

STOCK GROWERS

COLORADO TEXAS
ARIZONA MEXICO NEW MEXICO

Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

Fifth Year, No. 46.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, FEBRUARY 9, 1899.

Weekly, \$5 a Year



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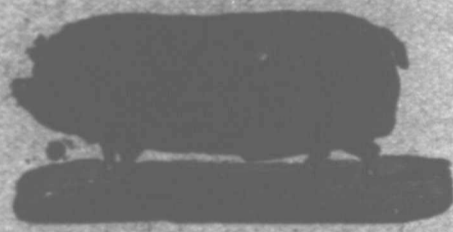
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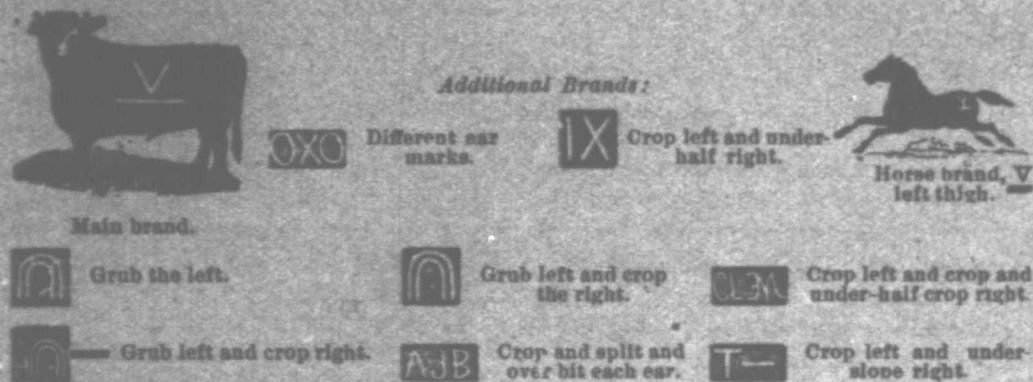
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I am prepared to furnish, at any time, thoroughbred or grade bulls, guaranteed of the best strains, and being Colorado raised, ready for immediate service. The cattle from my herds, at the Albuquerque fair, won all first prizes. Correspondence solicited and inspection of herds invited. Full particulars and pedigrees furnished.

I will Contract now for Spring Delivery. Car-load Lots a Specialty.

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BUSINESS
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BUSINESS
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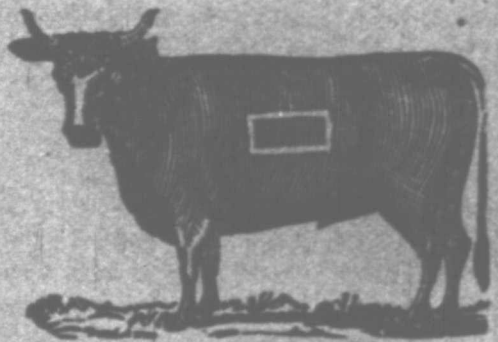


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 Range, Lower Apishapa.
 Brand as here given.
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 Horse brand same as cattle brand.

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Henry Haning.
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 P. O.: Show Low, Apache county, Arizona.
 Horse brand, same as on cattle, on left shoulder.

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P. O.: 481 Nelson building, Kansas City, Mo.
 Ranch P. O.: Camp Thomas, Arizona.
 Range, on Eagle creek, Graham county, Arizona. **WILLIAM CREECH, Foreman.**
 Ear marks, crop and split left, crop right.
 Horse brand, on the left shoulder.



Cameron Bros.

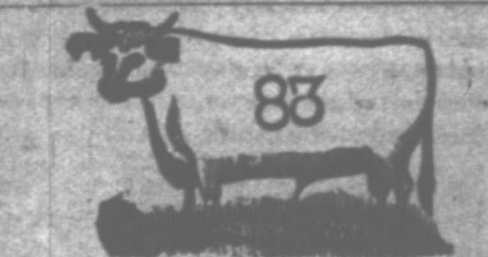
Postoffice, Lochiel, Pima county, Arizona.
 Range, on the San Rafael de la Zanja Grant.
 Ear marks, right cropped, left slit.
 All cattle in the quarter-circle U brand are marked underslope the right, swallowfork in left.
 Horse brand, like cut.

Also own the following brands, kept up:



Smith, Carson & Co.

P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizona.
 Telegraph and express office, Navajo Springs.
 Atlantic and Pacific railroad.
 Ear marks:
 Crop of the left. Horses branded:



Santa Rita Cattle Co.

ISAAC N. TOWN, Superintendent.
 Postoffice, Calabazas, Pima county, Arizona.
 Range, Santa Cruz river, Pima county, Arizona.
 Calves of 1896 and imported bulls are branded same as cut on left hip.

C. H. Ward.
Gnomex Fuisz, Manager.
 P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal.
 Range, Sulphur Spring Valley, six miles north of Wilcox, A. T.
 Ear marks, crop left, underslope right.
 Cattle branded on right hip.

KANSAS.

Watson & Fullington.
 P. O.: Greensburg, Edwards county, Kansas.
 Ranch headquarters camp Willow Bar, on Cimarron river, Neutral Strip.
 All increase branded as in cut.
 Ear marks, upper and lower bit left ear.

Additional brands:

 Horses branded on the left hip.

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ARIZONA MEXICO NEW MEXICO

Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

Fifth Year, No. 48.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, FEBRUARY 9, 1889.

Weekly, \$3 a Year

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THE man who cries overproduction of cattle substitutes fancy for facts, and discloses a lamentable ignorance in his knowledge of statistics as related to cattle growing and population.

MR. W. E. HAWKS, a heavy cattle grower, elsewhere in this issue tells our readers how he manages to his financial advantage to keep out of the big four soup. His remarks are interesting and to the point.

YES, dear reader, Mr. Armour is working as he never worked before to break down the only remedy which is left to the cattle raisers and the beef consumers to get protection from the methods of arbitrary control he has established over the beef industry.

THE legislators of Kansas, who are backed up by the sentiment of the farming and live stock interests of that state, are fighting mad. They know that Armour and his gang have taken almost the last drop of blood, and if there is any merit in fighting for their own interests, they propose to use guns that kill.

CATTLE maturers in the vicinity of Austin, Tex., are making preparations to ship 10,000 head of fat cattle in improved stock cars to the New York and Philadelphia markets. The idea seems to be germinating among cattle growers that it is a useless contest with fate to try longer to surfeit the gorgon that stands at Chicago's gates.

THE American *Analyst*, a very oleaginous apologist for, and supporter of, the big four, published in New York City, shows how broad and deep are its principles in its work for the interests of the people as against the most damnable conspiracy of the 19th century, by a glance at its advertising columns, where

will be found ads. of Swift and Armour which are the two leading advertisements of its pages. The *Analyst*, we are afraid, is obliged to subordinate its principles to its business department. This is a deplorable feature for the good character of any journal.

THE stock raisers of Kansas and Missouri in particular are excited almost to deeds of desperation at the present time to remedy the evils imposed upon them by the Chicago combine. No fact in the histories of those states is crushing the life out of the farmers and stock raisers like the sufferings now being sullenly borne by them on account of the operations of the beef mongers.

THE live stock inspection bill was defeated in the Ohio legislature by a small majority. This the *Denver News* would call the triumph of intelligence over chicanery and misrepresentation. The facts of the case are it is the triumph of big four money over the weakness of human nature. The history of the *News* in its abandonment of the interests of the people for big four boodle is another illustration also.

THE cattle grower permits a bold robbery in submitting to a tax of 50 cents per head for selling his cattle in the stock yards' market and paying for two thousand pounds of hay when only one-half that amount is furnished him. There is no investment in the United States that is more gilt-edged than the stock of the Chicago and Kansas City Stock Yards companies. Mr. Armour and his friends are large holders of it. P. D. knows a good thing a long ways off. And the good things that Philip has to do with are far from the reach of the cattle growers, it may be remarked.

THE stock yards' men who have hugged the 50 cents commission feature of their business so closely to their bosoms during the season of great depression in values for the cattle grower, are awakening to the fact that the shippers of cattle thoroughly believe that said commission is greatly in excess of a legitimate charge for the service. The wholesale methods of taking everything in sight employed, by the big four in their dealings with the producers, make the stock yards' managements, the commission men, scalpers and all connected with the yards most bold in their operations. They have all grown fat, while the producer of cattle stands dejected and alone, robbed of everything except his skin and bones.

TEXAS cattlemen are preparing a memorial to congress setting forth the

facts relative to needed protection for the hide industry. Since this important article of commerce went onto the free list cattlemen have lost thereby thousands of dollars annually. South America has made most of the money we have lost. This matter of securing a reimposition of the tariff is not local. The cattlemen of the southwest and the entire range country should join with the Texas brethren and make the demand a general one. Congress will shortly be of the disposition to look after North American cattlemen, and we believe that an urgent demand all along the line will secure relief from the errors of the present tariff which is beneficial only to the hide dealers of Buenos Aires.

THE general inquiry now going on for southwestern steers is one of the very hopeful signs of the times for cattle growers that is full of significance. Sales are being made earlier in the season than heretofore, and considering the quality of stock bought, at prices quite equal to those of last year. New Mexico, it must be remembered, has had to fight its way to the front in securing buyers for its steer product. It now seems to be the favored country with the maturers and those who want the best steers for feeding purposes. It is a source of some satisfaction at least, while groping in the mephitic atmosphere thrown off by the big four, that the cattlemen of this territory have found an outlet for much of their range product which does not debouche into the sluiceways of the beef mongers' stock yards.

TO THE VERGE OF DESPERATION.

A joint committee, representing the states of Kansas, Illinois, Missouri and others interested, has been appointed by the governors of the various states to take such action against the beef combine as the circumstances of the case demand. There is a very bitter feeling rampant among the cattle and hog producers of the states named against Mr. Armour and his fellows, who have brought the stock raiser to the verge of desperation. It is no word picture to say that the beef mongers are the subjects today of the intensest feelings of rage on the part of thousands of stockmen and farmers throughout the middle western states. These men know that the cause of their ruin lies at Chicago, and that the money used by the big four to defeat every attempt to remedy the great evil is contributed indirectly by the stock producers themselves. The STOCK GROWER will

not appeal to violence to rectify wrongs. It believes in the power of an enlightened public opinion, and that the genius of the American people has been, and probably will be, always sufficient to correct all abuses, whether civil or commercial in nature. The power of the people is great enough when it shall be properly applied to check the monstrous wrongs perpetrated by the beef syndicate. There will be no letting down of effort in this matter until the giants release their grasp.

TO PRESS FOR DAMAGES.

Those cattlemen who lost so greatly by the famous executive order No. 1 of President Cleveland, which put off all the cattle on the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservations in the Indian Territory in the summer of 1885, and which most desperate and arbitrary act precipitated a deluge of evils upon the cattle industry, will appeal to congress for an investigation and an award for their losses. Millions of dollars invested in cattle raising were lost by the carrying out of the president's order and many individuals were ruined financially. The original lessees were L. M. Briggs, H. B. Denman, J. S. Morrison, R. D. Hunter, L. M. Briggs, A. G. Morrison, A. G. Evans, W. E. Malalay and Edward Fenton, with a large number of sub-lessees, among whom were Major Hood, of Emporia, Kansas, and Abram S. Hewitt, of New York. Hewitt's losses in particular are said to have been very heavy, the resultant effects of which have not yet been entirely divorced from national politics. When the investigation comes before congress it is believed that the gentlemen interested will be able to present a strong case, showing that they were wrongfully deprived of their rights to the grazing they had leased of the Indians, and that the animus of the famous order which did so much evil, not only to the lessees themselves but to every other cattlemen in the west, was upon personal grounds and did not proceed from the desire to do exact justice. If these gentlemen are awarded damages by congress, as they should be, the theory of award for constructive damages, which is a principal of law and political economy, might be pressed also by cattlemen at large.

A NECESSARY LAW.

A bill that will meet the approval of all stockmen who own water rights in this territory, was introduced by Senator King in the council this week. The bill has every equitable and necessary feature to meet the evil from which the rangemen have nearly all suffered at one time or another. The bill should be

passed. By its terms it makes it unlawful for any man to turn cattle loose upon a range already in possession of another unless sufficient additional permanent water shall be furnished to supply such cattle. The purpose of the bill, as we understand it, is simply to protect those stockmen who have bought water rights, which alone make the grazing surrounding and tributary to said water available for feed. When the stock owner has done this, though he does not own the greater part of the land upon which his cattle crop the grass, yet the grazing of that land by the rights which he has secured in the purchase and ownership of the sections containing the water, should be reserved sacredly to him as against the claims of the nomad and interloper, who provides nothing and falls back always on the plea that his cattle have an equal right to the grazing on the public domain with those of any other man. This bill does not by its provisions interfere with the rights of any man to the use of the open range for grazing; it is intended, however, to keep men with cattle from appropriating and using private property—to prevent trespassing on the vested rights of such stockmen as own all the water of their ranges. No principle of equity, justice, or right is violated by the bill, and it should be passed by the legislature.

THE DELUSION OF THE OVER-PRODUCTION THEORY.

There is an apparent surplus of cattle in the country, which arises from the fact that the big four have made the conditions such that the market must be sought by thousands of cattle growers who are continually crowding the yards with their holdings. If the laws of supply and demand were in operation, which the beef combine will not permit to assert themselves, the financial necessity which has been imperative with the growers would not be so forcible as to compel them to send forward their cattle to market in overwhelming numbers in season and out of season.

The great demand which exists for beef products all the while, and which declares itself particularly in the retail markets of the country, sustaining prices at the highest point, with scarcely any variation from one year's end to another, is an argument against the soundness of the theory of over-production which has not yet been successfully controverted.

The combine methods of centralizing all sales of cattle at one or two points, destroying all other markets so that the shippers are forced into the Chicago or Kansas City stock yards, where the receipts are all the while conspicuous by their great numbers, is delusive to the mind of those who take a superficial view of the situation, and they at once rush to the conclusion that over-production of cattle is the one special evil from which the industry of cattle raising is now suffering.

Such statistics as are now available showing the number of cattle in the country and the present population of the United States, emphatically prove that in the relation of the former to the latter the difference is much greater now than during the years when the extreme high prices prevailed for cattle.

Abnormal and unusual conditions of trade which have been forced on the industry of the cattle grower by the greed of the great beef handlers is the one trouble. All arguments to the con-

trary are sophistical, and are not in harmony with the truth in arriving at a proper solution of the difficulties now staring the cattle grower in the face.

And as long as Mr. Armour has the power, which he will cling to most tenaciously without question, to control the distribution and sale of the dressed product, by clearing every market in the country he cares to occupy of all competition, just that long will the raising of steers be unprofitable, and the natural laws of supply and demand perverted to his financial aggrandizement and the impoverishment of the producer.

The necessary forces which the producers admit must be put into operation if relief is to come to their business, Mr. Armour is prepared to brush aside. He believes in the autocracy of money, and that the power which his doubtfully acquired millions give him is sufficient to make peons of the cattle grower and to stifle the demand of the consumers of beef for lower prices.

As a law unto himself and an agency of mighty oppression to a leading industry, Mr. Armour stands to-day as a giant, devouring all and unmindful of the cries of those he has robbed and left helpless by the wayside.

How Big Four Markets Were Avoided and Money Made Thereby.

Mr. W. E. Hawks, president of the Soda Springs Cattle company, of Soda Springs, Idaho, in conversation with a Stock Grower representative recently, went into details as to plans which his company adopted last season in marketing their cattle to avoid the big four toll pens, and yet sell their stock at equal or better prices than the Chicago market would offer. It may properly be interpolated here that Mr. Hawks believes fully in the great power for evil to the cattle raisers of the country which the big four are exerting. He does not qualify his expressions concerning the iniquity of that combination. "They have a worse grip on the cattle industry than has any other combination of men on any other industry in this country," says Mr. Hawks, "and until methods are put into operation to break down the unnatural condition of trade which the combine have forced on our business, every producer of cattle now and in the future will have to nurse his investment very carefully, and he will be in great luck if he does not have to retire from the business a ruined man financially."

"Our company recognized this fact some time ago and prepared to handle our cattle interests independent of Mr. Armour and the other dressed beef men at Chicago.

"We own our own cars for the shipping of live stock and are able to load a train of cars with fat steers at our ranches in Idaho and Wyoming and send them through to New York or any other eastern market on passenger time and with a shrinkage of only forty pounds to the bullock to the New York market, where our shipments were all made last year. The steers are not unloaded during the trip, being fed and watered in transit and are delivered in New York in as fine condition as when they took the cars.

"Notwithstanding that we were urged to make our shipments to the Chicago market, we sent forward all consignments to New York City, where we found customers among the best butchers, or those butchers that had the most select trade. The sanitary condition of our shipments were such (we sent there 175 car loads) the butchers were eager to pur-

chase, and we had no difficulty in making quick sales.

"The prices we obtained on the first shipment were \$12 per head over what the steers would have sold for in the Chicago market of the same date, and on the total shipments we realized several thousands of dollars above what could have been obtained for them in the Chicago yards.

"This year we shall place a competent man in the New York market and other cities east we may ship to, who will notify the butchers of the arrival of shipments and do such detail work relative thereto as will expedite the business of handling cattle this way.

"Yes, the butchers were eager to buy and said after the bullocks had gone to the block and their customers had been served with the meat, that it was far superior to the ice-box product which the big four sold them. The feed is a good one, and those who have good fat steers should send them alive to eastern cities and save the enormous tolls exacted by the stock yards and the stealings made by the big four combination.

"What the cattle growers need at the present time are more markets. It should be made possible, and it can be easily done, too, if freight rates can be secured by the individual shipper the same as are given to Mr. Armour and other large shippers, for shipments of fat cattle to go into all the large cities. The markets at Kansas City and Chicago are over-crowded with cattle, which admits of any manipulation of values the combine choose to impose on the shippers. There will be no salvation ahead for the cattlemen until the centralizing of shipments to one or two markets is overcome. To aid to this desirable end, and which, in my opinion, is an absolute necessity, let shipments be scattered, giving the eastern butchers a chance, for instance, to buy where the influence of the big four is not all powerful. Competition in buying our product must again be established among the meat handlers.

"The bills being introduced in the various state legislatures requiring the inspection of the live animal intended for slaughter should become laws. No injustice can be done anyone by such a law. The big four are very powerful with their subsidized organs and other means of defeating the will of the people, and the outcome of present efforts to provide a remedy for the evils they have imposed upon the cattle grower is a doubtful matter.

Mr. Armour and the Hog Scalpers.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, Feb. 4, 1899.

To the Stock Grower:

I am at Phoenix, to attend a meeting of our Live Stock Sanitary commission, which is called for to-day, and while I have an hour's leisure in the office of Dr. Chandler, our veterinary surgeon, I pick up your paper of January 26th, and behold what strikes my sympathizing gaze,

"COMBINED AGAINST THE SCALPERS," and with tears in my eyes I read what Mr. Armour has to say about the wrongs of the poor packers. How good I felt though when I got to the place where Mr. Armour said: "We have got the cash! We are the power behind the throne." I guess that will make the people wince. Who would yet dare to give a slight color of competition in the hog market at the Kansas city yards? The Kansas hog man is the next one to look out for his scalp.

Mr. Armour thinks that no small dealer should stand for a moment in the way of himself. Who wants heavy hogs? Dold & Son. Who wants medium hogs? Fowler & Co., and

Kingman & Co. Who wants light hogs? Really, I can say, I sympathize with the poor harassed packers. At great expense to themselves they have fitted up three plants and opened up a market, each for a particular kind of porker, in order that the farmer may have a market for every kind of a hog—the man who has much corn for the big hog, the man who has less corn for the medium hog and the poor cuss, who has very little corn for the small hog—just as nice and complete as can be, and now comes along the miserable scalper. No money; no slaughter house; no market for his hogs; no anything, except cheek only, and getting through his breakfast in a great rush at some twenty-five cent restaurant, goes straight to the yards, where stands the hog man of the commission house, looking over his new arrivals, and at once makes an offer for Mr. Armour's hogs. I am astonished that Mr. Armour and Mr. Dold and the rest of the quartet do not at once pull out their stickers and dispatch him on the spot, and make, once for all, an example of the Hebrew wretch. Surely, he can only hope to live by their forbearance after such a crime.

I am sure that Mr. Armour's little speech will at once call forth the sympathy of every man who has a hog to sell, and they should instruct their commission men to kick out of the yard the presumptuous scalper, who has in this underhand and malicious manner raised the price of hogs on Mr. Armour from 2 1/2c. to 5c. per hundred pounds.

Mr. Armour's sympathizing friend,

ISAAC N. TOWN.

Explains Itself.

St. Johns, Arizona, February 24, 1899.

To the Stock Grower:

My partner, Thomas Carson, myself and Mr. Arthur Ashton, a stockman of this county, were indicted by the U. S. grand jury at Prescott, last fall, on the testimony of a U. S. special land agent, Col. Bevans. Our trials came off the other day, with the result that Carson and Ashton were acquitted, my case being dismissed. The character of Col. Bevans was shown up by the fact that six reputable citizens of Yavapai county, including the territorial treasurer, probate judge, and several other officers went to the stand and testified that they would not believe him on oath and that his moral character was bad.

The complete fizzle of these cases, the first instituted in the territory, is a great blow to the special agent department. The prominence given to them leads me to ask you to publish the facts of the case so that our many friends in New Mexico may know the facts of the case. Every effort was made by the U. S. district attorney to convict us, including hiring special counsel at an expense of \$500, to help him.

Yours truly,

HENRY SMITH.

Capt. B. F. Buzard, who raised a large crop of sorgum last year, says that any man who thinks a ranchman has no use for such feed, because there is green grass on the range, is left. He says that the grass is so soft that it really reduces the strength of the stock, and that sorgum fodder is just what they need to keep up their strength. The captain says that he considers sorgum ahead of anything that can be raised here, or anywhere else, for forage.—Texas Stockman.

No other medicine is so reliable as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, for the cure of coughs, colds, and all derangements of the respiratory organs. It relieves the asthmatic and consumptive, even in advanced stages of disease.

THE WINDSOR FARM.

A Successful Enterprise Resulting From Brains and Irrigation.

A correspondent of the Chicago Tribune thus speaks of a notable Colorado enterprise at Denver: The Windsor farm comprises 1,080 acres, located about six miles from the centre of the city in a southwesterly direction. Along its western boundary the High Line canal runs its tortuous course. Three years ago the site of this farm was an arid waste. A practical eastern farmer would not have taken the ground as a gift. But the High Line canal had just been completed. The land was irrigable property and Bush & Morse determined to acquire it with a view to supplying their hotel table from it. They secured the tract at an average of \$28 an acre, the total cost being \$30,250. Then they began the construction of twelve miles of ditches and dykes, and by the time the farm was in shape for irrigation and cultivation \$12,000 had been added to its cost. An artesian well was drilled, water being obtained at a depth of 1,100 feet, the place was stocked with grade dairy cattle, a herd of imported Galloway cattle, hogs, and poultry. Alfalfa, oats, and corn were sown in fields of from fifty to 100 acres, and the work of cultivation began. An experienced irrigator was employed to attend to the distribution of the water. Most people may think they can tell how slightly rolling prairie ground pitches and how water will run over it from a given point, but practical irrigation has demonstrated that only an experienced eye can discern the pitch of any piece of ground. All others will be greatly deceived.

From the alfalfa field three cuts a year, each averaging five tons to the acre, were obtained. In 1886 100 acres of oats averaged a yield of fifty bushels to the acre. Last year the yield of oats was only thirty bushels to the acre. One hundred acres of corn yielded thirty-five bushels to the acre. The cool summer nights of this climate are not favorable to corn. Potatoes run anywhere from 100 to 400 bushels, and larger or better potatoes are not grown in any other part of the world. In twenty-four acres set apart for a garden all kinds of vegetables and berries were set out. The yield was prolific. Strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, currants, gooseberries, and celery grew as abundantly and of as fine quality as ever was seen. The product of the dairy was in keeping with the rest of the departments, and the first season the farm yielded a large surplus beyond the requirements of the hotel. Mr. Morse, who has charge of the farm, says it earned \$2,500 a month during the year 1888, which was not a good year, being unusually dry, while water was scarce.

The appointments of the farm are few, but complete. There are paddocks and stables for the horses and dairy cattle, paddocks and sheds for the blooded cattle, two engine rooms and a steam room all operated from one boiler, and apartments for the farmhands, who number twenty in winter and fifty in summer. There are sixty horses on the place, the only blooded equines being the imported Clydesdale stallion Salisbury and four Clydesdale mares. Salisbury, a 4-year-old weighing 1,900 pounds, is as fine a type of the Clydesdale as could be seen at the Chicago fat stock and horse show. He works ten hours a day and looks all the better for the exercise he takes. The herd of Galloway cattle comprises sixty head. These are kept for breeding purposes and their produce will be sold annually. A buffalo cow a year old mingles with them. It is a pet, and Mr. Morse says it doesn't know when to quit eating or drinking. The dairy cattle number 150. With the exception of a dozen Holsteins, recently purchased, they are all grades. The grades have all been dis-horned, and Mr. Morse says he will cut the horns off the Holsteins in a few days.

"I am not going to have a horn on the place," said he. "When I started to cut the horns off our dairy cattle it was predicted that a lot would die and all would fall off in their milk. We didn't lose one and not one appeared to be sick. The only effect was a falling off of about five per cent in their milk for a couple of days, and then they began giving just as much as ever, and have kept it up right along."

The daily yield of milk from the 150 cows is 2,400 pounds. Fifteen minutes after the cows are milked the milk is run through a cream separator, one spout from which runs skim-milk, while another runs cream. This cream separator is run by steam power and makes 7,000 revolutions a minute. The skim-milk is fed to calves and the cream sent to the creamery, where, if desired, it can be made into butter within an hour after the milking was done. The hotel uses from 700 to 800 pounds of butter each month and nearly as much more is sold to dealers at 50 cents a pound.

Steamed food, chiefly chopped corn fodder, oats, and corn, is fed to the dairy cattle and the water for all the cattle is run through the steam room and the chill taken out of it. Artesian water is used for every purpose except irrigation. Alfalfa is fed to horses and cattle generally, and alfalfa ensilage to the dairy cattle. Alfalfa ensilage is a new departure in cattle food. It is an experiment of Morse's, and he claims it is a great success. The cattle, he says, like it, and a saving of 40 per cent in the feeding of grain can be accomplished by its use without reducing the quantity or impairing the quality of the milk yield.

From 400 to 500 hogs are raised on the farm annually. They are fed on garbage from the hotel and waste on the farm, and make excellent pork.

Altogether the Windsor farm is a great Colorado institution. The people of Denver all talk about it and point to it as the best exemplification of the advantages of irrigation and the necessity for more of it—mountain reservoirs, of course. During the nine months of summer which they have here Windsor farm is clad in verdure, from the rich dark shades of alfalfa fields to the lighter tints of the willows which line the ditches to strengthen them. The real estate boom has nearly reached the farm, boulevards have been laid out a short distance from it, and property across the road east of it was sold a few days ago for \$360 an acre. How Bill Bush looks upon it may be inferred from a remark he made to his partner a few days ago. "Pard," said he, "if that property which has no water rights is worth \$450 an acre ours is worth \$500." A pretty good profit on an investment of \$28 an acre a little over three years ago.

The French ministry of agriculture has published a return showing that the total number of wolves killed during the past year was 701, and of these two were wolves which had attacked human beings, and for each of which a premium of £8 was paid; 14 were she-wolves with young, for each of which a premium of £6 was paid; 315 were ordinary wolves for which a premium of £4 was paid; and 370 cubs, for each of which a premium of £2s was paid. The total amount paid in premiums was £1920, as against £2284 for 760 wolves in 1886, and £2620 for 900 in 1882. The department in which most wolves were destroyed was the Dordogne (109), and then came the Bharente (68), the Vienne (50), and the Haute Vienne (47).

Dressed Beef at Five Cents.

A butcher remarked to us the other day that sides of first-class dressed meat from Chicago would now be delivered to retailers at 5c. per pound. One of two or three things is true; either claim that first-class beefs are slaughtered and shipped east is false, because good cattle cannot be bought at Chicago, even on the present law markets, at prices which would deliver the dressed sides here at 5c; or they are being sent here at a loss to the shippers for the purpose of building up trade. The cattle from which five-cent sides come at a profit must be inferior in quality. Either of these things puts the dressed beef industry, as far as it affects the eastern markets, in an unfavorable light. The explanations are before you. Take your choice.—National Stockman.

Grand Combination Sale OF FINE HORSES AND CATTLE AT CITY STOCK YARDS

Denver, Colorado, February 18 to 23, 1889.

Over 500 head of stock from the most prominent breeders. Standard and Thoroughbred Horses and Roadsters, French Coach, Percheron and Clydesdale Stallions, Mares and Geldings one car-load of Imported Shetland Ponies, well broken for Children's use. Work Stock of all kinds and a few fine Jacks.

Galloway, Shorthorn and Aberdeen-Angus, Jerseys and Holstein Cattle, males and females of both purebreds and grades.

THE GRANDEST OPPORTUNITY EVER OFFERED IN THE WEST!

To Breeders and everybody wanting improved stock of any kind. Sale positively without reserve or "fraudulent protective schemes" We guarantee that everybody will have the chance to purchase stock as cheap as bona fide bidding will permit.

For further information and Catalogues containing full description and pedigrees of stock, write to

GEO. L. GOULDING & CO.,

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FOR SALE.

CATTLE, HORSES and RANCH.

Pursuant to an order of the District Court for the Fourth Judicial District of New Mexico we will sell all of the following described property, on the

FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D., 1889.

1868 head of mixed cattle, placed on the range Sept., 1885, less 40 head slaughtered by round-ups and sold to butchers; also two hundred and six sold by the Receiver.

38 high grade bulls placed on range in 1886.

47 native cattle placed on range in 1886.

45 calves branded in 1886.

491 calves branded by Receiver in 1887.

500 calves branded by Receiver in 1888.

Also two large draft horses and thirty-two cow ponies.

REAL ESTATE.

All the interest of Stapp, Ennis & Co. in and to the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ and S $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 24, Twp. 13 north, range 24 east. The land is located on Laugerito Creek.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

One 2-horse wagon, One Champion Mower, One Sulky Rake, Three Hay Forks, One Set Wheel Harness, One Set Lead Harness, One Brace and Bits, One Grindstone, Camp Outfit, One Field Glass, One Shoeing Outfit, One Single Rake Harness, One Lantern, and about 2800 lbs. Barbed Wire.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Sealed bids will be received for the whole property until the Fourth day of March, A. D., 1889, at 6 o'clock p. m. The purchaser will take the property free and discharged from all liens. Each bid shall be accompanied by cash or certified check to the order of the Receiver for one-third of the whole amount of such bid, together with notes at nine months with six per cent interest for another one-third of the bid, and also notes at two years with like interest for the remaining one-third of the bid. All notes to be upon approved personal security to the satisfaction of the Receiver. But no bid will be accepted for a less sum than three-fourths of the appraisal made by the Receiver. The property is well located east of Cabra Springs, about 80 miles from Las Vegas, New Mexico.

LEWIS LUTZ, Receiver for Stapp, Ennis & Co
J. H. KOGLER, Master in Chancery.

Jan. 21, 1889

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Within the next few weeks subscription bills will be sent to all delinquents. Please respond promptly and remember that the subscription accounts are kept separate from our other accounts. We contemplate a reduction in the subscription price and hope to retain all of our old patrons and at the same time gain new subscribers.

FROM ALL POINTS.

Live Stock Notes Carefully Collected from Every Source.

At Willows, Cal., a flock of wild geese settled down on a forty-acre field of grain and picked it clean in two hours. The number of birds was estimated at 75,000.

Cattle are dying all over the ranges in South Florida from starvation, the flat lands where they usually feed being nearly all submerged by the continuous rains.

An exchange says: Reports from all line riders' camps along the Nebraska line say no trouble has been experienced thus far in keeping the range stock from drifting.

Charley Reid, an old timer and extensive ranchman, says the cattle on the range are in better condition for winter than they have been for years.—*Douglas Republican*.

We think three hundred thousand dollars would be a conservative estimate of the worth of domestic animals destroyed by wild animals in Texas last year. Half that sum would go a long way toward their extermination.—*Texas Stockman*.

John W. Clampitt sold his interest in the "pot-hooks" brand of cattle, now in Presidio county, for \$18,000 to Colleson & Coggan of Brownwood. The herd numbers about 4,000, and Mr. Clampitt owned a half interest. The buyers take "range delivery."—*Ballinger Leader*.

Cattle on the plains are looking very sleek and fat and they will enter upon spring in fine condition. So far this winter we have not heard of a single head dying of cold or hunger. The winter has been remarkably open and the range is in excellent condition.—*Amarilla Champion*.

The Geysier meat bill, providing for the inspection of all beef sold in Ohio on the hoof, was killed in the senate by the decisive vote of 19 to 9. This is the measure aimed at the Chicago dressed beef houses that caused so much talk last winter upon the occasion of the visit of a special legislative committee to Chicago.

A. D. Adamson, a well known stockman of this vicinity, received news last Saturday of the death of his father, James Adamson, of Morphi, Montrose, Scotland. Mr. Adamson left immediately for his home upon receipt of the sad news. He expects to return to Wyoming about the middle of May. Mr. J. Stuart Smith accompanied him on his trip.—*Cheyenne Journal*.

Pasturage in the Indian Territory is much higher this year than formerly. A pasture that rented at \$4,000 last year is worth \$6,000 this season, and there is danger that this increased cost will have a tendency to cause the cowmen to overstock to get even, which will make matters worse by causing deterioration in the condition of stock shipped to market.—*San Angelo Standard*.

The public will not be surprised to learn that the directors of the Chicago board of trade have adopted resolutions protesting against the passage of bills which have been introduced in the legislatures of Pennsylvania and other eastern states designed to exclude from sale dressed meats shipped in from other states.

Mr. Cormack is shipping to Montreal three carloads of fine beef cattle from the Northwest Cattle company's ranch. Mr. Cormack says that these animals are in as fine condition as they were when purchased on the range last autumn. The plump condition of this one lot of cattle bears out completely the statements made by all stockmen who have been in town lately that, thanks to the season, the stock on the ranges are holding their fat as if they were still luxuriating in summer pastures.—*Calary (Alberta) Herald*.

A telegram from Laredo, Texas, to the San Antonio Express, under date of Jan. 22, says: "Dr. E. A. Carothers, who is well known in San Antonio, and throughout southwest Texas, is here to-night with a train of 600 hogs for the city of Mexico which were purchased by him in Kansas City. This is the first shipment of the kind over the new route, and the result is looked forward to with a great deal of interest by speculators. The doctor seems confident that there is money in the venture and thus far has had no mishaps."

The Texas Land and Cattle company is running large numbers of cows to market. They are not first-class by any means, and this fact is taken as a proof by many that there is no good stock in that section, or owned by said rich company. The facts are quite the contrary, and the management of that corporation proves its practicability by getting rid of its scrubs, and if marketing them leaves a net over cost of transportation and hide, it is good economy, as it leaves valuable grass for the improved breeds that are being put on their Laurels ranch.—*Texas Live Stock Journal*.

One of the pluckiest fellows that ever lived in Montana is John Myers. He is 20 years old and has just gone through a thrilling experience. He is a cowboy and was hunting for horses with a party on the Still Water river. He was missing Tuesday night when the others came in. It was thought he had stopped at some "squaw man's" house and no fear was felt for his safety. Two days after, the men in the camp noticed a dark object sliding down the other side of an opposite bluff. It was Myers. Both of his legs were broken and his head and face terribly lacerated. He was weak from loss of blood and the exposure he had undergone dragging himself along 30 hours in the snow. His horse stumbled and threw him on the rocks and ran away. He crawled up the side of steep bluffs where few men could walk. It was a wonderful exhibition of nerve.

The Guernsey Cow.

There is no doubt that the Guernsey is a modification of the Jersey cow. All the Channel Island cattle were called Alderneys from the name of one of the Channel Islands, by Youall, who was one of the British authorities on live stock in the early part of the century. This breed within the last few years has been known in the United States for its increased size over the Jerseys, while holding the essential qualities of that breed for butter-product, and as giving larger daily quantities of milk.

The approved points of the Guernsey of to-day are stated as follows: Head small but long; eye bright, lively, but placid; horns small and well turned upwards, being fine, yellow and waxy at the bases; ears small and thin, with fine thin hair and a deep golden color inside; nostrils open; neck long and slender, tapering towards the head; shoulders thin; fore-quarters light; limbs delicate; back straight and broad behind; tail fine and thin, set on at right angles with the back; hide thin and mellow to touch; carcasses deep and well let down; hindquarters full and large; udder capacious, broad and square, well in line with belly, and stretching well forward, not fleshy, silky with fine down or hair; milk veins very large and prominent; teats large, strutting outwards and well apart; the general figure compact, wedge-shaped; skin tinged with a deep orange-yellow throughout, especially marked inside the pastern joint.

The opinion of the Guernsey farmer is much divided as to what may be considered the most approved points of the male animal. Some prefer the bull which possesses many of the points as approved in the female; others, those of the more masculine type. Since the superiority of the Guernsey cow for dairy purposes is so generally admitted, we must not, I think, be guided so much in our selection by what may be the approved points of excellence in the individual animal as by a knowledge of his parentage, and this knowledge becomes of still more importance when we consider that the male undoubtedly acts the principal part in impressing his character upon the offspring.—*Prairie Farmer*.

"My little son, three years of age, was terribly afflicted with scrofula. His head was entirely covered with scrofulous sores, and his body showed many marks of the disease. A few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured him."—W. J. Beckett, Hymers, Ind.

FOR TRADE A FINE FIVE-YEAR-OLD STALLION, flowing mane and tail, dark brown, weighs 1300 lbs., a beauty. Will exchange for ponies. Address, Robert Ritchie, Peabody, Marwin County, Kansas.

THE HORSES.

Interesting Bits of News for Horsemen and Breeders.

St. Louis has got hold of a man who has stolen 28 horses in six months, and he is not only 82 years of age, but lame, near-sighted and suffering with asthma.

It is suggested by an experienced horseman that a balky horse can be started in every instance by lifting the forefoot from the ground and striking the shoe a few short blows with a stone or some iron substance.

Rudolph Weiser, who hails from New Mexico, and who evidently brought his check-book along when he came north, recently purchased in Kentucky a pair of carriage horses for which he paid \$5,000, which is the longest price ever realized for a team of that description.—*Breeders' Gazette*.

Maud S. is in perfect health and full vigor, and Mr. Bonner jogs her every day in Central Park. Shoes have been kept on her because the winter has been so mild. The hope of her admirers is that she will have an opportunity next summer to go ahead of her own record of 2:08 1/2.

Three trotting sires now stand at \$500. They are Nutwood, Dictator and Bell Boy. Baron Wilkes commands \$350. The fee for Red Wilkes, Patron, Onward, Kentucky, Prince, Harold, Belmont, Victor, Von Bismarck and St. Bel each is \$300. As the books of these popular sires fill readily each season, and represent an income of \$15,000 to \$30,000, it is not to be wondered at that their owners value them at from \$40,000 to \$100,000.

The purchase by Montana parties of the Wedgewood mare Favonia, that made a record of 2:15 last season and proved herself one of the gamest trotters now on the turf, is followed by the announcement that Scott Quinton, the young man to whom the credit of developing the speed of Favonia is due, will go with the mare to her new home, and the chances are that he will be at the head of perhaps the strongest stables in the far west next summer.

King Thomas, the son of King Ban for whom Senator Hearst of California was reported to have paid \$40,000 at the Haggin sale of yearlings in New York last year, but which price was never figured on much by those who knew that Hearst and Haggin were partners in several racing ventures, has grown into a big fellow for his age, standing 16 hands high at the present time. Whether or not he has the speed possessed by his brothers will be seen when the racing season opens.

The rule of English breeders when aiming to produce the highest type of racing stock, according to Stonehenge, was to breed twice in and once out, although some English writers advocate once in and once out. Inbreeding serves to tenify the peculiar characteristics possessed by the common ancestors, but if carried too far it will doubtless have a tendency to impair the strength, weaken the constitution and injure the disposition of the animal.

England has long cast an envious glance at our roadsters, and it is only a question of time until a regularly established horse mart will be inaugurated in London to handle American bred trotters. Any Englishman who has enjoyed a spin behind a fast trotter will not be content to plod along behind the Dobbin of the past age. The average Englishman is slow to learn and loath to adopt innovations, but he knows a good thing when it is put before him.

The influence of one good sire is scarcely estimable, but in the *English Live Stock Journal* almanac for 1879 Mr. W. Burdett Coatts, M. P., calculates that the celebrated hackney stallion Triffitt's Fireaway represents in his stock a money value of \$1,250,000. He is now rising 30 years old, and has been at the stud for over twenty-five years. He has averaged over 100 foals a year, the last prices of which are given at \$500 each. So great is his influence that his stock can be recognized at sight, and an instance is given of foals got by him out of a cart mare which as 5-year-olds were sold by London dealers at 300 to 400 guineas the pair.

STALLION FOR SALE. A FINE THREE-year old stallion for sale at the 704 Ranch. CHARLES SALEMWAY, Bell Ranch, 4712

Points for Breeders.

The *National Stockman* gives the following items for those contemplating breeding mares.

For best results a mare should be in perfect condition when bred.

Look at the disposition of the stallion as well as his form, size, pedigree, etc.

The producing qualities of a horse is what you want to look after every time.

The man that has the proudest stallion generally does the most blowing about him.

Do not overlook the matter of color. A horse with a desirable color is to be preferred every time.

Study the breeding of both the stallion and mare. Rare combinations are not made by chance.

Don't breed to a stallion simply because his owner is a friend of yours. The horse should be the attraction and not the owner.

Don't condemn a horse because he does not suit some whim or fancy of yours. You have no right to "pass sentence" without you are called upon to do so.

Don't "jew" in price. If a man asks more for the service of a horse than you think you can afford to pay, pass on. One of the most discouraging things for the owners of good stallions is the inclination of breeders to beat them down in price.

Study the pedigree and breeding of all the stallions within your reach. If a horse is worthy your patronage he has a pedigree that is worth publishing, and the owner of a horse who has not enterprise enough about him to have the pedigree, description, terms, etc., printed in convenient form for those who want to examine the same should not expect you to breed to his horse.

Comply entirely with the terms and requirements of the owners of the stallions which you patronize. If the service fee is cash in advance be ready to pay it at once. If notes are required do not neglect to hesitate to give them. It is often embarrassing and unpleasant for owners to have to refer to this matter. If a man has a horse good enough for you to patronize, do it in a business like way. If he hasn't, then don't deal with him at all.

Of Interest to Stock Dealers.

Judge Gresham gave judgment for \$3,746.33 and interest in favor of Emerson Sprague, of Lincoln, Neb., and against Rosenbaum Bros., cattle dealers of Omaha and Chicago. In 1886 William J. Clark shipped to Omaha 172 steers consigned to Rosenbaum Bros., who sold them to Sprague for \$3747.33. Sprague found that Clark had executed a chattel mortgage on the cattle to Harrington Emerson before shipping them to Omaha. Emerson replevied the cattle from Sprague, who sued Rosenbaum Bros. Judge Gresham held that Rosenbaum Bros., in selling the stock to Sprague, implied a warranty of title.—*Chicago Tribune*.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., N.Y.

THE STOCK GROWER.

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Only Journal devoted exclusively to the stock growing, farming and commercial interests of the Southwest. We give the cattle news of the range country.

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Official Paper of the Lincoln County Stock Association.

Official Paper of the San Miguel County Stock Association.

Official Paper of the Dona Ana County Stock Association.

Official Paper of the Central New Mexico Stock Growers' Association.

Official Paper of the Canadian River Live Stock Association.

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Lewis Lutz, President, East Las Vegas, N. M. J. E. SALTZ, Albuquerque, N. M. S. S. JACKSON, Kingstons, N. M. J. D. WARNER, Secretary, Las Vegas, N. M.

Officers and Members of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of Arizona.

A. J. CHANDLER, Secretary and Veterinary Surgeon, A. T. ISAAC N. TOWN, Calabean, A. T. THOS. HALLACK, Signal, A. T. WILL C. BARNES, St. Joseph, A. T. N. E. BOWEN, Prescott, A. T.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1890.

SOUTHWEST STOCK NOTES.

Short Items Relative to Stock and Stockmen of the Southwest.

The Southwestern Stock association will hold its annual meeting at Silver City on the 16th instant.

The rabbit hunt in the vicinity of Deming last week resulted in the death of 1,025 head of the rodents.

John B. Slaughter, ranging on the edge of the Stakes Plains, in San Miguel county, has recently bought 1,000 yearling steers, which are to be delivered to his ranch in July.

H. Romero & Bro., of Las Vegas, report good news from their cattle range. Their foreman, just in from the ranch says they have, so far this winter, lost but one bull out of a herd numbering over 2,000.

Isaac N. Town, of Calabean, brings the report that the cattle in that vicinity are not doing very well. They have been compelled to stay in the mountains, where the only range now exists, and the recent severe weather has caused the death of a good many.—Tucson Citizen.

At a recent meeting of the executive committee of the Northern association it was ordered that an assessment of one-half cent per head be made at once; also, the secretary was instructed to draw slight drafts on all delinquent members, for the amount of their delinquencies.

W. C. Bishop, manager of the Liberty ranch in Dawson county, Texas, says a Texas exchange, has advice from his foreman that the snow fell to a depth of about twelve inches, during the last storm there, but melted rapidly, and that although cattle were drawn a little there had been no losses.

John Gans, of the firm of Gans Bros., ranching in Presidio county, has advice from that section that there has not been rain enough to rot the grass as in other portions of the country, and that cattle are faring sumptuously and will go through in great shape. Gans Bros. will start a herd of several thousand steers for the Indian Territory early in the spring and many others in that region will also drive.—Dallas News.

Articles of incorporation of the "Swissheim Cattle company" have been filed with the county recorder at Tombstone, Arizona Territory. The capital stock of the company is \$24,000, and its objects are to "raise, buy, sell and trade live stock and land." The incorporators and directors are William Letley, J. E. McNair and C. E. Stewart.

The Home Land & Cattle company, of Montana, who are in the market for 5,000 head of two and three-year-old New Mexico steers, purchased last week of the Sacramento Cattle company, of Dona Ana county, 2,000 two and three year olds at \$12 per head for two's and \$16 for three's. The bunch will be driven to Engle and shipped north about May 15th.

The cattlemen of Texas are making a concerted move for the restoration of the tariff on hides. Since South America has been supplying the market in the United States, the price of hides here has gradually gone down to zero figure so far as any profit comes to the cattle producer. This is an important matter to southwest cattlemen and their co-operation with Texas' raisers should be heartily given.

The Cleveland & Colorado Cattle company which has been operating in Bent county, Colorado, was sold out at trustee's sale on the 2nd instant. The indebtedness of the company was settled at fifty cents on the dollar. This was the company which drove 2,300 head of the cattle from the Cucharas and reached the range in Montrose county after a three months' drive with a loss of nearly 50 per cent.

Clark M. Carr, president of the Cebolla Cattle company, of Fort Wingate, writing to the Stock Grower under date of the 3rd instant incidentally says: We have had a great deal of snow in this section and some very cold weather and cattle are shrinking to some extent. Lately the weather has been bright and warm, but with cold nights. With an early spring and all the snow to make grass we must have a good season ahead.

Range-riders report that losses of cattle during the recent cold snap have not been excessive, and that with an early spring, as there is every probability of, the cattle will come through in as fair condition and with as few losses as ordinarily. People who remain in town and know nothing about the range, give out wild guesses about the large number of dead cattle on the plains, but close observation does not find such to be the case.—Springer Stockman.

Mr. J. L. Powell shipped six cars—120 head—of beef steers to Los Angeles on Thursday night. Sixty-five head of them were purchased from the Monk brothers, 44 from E. T. Ijama, and the balance from George Fisk and W. H. McKittrick. Mr. Powell stated that the shipment comprised as fine a lot of beeves as he had ever shipped from the Wilcox yards. The average weight of those purchased from Mr. Ijama was over 1,000 pounds.—Wilcox Stockman.

Berger is the name of a Washington Territory settler on the public land, who appears to be solicitous about his patent. He has taken occasion to address the general land office on the subject. He is a little emphatic about it, his brief but unique communication being couched in the following language:

"MOUNT VERNON, W. T., January 18, 1890.—Christian Berger to general in chief of United States general land office: Sir.—What in the h—l are you fellows doing over there? The 13th of April next it will be three years since I have proved upon my claim and I didn't get a patent yet. Wake up there and send that patent along. Yours, for the future, CHRISTIAN BERGER."

W. J. Johnson has gone to his ranch in the Organ mountains. He reports that his cattle and horses are passing through the winter in good condition, and thinks that they have one of the best ranges in southern New Mexico.—Theo. Higgins came in a few days ago from the Horse Springs ranch of Kyle & Smith, and reports that cattle are wintering well on that range. He also says that the cattle on the ranch of W. W. Tuttle are wintering very well and will be in good shape for the early grass.—W. W. Graham, of the Devil mountains, has been in the city for several days. He reports that they have lost some horses and quite a number of cattle on account of the severe snow storms during the winter. A part of the cattle were very thin in flesh, having been brought in from Colorado late in the fall. He says that there will be early grass the coming spring.—Socorro Times.

We do not see a very promising immediate outlook for range cattle in some portions of Colorado. In the South Park the grazing had been good until the last snow, and cattle are in prime order wherever pastured and fed. On the open range, however, the feed has been so scanty that the cattle look thin. Very few cattle-growers up there think that they can afford to risk their stock on the outside of a meadow or pasture fence during the winter. A man in Las Animas county reports range-stock along the middle Apishapa as hungry, and that some deaths among cattle, sheep and horses have already occurred. Cattle on the lower Purgatorie are said to be in fair condition, and will come out all right should the

winter not be too severe from this time on. Esmerado county is in the worst fix of all, the grass being actually devastated. All these sad things are occurring in the mildest winter in the history of the country. What then can we hope for in the after spell which will come in February and March?—Field and Farm.

To Shut out Chicago Dressed Beef. ST. LOUIS, Mo., January 30.—The butchers and ranchmen are trying to knock out the Chicago dressed beef companies in the Missouri legislature. Mr. Fanian, of Jasper county, has introduced a bill that is now pending before the committee on benevolent and scientific institutions which is calculated to help out the butchers. A majority of the committee seem to favor the bill which was introduced in the Kansas legislature a few days ago, and will probably model their substitute on the same line. The bill in course of preparation by the committee will provide that deceased meat, fish, poultry, or game shall not be sold or offered for sale in the state, nor shall there be offered for sale the flesh of a calf or any other animal under four weeks old. The provisions which strike at the packing-houses read as follows:

All slaughtering of animals the uncured meat of which is to be sold for food in cities of this state containing a population of 2,000 or more shall be done in said cities or within two miles of the limits of said cities, at such place or places as shall be approved by the mayor.

No person shall sell or offer for sale in any city in this state any fresh or uncured meat that has not first been inspected on foot within forty-eight hours of the slaughtering by a competent inspector and duly approved, branded, and stamped by him; provided, nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the selling or the offering for sale of any meats slaughtered by farmers on their own premises.

Let Arizona Follow.

The legislature of New Mexico is considering a bill introduced for the purpose of prohibiting the entry of Armour's dressed beef into the territory. The effect of the bill will be to give local butchers the benefit of the trade now monopolized by the ice-box meat shippers and stockmen will sell a few more cattle at a better price than can be realized away from home.

The bill will, in all probability, become a law. In that event, the fattening of beef steers, by alfalfa feeding, will receive quite an impetus in New Mexico, thus two great interests—farming and stock growing—will be certainly benefited by the measure.

The fifteenth legislature of Arizona might take a hint from this item. Our stockmen and farmers need protective and fostering legislation as much as those of New Mexico. Will our law-makers drop sectional jealousies long enough to enact a measure or two calculated to benefit the territory at large?—Hoof and Horn.

Something Rotten in Denmark.

Now, Mr. Editor, with regard to prices of cattle, your reason of the cause I think is quite good. My belief is that it is great production on the ranges west to a great extent, coupled with the great rush, at the present, to get out of the business, and the manipulations of the big four. Not wishing to criticise your views with regard to the dressed beef combine, I would like to know why there is a difference in price between cows and steers. I see that in Kansas City cows sell for \$1.25 and steers \$4.00, and cow beef retails over the counter just the same as the best steer beef. As the old saying goes, "there must be something rotten in Denmark."

Thanks, Most Faithful Ally.

Major J. D. Warner, editor of the New Mexico Stock Grower has been in Texas lately, conferring with Col. Slaughter and others regarding the proposed live stock inspection laws. The Stock Grower has done more than any other paper to crystallize sentiment against the meat mongers' monopoly.—Texas Stockman and Farmer.

CATTLE, WANTED and FOR SALE.

WANTED.

Two or three thousand head of yearling and two-year-old heifers—best range stock. Will pay cash on delivery. To be delivered at El Paso or Deming, at option of purchaser. Bids received till February 15th. Address Corralitos Co., care Hon. J. F. Crosby, president, El Paso, Texas. 4643

WANTED—FIVE THOUSAND and two-year-old steers, delivered in Wyoming, during May or June next. Address with lowest cash price and full particulars as to class of cattle, where bred, present range, etc., Geo. W. Baxter, Cheyenne Wyoming. 4844

STOCK HORSES WANTED TO BUY GOOD stock horses. Address, with full description and price, H. R. Trank, Liberty, N. M.

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 500 GOOD

NEW Mexico STEERS

OF ALL AGES.

NEARLY 200 OF THEM

3-year-old and above.

To be delivered after spring round-up.

REUTHER & NAHM, El Cuervo, N. M. 4644

Over 6,000,000 people believe that it pays best to buy Seeds of the largest and most reliable houses, and they use

Ferry's Seeds

Advertisement for Ferry's Seeds, featuring a circular logo and text: D. M. FERRY & CO. are acknowledged to be the Largest Seedsmen in the world.

SPAYING HEIFERS.

Stockmen contemplating spaying heifers or cows this season will do well to correspond with DR. J. WILLIS, V. S., Des Moines, Iowa. Lock Box 12. Best of references given, and the fullest satisfaction guaranteed. 4645

LANDS

Advertisement for Henry N. Coffey, Real Estate Agent, featuring an illustration of a person and text: Report on Entries, Contests, Titles of Land, Scrip Locations, Townships, etc.

When answering advertisements always state that you saw such advertisement in the Stock Grower.

THE STOCK GROWER.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1889.

PERSONAL.

Items of Interest Relating to Stock Growing People.

The American Meat company having been fully organized and starts off under favoring auspices, Hon. S. W. Dorsey will shortly visit New Mexico.

Colonel J. W. Dwyer, of the Una de Gato ranch, having spent a few days in New York recently, is now in Washington, where he will remain until after the inauguration ceremonies of President Harrison.

W. J. Tod, late manager of the Prairie Cattle company, has gone to New York, where he will take passage on a steamer for his old home in Europe to visit friends and relatives. Mr. Tod expects to return to Trinidad about the latter part of March next.

"Buffalo Bill" is to head the Morton Cowboy club, of Denver, Colo., at the inaugural parade, in Col. Cody after a consulship. He is solid with the Prince of Wales. Perhaps he may even aspire to the mission of the court of St. James.

The Stock Grower on another page states that the three-year-old steers of the Sacramento Cattle company were sold to the Home Land & Cattle company at \$16 per head. The figure should read \$15, which is the correct price, as we are today informed by Mr. W. A. Irwin, of the Sacramento company.

Colonel Henry Milne, who has been in Chicago the past six weeks, arrived in Las Vegas Friday evening, accompanied by Mrs. Milne. Colonel Milne is much improved in health by his eastern jaunt we are glad to learn. Notwithstanding he has been at the head center of the big four disableness for some time, where all the peculiar virtues of the great syndicate were constantly dinned into his ears, he yet feels that the cattle producers are being played with by the quartet as a cat plays with a mouse preparatory to the swallowing act; in fact, the swallowing act has already taken place, he feels. Colonel Milne will remain in Las Vegas until Tuesday and then go south to Santa Fe and on to his ranch at Roswell.

An El Paso note to the Stock Grower tells how one J. W. Spencer, representing himself as a wealthy cattleman from Palo Pinto county, Texas, visited that city a few days ago ostensibly to purchase a large ranch. He was taken in hand by George B. Loving, who wined and dined the alleged capitalist, introduced him to prominent citizens and spent considerable money for hack hire, showing him around the city. Spencer agreed to buy a \$9000 ranch, and requested Loving to make out the deed as soon as possible. While this was being done he presented a draft for several hundred dollars on a Dallas bank which Loving cashed besides advancing him other money. The alleged capitalist then deserted for Chihuahua leaving his victim to mourn over his loss. John Follansbee, a partner of Senator George Hooper, of California, says the same fellow beat him out of \$100 a few days ago in Chihuahua. A telegram from Chihuahua says the authorities there have arrested Spencer and jailed him.

Kansas City Market.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Feb. 8, 1889.

Special to the Stock Grower:

Shippers are practically giving away their steers in the Kansas City market. Fine corn-fed steers are selling from \$3 to \$3.70 per hundred. Many of these steers cost the feeders three months ago more than they are getting for them today. A panic to unload seems to have set in all along the line. The market under the manipulation of the combine, assisted by their allies, the commission men, is "jockeyed" from day to day in the interest of the buyers. Occasionally a fine lot of steers that are strictly prime will be allowed to go to \$4, but the market on the subsequent day lags and the gain is entirely lost. There is no strength to the market, either here or at Chicago.

BONIFACIO.

Sample Trust Racket, to Bedevil the Market.

It sends out feelers, and then turns peeler. As lightning mocks night, so report up the price, before as it is bright, steers start for the rise; while the cattle trains rumble, advance prices tumble.

'Twas only an Irish hoist, (the shippers all lost) Three quarters upward, and four quarters downward.

With unctious sleekness and hypocritical meekness,

"Oh what a pity!" said Kansas City, "You was not in before, only the day afore."

'Twas a snare and a delusion! oft repeated illusion!

What signified 'tis no more dignified! A conspirator to control beef, is no better than a common thief.

An Agricultural Item.

"Our dear sister," said the Albuquerque pastor, "has gone to a better land—that is, if there be any better land than can be found right here in the Rio Grande valley.

The Chicago Market.

[Breeder's Gazette.]

Swift & Co. will occupy the new west wing of the Exchange Building, both floors being required to accommodate the immense business of that firm.

Among the choice lambs on sale the past week was a car-load belonging to William Ogilvie of Verona, Wis. With an average of 105 lbs. they brought \$6.50.

The National Live Stock bank is now fairly settled in its new quarters. It occupies the entire ground floor of the new east wing of the Exchange Building.

There is much speculation regarding the future of cattle. Not a few dealers have well nigh abandoned all hope of any improvement, but we say look for a steady, gradual gain from this time forward.

Thomas Reynolds, a Sheldon, Ill., stock-raiser, was here the last week with some very superior sheep, for which he obtained the handsome price of \$5.25. The average weight of the drove was 144 lbs.

The Chicago Live Stock Commission company sold for J. H. Vandelsen, of Fairview, Kan., a load of 1,510-pounds cattle on Saturday at \$4.75. This is the highest price at which any cattle have sold within the last several days.

The present prices for hogs are lower than the average for January for the last thirteen years, and this in the face of the fact that the receipts are about the lightest for any month within that period. Something wrong somewhere.

This month's receipts will aggregate about 230,000 cattle, 480,000 hogs, and 148,000 sheep; against 223,851 cattle, 584,734 hogs, and 111,431 sheep for January, 1888—an increase of something like 6,500 cattle and 36,500 sheep, and a decrease of 104,000 hogs.

Heavy hogs are nearly \$1 per 100 lbs. lower than at this time last year, while the difference in light-weights is only 50¢@60¢. This is accounted for by the fact the percentage of light-weights is much smaller than at this time last year; indeed it may be doubted that there ever was a time when the offerings of the latter were so few.

English and American Cattle.

The Mark Lane Express of London, England, contains the following concerning the cattle exhibits at Chicago and at the Smithfield cattle show at Islington, London.

"It is interesting to investigate the relative average weights and gains per day of the prize-winners of the different ages. At Chicago eight steers, ranging in age from three to four years, had an average weight of 2,006 lbs., their daily gain since birth 1.59 lbs.; at Smithfield 15 steers of the same age were shown with an average weight of 2,188 lbs., their daily gain since birth being 1.64. Fifteen two-year-old steers at Chicago scaled an average of 1,708 lbs., with a daily increase of 1.62 lbs., as compared with 19 head at Smithfield weighing 1,841 lbs., with a daily gain of 1.87. Fifteen prize-winners at the American show, varying from one to two years, made an average weight of 1,294 lbs., representing a daily gain of 2.09; at Smithfield on the other hand there were 18 prize animals of that age whose average weight amounted to 1,437 lbs., and whose daily increase since birth was a fraction over 2.14. These figures tell their own tale."

Against 50 Cents Commission and Excessive Charges.

An account of the recently reported meeting of stockmen at Kansas City with the object of forming a commission-saving combine is thus given by the Journal of the 31st ult:

A large number of stockmen were registered at the Midland yesterday. They hailed from various grazing districts of the west and southwest, and during the afternoon many conferences were held in the rotunda, in which groups of five and six participated. Milton Bennett and F. M. Blair, of the Cherokee Strip Live Stock association, Isaac Pryor and S. Lazarus, two of the leading cattle dealers of Texas, Major A. O. Drumm, of this city, were among the number present.

An investigation developed the fact that cattle dealers from Montana, Colorado,

TO CATTLEMEN.

A great many of you have a number of **STEERS TO SELL.**

Now the Northern buyers are coming into the country in search of stock. The first place the buyers strike is the **STOCK GROWER** Office and they want information.

Now, why don't you write up an advertisement like this?

300 Two-year-old steers for sale. Well improved. Address, ROBT. POZDARA, Skychi, N. M.

The cost of such advertising would be but little, and you will be known to the world as having steers to sell.

Furthermore, all the northern buyers read the **STOCK GROWER** and will see your notice.

do, New Mexico, Kansas, Texas and Indian Territory are preparing to unite in the organization of a gigantic commission company. The move is for the purpose of cutting off the expenses incurred through commission merchants. No action has been taken yet, as those already on the ground are waiting for the other dealers to put in their appearance.

A meeting will be held to-day, when the company will be organized. It will be capitalized at \$150,000 and only a portion of the stock issued. The remainder will be held as an inducement for those who do not join the movement at the start. Headquarters will be established at Kansas City, where the business will be carried on. Branches will also be established at Omaha, Chicago, New York and St. Louis.

A number of the cattlemen are not anxious to join the movement, as they entertain doubts as to its practicability. The general feeling, however, among the dealers is that in this way expenses can be curtailed in a material and satisfactory manner. They have supreme confidence in the success of the scheme, and look upon it as only a question of a short time before every man who has cattle to ship will be clamoring for admission.

The establishment of the headquarters at Kansas City will do much toward increasing the importance of this point as a cattle market. This combination will have control of the greater portion of the range cattle tributary to Kansas City, and naturally will seek to market here.

One of the active workers in this move said last evening to a Journal representative: "This is not a combination or trust to injure the interests of any class or corporation. The fact is, the cattle business is very poor and the dealers found it necessary to take some action to reduce expenses. By forming this company we think we can accomplish the desired object. It will be capitalized and run the same as a bank, and if there are any profits they will be distributed by dividends. A few of us had to take the lead in the matter, but it will not be long before the rest will follow. We meet to-morrow to form an organization and elect officers. It will be a big thing for Kansas City and a paying investment for the dealers."

The Times of February 1, gives the sequel of the affair:

The rotunda of the Midland was full of cattlemen yesterday discussing the proposed co-operative commission house in

this city. Among the more prominent were Maj. Jim Ellison, of Eonia, Tex., C. W. Ward, J. W. Gibson, Sam Lazarus, M. A. Worthington, Isaac Pryor and Sam Glasgow. No formal meeting was held, but the gentlemen present quietly canvassed the matter among themselves. The original idea was to form a stock company with a capital of about \$150,000; owners of 10,000 head of cattle and upwards to be entitled to membership and to take stock in such amounts as desired. Certain of the promoters of the enterprise are in favor of pledging members to transact their entire business at this point through the proposed co-operative commission house, but there is strong opposition to that idea, and many of the big ranchmen will be willing to pledge only a certain per cent. of their business to that house.

No definite conclusion was arrived at last night. Mr. Lazarus left on an evening train for Chicago, where he will endeavor to enlist other prominent stockmen in the enterprise. Commission men assert that such a scheme, if put on foot, would meet the same fate the grange suffered.

Regulating Stock-Yard Charges.

On Saturday in the Kansas house of representatives the rules were suspended by unanimous consent and Mr. McLennan's stock yards bill was read the second time and referred to the committee on state affairs. It provides that the owners or proprietors of stock yards shall not exact charges greater than the following: For yarding and weighing hogs, 4 cents per head; for yarding and weighing sheep 3 cents per head. The bill makes it unlawful for the owners or proprietors of any stock yards in the state to sell and deliver hay at the rate of less than 2,000 pounds per ton; corn in the ear at less than 70 pounds per bushel or shelled corn at less than 56 pounds to the bushel. The stock yards people are also prohibited from preventing the owners of any dead stock in the yards from selling it to any person. The punishment for violation of this law will be a fine for the first offense of not more than \$100; for the second offense not less than \$100 or more than \$300; and for the third offense not less than \$300 nor more than \$500, and by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding six months for each offense.—Kansas City Live Stock Indicator.

THE HOME CORNER

A Batch of Interesting Items for Our Lady Readers.

A successful amateur in New Hampshire says she don't allow frost to bite her plants so long as she has a two gallon jug in the house and can get hot water. She first coats the jug with lather after layer of paper to keep in the heat and also to modify it. Then on severe nights she places the jug on her center-table and all around it the tender plants, and over all a sheet or water-proof cloak supported by some sticks thrust into the pots. This method carries the plants safely through any kind of a cold night.

FRENCH COFFEE.

The French have the reputation of making the best coffee. The method is very different from the American method. They take a great deal of care in making this favorable beverage, and the result is that when French coffee is taken one drinks the pure flavor of the berry. They always grind the berries just before they are to be used, and do not let a quantity of ground coffee stand and get stale. The French cook then pours boiling water on the ground coffee; then she filters this, and, after boiling the water again, pours it on the coffee once more. This is repeated a third time. She never boils the coffee and water together, nor puts the coffee in cold water and then let it boil. The French do not know how to make good tea, but they give this recipe as the proper way to make tea. Pour boiling water on the leaves and then turn it out of the pot; then pour one-third of the water required, and place the pot over a steaming apparatus in order to let it draw without boiling. After a while add an other third, and then the last third. In this way the full flavor and strength of the tea are obtained.—New York Mail.

Here is a recipe for apple omelet. We have not tried it and it may not be worth the trouble to make it but it is certainly new: Pare, core and stew six large, tart apples as for sauce; beat them very smooth while hot, adding one teaspoon of butter, six tablespoons of white sugar, nutmeg to taste, and one teaspoon of rose-water; when quite cold add three eggs, beaten separately very light, putting in the whites last; pour into a deep pudding dish, previously warmed and well buttered. Season to taste. Bake in a moderate oven until it is delicately browned. Eat warm not hot.

PRACTICAL RECIPES.

TOMATO SOUP.

Four quarts clear soup, one quart strained stewed tomato, one teaspoonful sugar, one tablespoonful corn starch, one tablespoonful butter. Stir all together, season, boil a few moments and serve.

BEEFSTEAK PUDDING.

Take two pounds of round steak, one teaspoonful each of summer savory, celery salt, and one small onion chopped very fine, a sprig of parsley, salt and white pepper. Cut the steak up into small pieces and place a layer of it in a buttered dish, the sides of which you have lined with paste. Sprinkle over the steak some of the onion, celery salt, etc; add another layer of steak and seasoning until all is used, then pour over it a little water and cover with paste. Place on the top of it a buttered paper, and stand it in a basin of boiling water, cover it tight, and let it boil two hours and a half. To make the paste, take one teacupful and a half of flour, a half teaspoonful of salt, and two tablespoonfuls of roast beef drippings, and wet it with a half teacupful of water. This quantity will make a dish sufficient for five persons, with the customary vegetables.

BAKED SPANISH ONIONS.

Peel four Spanish onions, put them in cold water with a small lump of soda, place on the fire and let them come to the boil, and then simmer them gently for half an hour; drain thoroughly, and put them in a baking dish with a little butter and bake till brown.

CANNED SALMON.

Cut round the top of the tin; place it in boiling water for a few moments, until thoroughly heated through, taking care, however, that the water doesn't reach sufficiently high to be in danger of flooding the contents. Have ready some nicely

mashed potatoes, and arrange them in a wall around a very hot dish turn the salmon into the centre of this, removing any pieces of bone there may be. Sprinkle a few capers over it interspersed with morsels of fresh butter, and serve immediately, before it has time to chill. Rice, boiled as for curry, is sometimes substituted for the potatoes by those who prefer it.

BERKSHIRE COOKIES.

One cupful of molasses, a teaspoonful of soda; dissolve in a half-cupful of cold water, a dessertspoonful of salt, a table-spoonful of melted butter, one dessert-spoonful of ginger, flour enough to roll out to the thickness of an inch. Bake in a quick oven for about ten minutes.

A ROLLA POLLA.

Beat together two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of butter, one egg, two cupfuls of cream, half a glass of wine, three cupfuls of flour, a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder, half a pound of seeded raisins. Pour into a pudding bag, and boil for three hours. When done, serve hot with a cream sauce.

OKLAHOMA.

Boundaries of the Proposed Territory.—How Farms are to be Acquired.

The bill to organize the Territory of Oklahoma passed the house by a vote of 145 to 103. The bill has been in the house for six or eight years past under Springer's wing. It has always possessed a majority of the members of the house who were in favor of its passage with some slight modifications. The few who from the start have opposed the measure, including representatives Hooker, Oates, and many of the southern congressmen, filibustered over it every time it was called up for consideration until Gen. Weaver, one of Oklahoma's warmest supporters, effected a compromise between the majority and minority whereby the bill could be fairly voted upon.

Oklahoma boomers, however, should not count too much on the passage of the bill by the house. It took six years to get through the body, and the prospect of its going through the senate in the five weeks that remain of the present session are not so flattering that its becoming a law can be safely predicted. The cattle companies are fighting it, but the southwestern railroads are urging its passage, and their influence is what must be relied on to secure action in the brief interval that remains. The aim of the friends of the measure is to prevent its dying in the state territorial committee. They will agree to material changes if they can only get a hearing for the bill in the senate before March 4.

The proposed Territory of Oklahoma as provided for in the bill which the house passed includes those United States lands bounded on the west by Texas and New Mexico, north by Colorado and Kansas, east by the reservation occupied by the Cherokee tribe of Indians east of the ninety-sixth meridian of west longitude, and by the Creek, Seminole, and Chickasaw reservations, south by the Creek, Seminole and Chickasaw reservations and by the state of Texas, comprising what is known as the public land strip, and all that part of the Indian Territory not actually occupied by the five civilized tribes.

In creating this proposed territory nothing shall be construed to impair the rights of person or property, or to impair any patent to or right of occupancy of lands now pertaining to the Indians in said territory under the laws and treaties of the United States, executive order, or otherwise, or to include any territory occupied by any Indian tribe for which title has been conveyed by patent or otherwise from the United States, or to which such tribe may be entitled by law, executive order, right of occupancy, or treaty, without the consent of said tribe, or any terri-

tory which by treaty or agreement with any Indian tribe is not, without the consent of said tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any state or territory. But all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries and constitute no part of the territory of Oklahoma until said tribe shall signify its assent to the president of the United States to be included in Oklahoma, except for judicial purposes, or to affect the authority of the United States government in enacting any law respecting the Indians, their lands, property, or other rights which it would have been competent to enact if this act had never become a law. There shall be a governor, secretary, legislature, supreme court, attorney, and marshal of Oklahoma, who shall be selected and appointed under the provisions of the statutes relating to the government of all the territories. All officers appointed and selected for the territory after it has been organized for five years shall be appointed from the bona fide residents therein. No person shall be entitled to vote at the first election or elected to any office who has not been a resident of the territory for sixty days previous to the election.

The council shall consist of thirteen members and the house of representatives twenty-six members, which may be increased to thirty-nine.

The section of country lying between the states of Kansas, Colorado and Texas, known as the Public Land Strip, is declared to be a part of the public domain of the United States, and shall be open to settlement under the homestead laws only, and the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections of lands in each township shall be reserved for school purposes.

Whenever the Creek and Seminole tribes of Indians shall signify their assent in legal manner and the president has issued his proclamation fixing the time, the unoccupied lands ceded to the United States by these tribes under former treaties shall be open for settlement except the usual sections in each township reserved for school purposes, and shall be disposed of to actual settlers only, in quantities not to exceed 160 acres to each settler, at \$1.25 per acre. All persons who are heads of families, or are 21 years of age, and who are citizens of the United States or have declared their intention to become such, shall be entitled to become actual settlers on such lands.

A commission is to be created to confer with the Creeks and Seminoles and ascertain whether these Indians are entitled to any further compensation than that heretofore paid for the unoccupied lands. If the commission shall find that further compensation should be paid the Indians they may by negotiation with them fix the amount of such additional compensation, not to exceed \$1.25 per acre, less the cost of sale and the amounts heretofore paid these tribes in the purchase of their lands, and any additional sum agreed upon by the commission to be paid those tribes for their lands shall be placed to the credit of those tribes in the treasury of the United States.

Whenever the Cherokee Indians shall signify their assent to the above arrangement, and the president has issued his proclamation, unoccupied portions of the lands west of the ninety-sixth degree of west longitude, as agreed to be ceded according to the provisions of the treaty concluded in 1866, shall be open to settlement, except sections reserved for school purposes, and shall be disposed of to actual settlers only, in quantities not to exceed 160 acres to each settler, at the price of \$1.25 per acre.

No person is authorized to enter upon or occupy any of the lands mentioned until after the Indians and the commissioners to be appointed have concluded an agreement in regard to the lands and laid it before the president, who is authorized and requested to issue his proclamation declaring the relinquished lands open to settlement and fixing the time when the lands may be taken.

The president may at such times as he may deem it necessary direct land offices to be opened in the Territory of Oklahoma, not to exceed four in number, and the commissioner of the general land office shall cause the various portions of these lands to be properly surveyed and subdivided where it has not already been done. It is made the duty of the commissioner of the general land office to carefully examine each claim taken under the provisions of the act before issuing a

patent to the claimant; the entry man shall be required to make full proofs, and unless it shall appear that the claim was taken in good faith, and that there has been full performance of all the terms and requirements under the law, he shall refuse a patent and declare all prior proceedings before had in such case to be null and void, and all persons settling on lands under the provision of the law shall be required to select the same in square form, as near as may be, and to maintain a continuous personal residence of three years on the land, and to improve and cultivate the same for that period in the manner required by the homestead laws, and to break up and plow not less than forty acres of the land filed upon before obtaining title thereto, but payments on lands, where payment is required to be made, shall be made in four equal installments.

The procedure in applications, entries, contests, and adjudication shall be in the form and manner prescribed under the homestead laws of the United States.

It is expressly provided that the rights of honorably discharged soldiers and sailors in the late civil war to make homes on the public lands under the existing homestead laws shall not in any degree be impaired by the passage of the law.

No entry shall be allowed of any homestead except to actual settlers thereon, and no preferred right of entry shall be given to any person by reason of claim of occupancy prior to the application to enter the land except in cases of actual occupancy and continued residence upon the land to the date of the application to enter.

The secretary of the interior is authorized to reserve on any public land in the territory town sites for any existing or prospective town or city in area not exceeding 640 acres each in compact form.

All lands in Oklahoma which are not required by law, treaties, stipulations, executive orders, or rights of occupancy for the use of any Indian tribe, or which may be relinquished as an Indian reservation, shall be open to settlement under the provisions of this law, provided that when Indian lands are purchased by the United States with the consent of the Indians and opened to settlement in the territory the president may fix the price to be paid therefor by actual settlers, which price shall in no case exceed \$1.25 per acre, and the proceeds shall be held for the benefit of the Indians concerned. It shall be unlawful for any person for himself or any company to procure any person or settle upon any lands opened to settlement in Oklahoma with a view to their afterwards acquiring titles to the lands from the temporary occupants. All leases of lands belonging to the United States or held in common by any of the Indian tribes within Oklahoma, including the Cherokee strip west of the ninety-sixth degree of west longitude, whether controlled by persons, corporations, or others, except such leases as are held for the purpose of cultivating the soil strictly for farming purposes, are declared, void and contrary to public policy; and it is made the duty of the president to cause the lessees of the lands and any other persons illegally occupying the same to be removed from them.

J. J. LLOYD,

VETERINARIAN.

Having had 20 years experience, offers his professional services in treating all

Diseases of Horses and Cattle.

Makes a Specialty of Dressing Wounds, Dehorning Cattle and Castrating Males and Colts. Can be found at T. B. Mills' Residence, Hot Springs Road, West Las Vegas, N. M. Call and see my Stallions, "Young Bonaparte," French Canadian and Norman; "Hamiltonian," English draft.

Hamiltonian is well formed, has remarkably fine limbs, good feet and a fine disposition. His colts are large and well formed. Is a dark bay with black points, 17 1/4 hands high, and weighs 1500 lbs. He was sired by Green's Hamiltonian, record, 2:20 1/2. Dam by Bay Bashaw; by Green's Bashaw, the sire of fifteen in the 2:20 list. Second dam, thoroughbred. If you want a fast horse bred to a fast horse.

Young Bonaparte is a light gray, 16 hands high, and weighs 1400 lbs. He was sired by the celebrated imported Sir Charles, a noted horse and said to be among the best ever imported. Dam a thoroughbred imported French mare; is a horse of great substance, heavy bone, and a sure foal getter.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.

DIVISION OF CATTLE. ROBERT MINGUS AND C. A. RATHBUN.

Robt. Mingus. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop left and underbit right.

Horse brand, [M] generally on left hip or thigh. All horses' tails hobbled.

C. A. Rathbun. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop and split left.

Horse brand, [R] on left shoulder or hip.

In consequence of the dissolution of the firm of Robt. Mingus & Co., the stock in the old brands

remain the undivided property of the old firm. Calves following cows in either of these brands are to be branded M N as heretofore. The cattle so far divided have been branded

For account of Mingus. The [M] is on the left shoulder and generally through the M. The [N] cattle have been divided the same way. [M] on left shoulder and [N] right side, and all increase is to be branded T M as in cut. And thus:

For account of Rathbun. The [R] is on the left hip and generally through the N. The [H] have been divided the same way. [R] on left hip and [F] on right side. The increase to be branded E F as in cut.

ROBT. MINGUS. C. A. RATHBUN.

GRANT COUNTY.

Old and New Mexico Ranch and Cattle Co. Lou H. Brown, Supt. P. O.: Hatchita, Grant county, N. M. Range, Alamo Huelco in southern end of Pinyon valley, southwestern Grant county, New Mexico. On the right shoulder. Also some horses branded same as the cattle, as in cut.

Deming Land & Live Stock Co. Incorporated Nov. 1887. Successor of "Deming Cattle Co." WARREN BRISTOL, Pres. C. H. JONES, Vice-Pres. and Sec'y. C. H. DANE, Treas. Place of business, Deming, N. M. Range, between vicinity of Deming and Cook Peak mountains. Brand as in cut—only brand kept up. Additional brand, L V on left side. Horse brand the same, on left hip.

Carpenher-Stanley Cattle Co. P. O.: Fort Cummings. Range, east side of Cook's Peak, Grant county. Other brands: [C] [E] [S] [T] [W] [X] [Y] [Z]. Horse brand: [C] on left hip. Ear marks: [C] [E] [S] [T] [W] [X] [Y] [Z]. Also, two underbit in each ear; crop left and underbit right; underbit left crop right.

W. H. Willcox. Cattle branded [W] on left side. Horses branded same on left ramp.

Robison & Clark Cattle Company. Cattle branded 86 on left side and hip. 16, T, H, H. Horse brand, T on right shoulder.

Leach & Lane Cattle Co. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Some cattle branded [L] on right hip and shoulder. Horses branded [L] on right shoulder.

GRANT COUNTY.

Lindauer Cattle Co. S. LINDAUER, Manager. P. O.: Deming, N. M. Range, on McKnight's Cleaga, on Upper Mimbres. Horse brand, SL on the left shoulder.

Lyness & Campbell. P. O.: Silver City, N. M. Range, Duck Creek, Male Springs and Middle Gila, Grant county. Mark, crop and split left. Horse brand [L] anywhere on the left side.

MORA COUNTY.

J. F. LaTourrette, President. W. H. Willcox, Sec'y and Treas.

BRANDS OF THE WAGON MOUND Local Stock Growers' Associat'n Range, Wagon Mound. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M.

H. H. Chandler—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks: [H] [H].

Mrs. W. A. Crocker—Cattle branded on right hip, [C] right shoulder. Ear marks: [W] [C]. Horses branded [V] on left shoulder.

J. S. Elson—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks: [J] [S]. Horses branded same on right shoulder.

S. H. Fairchild—[H] on left side. Other brand, [Z]. Horse brand left shoulder same as cattle left side.

Grille Bros.—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks: [G] [G]. Horse brand same on left hip.

Holbrook Bros.—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks: [H] [H]. Horses branded same on left hip.

A. S. Isaacs—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks: [A] [S]. Horse brand [A] on left hip.

S. Hall—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks: [S] [H].

J. F. LaTourrette—Cattle branded SU left side. L left shoulder. A left side. Horses branded SU on left shoulder.

G. O. C. McCrohan—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks: [G] [O]. Increase X on right jaw. Horses branded on left hip same as cattle on left side.

J. F. Madsen—Cattle branded on left side. Horse brand same left shoulder. Ear marks: [J] [F].

T. C. Garlington—Cattle branded on right side. Horse brand on right hip. Ear marks: [T] [C].

W. T. Marshall—Cattle branded on left shoulder, side and hip. WTM Horses branded same on left hip.

T. F. Maulding—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left hip. Ear marks: [T] [F].

H. C. Reed—Cattle branded on right shoulder, side and hip. Ear mark: [A]. Horses branded [A] on right shoulder.

Watkins & Ecton—Cattle branded on right hip, side and shoulder. THT Horses branded [T] on right hip.

W. H. Willcox—Cattle branded [W] on left side. Horses branded same on left ramp.

Robison & Clark Cattle Company. Cattle branded 86 on left side and hip. 16, T, H, H. Horse brand, T on right shoulder.

Leach & Lane Cattle Co. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Some cattle branded [L] on right hip and shoulder. Horses branded [L] on right shoulder.

W. T. Marshall. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, Recondido, south of Wagon Mound. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, under half crop left, over half crop right. Also have some cattle branded [W] on right side. All increase branded as in cut.

MORA COUNTY.

M. Johnston. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M. Range, Vermejo. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, crop right and swallowfork left.

The Wendling Cattle and Land Co. OF COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO. New Mexico Division. Range, on OK ranches, Mora county, and on Glen Mora ranch in Mora and San Miguel counties. A. L. CALVIN, Range foreman. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Brands: [JOU], [FL], [JL], [RL], [OK], [T]. Office: 1754 Curtis street, DENVER, Colo.

H. T. Sinclair. P. O.: Wagon Mound, Range, Vermejo and Teta Vega. All increase branded the same as old stock. Other brand, [T] on right shoulder, side and hip on the left shoulder. Horse brand, [HT].

The Riverside Cattle Company. W. B. BRUNTON, Manager. P. O.: Shoemaker, Mora county, N. M. Range, Cherry valley, Pinos Altos and vicinity, Mora county, N. M. Other brands: N I X on right side, kept up. [C] left side, kept up. Horse brand, 2 on right shoulder.

Portsmouth Cattle Co. E. E. HOLMES, Manager. P. O.: Kansas City, Mo. H. G. HOWARD, Supt., P. O.: Springer. Range, Colfax and Mora counties, New Mexico. Horse brand: Same as on cattle, as in cut. Some horses branded [E] [B]. Other brand [E].

Farr Bros. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Red River and Almacitos. Horse brand, [F] on left shoulder. Other cattle brand, [F] on left side. Also [F] left side. Some cattle are branded with a flying V on side without slash.

H. D. Reinken. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range: Cherry Valley and vicinity, Mora county. Horse brand same on shoulder. Ear mark: Crop in left and two splits in right.

Aaron Bales. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Petrosco canon and Cherry valley, Mora Co. All calves marked with overbit in left and two underbits in right.

T. E. MITCHELL, Range Manager, P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Dubuque Cattle Co. General Management, Dubuque, Iowa. Range, Tequesquite, Ute creek and Tremperos, Colfax, Mora and San Miguel counties. Horse brands, [S] [X] or MX or [T] left hip or shoulder. Other Brands: [O] [D] [U] [E]. All calves branded and marked as in cut, except thoroughbred calves in the [O] brand, which is kept up.

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M. Range, head of Tramperos, Mora Co. Other brands: [P] [A] [L]. Horse brand, > or < on right shoulder.

Dubuque Cattle Co. General Management, Dubuque, Iowa. Range, Tequesquite, Ute creek and Tremperos, Colfax, Mora and San Miguel counties. Horse brands, [S] [X] or MX or [T] left hip or shoulder. Other Brands: [O] [D] [U] [E]. All calves branded and marked as in cut, except thoroughbred calves in the [O] brand, which is kept up.

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M. Range, head of Tramperos, Mora Co. Other brands: [P] [A] [L]. Horse brand, > or < on right shoulder.

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M. Range, head of Tramperos, Mora Co. Other brands: [P] [A] [L]. Horse brand, > or < on right shoulder.

MORA COUNTY.

Charles Sumner. P. O.: Watrous, Mora Co. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Ear mark, two slits in left ear. Horse brand K left thigh.

Shepard & Hall. P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. Ear marks, crop and underbit crop right; crop and underbit left. Other brands: [S] [H].

[S] this brand kept p. [H] right shoulder, side and hip. Horse brands: [Y] left hip; also [Y] on right hip.

COLFAX COUNTY.

Illinois Live Stock Co. J. S. HOLLAND, Manager. P. O.: Tramperos, N. M. Range, Tramperos. Some cattle are branded [I] but all increase are branded as in cut. Ear marks—Crop and underbit left, and underbit right. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder.

S. M. Folsom. E. A. CARROLL, Foreman. P. O.: Cimarron Range, Cerososo Canon, Colfax county. Other [F] on right shoulder and on left side, also [F] on left hip. Horse brand, [X] on the left hip.

Home Land and Cattle Co. Principal office, Case avenue and Second street, St. Louis, Mo. Range, on the Perico, Colfax county, N. M. Cattle branded on left hip and left side, and right hip and right side. Horse [N] on left hip, branded [N]. N—N on either side. LX on right hip and side.

Additional Brands: N—N on right or left side. X on left side and hip. X on left jaw. N + N on right or left side with N on right or left hip. Various ear marks. Horse brands, N on left hip and N— on left hip.

Miller & Harshman. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Ocate, Colfax Co. Ear mark, crop and underbit left. Other brand: [M] [H] [E] [S] [T] [W] [X] [Y] [Z] all on left side, shoulder and hip. Horse brand [M] on the right shoulder.

Palo Blanco Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Chico, Retapien, Holkio, Palo Blanco, Don Carlos and Ute creek. Ear mark, swallow fork the left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left thigh. Also [P] left side, slash [P] on left shoulder, own [P] left hip.

S. W. Dorsey. P. O.: Chico Springs New Mexico. Range—Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinnoculla, Perico, Carrizo, Pinipottina, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county. Horse brand, same as above, on right shoulder. Additional Cattle Brand: [D] [S] [W] left side and hip. [D] [S] [W] on right side. [D] [S] [W] left or right side. [D] [S] [W] left hip or side. [D] [S] [W] on left.

Palo Blanco Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Chico, Retapien, Holkio, Palo Blanco, Don Carlos and Ute creek. Ear mark, swallow fork the left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left thigh. Also [P] left side, slash [P] on left shoulder, own [P] left hip.

S. W. Dorsey. P. O.: Chico Springs New Mexico. Range—Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinnoculla, Perico, Carrizo, Pinipottina, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county. Horse brand, same as above, on right shoulder. Additional Cattle Brand: [D] [S] [W] left side and hip. [D] [S] [W] on right side. [D] [S] [W] left or right side. [D] [S] [W] left hip or side. [D] [S] [W] on left.

S. W. Dorsey. P. O.: Chico Springs New Mexico. Range—Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinnoculla, Perico, Carrizo, Pinipottina, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county. Horse brand, same as above, on right shoulder. Additional Cattle Brand: [D] [S] [W] left side and hip. [D] [S] [W] on right side. [D] [S] [W] left or right side. [D] [S] [W] left hip or side. [D] [S] [W] on left.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



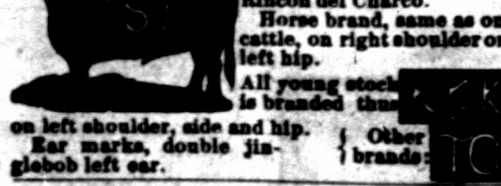
D. G. Frislon. P. O.: Liberty, San Miguel Co., N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca. Ear marks, crop and slit twice the left ear. Horse brand, 77 on right hip.



Frank Carpenter. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Red River, twelve miles above Fort Bascom. Ear marks, crop the left and sharpen the right ear.



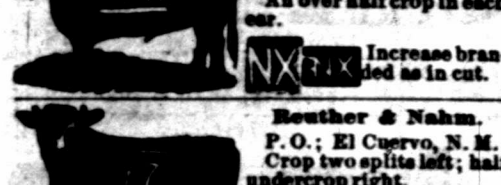
H. R. Trank. P. O.: Liberty, San Miguel county, N. M. Range: Monte Revuelta and Antelope Springs. Also own O L on left side with slash on hip.



A. Straus, Manager. P. O.: Liberty. Range, Rincon del Charco. Horse brand, same as on cattle, on right shoulder or left hip. All young stock is branded thus.



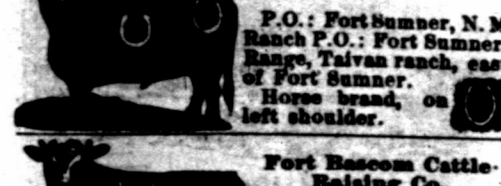
R. & L. Davidson. P. O.: Liberty N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca, San Miguel county. Ear marks, overlope left. Horse brand, on the left shoulder thus:



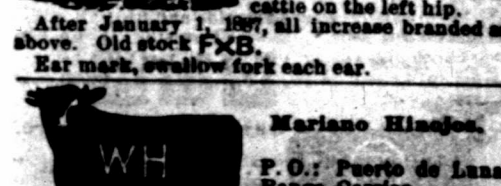
S. Fred. Neuther. P. O.: El Cuervo, N. M. As over half crop in each ear. Increase branded as in cut.



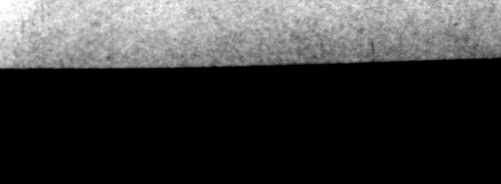
Neuther & Nahm. P. O.: El Cuervo, N. M. Crop two splits left; half undercrop right. Increase branded as in cut. Ranch on Cuervo and Conchas creeks. Horse brand on the left shoulder.



Hyde Park Cattle Co. P. O.: Bell Ranch, N. M. Horse brand, same as cut, on right hip. All young stock branded same as cut, both sides. Ear marks: Underbit right, swallowfork left.



Fort Bascom Cattle-Raising Co. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Taivan ranch, east of Fort Sumner. Horse brand, on left shoulder.

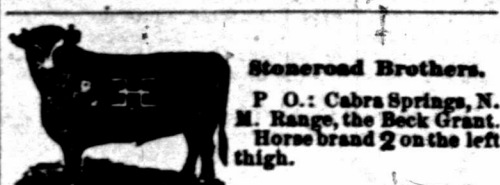


Mariano Hinejon. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, Range, Carriso. Horse and steers are branded thus:

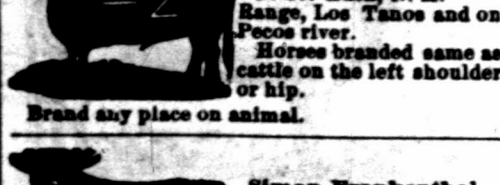
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



F. C. Fixles. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca and Pajarito creek, San Miguel county. Horse brand on the left shoulder. All horses brand are vented when sold.



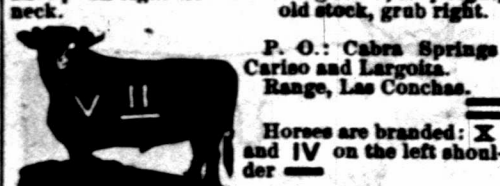
Stoneroad Brothers. P. O.: Cabra Springs, N. M. Range, the Beck Grant. Horse brand 2 on the left thigh.



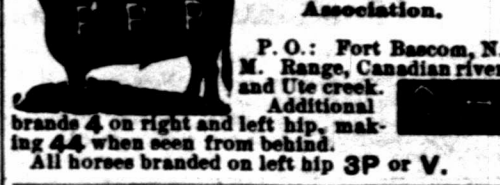
Montesuma Cattle Co. J. I. Mosiza, Manager. P. O.: Eden, N. M. Range, Los Tanos and on Pecos river. Horses branded same as cattle on the left shoulder or hip. Brand any place on animal.



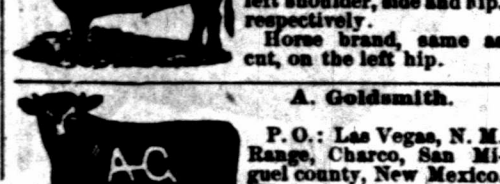
Simon Frankenthal. P. O.: La Cinta. Range: La Cinta Creek. Horse brand: S F on left shoulder.



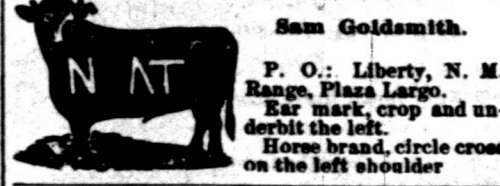
Las Conchas Cattle Company. A. S. HALL, Manager. Underlope right. Also have 4 on right side of neck. Young stock, crop right, old stock, grub right.



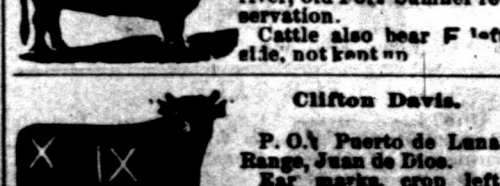
P. O.: Cabra Springs Cariso and Largoka. Range, Las Conchas. Horses are branded: X and IV on the left shoulder. Upper half crop left ear.



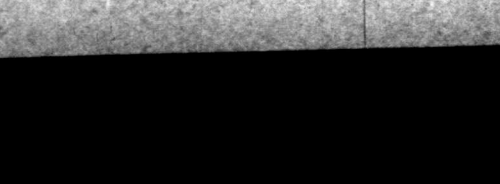
Waddingham Cattle Association. P. O.: Fort Bascom, N. M. Range, Canadian river and Ute creek. Additional brands 4 on right and left hip, making 44 when seen from behind. All horses branded on left hip 3P or V.



L. S. Rogers. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Monte Ruelto. Other brands, XLY on left shoulder, side and hip, respectively. Horse brand, same as cut, on the left hip.



A. Goldsmith. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county, New Mexico. Horse brand, circle cross on the left shoulder. Underlope and underbit left, overlope and overbit right.

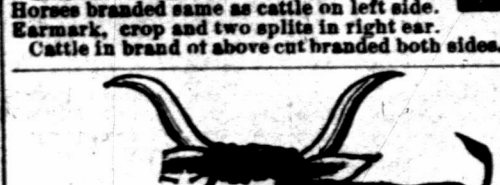


Sam Goldsmith. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Plaza Largo. Ear mark, crop and underbit the left. Horse brand, circle cross on the left shoulder.

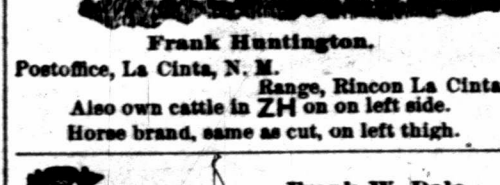
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



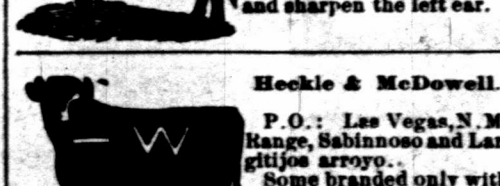
IRAD COCHRAN. J. S. EMERY. Cochran & Emery. P. O.: East Las Vegas, N. M. Range, on Beck grant, San Miguel county, N. M. On increase, Ear marks, grub left ear. Horse brand, C on left hip.



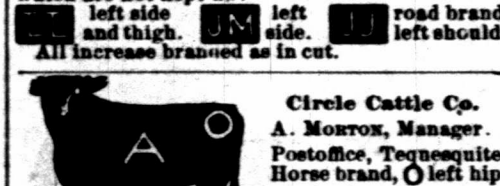
New England Live Stock Company. P. O.: Greeley, Colorado. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, the Pecos, at Fort Sumner. Additional brands, Horses branded same as cattle on left side. Earmark, crop and two splits in right ear. Cattle in brand of above cut branded both sides.



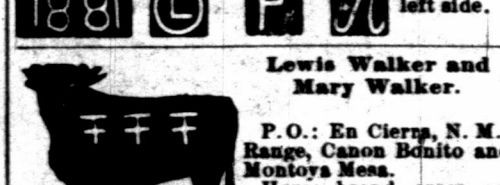
Frank Huntington. Postoffice, La Cinta, N. M. Range, Rincon La Cinta. Also own cattle in ZH on on left side. Horse brand, same as cut, on left thigh.



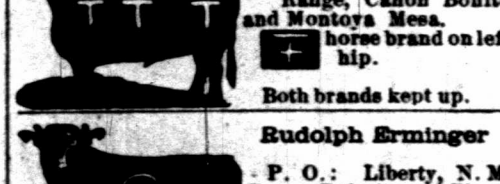
Frank W. Dale. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, on Red River, 12 miles above Fort Bascom. Ear mark, crop the right and sharpen the left ear.



Heckle & McDowell. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Sabinoso and Largitjos arroyos. Some branded only with a W on either side and ear mark grub right or left. Horse brand, L on the right shoulder. Also own all female cattle in following brands, which are not kept up: left side and thigh, left side, road brand, left shoulder.



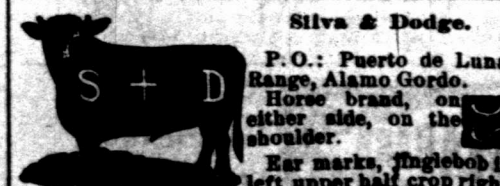
Circle Cattle Co. A. MORRIS, Manager. Postoffice, Tequesquite. Horse brand, O left hip. Other Brands: left hip, left side.



Lewis Walker and Mary Walker. P. O.: En Cierra, N. M. Range, Canon Bonito and Montoya Mesa. Horse brand, cross on the left hip. A few cattle branded in three crosses only.



P. O.: En Cierra, N. M. Range, Canon Bonito and Montoya Mesa. Horse brand on left hip. Both brands kept up.

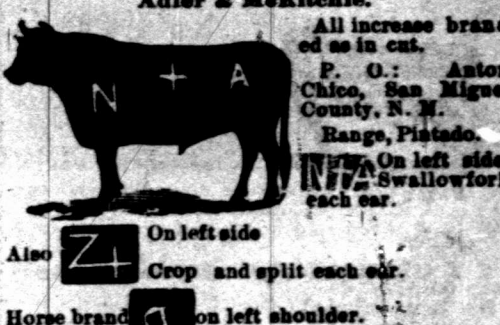


Rudolph Erminger. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Pajarito and Tierra Blanca, San Miguel Co. Ear marks, underbit in each ear. Horses 2 on the left shoulder. Also cattle branded on the left side.



Las Carretas Cattle Co. A. S. VAN'ANGLEN, Sec. Marshall, Mo. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Las Carretas and Pecos river. Also claim cattle branded thus left hip or flank, not kept up. Ear marks, crop and underbit in left ear. Cattle branded on both sides. Horses branded with star on left hip.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Adler & McRitchie. All increase brand ed as in cut. P. O.: Anton Chico, San Miguel County, N. M. Range, Pistado. On left side, Swallowfork each ear. On left side, Crop and split each ear. Horse brand on left shoulder.



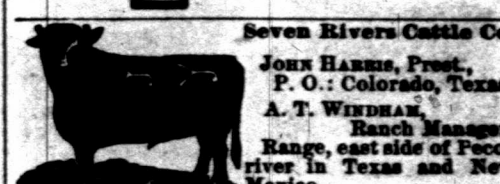
Howry Cattle Co. S. K. SYDES, Manager. P. O.: At Red River Springs, N. M. Range, on Red River. Have purchased the interest of Mr. J. T. McNamara in the "anchor" herd and range. All "anchor" cattle belonging to this company are tally branded and all increase of 1894 is in the brand. All increase from 1894 is branded as in cut, and marked crop and under half crop the left ear. Horse brand, RY on the left hip. All increase marked crop and under half crop left.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

W. L. RYNEBORN, Pres. J. A. LA RUE, Vice Pres. J. J. DOLAN, Sec. and Gen'l Manager. N. REYMOND, Treas. Felix Cattle Company. P. O.: Lincoln, N. M. Range, Rio Felix, Lincoln county. Horse brand, same as on cattle, but smaller, and on left shoulder. This brand will be kept up.



Additional Brands: on cattle, on horses.



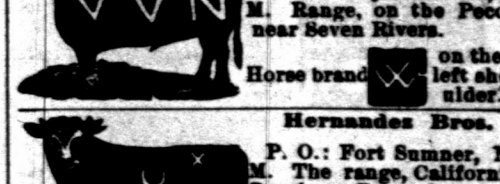
Seven Rivers Cattle Co. JOHN HARRIS, Pres. P. O.: Colorado, Texas. A. T. WINDHAM, Ranch Manager. Range, east side of Pecos river in Texas and New Mexico. Horse brand, same as the cut on the left hip. Mark kept up on young stock, since 1897 branding figure 7 underbit in each ear.



Carrizosa Cattle Ranch Co. (Limited). JAMES A. ALCOCK, Manager. P. O.: White Oaks, N. M. Range, Carrizosa. Horse brand, C with dot in center placed on left shoulder.



Cass Land and Cattle Company. W. G. URROX, Manager. Geo. R. URROX, Range Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, on the Pecos river, at Cedar canon. Horse brand, same as in cut, only on right hip. All young stock branded as in cut on the right side, and also with a 7 on the left hip.



Eddy-Bissel Cattle Co. EDDY BROS., Managers. P. O.: Seven Rivers, N. M. Range, on the Pecos near Seven Rivers. Horse brand on the left shoulder.



Hernandez Bros. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. The range, California Ranch, on Pecos river, and the San Juan mesa. Horse brand on left hip. Ear marks: Swallow fork in the left ear.



L. M. Long. P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Honda. Other brands: Both on left side. Horse brands, same as cattle on right shoulder. Also run cattle in this brand, which is kept up. Ear marks, under half crop left ear.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

A. E. Powers.
 Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M.
 Ranch P. O., Powers ranch, Red canon, Socorro county, N. M.
 Horse brand same as cattle, same place. Ear marks, underslope left ear.
BUK Crop and under half crop left, crop right.
EUK Crop and under half crop left, crop and underbit right.
 Both brands on both sides of animal.

A. M. Rogers & Son.
 P. O. Independence, Mo. Range, Canaditas (with McBroom.)
 A few fine young bulls for sale. Parties in need of either high grade or thoroughbred bulls will please correspond with us.

Capitan Land and Cattle Company.
 P. O.: Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, New Mexico. Range, north of El Capitan mountains, Lincoln county.
 Other brands:
MEL left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks slit and underbit in right.
COM left shoulder, side and hip. **OWL** on left side. Mark, ed crop right, underbit left.
D left side and hip. Ear marks, split both ears. Horse brand **□** on hip.
 All increase marked as in cut and tails bobbed. When sold all horses are counterbranded with a mall block on the left jaw.

Doak Good.
 P. O.: Paris, Texas. Range, Los Portales, Staked Plains.
 All increase branded **FX**. Ear mark, underbit in left.
 Old brand, **GOOD**. Ear marks, underslope each ear.

Lea Cattle Company.
 J. C. LEA, Manager. W. M. Atkinson, Range Foreman.
 P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Hondo, North Spring and Pecos rivers, and on the Aqua Azul, Blackwater and Baca Ranches, all in Lincoln Co.
 Ear marks, crop and split left, split right. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Ear marks sometimes reversed.
 Additional brands:
E side, and also some on side and hip. **W** side, **JB** on hip or loin. **LEA** on side, or shoulder, side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.
 Horse brand: **I** on left shoulder and **A** left hip or thigh. Part branded only on left shoulder thus: **□**

Sutherland & Farrell
 P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, above Roswell.
 Other brands: All cattle have two bars across the butt.

George G. Gans.
 P. O.: South Fork, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Pleasant valley, 9 miles north of Upper Penasco. Marked, crop both ears. Horses branded same as cattle, on left shoulder.
 Also own all cattle branded **G** on both sides.

J. & J. S. Reynolds.
 A. B. ALLEN, Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, 8 miles below Cedar Canon on the Pecos river.
 Horse brands **J** on left shoulder

John Shaw & Co.
 Wm. MAILAND, Supt. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yeso and Pecos river.
 Horse brand, **X** on the left shoulder.
 Increase brand both sides

The Holt Live Stock Co.
 WILLIAM T. HOLT, President. MYRON W. JONES, Manager.
 Office, Opera House block, Denver, Colorado. P. O. box 2183.
 A. TEMPLE THORN, Cashier and Accountant. L. WALLACE HOLT, 7 Rivers, N. M., Asst. Manager.

VALENCIA COUNTY.
Davenport Live Stock Company.
 M. B. BOWMAN, Manager. P. O.: Chihili, N. M. Range, Buffalo Springs. Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip.
 This company will pay a reward of \$300 for each and every conviction and sending to the penitentiary of any one illegally handling any stock in its brands.

J. A. Johnson & Co.
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Range, San Jose ranch, on A. & P. railroad, forty-seven miles from Albuquerque.
 Horse brand, **J** left hip. Various earmarks

L. P. BRADLEY, Prest. T. S. MUMFORD, Secy. Cebolla Cattle Co.
 P. O.: Santa Fe, N. M.; box 218. Range, Valencia county, near Fort Wingate. Horse brand, the same.

W. P. METCALF, Superintendent. JAB. A. STINSON, Ranch Manager.
New Mexico Cattle Breeding Company.

VALENCIA COUNTY.
Davenport Live Stock Company.
 M. B. BOWMAN, Manager. P. O.: Chihili, N. M. Range, Buffalo Springs. Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip.
 This company will pay a reward of \$300 for each and every conviction and sending to the penitentiary of any one illegally handling any stock in its brands.

J. A. Johnson & Co.
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Range, San Jose ranch, on A. & P. railroad, forty-seven miles from Albuquerque.
 Horse brand, **J** left hip. Various earmarks

L. P. BRADLEY, Prest. T. S. MUMFORD, Secy. Cebolla Cattle Co.
 P. O.: Santa Fe, N. M.; box 218. Range, Valencia county, near Fort Wingate. Horse brand, the same.

W. P. METCALF, Superintendent. JAB. A. STINSON, Ranch Manager.
New Mexico Cattle Breeding Company.

Tusas Valley Cattle Co.
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Coolidge, N. M.
 Ranches in Valles de Las Tusas. Range, between Bluewater and Coolidge, along line of A. & P. R. R.
 Old stock are branded **K** on left side; since 1883 all branded as in **K** the cut.
 Ear marks, crop right, under half crop left. Horses branded **K** or **▽** left shoulder.

Acoma Land and Cattle Co
 P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City. E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City. J. E. SAINT, Vice-Prest. and Mgr., Grants, N. M. Range, the Acoma Grant, and territory adjoining west and north.
 Horse brand, **A L C** on the left hip.

Western Union Cattle, Land and Irrigation Company.
 A. P. BLAKE, President. JOHN B. ALLEY, Vice-President. G. L. BROOKS, Secretary. T. J. WRIGHT, Manager. P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Range, Ojo Caliente, Socorro county.

FOR SALE.
 One Live Stock Register and Ranch Record Book. A book of great value to manager of Ranch Cattle companies, as it is the completest and best system of keeping accounts that has yet been published. Address THE STOCK GROWER CO., Las Vegas, N. M.

SOCORRO COUNTY.
Illinois Cattle Company.
 W. SIMONS, President. JULIUS M. ESTES, Manager. P. O.: San Marcial.

Glorieta Cattle Co.
 HOWELL & READ, Managers. Pasture, with Howell & Read. Ear marks, under half crop both ears. Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.

Hurst, Black, Kiehno & Wiley.
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrita river, Socorro county, N. M. Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right.
 Above brand and ear mark kept up. Horse brand **Y** on left hip.
 Additional Brands, not kept up.

Curwen & Norris.
 P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains.
 Additional Brands:
AD AD HD HD 4C 4C
7HL 7HL 7HL
 and **H** on right side, and **7HL** on left side.
 All the increase of above brands, branded same as in cut with the addition of **N** right side of neck or jaw.
 Ear mark, crop and two splits in each ear. Horse brand, **C-N** on right thigh.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.
Liberty Cattle Co.
 W. C. BISHOP, Manager, Big Springs, Texas.
 This brand kept up. Ranch: Dawson county, Texas.

SOCORRO COUNTY.
Illinois Cattle Company.
 W. SIMONS, President. JULIUS M. ESTES, Manager. P. O.: San Marcial.

Glorieta Cattle Co.
 HOWELL & READ, Managers. Pasture, with Howell & Read. Ear marks, under half crop both ears. Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.

Hurst, Black, Kiehno & Wiley.
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrita river, Socorro county, N. M. Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right.
 Above brand and ear mark kept up. Horse brand **Y** on left hip.
 Additional Brands, not kept up.

Curwen & Norris.
 P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains.
 Additional Brands:
AD AD HD HD 4C 4C
7HL 7HL 7HL
 and **H** on right side, and **7HL** on left side.
 All the increase of above brands, branded same as in cut with the addition of **N** right side of neck or jaw.
 Ear mark, crop and two splits in each ear. Horse brand, **C-N** on right thigh.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.
Liberty Cattle Co.
 W. C. BISHOP, Manager, Big Springs, Texas.
 This brand kept up. Ranch: Dawson county, Texas.

Lee-Scott Cattle Co.
 P. O.: Tascosa, Texas. Range, Oldham and Hartley counties, Texas.
 Horse brand **LS** on the left hip. **S** or **T** on the left hip.
 Additional Brands:
LS both sides; marked, crop and split both ears. **LS** left side; over both sides; crop and half crop, under bit left. **LS** split right and split the left.
LS both sides; split each ear. Also, **LS** all on the left side.
GM left side; marked, underslope each ear, all steers.
 In addition to the reward offered by the association, we will pay a reward of three hundred dollars for the conviction of any one stealing, butchering or illegally branding any of our stock, or marking any of our calves.
LEE SCOTT CATTLE

FOR SALE.
 One Live Stock Register and Ranch Record Book. A book of great value to manager of Ranch Cattle companies, as it is the completest and best system of keeping accounts that has yet been published. Address THE STOCK GROWER CO., Las Vegas, N. M.

SOCORRO COUNTY.
Illinois Cattle Company.
 W. SIMONS, President. JULIUS M. ESTES, Manager. P. O.: San Marcial.

Glorieta Cattle Co.
 HOWELL & READ, Managers. Pasture, with Howell & Read. Ear marks, under half crop both ears. Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.

Hurst, Black, Kiehno & Wiley.
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrita river, Socorro county, N. M. Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right.
 Above brand and ear mark kept up. Horse brand **Y** on left hip.
 Additional Brands, not kept up.

Curwen & Norris.
 P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains.
 Additional Brands:
AD AD HD HD 4C 4C
7HL 7HL 7HL
 and **H** on right side, and **7HL** on left side.
 All the increase of above brands, branded same as in cut with the addition of **N** right side of neck or jaw.
 Ear mark, crop and two splits in each ear. Horse brand, **C-N** on right thigh.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.
Liberty Cattle Co.
 W. C. BISHOP, Manager, Big Springs, Texas.
 This brand kept up. Ranch: Dawson county, Texas.


Lee-Scott Cattle Co.
 P. O.: Tascosa, Texas. Range, Oldham and Hartley counties, Texas.
 Horse brand **LS** on the left hip. **S** or **T** on the left hip.
 Additional Brands:
LS both sides; marked, crop and split both ears. **LS** left side; over both sides; crop and half crop, under bit left. **LS** split right and split the left.
LS both sides; split each ear. Also, **LS** all on the left side.
GM left side; marked, underslope each ear, all steers.
 In addition to the reward offered by the association, we will pay a reward of three hundred dollars for the conviction of any one stealing, butchering or illegally branding any of our stock, or marking any of our calves.
LEE SCOTT CATTLE

SOCORRO COUNTY.

Bell & Taylor.
 P. O.: Socorro, N. M.
 Range, Ocuras mountains,
 Socorro county.
 Horse brand, **KK** on left
 shoulder.



JOHN B. HOWELL.
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.
 Range, Rio Grande
 river, San Juan springs,
 Cedar springs and Nogal
 creek, Socorro county and
 Rio Grande river and Pen-
 asco springs, Sierra coun-
 ty, N. M.
 Ear marks, crop and split both ears.
 Horse brand, same as cattle, but on left hip.

Deer Park Cattle Company.
 FRANK H. WIDERON, Manager.

P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Ranches, at Elk moun-
 tains, Socorro county.
 Also own the following
 brands:
 Horse brand, on the left shoulder.

C. B. Roberts.
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.
 Range, Los Barros, 30
 miles west of San Mar-
 cial, Socorro county.
 Ear marks, crop right and
 small crop and half circle
 above and below in left;
 also, skin cut on nose.
 Horse brand, same as cut on left hip.
 Cattle branded either side and hip.



**Black Range Land and
 Cattle Co.**
 J. B. PERRY, Manager.
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M.
 Range, on head of Gila,
 Socorro county, N. M.
DD left side.
 Ear mark, crop the right.
 Horses branded **D** on left hip.



Iowa and New Mexico Ranch Company.
 JUSTUS CLARK, President, Red Oak, Iowa.
 BESS B. CHAMBERLAIN, Vice-President, Red Oak, Iowa.
 PAUL P. CHAMBERLAIN, Sec. and Treas., Red Oak, Iowa.



P. O.: Magdalena, New Mexico.
 Range, Socorro and Valencia counties.
 Horse brand on left side, in cut, and marked crop
 hip. right and underslope left.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.



O. J. WIRAN,
 Cattle Buyer and Dealer.
 Postoffice, Colorado, Texas. Ranches in Fisher
 and Kent counties.
 Horse brand, circle bar on left hip.

SIERRA COUNTY.


Henry G. Toussaint.
 P. O.: Lava, Range,
 near Eagle, Sierra county,
 N. M.
 Horse brand, left hip.
 Vent brand on horses
 under original brand.
 Other brands on cattle and horses:
 Vent brand on cattle, same as on cut, but in-
 verted and run on neck.



**Vermont & Rio Grande
 Cattle Co.**
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.
 Range, twenty miles south
 of San Marcial. Ear marks,
 underbit in each ear.
 Horse brands: **C** or
TEL on left hip or left thigh.



C. Hearn.
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M.
 Range, Pascueta creek
 and vicinity of Fairview.
 Ear marks, figure 7 un-
 derbit in each ear.
 Additional brand, **G L**
 on left hip.
 Horse brand, same as cattle on left thigh.



Armstrong Bros.
 P. O.: Eagle, N. M.
 Range, west slope Cabal-
 lo mountains on Jornada
 Del Muerto.
 Ear mark, underbit each
 ear.
 Horse brands, **G** left hip,
 Cattle branded on left side



Sierra Land and Cattle Company.
 F. D. RICHMOND, President, Kansas City, Mo.
 E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City, Mo.
 R. H. HOPPER, Vice-Pres. & Mgr., Kingston, N. M.
 S. S. JACKSON, Ranch Manager, Hillsborough, N. M.



Range, southeastern Sierra
 county.
 All cattle branded as in the
 cut, and have two bars under
 the tail on both sides.
 Horses all branded **SLC**
 on the left hip, as in this
 cut.



Grayson & Company.
 P. O.: Los Palomas, Si-
 erra county, N. M.
 Range, Animas ranch,
 Sierra county.
 Ear marks, under half
 crop each ear.
 Horse brand, same as cat-
 tle but on left shoulder.



Additional Brands:
 on left hip. left hip. Some
 have same on
 side
W O left side. **22** right hip.
22 right thigh. on the same animal.

GRANT COUNTY.

**Buckeye Land & Live
 Stock Company.**
 S. A. BAXTER, Financial
 Manager, Lima, Ohio.
 M. CRAPPAK, Range
 Manager, Deming, N. M.
 P. O. box 101, Deming, N. M.
 Range, Cedar Grove ranch,
 30 miles south of Deming.
 Horse brand, same, on left hip.
 Brand on left side. Marked, sharpen both ears.



Missouri-Florida Cattle Co.
 JOHN J. YEATER, Pres., Sedalia, Mo.
 JOHN M. WEIDENYER, Sec. and Treas., Clinton, Mo.
 JOHN T. SNY, Superin-
 tendent, Deming, N. M.
 P. O.: Deming, N. M.
 Range, east side Florida
 mountains.
 Horse brand, same as
 cattle on left hip.



MEXICO.




Hersford & Corbet.
 Postoffice address, Ojitos, Yano,
 Chihuahua, Mexico.
 Cattle branded **BC** on left side.
 Horses branded **BC** on left hip.
 All increase branded **DC**.
 Ear marks, crop the left and jingle bob right.
Additional brands: and

DETROIT AND RIO GRANDE LIVE STOCK CO.

PHILLIP MOTHERSILL, General Manager.



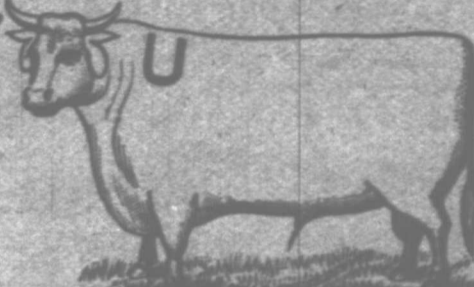
P. O.: Eagle, N. M.
 Range, Jornada del Muerto, Caballo and Sa
 Andreas mountains.
 Ear marks, crop and split left.
 Horse brand or **JJ** left hip.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

WM. ROBERT,













Postoffice,
 Roswell, Lincoln county,
 New Mexico.

Ranges.
 Breeding range, on the
 Pecos river, New Mexico.
 Steer range, on the San
 Pedro river, in Cochise
 county, Arizona.



Horse Brand,
U on the left shoulder.
Ear Marks,
 Jinglebob in both ears

Same brand and marks
 kept up on both the steer
 and breeding ranges.
 All increase of follow-
 ing brands which I own,
 marked and branded as in
 main cut.

			
Underslope each ear.	Overslope each ear.	Crop left, under half crop right.	Crop and underbit left some same mark right
			
Crop and under half crop each ear.	Crop right and under- slope left.	Swallow fork in either ear.	Crop the left and half crop right.
			
Crop left, underslope right.	Crop the right.		

THE ANGUS V V RANCH.
KIRBY & CREE.



Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county,
 New Mexico.
 Range, Rio Salado, Rio Bonito, Little
 creek, Eagle creek, and Rio Huidosa.
 Ear marks, underbit in each ear.
 Horse brand, **V** on the left shoulder.
Additional Brands:
 on right side, un-
 derbit both ears. on left side,
 or either side.
 on either hip. on the left side.
 on left shoulder, side and hip. Mar-
 ked, crop right and underslope left.

COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO.

THE BLOOM CATTLE CO.



FRANK G. BLOOM, General Manager, Trinidad, Colorado.

Also own the following brands:

Half undercrop left, crop right.	Swallowfork left, split right.	Swallowfork left, crop and underbit right.
-------------------------------------	--------------------------------	--

All increase branded same as cut and marked swallowfork right, and
 tin tag in the left.
Horse and Steer range, Apishapa Temp creek, Bent and Lockwood canons, Colorado. W. F.
 BLOOM, Foreman, Postoffice, Thatcher, Colorado.
Breeding ranch, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, New Mexico. JOHN BURNS, Foreman, Postoffice,
 Lincoln, New Mexico, care Circle Diamond ranch.
Breeding ranch cattle. JAR. X. Y. SUTHERLAND, Foreman.

P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, west of Roswell.
Additional Brands:
 on left side and on left hip. Ear mark
 upper half crop. underbit left, crop right
 on left side. on left hip. Ear mark
 same as boot. bar cattle.
 on left side and hip. Ear mark, crop and
 split in left and underbit in right.
 on left side, on left hip. Ear mark, up-
 per half crop. on left hip. Ear mark, up-
 per half crop right.
 on left side. Various ear marks.

JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, Cashier.
A. B. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, President.
J. RAYNOLDS, Vice-President.
M. W. FLOURNOY, Cashier.

J. RAYNOLDS, President.
JOHN W. ZOLLARS, Vice-President.
H. S. KAUFMAN, Cashier.

The First National Bank

LAS VEGAS, N. M.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$40,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

The First National Bank

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$15,000.

Designated U. S. Depository. Depository of A. & P. R. R. and A. T. & S. F. R. R.

The First National Bank

EL PASO, TEXAS.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$20,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. and Mexican Central R. R.

THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING CO.,

DEAL IN

Clothing,

HATS,
CAPS,

FURNISHING
GOODS,

BOOTS,
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Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Shirts Made to Order.

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