 1.—The daily issue of the Post-Register which was started with the discovery of oil in the Prairie Lea section southwest of Lockhart, has been discontinued and only a weekly paper will be published in Lockhart in the future. The statement of the publishers is that "daily papers published in the nearby larger cities have the bulk of readers, and that the business men do not see the advantage of advertising in a six-day publication in a home paper."

Means Given Two-Year Sentence; Fined \$10,000.

New York, July 2.—Gaston B. Means, former department of justice agent, and Elmer W. Jarnecke, his secretary, who yesterday were convicted of conspiracy to violate the national prohibition law, were sentenced today to federal penitentiary at Atlanta for two years and fined \$10,000 and \$5,000 respectively.

CROCKETT ROADS BEING IMPROVED

The road district No. 3 advisory board, the Crockett road district, recommended to the commissioners' court that Mr. Harry Ellis be placed in charge of construction of lateral roads with his own teams and the road district teams, and the first road upon which any work has been done is the Huntsville road. This road has been graded and put in splendid condition for a distance of about seven miles. The cost of such construction work has been approximately \$2000. Many people are expressing their gratitude to the road district's committee and to the commissioners' court for this splendid work at such a small cost. The road hands are now at work on the Kennard road. This road will be put in splendid condition for seven miles before leaving it. Each lateral road will be worked in the same way as the Huntsville and Kennard roads.

Contracts have been let for the building of bridges with creosoted piling and other material equally as good for the construction of bridges on the Pennington and Kennard roads within this district. The contract will be let for the building of the bridge across the bayou on the Egg and Butter road at once.

When these roads and bridges are completed, Houston county will feel proud of the splendid results obtained at a minimum cost.

Mrs. Virginia Frymier.

The passing of one of Crockett's oldest and most beloved citizens is recorded in the death of Mrs. Virginia Frymier, which occurred at the residence of Judge John Spence in this city Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Frymier had rounded out a most useful life and was nearing her eighty-ninth birthday. Very few are blessed with so long a life of usefulness. Mrs. Frymier had been a resident of Crockett since a young girl. She was born in Tennessee, but had lived in Texas since thirteen years of age. Her maiden name was Virginia Barbee, a sister of Col. N. B. Barbee, one of our oldest fellow townsmen. She was the mother of nine children, six of whom had preceded her to the grave. Her first husband was a Mr. Wall, of whom one grandson is living in San Francisco. Her second husband was the late B. F. Frymier, one of the old-time residents of Crockett, but who died several years ago. Since his death Mrs. Frymier has made her home in Crockett, except for brief visits to her children in Houston and California. She was always happy to claim Crockett as her home and Crockett people as her friends, and she had many friends among our people. She had been a member of the Presbyterian church of this city about fifty-two years, leading a faithful Christian life, although passing through many afflictions.

Mrs. Frymier leaves a daughter, Mrs. Ingham S. Roberts of Houston, and two sons, John and Ben Frymier of Long Beach, Calif. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts of Houston and Mr. John Frymier of Long Beach were among relatives and friends from a distance attending the funeral. She also leaves in Crockett a brother,

Hon. N. B. Barbee, and a half brother, Mr. Abner Keene, and other relatives.

Funeral services were conducted from the residence of Judge John Spence Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock by Rev. S. F. Tenney, who had been the pastor of the deceased for many years. Interment was in Glenwood cemetery immediately following.

FORD AUTOMOBILE OVERTURNS IN DITCH

A Ford automobile, in which five high school girls were riding, left the road and overturned about one mile west from town, on the San Antonio road, Saturday evening. Those in the car were Misses Mary Lansford, driving, Louella Lansford, Marguerite Mangum, Edna Ellis and Bernice McCarty. The young ladies fortunately escaped with minor cuts and bruises. All are reported to be recovering from their injuries.

Double-Header Saturday.

Latexo met the Lone Pine team at the city ball park Saturday afternoon. Lone Pine won by a score of 8 to 3, due to good fielding and effective base running. Latexo could not hit with men on bases. Batteries: Lone Pine, Thompson and G. Burton, Salisbury; Latexo, LeGory and Beard.

The second game was between Union and Shady Grove, Union winning by a score of 16 to 6. The game was full of errors and dragged through to a listless close. Batteries: Union, Caskey and Brumley; Shady Grove, Thornton, Blue, Smith and Buller.

Jap Demonstrations Against Exclusion Opened With Prayer.

Tokio, July 1.—The nationwide demonstration against the American exclusion act, which goes into effect today, opened with mass prayer meetings at all the national Shinto shrines throughout the country. Crowds petitioned the ancient deities to aid the people in this troublous time, when the Japanese race is "insulted" by exclusion from America.

Tokio's principal meeting was at the Heiji shrine. It was attended by thousands of reservists and others. Scores of other anti-American meetings are being held in Tokio today.

All the vernacular newspapers print anti-American cartoons.

School Bond Election At Palestine Carries.

Palestine, Texas, July 1.—An election held here Monday on bonds for building a junior high school and an amendment to the city charter allowing an increase in the school maintenance tax carried by a large majority, the final count showing 894 for and 124 against.

Much interest was evinced in the election. A citizens' campaign committee has been actively at work for the past 60 days making known the pressing needs of the schools.

When the righteous are in authority, the people rejoice: but when the wicked beareth rule, that taketh a city.—Proverbs 29:2.

The average woman has more listening than speaking acquaintances.

EXPERT SAYS OIL RESOURCE OF U. S. NEAR EXHAUSTION

London, July 1.—Sir Richard Redmayne, noted British mining expert, told the international power conference at today's session of that body that the oil resources of the United States would be exhausted in a generation and the coal supply within 2000 years.

The coal of the British empire would be gone within a few centuries, he declared, and attention should be directed to utilizing the potential energy in fuel to the best effect so as to conserve the world supply. A low temperature of carbonization in coal would be an important step in this direction.

O. C. Merrill, executive secretary of the federal power commission of the United States, the general chairman, said the United States was undertaking the greatest water power development in its history, with 10,000,000 horsepower under construction or licensed.

The conference sessions began on Monday with representatives of 39 countries, including a large American delegation present, will continue for a fortnight.

Order of Eastern Star.

Crockett Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, has just closed a most successful two days' session of a school of instruction, which was conducted by our most excellent Grand Worthy Matron, Mrs. Norton B. Wellborn of Somerville, Texas, assisted by Mrs. Belle Tomlinson of Wallis, member of the Grand Examining Board; Mrs. Davidella Rice Holbrook of Galveston, District Deputy Grand Matron of this district. Every chapter in Houston county was represented in the meeting and our local membership turned out in goodly numbers.

The chapter was opened on Monday, June 30, at 3 p. m. and our jovial and happy past worthy matron, Mrs. Josie Austin, in her usual good language, delivered the address of welcome, which was happily and appropriately responded to by Mrs. Nezzie Kennedy, past worthy matron of Grapeland Chapter. Then followed the exemplification of the secret work by the grand officers.

The following chapters were represented: Dallas, Palestine, Conroe, Montgomery and Liberty.

On Tuesday the ladies of the Crockett Chapter served a splendid luncheon to the grand officers and visitors; this was served in the banquet hall of the New Masonic Temple. All in all the meeting was a most profitable one: New enthusiasm was engendered, and we hope that it will permeate every chapter in this county and that every chapter in the county will take on new life, and that our order will grow and prosper.

Respectfully submitted,
Mattie L. Patton,
Sec. Crockett Chapter No. 509.

He that will love life, and see good days, let him refrain his tongue from evil, and his lips that they speak no guile.—1 Peter 3:10.

Just so it is a wedding trip, a woman isn't particular as to the route.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Mrs. Frank Harris is visiting at Laporte.

J. W. McConnell was a Houston visitor this week.

Mr. H. F. Moore returned Wednesday from Battle Creek.

Get your hay ties from Smith-Murchison Hardware Company. It.

Miss Frankie McKinney of Paris is visiting Miss Hilda Burton.

Ice cream supper at Latexo Saturday night by the Methodist ladies. Everybody invited. It.

E. E. Moore has returned from a several weeks' stay at Marlin, much improved in health.

A complete stock of repairs for all field mowers at Smith-Murchison Hardware Company's. It

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Runnels of Center are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Jordan.

Mrs. C. P. O'Bannon is visiting a brother in Glendale, Calif., for the remainder of the summer.

Messrs. F. A. and J. H. Smith of the firm of Smith Bros. are spending a few weeks at Glen Rose.

Misses Hattie Mae and Mittie Violet Baker of Neame, La., are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Geo. H. Denny.

Miss Mary McLean left June 26 for Chicago, where she will attend the Chicago Academy of Fine Arts.

Mrs. Harry Weiss and daughter, Gertrude, of San Angelo are visiting Mrs. Weiss' mother, Mrs. M. Bromberg.

Misses Alyth Brunow and Mildred LaBarge of Palestine were guests of Miss Lucille Jordan for Wednesday night's dance.

Miss Rena Ross Richards of Grapeland and visitor from Conroe were among the guests at Wednesday evening's dance.

Hunter Warfield, who has been employed as a civil engineer at Rio Grande City, is spending a vacation with his parents in this city.

Mrs. Byrde E. Wootters and Mrs. Weldon Craddock returned last week from a two weeks' visit in Waxahachie and a week in Houston.

Misses Lois Barbee and Eslie and Della Barron of Lovelady were guests of Miss Lucia Painter for the dance Wednesday night.

Mr. J. D. Driskell and daughter, Gladys, left Sunday afternoon for San Angelo, where Gladys will remain some time for her health, Mr. Driskell returning to Crockett.

Mr. and Mrs. William Austin of Freeport were guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Austin Wednesday evening.

Miss Elizabeth O'Connell of Palestine was the guest of Mrs. P. D. Austin for Wednesday evening's dance.

Miss Garnett Brown of Conroe, guest of Miss Lucinda Darsey in Grapeland, was among visitors at Wednesday evening's dance, as was also Miss Darsey.

I want any amount of chickens at Lovelady. Bring your chickens on Saturday and receive highest cash prices.

St. V. O. Shropshire.

Married, at the Presbyterian church, June 28, Mr. Charley A. Johnson to Miss Letta Blackman, Rev. S. F. Tenney officiating. The bridegroom and bride are of the Wesley Chapel neighborhood.

C. N. Houston, watchmaker, jeweler and engraver. All kinds of American and Swiss watch repairing, such as wrist watches, stop watches, chronometers. Stone setting, such as air line, Tiffany and beading and mill graining work. Every job goes out finished in good shape. Next to Green Parrot Tea Room. It

Important Notice.

This is to ask that every friend or relative in Houston county, who has unfinished business with R. H. Wootters, to do me the kind favor to notify me by letter and oblige

Mrs. Lucy Smith Wootters, 1417 Main Ave., San Antonio, Texas. 2t.

Big Day at Kennard.

The people of Kennard are going to make a big day of Thursday, July 10, the day of the candidates' speaking at Kennard. The candidates will speak in the morning and finish in the afternoon. A big ball game will also be staged in the afternoon. The dinner will be one of those affairs for which Kennard has become famous. At night the young people (those under sixty) will have a dance, for which special music is now being arranged.

Some Postscripts.

Better eat stale bread than be ill-bred.

Don't forget that an honest man never has to proclaim the fact.

When a man makes up his mind to marry he uses more or less fiction.

An easygoing young man never lingers with his best girl until after midnight.

Crockett Train Schedule.

South Bound.
No. 5, Thru Passenger 1:37AM
No. 3, Local Passenger 9:40AM
No. 1, Sunshine Special 1:50PM
North Bound.
No. 8, Thru Passenger 4:00AM
No. 4, Local Passenger 2:16PM
No. 2, Sunshine Special 4:13PM
Effective April 27, 1924.

CLARK FRIENDS FIGHT McADOO

SPEAKER CHAMP'S ALLIES OUT TO AVENGE LEADER'S MEMORY.

Madison Square Garden, New York, July 1.—When the Missouri delegation left McAdoo today, the friends of the late Champ Clark said the day they had been waiting for since 1912 had arrived.

Next to William Jennings Bryan, Clark's friends always felt, McAdoo had as much as any man to do with the defeat of Clark at the Baltimore convention.

From the opening of the present convention Clark's old followers, led by his son, Bennett, have operated only under one slogan, "Get after McAdoo."

"I don't care whom they nominate so long as they do not McAdoo," Bennett said an hour afterwards as he circulated among delegates. Bennett Clark did all he could to swing the delegation away from McAdoo, beginning with distributing a letter from a supreme court justice attacking McAdoo, charging from the platform that McAdoo money was used. Senator Reed, another old friend of Clark's and bitter enemy of McAdoo aided with a statement from a sick bed. Norman E. Mack, floor manager of Smith's campaign, was jubilant over the defection of the Missouri delegation.

"McAdoo has little or no reserve to throw in now," said Mack, "while we have reserves that have yet to be shown."

The Mack leaders said they would keep up the pounding all day long and through the night to weaken the McAdoo delegations.

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We can fill the prescription to your entire satisfaction. If you don't think so, ask the doctor.

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Elkhart Repeats.

Elkhart won the second game of the series with Madisonville by a score of 11 to 0. Runt Carroll was in the box for Elkhart and only one clean hit was made against him. Laquarta again pitched for Madisonville and errors ruined what would have been a good ball game. Only five base-hits were recorded against the Allen academy left-hander. But two of Elkhart's runs were earned.

Gordon, Elkhart third baseman, played consistent baseball

all through the series. Simpson was the most consistent hitter for the Madisonville team. The entire Elkhart club was working well.

Farm Department Wins Verdict Over Packers.

Chicago, June 28.—The department of agriculture today won its contest for the right to inspect the books and records of the packing companies when Federal Judge Cliffe issued a writ of mandamus directing that all such records be opened to the department inspectors.

SPECIAL VALUES

In Seasonable Goods

- Pure Linen Crash Toweling, per yard 20c
- 36-inch Curtain Scrim, per yard 15c
- White Flaxon in all the wanted stripes and checks, per yard 35c
- Small Towels, each 10c
- 18x36-inch Bath Towels and Linen Finish Crash Towels, the greatest value ever offered—buy them by the dozen—only, per dozen \$1.75
- Ladies' Handkerchiefs, special designs, per dozen 39c

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AMARILLO, THE CROSSROADS OF THE PANHANDLE

A City of Broad Streets, Broad Minded Men and Surrounded by Broad Fields.

By H. E. Bozeman, Publicity Manager, Board of City Development, Amarillo, Texas.

Occasionally, under stimulus of oil, bumper crops or similar sudden expansion in the value of its visible assets, a town springs up like a juniper bush after a rain. And just as the young juniper undoubtedly has the idea that it is to be another Jack the Giant Killer's beanstalk, so do these towns overestimate their potentialities. However, that is nothing against them. The endeavors of the juniper make it a fine, upstanding plant, even if it does not approach the proportions of the wide-spreading oak. Likewise, many of the boom towns, though falling short of their first optimistic goal, nevertheless make themselves of substantial import in the affairs of men.

One such town I know—a town which within two years acquired at least 30,000 inhabitants, which had a motto of "50,000 in 1920," and which frankly expected to be fifth city of the state within two years. In that endeavor it failed—not through lack of gallant spirit, but rather because the resources of the region were not sufficient to sustain such a population. But those resources did prove sufficient to superimpose a lustrous little city upon the site of a ragged hamlet. A permanent growth was achieved, though not upon the scale first envisioned.

Growth of that sort is nothing unusual in Texas. When new sources of wealth are uncovered, men rush in to share it. Materials are assembled to efficiently house and foster the activities of those men. The combination of men and materials forms a city. There is nothing surprising in that.

It is a matter worthy of comment, however, when a community continually and steadily expands in spite of the fact that adversity befalls every resource upon which it is founded. Turning again to Nature for a smile: A city which does that must be a sturdy oak—a plant with far-reaching roots which find mois-



A Vacation Trip Necessity

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Drugs and Jewelry

ture and sustenance where apparently there is none to be had.

In that connection, consider Amarillo.

"Sure," one says. "I know Amarillo; coldest place in the world."

Temporarily waiving argument on that point, it may be said that Amarillo has other claims to prominence. And not least of these claims is the steady and consistent progress she has made within the last three years. In view of the conditions under which that progress has been made, it may be truthfully stated that Amarillo has a strong constitution. Otherwise she would have withered to a shadow, rather than grown more robust with the passing of each day.

Amarillo is now a city of 21,000 people. During the last five years, the cold, exact figures registered in building permits reveal she has expended \$7,494,280 in construction work. A goodly portion of that expenditure to be sure, came during the inflation period of 1919-1920, when there was prosperity and an orgy of building everywhere. Growth during that period is not remarkable.

But it is remarkable that the ensuing depression did not halt Amarillo's forward movement, as is shown by the fact that \$4,269,515 has been spent for buildings in the last three years—\$1,304,630 in 1921; \$1,655,270 in 1922, and \$1,309,615 in 1923. During those three years, 856 residences, 130 business houses and four public buildings have been erected. That the rate is constant is shown by the fact that permits totaling \$496,975 were issued during the first four months of 1924. Also, in the last 64 months, with a monthly average exceeding \$100,000, only ten months have passed the \$200,000 mark. Forty of the 64 months have been above \$100,000, 47 above \$80,000, 53 above \$60,000 and only five below \$40,000. Those five were winter months.

And yet, the last three years have been the most adverse in the history of the Amarillo territory. In no section have natural resources been more "deflated" than on the Plains.

The "return to normalcy" caused the loss of millions of dollars to the cattle industry.

The same thing happened to wheat—chief agricultural crop of the North Panhandle. Harvesting of \$1 wheat, raised under \$3 conditions, dealt the farmers a staggering blow.

Expectations of oil, which stimulated business in 1920, dwindled as gas well after gas well was brought in, but for a time, no oil.

Under those conditions, the superficial observer might well be surprised at Amarillo even holding her own, much less showing a consistent growth. But whether or not he is surprised, the fact remains that Amarillo has with three "hard" years gained 5,000 in population, and by spending nearly \$1,000,000 in public improvements, has laid the foundation for a larger city.

Every phase of community life has been considered in making this outlay.

Amarillo's Municipal Auditorium, costing \$315,000, would be prized by any city.

Her \$200,000 county hospital is the latest word in scientific arrangement and equipment.

Her county library is the only one in the state with its own building.

A \$200,000 high school is among additions to her public school facilities.

A \$200,000 Masonic Temple is being erected.

She now has 16 miles of paved streets, the greater portion laid during the last five years, and five additional miles under contract.

These improvements, together with natural gas as fuel and excellent water and light service, have made Amarillo an ideal residence city, in keeping with its place as commercial capital of the greater Plains region.

As to why Amarillo is that

capital, and why it serenely goes ahead, some few folks may be in doubt. For their information, it may be stated, briefly.

Amarillo is the crossroads of the Panhandle, with seven railway outlets, extending to all parts of the adjacent area. There is no other railroad center within 200 miles in any direction. These railroads, with division point, shop and office payrolls, maintain 1,500 families in Amarillo. The distributing and concentrating facilities they provide have made her the jobbing and manufacturing center for an area as large as the state of Ohio. Ease of accessibility have caused state courts, federal court and other governmental agencies to be located here. As the population of the region increases, greater demands made upon all these facilities have caused Amarillo to grow. Her importance as a distributing center may be gauged by the fact that thirteen nationally known farm implement makers maintain branches here, and in his particular line, Amarillo's business is third largest in the United States. Jobbing and manufacturing during 1923 aggregated \$60,000,000. Amarillo wholesalers maintain 400 salesmen in the field.

For the future, Amarillo sees five definite reasons for growth:

1. The large ranches are being broken up and sold to actual settlers on easy terms. This is bringing a steady influx of immigrants.

2. Cotton has been proven as a commercial crop throughout the Panhandle. Two hundred thousand acres of new land will be planted to this crop during 1924. This will bring a great increase in agricultural returns.

3. The increased farm population will give a market for more wholesalers and more manufacturers. At the same time, employes of these concerns increase the market for poultry and dairy products.

4. Drilling operations during the last few years have outlined the world's largest gas field—largest in area, in production of wells and in length of life—at Amarillo's door. This gas, equivalent in cost to coal at \$1 a ton, together with the transportation facilities and the increasing local market, make Amarillo the log-

ical center of a vast industrial district. Already, because of this gas, the United States Zinc Company has erected a smelter here, shipping the ore from Oklahoma and Missouri. After a year of operation, capacity of this plant was recently doubled.

5. Within this gas area, an oil pool has been tapped. There are now ten producing wells, 25 gas wells and 27 drilling wells, and operations are constantly increasing in number. Two pipe lines are being laid to the field, and plans are in the making to make Amarillo a refinery center in the Southwest similar to Casper, Wyoming, in the Northwest.

These factors make Amarillo a real "city of destiny."

Now about that climate: Amarillo's climate is really delectable. Winter is winter up this way, to be sure, but an invigorating, enjoyable sort of winter, with the thermometer having only a nodding acquaintance with zero. As for the summer, spring and fall, the climate is without a peer. Sunshine is plentiful. The 3,663-foot altitude combines with the sunshine to create a balmy, yet bracing atmosphere. One sleeps under cover every night. Mosquitoes are virtually unknown. Climate is the factor that really rounds out Amarillo's claim to greatness.

No Trifling Here.

The Southern lady saw old Rastus setting out with his fishing tackle for a day on the river, and she deemed it a fitting time to rebuke him for his notorious idleness, since she and everybody else knew that the entire family was supported by the industry of Rastus' old wife as a washerwoman.

"Rastus," she said severely, "do you think it's right to leave your wife hard at work over the washtub while you pass your time fishing?"

"Yassum, ma'am," replied the old darky earnestly. "It's all right. Mah wife don't need any watchin'. She'll wuk jes' as hard as if I wus dah."

A woman's heart-breaks are almost as bad as a man's indigestion.

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Weak Nervous

"I was weak and nervous and run-down," writes Mrs. Edith Sellers, of 466 N. 21st St., East St. Louis, Ill. "I couldn't sleep nights, I was so restless. I felt tired and not in condition to do my work. I would have such pains in my stomach that I was afraid I would get down in bed. . . My mother came to see me and suggested that I use

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E-105

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REPLY TO COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

In the county papers of May 22nd, there appeared an article by the commissioners' court in which they attempted to answer a criticism of that body for their attitude toward the expenses of the county superintendent's office. This statement of the court was in response to a talk made by me at the court house before a meeting of the district school trustees of this county.

It seems that the court, being in such haste to get into print with this matter, never took time to find out just what they were charged with. They began their article with a misstatement of facts. The predecessor of Mrs. Sallas received \$300 from the commissioners' court and \$300 from the county school board. When Mrs. Sallas was installed, the present court refused to pay the \$300 as the former court had been doing. The attorney general was asked for an opinion and he gave that quoted in the statement by the commissioners' court. This opinion was given nearly two years ago and in no way concerned the approval of bills accruing in the county superintendent's office, but a stipulated \$300 the court had been paying to the superintendent's office. Since this opinion was handed down, neither Mrs. Sallas nor any member of the county school board has ever asked the court for the \$300. Just why they would rush into print stating they were being criticised by not allowing the \$300 is more than I can understand.

I did criticize them before a meeting of the district school trustees of the county for not approving the expense bills of the county superintendent's office like they are doing the expense bills of other offices of the county. I stated that the court had the same right so far as the statute was concerned to pay the expense bills of the superintendent's office as they have to pay the expenses of the county judge's, county attorney's or any other office of the county. If they can pay the expenses of other offices of the county without statutory authority, why in the name of common sense can't they exercise the same privilege in paying the expenses of the county superintendent's office? If the court would justify their acts in the case, let them give the statute that authorizes them to pay the expenses of the offices of the county other than that of the county superintendent, or

else give the statute forbidding them to pay anything toward the expenses of the superintendent's office. I have been legally informed that there is no statute covering either case.

Is it right to discriminate against the office of county superintendent and the public school system of the county, thereby forcing the superintendent to pay her own money for the necessities of her office? For the purpose of illustration, I will give one such case. This is the time of year to transfer children from one district to another and there is an official form required in order to make these transfers. A short time ago, Mrs. Sallas had a quantity of these forms printed. The bill was presented to her and she gave her personal check to cover same. I wonder how many people in the county believe this is fair treatment. I don't think there are many who can be convinced that this is right unless there can be found somewhere in the confines of the laws of Texas a statute directly prohibiting the commissioners' court from paying these expenses. Let the court produce that statute. The \$300 paid the superintendent by the county school board will not pay her traveling expenses much less take care of the office expense.

The commissioners' court say they are "heartily in sympathy" with the school movement in the county. I fail to recall one act of the present court that would lead any one to think they are in sympathy with school progress. I can call to memory, however, several acts that cause me to believe the rights and feelings of the county superintendent are of little concern to the court.

I have always disliked the idea of getting into newspaper controversy, but in this case felt it imperative. Some might think after reading the commissioners' statement that Mrs. Sallas has been contending for something to which she was not entitled. Mrs. Sallas did not know that I was going to make that talk to the district trustees of the county. I made it because I thought Mrs. Sallas was not being treated fairly. On Monday before the court's statement appeared in the papers, Mrs. Sallas went before the court and told them that she was not then, neither did she over expect to ask them for one thing any more. After having that statement made to them, they allowed an article published that probably led some to think that she was asking something of the court that would be illegal for them to do. It has never been the desire of the county superintendent nor any member of the county school

board for the court to do anything for the superintendent's office or any other office that would be a violation of any statute.

Hoping that I have presented the facts as I see them in such manner that the public can understand just what has been requested of the court and why I believed it can be done. I am for larger and better schools.

W. H. Tomme,
Member County School Board.

Houston County Boys at Fort Sam Houston.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, June 28.—The applications of Messrs. Sylvan David Childers, Glenn Durham and Burnard Kilpatrick of Ratcliff, Texas, for admittance to the Citizens' Military Training Camp for 1924 have been approved by the commanding general of the Eighth Corps Area.

These young men will be privileged to attend the C. M. T. C. to be held at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, during the month of August, all expenses being paid by the government.

Over eleven hundred applications have been received to date for Fort Sam Houston Camp, and young men desiring to attend should write the C. M. T. C. officer, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, without delay.

The Citizens' Military Training Camp.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, June 28.—The applications of Ray Henderson and William E. Richard of Creek, Texas, for admittance to the Citizens Military Training Camp for 1924 have been approved by the commanding general, Eighth Corps Area.

These young men will be privileged to attend the C. M. T. C. to be held at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, during the month of August, all their expenses being paid by the government.

There Is No Tax On Your Ability to Enjoy Our Service

But it is hard to keep away from it the second time, once you have tried it.

Vacation Suggestions

Thermos Bottles, Sanitary Lunch Kits, Paper Lunch Sets, Tooth Brushes, Tooth Paste and hundreds of other useful articles that you will need while you are away.

Better come in and stock up before you go away. We have what you want, and if we haven't, we'll get it or it can't be found.

B. F. Chamberlain

The *Rexall Store*

Texas Team Retains Title.

Philadelphia, June 28.—L. N. White and Louis Thalheimer of the University of Texas retained their title of national intercollegiate doubles tennis champions today by defeating W. W. Ingraham and Karl Pfaffman of Harvard in the final round of the tournament at the Merion Cricket club. The scores were 6-3, 6-4, 5-7, 6-4.

Semi final round doubles: White and Thalheimer, University of Texas, defeated Phil Bettens and J. E. Chandler, Uni-

versity of California, 6-4, 6-4.

This is the first time that any team won this title for two years in succession, Texas University having won in 1923 with the same players.

Crockett Train Schedule.

South Bound.
No. 5, Thru Passenger 1:37AM
No. 3, Local Passenger 9:40AM
No. 1, Sunshine Special 1:50PM
North Bound.
No. 8, Thru Passenger 4:00AM
No. 4, Local Passenger 2:16PM
No. 2, Sunshine Special 4:13PM
Effective April 27, 1924.

The World Works for You

The manufacturer who makes your shoes is working for you. So is the store that sells you shoes, your grocer, your clothier and every concern or person who makes or sells anything you buy.

Often these people have messages for you. They want to tell you about new goods, new styles, new prices or other new things they think you should know about.

They can't speak to you personally because they have so many customers to serve. So they put their messages in the newspaper in the form of advertisements.

It is to your interest to read the advertisements. They are published for your benefit. They keep you informed as to what these folks are doing for you. They help you buy the right goods at the right time and to make the most of your money.

Moreover, you'll find that business concerns that tell you frankly what they are doing are the most dependable. Stores that advertise are progressive stores that have something real to say to you.

READING THE ADVERTISEMENTS IS BOTH INTERESTING AND PROFITABLE.

The Difference Between Being Satisfied and Being Sorry

Is easily shown by the families who trade here and those who do not.

Those who have become regular customers of our store have found our groceries uniformly good and of the very highest quality. They have found that our prices are no higher than elsewhere.

Those who have not yet given our store a trial do not know the satisfaction that is derived from buying where they can always get what they want and where service comes first.

ARNOLD BROTHERS

Groceries and Feed
Crockett, Texas

BUSINESS MANAGER OF BANNER-PRESS ATTENDS PRESS ASSN.

George Neu, business manager of the Brenham Banner-Press, returned Saturday evening from Amarillo, where he attended the state convention of the Texas Press Association. He gives the following account of his trip:

With the election of A. H. Lucker of Grapeland as president and W. A. Smith of San Saba as vice president and the re-election of the same secretary and treasurer the Texas Press Assn. adjourned Friday at 4:30 and by 6:15 the greater number of the visitors were on their way home. Taken as a whole the meeting was one of the very best that the association has had and those attending learned many things of interest.

Amarillo.

The convention was held in the city of Amarillo in the Panhandle, a city of 26,000 inhabitants. Paved streets, modern buildings and what struck the writer was the splendid appearance of its residences—all seemed spick and span with well kept yards.

In 1900 Amarillo was a cow town with 1,442 inhabitants; today, 24 years afterwards, you would hardly recognize the town.

Three transcontinental railroads, the Santa Fe, the Fort Worth and Denver and the Rock Island, maintain division points and shops here and the Santa Fe maintains its Panhandle general offices here while the Rock Island has its district offices in this city.

A splendid auditorium, sponsored by the American Legion of this city, has just been completed at a cost of \$325,000; the Masonic bodies are building a splendid building at the present time and the Elks occupy a beautiful home on one of the prominent streets of the city.

Natural gas wells producing over 100 million cubic feet of gas a day supply the city with fuel at reasonable rates.

The Trip.

Through the courtesy of the Fort Worth and Denver a special train was run out of Ft. Worth on Tuesday and approximately 150 made the trip.

Wichita Falls was the first stop and here the gang was entertained at dinner by the citizens of that hustling city.

For supper the members were entertained by Fred Haskett of the Childress Index and the citizens of that thriving city.

A short stop was made at Quanah to take aboard our friend Harry Koch, editor of the Quanah Tribune-Chief, and the citizenship of this city put aboard the special ice cream for the ladies and ice cold Budweiser for the men—this was especially appreciated for the run from Wichita Falls to Childress was one of the hottest ever—a hot wind blowing that almost suffocated one.

At Quanah are located two cement plaster mills and one of these the Acme was recently sold to the Certain-teed Products Co. of New York for the sum of eight millions.

At Clarendon a short stop was made to take aboard the president, Sam Brazwell, one of the live wires of the Panhandle.

The Country.

Below the cap rock, called the lower plains, the formation is broken by small hills—the country is given to farming, wheat being the principal crop and during the last few years cotton has been planted extensively. What struck us mostly was the absence of trees—you would see a house standing on the prairie and no trees surrounded the house, nor were to be seen. Above the cap rock (beyond Childress) the country is level and you can see for great distances—it is said that at one place the people can

see the trains pull out of the next city.

The plains proper are said to be underlaid with a vast sheet of water and splendid water can be had at a depth of 60 to 300 feet; the average rainfall is around 21 inches annually.

Heretofore the plains country was a cowman's country, but with the coming of the railroads the farmers followed and today large tracts are producing wheat and during the past three years cotton has been successfully planted on the plains. This year the acreage has been increased and with favorable conditions a large crop is expected.

Entertainment.

You have to hand it to the folks in the Panhandle when it comes to entertaining the stranger. Amarillo welcomed the newspaper folks with a band, cars on hand to take you to the hotel or the home of friends where you stopped. During the entire convention cars were at your disposal and you could go to the Country Club, the Auditorium or take a ride over the wide paved streets of the city—you were made to feel at home.

Wednesday night the Southwestern Bell Telephone company entertained the visitors with a banquet at the Amarillo hotel and on Friday at noon the Board of City Development of the city of Amarillo entertained with a most elaborate affair. The tables were beautifully decorated with ferns, and a sumptuous banquet was served in five courses, the menu including many delicious dishes.

Swimming parties and dances for the younger ones, pink teas for the ladies and various other entertainments were provided, and each and everyone had the opportunity of taking one or all in.

On Thursday the entire bunch went to the Palo Duro Canyon, situated on the ranch of Mr. Henry Harding, and enjoyed a splendid barbecue of White Faced Herefords, which was served by our host Harding, together with pickles, bread, coffee, and sauce.

The Canyon is one of the beauty spots of Texas, about 60 miles long and 15 miles wide; you wind down into the canyon over a road that Mr. Harding has had constructed, here going up a sharp incline, there bearing around a sharp turn, yonder passing by a flowing stream and here again you pass through a row of trees. Soon you are surprised to see a beautiful waterfall. The car runs on and you see to the right and left towering rocks, majestic in their splendor, here and there a cave but everywhere a natural beauty.

After enjoying the barbecue the crowd again piled into the waiting automobiles and went a few miles further to the Devil's Kitchen a natural cave made by the erosion of water and which was large enough to hold the 300 some odd people that were there and with room to spare.

A natural spring furnished cool water for all in this natural amphitheatre, an open air meeting was held that will long be remembered by those present. To preserve this spot by the creation of a state park would be but to preserve for future generations one of the natural beauty spots of the state. People do not have to go to Colorado and California to see beautiful sights—they are right here in Texas and this Palo Duro Canyon is one of these.

From the canyon we went to Canyon City, the seat of the Panhandle Normal College. A splendid building 350 feet long and 150 feet wide, said to be the largest of any state school, takes care of all the needs of the school at present, but already signs of cramped quarters are being felt for there are at present 1500 students there. Dr. J. A. Hill is president of this school, the West Texas State Teachers' college, and his work here is of a high order.

The visitors were entertained

Nurses Carry Health Education Into Thousands of Workers' Homes; Aid Babes and Young Mothers



To the young mother the tiny new baby is like a piece of bric-a-brac. She is afraid to handle it for fear she might break it. The first bath is such a fearsome ordeal that it has become customary for the nurse who administers the pre-natal care to come and give the little stranger his first good washing.

Education of this sort is part of the work of a visiting nurse. The aid given sufferers of any sort must always be a demonstration as well, so that members of the family may continue the care.

The nursing service of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company reaches 3,955 towns and cities in every state in the union and every province in Canada. In the two winter months of this year nurses made 424,986 calls at 109,395 separate homes. The nurses in more remote sections lead the life

of the circuit rider travelling in their flyovers over almost impassable roads and often going on horse-back or on foot through wild country to reach their destination. It requires dogged determination and physical strength to be enlisted in the service and sometimes on the outskirts of large cities the nurse will spend precious hours tramping through the mud to find a shack which is on no street and has no number.

The account is endless of the sickness and suffering caused by the ignorance of people of the poorer class and especially foreigners. One woman with five children had neglected an infected finger. The nurse summoned by the agent struggled through fields of mud only to find that the woman was sure it was nothing serious. The nurse insisted that a doctor be summoned, but the woman did not want to spend the

money. When the doctor finally came he lanced it at once and declared that it was only just in time to prevent the loss of the hand if not the woman's life.

Most of the women are eager to learn so that they may give their children the best possible treatment. One young mother, with four small youngsters, the oldest of which was four years, was especially clean and careful, but measles invaded the home. The three oldest children had it, but the nurse said the baby needn't get it if the mother would take proper precautions. This woman's day was not so full but that she could find time to follow instructions to the letter; changing her apron every time she tended the baby, keeping him isolated in a separate room, boiling everything, omitting no smallest detail. Eternal vigilance was the price of success and the baby escaped.

here with a plate lunch and it is but fair to give a word of recognition for the splendid manner in which this was served. The visitors were seated on a splendid lawn and then the girls of the school appeared, each carrying two plates of lunch, containing salad, meats and cake, others

followed with iced tea which was handed to the visitors and within less than ten minutes everyone was served. After the luncheon a short program was given by the physical training class of the school. Every where was found that whole-souled hospitality that West Texas is so noted for.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued last week: J. W. Collins and Lola Laird. T. H. Pitner and Bonnie Mae Woodward. Herbert Denby and Catharine Wright. Charley A. Johnson and Miss Letha Blackman.

=COLORADO=

Round Trip Fares

CROCKETT
TO
COLORADO SPRINGS

\$46.⁶⁵

TO
DENVER

\$50.¹⁵

TO
YELLOWSTONE PARK

\$79.⁷⁰

Free Booklets

Ask or write for free booklet, "Scenic Colorado & Utah," "Rocky Mountain National-Estes Park," "Yellowstone Park," or "Glacier Park." Complete information, fully illustrated, maps.

THE DENVER ROAD

Follows the Rocky Mountains
for 1500 Miles

OIL BURNING LOCOMOTIVES

NO SMOKE

NO CINDERS

A vacation you can afford

Colorado is near to you—and so the cost of a vacation in this fascinating Skyland is so low that it will surprise you.

Thousands every year spend large sums of money and considerable time to visit this famous "Playground of the Nation." But you can reach it quickly and easily, and at minimum cost. You can easily afford to vacation in Colorado and take the family with you.

Take the Denver Road to Colorado's wonderland of snow-capped peaks, flower-flooded valleys, and charming mountain retreats. It is the quick, direct route. It takes you at once into high, cool altitudes. Then it follows the Rockies for 1500 wonderful miles.

Of these 1500 miles you may include in your trip as much or little as you desire. You may elect to remain in Colorado or you may go on, if you wish, to Yellowstone or Glacier Parks. Via the Denver Route you can arrange your trip to suit your time and vacation allowance.

Special low summer tourist fares and summer train service are now in effect. Through sleepers from New Orleans, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Dallas, Fort Worth and Intermediate points. Excellent dining car service for all meals. Call on me or write me for further information. Let us help you plan your trip this summer. No obligation whatever.

W. F. STERLEY

General Freight and Passenger Agent
FORT WORTH, TEXAS

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 10c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

THE TRAINMAN'S SIDE.

In a recent article by Engineer George W. Butler, which appeared in the Ennis News, the trainman's side is stated.

Mr. Butler writes:

"Not a day passes but what I narrowly avert a crossing accident, and the strain is telling on my nerves, just as it is on the nerves of every engineer who operates a passenger run. People driving automobiles are growing more and more reckless; disregarding more and more the various warnings erected at heavy expense by the railroads, and the only reason there are not more accidents, is due to the fact that we often, at the risk of the limbs and lives of our passengers, throw our brakes into emergency, thus giving a reckless driver the one or two more seconds needed to cross ahead of the rapid moving locomotive.

"Only a few days ago between Ennis and Dallas an automobile was running on a road parallel with the track. Shortly ahead was a crossing. I sounded the crossing whistle three times for this point, and was sure that the driver was aware of the approaching train, but just before I reached the crossing he suddenly turned and passed just in front of the engine, clearing about twelve inches, this being made possible by brakes being applied when I realized his foolish intentions. This may have been a lark for him, or he did not realize that he did not beat the engine, but that the engineer cheated the grave of a victim, and suffered a shock to his nerves that he did not recover from during the entire trip.

"A few days after this event a Ford car occupied by a man and a woman started across the track ahead of my engine, and for some reason killed the engine on the track. In this case I had more space, and when I saw the car stop, divining instantly that something was wrong, I applied brakes. The man remained seated in the car apparently horror-stricken, but the woman, with rare presence of mind, leaped from the car and shoved it, with the man in it, off the track.

"Only recently in a city on our line I was run into by a car containing three people, which approached the track at a speed of about thirty miles per hour, and it was only due to the slow speed of my train that there were no casualties, as the car struck the front of engine, careened ahead and upturned in front of the engine. I had already taken steps to stop the train, and the pilot was against the car when the engine came to a stop.

"These are only a few of the many instances that occur on my run, and it is being enacted on every other run all over the United States and despite the caution that we are taught to exercise, and the slogan that is being eternally preached to us to 'avoid crossing accidents' we alone cannot do it, the public must assist us. The entire burden of preventing these accidents seems to be on our shoulder-

ers now and we are not equal to it. Automobilists apparently think they have the absolute right to the crossing, and proceed under this assumption. "We, pulling a train of human souls, hundreds of times in excess of those in the automobiles, have a right to assume that the automobile will stop to allow the rapid moving train to pass.

"If the public will not realize this then in justice to them, and to the engineers of this country whose nerves they are wrecking, our law-makers should pass a law compelling respect for road crossings, and enforce it as the cities do their traffic laws."

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION.

Relating to Granting of Confederate Pensions.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 10 Proposing an amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas to provide that the Legislature may grant pensions to Confederate soldiers, sailors and their widows, who have been citizens of Texas since prior to January 1, 1910, providing that all soldiers, sailors and their widows eligible under the provisions hereof shall be entitled to be placed upon the rolls and participate in the pension fund created hereunder; levying a tax of seven (\$.07) cents on the one hundred (\$100.00) dollars valuation of property in this State for the payment of such pension providing that the Legislature may reduce the rate of pension for such purposes, fixing a time for the election to be held on such amendment and making an appropriation to pay the expenses thereof.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas shall be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 51. The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant or authorize the making of any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporations whatsoever, provided, however, the Legislature may grant aid to indigent or disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors, who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1910, and to their widows, in indigent circumstances and who have been bona fide residents of this State since January 1, 1910, and who were married to such soldiers or sailors prior to January 1, 1910, and to indigent and disabled soldiers who under the special laws of the State of Texas during the war between the States served in organizations for the protection of the frontier against Indian raiders or Mexican marauders and to indigent and disabled soldiers of the militia of the State of Texas who were in active service during the war between the States and to the widows of such soldiers who are in indigent circumstances and who were married to such soldiers prior to January 1, 1910, provided that the word "widow" in the preceding lines of this section shall not apply to women born since the year 1861, and all soldiers and sailors and widows of soldiers and sailors eligible under the above conditions shall be entitled to be placed upon the pension rolls and participate in the distribution of the pension fund of this state under any existing law or laws hereafter passed by the Legislature, and also to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows and women who aided in the Confederacy under such regulations and limitations as may be provided by law, provided the Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together, in the home. There is hereby levied in addition to all other taxes heretofore permitted by the Constitution of Texas a State ad valorem tax on proper-

ty of seven (\$.07) cents on the one hundred (\$100) dollars valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the payment of pensions for services in the Confederate army and navy, frontier organizations and the militia of the State of Texas, and for the widows of such soldiers serving in said armies, navies, organizations or militia; provided that the Legislature may reduce the tax rate herein levied, and provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not be construed so as to prevent the grant of aid in cases of public calamity.

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified voters of this State at an election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1924, at which all voters shall have printed or written on their ballots: "For amendment of Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution authorizing the Legislature to grant aid to Confederate soldiers, sailors and their widows who have been a resident of this State since January 1, 1910," and "Against amendment to Section 51 of Article 3, of the Constitution, authorizing the Legislature to grant aid to Confederate soldiers and their widows."

Sec. 3. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State, and the sum of five thousand (\$5,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of the general funds of this State not otherwise appropriated for expenses of publications and elections thereunder.

Approved, March 20, 1923.
S. L. Staples,
Secretary of State.

Politics "Unimportant" Is Lady Astor's View.

London, June 24.—Lady Astor is disillusioned. "The political life is a very disappointing one," admits Lady Astor. "The things one tries to do

Women Enlist in National War Against Germ-carrying Flies; Provide Millions of "Swatters"



Every fly swatted at this season of the year probably would have been the founder of a dynasty if allowed to live out its allotted time. The genius of Flydom, the Napoleon who will lead his armies, laden with the deadly germs to destroy the purity of milk and pollute clean and wholesome food, is crawling about the upper wall of your kitchen today, a harmless, easily destroyed youth.

Swat him! With one stroke you will wipe out pages and pages of history and the millions of his offspring will be nothing but the might-have-beens of fiction.

Swat every fly whether he seems to show promise of a great career or not. Talent takes strange twists and the puny little fellow they gave up for dead as a baby may develop into a Gladstone. Caesar was anemic in his youth—probably, and Scipio, as a child, had to hold on tight to the railings when the wind blew.

Swat the fly irrespective of sen-

timentality. If you swat at him and by some seemingly providential intervention of a swinging door you miss him, you may imagine that Fate has decreed he should be spared. Like a whimsical Calliban you may choose to let this particular fellow survive because you've taken a fancy to him. High purpose should know no sentimentality. Don't cultivate intimacies among even the most engaging flies. Swat one, swat all.

A million and a half fly swatters are being distributed just now throughout the country by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company as a part of the health campaign of their welfare division. Definite realization of the disease danger from flies is evidenced in this annual distribution. A thorough-going fly-swatting campaign at this season of the year is fostered by private and public health agencies. It has many times the value now that it would have later.

Swat the flies! Swat them now.

are so far away. One gets the blame for all the wrong in the world. I do not consider the work of politicians very important."

He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty; and he that ruleth his own spirit than he that taketh a city.—Proverbs 16:32.

Get the Tonic of the Out-of-Doors

The Touring Car
\$295
F. O. B. Detroit
Demountable Rims
and Starter \$85 extra

Be sure that *your* efficiency and *your* comfort this summer have the help of that car you have always intended to buy. You know its value—you know what an essential aid it is to a fuller activity, an easier life, more healthful hours out-of-doors.

Delay invites disappointment. Why wait? Buy now!

Ford Motor Company
Detroit, Michigan

Runabout \$265 Coupe \$525 Tudor Sedan \$590 Fordor Sedan \$685
All prices f. o. b. Detroit

SEE THE NEAREST AUTHORIZED FORD DEALER

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

You can buy any model by making a small down-payment and arranging easy terms for the balance. Or you can buy on the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan. The Ford dealer in your neighborhood will gladly explain both plans in detail.

*** * * * * LOCAL NEWS ITEMS * * * * ***

Dr. E. B. Stokes was in Houston this week.

Miss Hilda Burton has returned from visiting in Paris.

Mrs. Geo. W. Crook has returned from her visit to Marlin.

Mrs. J. G. Miller of Baltimore is visiting relatives near Crockett.

Miss Elizabeth Crook of Oklahoma City is visiting her aunt, Mrs. John F. Baker.

All hats are to be closed out—your choice at \$5.00, \$2.95 and \$1.95 at the Vogue Millinery. 1t

See our line of water coolers before you buy. tf Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Neal Clements will leave Sunday for Houston, San Antonio and other points.

Mrs. Byrde E. Wootters and Mr. and Mrs. Weldon Craddock will spend the fourth in Huntsville.

Miss Mary Bush of Huntsville was Miss Katie Lacy's visitor for the dance Wednesday evening.

Will Eichelberger of San Francisco is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Eichelberger, in this city.

See the wonderful bargains at the Vogue Millinery. Hats priced in three groups to sell at \$5.00, \$2.95 and \$1.95. 1t.

Harley's dance orchestra of Houston played for a dance in the Masonic building in this city Wednesday evening.

Misses Louise Murphy and Ina Mantooth of Lufkin were guests of Miss Euda Castleberg for the dance Wednesday evening.

Make your lawn attractive by using one of our lawn mowers. We carry only the best makes. tf Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Mrs. Smith B. Wootters has returned to her home at Waxahachie, following a visit to her parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. B. Stokes.

Dr. D. E. Hughes, Eye Specialist of Nacogdoches, will be in Crockett Friday and Saturday, July 18 and 19, Pickwick Hotel. Eyes carefully examined, glasses correctly fitted. I will be in Grapeland July 22 and 23 and in Lovelady July 24 and 25. 3t.

Mrs. W. O. Farris of Tyler and Mrs. E. L. Orchard of Slagle, Louisiana, were recent guests of Mrs. J. H. Smith and other relatives in this city.

It's easy to make your own ice cream with one of our freezers. Come in and let us show you what we have. tf Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Mrs. Jim Cate and little daughter, Annie Louise, of Huntsville are visiting Mrs. Cate's sisters, Mrs. John B. Satterwhite and Mrs. R. L. Shivers, in this city.

Mrs. S. L. Murchison and Misses Bitsy Arledge, Sara Mac Crook and Josephine Edmiston will leave Galveston by water Saturday for New York to spend the remainder of the summer.

Singing Convention.

The quarterly district singing convention will meet with Cedar Point choir the first Sunday in July. Everybody is expected to take dinner. The Vaughan quartette will be present. Don't fail to hear them. 1t Ed Bullar, Percilla, Texas.

No Dinner at Belott.

Mr. Dan Dear of the Belott community called at the Courier office Saturday and asked the Courier to announce that there would be no dinner at Belott on Wednesday, July 9, the day of the candidates' speaking at that place. The candidates will speak in the afternoon at New Energy church, which is near Belott, and all are invited to hear them.

Grapeland Marriage.

Grady Monk of this city and Miss Mildred Lee Haltom, daughter of C. L. Haltom of Grapeland, were married at the residence of Rev. B. C. Anderson, pastor of the First Methodist church of Grapeland, Tuesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Monk came to Crockett Tuesday night and will make their home in this city. The bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Monk of Crockett. He is a popular and prominent young business man of this city and has many friends who are extending congratulations. His bride is one of Grapeland's prettiest and most popular girls and has the best wishes of numerous friends.

Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, to visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world.—James 1:27.

BRYAN BEGINS FIGHT AGAINST JOHN W. DAVIS

Pleads With Mississippi Delegation Not to Support West Virginian.

Madison Square Garden, New York, July 1.—William Jennings Bryan launched an open fight on the convention floor against John W. Davis of West Virginia during the taking of the 19th ballot.

Hearing that the Mississippi delegation was planning to go to Davis, Bryan left his seat in the Florida delegation and went over to talk with the Mississippians.

"I tell you that La Follette will take more votes from Davis than he will from the republicans," Bryan said as he pleaded with the delegates not to get behind the West Virginian.

The Mississippi delegates argued against Bryan's stand but he was determined. He stood in the center of the delegation and pleaded strongly.

Davis partisans in the delegation argued with Bryan that no democratic candidate save from the East had been elected in the past half century.

"I have been in battles of the party for more than a quarter of a century and never have had much help from John W. Davis," Bryan answered emphatically.

A vigorous discussion ensued after which a number of McAdoo men in the delegation demanded of the chairman that the delegation be polled again before the next roll call. Bryan continued his broadside against the West Virginian.

"I know the temper of the Northwest and I offer as my opinion to this delegation that you are throwing democratic

FULL OF "PEP"

Your car will be after filling up with Gasoline and Oil at the Magnolia Filling Station.

Our "Gas" has punch and power to the limit; our Lubricating Oil is smooth and even, free from grit.

Also remember us for your casings and tubes—the most complete line in town—at prices that you will have to admit are right "right."

Our garage will look after your car "trouble" day or night, and you will be pleased with the quality of our work, which is fully guaranteed to you.

STOP BY HERE NEXT TIME

Magnolia Filling Station
E. W. NULL, Proprietor

chances to the wind in voting for Davis. His clients and his connections in the East make him desirable there, but he can command no following in the Northwest, where the election will be decided."

Some of the women delegates brought up the subject of McAdoo's oil connections.

"McAdoo never got close enough to Doheny to get the friendship of Wall street," Bryan countered. Later Bryan said he merely went over to see the delegation because rumors of a switch to Davis had reached him. "I am interested in this fight;

I want the party to win," he said.

Bryan didn't insist on a decision by the Mississippi delegation. When he had finished his remarks about Davis he walked away. While various delegates answered Bryan, the discussion was calm throughout.

A few minutes after Bryan had departed from the Mississippi section, Hollins W. Randolph, chairman of the Georgia delegation, was the center of an argumentative group under the Mississippi standard, urging the McAdoo candidacy.

APPROVED

The increasing number of customers is decidedly proving that our way of doing business is meeting public approval.

Isn't that fine of you—the public—our one and only boss? We are happy that we are making a hit with you and serving you the right way.

Saturday Special

24 Bars White Eagle Laundry Soap - \$1.00
3 Bars Creme Oil Toilet Soap - FREE

CAPRIELIAN BROTHERS
Groceries, Feed and Kitchenware

Our Closing-Out SALE

Is Meeting With Marked Success!

Many people are taking advantage of the bargains we are offering. Are you getting your share? All furniture and musical instruments in our store must be sold, and the price is marked down below cost. A few pianos are being offered below cost—from \$85 to \$125. Will trade for cattle at market value.

OUR FURNITURE LINE

Includes rocking chairs from \$1.50 up, bedsteads from \$3.00 up, kitchen cabinets from \$10 up, straight chairs from 50 cents up, and many other items too numerous to mention, all below cost. Nothing reserved—all must be sold at some price. See us now for bargains.

J. H. GREEN & SON

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 10c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Courier is authorized to make the following announcements for office, subject to the action of the democratic primaries to be held in July:

For Congress

H. L. NELSON
of Galveston County

CLAY STONE BRIGGS
of Galveston County

For District Attorney

NED B. MORRIS, JR.
of Anderson County

W. D. JUSTICE
of Henderson County

For County Judge

LEROY L. MOORE
NAT PATTON

For County Attorney

EARLE P. ADAMS

For Tax Assessor

WILL McLEAN
BEN F. BRIMBERRY

For Tax Collector

JOHN L. DEAN

For County Treasurer

FRANK H. BUTLER
WILLIE ROBISON

For Sheriff

J. L. HAZLETT, JR.
O. B. (DEB) HALE

For County Clerk

W. D. COLLINS

For Supt. of Instruction

MRS. GERTIE SALLAS

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1

C. B. LIVELY
S. W. DUITCH

W. H. HOLCOMB JR.
C. W. JONES

JACK MANNING

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3

ED C. THOMPSON
MODE BARBEE

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4.

H. W. McCELVEY
J. A. BEATHARD

JOHN W. SHAW
T. S. TUNSTALL

For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1

E. M. CALLIER

For Public Weigher, Prec. No. 4

T. W. CROWSON

EDWARDS FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

The Courier contained last week a picture of the Hon. W. C. Edwards of Denton, who is a candidate to be lieutenant governor of Texas. Mr. Edwards is the able editor of the Denton Record-Chronicle. The Courier editor has known Mr. Edwards for a number of years and knows him to be a man of more than ordinary ability and integrity. He is capable of filling the governor's office as well as the office of lieutenant governor. He has been president of the Texas Press Association and in 1922 was elected from his home county to the legislature—elected without making a campaign. He has served his county eight years as its democratic chairman, two years as state democratic executive committeeman, three years as Red Cross chairman and is now president of the Denton Chamber of Commerce. The Courier would like to see Will Edwards carry Houston county for the lieutenant gover-

Denton Publisher Seeks Lieutenant-Governorship



WILL C. EDWARDS

Denton Editor Who is a Candidate for the Democratic Nomination for Lieutenant-Governor.

Edwards, past president of the Texas Press Association and Texas Daily Press League, came to Denton from Alabama a small boy 41 years ago and has lived there since. He has been connected with the Denton Record-Chronicle since 1896 and has been its publisher since 1899.

In 1922 Edwards' home people, drafted him to run for the Legislature—the only public office he has ever held—and this is his first political contest entered voluntarily. He is president of the Denton Chamber of Commerce, served eight years as Democratic County Chairman, two years as State Democratic Executive Committeeman, three years as Red Cross county chairman, four years as president of Denton County Texas-Exco.

Friends say 95 per cent of the Democratic vote of his home county will be cast for Edwards and that he has practically the solid support of Texas newspapermen.

norship, and if the people of Houston county knew him as the Courier editor knows him, there is no question in our mind but what he would sweep this county unanimously. We are again publishing his picture this week. Our readers will please study the face and see if they cannot decide to vote for Will Edwards of Denton for lieutenant governor. He is a plain man and our kind of people.

ONE OF THEM IS A DEMOCRAT.

The republican platform claims credit for the work of the "Dawes commission." To clinch its claim, the g. o. p. has Mr. Dawes as its vice presidential candidate. It is true that Mr. Dawes was chairman of the commission and took a vigorous part in its work. His European associates were diplomatically willing that he should have the lion's share of credit by way, we suppose, of encouraging America to further participation in Europe's economic affairs.

It is timely just now to recall an incident which happened when Mr. Dawes and Owen D. Young, the American associated with him on the commission, returned from Europe after completing the report. When the ship reporters came on board Mr. Dawes declined to talk, explaining that Mr. Young deserved chief credit for the work of the American commissioners and should be the one to discuss it. We can admire the generosity which Mr. Dawes showed toward his colleague, but that makes it a little embarrassing for the republican party's claims in connection with the commission's work. Mr. Young is by no means a spectacular figure—he doesn't fire the popular imagination as does Mr. Dawes, but he is an able and tireless worker.

Mr. Young has recently been devoting his energy to helping the democrats frame a platform,

for Mr. Young is a democrat. Since the American commissioners had no official standing, political affiliations were ignored in their selection. Mr. Young devoted himself chiefly to getting a league of nations plank in the democratic platform. He was not as successful as he would have wished, but the result must be a great deal more satisfactory to him than is the republican declaration against the league to Mr. Dawes. It happens that Mr. Dawes has in the past been identified with advocacy of the league, which puts him under the necessity of either smothering his views on that question or of going counter to his party's platform. And he is indeed a poor politician if he does not experience a twinge of regret at his hasty generosity in voluntarily transferring his own laurels to the brow of Mr. Young.—Galveston News.

THE GRAND JURY TAKES A HAND.

Weeks after the senate investigating committee finished its labors the District of Columbia supreme court returned indictments against Fall, Sinclair and the two Dohenys. The procedure is a repetition of that followed in the case of Forbes. - Corruption in the veterans' bureau, as disclosed in a congressional investigation, had become an old story before a federal grand jury finally called Forbes and others named with him to account. It must be recognized, of course, that it is a simpler matter to make out a case sufficient to convict a defendant in the court of public opinion than for a grand jury to take the same testimony and reduce it to a form where it will be accepted as evidence in a court of law. But, in spite of that, we are obliged to conclude that the names of none of these defendants would ever have appeared on an indictment but for the congressional investigations. Instead of taking the aggressive in-

ferreting out wrongdoing within the government, the department of justice waited to be virtually forced to its duty. That dereliction, it should be noted, is strictly chargeable to Daugherty's administration. Mr. Stone has shown an energetic disposition to bring the department back to its former high standing and efficiency.

The indictments, whether or not they finally result in convictions, undoubtedly will strengthen the effect of the senate investigation. The feeling has prevailed, and been carefully nurtured by certain republican leaders, that the inquiries represented a partisan effort to discredit the republican administration—that they were a monstrous frameup. That has been the reaction of a great many people, though probably not of the majority. If Fall conspired to barter away the public domain for his own personal profit, it was argued, why was it that he remained untouched by legal accusation? Popular opinion held Sinclair and Doheny less culpable than Fall. It is not characteristic of Americans to be severe in judging a man who may have stepped somewhat over the line to take a business advantage. It is greatly to be feared that the distinction between shrewdness and strict honesty is a trifle lax in the popular conception. But the people, as a rule, have little sympathy for a public official proven false to his trust.

Opinion is divided on the merit of the oil reserve leases, but there is little room to defend the manner of their making. The indictments apparently do not charge violation of the leasing act. Indeed, it is extremely doubtful if the leases constitute a violation of the act. But that conspiracy and bribery figured in the transaction it ought not to be difficult to prove, though it is quite possible that technicalities may preclude a conviction.—Galveston News.

MR. COOLIDGE ON ECONOMY.

One of Mr. Coolidge's strongest characteristics is his belief in the old-fashioned virtue of economy. In the conduct of his own affairs the president has shown few of the traits of financial genius. He is relatively a poor man. But if Mr. Coolidge's personal earning power is somewhat mediocre by American standards, we may be sure that his Yankee thrift goes a long way toward making up the deficiency. Saving is a device of financing he can readily understand.

The address Mr. Coolidge delivered Monday to government executive officers, signaling the beginning of a new fiscal year, was a typical exhortation to economy. The burden of it was save, save, save. The only way to reduce taxes, he pointed out, is to reduce the expense of government. To that end he indicates that the departments must spend less than they have been spending. Payrolls must be reduced, and since there has been no elimination of government functions, a smaller personnel is obviously expected to do a larger volume of work. That is to be accomplished by the introduction of more efficient methods. It is the president's ambition not only to avoid a deficit, but to accumulate a surplus that will make possible further reductions in the tax rate.

Regarding the government's present financial outlook, Mr. Coolidge was rather more optimistic than had been anticipated. He believes that revenues will be sufficient to meet the cost of the bonus and other extraordinary appropriations, and still leave a surplus at the end of the next fiscal year of some \$25,000,000. That is indeed good news. It likewise shows the democratic tax bill in an improved light, although under the most favorable construction that measure falls short of the claims made for it in the democratic platform.—Galveston News.

The Housewife's Lament

☞ "I need a new dress and I don't know what to buy."
Or—"What shall I have to eat today?"

☞ The housewife is constantly facing these questions—what she is going to have for the next meal and what she is going to wear every time she leaves her home. Three times a day, year in and year out, she asks herself the question about a menu. Not so many times, but frequently during the year, she is confronted with the problem of buying new clothes.

☞ The housewives of Houston county know where to seek the answer. They find it in the advertising columns of the Crockett Courier. For years they have found it there. The advertisements keep them as well informed on the subject of food and wearing apparel as the news columns do on current events.

☞ The advertisements of this newspaper are as much an institution as any of the news features. They are anticipated, expected, read, and most important of all—believed.

READING THE ADVERTISEMENTS IS BOTH INTERESTING AND PROFITABLE.