

# STOCK GROWERS

COLORADO TEXAS

ARIZONA MEXICO NEW MEXICO

Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

Fifth Year, No. 49.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, FEBRUARY 16, 1889.

Weekly, \$3 a Year



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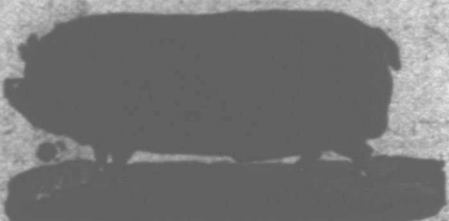
SEEDS AT YOUR DOOR AT WHOLESALE PRICES. Having grown a large quantity of the following choice and valuable seeds for the past season, and in order to introduce them, with our wonderful new Potato, into the West, we make the following UNPRECEDENTED OFFER: For \$1.00 in postage stamps or money, we will send a box post-paid, containing one peck each of the following NEW AND IMPROVED SEEDS, and one medium-sized tuber of BOLEY'S GREAT NORTHERN POTATO. EARLY ROSE, the greatest discovery since the advent of the EARLY ROSE, 6 to 8 HUNDRED BUSHELS TO THE ACRE UNDER 47 SWORD TESTIMONIALS. NEW ZEALAND FIG POTATO, excellent for preserving; cured and dried, equal to the best. Improved Round Yellow Danvers Golden Wonder, tender sweet. Golden Globe Russet, good for table use. VEGETABLE PEACH, early growth from seed first year; makes fine or preserves equal to the best. Sample packet of Wilson's True Lancing Corn, the earliest and best sold ever in cultivation. New Mammoth Maine, double as a public, bright as a rose. Washington Antwerp, very large all bright, beautiful color. Giant German Pansies, best mixed, full of FULL-SEED PANSIES, give DIRECTIONS FOR CULTIVATING, and ONE whole POTATO for \$1.00 FIVE boxes \$4.00, TEN boxes \$7.00, post-paid. Address plainly BUCKE CATALOGUE CO., Pa. \$3 free to all.

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THE GREATEST DISCOVERY SINCE THE ADVENT OF THE EARLY ROSE  
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**Additional Brands:**

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- Different ear marks.
- Crop left and under-half right.
- Horse brand, 'V' left thigh.
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- Grab left and crop the right.
- Crop left and crop and under-half crop right.
- Grab left and crop right.
- Crop and split and over bit each ear.
- Crop left and under-also right.

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 IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF  
**POLLED ANGUS**  
 AND  
**Hereford Cattle.**

Has sold in New Mexico during the past season over 1,000 head of grade and thoroughbred bulls, and would refer intending purchasers to any of my customers for the quality and condition of the cattle furnished.

I am prepared to furnish, at any time, thoroughbred or grade bulls, guaranteed of the best strains, and, being Colorado raised, ready for immediate service. The cattle from my herds, at the Albuquerque fair, won all first prizes. Correspondence solicited and inspection of herds invited. Full particulars and pedigree furnished.  
 I will Contract now for Spring Delivery. Car-load Lots a Specialty.

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MAN, ON A SHEAF OF DIRTY PAPER.  
 We send by mail, postage paid, to any address  
**200 Sheets Letter Paper,**  
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**THE STOCK GROWER CO., Las Vegas, New Mexico.**



**KANSAS CITY HAY PRESS COMPANY,**  
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**The Lightning Hay Press**  
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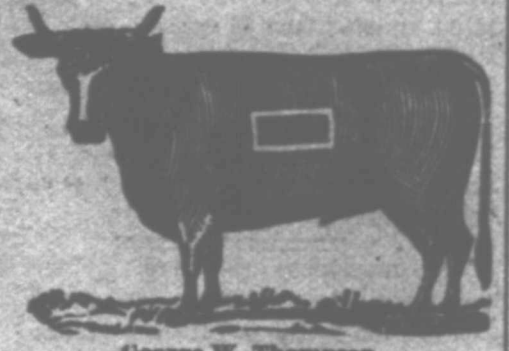
**Herefords! Herefords!**



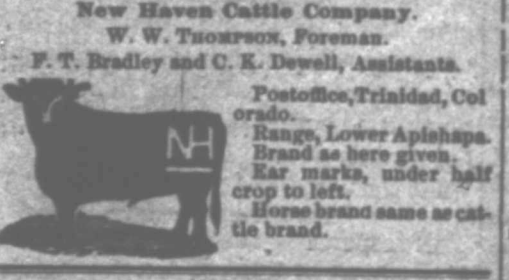
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 Of the well-known herd of pure-bred Hereford cattle, of the late Hon. John W. Prowers. Young bulls and heifers for sale; also, twenty-five pure-bred and imported cows, ages ranging from three to six years old. Address all inquiries to  
**A. D. HUDNALL, Manager**  
 For John W. Prowers, Jr.,  
 West Las Animas, Colo.

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**SOUTHERN COLORADO.**



**George W. Thompson.**  
 P. O. Address: Trinidad, Colorado.  
 Range in western portion of Las Animas county, Colorado, and eastern portion of Colfax county, N. M.  
 Some branded same as above on right side.  
 Some cattle in the following brands on either side or hip: **W I H H T I** Various ear marks.  
 Horses also branded same as on above cut, but smaller, on the left shoulder or left thigh.



**New Haven Cattle Company.**  
 W. W. THORNTON, Foreman.  
 F. T. Bradley and C. E. Deyell, Assistants.  
 Postoffice, Trinidad, Colorado.  
 Range, Lower Apishapa.  
 Brand as here given.  
 Ear marks, under half crop to left.  
 Horse brand same as cattle brand.

**ARIZONA.**



**Henry Hunting.**  
 Breeders and Importers of Thoroughbred and Graded Cattle.  
 P. O.: Show Low, Apache county, Arizona.  
 Horse brand, same as on cattle, on left shoulder.

**ARIZONA.**

**\$1,000** REWARD! I desire to call attention to my marks and brands for cattle, as shown in cut. I will pay \$1,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons unlawfully handling cattle in the following brand and marks.



**J. H. Hampson.**  
 P. O.: 431 Nelson building, Kansas City, Mo.  
 Ranch P. O.: Camp Thomas, Arizona.  
 Range, on Eagle creek, Graham county, Arizona. **WILLIAM OREACH, Foreman.**  
 Ear marks, crop and split left, crop right.  
 Horse brand, on the left shoulder.



**Cameron Bros.**  
 Postoffice, Lochiel, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Range, on the San Rafael de la Santa Cruz.  
 Ear marks, right cropped, left slit.  
 All cattle in the quarter-circle 'U' brand are marked underneath the right, swallowfork in left.  
 Horse brand, like cut.

Also own the following brands, kept up:



**Smith, Carson & Co.**  
 P. O.: Springville, Apache county, Arizona.  
 Telegraph and express office, Navajo Springs.  
 Atlantic and Pacific railroad.  
 Ear marks:   
 Crop off the left. Horses branded:



**Santa Rita Cattle Co.**  
**ISAAC N. TOWN, Superintendent.**  
 Postoffice, Calabasa, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Range, Santa Cruz river, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Calves of 1886 and imported bulls are branded same as cut on left hip.



**C. H. Ward.**  
**Guoman Faust, Manager.**  
 P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Range, Sulphur Spring Valley, six miles north of Wilcox, A. T.  
 Ear marks, crop left, under-also right.  
 Cattle branded on right hip.

**KANSAS.**



**Watson & Fullington.**  
 P. O.: Greensburg, Edwards county, Kansas.  
 Ranch headquarters camp Willow Bar, on Cimarron river, Neutral Strip.  
 All increases branded as in cut.  
 Ear marks, upper and lower bit left ear.  
 Additional brands:   
 Horses branded on the left hip.

Fifth Year  
 Editorial No.  
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Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

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LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, FEBRUARY 16, 1899.

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Of the 43,000,000 or more of cattle in the United States, Texas is estimated to have 4,724,053, the value of which reaches the sum of \$66,518,860. There are more cattle in Texas than in any other state, but in value New York, Illinois and Iowa lead.

The governor of Pennsylvania asks that that state shall be represented in the legislators' convention which will meet at St. Louis in March to ascertain how the beef combine are doing up the stock raisers under the guise of Christian philanthropists.

The little cloud in the west which Mr. Armour saw rising some time ago, has developed into a darkening storm-scurd, which has all the appearance of a devastating cyclone. Mr. Armour will have all the employment he needs in trying to hunt cover before the darkness is over.

The state legislatures and congress are beginning to awaken to the fact that the power to provide a remedy for the grossest commercial evil of modern times—Mr. Armour's rape of the beef industry—lies with them. They are likely to exercise that power, we are happy to say.

EMINENT legal authorities assert that the title of the Cherokee nation to the Cherokee strip is perfect, and that the portion of the Oklahoma bill applying to that land could never be carried out and would be declared illegal by the courts. The cattlemen now occupying the strip with their herds should smother their anxiety as to the effect the Oklahoma bill would have upon their interests there in the event it becomes a law. The chances of the bill passing the senate at the present time are, according to a well informed Washington correspondent, about 7 votes to 100 against the measure.

THE farmers of all the western states are asking the stock yards managements the pertinent question, in which they are sustained by the rangemen, why they should sell their hay for \$10 per ton and pay the stock yards \$30 for the same hay, and sell their corn for 30 cents per bushel and pay the stock yards \$1 per bushel for the same corn, to say nothing of the outrageous charges made for yardage?

THE range stock thief who starts a brand on another's range and from another's herd while he is drawing pay for his services in the employ of the cattle grower, is the most despicable thief the cattleman has to contend with outside of the big four. The number of alleged cowmen who are practicing the aforementioned methods is, unfortunately for the honest cattle raisers, very large in New Mexico at the present time. The bazourk cowman should be made to move on, and rapidly too.

To Mr. Armour:—The products placed upon the markets, should be controlled in value by the law of supply and demand. Where this law rules the commercial world, every avenue of legitimate trade leads the commercial actors to an honorable and successful career on the basis of exact justice. The felon that finds a home in prison may only rob an individual of his property and his rights, but the commercial felon on the high seat of reputed honor may reach out the hand of might over a continent, and rob thousands of victims of property and their homes.

No uneasiness need be felt by cattlemen as to the immediate occupancy of Oklahoma by the so-called boomers. It is not likely that the immense cattle interests of that section are again to be jeopardized and practically destroyed by too hasty legislation. If the cattlemen in that country must seek other grazing for their herds, it is quite safe to assume that a reasonable time will be given them in which to effect a change. Congress will not imperil the investment of millions of dollars in cattle by precipitate action in looking after the land wants of the Pawnee Bills, who want the earth and all thereon.

IN response to the call of Governor Humphrey, of Kansas, for the holding of an interstate convention to look into the doings of the beef combine, joint committees of senators and representatives from the legislatures of Nebraska, Missouri, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Arkansas, Texas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Wyoming will meet at St. Louis on

March 12. The farmers and stock raisers of all the western states are aroused in this matter to the highest pitch. They have demanded of their legislators that something be done and that something at once. Mr. Armour, as they have seen, by the liberal use of money, has prevented the passage of live stock inspection bills in Ohio and Pennsylvania. He has now turned his attention to the Colorado legislature, where, it is alleged, he has placed \$10,000 to defeat the will of the people. The combine may succeed in maintaining the most infamous monopoly of the world, but they cannot control public sentiment which is ever increasing against their operations, and which will sometime be strong enough to wipe the beef syndicate out of existence.

THE hide and leather industries of the United States are reported by Bradstreet's to be in a bad way. The leather market, except for the very choicest goods, is in a most deplorable condition. Hides are scarcely worth sending to market. The depressed situation in these commodities arises from the removal of the tariff on hides by the government in 1872. Since that date the price for this article has been tumbling, until to-day the hide industry is demoralized. There is a movement going on in some quarters looking toward the restoration of the tariff, notably in Texas, where the cattle growers are making a vigorous effort to change the present complexion of affairs by demanding fair and adequate protection for their product. The demand initiated by Texas in this matter should be met by the cattle growers of the entire west, and of New Mexico and Arizona in particular.

IN response to a call issued by William L. Black, chairman of the committee on organization, a meeting of western Texas wool-growers will be held at San Antonio on March 1 next. The subjects to be discussed will be the absence of statistical information on the supply and demand of wool; the great diversity of commercial terms applied to the same grades of wool in the different states, and the necessity of concentrating the markets in the state of Texas. Propositions will be made to establish a bureau for the dissemination of wool statistics, to appoint a committee for the unification of commercial terms and confer with eastern wool-buyers on the advisability of their first concentrating in San Antonio, and bidding for the wool shipped to that market, then at Galveston and then at other established wool centers. In this matter the wool-

growers of New Mexico and Arizona have a like interest with their brethren in Texas and should lend their aid in every possible way to encourage the objects set forth for the San Antonio meeting, by calling a meeting for a similar purpose to be held at Albuquerque, for instance, which is central to the interests to be represented.

AN important proviso of the Oklahoma bill passed by the house which has so far escaped general attention, is one reciting that nothing in the act organizing the territory, shall be construed to authorize any person to enter upon, or occupy any of the Cherokee outlet of Oklahoma proper, for settlement or otherwise, until after the Indian tribes and the commissioners provided for in the bill have concluded an agreement to that effect. After the agreement has been made it shall be laid before the president, who is authorized and required to issue a proclamation declaring such unrelinquished lands open to settlement, and fix the time from and after which the lands may be taken. It is provided that any person who may enter on any part of the lands contrary to these provisions, and prior to the time fixed by the president's proclamation, shall not be permitted to make entry upon any lands or lay any claim thereto in the territory.

## ARMOUR'S HAND ON PENNSYLVANIA.

The Evening Telegraph of Philadelphia has interviewed a number of butchers, farmers and stock growers on the subject of the granger meat bill now before the Pennsylvania legislature. A member of the firm of William T. Alberger & Co. says that the importation of dressed beef from the west has paralyzed the slaughtering business in Pennsylvania and thrown out of employment 30,000 or 40,000 people. "We used to employ 200 men or more in slaughtering cattle," he says; "we don't employ any now." Moreover, the local grain trade has been greatly depressed by the same means. "If Pennsylvania farmers were encouraged by healthful and protective legislation to raise cattle for the butcher's stall, the grain trade would feel an immediate impetus from that source." A member of the state grange perceives a design on the part of the Chicago dressed beef syndicate to crush stock-growing and butchering in the east, and then to put up the price of beef on the consumers to extortionate rates. According to the same authority, the value of land has been depreciated in Chester county \$1,000,000 by the deluge of western dressed beef.



**For the Protection of the Stock Growing Interests From Wild Animals.**

*As it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico:*

SECTION 1. There shall be a bounty paid as hereinafter provided for the killing of the following named wild animals within the boundaries of any county in this territory, viz: For each and every lynx, \$1; coyote, 50c; wild cat, 50c; wolf, the sum of \$5; for each and every panther or bear the sum of \$5, and for each and every mountain lion the sum of five dollars.

Sec. 2. The person or persons killing said animals designated in section one of this act shall and is hereby required upon application for said bounty to produce and present with his application the scalp of the animal killed including the two ears and face down to the nose, the same to be presented to the probate clerk of the county in which the said animal or animals are killed, accompanied by satisfactory proof in writing under oath, describing the same, when and where killed, the residence and postoffice address of the applicant or applicants and his or their name in full, and that the same were killed within the boundaries of the county where the application is authorized.

Sec. 3. The said probate clerk shall file the said application in his office, numbering the same in the order in which applications shall be received. He shall endorse the name of the county, the name and postoffice address of the applicant, the date of receiving the same for filing and sign the statement officially. Thereupon he shall enter of record in a book to be kept for that purpose, the name or names of the applicants, the date and number of the application, the number and kind respectively of the animals for which application is made for a bounty, the decision he shall arrive at under the application and if a certificate shall be issued, the fact of the cancellation or destruction of the scalp and which shall include a cutting the same in two pieces separating the ears. Thereupon the proof being reasonably satisfactory under the application he shall issue a certificate under his official seal, bearing the file number of the application, stating the name or names of the applicants, the number and kind of animals for which the application shall be entitled to a bounty and the total amount to which the applicant entitled as fixed in section one of this act. *Provided*, always that the destruction of the scalp or scalps presented shall in all cases precede the issuing of the certificate and shall be in the presence of two witnesses. The probate clerk shall be entitled to a fee of fifteen cents for each animal placed of record under the application including the issuing of the certificate.

The probate clerk is hereby authorized to have printed blank certificates attached to blank stubs in book form, the whole in conformity with the requirements of this act. The stubs when filled out shall constitute the record herein contemplated.

Sec. 4. That in any precinct in any county where the distance is too great from the post office of the probate clerk, it shall be lawful for the applicant to appear before the justice of the peace of his precinct and depositing any scalps of wild animals named in section one of this act, making affirmation to having killed the animal or animals represented by such scalps, the justice of the peace will make record of the same, mutilate the scalps as provided for in section three of this act and forward a certified statement, together with affirmation of the applicant to the probate clerk, who shall issue certificate to such applicant in the manner provided for in section three of this act, and for such service the justice of the peace shall receive fifteen cents for each scalp presented for cancellation.

Sec. 5. Upon presentation of the certificate provided for in section three to the territorial auditor of public accounts, it is hereby made his duty to issue an order upon the territorial treasurer for the amount stated in the said certificate payable out of the general fund.

Sec. 6. Any person or persons making a false statement under oath, as provided in this act shall be liable to prosecution for perjury and suffer the penalties of the same as provided by the laws of this territory. Any person or persons driving, baiting, enticing, bringing from outside the territory, or for breeding, rearing, or taking any of the animals mentioned in this act for the purpose of procuring

bounties thereon shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, in the discretion of the court for each and every offence so committed.

Sec. 7. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed. This act shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

[The foregoing act passed the house on February 11 and the council, without amendment, on the 13th instant, and will undoubtedly be approved by the governor.—Ed.]

**Armour's Great Iniquity.**

The Missouri senate has acted wisely in appointing a committee to confer with like committees from neighboring states upon the subject of the beef and pork combine which has practically usurped control of one of the most important industries of the country, says the *Globe-Democrat*. It is undeniable that a few firms are to-day in complete possession of the beef and pork markets from the Atlantic to the Pacific. They dictate the prices at which the producers shall sell their stock, and the prices which the consumers shall pay for it. Their scheme of rapacity and robbery puts all competition out of the question, and the people are simply at their mercy. It is no longer possible to raise stock at a fair profit, because of their power to keep the rates down to the lowest point known in twenty years; and yet the purchasers of dressed meat have to pay just as much for it as they did when cattle and hogs were from one-third to one-half higher than at present. The law of supply and demand has ceased to have any influence. This grasping and offensive monopoly is a complete law upon itself, and all the ordinary rules and conditions of commerce are put aside to promote its interests at the expense of all classes of citizens.

There is certainly some method by which such a palpable and monstrous evil can be corrected. Perhaps it is not in the power of any one state to provide a sufficient remedy; but surely several states acting in common can devise a plan that will prove effective. It will not do to say that it is impossible to frame legislation that will reach and crush a monopoly which insolently assumes the right to fix such prices as it pleases upon the entire meat product of the country. Our system of government was never intended to permit the existence of an institution which levies arbitrary tribute alike upon the producer and consumer of a leading article of food. The people have a definite claim to protection against a conspiracy that undermines one of their most valuable industries and compels them to submit to the worst form of extortion. It is the duty of the state legislatures—and of congress as well—to take summary action in the case. The theory that a few men or corporations may seize the markets and deprive the country of the advantages of competition and other legitimate commercial influences is not to be tolerated for a moment. Laws can be made that will put a stop to such an iniquity, and deliver the people from the clutches of an association of capitalists that is systematically and altogether mischievous. There is nothing to be gained by mild and compromising measures. The wrong is one that demands heroic treatment; and the work should begin at once all along the line.

**A New Dressed Beef Enterprise.**

And now comes Great Falls, M. T., with a new enterprise in the form of the Manitoba Dressed Beef company, which intends establishing extensive slaughter-

houses at that place, with a view to supplying Montana cities and the eastern markets with meat. With a further confidence that the meat can be readily and successfully "distributed" to the European markets.

It is proposed to erect an establishment capable of dealing with 150 head of cattle per diem, with a complete equipment of machinery for treating the offal of slaughtered animals for its valuable products. The plant will also include chill rooms, constructed on the most improved principles which practical experience obtained in the past can suggest for the storage of the dressed beef and for preparing it for shipment.

It is expected that large benefits will accrue to Great Falls, directly and indirectly, from the proposed enterprise. Around it will gather other industries of like character. Hides and tallow, for instance, would stimulate other important branches of trade, such as boot and shoe factories, leather dressing establishments, soap boiling, glue and candle factories. All these would avail themselves of the facilities offered there, making it one of the most prominent business centers of the west.

The company expects to buy direct from the ranches, and to have the finest ranching district in the United States to draw upon for the supply of cattle. Thus they figure obviating the enormous commissions and stock yard charges, which are so burdensome to the meat industry.

This is all very well and it is our hope to see Great Falls succeed in the matter, but in view of the past, we can not look very confidently for the long life of the enterprise.

Similar plants have been established all over our range country; in Texas, Colorado, Dakota and Montana, and for further example we can look to Australia. The history is but a continued repetition of FAILURE. There has been no lack of means in these enterprises, and in many instances range stockmen were members of the company and appeared to have a perfect sympathy with the undertaking. The reason of failure is surprising, and many would not credit it, but the matter has been closely watched by us and studied with a view to finding a cause for invariable failure, where to all appearances the conditions were such as to make a glowing success.

The reason is that range men will not sell in the local market at the Chicago price on any one day, minus the freight. They wait for a better market, from day to day, and rather than sell at a price minus the freight, will ship to Chicago, with the vain hope of catching a good market. They argue, we suppose, that the cattle are on the ground under comparatively no expense, and they can easily afford to wait. The experience with the range plants has always been that they could not buy cattle as they demand them. So rooted is the sentiment against minus freight that even in Australia, the stock raisers will, in preference, attempt a sea voyage rather than allow the difference of price to the local slaughterers.

We hope, however, that the Great Falls plant may prove an exception to the rule, for it is our humble opinion that the range country is the place for the slaughtering plants.—*Miles City Stock Growers' Journal*.

**Overproduction not Alone Responsible.**

In seeking for an explanation of the continued low price of cattle one is met in every direction with the plea that it is all traceable to over production, says the *National Stockman*: Over production has, of course, more or less to do with the depression, but it is altogether insufficient to explain its wonderful continuance, and the difficulty which attends every effort to place the cattle market on a better basis. As compared with the population of the country, the number of cattle that are grown cannot be regarded as largely excessive, and we must look elsewhere for reasons for markets which no one perhaps expected to see for the opening days of '89.

The true explanation of this—or at least a measure of it—must be found in the

dressed beef trade. The defender, apologists of that industry strongly that its entire tendency is to strengthen prices; but to talk to American producers in this vein after what have gone through with is insulting their intelligence. The simple fact that a few men, who can be counted on the fingers, are furnishing so large a proportion of the meats consumed in nearly all the cities of the United States, is largely chargeable with the fact that cattle do not rally to the position which they were rightfully expected to occupy at this time.

We do not see that permanent relief can be secured until existing conditions are somewhat changed. It is a satisfaction to see that the legislatures of many of the cattle producing states are seriously considering the problem which the unsatisfactory state of things presents. In all of this we feel greatly interested, hoping for success for the efforts being made to in some way meet and compass the existing evil. We are glad that Pennsylvania farmers are trying to entirely shut the dressed beef out of the state. It cannot be said with justice that this will be sufficient to insure a good cattle market right along, as there were depressions and booms before the dressed beef trade was ever thought of; but checking the growth of this monopoly is certainly removing a weight which has been resting upon the market for several years, and the burden of which is yearly becoming more onerous.

**A Big Beef Concern.**

The largest breeders and slaughterers of cattle on this coast is the firm of Miller & Lux of which Henry Miller is the surviving partner. Mr. Miller is a native of Wurtemberg, Germany, and is about sixty one years of age. He arrived in this state in 1850 and soon after commenced business as a retail butcher. His late partner and friend, Charles Lux, was following the same business and in 1858 they formed a partnership. Their business grew rapidly and they gradually passed out of the retail business into the wholesale and became great cattle breeders and large land owners in the three Pacific states. Their business at Butchertown, large as it is, is only a small portion of that which Mr. Miller through admirably chosen agents, personally directs.

The entire acreage owned by the firm of Miller & Lux, by Henry Miller and by the late Charles Lux as near as can be estimated, the surveys of the outlying properties not having been fully completed, is not much less than 700,000 acres, running through three of the Pacific states.

The average stock of beef cattle on hand in California is over 30,000 head, of milking and breeding cattle in California over 30,000 head, of work horses in use on the several ranches in California over 2000 head, of saddle horses in this state over 1500, of sheep over 80,000 head. The California pay rolls outside of San Francisco run up to between \$150,000 and \$200,000 a year and in the city of San Francisco to between \$50,000 and \$60,000. Most of the latter is paid in Butchertown and in business connected with the wholesale meat business in San Francisco. Miller & Lux slaughter in San Francisco 18,000 to 21,000 cattle yearly, 60,000 to 80,000 sheep, 7500 to 8000 calves and 6000 to 8000 hogs to supply their retail customers. Both in beef and mutton Miller & Lux are the largest dealers in California, and, outside of the great beef-packing and dressed beef exporting houses of Chicago and Kansas are the largest wholesale butchers in the United States.—*San Francisco Breeders' Gazette*.

THE great sympathy expressed for Mr. Armour these days by the Chicago board of trade, the stock yards' management, the live stock commission men and the Chicago press in particular, is aptly illustrated as a cause therefor by the experience of two little Mobile boys who were fishing from a wharf, when one of them fell into the water. The other rushed up to a deck hand, exclaiming: "Save him mister! He's got de bats."

Go to Gore's Fire Proof Hotel (European Plan) 366 to 374 South Clark St., Chicago. Rooms \$1 per day and upwards. Electric Light and Steam Heat in every room.



**STOCK YARDS LAW.**

**Decision of Great Interest to Stock Growers and Commission Men.**

Judge Gresham in the United States Circuit Court on Monday, rendered an important decision in the case of William J. Sprague against a live stock commission firm, recently tried by him without a jury. The opinion will be of great interest to stock raisers and brokers over the western country. He holds that where a stock yards broker sells cattle on commission he is personally liable to the purchaser on an implied warranty of the title to the property. The opinion in full is as follows:

The defendants are commission merchants or stock brokers doing business at the stock yards at Chicago and Omaha. William J. Clark shipped from his home in Nebraska, and to the defendants at Omaha, 173 steers for sale. The plaintiff, a stock feeder and dealer in the same state, employed Savage & Greene, who were also stock brokers at the Omaha stock yards, to assist him in the selection and purchase of steers at that place. The plaintiff was informed on the morning of Oct. 8, 1888, by an agent or employe of the defendants that they held this lot of steers for sale, and upon going to the pens to examine them, he there, for the first time, met Clark, who was anxious to sell the steers, but he and the plaintiff were unable to agree upon a price. In the afternoon of the same day the plaintiff met W. A. Sharpe, the agent and general superintendent of the defendants, who was about to leave the firm's office and go home, not to return until the next day, and the plaintiff testified that he then told Sharpe he would like to buy the steers but desired to get home before Sunday; that Sharpe directed him to return to the pens where he would find a man who could sell the steers; that he then told Sharpe he was acquainted with him, and preferred making the purchase from the firm; and that Sharpe replied that it would make no difference whether the plaintiff agreed upon the terms of the sale with the defendants, or the person to whom he was referred. The evidence clearly shows that this person was Clark, and that the plaintiff then knew Clark was the consignee.

Sharpe testified that before leaving for his home, as already stated, the plaintiff expressed a desire to buy the steers, and said he should endeavor to do so before Sharpe returned the next morning. A short time after this conversation the plaintiff and Clark agreed upon a price, went to the office of the defendants, and informed their general agent, in the absence of Sharpe, of that fact. The agent caused the steers to be weighed, and gave the plaintiff weight tickets in the firm name of the defendants; also a brief instrument in the form of a bill of sale, but not signed at the bottom, stating that the defendants had sold to the plaintiff 173 steers, weighing 138,700 pounds, at \$2.70 per hundred, amounting to \$3,747.33. The plaintiff, through Savage & Greene, paid for the steers; they were delivered to him the next morning, and he shipped them to his farm, and the defendants promptly paid Clark the purchase money, less their charges and commissions for making the sale. Before making the purchase and in reply to inquiries made by the plaintiff he was informed by Savage & Greene that the defendants were in good standing and reliable.

About a week after the sale Harrington Emerson sued the plaintiff in replevin for the possession of the steers, claiming them under a chattel mortgage which Clark had executed before the consignment to the defendants. The plaintiff promptly notified the defendants of the commencement of this suit, and requested them to defend it, which they did not do, and after the plaintiff was defeated and had lost the steers he brought this action to recover the amount paid for them.

The general rule is that an agent who sells property as such for his known principal is not personally liable on the contract, the presumption being that the pur-

chaser gives credit to the principal and not the agent. The rule is reasonable and just, but it has not application when, from the contract, the usage or character of the business in which the agent is engaged, or in any other way, it appears that the purchaser intended to give credit to the agent. It is doing no justice to the agent to hold him personally liable on his contract when it is shown that the purchaser dealt with the agent on the faith of his personal credit and solvency.

Clark was a stranger to the plaintiff and after being informed that the defendants were responsible and in good credit the plaintiff told their superintendent he was acquainted with him and preferred making the purchase from the defendants. This is what a prudent man would be expected to do under the circumstances and the plaintiff's intention to make the purchase from the defendants on their personal responsibility is clearly shown. The instrument which the defendants gave the plaintiff, although not subscribed by them was the written contract of sale not subject to change or modification by parol testimony. Their firm name appeared on it, not as the agents of Clark, but as the owners and sellers of the steers, and when they received the purchase money from the plaintiff and delivered the steers to him the written contract became an executed one. If the sale had been on time, instead of for cash, and the purchase money had not been paid when it became due, the defendants could have maintained an action in their own names against the plaintiff, and the plaintiff, having lost the steers, it follows that the defendants are personally liable to him on their implied warranty of the title.

Cattle are consigned to brokers at stock yards from different states and territories with full authority to sell them as their own, and that was the character of the consignment from Clark to the defendants. The testimony shows that the defendants did sell the steers to the plaintiff as their own. If the contention of the counsel for the defendants is correct, purchasers of cattle who happen to know the name of the consignor have no remedy against the brokers for their violated agreements.

Judgment for the plaintiff will be entered for the amount he paid for the steers, with interest from the day of sale. Messrs. Harwood, Ames & Kelly, of Lincoln, Neb., and ex-Governor John M. Hamilton, of Chicago, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Kraus, Mayer & Stein, of Chicago, for the defense. -*Drivers' Journal.*

As a toilet article, Ayer's Hair Vigor stands unrivaled. It cleans the scalp and removes dandruff; cures itching humors, restores the original color to faded and gray hair, and promotes its growth.

**Novel Adornment.**

Visitors at the Union stock yards will be very much interested in examining the entrance to the new National Live Stock bank building, which Hon. Elmer Washburn, president of the bank, has had embellished at great expense with bas relief figures of noted animals done in terra cotta. The main panel over the entrance contains figures of Mr. T. W. Harvey's famous Black Prince of Turlington, Mr. Adams Earl's grand old Hereford bull, The Grove 3d, the celebrated Jersey cow Eurotas, the beautiful Holstein-Friesian cow Methilde and bull calf—from the well-known drawing by Cecil Palmer—the great race horse Lexington, and typical figures of sheep and swine. Just below at each side are medallion heads of Mr. M. W. Dunham's fine Percheron stallion Brilliant and the renowned Shorthorn bull Duke of Underley. Under these are panels containing striking portraits; one of the Hon. John D. Gillette, the great Illinois cattle feeder, and the other a typical "cowboy" of the plains. The whole was designed by Mr. Frank Whitney, of this city, and certainly constitutes a recognition of the blooded stock interest on the part of President Washburn which cannot fail to be warmly appreciated. The bank moved into its quarters in the new building Monday, the 29th inst. -*Brooders' Gazette.*

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**Grand Combination Sale OF FINE HORSES AND CATTLE AT CITY STOCK YARDS**

Denver, Colorado, February 18 to 23, 1889.

Over 500 head of stock from the most prominent breeders. Standard and Thoroughbred Horses and Roadsters, French Coach, Percheron and Clydesdale Stallions, Mares and Geldings one car-load of Imported Shetland Ponies, well broken for Children's use. Work Stock of all kinds and a few fine Jacks.

Galloway, Shorthorn and Aberdeen-Angus, Jerseys and Holstein Cattle, males and females of both purebreds and grades.

**THE GRANDEST OPPORTUNITY EVER OFFERED IN THE WEST!**

To Breeders and everybody wanting improved stock of any kind. Sale positively without reserve or "fraudulent protective schemes" We guarantee that everybody will have the chance to purchase stock as cheap as bona fide bidding will permit.

For further information and Catalogues containing full description and pedigree of stock, write to

**GEO. L. GOULDING & CO.,**  
Proprietors CITY STOCK YARDS, Denver, Colo. 4642

**FOR SALE.**

**CATTLE, HORSES and RANCH.**

Pursuant to an order of the District Court for the Fourth Judicial District of New Mexico we will sell all of the following described property, on the

**FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D., 1889.**

1868 head of mixed cattle, placed on the range Sept., 1885, less 40 head slaughtered by round-ups and sold to butchers; also two hundred and six sold by the Receiver.

38 high grade bulls placed on range in 1886.

47 native cattle placed on range in 1886.

45 calves branded in 1886.

491 calves branded by Receiver in 1887.

500 calves branded by Receiver in 1888.

Also two large draft horses and thirty-two cow ponies.

**REAL ESTATE.**

All the interest of Stapp, Ennis & Co, in and to the S $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$  of SW $\frac{1}{4}$  of Sec. 24, Twp. 13 north, range 24 east. The land is located on Langerito Creek.

**PERSONAL PROPERTY.**

One 2-horse wagon, One Champion Mower, One Sulky Rake, Three Hay Forks One Set Wheel Harness, One Set Lead Harness, One Brace and Bitts, One Grindstone, Camp Outfit, One Field Glass, One Shoeing Outfit, One Single Rake Harness, One Lantern, and about 2800 lbs. Barbed Wire.

**CONDITIONS OF SALE.**

Sealed bids will be received for the whole property until the Fourth day of March, A. D., 1889, at 6 o'clock p. m. The purchaser will take the property free and discharged from all liens. Each bid shall be accompanied by cash or certified check to the order of the Receiver for one-third of the whole amount of such bid, together with notes at nine months with six per cent. interest for another one-third of the bid, and also notes at two years with like interest for the remaining one-third of the bid. All notes to be upon approved personal security to the satisfaction of the Receiver. But no bid will be accepted for a less sum than three-fourths of the appraisement made by the Receiver. The property is well located east of Cabra Springs, about 60 miles from Las Vegas, New Mexico.

LEWIS LUTZ, Receiver for Stapp, Ennis & Co  
J. H. KOGLER, Master in Chancery.

Jan. 21, 1889

4645

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**

Within the next few weeks subscription bills will be sent to all delinquents. Please respond promptly and remember that the subscription accounts are kept separate from our other accounts. We contemplate a reduction in the subscription price and hope to retain all of our old patrons and at the same time gain new subscribers.



FROM ALL POINTS.

Live Stock Notes Carefully Collected from Every Source.

The live stock trade in range cattle is becoming quieter and some of the buyers who came for cattle are out on ranches to view them, and the prospects are favorable for some extensive trades very soon.—Fort Worth Journal.

Professor Shelton, of the Kansas Agricultural College, says that corn and sorghum as hay plants are to be the salvation of the Kansas farmer. These heat-living, drouth-resisting plants must be cultivated expressly for fodder.

During last week the Board of Trade "manipulators" at Chicago had telegrams from the stock yards calling the receipts of hogs 4000 to 8000 heavier than they really were. On last Friday they had 30,000 reported when only 24,611 arrived.

Cattle receipts for the week ending February 9th in the Kansas City market were 18,043 head. The corresponding week in 1888, best steers weighing 1200 to 1550 brought \$3.90@5, the majority above \$4. While now they sell for \$3.25@4.15, few as high as \$3.60@3.90.

Capt. Pierce, a stockman of Junction City, Kansas, has been feeding a 2-year-old steer about six weeks on ensilage with a little corn meal sprinkled in it. The steer has been weighed once a week during the time, and the average gain has been about five pounds per day.—Texas Stockman.

English interior markets are overstocked with live animals and meats, and prices are very unsatisfactory. A late English paper states that in the London market a recent week showed an increase above the same week last year of 500 cattle, 14,000 sheep, 13,000 cwt. of beef and 10,000 cwt. of mutton.

The eastern seaboard and intermediate shippers of cattle are taking hold in the Chicago market more vigorously than for many months. They are taking a liberal proportion of the receipts. They are also buying a cheaper quality of cattle and are taking more cows than they used to do. This is to enable them to sell in competition with the cheap meats furnished to the poorer classes by the refrigerator men.

The British Islands have 29,401,750 sheep and lambs and 10,639,960 cattle, Great Britain having 25,958,768 sheep and 6,511,268 cattle, France has 22,688,280 sheep and lambs and 13,275,521 cattle, Spain has 16,939,288 sheep and lambs and 2,313,214 cattle. All Europe has about two sheep and lambs for one of the cattle kind. The United States has 43,544,753 sheep and lambs and not far from the same number of cattle.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 28.—The action taken in the house on the irrigation item of the sundry civil bill shows that congress is now thoroughly embarked in the survey and segregation of sites for water storage in the sterile tracts of the west. Last year it gave \$100,000 for such surveys and this year and additional sum of \$150,000 was proposed, which in committee of the whole Saturday was raised to \$250,000.

The unusual number of mavericks on some of the ranges is subject of remark. This may be from lack or absence of management, or because the game was not considered worth the candle—or wood. An exchange indulges the wink that perhaps some of the boys will get even for low wages paid lately. Whoever gets possession of the little chaps will be glad of it, for the business will be "in high feather" again before they are beef size.—Cheyenne Journal.

The question of infectious diseases among cattle and horses is again before the legislature of Dakota, and some stringent laws will be passed. A bill has been prepared providing for a thorough system of inspection of all cattle from Illinois, Missouri and the other states in which cattle have been diseased, and for a right quarantine against all cattle where the territorial veterinarian may suspect that pleuro-pneumonia exists. It also makes it unlawful for a citizen of the territory to own a diseased animal, and makes provisions for his punishment in the courts.

Imports of live stock and fresh meats at Liverpool, from the United States and Canada, for 1888 and 1887: 1888—January to March—14,805 cattle, 319 sheep and 85,

827 quarters of beef; April to June—26,898 cattle and 110,991 quarters of beef; July to September—28,901 cattle, 17,700 sheep and 87,935 quarters of beef; October to December—19,556 cattle, 10,355 sheep and 126,110 quarters of beef. Totals for the year—90,154 cattle, 28,374 sheep and 410,363 quarters of beef. These exceed the imports of 1887 by 30,195 live cattle, 16,869 live sheep and 120,250 quarters of beef.

A stock yard man, who professes to know what he is talking about, says that the eastern butchers will continue to buy more and more live cattle in the west, instead of being crowded out of the business entirely. He claims that many of the contracts between western refrigerator men and eastern retailers are expiring and not being renewed. The man referred to who is an old-timer here, declares that the refrigerator business has touched high water mark, as it were, and that the business of shipping cattle alive to the east will forge ahead.—Chicago Cor. Texas Stockman.

Tom Stevens, foreman for Eli Cogshall, manager Illinois & Wisconsin Cattle company, was in the city this week. Mr. Stevens has received a letter from Mr. Cogshall from River Falls, Wisconsin, where the latter is at present. Mr. Cogshall will purchase cattle in New Mexico for his ranch in this county. Tom says he has killed one or two big jaws and has used them as baits for wolves and coyotes. He has ridden the range a great deal, and the fine weather has permitted him to do a great deal of ranch repairs, which ordinarily cannot be done in winter.—Miles City, M. T., Stock Grower's Journal.

C. W. McGee, of Weatherford, a well-known cattleman, has just returned from southern Texas. He says that in the Rockport country, on the coast line, and for 30 miles back, where the land is low, the water has almost entirely submerged the range, so that the grass has soured, cattle have no place to lie down, and the deaths from these causes are numerous. He says though, that in the country further back, all through southern Texas, prosperity rests on the cattlemen to a degree never before known there. The grass is growing and flowers and trees are putting forth buds. Those who had made preparations to feed their stock have not yet had occasion to bring out any feed.—Texas Stockman.

One thing that is the matter with the cattle market: Feeders used to take at least six months to fatten a drove of cattle. Now a man turns out two feed lots of several hundred each in that time and commences on 800 fresh cattle. Another thing that is the matter with the cattle market just now: This winter there has hardly been a day when cattle with fairly good care would not gain 2 1/2 lbs. per head, while in ordinary winters there are usually two months in which cattle will eat full feed and not make any gain in weight. This makes a gain of 100 to 200 lbs. per steer on two months alone. This on the total number of cattle feeding is no small item.—Drovers Journal.

The most radical French economists now declare that the only possible means of salvation for the agriculture of central Europe will be for France, Germany, Austria and Italy to sink all political wrangling and form an international customs union to exclude the food products of Russia, India, Austria and America. There is not a single agricultural or natural product of France which is not now produced in profusion by new countries at a comparatively nominal cost, and the same is practically true of Germany and Italy. Partial relief is secured in Italy and Germany by the enormous stream of emigration. The opposite economic school contend that complete free trade is the cure all to be desired.

Anything that is morally wrong should not be legally right, and is not, though in bad law making as in bad bookkeeping people often "force a balance."—Drovers Journal.

Does the Drovers Journal have the big four in mind in the above allusion?

No other spring medicine has won for itself such universal confidence as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the most powerful combination of vegetables alteratives ever offered to the public, and is acknowledged by the medical profession to be the best blood purifier.

THE HORSES.

Interesting Bits of News for Horsemen and Breeders.

Bair, who became famous as the driver of Maud S. when that mare was on the turf, is just now trying to secure an engagement in Europe to train trotters on that side of the Atlantic. Bair's light went out when Maud S. was retired from the turf. She was the only trotter of any consequence to which he ever gave a fast record, and the general impression among horsemen is that nearly any other driver would have done just as well with her. Of course the fast miles by Maud S. gave Bair a good deal of notoriety, and this brought to his stable a number of good horses. He was never able, however, to make any of them go well, and a year ago last summer his performances with the pacer Johnston were a good way from first-class. Then came the startling story that while taking the horse down the back-stretch on the Belmont Park track in Philadelphia he had been pulled from the wagon and robbed of \$1,000, which sum represented Johnston's earnings thus far. A little after that the owner of Johnston took that horse and several others away from Bair, and the ex-driver of Maud S. drifted to California, which state he left rather suddenly last spring, and it will be remembered that there was a good deal in the papers about him at that time. Since then he has not been at all prominent. His effort to get a job in Europe is not likely to be successful.—Breeders' Gazette.

A MUSTANG CHALLENGE.

I noticed an article in your paper some weeks back which read like this: "We should not be too particular in breeding our own stock up to the standard and not buy Texas scrubs to breed from." What your correspondent means I am not able to comprehend. I think he has just got one side of the question. We don't claim to have scrubs but pure mustangs, and I would like to call his attention to a few of them. Mitten, of Corsicana, owns Charley M., branded from head to tail, that could go in 2:26. Mr. Daruty, of Waco, drove a Texas scrub to his delivery wagon and he got so that he delivered the groceries too fast, they put him on the track and he paced them out twelve thousand dollars. The man that purchased him carried him north.

Mr. Ellison, of Mt. Calm, sold to Mr. Hinchman, of Waco, another scrub for \$150. Mr. H. had him driven a while and sold him for \$1400. Mr. Oliver, of Mexia, bought a horse that was hauling cord wood, he put him up in shape, took him to the Dallas fair, entered him in every race, and only had him beaten in one. There was a horse at Dallas that made a cross and had but little rest and training, that made a 2:30 record. There are lots of this kind here and yet they are called scrubs. I am in the scrub business, only I am using one of his kind of horses, a colt of Mountain Chief raised on John S. Pemberton's ranch.

Now, friend, if you are right I am wrong; but I will show colts with you or anybody else in Missouri or Kentucky, for size, bone, style or action, and they are all out of Texas scrub mares; rather than to prefer charges against you, I am willing to split the difference with you, you go your way and I will go mine. Time will tell who gets the surplus dollar.

—S. C. E., in Rural World.

THE CHEAP STALLIONS.

It cannot be too frequently or too forcibly urged upon the average farmer the propriety, nay, but the absolute necessity of breeding his mares only to the very best horses within his reach. Some one has said that there is no such a thing as a cheap man, for man always commands the value of his services, and we may say the same of a horse or jack. It does not necessarily follow, we know, that because the owner of a horse stands him at \$1.25 or \$50 the season, that he is worth it; but on the other hand, it generally does follow, that one that stands at three, five, eight or ten dollars, is not worth more, and that the produce will be comparatively valueless in the market. Where do the hundreds of thousands of common plugs that fill our markets and sell at from \$25 to \$50 apiece, at four years old, come from but from horses of this character? Where do the horses that sell at from 75 to 150 or more dollars, much more readily, come

from? Why, from the best stallions to be sure. The thing is as plain as the nose on one's face and ought to be patent to every one, but it isn't. Thousands of farmers in the west will do next spring as they have in the past, namely, pay a plug price and get plug value. It is becoming utterly disreputable to see our city sales stables crowded all the time with this kind of rubbish that hardly pays for sending to market much less for raising, and it reflects no credit on the judgment or enterprise of the men who raise them. Find good stallions, the standard bred trotter if needs be, but a horse anyhow that has character and reputation as well as a lineage. We haven't half stallions enough of the right sort, it is true, and the reason why is because we have too many men who claim that any horse is good enough for them. Breed higher, gentlemen. It costs no more to bring up a \$150 horse than one that is dear at \$50.—Rural World.

Go to Gore's Fire Proof Hotel (European Plan) 266 to 274 South Clark St., Chicago. Rooms \$1 per day and upwards. Electric Light and Steam Heat in every room.

It Looks Favorable.

Good news comes from all the territories in regard to cattle, and to the most satisfactory manner in which this great industry is looking up, says the Kansas City Times:

For twenty-five years in Montana there has never been seen a more favorable state of affairs. The cattle there are fat and thriving while from every possible indication not a single steer will have been lost. Accurate estimates put the exports from that territory during the year 1888 at 100,000 head. From Texas 135,000 head will be the minimum drive, and from Wyoming 52,000 head more, Idaho according to close figuring, will send forward 43,000 head, Utah 29,000, New Mexico 31,000 and Arizona 17,000. Estimates have not yet been made as to Colorado's output, but the information is that it will be quite large and of a very superior quality. No report of sickness anywhere accompanies these most gratifying bulletins. Nor has a single case of pleuro-pneumonia or bloody murrain projected a dark shadow across the cattlemen's roseate sky in any direction.

As is well known, the losses on stock in 1886-7 were positively frightful. Many a patient and hard working ranchman saw the labors of a life time swept away in a night. But those who could hold on and did hold on are now coming out royally at the big end of the horn. Last year's business in beef was very large—far greater than at any previous season for eleven years, while good prices have put all of the stockraisers without exception firmly upon their feet.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 WALL ST., N. Y.



**THE STOCK GROWER.**

ISSUED WEEKLY AT  
**LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.**  
Office, Bridge Street, in Stock Grower Building.

**THE STOCK GROWER COMPANY.**

The Subscription Price of THE STOCK GROWER is \$3.00 a year, payment in advance. Single copies, ten cents. New subscriptions can commence at any time during the year.  
The Stock Grower is sent to subscribers until explicit order is received by the publishers for its discontinuance, and all payment of arrearages is made, as required by law.  
Discontinuance.—Remember that the publishers must be notified by letter when a subscriber wishes his paper stopped. All arrearages must be paid. Retaining your paper will not enable us to discontinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your postoffice address is given.  
Always give the name of the postoffice to which your paper is sent. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.  
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Address all communications to THE STOCK GROWER, Las Vegas, New Mexico.

Only journal devoted exclusively to the stock growing, feed farming and commercial interests of the Southwest. We give the cattle news of the range country.  
Endorsed by every cattle association and representative ranchman in the southwest.

- Official Paper of the Pima County, Arizona, Ranchmen's Association.
- Official Paper of the Lincoln County Stock Association.
- Official Paper of the San Miguel County Stock Association.
- Official Paper of the Dona Ana County Stock Association.
- Official Paper of the Central New Mexico Stock Growers' Association.
- Official Paper of the Canadian River Live Stock Association.

**Officers and Members of the Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico.**  
LEWIS LUTZ, President, East Las Vegas, N. M.  
J. E. SAINT, Albuquerque, N. M.  
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J. D. WARREN, Secretary, Las Vegas, N. M.

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A. J. CHANDLER, Secretary and Veterinary Surgeon, A. T.  
ISAAC N. TOWN, Calabessa, A. T.  
THOS. HALLER, Signal, A. T.  
WILL C. BARNER, St. Joseph, A. T.  
N. B. BOWMAN, Prescott, A. T.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1889.

**SOUTHWEST STOCK NOTES.**

**Short Items Relative to Stock and Stockmen of the Southwest.**

Western Texas stockmen are making preparations to ship a large number of cattle to the Pacific coast, where, it is claimed the range is yet good and not overcrowded.

It is reported by the Wilcox Stockman that the Standard Cattle company, of Arizona and Texas, will have 12,000 head of heifers spayed the coming spring. We think this is an exaggeration by about 10,800 head.

It is generally admitted by stockmen, who have been over the range in northern New Mexico since the heavy snows, that cattle are looking well, and that there have been no unusual losses, though much of the stock is beginning to show signs of shrinkage.

Sheriff Whitehill, of Grant county, recently sold at public auction 232 head of fine American cattle, the property attached in the suit of the Columbia Cattle Co., vs. T. Baca, et al, of Deming. Mr. Campbell, representing the plaintiffs, purchased the whole for \$1800, being \$7.33 per head.

A genuine camel was caught recently by Dennis Madigon near the ranch of Col. Lewis Wolfley in the vicinity of Gila Bend. It was a large one, measuring over nine feet in height. It is supposed to be a stray from the old herd that has been roaming over the deserts of Arizona and California.

The L. F. D. Jinglebob and Urton Cattle companies, ranching along the Pecos river, will begin rounding up steers on March 1st preparatory to shipping them to the Indian Territory. The Fort Sumner range where most of the cattle of the aforementioned companies belong is becoming short of grass, and as a necessary precaution against a possible bad season the range will be relieved.

The spring round-up of the Rio Grande valley begins at El Paso next Friday, the 15th and works up the river. The outfits of Messrs. Ropes, Goldenberg, Wildy, Carpenter & Stanley and the Detroit & Rio Grande and San Pedro Cattle companies, passed through town yesterday on their way to take part in the round-up.—Las Cruces Daily News.

Notice is given that the approved plats of township 26 south, range 9 west, township 26 south, range 10 west, have been received at the Las Cruces land office and will be duly filed in that office on March 2, 1889, in accordance with instructions from the general land office, after which date filings will be received therefor.

A gentleman well posted in cattle in Texas says that the condition of cattle in the state varies according to location. In western Texas they are in prime condition; in middle and north Texas they have held their own during the winter, but in south Texas, on account of continuous rains, they are in rather bad fix.

There will be a heavy movement of cattle from Texas to the Indian Territory this spring, estimates being placed all the way between 125,000 and 200,000 head. Besides the various other causes and inducements that bring about the movement the increased value on the market of cattle that go from the north side of fever line is, perhaps, not among the least.

At the annual meeting of the stock holders of the Oak Grove and Sierra Verde Cattle company of Grant county, held the 29th ult., the following directors were elected: E. C. Converse, P. R. Smith, H. McKnight, A. W. Bishop and W. A. Nimick. W. A. Nimick, re-elected president. P. R. Smith re-elected vice president. The Oak Grove stock holders signed the final papers to transfer the property to the American Meat Co. Delivery is to be made as early in the spring as the weather and condition of the cattle will permit.

It has been the habit of stock thieves who depredated the New Mexico range, especially of northern and eastern New Mexico, to start with their stolen stock for the eastern counties of Texas or the Neutral strip. This fact has become so well known to many of the stockmen that upon the loss of horses the Texas officers were at once notified. This has resulted in the capture of the thieves and the recovery of the property. The Texas officers are very prompt in responding to the calls of the stockmen and apprehending the thieves. Texas justice is also prompt and most effective, we are glad to note.

Articles of Incorporation have been filed by the First New Mexican Reservoir & Irrigation company setting forth the following purposes for which it is formed: "To construct and maintain reservoirs and canals or ditches and pipe lines for the purpose of supplying water for the purpose of irrigation, mining, manufacturing domestic and other public uses, including cities and towns and for the purpose of colonization and the improvement of lands in connection therewith." The location of the main reservoirs are to be in townships eleven and twelve about ten miles west of Roswell on the Hondo river, and will cover an area of more than ten square miles with water from 10 to 30 feet deep, making a supply sufficient to irrigate 100,000 acres of land. The incorporators are Solomon H. Jaffa, Trinidad, Col., Gilbert H. Overton, Ft. Stanton, N. M., William S. Prager and L. M. Long, of Roswell, N. M., and J. J. Cockrell, of Lincoln, N. M.

One of the worst things which legitimate cattle raisers have to contend with at the present time, is the operations of the alleged cowman who has started a brand of his own and is running cattle on the range of another. In many instances this kind of work is only another cover for thieving and the practice should not be tolerated by cattle owners. The loudest complaints come to the STOCK GROWER from eastern Valencia county, where one or more men are operating at the present time and who openly boast that they will have a herd of 300 calves which will be branded in the their brand the coming spring. The locality in which these men are at work should be carefully watched and as soon as signs of crooked work appear on the range arrests should follow. The same method of "building up of the herd" is now going on in other localities in New Mexico. The time has come for the stock raisers to step to the front and rid the range of this kind of cowboy.

**The Outlook for Cattle.**  
Messrs. Clay, Robinson & Co., of the Chicago stock yards recently sent out circular letters to 800 correspondents, requesting information concerning the proportion of cattle being fed, the price of corn, etc. Following are the results, the comparisons being made with average years:

Name of State	Per cent of Cattle Fed	Price of Corn	Per cent of Corn Crop	Per cent of Hogs Fed
Illinois.....	85	36 cents.	103	81
Iowa.....	91	21 cents.	100	72
Nebraska.....	90	18 cents.	101½	72
Missouri.....	94	29 cents.	91	80
East Kansas..	104	19 cents.	100	79

"These figures show an advance on last year more especially in Illinois and Kansas. We doubt, however, if the aggregate number of cattle feeding is far in advance of last year, and as far as numbers are concerned we are not very much afraid of greatly increased supplies, but when we come to quality we have a serious matter to consider. At a low estimate we may safely calculate that corn-fed cattle will be 75 pounds heavier on an average, while hogs will be 25 to 40 pounds above an average in weight. The mild winter is having a great effect in the feed yards and it will tell in the stock yards by and by. It is true, of course, that many feeders finding their cattle mature early have cut them loose more especially as they saw little hope in the future. The general disposition seems to favor getting quit of everything in the cattle line as soon as possible, while the country feeders are strongly inclined to hold on to their hogs. In fact they are bears on cattle and bulls on hogs.

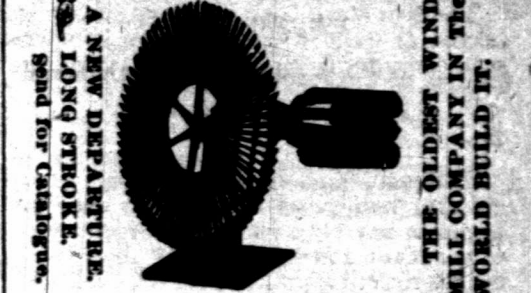
"The tendency" of the cattle market, however, is far from certain. The great stringency in the financial condition of cattlemen all over the west has been overcome. Country banks are in fair condition; at the centers of trade considerable money is accumulating, while the spurt we had in prices last summer has given every one more confidence. Further still, corn is plentiful and cheap, which added to a remarkably fine season is an important factor for the future. It is certain that if the mad rush of cattle to market during the last two months continues then we shall have another strong and paying market during the summer. A very slight turn of affairs, however, may change countrymen into an opposite way of thinking, and we are strongly inclined to look at the future with more hope. The extravagant receipts will stop shortly, feeders will get more backbone, and prices will be steadier, while the summer trade will be a healthy one. The present prices stop feeders from extending their operations, and we shall probably have a considerable shortage of prime cattle in June, July and August. Against this, however, there is the probability of a large run of range cattle early in the season. The weather on the ranges has been fine beyond all precedent, and as feed, except in some parts of Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico, is far above an average we may look for rangers to appear early on the market and of superior quality.

"After a careful examination of all our letters we come to the following conclusions:

- "1st. There is still a strong disposition among all cattlemen to run their cattle to market and reduce their stocks.
- "2d. That our receipts for the coming year will not show any material increase in numbers.
- "3d. That the quality of our corn-fed and range cattle will be far above an average.
- "4th. That prices will be steadier, with a gradual improvement after the first of April.
- "5th. That in regard to hogs, while they are scarce just now, the prospects are for a liberal run during the summer and fall months, which with cheap corn will produce lower prices."

Now we have no manner of doubt but every man in a position to know what is going on in the great stock yards of the country, and how the dressed beef men monopolize the business will feel that until that monopoly is broken, the lowest of low prices will continue. Surely the iron heel of monopoly is grinding the life out of industry.—Rural World.

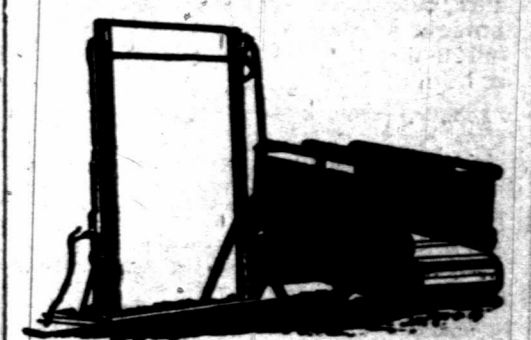
**U. S. Solid Wheel Pumping Wind Mills**



For Ranch and Stock Farms, Railways, Drainage, Irrigation, Etc.

If you are to improve, either for watering stock or irrigation, you should correspond with us and get our prices on the above Wind Mills or the

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Write for our Catalogues if you want Pipe, Pumps, Well Drills, Wind Mills or anything in the line of

**Water Supply Goods.**

We will send you Free Plans for making a Reservoir, a Store Tank for water which will save you Hundreds of Dollars in your improvements.

All our Goods warranted. Long experience in West Texas and New Mexico work. Address:

W. S. Marshall, Pres't.,  
**THE Panhandle M & I Co.**  
Fort Worth, Texas.

**An Old Grass.**  
There is something strange. We talk so much of introducing new species of grasses, etc., which are adapted to cultivation and at the same time good for feeding cattle, etc. Among the latest are German millet and esparcette, now let me say this: While looking over Fremont's report of the exploring expedition to Oregon and North California in the years 1843-4 I find the following narrative on page 113:

- July 9—\* \* \* Camped on a small stream near the road which leads from St. Vrain's fort to the Arkansas river.
  - July 10—\* \* \* During the morning our route led over a dark vegetable mould mixed with sand and gravel, the characteristic plant being esparcette (onobrychis sativa), a species of clover which is much used in Germany for pasturage of stock—especially hogs. It is sown on rocky, waste ground which would otherwise be useless, and grows very luxuriantly, requiring only a renewal of the seed about once in fifteen years. Its abundance here greatly adds to the pastoral value of this region. We camped on Bijou's fork.
  - July 11—\* \* \* While traveling up the valley of Bijou esparcette occurred universally.
- There is really nothing new under the sun; if there was no Denver or Boulder, or Colorado in Fremont's time, there was esparcette in its native state in that region which we now try to introduce from Germany at a good price. H. H.

Go to Gore's Fire Proof Hotel (European Plan) 266 to 274 South Clark St., Chicago. Rooms \$1. per day and upwards. Electric Light and Steam Heat in every room.



# THE STOCK GROWER.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1889.

## PERSONAL.

### Items of Interest Relating to Stock Growing People.

In Denver Mr. Armour is distributing \$10,000 to defeat the meat inspection bill.

Col. Henry Milne left Las Vegas, by the overland route on Tuesday for his ranch at Roswell.

C. B. Eddy is spending a few days in Chicago in the interest of his irrigation enterprise on the Pecos river.

Messrs. Tusler and Holt, Montana cattlemen, are inspecting herds in the lower country. They will return to Montana about March 1st.

Win. Courtenay reports the sales to Miles City stockmen, of ten thousand two and three, cattle from New Mexico, at \$12 and \$15.—Miles City Journal.

The Mundy Bros., who have been established at El Paso a number of years in handling live stock, where they have built up an enviable reputation for honorable dealing, will shortly move all their interests to Mexico.

Norman J. Colman, now at the head of the department of agriculture at Washington, has been appointed by President Cleveland secretary of agriculture, the new cabinet position recently created by congress.

Hon. W. G. Ritch, who has cattle interests near Engle, has been in Santa Fe the past week doing good work for the stockmen. The law relating to bounties on wild animals found on the 2nd page of this issue was drawn up in essential particulars by Mr. Ritch, and his active methods followed the measure to a successful termination in the legislature.

J. H. Cook, formerly manager of the W S ranch in Socorro county, but now of the Agate Springs ranch, near Harrison, Neb., met with a painful injury lately. While leading his fine stallion, Mendocian, the animal grabbed him by the right arm above the elbow and bit and tore it quite severely and some of the muscles are supposed to be torn loose from the bone. It is a painful wound but will probably heal without leaving any lasting effect.

Donald W. Campbell, of Denver, is preparing a digest of the decisions of the supreme courts of the states and territories of the arid regions bearing upon the subject of irrigation and water rights. When completed it will be turned over to Major Powell, director of the United States geological survey for publication by the government printer. It will be a very useful and valuable work, and something not now in existence.

Justice Clark, president of the Iowa and New Mexico Cattle company, whose stock graze in the valleys and on the hill sides of land between the Magdalena mountains and the Atlantic & Pacific road, is in Albuquerque. Mr. Clark states that the company's cattle are in pretty fair condition, considering the severe weather through which they have just gone. He says that the snow on the mountain peaks has disappeared and that stockmen are sanguine of an early spring with plenty of grass.

J. C. Leary, live stock agent of the Fort Worth & Denver railroad, is in the city, and dropped in on the Stockman yesterday. Mr. Leary is one of those gentlemen whom it is always a pleasure to meet and converse with and his road is fortunate in securing his services. He predicts an early and very heavy movement of stock in the spring and is evidently well posted on the subject. The Fort Worth & Denver is a good road, and represented by such a man as Mr. Leary ought to secure whatever goes its way.—Texas Stockman.

Messrs. Clutton and Preston, the latter a stock raiser of Kansas, but who has decided to locate in New Mexico, were agreeable callers at the Stock Grower's rooms on Tuesday. Mr. Clutton, who is the general manager of the Maxwell Land Grant company's cattle interests, said that their cattle were all doing well. Most of the herd had been driven back into the foot hills, where the snow was light and were finding good grazing, though he had gathered about a thousand head of cows and weak heifers which were now being grazed in pasture. Mr. Clutton does not think that the losses of cattle in northern New Mexico will be unusual this season unless the spring weather should be extremely unfavorable. The Maxwell company will put 1000 acres into alfalfa this year and will continue breaking the soil for this excellent grass until they have 4000 acres under cultivation.

### Business Pointers.

David Taylor elsewhere in these columns offers to the "tired" cowman an opportunity to exchange his cattle for productive real estate in Kansas—either city or farm property.

George W. Baxter, of Cheyenne, is a purchaser of 5000 head of two-year-old southwestern steers, as his ad. in another column shows.

Stockmen wanting Berkshire and Essex breeding pigs, choice thoroughbred strains, should write the Stock Grower for information about the Rose Hill herd. See ad. on first page of cover.

The Panhandle M. & I. Co., of Fort Worth, Texas, insert in the Stock Grower on page 3, an attractive ad. showing how well adapted they are to furnish the stockmen and farmers of the southwest with anything they require in the line of wind mills, pumps, well drills and water supply goods of any description, also plans for making reservoirs, tanks, etc. Try them.

### Samuel L. Stanley.

Samuel L. Stanley, of the firm of Spruance, Stanley & Co., and one of San Francisco's oldest citizens, died suddenly at his residence in San Francisco Saturday, Jan. 26th, 1889, of pluro-pneumonia.

Mr. Stanley went from Maine to California in 1861. Forming a partnership

with Horace Webster, the firm name of H. Webster & Co., he engaged in the wholesale wine liquor business at 410 Frost St., San Francisco and Monroe St., New York City. After some years the firm became Spruance, Stanley & Co. Mr. Stanley being an active and progressive man, soon became the head of the firm and during the mining excitement connected his firm with mining properties in northern California and Arizona. Later on, in 1884, the firm purchased the one-half interest in ranch and cattle of Col. C. P. Crawford and S. P. Carpenter, forming what is known as the Carpenter-Stanley Cattle Co., of Grant county, N. M., adding considerable to the ranches and cattle. They now own the controlling interest in the company.

Mr. Stanley leaves a wife, two sons and a married daughter living in Portland, Oregon. His oldest son, Joseph P. Stanley, has been attending to the firm's interest in New Mexico. The deceased was highly respected as a business man and was a Royal Arch Mason.

### The Cowman's Indictment.

[BY SHALE.]

Stand up Messrs. Syndicates—all of you we indict,

Attend to public sentiment and its resentment; O'er the land, that's authority, sovereign superiority

The genius of our land, and the spirit of the bond;

Is standard against might, on behalf of right. To the great declaration—'tis no speculation,—

Your methods are vicious, all about you suspicious.

The rights of the many, is not to be thwarted by any.

Your license upon liberty, a crime of a verity,

Against public policy, a bald bold tyranny.

Your a trifling production, compared with your destruction,

You're a leech upon the world, down you must be hurled.

You've brought prostration and broad desolation;

Through your rascality came stockmen's adversity.

Queries man dreary, heart-sick and weary!

Under galling load, on rough and tedious road,

Now, what's to be done, and not use the gun?

To do and die is preferable, to oppression insupportable.

Other stockmen—the country's noble men,

Say, all forge ahead, will make it in our tread,

The law, slow to define, new crimes refined,

In the end with severity, will enforce the penalty.

Righteously indignant, at coward's benignant,—

At cattle king's fawning, under big four's awning

At political carriers, benchmen and dalliers;

To all such trimmers, they deal sledge-hammers.

They study well the crime, of this mercenary combine,

What's to be the remedy, and the proper penalty;

They study pushing efforts and crushing effects,

Giving persistent work, ever on the alert;

Without hesitation, they demand legislation,

And a stout sentence, of penitentiary and repentance.

### Col. Slaughter Gives the Kansas Legislature Pointers.

Col. C. C. Slaughter is back from Kansas City, says the Dallas News, where he appeared before the senate committee appointed by the Kansas legislature to inquire into the state of beef market prior to voting on a bill providing for a state live stock inspection law. Col. Slaughter says the committee visited the stock yards and took a lot of testimony. In answer to the question propounded to him by the committee as to his knowledge of the existence of a combination, Col. Slaughter said he only had circumstantial evidence, but that was of such a character as to be perfectly conclusive. Since the combine has had control of the market he said the price of cattle has fallen 50 per cent, the cost of transportation is fully 25 per cent lower, and labor 20 per cent less, and yet the produce of a steer is sold for the same. Moreover, under the modern way of handling cattle much of the carcass that was formerly thrown away is now utilized, all of which is to be added to the clear profits of the combine. Being asked if he had any recommendations to make, Col. Slaughter told the committee that nothing short of state live stock inspection laws would reach the case, and he suggested a conference on the subject of committees from all the state legislatures now in session, the meeting to be held at some central point.

Speaking of range cattle, Col. Slaughter says stock in the west have done well up to date, but are beginning to lose a little flesh. In those sections of the country, however, where the grass is of long summer sort, the long drawn out wet weather has beaten it into the ground, rotted and washed the substance out of it, and the cattle are going to great crowbats before grass comes again.

# TO CATTLEMEN.

A great many of you have a number of

## STEERS TO SELL.

Now the Northern buyers are coming into the country in search of stock. The first place the buyers strike is the STOCK GROWER Office and they want information.

Now, why don't you write up an advertisement like this?

**300** Two-year-old steers for sale. Well improved. Address, Messrs. ROBERTS, Skybi, N. M.

The cost of such advertising would be but little, and you will be known to the world as having steers to sell.

Furthermore, all the northern buyers read the STOCK GROWER and will see your notice.

### The Dehorning Crass.

Sam Allerton, of Chicago, says the arguments in favor of dehorning cattle are that it will surely save one-fourth the hay for stockers, one-half the shed room, 10 per cent of corn to feeders, all loss in shipping cattle, hundreds of human lives, thousands of brutes, and a blue streak of profanity from ocean to ocean. But, while those arguments are all strong I am in favor of dehorning cattle because it christianizes them. The removal of the horns from cattle exercises an influence upon their dispositions. A vicious, unyielding steer, habituated to hooking and jamming around the farm yard, becomes as meek and docile as a 2-year-old heifer. For without a weapon to do harm no desire to do so is felt. The operation of removing a horn is as painless as paring your finger nails. The horns are knocked off with a club. A fine saw is inserted under the hair at the base of the horn. The saw passes through a nerveless pith. It does not cause the slightest pain, nor a drop of blood to flow. The boys on my farms have been buying cattle in northern Iowa, where there is a great deal of dehorning, and concluded to try it on a hundred head. It keeps the steers from jamming each other in the stock cars. I tell you the horn is of no use to the animal. It is a nuisance and a dangerous weapon, but to the breeder I must say the horn is an index of temperament and forms a sort of basis of criticism.

### TO TRADE FOR LIVE STOCK.

Corn and grass farms in Lyon county, Kansas, and city and suburban properties in Emporia, Kansas, for cattle. Inquire at Plaza Hotel, Las Vegas, N. M.

4912 DAVID TAYLOR.

### To Kill Prairie Dogs.

Mr. Philip Smith, of Rock Ridge, Colorado, gives the following remedy for destroying prairie dogs. To three pints of water Mr. Smith adds five teaspoons full of sugar, any kind will do, although the gentleman uses the granulated kind. To the water and sugar add 1/2 oz. of sulphate of strychnine. Put the mixture in a tin pail or glass jar. Then fill the same with wheat to within one inch of the top of

the water. Set the receptacle away, and when the wheat swells to the top of the water it is ready for use.

Now go around in the dogtown, placing about a tablespoonful one foot from the entrance of each hole. It is best to repeat the visits as long as there are any dogs to be seen, placing more of the poisoned wheat where it had previously been taken. When you find the wheat undisturbed, fill up the hole. It may take some time to get rid of all of them, but if you persist in your visits you will finally conquer. Be sure to get the sulphate of strychnine, as it will dissolve in water, while the crystallized will not dissolve. If you use the crystals of strychnine your labor will be all in vain.

Mr. Smith says that many of the dogs manage to get back to their holes and die there, although he has seen over three dozen dead animals outside within one hour after he had placed the poison. The best time to kill dogs is in the winter when there is snow on the ground. Feed is scarce then and they will eat the wheat readily. If you should have no wheat, chop or corn will do. Mr. Smith did his work in March and April and some in May. In concluding his remarks Mr. Smith says: "Be sure and make the mixture sweet, for strychnine is naturally bitter. The way I found that the dogs liked wheat was when they had their burrows close to a wheat field. They would cut the wheat down and carry it to their holes and eat it there. Last winter I killed thousands of dogs and I used four 1/2 ounce bottles of strychnine."

### Land Office Bulletin.

NEW MEXICO—SANTA FE.

Our Washington correspondent sends us the following information:

Land contests decided. The names of the successful parties are printed in capital letters. Cash patents issued—No. 754.

LAS CRUCES.

ALBINO GOMEZ vs. Concepcion Martinez; ALBINO GOMEZ vs. Francisco Salazar.

### Colorado's Meat Inspection.

The meat inspection—House bill No. 28, by Mr. Ebbert—was slightly amended and passed the house committee of the whole, Monday. Mr. Ebbert spoke half an hour in support of the measure and was warmly applauded for his efforts. A dispatch says the measure will pass the senate without any trouble.—Public Review and Standard.



Wool

During January 10,847 bales of foreign wool were imported at Boston, against 5,753 bales in January, 1898.

Senator Durbin, of Colorado, says: "My sheep flock the past year have paid me as good as twenty-five per cent. on their investment."

An extraordinary case of prolific lambing has just occurred in Somerset, England, where a Dorset Horn ewe has given birth to no less than five lambs, four of which were born alive, and still survive.

W. T. Markham, of New York, had 205 Vermont sheep destroyed at New South Wales in 1894, because scab developed among them while in quarantine. Mr. M. sued for damages, and has just recovered £15,235, or a shade over £74 1/2 each.

The exports of wool from Australia the past season have shown an increase of 62,898 bales over the same period of the previous year. It is claimed that the effects of the drouth on the next season's clip have also been exaggerated.

In the past few days parties in Ohio have been investing quite heavily in Colorado lands and Colorado sheep. They have bought interests in the Merino Fine Stock company, of Elbert county, the largest registered fine-wooled flock in America.

There were 100,000 more mutton sheep sold in the Chicago market in 1888 than there were in 1887. It is but fair to presume that the increase will be great again in 1889, since feeders in the corn belt have taken to sheep they have helped up the popularity of mutton.

The sheep market at Chicago has been steady for some time, and seems to gradually gain strength as the weeks go by. Last week some corn-fed westerns brought \$4.75. Texas wool not have so many sheep to market this year, but the prospect is good for what she will have to spare.

C. G. Hubbard, who has traveled extensively during the past few months in Texas, is of the opinion that the wool crop will be above the average per head at the coming spring shearing. He says that generally throughout the state sheep are in good flesh, and in the aggregate he expects that the clip of Texas will exceed that of 1888.

The importance of the ram breeding interests in Scotland is shown by the fact that over \$350,000 is realized for the Leicester, Shropshire and Oxford Down rams sold every year at the annual public sales. At the sale in Edinburgh, in September, Leicester rams averaged \$25 to \$50, Shropshires \$20 to \$40 and Oxfords \$20 to \$35, some fancy animals going as high as \$100 to \$200. The prices at this and other sales this year have averaged somewhat higher than for the past few years. From 1000 to 2000 thoroughbred animals often change hands at some of these sales.

From information received from several of the large wool-growing states and territories of the far west the American Wool Reporter infers that the prospects of the wool clip of 1899 are very flattering. The winter thus far has been most favorable for stock on the ranges, as no severe blizzards have occurred. The staple promises to be stronger and more perfectly grown than usual, and, owing to heavy summer rains, will be freer from foreign substances than last season. The quantity will also be largely increased. Some people in Colorado even now estimate the clip in that state at 12,000,000 pounds. The heavy crop promises to be large.

Wool

The London sales so long awaited, opened on Tuesday. The amount catalogued was 253,000 bales. The sales opened on a par with the closing rates of the last sale, except on Cape wools, which declined from 1/2 @ 1/2. As Cape wools had advanced beyond a parity with Australian wools, the decline does not amount to much. A telegram received on the second day of the sales quoted Port Phillip super merino, shrinking 53 per cent., at 13 1/4 d, and Sydney super merino, shrinking 54 per cent., at 12 1/4 d, or 81 @ 80c, and 79 @ 80c clean at the American mill. A later dispatch quoted Sydney wools, shrinking 55

per cent., at 12 1/4 d, a slight advance. Cable reports note a good selection of choice wools, though during the first two or three days of the sale some of the most noted American buyers made no purchases.

A cablegram received Friday says: "Thursday firm and quiet, Friday firmer, advancing tendency."

The Antwerp market is steady at the slight decline noted two weeks since. It has been a little easier to purchase in South America recently, and sales for America, including 1000 bales for Canada, have reached a total of about 5000 bales. The first Boston arrival is due March 1. New Montevideo merino costs in bond 28 @ 20 cents. At the close of the last sales in Antwerp there were but 4000 bales of fine South American wool against 7700 a year ago.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

Australian Wool Prospects

MELBOURNE, Australia, December 24.—The interests of the various members of the Australian group of colonies are so diverse that the condition of one cannot generally be taken as indicative of another. The climatic influences which necessarily play an important part in determining the flows and ebbs of prosperity everywhere, are always of more than the average importance here. Continental Australia has recently experienced one of the worst drouths recorded in the history of the colonies, and only that the preceding season (1887-8) was a good one and ended by leaving tanks and dams full, the losses of stock would have been frightful. The intensity of the drouth may be gauged by the statement that at some places in the northern interior no rain fell from February until a few weeks ago. Even the seaboard districts have been seriously affected, and the agricultural areas have suffered as well as the pastoral stations. The season 1887-8 was fairly a plentiful one. The wool clip was the largest ever obtained, the quantity being reckoned at about 1,400,000 bales, inclusive of New Zealand, of a gross value approaching £20,000,000. The last of the clip is still being shipped. Fortunately for the squatters (i. e., wool growers) and the mortgage institutions which stand behind them, the European markets are higher than was the case two or three years ago, and thus an increased quantity of wool has been readily placed at enhanced prices. The drouth referred to above has, however, seriously injured the prospects for the new season 1888-9.—Bradstreet's Correspondence.

A Nebraska Fattory

This morning I visited the feed barns at the Willow Springs distillery, where 2,000 head of western cattle are being fed, and was well paid for my trouble. The Middlesex Live Stock Co., were feeding 500 head and the balance are being fed by the McCloud-Love Live Stock Commission Co., of Omaha. I was shown through the barns of Mr. Chumbley, the superintendent, who explained all the points of interest. The cattle were chained to upright posts, facing a sort of raised platform about 3 1/2 feet in width. Running the length of the barn, on either side of the platform, was a wooden trough about eight inches in depth, placed in the most convenient position for the cattle, in which was the morning's supply of mash, which the cattle were eating with an evident relish. Connecting with these troughs are pipes leading into the distillery, where there are large tanks for the storing of the mash. The raised platform in addition to being a convenient passage way for those caring for the cattle, also serves as a sort of hay bunk and, after the cattle have consumed the mash, as much hay as they need is spread out before them. The first thing that strikes the visitor is the cleanliness of everything, and it is almost a marvel how so many cattle, huddled together in one place, can be kept in such good shape. Mr. Chumbley remarked: "There are twelve of us who do nothing but look after the cattle, and we find plenty to keep us all busy." Back of the cattle there is a drop of a few inches in the floor, forming, as it were, a sort of open sewer, which is easily flushed with water, and into which all refuse is swept by the attendants. All of the cattle were doing well and a good many of them are ready for market, having

been on feed four and a half to five months, but are held for better prices. Mr. Chumbley explained that when the cattle were first put on the feed they showed a decided dislike for the mash, but when they had once created an appetite for it, they ate it eagerly and put on fat rapidly. When first put in the barn they were very wild, many of them being fresh from the ranges of Colorado, but they soon became quite tame and docile under the kind treatment of the attendants.—A. E. Davenport, in Cheyenne Journal.

A Common Cold

Is often the beginning of serious affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, and Lungs. Therefore, the importance of early and effective treatment cannot be overestimated. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral may always be relied upon for the speedy cure of a Cold or Cough.

Last January I was attacked with a severe Cold, which, by neglect and frequent exposures, became worse, finally settling on my lungs. A terrible cough soon followed, accompanied by pains in the chest, from which I suffered intensely. After trying various remedies, without obtaining relief, I commenced taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was

Speedily Cured.

I am satisfied that this remedy saved my life.—Jno. Webster, Pawtucket, R. I.

I contracted a severe cold, which suddenly developed into Pneumonia, presenting dangerous and obstinate symptoms. My physician ordered the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. His instructions were followed, and the result was a rapid and permanent cure.—H. E. Stimpson, Rogers Prairie, Tex.

Two years ago I suffered from a severe Cold, which settled on my Lungs. I consulted various physicians, and took the medicines they prescribed, but received only temporary relief. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking two bottles of this medicine I was cured. Since then I have given the Pectoral to my children, and consider it

The Best Remedy

for Colds, Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, ever used in my family.—Robert Vanderpool, Meadville, Pa.

Some time ago I took a slight Cold, which, being neglected, grew worse, and settled on my Lungs. I had a hacking cough, and was very weak. Those who knew me best considered my life to be in great danger. I continued to suffer until I commenced using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Less than one bottle of this valuable medicine cured me, and I feel that I owe the preservation of my life to its curative powers.—Mrs. Ann Lockwood, Akron, New York.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is considered, here, the one great remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs, and is more in demand than any other medicine of its class.—J. F. Roberts, Magnolia, Ark.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

Interstate Commerce—Cattle Regulations

A statute of Iowa makes a person having in his possession within the state any Texas cattle which have not been wintered north of the southern boundary of Missouri and Kansas liable for any damage that might accrue from allowing them to run at large, and thereby spreading what is known as Texas fever. A case involving the constitutionality of this act was sent for final decision to the supreme court of the United States, the record showing that the case had been decided in the circuit court against the constitutionality of the statute on the ground that it constituted an interference with interstate commerce and was in violation of the constitutional provision giving citizens of each state all the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several states. The supreme court holds that the Iowa statute is not in conflict with the paramount authority of congress to regulate interstate commerce. The court says that the statute has nothing to do with such commerce. The statute does not constitute a restriction of commerce, but is simply a requirement that whoever permits diseased cattle to run at large shall be liable for damages occasioned

thereby, and the court entertains not the slightest doubt of the right of the state to enact such a statute. The court further holds that, inasmuch as citizens of Iowa are liable under the statute the same as citizens of other states, there is no force in the objection that the law is contrary to the clause of the Constitution giving citizens of each state the privileges and immunities of citizens of the several states.

The advertising agency of Mr. S. R. Niles, Boston, has been in existence under one style longer than any house in this line in America. Mr. Niles having personally conducted it for over twenty-five years. His excellent judgment and business methods have proved of the highest value to his clients; and his engagements have always been promptly met in full. Such an honorable record deserves remark, and we take pleasure in testifying to the cordial relations existing between this agency and the newspaper publishers of America.

Go to Gore's Fire Proof Hotel (European Plan) 266 to 274 South Clark St., Chicago. Rooms \$1. per day and upwards. Electric Light and Steam Heat in every room.

Notice for Publication

[Preemption No. 2161.] LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., February 14, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on April 3, 1899, viz: Ephraim Hixon for the S 1/4 NE 1/4 SE 1/4 NW 1/4 and NE 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 9, Twp. 6 N E 2 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Frederick Gerhardt, Alfred Smith, Pope Hixon, L. P. Tracy, all of Puerto de Luna, New Mexico.

JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

Notice for Publication

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JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

\$250 Reward

OFFICE OF THE A. & P. CATTLE ASSO., GRANTS, NEW MEXICO. A reward of \$250 will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person unlawfully handling stock belonging to any member of this association, and \$100 for each additional person implicated in the same offense. Also a reward of \$100 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons for killing cattle and not preserving the hides for inspection.

G. H. PRATT, President.

J. E. SAINT, Secretary.



THE Snug Restaurant

Bridge St., near the Depot, Las Vegas. Regular Meals and Short Order AT ALL HOURS. Also a fine line of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors constantly on hand. DANIEL EBB, JOSEPH MINTON.

Consumption Surely Cured

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for Consumption. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. Address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. D. 181 Pearl St., New York.



HOME CORNER.

A Batch of Interesting Items for Our Lady Readers.

Ladies of the east and west, we want you to come into the "Home Corner" club. Write for it, if only a line or two and you need not confine your topics to cooking or housework. Let us have pleasant little items, thoughts, suggestions and experiences. Regard this department of the STOCK GROWER as your own, and take an interest in it. An exchange of ideas is always pleasant and instructive.

APPLE CUSTARD.

Take tart apples and stew; rub them through a colander. To one pint of apples add four eggs well beaten, half a cup of sugar, one teaspoonful of butter, and flavor with nutmeg, stir in one pint of milk. Bake as other custards.

SCALLOPED POTATOES.

Cut up cold, boiled potatoes until you have about a quart. Put in a pan a generous cup of milk, one teaspoonful of flour and one tablespoonful of butter. Set on the stove to let it thicken, then put a layer of potatoes in a pudding dish, season with salt and pepper and pour on a little of the gravy, continue until it is all used. Cover the top with rolled cracker crumbs and bits of butter. Bake twenty minutes.

FRIZZLED BEEF.

Frizzled beef is one of the best of simple breakfast dishes. Shave very fine half a pound of dried beef, melt one large tablespoonful of butter in a frying pan, add the meat, stir over the fire for about two minutes, or until the butter begins to brown, dredge in a little flour, stir again, add half a pint of milk, a very little pepper and stir till it boils. Add the beaten yolk of one egg just as you take from the fire, serve immediately.

MARSH MALLOWS.

Dissolve one-half pound of clean gum arabic in one pint of water, strain, then add one-half pound of powdered sugar and set over the fire, stirring occasionally until the sugar is thoroughly dissolved and the mixture has become of the consistency of honey. Now add gradually the well-beaten whites of four eggs, stirring all the time until the mixture loses its stickiness and does not adhere to the fingers when touched. Flavor to taste. Turn out in a shallow pan, dust lightly with corn starch and divide into small squares.

HANDSOME CENTER PIECE FOR THE TABLE.

The center ornament of the table at a recent dinner, was a handsome basket, low in shape, but with a long twisted handle, filled with large and perfect bunches of grapes; the stem of each bunch was tied with purple satin ribbon, each tie of a different shade. The basket itself stood upon a mat made of ribbon the same shade and width as that used for the ties, and the whole effect was charming.

TWO OR THREE HINTS.

A small piece of salt pork boiled with fricasseed chicken will give richness to the gravy, and the flavor will be better than if nothing but butter is used.

One is sometimes troubled when frying cakes by a sediment forming in the lard, which darkens it, and sticks to the outside of the cakes. To remedy this, peel and wash raw potatoes, cut them in slices an inch thick and drop them into the hot lard, they will readily absorb the black particles, and you can easily take them out with a skimmer and not waste the lard.

PREPARING PRUNES.

All those wives who simply stew their prunes in water and sugar for a short time and then serve them, should abolish that mode of preparing, and try the following way and they will find them delicious: Take the cheap prunes, wash them in several warm waters and let them simmer in a covered earthen kettle, with water to cover them, five hours, then stone them and add a cup of sugar to each pound of fruit, use the same water and simmer again three or four hours more, serve cold. Fill pies of same. All those who have loved prune sauce, before, will eat prune sauce the more.

A NICE FROSTING.

A little cream of tartar mixed with the sugar of which you are to make boiled frosting, will improve the frosting greatly;

it will harden at once, and you will be spared all anxiety in the matter. A good rule for making this kind of frosting is this: two cups and a half of sugar, two-thirds of a cup of water, boil until it candies, that is, until it drops from the spoon in threads, or will harden in cold water, then add the whites of three eggs beaten to a stiff froth, stir it briskly for a few minutes till it is perfectly smooth; add the piece of one lemon, this quantity will be enough to put between the layers of a medium sized cake, and will also frost the top and sides. If you wish to frost the tops and sides only, one cup of sugar and one egg will be enough.

The above recipes are original and were kindly prepared for the Home Corner by "E. B. H." of Portland, Maine.

TAKE OFF ON A CURRENT CRAZE.

The craze for decoration was running high. A bright little New Mexico four-year-old had watched with absorbing interest the gilding of ornaments for the parlor and the decorations with ribbons and bows.

A few mornings since his papa, in his presence, shot three rats in an outhouse. Shortly after he picked up one of the dead rodents and brought it into the house to show his mama, assuring her repeatedly, "It will hurt you," pointing to its poor lacerated head, etc., until finally she made him carry the thing out doors.

A few hours later upon arousing from a meditative mood, the tender philosopher suddenly asked his mama why she made him take the little rat out doors; and added—"Why don't you gild him and tie a ribbon around his tail and hang him in the parlor to look pretty; why don't you mama?"

Percentage of Beef to Live Weight.

For the first time within our knowledge there has been a painstaking effort made by our English cousins to obtain data, more or less reliable, as to how the Smithfield show beasts "died." Mr. Geo. T. Turner has collected for the London *Live Stock Journal* and exhaustive and highly interesting report as to the live and dead weights, percentage, quality of flesh, etc. of sixty-four head of various breeds, crosses and ages, from which it appears that Sir John Swineburn's cross-bred three-year-old Shorthorn-Galloway ox, with a live weight of 2156 lbs. dressed 1584 lbs. of meat, or 73.47 per cent net to gross! The second highest "dresser" was Mr. Alfred Agate's first prize two-year-old Sussex steer, netting 1422 lbs. of beef to 1984 lbs. alive, a percentage of 71.67; Mr. David Bromilaw's commended Shorthorn heifer following with a per cent of 71.61—the average of all the returns being 66.12 per cent. The unfortunate part of all this is that the reports are what would be called in America "private trials," which never have received, and probably never will command, the respect assured by official or public tests. The "mem" of a butcher as to how his Smithfield purchases turned out is worth just as much, we suppose, as that of any other interested individual—no less, no more—but in view of the "long bow" drawn on the other side, a few years since as to how a "dodder" cow came out—high up in the seventies—Americans feel like asking their kinsmen across the sea to come up with something official before contrasting too sharply their figures with those obtained by skillful feeders at the Chicago show. We have succeeded in establishing beyond all peradventure, a record of 72.8 per cent at the exposition building, but we have not ransacked the butchers' stalls of the whole countryside for private testimony. We suppose Mr. Turner's informants consulted the "weigh-bridge" rather than their own "noggins" in making up their weights, in spite of their well known antipathy to the scales. When Britain establishes a public record which can fairly be regarded as a proper standard of comparison it will be time enough to talk of owning the "belt" for best killing cattle. Like the proverbial "Yankee," she has done "lots of guessing" upon this matter of weights of live animals and their dressed products, but precious little official investigating. A Woolwich butcher's *ipse dixit* will hardly tip the beam as against the official "tab" of the Illinois State Board of agriculture.—*Breeders' Gazette*.

The Profits of Alfalfa.

The great productiveness of alfalfa is generally known wherever that valuable forage plant will grow, but yet it is not often that farmers get down to accurate mathematical statements in the matter. We have before us, however, a valuable statement of this kind from the Durate country, at the head of the Los Angeles valley, California, a region of country very similar to that of the Salt River valley and cultivated by irrigation, but unlike the Salt River valley it is not such a perfectly healthy climate as we have here. The statement is as follows:

A. C. Thomson, who owns a ranch on the upper Durate, has given us some interesting figures in regard to his alfalfa crop. He has just five and one-half acres in alfalfa. From this he has already harvested six cuttings this year and will cut it once more before January. The average yield so far has been eleven tons to the cutting, although the third yielded fourteen tons. He has found a ready sale for the hay, selling it on the ground at \$10 per ton, or delivering it in Montovia and vicinity at \$12. The total yield from the seven cuttings is seventy-seven tons, and the market price \$924, or \$108 per acre. All the attention required aside from harvesting, has been to irrigate the land once after each cutting. One seeding of this grass lasts from twelve to fifteen years. Last year Mr. Thomson cut the crop eight times. We do not know what the cost of harvesting and marketing may be, but suppose we allow \$3 per ton, leaving a net price per ton of \$9. The yield being fourteen tons per acre, at \$9 per ton would leave a net income per acre of \$126. This is a trifle over 12 1/2 per cent on \$1000. The land upon which this crop was raised is on the foothills and is not generally supposed to be as good for alfalfa as the moist lands further down the valley. There are ranches in the vicinity of Mr. Thomson's that can be bought for \$600 per acre, partially set to bearing fruit at that. If we place the value of the land upon which this crop was raised at \$600 per acre, it shows a net profit of 21 per cent. The moist lands in the valleys, especially adapted to alfalfa, can be purchased at from \$200 to \$300 per acre. If we take the latter figures and allow the same yield per acre the profit would be 42 per cent, or if we take the former it would be 63 per cent. The land would pay for itself in two to three years. These figures are not visionary but are based on actual facts and are susceptible of proof.—*Montovia Messenger*.

The Hard Conditions the Dressed Beef Men Impose.

But this is only one-half the story. It only exhibits one side, the way by which the members of this "combine" are able to squeeze millions annually out of the honest producer and shipper. As we have said these men buy at their own figures, but they also sell in the same way. The dressed beef men now ship beef in refrigerator cars to nearly every large city in the union. They first reach a market, undersell the legitimate butchers until they are deliberately forced to suspend operations, then the combine, the wholesale slaughterers, these refrigerator beef-shippers have everything their own way, and having no opposition charge what they please, ship only what suits them and the people have to take it and pay their price or go without. It looks merciless, it is merciless, but did anybody ever look for any mercy or humanity at the hands of the demon greed. We are not overdrawing the system one iota; these are facts, patent undeniable, every-day facts, as unquestionable as the day and absolutely true. What does the combine care if it ruins every butcher in the country? What does it care whether its meat was suffering from Texas fever, tuberculosis, big jaw or anything else? It exists to make money. It has at its command millions, can hire talent to defend itself, to destroy or build as it pleases, but the end sought is to make more millions and be you sure, dear reader, they are bound to do it.—*Rural World*.

Go to Gore's Fire Proof Hotel (European Plan) 266 to 274 South Clark St., Chicago. Rooms \$1. per day and upwards. Electric Light and Steam Heat in every room.

CATTLE, WANTED and FOR SALE.

WANTED—FIVE THOUSAND and two-year-old steers, delivered in Wyoming, during May or June next. Address with lowest cash price and full particulars as to class of cattle, where bred, present range, etc., Geo. W. Baxter, Cheyenne Wyoming. 4814

STOCK HORSES, WANTED TO BUY GOOD stock horses. Address, with full description and price, H. R. Traak, Liberty, N. M.

STALLION FOR SALE. A FINE THREE-year old stallion for sale at the 704 Ranch. CHARLES SALTWORTHY, Bell Ranch, 678

FOR TRADE—A FINE FIVE-YEAR-OLD STALLION, flowing mane and tail, dark brown, weighs 1500 lbs., a beauty. Will exchange for ponies. Address, Robert Ritchie, Peabody, Marwin County, Kansas.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 500 GOOD

NEW Mexico STEERS

OF ALL AGES.

NEARLY 200 OF THEM

3-year-old and above.

To be delivered after spring round-up.

REUTHER & NAHM, El Cuervo, N. M.

SPAYING HEIFERS.

Stockmen contemplating spaying heifers or cows this season will do well to correspond with DR. J. WILLIS, V. S.

Des Moines, Iowa.

Lock Box 13.

Best of references given, and the fullest satisfaction guaranteed. 4813

LANDS

Report on entries, contents, title, land, Scrip Locations, Townships, &c. \$100.

Private Land Office, Ft. Worth, Texas, and the following Counties in Mexico, Texas, and California.

HENRY N. COPP, Attorney at Law, Washington, D. C.

Every other week, COPP'S SETTLER'S GUIDE, 24 pp., price only 25c. (postage stamps.)

MEXICO.



Beverford & Corbet, Postoffice address, Ojitos, Yanoa, Chihuahua, Mexico.

Cattle branded BC on left side. Horses branded BC on left hip. All increase branded DC. Ear marks, crop the left and single hob right.

Additional brands. [BC] and [Y]

When answering advertisements always state that you saw such advertisement in the Stock Grower.




**SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.**


**DIVISION OF CATTLE.**

**ROBERT MINGUS AND C. A. RATHBUN.**

**Robt. Mingus.**  
P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M.  
Range, Alamo Gordo.  
In some cases the brand is on right side.  
Ear mark, crop left and underbit right.

Horse brand,  generally on left hip or thigh.  
All horses' tails bobbed.

**C. A. Rathbun.**  
P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M.  
Range, Alamo Gordo.  
In some cases the brand is on right side.  
Ear mark, crop and split left.



Horse brand,  on left shoulder or hip.



In consequence of the dissolution of the firm of Robt. Mingus & Co., the stock in the old brands

**MTN** 



remain the undivided property of the old firm. Calves following cows in either of these brands are to be branded **MTN** as heretofore. The cattle so far divided have been branded

For account of Mingus. The  is on the left shoulder and generally through the M. The  cattle have been divided the same way.

 on left shoulder and  right side, and all increase is to be branded **T M** as in cut.

And thus:  


For account of Rathbun. The  is on the left hip and generally through the N. The  have been divided the same way.

 on left hip and  on right side. The increase to be branded **FT** as in cut.

**ROBT. MINGUS. C. A. RATHBUN.**

**GRANT COUNTY.**

**Old and New Mexico Ranch and Cattle Co.**  
Loc H. Snow, Supt.  
P. O.: Hatchita, Grant county, N. M.  
Range, Alamo Hueco in southern end of Pecos valley, southwestern Grant county, New Mexico.

Horse brand,  on the right shoulder. Also some horses branded same as the cattle, as in cut.

**Deming Land & Live Stock Co.**  
Incorporated Nov. 1887. Successor of "Deming Cattle Co."  
WARREN BIZSTOL, Pres. C. H. JONES, Vice-Pres. and Sec'y. C. R. DAVIS, Treas.

Place of business, Deming, N. M. Range, between vicinity of Deming and Cook Peak mountains. Brand as in cut—only brand kept up. Additional brand, **LIV** on left side. Horse brand the same, on left hip.



**Carpenter-Stanley Cattle Co.**  
P. O.: Fort Cummings. Range, east side of Cook's Peak, Grant county.

Other brands:       
Horse brand:  on left hip.  
Ear marks:  Also, two underbits in each ear; crop left underbit right; underbit left crop right.

**GRANT COUNTY.**



**Lindauer Cattle Co.**  
S. LINDAUER, Manager.  
P. O.: Deming, N. M. Range, on McKnight's Cienega, on Upper Mimbres.  
Horse brand, **SL** on the left shoulder.



**Lyons & Campbell.**  
P. O.: Silver City, N. M. Range, Duck Creek, Mile Springs and Middle Gila, Grant county.  
Mark, crop and split left. Horse brand  anywhere on the left side.



**MORA COUNTY.**

**J. F. LaTourrette, President.** **W. H. Wilcox, Sec'y and Treas.**  
BRANDS OF THE **WAGON MOUND Local Stock Growers' Associat'n**  
Range, Wagon Mound.  
P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M.



**H. H. Chandler—Cattle branded on right side.**   Ear marks.



**Mrs. W. A. Crocker—Cattle branded on right hip,  right shoulder. Horses branded  on left shoulder.**

**J. S. Eisen—Cattle branded on right side.**   Ear marks. Horses branded same on right shoulder.




**S. H. Fairchild  on left side. Other brand,  Horse brand left shoulder same as cattle left side.**

**Grille Bros.—Cattle branded on right side. Horses brand same on left hip.**   Ear marks.




**Holbrook Bros.—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left hip.**   Ear marks.




**A. S. Isaacs—Cattle branded on left side. Horse brand  on left hip.**  Ear marks.

**S. Kall—Cattle branded on right side.   Ear marks.**

**J. F. LaTourrette—Cattle branded  left side.  left shoulder.  left side.**



Horses branded **SU** on left shoulder. **G. O. C. McCrohan—Cattle branded on left side. Increase  on right jaw. Horses branded on left hip same as cattle on left side.**

**J. F. Maldamer—Cattle branded on left side. Horse brand same left shoulder. Ear marks.   **




**T. C. Garlington—Cattle branded on right side. Horse brand  on right hip  **

**W. T. Marshall—Cattle branded on left shoulder, side and hip. Horses branded same on left hip. **WTM****

**T. F. Maulding—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left hip.   **


**H. C. Reed—Cattle branded on right shoulder, side and hip. Horses branded  on right shoulder. Ear mark. **

**Watkins & Ecton—Cattle branded on right hip, side and shoulder. **THT****  
Horses branded  on right hip.

**W. H. Wilcox—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left rump.   **

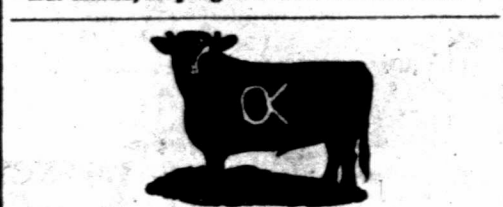
**Robison & Clark Cattle Company.** Cattle branded **GB** on left side and hip. **IG, TI, MH.** Horse brand, **T** on right shoulder.

**Leach & Lane Cattle Co.** P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Some cattle branded **L** on right hip and shoulder. Horses branded **L** on right shoulder.



**W. T. Marshall.** P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, Escondido, south of Wagon Mound. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, under half crop left, over half crop right. Also have some cattle branded  on right side. All increase branded as in cut.

**MORA COUNTY.**


**M. Johnston.** P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M. Range, Vermejo. Horse brand, same on left hip.  
Ear marks, crop right and swallowfork left.



**The Wendling Cattle and Land Co.** OF COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO. *New Mexico Division.* Range, on OK ranches, Mora county, and on Glen Mora ranch in Mora and San Miguel counties.  
A. L. CALVIN, Range foreman. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Brands: **IOU, FL, JL, RL, OK, T** Office: 1734 Curtis street, DENVER, Colo.

**H. T. Sinclair.** P. O.: Wagon Mound, Range, Vermejo and Teta Veges. All increase branded the same as old stock. Other brand,  on right shoulder, side and hip on the left shoulder.  
Horse brand, 

**The Riverside Cattle Company.** W. B. BRUNTON, Manager. P. O.: Shoemaker, Mora county, N. M. Range, Cherry valley, Pinos Altos and vicinity, Mora county, N. M. Other brands: **NIX** on right side, kept up. **C** left side, kept up.  
Horse brand, **2** on right shoulder.






**Portsmouth Cattle Co.** E. E. HOLMES, Manager. P. O.: Kansas City, Mo. H. G. HOWARD, Supt., P. O.: Springer. Range, Colfax and Mora counties, New Mexico. Horse brand: Same as on cattle, as in cut. Some horses branded **B** 





**Farr Bros.** P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Red River and Almacitos. Horse brand,  on left shoulder. Other cattle,  on left brand,  on left side. Also  left side. Some cattle are branded with a flying V on side without slash.

**H. D. Reinken.** P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range: Cherry Valley and vicinity, Mora county. Horse brand same on shoulder. Ear mark: Crop in left and two splits in right.

**Aaron Bales.** P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Petroco canon and Cherry valley, Mora Co. All calves marked with overbit in left and two underbits in right.

**T. E. MITCHELL, Range Manager,** P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. **Dubuque Cattle Co.** General Management, Dubuque, Iowa. Range, Tequesquite, Ute creek and Tromperos, Colfax, Mora and San Miguel counties. Horse brands,  or  **MX** or  left hip or shoulder.

Other Brands:       
All calves branded and marked as in cut, except thoroughbred calves in the **OO** brand, which is kept up.


**A. L. Penhallow.** P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M. Range, head of Tramperos, Mora Co. Other brands, both on the left side.      
Horse brand, **>** or **<** on right shoulder.




**MORA COUNTY.**

**Charles Sumner.** P. O. Watrous, Mora Co. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Ear mark, two slits in left ear. Horse brand **K** left thigh.

**Shepard & Hall.** P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Range, Alamacitos. Ear marks, crop and underbit right; crop and underbit left. Other brands.  this brand kept up.  right shoulder, side and hip. Horse brands:  left hip; also  on right hip.

**COLFAX COUNTY.**









**Illinois Live Stock Co.** J. S. HOLLAND, Manager. P. O.: Tramperos, N. M. Range, Tramperos. Some cattle are branded thus  but all increase are branded as in cut. Ear marks—Crop and underbit left, and underbit right. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder.

**S. M. Folsom.** E. A. CAMROD, Foreman. P. O.: Cimarron, Range, Cerososo Canon, Colfax county. Other brand,  on right shoulder and on left side, also  on left hip. Horse brand,  on the left hip.




**Home Land and Cattle Co.** Principal office, Cass avenue and Second street, St. Louis, Mo.

Range, on the Pecos, Colfax county, N. M. Cattle branded on left hip and left side, and right hip and right side. Horses **N** on left hip. **N** on either side. **LX** on right hip and side. Additional Brands: **N**—**N** on right or left side. **X** on left side and hip. **N+N** on right or left side with **N** on right or left hip. Various ear marks. Horse brands, **N** on left hip and **N**— on left hip.



**Miller & Harshman.** P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Ocate, Colfax Co. Ear mark, crop and underbit left. Other brands:        all on left side, shoulder and hip. Horse brand  on the right shoulder.



**Palo Blanco Cattle Co.** O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Chico, Retaplen, Holkie, Palo Blanco, Don Carlos and Ute creek. Ear mark, swallow fork the left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left thigh. Also  left side, slash  on left shoulder, own  left hip.

**S. W. Dorsey.** P. O.: Chico Springs New Mexico. Range—Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinnegulla, Pecos, Carriso, Pinpottin, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county. Horse brand, same as above, on right shoulder. Additional Cattle Brands:     left side and hip.     left or right side. **CS** left hip or side. **LRB** on left.



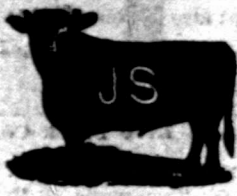
COLFAX COUNTY.



S. A. Kall. P. O. Wagon Mound. Range, Vermejo and Teta Vegue. Cattle have various ear marks. All increase marked as in cut.



Eagle Tail Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Eaton, N. M. Range, Eagle Tail and Tenaja. Horse brand, same as the cut, on the left shoulder.



William McCartney. P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal. Ranch foreman, B. T. Luccock. Ranch P. O.: Watrons, N. M. Range, between head of canon Largo and Mora river. Ear marks, crop right, underbit left. Also owns cattle branded VH on left side. All increase branded JS. Horse brand, JS on left shoulder.



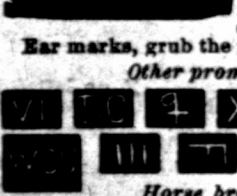
Range, Rincon and Arroyo de Los Alamocitas. Ear marks, crop right, underslope left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder.



H. S. Gratz. P. O.: Capulin, N. M. Range, Dry Cimarron, Colfax county. Marks, slit in right ear. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder.



Other brands on the left side. Marked, with a slit in the right ear and tin tag in the left ear.



Western Land and Cattle Company. (Limited.) Jas. A. FORBES, Gen. Mgr. 13 Delaware block, cor. of Seventh and Delaware Sts. Kansas City, Mo. Range, Cimarron river. P. O.: Madison, Colfax county, New Mexico. Ear marks, grub the right ear.

Other prominent brands: [various symbols] all on the right side, and [various symbols] right hip. Horse brands: [various symbols] right or left on the left shoulder thigh, and [various symbols] on the right hip.



The Akron Live Stock Company, Akron, Ohio. AUGUSTUS CURTISS, Manager. I. H. KINGMAN, Range Foreman. Postoffice, Springer, N. M.

Known as the "Stirrup" brand, formerly owned by Porter & Clouthier. Horse brand, same, on the left hip. Other [various symbols] and various other brands. Brand all calves with dart. Range, Ocate mesa and canon, Sweetwater and Cimarron river.



Urraca Hereford Ranch. FRANCIS CLUTTON. Postoffice, Cimarron, Colfax County N. M. Thoroughbred herd, 9 left side. Ear mark, underbit right and left. Horse brand, 5 on the left shoulder.



ARIZONA. Jas. C. Henderson. P. O.: Navajo Springs, Arizona. Range: Sweetwater, N. M. Horse brand, same as cut, both on right side.

DONA ANA COUNTY.



Mariano Barcia. P. O.: Mesilla, N. M. Range, west of the Rio Grande, from Picacho mountain west of Mesilla south to the buttes west of La Mesa.



Lynch Bros. P. O.: Colorado, N. M. Range, La Loma Parda, Sierra Co.; Las Uvas and Sance Springs, Dona Ana Co. Additional brands: Young stock in Dona Ana Co., thus: [various symbols]



Young stock in Sierra Co. All horses are branded LB on the left side. Also cattle branded [various symbols] left side of neck. Also horses branded HS or H on left shoulder. Ear marks, crop right, swallowfork left. Old stock has H on left shoulder. Horses branded H on left thigh.

Sacramento Cattle Co. P. O.: El Paso, Texas. Range, Sacramento Ranch, Sacramento mountains, Dona Ana county, New Mexico. Also cattle branded [various symbols] left side of neck. Also horses branded HS or H on left shoulder. Ear marks, crop right, swallowfork left. Old stock has H on left shoulder. Horses branded H on left thigh.

San Andreas Ranch. J. H. WILDY.

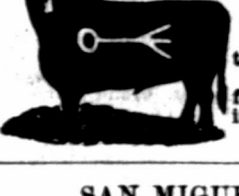


P. O.: Las Cruces, N. M. Range, east side San Andreas mountains from Ash to Membrillo canons, inclusive. Horse brand, same on right shoulder. Additional Brands: L on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. F on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. Ear marks, figure 7 underbit in each ear. Underslope and upperbit in each ear. Crop the left. Only figure 7 underbit mark and brand as in cut kept up.

BERNALILLO COUNTY.



Mariano Peres. P. O. Bernalillo, N. M. Range, La Jara. Ear marks, swallow-fork left.



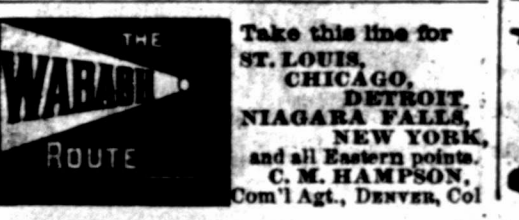
Jacobo Yrisarri. P. O. Albuquerque. Range, Trinchera mountains. Ear marks, swallow-fork, over and under hack in right ear. Other brands same as cut.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Trujillo Ranch Company. Of Las Vegas. Office of Browne & Mansanara. C. W. BROWN, Manager. P. O.: Endee, San Miguel county, N. M. Range, on Trujillo creek, in Oldham county, Texas; and San Miguel county, New Mexico. Additional Brands: [various symbols]

All Increase branded as in above cut. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder. Some horses have Star C on the left hip.

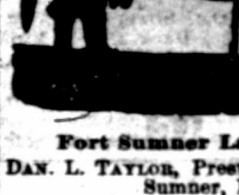


Take this line for ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT, NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK, and all Eastern points. C. M. HAMPSON, Com'l Agt., DENVER, Col

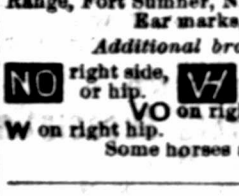
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Fort Sumner Land and Cattle Co. DAN. L. TAYLOR, President and Manager, Fort Sumner, New Mexico. Range, Fort Sumner, N. M. P. O.: Fort Sumner. Ear marks, crop the left. Additional brands—All kept up. NO right side, W right hip, Y right hip or hip. VO on right side or hip. W on right hip. Some horses are branded VO.



Barash & Bloch. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Los Conchas. Cattle branded either side. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder. Ear marks, swallow fork each ear. Additional brand on left side. All increase branded as in cut.



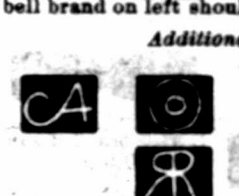
Waddingham Bell Ranch. MICHAEL SLATTERY, Mgr. P. O.: La Cinta, county of San Miguel, New Mexico. The range, Montoya Grant. All the horses on the ranch have the same bell brand on left shoulder. Additional Brands: [various symbols]



J. N. Degraftenreid & Sons. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. Saddle Horses branded SIX. Stock horses are branded O-O.



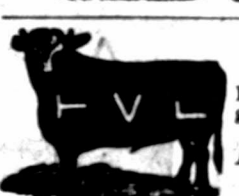
J. & E. Rosenwald. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county. Marked, crop the right. Also own cattle branded [various symbols].



Chas. S. Cowan. P. O. Glorieta, N. M. Range, Rincon de las Trozas, Red River, and Cow Creek, Upper Pecos. Horse brand 7—on left shoulder. Ear mark, crop the left, and upper half crop right. Some cattle branded TA on left side. All increase branded as in cut.



Millhiser Bros. P. MILLHISER, Manager. P. O.: East Las Vegas. Range, Las Vegas grant. Ear marks vary in old cattle. Ear mark on increase, overslope each ear. Horse brand M on right hip or thigh.



D. A. IRWIN. D. RUBIDGE. Irwin & Rubidge. P. O.: Denver, Colorado. Range, Trujillo, N. M. DAY BROTHERS, Managers. P. O.: Liberty, New Mexico.



Hifield & Letcher. Postoffice, Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamosa. Also Chas. Hifield, F E. Horse brand, same as cattle.



Callins Cattle Company. O. L. Housman, Manager, Las Vegas. E. J. WILSON, Range Foreman, Fort Sumner. Range, Pecos river, near Fort Sumner. Ear marks on increase, crop off left. Other brands: [various symbols]



C. T. Degraftenreid. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo, San Miguel county, N. M.



Governor C. H. Moore. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, Range, Upper Yaso. Various ear marks. Horses branded same on shoulder.

NEW MEXICO.

The Counties under this heading are all in the Territory of New Mexico.

RIO ARRIBA COUNTY.



Chama Cattle Company. DEWEENT H. SHINN, Manager. Postoffice, box 122, Santa Fe, N. M. Range, Canon de Chama grant. Horse brand, same as cattle only smaller. Ear marks: Hole with point of triangle cut out of ear shaped thus: [various symbols]

VALENCIA COUNTY.



A. L. Cammel. P. O.: Pinos Welle, N. M. Range: Pinos and Trinchera Mountains. Ear marks: Crop right and swallow fork left. On right side. Horse brand: V T. Other brands: [various symbols] right side and [various symbols] right side.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Quincy & Las Vegas Cattle Co. W. S. LYON, Manager. P. O.: Cabra Springs. Horse brand same on left shoulder. Ear marks double singlebit right; swallowfork left.



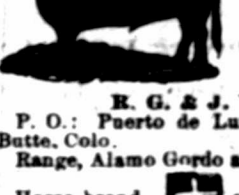
Sam Deas. CARL ROBERTS, Foreman. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner. Address, 508 East 9th st., Kansas City, and Trinidad, Colo. Range, Pecos river, at Fort Sumner. Additional Brands: Cattle in DQ brand have also following brands: Some D on left hip and left jaw; a few branded D on left hip, side and jaw. Cattle in VQ brand have also following brands: Some U, right loin; some W right on loin; some F right side. None of these left brands are kept up. All increase in [various symbols] side branded and marked as in cut. All horses branded DQ on right thigh.



R. G. & J. W. Carlisle. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M., and Crested Butte, Colo. Range, Alamo Gordo and Juan de Dios. Horse brand, [various symbols] on left thigh, high up. Various ear marks for these brands.



Callins Cattle Company. O. L. Housman, Manager, Las Vegas. E. J. WILSON, Range Foreman, Fort Sumner. Range, Pecos river, near Fort Sumner. Ear marks on increase, crop off left. Other brands: [various symbols]



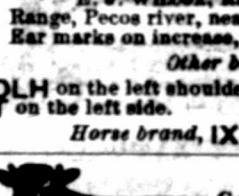
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Callins Cattle Company. O. L. Housman, Manager, Las Vegas. E. J. WILSON, Range Foreman, Fort Sumner. Range, Pecos river, near Fort Sumner. Ear marks on increase, crop off left. Other brands: [various symbols]



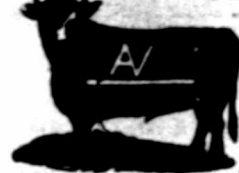
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



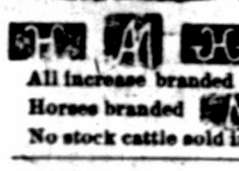
D. G. Frislon. P. O.: Liberty, San Miguel Co., N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca. Ear marks, crop and slit twice the left ear. Horse brand, 77 on right hip.



Frank Carpenter. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Red River, twelve miles above Fort Bascom. Ear marks, crop the left and sharpen the right ear.



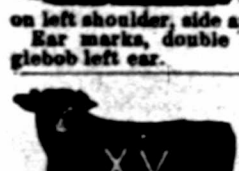
H. R. Trank. P. O.: Liberty, San Miguel county, N. M. Range: Monte Reuelita and Antelope Springs. Also own OL on left side with slash on hip.



All increase branded as in cut. Horses branded on left hip. No stock cattle sold in these brands.



A. Straus, Manager. P. O.: Liberty Range, Rincon del Charco. Horse brand, same as on cattle, on right shoulder or left hip.



R. & L. Davidson. P. O.: Liberty N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca, San Miguel county. Ear marks, overslope left. Horse brand, on the left shoulder thus:



Other brands: M, TV. None of these brands kept up. XV on left shoulder and V on left hip. All increase branded XV on both sides.



S. Fred. Neuther. P. O.: El Cuervo, N. M. An over half crop in each ear.



Neuther & Nahm. P. O.: El Cuervo, N. M. Crop two splits left; half undercrop right.



Increase branded as in cut. Ranch on Cuervo and Conchas creeks. Horse brand on the left shoulder.



Hyde Park Cattle Co. P. O.: Bell Ranch, N. M. Horse brand, same as cut, on right hip.



MRS. LUCY B. MAXWELL. Brandl & Maxwell. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner. Range, Taiwan ranch, east of Fort Sumner. Horse brand, on left shoulder.



Fort Bascom Cattle Raising Co. P. O.: Fort Bascom, San Miguel Co., New Mexico. Range, Baca Location, No. 2. Horses branded same as cattle on the left hip.



Mariano Hinojosa. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, Range, Carriso. Horses and steers are branded thus:

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



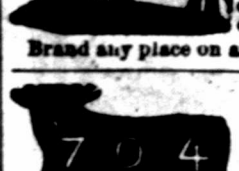
P. C. Fixlee. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca and Pajarito creek, San Miguel county. Horse brand on the left shoulder. All horses brand are vented when sold.



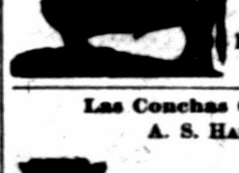
Stoneroad Brothers. P. O.: Cabra Springs, N. M. Range, the Beck Grant. Horse brand 2 on the left thigh.



Montezuma Cattle Co. J. I. Mosier, Manager. P. O.: Eden, N. M. Range, Los Tanos and on Pecos river. Horses branded same as cattle on the left shoulder or hip.



Simon Frankenthal. P. O.: La Cinto. Range: La Cinto Creek. Horse brands: SF on left shoulder.



Las Conchas Cattle Company. A. S. Hall, Manager. Underslope right. Also have - on right side of neck.



Young stock, crop right, old stock, grub right. P. O.: Cabra Springs, Range, Las Conchas. Horses are branded: X and IV on the left shoulder.



Waddingham Cattle Association. P. O.: Fort Bascom, N. M. Range, Canadian river and Ute creek. Additional brands 4 on right and left hip, making 44 when seen from behind. All horses branded on left hip 3P or V.



L. S. Rogers. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Monte Reuelita. Other brands, XLY on left shoulder, side and hip, respectively. Horse brand, same as cut, on the left hip.



A. Goldsmith. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county, New Mexico. Horse brand, circle cross on the left shoulder. Underslope and underbit left, overslope and overbit right.



Sam Goldsmith. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Plaza Largo. Ear mark, crop and underbit the left. Horse brand, circle cross on the left shoulder.



Lon Horn. P. O.: Trinidad, Colo., or 506 East Ninth St., Kansas City, Mo. Range, on Pecos river, old Fort Sumner reservation. Cattle also bear F left side, not kept up.



Clifton Davis. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, Range, Juan de Dios. Ear marks, crop left and crop and split right. Horse brand, IX on the left shoulder.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



J. S. Emery. Cochran & Emery. P. O.: East Las Vegas, N. M. Range, on Beck grant, San Miguel county, N. M. On increase, +



New England Live Stock Company. P. O.: Greeley, Colorado. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, the Pecos, at Fort Sumner. Additional brands, +



Frank Huntington. Postoffice, La Cinto, N. M. Range, Rincon La Cinto. Also own cattle in ZH on on left side. Horse brand, same as cut, on left thigh.



Frank W. Dale. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, on Red River, 12 miles above Fort Bascom. Ear mark, crop the right and sharpen the left ear.



Heckle & McDowell. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Sabinoos and Largitjos arroyo. Some branded only with a W on either side and ear mark grub right or left. Horse brand, L on the right shoulder.



Circle Cattle Co. A. Morrow, Manager. Postoffice, Tequesquite. Horse brand, O left hip. Other Brands: O, A left hip.



Lewis Walker and Mary Walker. P. O.: En Cierra, N. M. Range, Canon Bonito and Montoya Mesa. Horse brand, cross on the left hip. A few cattle branded in three crosses only.



P. O.: En Cierra, N. M. Range, Canon Bonito and Montoya Mesa. Horse brand on left hip. Both brands kept up.



Rudolph Erminger. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Pajarito and Tierra Blanca, San Miguel Co. Ear marks, underbit in each ear. Horses 2 on the left shoulder. Also cattle branded on the left side.



Las Carretas Cattle Co. A. S. VAN ANGLE, Sec. Marshall, Mo. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Las Carretas and Pecos river. Also claim cattle branded the left hip or flank, not kept up. Cattle branded on both sides. Horses branded with star on left hip.



Silva & Dodge. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, Range, Alamo Gordo. Horse brand, on either side, on the shoulder. Ear marks, jinglebob in left upper half crop right. All calves branded as above. Also own

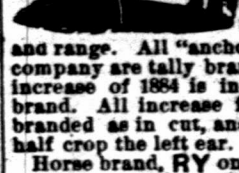
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Adler & McRitchie. All increase branded as in cut. P. O.: Anton Chico, San Miguel County, N. M. Range, Pintado. On left side, swallow fork in each ear.



Mowry Cattle Co. S. K. Swann, Manager. P. O.: At Red River Springs, N. M. Range, on Red River. Have purchased the interest of Mr. J. T. McNamara in the "anchor" herd and range. All "anchor" cattle belonging to this company are tally branded with the anchor and all increase of 1884 is in the same brand. All increase from 1884 is branded as in cut, and marked crop and under half crop the left ear. Horse brand, RY on the left hip. All increase marked crop and under half crop left.



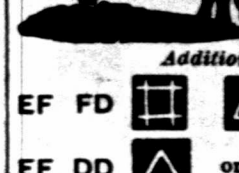
On left side. Crop and split each ear. Horse brand on left shoulder.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

W. L. RYMERSON, Pres. J. A. LaRUE, Vice Pres. J. J. DOLAN, Sec. and Gen'l Manager. N. REYMOND, Treas.



Felix Cattle Company. P. O.: Lincoln, N. M. Range, Rio Felix, Lincoln county. Horse brand, same as on cattle, but smaller, and on left shoulder. This brand will be kept up.



Additional Brands: EF FD on cattle. EF DD on horses.



Seven Rivers Cattle Co. JOHN HARRIS, Pres. P. O.: Colorado, Texas. A. T. WINDHAM, Ranch Manager. Range, east side of Pecos river in Texas and New Mexico. Horse brand, same as the cut on the left hip. Mark kept up on young stock, since 1887 branding figure 7 underbit in each ear.



Carrizoso Cattle Ranch Co. (Limited). JAMES A. ALCOCK, Manager. P. O.: White Oaks, N. M. Range, Carrizoso. Horse brand, C with dot in center placed on left shoulder.



Case Land and Cattle Company. W. G. URROX, Manager. GEO. R. URROX, Range Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, on the Pecos river, at Cedar canon. Horse brand, same as in cut, only on right hip. All young stock branded as in cut on the right side, and also with a 7 on the left hip.



Eddy-Bissel Cattle Co. EDDY BROS., Managers. P. O.: Seven Rivers, N. M. Range, on the Pecos near Seven Rivers. Horse brand on the left shoulder.



Hernandez Bros. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. The range, California Ranch, on Pecos river, and the San Juan mesa. Horse brand on left hip. Ear marks: Swallow fork in the left ear.



L. M. Long. P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo. Other brands: Both on left side. Horse brands, same as cattle on right shoulder.




Also run cattle in this brand, which is kept up. Ear marks, under half crop left ear.



LINCOLN COUNTY.

**A. E. Powers.**  
 Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M.  
 Ranch P. O., Powers' ranch, Red canon, Socorro county, N. M.  
 Horse brand same as cattle, same place. Ear marks, underslope left ear.  
 Other Brands:  
**BUK** Crop and under half crop left, crop right.  
**EUK** Crop and under half crop left, crop and underbit right.  
 Both brands on both sides of animal.



**A. M. Rogers & Son.**  
 P. O. Independence, Mo. Range, Canaditas (with McBroom.)  
 A few fine young bulls for sale. Parties in need of either high grade or thoroughbred bulls will please correspond with us.



**Capitan Land and Cattle Company.**  
 P. O.: Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, New Mexico. Range, north of El Capitan mountains, Lincoln county.  
 Other brands:  
**MEU** left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks slit and underbit in right.  
**COM** left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks, ed crop right, underslope.  
**DWL** on left side. Mark, ed crop right, underbit left.  
**D** left side and hip. Ear marks, split. Horse brand, **D** on hip both ears.  
 All increase marked as in cut and tails bobbed. When sold all horses are counterbranded with a small block on the left jaw.




**Doak Good.**  
 P. O.: Paris, Texas. Range, Los Portales, Staked Plains. All increase branded **FX**. Ear mark, underbit in left. Old brand, **GOOD**. Ear marks, underslope each ear.





**Lea Cattle Company.**  
 J. C. LEA, Manager. W. M. Atkinson, Range Foreman.  
 P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Hondo, North Spring and Pecos rivers, and on the Agua Azul, Blackwater and Baca Ranches, all in Lincoln Co.  
 Ear marks, crop and split left, split right. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Ear marks sometimes reversed.  
 Additional brands:  
**E** side, and also some on side and hip. **W** side. **JB** on hip or loin. **LEA** on side, or shoulder, side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.  
 Horse brand: **I** on left shoulder and **N** left hip or thigh. Part branded only on left shoulder thus: **I**



**Sutherland & Farrell**  
 P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, above Roswell.  
 Other brands: All cattle have two bars across the butt.




**George G. Gans.**  
 P. O.: South Fork, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Pleasant valley, 9 miles north of Upper Penasco. Marked, crop both ears. Horses branded same as cattle, on left shoulder. Also own all cattle branded **G** on both sides.




**J. & J. S. Reynolds.**  
 A. B. ALLEN, Foreman.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, 8 miles below Cedar Canon on the Pecos river.  
 Horse brands **J** on left shoulder



**John Shaw & Co.**  
 Wm. MAILAND, Supt.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yesso and Pecos river.  
 Horse brand, **X** on the left shoulder. Increase brand both sides




**J. & J. S. Reynolds.**  
 A. B. ALLEN, Foreman.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, 8 miles below Cedar Canon on the Pecos river.  
 Horse brands **J** on left shoulder



**John Shaw & Co.**  
 Wm. MAILAND, Supt.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yesso and Pecos river.  
 Horse brand, **X** on the left shoulder. Increase brand both sides




**John Shaw & Co.**  
 Wm. MAILAND, Supt.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yesso and Pecos river.  
 Horse brand, **X** on the left shoulder. Increase brand both sides



LINCOLN COUNTY.


**The Holt Live Stock Co.**  
 WILLIAM T. HOLT, President. MYRON W. JONES, Manager.  
 Office, Opera House block, Denver, Colorado. P. O. box 2183.  
 A. TEMPLE THORN, Cashier and Accountant.  
 L. WALLACE HOLT, 7 Rivera, N. M., Asst. Manager.



Breeding range, on the west side of Pecos river, Lincoln county, New Mexico. GEORGE WILCOX, foreman; P. O., Seven Rivers, N. M.  
 Steer range, in Elbert and Bent counties, Colo. W. A. WAGGONER, foreman; P. O., Hugo, Colo.  
 Horse: **C** on the left hip. **G** on the left hip, brands: **C** on the left hip. **G** on the left hip. Thoroughbred Hereford and Polled Angus breeding farm, Horse Creek, O. Z. postoffice, Colo.


VALENCIA COUNTY.

**Davenport Live Stock Company.**  
 M. B. BOWMAN, Manager.  
 P. O.: Chilli, N. M. Range, Buffalo Springs. Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip




This company will pay a reward of \$300 for each and every conviction and sending to the penitentiary of any one illegally handling any stock in its brands.

**J. A. Johnson & Co.**  
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Range, San Jose ranch, on A. & P. railroad, forty-seven miles from Albuquerque.  
 Horse brand, **J** left hip. Various earmarks



**L. P. BRADLEY, Pres. T. S. MUMFORD, Secy. Cebolla Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: Santa Fe, N. M.; box 218.  
 Range, Valencia county, near Fort Wingate. Horse brand, the same.



**W. P. METCALF, Superintendent. JAR. A. STINSON, Ranch Manager.**

New Mexico Cattle Breeding Company.

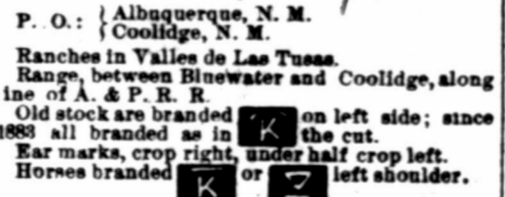
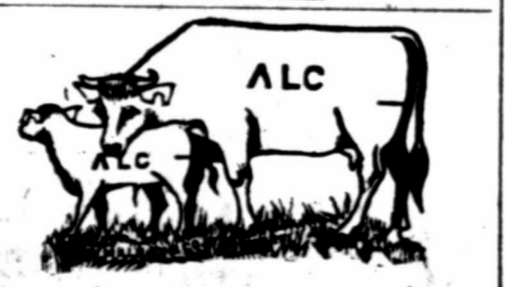


P. O.: Chilli. Range, Estancia Grant, Valencia county. Horse brand circle on the left hip.

**Tusas Valley Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Coolidge, N. M.  
 Ranches in Valles de Las Tusas. Range, between Bluewater and Coolidge, along line of A. & P. R. R.  
 Old stock are branded **K** on left side; since 1883 all branded as in **K** the cut.  
 Ear marks, crop right, under half crop left. Horses branded **K** or **Z** left shoulder.



**Acoma Land and Cattle Co.**  
 P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City. E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City. J. E. SAINT, Vice-Prest. and Mgr., Grants, N. M. Range, the Acoma Grant, and territory adjoining west and north.  
 Horse brand, **A L C** on the left hip.

**Acoma Land and Cattle Co.**  
 P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City. E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City. J. E. SAINT, Vice-Prest. and Mgr., Grants, N. M. Range, the Acoma Grant, and territory adjoining west and north.  
 Horse brand, **A L C** on the left hip.

SOCORRO COUNTY.



**Nathan Hall Cattle Company.**  
 NATHAN HALL, Manager.  
 P. O. Magdalena, New Mexico. Range, Apachita creek, Tulerosa creek and Gallo Springs, Socorro county.  
 Horse brand, **NH** connected, same as on cut, on the left hip.  
 Also have cattle branded **O** on left side and hip with ear mark crop and under back left and jingle-bob right.  
 All increase branded as in cut.



**JAMES D. REED, Pres. G. L. BROOKS, Sec'y. SAN N. DEDRICK, Manager. J. D. REED Cattle Company.**  
 P. O.: Socorro, N. M. Range, western slope of the Magdalena mountains, Gallinas and Hierocosa mountains, and the Bear Springs, all in Socorro county, New Mexico.  
 Bars across hips as in cut on both sides.  
 Ear marks, **h** half under crop left and crop right. **sh** sharpen the left and crop the right.

Other brands:  
**CR** left side, right loin  
**CR** left side.  
 Horse brand **h** left hip saddle horses. **sh** rt. sh'lder stock horses.




**W S Ranch.**  
 P. O.: Alma, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Francisco river, Socorro Co.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder or thigh. Cattle also branded with a small **s** on the left jaw.



**Western Union Cattle, Land and Irrigation Company.**  
 A. P. BLAKE, President. JOHN B. ALLEY, Vice-President. G. L. BROOKS, Secretary. T. J. WRIGHT, Manager. P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Range, Ojo Caliente, Socorro county.

Horse Brands: **X** **V**  
 shoulder hip Other Brands: shoulder hip  
**A** **V**  
 shoulder side hip

**FOR SALE.**  
 One Live Stock Register and Ranch Record Book. A book of great value to manager of Ranch Cattle companies, as it is the completest and best system of keeping accounts that has yet been published. Address  
**THE STOCK GROWER CO.,**  
 Las Vegas, N. M.

SOCORRO COUNTY.

**Illinois Cattle Company.**  
 W. SIMONS, President. JULIUS M. BORN, Manager.  
 P. O.: San Marcel.



Mark. Grub the left; crop the right.  
 left side hip. Above brands kept up.  
 Other brands: **2** on the left side and left hip. Ear marks, crop the right and underslope the left.  
 Horse Brand **U** right shoulder.  
 Stock Horses **S** left shoulder.

**Glorieta Cattle Co.**  
**HOWELL & READ, Mgrs.**  
 Pasture, with Howell & Read.  
 Ear marks, underhalf crop both ears. Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.



**Hurst, Black, Kiehne & Wiley.**  
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrita river, Socorro county, N. M.  
 Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right.  
 Above brand and ear mark kept up. Horse brand **Y** on left hip.  
 Additional Brands, not kept up.



Additional Brands, not kept up:  
**7** **7H** **7HL** **7HL**

**Curwen & Norris.**  
 P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains.  
 Additional Brands:  
**AD** **AD** **AD** **AD** **40** **40**  
**7HL** **7HL** **7HL**



and **H** on right side, and **7HL** on left side.  
 All the increase of above brands, branded same as in cut with the addition of **N** right side of neck or jaw.  
 Ear mark, crop and two splits in each ear. Horse brand, **C-N** on right thigh.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.

**Liberty Cattle Co.**  
 W. C. BISSOP, Manager, Big Springs, Texas



This brand kept up. Ranch: Dawson county, Texas.

**Lee-Scott Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: Tascosa, Texas. Range, Oldham and Hartley counties, Texas.  
 Horse brand: **L S** on the left hip. **S** or **LS** on the left hip



Additional Brands:  
**LR** both sides; marked, crop and split both ears. **LR** left side; over both sides; crop and half crop, under bit left. **LR** split right and split the left.  
**LR** both sides; split each ear. Also, **LR** all on the left side.  
**GM** left side; marked, underslope each ear, all steers.  
 In addition to the reward offered by the association, we will pay a reward of three hundred dollars for the conviction of any one stealing, butchering or illegally branding any of our stock, or marking any of our calves.  
**LEE-SCOTT CATTLE CO.**





**SOCORRO COUNTY.**

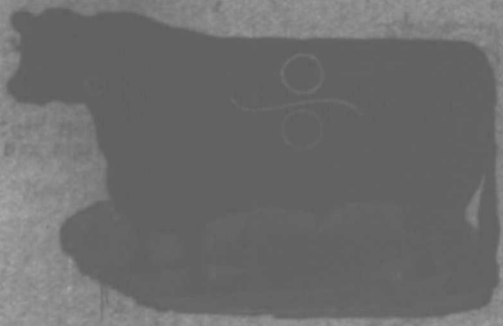
**Bell & Taylor.**  
 P. O.: Socorro, N. M.  
 Range, Oconno mountains,  
 Socorro county.  
 Horse brand, XK on left  
 shoulder.




**Robert B. READ.**  
 Howell & Read.  
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.  
 Range, Rio Grande  
 river, San Juan springs,  
 Cedar springs and Nogal  
 creek, Socorro county, and  
 Rio Grande river and Cen-  
 cen springs, Sierra coun-  
 ty, N. M.  
 Ear marks, crop and split both ears.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, but on left hip.




**Dear Park Cattle Company.**  
 FRANK H. WINTER, Manager.  
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Ranches, at Elk moun-  
 tain, Socorro county.  
 Also owns the following  
 brands:   
 Horse brand,  on the left shoulder.



**C. J. Roberts.**  
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.  
 Range, Los Burros, 30  
 miles west of San Mar-  
 cial, Socorro county.  
 Ear marks, crop right and  
 small crop and half circle  
 above and below in left;  
 also, skin cut on nose.  
 Horse brand, same as cut on left hip.  
 Cattle branded either side and hip.




**Stock Range Land and  
 Cattle Co.**  
 J. B. PERRY, Manager.  
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M.  
 Range, on head of Gila,  
 Socorro county, N. M.  
 DD left side.  
 Ear mark, crop the right.  
 Horses branded D on left hip.



**Iowa and New Mexico Ranch Company.**  
 JUSTUS CLARK, President, Red Oak, Iowa.  
 BENJ. B. CLARK, Vice Pres., Red Oak, Iowa.  
 PAUL F. CLARK, Sec. and Treas., Red Oak, Iowa.

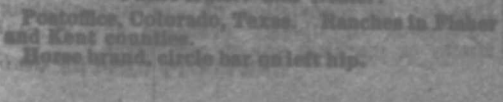
**J. N. M.**  
 Illustration of a cow with 'J N M' on its side.

**P. O.: Magdalena, New Mexico.**  
 Range, Socorro and Valencia counties.  
 All increase branded as ear  
 marks on left calf, in cut, and marked crop  
 right and underslope left.



**NORTHWEST TEXAS.**  
 Illustration of a cow with two circles on its side.

**O. J. Wilson.**  
 Cattle Egler and Duster.  
 Postoffice, Colorado, Texas. Ranches in Fisher  
 and Kent counties.  
 Horse brand, circle bar on left hip.



**SIERRA COUNTY.**


**Henry G. Toussaint.**  
 P. O.: Lava. Range,  
 near Eagle, Sierra county,  
 N. M.  
 Horse brand,  left hip.  
 Vent brand on horses   
 under original brand 



**Vermont & Rio Grande  
 Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.  
 Range, twenty miles south  
 of San Marcial. Ear marks,  
 underbit in each ear.  
 Horse brands: C, or  
 TEL on left hip or left  
 side.



**C. Hearn.**  
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M.  
 Range, Fairview creek  
 and vicinity of Fairview.  
 Ear marks, figure 7 un-  
 derbit in each ear.  
 Additional brand, G L  
 on left hip.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle on left thigh.




**Armstrong Bros.**  
 P. O.: Eagle, N. M.  
 Range, east slope Cabal-  
 lo mountains on Jornada  
 Del Muerta.  
 Ear mark, underbit each  
 ear.  
 Horse brands, G left hip.  
 Cattle branded on left side.



**Sierra Land and Cattle Company.**  
 P. D. BRIDGEMAN, President, Kansas City, Mo.  
 E. D. BRACKERT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City, Mo.  
 R. H. BOYER, Vice-Pres. & Mgr., Kingston, N. M.  
 S. S. JACKSON, Ranch Manager, Hillsborough, N. M.






**S L C**  
 Illustration of a cow with 'S L C' on its side.

**Range, southeastern Sierra  
 county.**  
 All cattle branded as in the  
 cut, and have two bars under  
 the tail on both sides.  
 Horses all branded S L C  
 on the left hip, as in this  
 cut.



**Grayson & Company.**  
 P. O.: Los Palomas, Si-  
 erra county, N. M.  
 Range, Animas ranch,  
 Sierra county.  
 Ear marks, under half  
 crop each ear.  
 Horse brand, same as cat-  
 tle but on left shoulder.




**Additional Brands:**  
 on left hip. Some  
 have same on  
 side.  
 22 right hip.  
 W O left side.  
 22 right hip.  
 on the same animal.

**A. HARCROFT, C. HIFFORD, G. BRIDLEY.**  
 Harcroft, Hifford & Co.  
**ADORE RANCH.**  
 Range, on headwaters of  
 the Upper Gila, Sierra Co.  
 P. O.: Grafion, N. M. Ear  
 mark, underslope left,  
 swallowfork left.  
 Horse brand, HM (con-  
 nected) on left hip or  
 shoulder. Also 2 on left hip



**GRANT COUNTY.**

**Buckeye Land & Live  
 Stock Company.**  
 S. A. BAYREN, Financial  
 Manager, Lima, Ohio.  
 M. CHAPMAN, Range  
 Manager, Deming, N. M.  
 P. O. box 101, Deming, N. M.  
 Range, Cedar Grove ranch,  
 30 miles south of Deming,  
 on left hip.  
 Brand on left side. Marked, sharpen both ears.





**Missouri-Florida Cattle Co.**  
 JOHN J. YEATER, Pres., Sedalia, Mo.  
 JOHN M. WEIDENYER, Sec. and Treas., Clinton, Mo.  
**JOHN T. SBY,** Superin-  
 tendent, Deming, N. M.  
 P. O.: Deming, N. M.  
 Range, east side Florida  
 mountains.  
 Horse brand, same as  
 cattle on left hip.



**I CURE FITS!**  
 When I see one I do not mean merely to stop them  
 for a time and then have them return again. I mean a  
 radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY,  
 STY or FALLING SICKNESS a lifetime cure. I  
 receive my money to cure the worst cases. Because  
 others have failed in an attempt for not now receiving a  
 cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle  
 of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office.  
 U. S. G. BUCKEY, N. C., 133 Pearl St. New York.

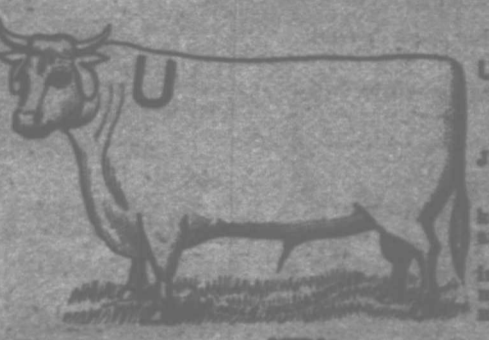
**DETROIT AND RIO GRANDE LIVE STOCK CO.**











**PHILLIP MOTHERSILL, General Manager.**  
 P. O.: Eagle, N. M.  
 Range, Jornada del Muerto, Caballo and La  
 Andreas mountains.  
 Ear marks, crop and split left.  
 Horse brand  or J J left hip.








**LINCOLN COUNTY.**


**WM. ROBERT,**  
 Postoffice,  
 Roswell, Lincoln county,  
 New Mexico.  
**Ranges.**  
 Breeding range, on the  
 Pecos river, New Mexico.  
 Steer range, on the San  
 Pedro river, in Cochise  
 county, Arizona.  
**Horse Brand,**  
 U on the left shoulder.  
**Bar Marks,**  
 Jinglebob in both ears  
 Same brand and marks  
 kept up on both the steer  
 and breeding ranges.  
 All increase of follow-  
 ing brands which I own,  
 marked and branded as in  
 main cut.



 Underslope each ear.	 Overslope each ear.	 Crop left, under half crop right.	 Crop and underbit left Some same mark right.
 Crop and under half crop each ear.	 Crop right and under- slope left.	 Swallow fork in either ear.	 Crop the left and half crop right.
 Crop left, underslope right.	 Crop the right.		















**THE ANGUS V V RANCH.**



**KIRBY & CREEK.**  
 Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county,  
 New Mexico.  
 Range, Rio Salado, Rio Bonito, Little  
 creek, Eagle creek, and Rio Huidosa.  
 Ear marks, underbit in each ear.  
 Horse brand, V on the left shoulder.  
**Additional Brands:**  
 on right side, un-  
 derbit both ears.  on left side,  
 or either side.  
 on either hip.  on the left side.  
 on left shoulder, side and hip. Mar-  
 ked, crop right and underslope left.



**COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO.**

**THE BLOOM CATTLE CO.**

**FRANK G. BLOOM, General Manager, Trinidad, Colorado.**  
 Also own the following brands:  
 Half undercrop left,  
 crop right.  
 Swallowfork left, split right.  
 Swallowfork left, crop and underbit right.  
 All increase branded same as cut and marked swallowfork right, and  
 tin tag in the left.  
**Horse and Steer ranges,** Apishpa Temp creek, Bent and Lockwood cañons, Colorado. W. F.  
 BLOOM, Foreman, Postoffice, Thatcher, Colorado.  
**Breeding ranch,** Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, New Mexico. JOHN BURNS, Foreman, Postoffice,  
 Lincoln, New Mexico. rare Circle Diamond ranch.  
**Breeding ranch**  cattle.  
**JAS. X. Y. SUTHERLAND, Foreman.**  
 P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, west of Roswell.  
**Additional Brands:**  
 on left side and  on left hip. Ear mark  
 upper half crop.  on left hip. Ear mark,  
 underbit left, crop right.  
 on left side, same as boot.  on left hip. Ear mark,  
 bar cattle.  
 on left side and hip. Ear mark, crop and  
 split in left and underbit in right.  
 on left side,  on left hip. Ear mark, up-  
 per half crop.  left, under half crop right.  
 on left side. Various ear marks.



JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, Cashier.  
A. B. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, President.  
J. RAYNOLDS, Vice-President.  
E. W. FLOURENOY, Cashier.

J. RAYNOLDS, President.  
JOHN W. ZOLLARS, Vice-President.  
H. A. KAUFMAN, Cashier.

### The First National Bank

LAS VEGAS, N. M.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$40,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

### The First National Bank

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$15,000.

Designated U. S. Depository. Depository of A. & P. R. R. and A., T. & S. F. R. R.

### The First National Bank

EL PASO, TEXAS.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$20,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. and Mexican Central R. R.

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DEAL IN

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HATS,  
CAPS,

FURNISHING  
GOODS,

BOOTS,  
SHOES.

Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Shirts Made to Order.

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Anything You Want In

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BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING,

OF

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Call when in town. Plaza

C. E. BLOOM,

W. O. WOOD.

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Bridge Street Meat Market.

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OF ALL KINDS.

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CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

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CLOTHING A SPECIALTY.

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LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

Boots and Shoes to Order.

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BRIDGE STREET,

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Special attention given to ranch trade. Mail orders for all classes of liquors and cigars carefully attended to.

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AT

## WILLIAM MALBŒUF'S.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

Having found out the wants of the people I deemed it wise to prepare for it. Consequently I procured the services of the best California saddlers, who can make saddles to suit anybody, and give satisfaction, as I use the best CALIFORNIA MATERIAL and first-class workmanship. I also keep all kinds of horse equipments, at reasonable prices.

Wanted.

Correspondents for every department of this paper. We want letters from all parts of the southwest, on any subject of interest. Write for the STOCK GROWER.

Watrous Ranch Company. (INCORPORATED.)



M. BURSWICK, President,

F. A. MANZANARES, Treasurer,

JOSEPH B. WATROUS, Manager.

Office—East Las Vegas, N. M.

All cattle branded W on left hip.

Ear marks

Oldest Bank in New Mexico.

## First National Bank

OF SANTA FE.

WM. W. CURRY, Pres't. H. J. PALIN, Cashier  
FRANK PARKS, Vice President.

## J. S. ELSTON,

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CLOSED CARRIAGES,

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OPEN CARRIAGES,

AND SADDLE HORSES.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

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THE LEADING

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