

# STOCK ROWER

COLORADO TEXAS

ARIZONA MEXICO NEW MEXICO

Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

Fifth Year, No. 30.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, OCTOBER 6, 1888.

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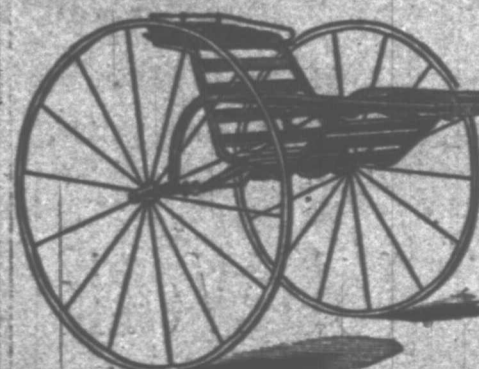
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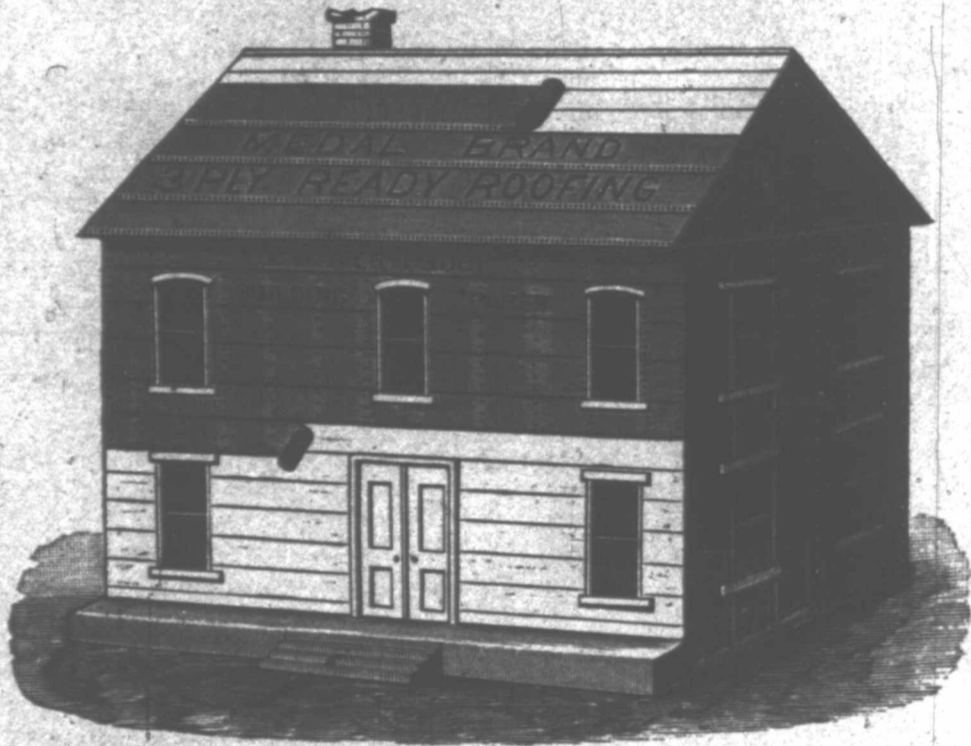
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Has sold in New Mexico during the past season over 1,000 head of grade and thoroughbred bulls, and would refer intending purchasers to any of my customers for the quality and condition of the cattle furnished.

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LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

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**Contents.**

Editorial Notes	1
To be Investigated	1
Governmental Interference	1
It Crushes all Competition	1
What They Say	2
Concerning the St. Louis Conference	2
The Cherokee Strip	2
Sale of the Circle Bar Ranch	3
The Chicago Market	3
An Important Project	3
A Theory About Cattle Ticks	3
St. Louis Meat Inspectors Report	3
Unwholesome Meat From Chicago	3
Greatest Age of Prolificacy	3
From All Points	4
Robust Stock Farming	4
Southwest Stock Notes	5
Personal	6
Kansas City Market	6
The Cherokee Strip	6
The Stampede to get rid of Breeding Cattle	6
Bad for Nevada	7
The Terrier and the Coyote	7
Worse Than Pleuro-Pneumonia	7
A Modern Version of the Prodigal Son	7
Of Interest to Shippers	8
What it has Come to	8
The Prevalence of Texas Fever	8

The United States senate committee having in charge the investigation of the beef question will be in St. Louis the week beginning Nov. 19, and consequently during the great cattle raisers and butchers' convention. Cattlemen who will not be able to attend the conference should forward to Hon. George G. Vest, Washington, D. C., any information they may have in their possession calculated to throw light on the matter the senate committee have under consideration.

MR. ARMOUR has a most faithful ally in Secretary Vilas to keep the area of low prices for beef as broad and long as the great meat packer's heart can desire.

A SECOND catastrophe to the western cattle industry is promised from the hand of a fatherly government. The second executive order compelling the cattlemen to remove 200,000 head of cattle from the Cherokee strip may be expected in a few days.

THE St. Louis meeting, dear reader, will be the determined effort of those who have been robbed, mutilated, tramped in the dirt and left in a dying condition to apprehend the sluggers, prosecute them and make them amenable to justice and the laws, and thus relieve a vast industry from its Dick Turpins, and once again permit it to move along under the stimulus which fair protection to every one's interests affords.

INVITATIONS will be extended to the governor and lieutenant-governor of all the states to be present at the St. Louis meeting. Men prominent in knowledge of economic questions will address the convention. The opening address will be made by Senator Vest. All matters pertaining to the sanitary condition of the people as affected by the meat industry will be discussed and measures devised to remedy the evils which cling to the distribution of the meat product.

Plans will also be originated to establish the cattle and beef trades upon a paying basis.

200,000 cattle must be dumped into the markets of slaughter this fall if the government maintains the position recently taken by Secretary Vilas in the treatment of the Cherokee strip question. This is not a pleasant subject for the western cattle industry to dwell upon. It means deluged markets for the remainder of the year and the ill effects which extreme low prices bring in their train for the cattlemen.

THE scenes of 1885 which precipitated the demoralization of cattle values in connection with the famous executive order of President Cleveland, are to be repeated on a smaller scale by the efforts of Secretary Vilas. The people will clamor louder for beef in the sweet bye and bye, than for a quarter section of arid land. The Oklahoma boomers may crow to their hearts' content at the apparent sympathy of the administration with their measure, but wrongs inflicted by a government as well as by the individual, will surely return to the perpetrators, and they will surely receive the well merited condemnation which their actions deserve.

WE would humbly ask if, in the economy of nature, the beef producer is not as essential in maintaining the human family as the bread producer? When the government will wage war against one class of producers in the interest of another class of no greater importance in its relation to the state the time has surely come for righteousness to prevail in high places. Parenthetically this has no relation to the tariff issues. It is a plain question which affects by a proper solution in the interest of justice and decency the welfare of the people of the United States. The Oklahoma boomer is the man to be suppressed just now and not the cattle raiser, President Cleveland to the contrary notwithstanding.

**TO BE INVESTIGATED.**

It is probable that the senate will order an investigation of the operations of the land department of the government and its agents under the present administration. This is just and proper work and such work if prosecuted zealously and honestly as will be productive of the most startling disclosures as to the improper use of moneys, the fraudulent practices of many so-called special agents, discriminations made by

subordinates of the land office in canceling and setting aside applications to buy or enter public lands, and many other abuses of the department too numerous to mention. The investigation of the hollow mockery of justice and decency which has characterized so much of the work of the general land office the past three years will come none too soon. It is a protest against absolutism and tyranny in the management of one of the great departments of the government which nine people out of ten in the country west of the 100th meridian will heartily endorse. Nothing more despotic and damnable ever was a part of the civil administration of any government of any time than the doings of the land department. Thousands of people it has ruined, and justice has been turned into despotism. The burden of malice, misrepresentation and grievous wrong imposed by a paternal government has been borne by the settlers stoically if not heroically. Why the growth and prosperity of the states and territories of the west have been retarded for nearly half a decade, should be made known and the questionable practices leading up to it exposed.

**GOVERNMENTAL INTERFERENCE.**

The attempt of Secretary Vilas to set aside any lease or agreement for grazing the Cherokee nation may enter into with the cattlemen as regards the Cherokee strip will be contested by the cattlemen. Their attorney, Major Lyons, has unearthed a United States statute, which says:

"Any person who shall herd or drive cattle, horses, mules, or other stock upon the lands of any Indian reservation, without the consent of such tribe, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding \$1 per head."

This, Major Lyons claims, effectually estops the secretary in his arbitrary effort to interfere with rights of the Cherokee nation in disposing of their grazing as they see fit. This act of the government, as expressed through Secretary Vilas, is considered by well informed cattlemen as simply a continuance of the plan, which was begun when the cattlemen were forced out of the Arapahoe and Cheyenne reservations, to wrest as much of the Indian Territory as possible from the Indians, no matter at what cost to the cattle interests there, and to reserve it for the possible homesteader. It is the willful destroying of a vast industry wherein millions of money have been lost already by the action of the government in its hostility to the western cattle interests, in order that the dear people

may have a little more political pabulum stuffed down their throats by its supposed savior, the present administration. The cold facts of these questions should be understood and the heartless operations of the government in this connection cannot be palliated by the supposititious benefits which are to accrue to other interests from such action. The cattle interests ought not to suffer from the direful effects of precipitating the 200,000 head of cattle upon the markets which are now held in the Cherokee strip, and which must be done if the present attitude of the government in this matter is maintained.

**IT CRUSHES ALL COMPETITION.**

THE monopolistic power of the dressed beef combine does not need further elaboration of its peculiar features of trade by us to show to those who will see how repressive are its effects upon like and cognate enterprises located anywhere outside of the great packing house centers. The STOCK GROWER recently told the story of a beef packing enterprise started in the southwest. It was not pleasant reading for the promoters of the enterprise, notwithstanding that it bristled with cold facts. The direct action of the dressed beef men of Chicago in making unprofitable and closing up the El Paso beef works was therein clearly shown. It was shown also, to illustrate what this journal has so long maintained, that it is futility itself for any one or any combination of men with less capital than the big four are generally supposed to possess, to start an independent beef plant in the United States and make the business profitable so long as the Armour crowd keep in business at the old stand. Excepting in one or two minor particulars, perhaps, the operation of a dressed beef establishment under nearly equal conditions of trade should be made successful at such points as Denver, for instance. The demand for beef is a known and certain factor, the production of good beef in the country tributary to that city in sufficient quantity to supply the trade is a certainty and nearly every element for the success of such enterprises is at hand. Then, why is the dressed beef business unprofitable at a point in the range country like Denver? The answer is easily given. The dressed beef men of Chicago will not permit it. It was only recently that the acknowledgment was made by a heavy stockholder in the Denver dressed beef enterprise that if his company con-

tinned in the business they would either have to take in Armour & Co. with them or sell out to them. This is a pretty howdy do. With the company mentioned there is no lack of good business talent in its management, no lack of capital to handle the business, and no element wanting to make the business successful, except such influences and methods of trade as the big four choose to throw about the business, which will eventually smother it, thus giving to the Chicago fellows the entire market without competition. If anyone still doubts that the big four do not absolutely control the beef industry of the United States at this time, let such an one attempt to divide up any of the business with the giants. His lesson will soon be learned. He can retire to the rear of the procession as others have done, a sadder and wiser man.

THE next national convention of cattle growers, under the auspices of the Consolidated Cattle Growers' association, will be held at the Grand Pacific hotel, Chicago, convening at 2 p. m., Monday, Nov. 19th next. This will be about the time the annual fat stock show will be at its most attractive stage, and as reduced rates are given by all the railways centering in Chicago to those wishing to attend that exhibition, delegates and others to the convention, can take advantage of that fact. An attractive programme for this meeting is being arranged, and will doubtless be announced soon. One of the most interesting features of the meeting will probably be the discussion growing out of the report, which Hon. J. H. Pickrell will make, of the Texas fever experiments that have been conducted at the Chicago stock yards this summer. Any information as to the meeting can be had upon application to the secretary, Alvin H. Sanders, 226 La Salle St., Chicago.

**A Great Truth.**

When the range men and butchers of the country join forces and put their shoulder to the deep water wheel, that circle is going to revolve. The "big four" have seen the zenith of their glory, and can now watch their star set.—Dallas News.

**From the Pecos Valley.**

LINCOLN, N. M., Oct. 1, 1888.

To the Stock Grower:

We have been advised that the large outfits in the northeastern portion of the territory are preparing to move their herds to our section where the range is supposed to be better. Now for the last two years our losses have been as heavy and our range as short as theirs is at the present time and we have also had to hold the gap unassisted against the hordes of Texas cattle sought to be introduced into the territory.

We therefore notify all who are entertaining the idea of coming this way, that this section has already all the cattle there is food for, that the largest outfits in the Pecos valley have sunk wells far out on the plains and taken their cattle there to subelst them, and that such an invasion as we are advised is contemplated means starvation and death to all; and that we mean to protect ourselves against it by all and any means within our reach.

MANY CATTLEMEN.

**What They Say.**

The Hon. D. R. Francis, Mayor of St. Louis, in an address before a meeting of butchers in St. Louis, stated that "any monopoly which strives to embrace within

its folds all the profit and all the employment which now gives sustenance to thousands and thousands of people, must be injurious to their welfare." He stated also that "It would be a sad day for this country when the few mouled kings, who control the dressed beef interest, controlled the meat business of the United States, and it will be a sad day for the farmer who raises cattle when a coterie can establish the price which they pay from day to day for the cattle which are brought to market, and a sad day it will be for the beef consumers of the nation."

These expressions undoubtedly voice the sentiments of the people of St. Louis, and they are in harmony with the sentiments of all right minded people in the United States.

The cattlemen and butchers who go to St. Louis to attend the great conference to be held there November 20th., will unquestionably receive a hearty welcome from the hospitable and public spirited citizens of that place, and they will sojourn with people who are in thorough sympathy with the measures of relief for the cattle industry, which the conference aims to inaugurate.

**700 ACRES ALFALFA AND CORN LAND in one body.** All under ditch in the Rio Grande valley, six miles from Albuquerque, N. M. Price \$22.50 per acre. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

**Concerning the St. Louis Conference.**

In response to the notable address of President Reynolds, of the First National bank of Las Vegas, to the bankers of the west which appeared in the last issue of the STOCK GROWER, in connection with the St. Louis meeting, the Butchers' National Protective association, through its secretary, has acknowledged the assistance thus tendered in the following letter:

OFFICE OF SECRETARY BUTCHERS' NATIONAL PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, No. 1106 St. Louis Ave., St. Louis, Mo., St. Louis, Oct. 1, '88.  
Hon. Jefferson Reynolds, President First National Bank, Las Vegas, N. M.

DEAR SIR:—I have been directed by the executive committee of the Butchers' National Protective association to extend to you the thanks of the association for the call you have just issued to western bankers asking them to be present at the conference of the United States senate committee, cattle producers and butchers to be held in St. Louis on November 20.

The burdens of monopolistic oppression, which you say should be removed from the beef interests, have been felt disastrously by the bankers, merchants and business interests of the country as well as by the cattlemen and butchers who have been more directly affected.

Anything that tends to affect injuriously the interests of cattle producers and butchers also injures the entire commercial interests of the country, and anything that will tend to promote and benefit the interests of the cattle producers and butchers will tend to promote the general prosperity of the entire country.

It is indeed gratifying to the butchers of the country to see the bankers come to the front in efforts to help us and thereby to help themselves. There seems to be a general awakening throughout the United States among all classes of people to the evils from which we are suffering, owing to the control of the meat business of the United States by the Chicago combine.

The butchers of the United States desire to have competitive cattle markets re-established where they can buy cattle at prices determined by the laws of supply and demand. They also desire the enactment and rigid enforcement by the states of such sanitary laws in relation to the beef trade as will prevent beyond all question, the sale of diseased meat.

We believe that the demand for beef will be largely increased whenever the public see that we are not trying to hide the fact that some few cattle are diseased, and in consequence are unfit for human food. But on the other hand that our efforts are being directed towards securing such state and territorial legislation as will place the control of all meat products in the hands of the consumers.

It affords me pleasure to assure western bankers through you, that the meeting in St. Louis will be attended by prominent citizens representing interests in all parts of the United States, whose united efforts cannot fail to accomplish measures of relief which will prove of benefit to the people of the entire country.

Trusting that our meeting may be honored by the presence of a large number of representative bankers, I beg to subscribe myself very sincerely yours,  
CHR. BROOKS, Secretary.

Sufferers from the effects of quinine, used as a remedy for chills and fever, should try Ayer's Ague Cure. This preparation is a powerful tonic, wholly vegetable, and without a particle of any noxious drug. Warranted a sure cure.

**COPP'S LAND REVIEW**

**The Chinese and the Public Domain.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 3, 1888.

To the Stock Grower:

The Chinese question is just at present the all-absorbing topic of public and political discussion, and a bill prohibiting the immigration into this country of Chinese persons has been passed by congress, and is now before the president, who will probably sign it now that official information of the rejection by the Chinese government of the treaty recently proposed, has been received.

Quite a flutter of excitement was created a few days ago by the announcement in the public prints that Assistant Commissioner Anderson, of the general land office, had rendered a decision to the effect that a Chinaman who in 1887 declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States could legally initiate a homestead entry.

It is quite certain, however, that whatever may have been the foundation upon which the rumor was based, and whatever may have been the opinion of the assistant commissioner upon the subject at the time of the publication, no such decision was promulgated, and that officer is now firmly of the opinion that unless a Chinaman can conclusively show that he had declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States prior to the amendment of the naturalization laws in 1875, he can never become qualified to make an entry of public lands under any of the laws where citizenship is a prerequisite.

It appears that the district land officers in one of the territories permitted three Chinamen, who had filed their declarations of citizenship in 1883, to make a mineral land entry, and the case came before the assistant commissioner for consideration. His judgment was emphatically recorded against the legality of such an entry, and an order of cancellation was made at once; no holding for cancellation with privilege of appeal, was made, but the entry was cancelled outright, without a word in the decision about the right of appeal, on the ground that only citizens of the United States, and those who had legally declared their intentions to become such, can make entry for mineral lands, and that as the revised statutes as amended by the act of 1875 excluded Mongolians from the privilege of becoming citizens, the entry was illegal and utterly void.

Very few Chinamen have ever become citizens of the United States. I am informed that out of the thousands that have come here only sixteen were ever naturalized. If this be true, and no change occurs in our naturalization laws, the public domain will not be absorbed to any great extent by Chinamen unless those sixteen prove unusually prolific in offspring.

HENRY N. COPP.

He that knows nothing doubts of nothing. Do not let your doubts cause you to waver, for you may be assured that Warner's Log Cabin Liver Pills will cause the sluggish liver to resume its wonted functions and produce the results you desire. They are effective and harmless, being purely vegetable.

**How Beef Fat is Consumed.**

The question, "why is not the fat of the ox consumed as food as well as the fat of the hog," is being brought home to us very decidedly in these days. In fact it might be answered that we are doing this very thing.

Less than 12 years ago the only lard of the hog used as food was what is known as the "leaf." All other portions were used by manufacturers of candles and lard oil. To-day, not a pound of lard of any description finds its way to the candle maker. It is all consumed by the human family as lard or butter. It would seem that the growth of population has been so great that it has overtaken and passed the limit of supply that the hog affords.

We heard a few years ago of oleomargarine. This was the first movement in the direction of consuming the fat of the ox as food. To-day in the large cattle slaughtering houses 80 per cent. of the fat of the ox is handled as oleomargarine, oil

and stearine, the oil going to make butter and the stearine to make lard.

On account of the usual lard mixture it becomes necessary to stiffen the mixture by the addition of hard stearine. We find that 80 per cent. of the fat goes to oleostearine and oil, the remaining 20 per cent. finds its way to the lard rendering tank, so that no longer is commercial tallow produced by many of the large beef packing houses. What is being done in the larger houses finds imitators all over the United States, both east and west. It has become almost necessary for the industries of beef and pork packing to be conducted in the same establishment, so as to manipulate the fats with the most profitable results. These large slaughtering establishments are also increasing very rapidly in number and size, as they are reaching into every city and even the small villages with their dressed beef.—Cincinnati Price Current.

**Multitudes of Cattle.**

As shown elsewhere in our columns, Chicago had the heaviest run of cattle last week ever known in any market in the world, and for several weeks past has had an average not only unprecedented but never very closely approached in any corresponding period. In the face of these things there has been a shrinkage in prices, and cattle of all grades are selling a little lower than early in the month. Probably nobody expected as many cattle as have lately come forward, but having been placed on sale any one can see that the decline which has occurred has been a matter of course. What has taken place, though, does not have so much significance in itself as for what it may portend. And what is the portent? All have been hoping to see a season of moderate supplies, in which case a further advance in prices would be inevitable. And it is also a feeling that with such supplies now as a year ago values must continue firm. But when it comes to droves of undreamed of size crowding into market fast upon each other, cattlemen hardly know what to expect. It is not unlikely, though, that what has taken place has been the flood of the season, and that the decline of last week in the west was as little as could have been expected under the circumstances, and that with half a chance for recovery prices will soon reassert themselves. Unforeseen developments arising from time to time are liable to introduce contingencies against which precalculation is vain; and yet we consider the outlook for cattle for fall and winter—and especially for winter and for good cattle—as excellent.—National Stockman.

300 LARGE MERINO RAMS, well bred and raised in New Mexico, for sale at \$12. per head, delivered at Albuquerque, N. M. Address G. L. Brooks, Manager, Albuquerque, N. M.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

**THE CHEROKEE STRIP.**

**The Nation Put on Notice as Regards Leasing the Outlet.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Secretary Vilas today sent the following important letter to the principal chief of the Cherokee Indian nation, notifying him that any lease or contract for grazing on the "Cherokee outlet" in the Indian Territory will be without authority from the government and subject to cancellation.

Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., Sept. 28.—Hon. J. B. Mayes, principal chief Cherokee nation, Tablequah, I. T.: Sir—In view of information of this department that some steps had been taken by your council or other authorities of the Cherokee nation, with the purpose either to renew the lease which was heretofore made with certain parties calling themselves the Cherokee strip live stock association, or with an association or corporation of that name, and which it is understood is about to expire or has expired, or to execute some lease or agreement for the use or occupancy of these lands of the Cherokee outlet or some part thereof and that a session of the Cherokee council is about to convene with the view to the enactment of measures to that end, I have the honor to advise and inform you, and through you the Cherokee council and authorities of the Cherokee nation that the United States government will recognize no lease or agreement for possession, occupancy or use of any of the lands of the Cherokee outlet as of any legal effort or validity upon the rights of the United States, or as conferring any right or authority or privilege over said lands upon any lessee, but that any lease or agreement, if any should be made, will be without authority or consent of this government thereto, and will be subject to cancellation and any use or occupation by any lessee or any person under such lessee subject to instant termination by this department at any time whenever any such action shall be for any reason deemed proper by the president or this department, and will be subject to any legislation whatever, general or special, which congress may enact affecting that portion of the Cherokee country or affecting the occupancy of any Indian lands for any purpose whatever, whether for grazing, pasturing or otherwise. I desire that this notice of the views and rights of this government shall be communicated to the council, and any persons who may be in contemplation, negotiation, or may enter into negotiation with the authorities of the Cherokee nation for any such use or occupancy, in order that there may be no misconception or misunderstanding upon this subject.

Very respectfully yours,  
WM. F. VILAS,  
Secretary of Interior.

**Sale of the Circle Bar Ranch.**

Pursuant to the trustee's notice published in the *Clipper* for the past four weeks, O. J. Wren's pasture, cattle and horses, the well known circle bar outfit principally, was sold last Thursday under mortgages to E. C. Kellogg, L. O. Rumery, H. W. McKoy and others. The mortgages under which the property was sold amount to about \$265,000. The property was put in a number of lots, and was all bought in by L. O. Rumery, one of the principal holders. The land embraced in the Double Mountain pasture, the beef pasture just north of town and a small pasture in Presidio county, about 140 sections in all, brought \$72,000. Some of the land is fully paid out, some leased from the state and railroads, and some purchased from both, on which one payment has been made. The bid on the two circle bar and three circle brands of cattle, range, delivery, was \$96,000. The four circle cattle brought \$75,000; the I O T brand, \$4,500; one-fourth interest in the A T brand, \$400; the P A D brand \$2,000; the circle bar stock of horses, stallions, etc., \$20,000; the cow and work horses, \$9,000; the mule team \$800, and the carpenter and blacksmith tools, \$15,000.—*Colorado Clipper*.

Regulate the Regulator, by the use of Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists. 120 doses \$1.

**The Chicago Market.**

*(Breeder's Gazette, Sept. 28th.)*

E. E. Mollocks & Co. have begun shipping their band of 30,000 sheep. The first installment arrived last Wednesday.

D. W. Henderson, Galva, Ill., was one of the few who had hogs on the market the past week that were good enough to bring \$6.80.

Marbold, the famous Greenview, Ill., feeder, had some fine cattle here this week. With an average weight of 1,560 lbs. they brought \$6.25.

Western sheep still constitute about seven-eighths of the total receipts. They run very uniform in quality and sell largely within a range of \$3.60 to \$3.75.

On Wednesday the highest price of the year was reached for hogs, T. C. Pond, of Greenview, obtaining \$6.90 for a drove of 112 head of 301-lb. hogs. They were beauties.

On Thursday last two car-loads of Hereford heifers brought the very handsome price of \$4.60. The same day scrubs were a drug at \$1.25 to \$2.25. "Blood tells" sure enough.

Among the curiosities of the yards the past week was Lee Bing, a veritable Chinese cowboy. He was in with a train of cattle from the Alta Land & Cattle Co.'s range in Colorado.

Perhaps the best range cattle on this week's market was the 118 head belonging to the Dilworth Cattle company. They averaged 1,304 pounds and brought \$4.75—the highest price obtained within the last six days for rangers. They were Montanas.

The receipts of cattle for the week ended Saturday last were the largest on record. They reached the enormous total of 71,310 head, or 9,000 head more than for any previous week. The next largest week was the one ended Nov. 26, 1887, when 62,493 head arrived.

The highest price paid for cattle within the last ten days was carried off by Dave Welling, of Adair, Ill. His two car-loads of fat steers averaged 1,676 lbs., and went over the scales at \$6.80—netting him \$113.96 per head, or \$3,533.96 for the drove. There is profit in that class of cattle.

There is only a small increase in the receipts of hogs, notwithstanding the temptingly high prices lately prevailing. Farmers appear to have confidence in the future of the market and are determined to make the hogs good before sending them in. How else could they so certainly realize a good price for their corn?

**An Important Project.**

In conversation with B. Heyman, Friday morning, the *Arizonan* was acquainted with an enterprise that is likely to prove of great benefit to the people of Central Arizona. While in San Francisco, Mr. Heyman was informed by a prominent resident of this territory, that a company of capitalists of that city and Los Angeles had been formed for the purpose of purchasing, fattening and handling beef in the southwest. Financially, the company is strong and the plan of operation is to buy range cattle throughout New Mexico and this territory, bring them to the Salt river valley and fatten them for the California markets. As we understand it, this company has already made arrangements with the Southern Pacific railroad by which they may be enabled to load cattle on the cars at any station in New Mexico and Arizona, paying freight to Los Angeles, San Francisco or other western points, and enjoy the privilege of taking them off at Maricopa or such station as may be desired, and keeping them on pasture for a period of eight months before re-shipping. The project is certainly based on sound business principles, and if prosecuted to full extent will result in the consumption of the entire alfalfa crops of the valley and afford a steady source of revenue. Every possible encouragement should be extended to the enterprise by our people, as the advantages to result cannot well be overestimated.—*Phoenix Arizonan*.

**31 2-YEAR-OLD HEREFORD BULLS,** wintered in New Mexico, on board the cars at Aleman, N. M., on the A. T. & S. F. R. R. at \$35 per head. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

**A Theory About Cattle Ticks.**

DANE STATION, Sept. 10.—Editor *Drovers' Journal*:—Yours of the 9th received. I feel obliged for the trouble you have taken in making inquiries for me for a remedy of Texas fever. I got a receipt from Mr. Adams and have used it successfully. I consider it will cure the disease if administered in time. I had eight head sick out of a car load of twenty-two head—all native cattle bought at the stock yards Aug. 9th. On the 19th two of those steers were dead, and three so far gone we could do nothing for them, being in the last stage, where they lay down and refuse to get up. The other three were in the first and second stage, which I will endeavor to describe: 1st stage—Gaunted up, weak, and stagger as they walk, but still follow the herd. 2nd stage—Back arched, head to the ground, leave the herd and stand alone. I drove those steers into a small pasture where I kept two milch cows; these cows did not take the disease from them, although eating the feed rejected by them and drinking from same trough.

The principal trouble seems to be constipation of the bowels. I gave each steer ten drops of croton oil in one-half pint of castor oil. In twelve hours I gave another dose; this had the desired effect, and the steers went to eating and chewing their cuds naturally. One of those steers after two days got a relapse and was worse than before. I gave two doses as before, but without effect. I then gave one pint of linseed oil twice a day for two days. This gave some relief, but not sufficient. I then gave ten drops croton oil in one pint of linseed oil, and it had the desired effect. The steer, though weak, is gradually improving, and I consider will get well. All those steers had ticks on the belly and under the legs, showing they had laid down where Texas cattle had been. I removed the ticks and applied glycerine and carbolic acid to the wounds. Some I picked off and some killed with acid. I can't say whether this was any benefit or not, although some claim it was. The ticks were not picked off before the relapse. Was told they would have a relapse if not picked off, and they had.

I will advance this theory about those ticks, leaving for more competent persons to judge as to its correctness. The ticks are the natural protection for animals in fever infected districts. They absorb the impurities of the blood on the same principle that leeches and mosquitoes do. When they are dropped from a Texan steer that is diseased and get on native cattle they retain some of the poisoned blood and inoculate them with it. This causes blood poisoning and cannot be cured. If from a healthy Texan after being driven and shipped, they are more or less feverish it can be cured. I have killed some of those ticks and the blood in them was quite black and diseased looking. Excuse this lengthy statement, but it may benefit some one and give a hint to some practical veterinarians.

Respectfully yours,  
J. MCCARTHY.

**St. Louis Meat Inspectors' Report.**

The report of the board of meat inspectors of St. Louis for the past year, Chris. Brokate, inspector, which has just been submitted to the board of health of that city, is exceedingly interesting reading to all who believe in furnishing the public with pure, wholesome food. During the period covered by the report the inspectors visited 13,555 meat shops, 2,284 slaughter houses, 1,253 sausage factories, 1,279 pork houses, 1,630 commission houses, 467 grocery stores, 492 market houses and 91 stock yards. During these visits they condemned 20,888 pounds of fresh beef 1,394 pounds of corn beef, 6,304 pounds of fresh pork, 200 pounds of salted pork, 1,507 pounds of salted spare ribs, 2,350 pounds of bacon, 10,583 pounds of smoked shoulders, 95,560 pounds of hams, 14,489 pounds of veal, 430 pounds mutton, 1,100 pounds of sausage and 406 pounds of turkey. They also inspected about 16,400 coops, barrels and boxes of game and poultry, of which they condemned 491 pounds. They made four arrests for violation of the meat inspection laws, in three of which the offender was fined.

**Unwholesome Meats From Chicago.**

Some time since Pittsburgh was favored with the appointment of a new meat and milk inspector—G. W. McCutcheon—and on that gentleman's induction into office he started out promptly to rectify certain abuses existing in connection with the slaughter of crippled, bruised and diseased live stock in the East Liberty yards, and the consumption of the flesh by the retail trade. In this work he has been sufficiently successful to materially improve the condition of things previously prevailing, and has turned his attention to investigating the quality of dressed beef coming here from the west. It was known that once in a while a lot of western meat was pronounced unfit for human food, and thereupon confiscated, an entire car-load having met that fate here quite recently; but beyond general suspicion that all was not right nothing definite was known about the cattle which are slaughtered in Chicago and elsewhere for eastern markets.

With the purpose of satisfying himself on this point Mr. M. paid a visit to Chicago last week and made a critical examination of the kinds of stock prepared for this trade and the sanitary measures adopted respecting it. As a result of his investigation he announces in the *Commercial Gazette* that local inspection of stock to be slaughtered for shipment from Chicago is a bald farce; that cattle affected with lump-jaw and other cancerous affections, bruised and ailing stock of all kinds, are driven without discrimination into the chutes of the great dressed meat concerns; that their flesh is shipped to Pittsburgh and elsewhere; and that the whole thing is an open secret to the many stockmen at that point who are in a position to observe. His intention now is to secure such action on the part of the board of health of this city as will prevent the further distribution of such meat at this point.

It is well known that Pittsburgh consumes less western dressed beef than almost any other city of its size in the United States. Our people eat a high average quality of beef from cattle slaughtered right here, and have been loth to substitute for it an article which they must take so largely on trust. The revelations referred to are not likely to whet the appetite of the consumer for the imported steak and roast, and should induce the health authorities of cities which have more extensively adopted this stuff to look into its character and make-up more closely.—*National Stockman*.

**Greatest Age of Prolificacy.**

The following will be interesting to readers of the *STOCK GROWER*, as containing some facts on the greatest age, according to the *Agricultural Gazette*, to which a mare, or cow, or ewe has been known to breed in England. The editor gives the following as facts:

The Black Polled Old Granny is, we believe, the oldest cow, and a thoroughbred mare, which bred an Epsom winner when nearly thirty, is, we believe, the oldest mare. A ewe has been prolific when fifteen or sixteen years old; and the following, taken from White's 'History of Selborne,' is the oldest record for a sow: This sow was killed in the spring of 1775, when seventeen years old. She had been the prolific mother of two litters a year, for ten years, of about ten to a litter; and once, she had twenty to a litter. When fifteen years old, her litters were reduced to four or five; and such a litter she had with her in the fattening pen. At a moderate computation she was allowed to have been the mother of 800 pigs."

This is the top record for age; and for size and fecundity combined, Mr. Wainman's Big White Yorkshire sow comes first. She reared 153 pigs in thirteen litters; and, after this, weighed 1,203 lbs. alive, when sent to the Royal Agricultural society of England show at Salisbury. A daughter of hers is said to have reared thirty-three pigs in three litters before she reached the age of twenty-two months. At this rate of increase pigs might soon "crowd out" all the other farm stock of England—owners included.

## FROM ALL POINTS.

## Live Stock Notes Carefully Collected from Every Source.

Hogs are about \$1.50 per cwt. higher in the western markets than a year ago.

We exported 15,743 cattle in the month of August, against 13,822 in August 1887; and 16 hogs, against 2,269.

Chicago is receiving very few dairy calves from the east this year, the total so far not greatly exceeding twenty car loads.

The net supply of cattle in the leading markets for the past two weeks has been somewhat in excess of the same time last year.

Canadian store cattle to the number of 398 were lately imported into Scotland, bringing \$65.36 per head in the market over there.

The Indians cultivated 227,265 acres of land last year. They own over 1,000,000 sheep, 40,471 swine, 111,407 cattle and 358,334 horses and mules.

Jefferson, Miller & Elliott, of Kickapoo spring, sold 600 steer yearlings for \$7.50 and 100 2s for \$11.50, to S. J. Blocker, of North Concho, to be delivered on the 26th inst.—Colorado *Clipper*.

BEEVILLE, Tex., Sept. 28.—Eight thousand steer yearlings and 2-year-olds were shipped today to Harrold, Tex., thence to be driven to ranges in the Indian territory, the prices paid being \$6.50 for yearlings and \$10.50 for 2-year-olds.

It is stated that the great cattle firm of Miller & Lux will feed about 15,000 head of beef cattle for market this fall. The firm is also reported to have purchased 4,000 tons of hay from Mason valley ranchers recently.—Reno (Nev.) *Gazette*.

They do say that some of the bands of Montana steers now being rounded up for shipment are so fat that great rings of tallow are forced out on the horns, and that their tails are so heavy that they cannot wag them so as to keep off the flies.

Kon Kohrs, of Montana, is out in Idaho cleaning up his cattle deal. Including those now being shipped, his Idaho purchases this season will aggregate nearly nine thousand head, as per statement of Mr. Kohrs to the writers.—Cheyenne *Journal*.

The principal England railroads have just equipped their lines with special cattle cars to be attached to passenger trains. This is done for the convenience of breeders of thoroughbred stock, in sending them to fairs. The rates charged, however, are much in excess of passenger fares.

Railroads west of Chicago have perfected arrangements whereby live stock rates will be based on actual weight instead of a fixed tariff per car load. The freight rates which will go into effect October 10 are based on 25 cents per cwt. on hogs from Kansas City to Chicago, with cattle and sheep at 27½ cents.

WICHITA FALLS, Tex., Sept. 27.—The Cattle Raisers' association of Wichita county held a meeting here yesterday. About \$500 was subscribed and paid in to defray the expenses of the fall round-ups, and it decided to put one wagon and outfit to work Oct. 1st at the head of the Little Wichita in charge of William McFarland. The job will last a month or six weeks and will take in several counties. Cattle, they say, were never in better fix than they are at present.

Hay feeding cattle in Idaho is becoming quite extensively engaged in. A leading stock grower in Boise City gives it as his opinion, from careful inquiry, that not less than 2,000 steers will be fed in the Boise valley the coming winter. On that section red clover is grown extensively, and in cattle feeding is mixed with alfalfa. The results are very satisfactory, and each year witnesses a large increase in the number of animals thus fed.

Much progress has been made in improving the stock of the Argentine Republic. There is some interest in horned cattle, and a good demand exists for thoroughbred Shorthorn and Hereford bulls, to cross on the gaunt and longhorned native stock. Several breeders have imported thoroughbred Merinos from Vermont, also horses from the same state, which have sold at very satisfactory prices. E. A. Sumner, of Pontiac, Mich., early this year sold nine thoroughbred Hereford bulls and sixteen cows at fancy prices in Buenos Ayres. Some of the horses imported from America (believed

to be the refuse from New York auction houses) have been of poor quality and were beaten by native half-breeds at the races last fall. The result has been disastrous to the horse interest. The Argentines are very confiding, but when humbugged once can't be swindled a second time. All stock consigned to Buenos Ayres should be of the finest quality and honestly registered. For such there is a good market, the auction sales of imported breeding stock in Buenos Ayres having been over \$600,000 in 1887.

Commissioner of Agriculture Norman J. Colman has announced to the merchants' exchanges and the boards of trade of the United States his desire to meet their representatives at the Grand Pacific hotel, Chicago, Tuesday, October 9th, for the purpose of conferring with them about the collection of suitable specimens of the meat packing and canning establishments of the country to be exhibited at the Paris exposition to be held in 1889.

Ex-Gov. Beveridge and a number of other Chicago capitalists have been making heavy investments in Hutchinson, Kansas, property. The governor is at the head of a Chicago syndicate that proposes putting in mammoth stock yards to work in connection with the large packing establishments of Fowle Bros., Fairbanks & Co., Underwood & Co., and Tobey & Booth, all of Chicago. Tobey & Booth are now packing, and the other companies are pushing their buildings as fast as possible.

The attorney general of Texas has brought suit against the Day Land and Cattle company, of Austin, for \$95,000, alleged to be due the state for penalties for the unlawful enclosure of 200,000 acres of public land in Greer county. The company will fight the suit on the ground that the president's proclamation last year prevents any Texas officer from interfering with Greer county matters until the question of ownership is settled.

The Armour concern is still smarting over their expose by a Pittsburgh reporter and have written to the Pittsburgh mayor and council asking them to send an investigating committee and offering to pay their bills. A fairer way would be to let the city appoint a committee unbeknown to the Armours, have them visit the stock yards as the reporter did and incognito. Would they pay their bills then? We doubt it. They might justify the reporter.—Colorado *Farmer*.

Stockmen report an unprecedented crop of mosquitoes since the late rains. The insects are not only numerous beyond all example, but they are larger, stronger and hungrier, and they are game to tackle anything from a cow or horse down. In some places they are large enough to carry off babies if they get them through the screen and nearly everywhere they are making the lives of cattle a howling wilderness. A gentleman from Collin county says the cattle up that way are standing knee-deep in grass and losing flesh fighting mosquitoes.—Dallas *News*.

The bill to prevent the sale of foreign meat in England as the home grown product has been withdrawn, with the understanding that at the next session of the house of lords a select committee is to be appointed to inquire into the whole subject of selling foreign articles as British. The matter of selling horse flesh as ox meat, which is largely carried on in the Manchester district, is also to be investigated. Public sympathy is aroused against adulterated lard, which, it is averred, comes largely from America.

Relative to the Sussex breed of cattle which were fully considered and described in *Agriculturist* for July, the London *Times* remarks: "The Americans have found out the great value for early maturity and high quality beef of the Sussex cattle, and are now paying high prices. It is very probable that 50 years ago they could have bought up every Sussex beast in this country for \$20,000. So great has been the stimulus to the breed that now this sum has to be spent to obtain a mere handful, and without in any way affecting the stocks of the country."

If the periodical sensations over diseased meat eventually result in some national plan of inspection, that shall be thorough and alike everywhere, it will be well for the country at large. Meat inspectors should be veterinarians of recognized ability, and gentlemen above reproach. They should be something beyond politicians who put in time at ward meetings. The probability is that the in-

spection at Chicago will compare favorably with that of other cities. Nevertheless America is a long way behind some European countries in the conscientious inspection of animals to be killed for food.—*Prairie Farmer*.

The range boys tell us that a new danger has appeared in connection with the subject of prairie fires. The cattle have become so over fat that, while the tallow hanging all over them stays in place all right enough during the cold nights and mornings, yet the days being very warm it melts and saturates the dry bunch grass so thoroughly that, should a fire gain a start anywhere on the ranges, there would be no whoa to it; the rich grass mixed with the still richer grease, you see, would make a fire hot as sheol itself—it would cook the whole business.—Miles City *Journal*.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 29.—John Blocker, the cattle king of Travis county, is in town purchasing an outfit for a monster drive of cattle north. In four or five days he will start 30,000 head to the Panhandle, where he will hold them for the winter, in anticipation of a big rise in prices next spring. Many of his hands are here now buying saddles, revolvers, etc. Taking so large a herd of cattle from south Texas to the Panhandle for the winter is something of an experiment, and its result will be watched with interest by the ranchmen of the state. Most of them expect an early and severe season.

Theorists and men "who wish it were so," says the *Tascosa Pioneer*, have been arguing from every standpoint—and some of them most ridiculous ones—that the stock raising industry was surely at the eve of better things, that the cattlemen's troubles were practically over and that just another turn of the wheel would inevitably bring stiffened prices and prosperity to exceed their hopes. So they prophesied and so it did not come to pass. Today there is a sign that is infallible, and few are regarding it. The buyers are hunting the rangers and are camping with the sellers. This is a sign that will stick—and the more you observe it the heavier you can gamble.

BISMARCK, Dak., Sept. 27.—During the conference between the officials of the Northern Pacific road and the territorial officials with regard to the payment of the Northern Pacific tax it was learned that the company has recently negotiated a sale of 700,000 acres of its land grant. Fifty thousand acres of this land will be selected this fall and the remainder next year. The names of the purchasers have not been made public, but it is understood they are residents of New York and Germany. German capital is largely interested in the road, and it is believed that through the influence of Henry Villard the sale has been made. It is the largest land deal ever made in the territory.

"I have taken, within the past year, several bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and find it admirably adapted to the needs of an impoverished system. I am convinced that this preparation, as a blood purifier, is unequalled."—C. C. Dame, Pastor Congregation church, Andover, Me.

## Robust Stock Farming.

Major Wm. Gentry, of Pettis county, Mo., took 300 head of three and four-year-old steers of his own breeding and feeding to Kansas City a few days ago and sold them for \$18,000 cash. There were three and four-year-olds and averaged 1400 lbs., that is sixty dollars a head. It was a cash transaction and all the grass and grain was produced on his own broad acres. He has a grand, good Shorthorn bull on the farm and a Hereford too, and breeds his own cows and his own steers, and sells very little off the farm unless it be in a manufactured shape; that is in a shape to carry off the crude product as grass and hay and corn on four feet: hence he does not pay the freight on these but on the concentrated product thereof. Isn't that sensible farming? Isn't that the kind of farming that pays? And isn't that what we have been talking about these many years? It looks like it to us.—*Rural World*.

Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla Regulates the Regulator. Largest Sarsaparilla bottle in the market. Manufactured by proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure. Sold by all druggists. Take no other—it is the best.

## A Claim to Human Gratitude.

Charlotte Corday, the sad-faced, tender-hearted peasant girl of Normandy made great history by one desperate act!

Sickened by the saturnalia of the French revolution, and moved to desperation as Robespierre and Marat were leading the flower of France to the guillotine, she determined that she would put an end to Marat's bloody reign.

Marat had demanded two hundred thousand victims for the guillotine!

He proposed to kill off the enemies of the Revolution to make it perpetual!

Horrible thought!

No wonder it fired the blood of this patriotic peasant maid!

Gaining access to his closely guarded quarters by a subterfuge, she found him in his bath, even then inexorable and giving written directions for further slaughter!

He asked her the names of the inimical deputies who had taken refuge in Caen. She told him, and he wrote them down. "That is well! Before a week is over they shall all be brought to the guillotine."

At these words, Charlotte drew from her bosom the knife, and plunged it with supernatural force up to the hilt in the heart of Marat.

"Come to me, my dear friend, come to me," cried Marat, and expired under the blow!

In the Corcoran gallery at Washington is a famous painting of Charlotte, represented as behind the prison bars the day before her execution.

It is a thrilling, sad picture, full of sorrow for her suffering country, and of unconquerable hate for her country's enemies.

What a lesson in this tragic story! Two hundred, nay, five hundred thousand people would Marat have sacrificed to his unholty passion of power!

Methods are quite as murderous and inexorable as men, and they number their victims by the millions.

The page of history is full of murders by authority and by mistaken ideas! In the practice of medicine alone how many hundreds of millions have been allowed to die and as many more killed by unjustifiable bigotry and by bungling!

But the age is bettering. Men and methods are improving. A few years ago it was worth one's professional life to advise or permit the use of a proprietary medicine. To-day there are not two physicians in any town in this country who do not regularly prescribe some form of proprietary remedy!

H. H. Warner, famed all over the world as the discoverer of Warner's safe cure, began hunting up the old remedies of the Log Cabin days; after long and patient research he succeeded in securing some of the most valuable, among family records, and called them Warner's Log Cabin remedies—the simple preparations of roots, leaves, balsams and herbs which were the successful standbys of our grandmothers. These simple, old-fashioned sarsaparilla, hops and buchu, cough and consumption and other remedies have struck a popular chord and are in extraordinary demand all over the land. They are not the untried and imaginary remedies of some dabbler chemist intent on making money, but the long-sought principles of the healing art which for generations kept our ancestors in perfect health, put forth for the good of humanity by one who is known all over the world as a philanthropist—a lover of his fellow man,—whose name is a guarantee of the highest standard of excellence.

The preparations are of decided and known influence over disease, and as in the hands of our grandmothers they raised up the sick, cured the lame, and bound up the wounds of death, so in their new form but older power as Log Cabin remedies, they are sure to prove the "healing of the nations."

Corday did the world an incalculable service in ridding France of the bigoted and murderous Marat, just as this man is doing humanity a service by re-introducing to the world the simpler and better methods of our ancestors.

1,700 GRADED ANGORA GOATS and 50 thoroughbred Angora bucks for sale at reasonable prices and in lots to suit purchaser. Send for descriptive circular. G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.



# THE STOCK GROWER.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1888.

## PERSONAL.

### Items of Interest Relating to Stock Growing People.

M. Slattery is now in Las Vegas in consultation with Mr. Waddingham relative to the latter's cattle interests.

Mr. W. F. Sommeville, manager of the Matador Cattle company, has returned to Fort Worth from a visit to Scotland.

Captain J. C. Lea was in Las Vegas on Friday engaged in private business. He left for Roswell the evening of the same day.

Judge S. E. Booth received the nomination for county commissioner in the republican convention held at Las Vegas today.

A. G. Condon, who has cattle interests in the vicinity of Roswell, Lincoln county, is spending the season at the Las Vegas hot springs.

Captain Maunell, of Alma, will drop cattle ranching for awhile and take a trip to England, leaving New York about the first of November.

J. Duncan Smith, of Edinburg, chief manager and director of the Prairie Cattle company, is now on his yearly tour of inspection of his company's property.

T. W. Collier, editor of the Raton Range, one of the Stock Grower's most valued New Mexico exchanges, was in attendance at the meeting of the republican territorial committee held in Las Vegas on the 3rd instant.

Wilson Waddingham, of Savin Rock, Conn., is said to be the largest land holder in the United States. He is believed to own over 2,000,000 acres of grazing and arable land in New Mexico, and he has also made large investments in real estate in western cities.—Chicago Tribune.

H. H. Metcalf, a prominent Colorado cattle owner, is now convalescing at the hot springs here. "Met" came very near to the other range boundary in the City of Mexico where he lay sick for many months. He is now rapidly recovering his health, much to the joy of his many friends throughout the range country.

A fortune has been lost at farming by Charles E. Lyon, of Staffordshire, England, who has failed with liabilities of \$81,710.40 and assets of \$7,392. In 1882 he came in possession of half a million dollars' worth of property, of which he invested nearly \$200,000 in a cattle ranch in Texas, where he lost 3,000 head of cattle and sunk all he invested, besides \$100,000 invested in other cattle companies that have collapsed.

John Harris, of the Seven Rivers Cattle company was in town Thursday, coming from Cherokee strip. He is of the opinion that all cattle shipped from Texas during the next six weeks will come in competition with heavy movement from the Cherokee strip, just the same as during the past three weeks. The advance in rates makes no difference in the run, as the time has come for the Cherokee strippers to ship their cattle or hold over until spring.—Texas Live Stock Journal.

J. H. Hampson, who has been engaged in an extensive railroad contract in Mexico the past six months, where he has had constantly employed 7000 men and 1000 teams, will finish his work there about the 25th instant when his entire outfit of mules, horses and equipment will be shipped to the states. Col. Hampson is reported to have made \$300,000 from his Mexican engagement, and seems to think he can hold his beef steers on the range until the big four want them bad enough to pay 4 cents per pound for them.

Governor Hadley, who spent a few days in Las Vegas this week, tells the Stock Grower that he finds the black cattle which he has bred for some years one of the most desirable breeds to cross on the Texas cow, the produce showing many excellent points for range raised cattle. He differs from the many conservative opinions entertained by our cattlemen as to the adaptability of the blacks to the southwest ranges. He likes them because they are hardy, prepotent, and for their splendid beef growing qualities. As to the range in Colfax county and the probabilities of the cattle there going through the winter in good shape, he thought that by careful watching of the herds preventing them from drifting to danger localities, which the cattle owners have decided to do, that no unusual losses need be expected. Governor Hadley returned to the ranch on Friday morning to arrange for the beef round-up, which begins on Monday next.

### The Kansas City Market.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Oct. 5, 1888.

Special to the Stock Grower:

Owing to excessive receipts since about the 15th of September, the market still runs to extreme low prices. The depression existing at Chicago has not been relieved, though with lessened receipts during the week, the tone of the market both there and here is better. Prime fat steers are in good demand at last week's prices. The prices for the great mass of rangers of all kinds and conditions that is continually flooding the markets offer but little consolation to the sellers. The price for the average southwest range steer weighing from 800 lbs. to 950 lbs. clings closely to the \$2 notch. On Tuesday, 51 N. M. 951 lb. steers, good, sold at \$2.60. J. I. Mosler's shipment from San Miguel county, sold at \$2.10. Receipts this week will average 6,000

head per day. The closing prices to-day are \$5.00 to \$5.50 for best corn fed; stockers and feeders, \$1.60 to \$3.40, and grass rangers, \$1.75 to \$3.25, the latter price for prime Indian Territory steers.

### "DOCTORING OLD TIME."

#### A Striking Picture—A Revival of Old Time Simplicities.

In one of Harper's issues is given a very fine illustration of Roberts' celebrated painting, known as "Doctoring Old Time." It represents a typical old-timer, with his bellows, blowing the dust from an ancient clock, with its cords and weights carefully secured. One of these clocks in this generation is appreciated only as a rare relic.

The suggestive name, "Doctoring Old Time," brings to our mind another version of the title, used for another purpose,—"Old Time Doctoring."

We learn, through a reliable source, that one of the enterprising proprietary medicine firms of the country, has been for years investigating the formulas and medical preparations used in the beginning of this century, and even before, with a view of ascertaining why people in our great-grandfathers time enjoyed a health and physical vigor so seldom found in the present generation. They now think they have secured the secret of secrets. They find that the prevailing opinion that then existed, that "Nature has a remedy for every existing disorder," was true, and acting under this belief, our grandparents used the common herbs and plants. Continual trespass upon the forest domain, has made these herbs less abundant and has driven them further from civilization, until they have been discarded as remedial agents because of the difficulty of obtaining them.

H. H. Warner, proprietor of Warner's safe cure and founder of the Warner observatory, Rochester, N. Y., has been pressing investigations in this direction, into the annals of old family histories, until he has secured some very valuable formulas, from which his firm is now preparing medicines, to be sold by all druggists.

They will, we learn, be known under the general title of "Warner's Log Cabin remedies." Among these medicines will be a "sarsaparilla," for the blood and liver, "Log Cabin hops and buchu remedy," for the stomach, etc., "Log Cabin cough and consumption remedy," "Log Cabin hair tonic," "Log Cabin extract," for internal and external use, and an old valuable discovery for catarrh, called "Log Cabin rose cream." Among the list is also a "Log Cabin plaster," and a "Log Cabin liver pill."

From the number of remedies, it will be seen that they do not propose to cure all diseases with one preparation. It is believed by many that with these remedies a new era is to dawn upon suffering humanity and that the close of the nineteenth century will see these roots and herbs, as compounded under the title of Warner's Log Cabin remedies, as popular as they were at its beginning. Although they come in the form of proprietary medicines, yet they will be none the less welcome, for suffering humanity has become tired of modern doctoring and the public has great confidence in any remedies put up by the firm of which H. H. Warner is the head. The people have become suspicious of the effects of doctoring with poisonous drugs. Few realize the injurious effects following the prescriptions of many modern physicians. These effects of poisonous drugs, already prominent, will become more pronounced in coming generations. Therefore we can cordially wish the old-fashioned new remedies the best of success.

#### Meeting of Butchers and Ranchmen.

A meeting of the butchers and the ranchmen of the United States has been called and is to be held in the city of St. Louis on Nov. 20th., and many have expressed the opinion that there will be not less than two thousand representative men present on that occasion to look into the questions pertaining to the shipping and slaughtering of beef cattle, to take steps to prevent the introduction of disease and the butchering of maimed,

diseased or otherwise unhealthy stock. The meeting has been called by the National Butchers' association and it is our understanding that the International Rangemen's association has agreed to meet with them. It is further understood that the committee appointed under the resolution of Hon. Geo. Vest, by the U. S. senate to inquire into the workings of the great stock yards syndicates, and the refrigerator meat men's monopoly, will meet here at the same time. This all looks and bodes well for the interests to be represented and the great mass of the people too.

These two branches of business, the ranchmen, or beef producers, and the butchers control between them interests of enormous magnitude involving many hundreds of millions of dollars a year. It is an active cash business. The beeves are herded for cash, transported by rail only for cash, sold at the stock yards for cash and by the butcher to the consumer for the same active and desirable commodity. They affect to a greater or less degree every farmer in America, for there are very few that do not produce some live stock for market. They therefore affect the pockets of every farmer, because if live stock sells well in the great markets it sells just as well or better in the home markets; but if by the manipulation of a few monied men, desirous of making all the money themselves the market prices for live stock are kept low, then every farmer in the country is bound to lose money.

We hail, then, the coming of these men together to talk over and deliberate on questions of moment to every man who raises a beef, butchers a steer or buys a steak or roast. We expect the meeting to have an important effect upon the legislation of the respective states this winter in formulating laws to compel the slaughter of all animals in the state in which the meat is to be sold and eaten, and to prevent the great combinations who now control the supplies, determine values and monopolize the markets.—Rural World.

#### The Cherokee Strip.

Press dispatches of October 1st., from Kansas City say that the presence in this city to-day of a number of cattle barons from the Cherokee strip seems to have some significance, from the fact that to-day the lease of the Cherokee Strip Live Stock association expires. The company is the largest of the kind in the world, and it has upon the lands 200,000 head of cattle.

About two weeks ago, at a meeting of the Cherokee nation, attended by the cattlemen, it was agreed to re-lease the lands to the company, but the chief failed to sign the document, and the contract is no good. The Secretary of the interior now says that a new lease can not be made and there is nothing left but to remove the herds. The cattlemen now here are very reticent as to what action they will take.

The head clerk of the Midland Hotel says that Maj. J. I. Lyon, the attorney of the association, made arrangements a week ago for a meeting to be held at the Midland. Mr. A. J. Pierce, one of the interested persons, claims that there will be no meeting and that there is nothing left to do but to remove the cattle.

Another cattleman said that an effort would be made to lease some other piece of Indian land or re-lease the Cherokee strip by bringing pressure to bear on the chiefs, and then fight the government. The stock owners are in somewhat of a dilemma, and are proceeding very secretly and cautiously in the attempt to help themselves. All the prominent members of the association have not yet reached the city, and it is probable that as soon as all have arrived some action will be taken.



THE LOG CABINS of America have been birth-places of some of the grandest men. Lincoln, Grant, Sheridan, first saw the light of day through the chinks of a Log Cabin. Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla also originated in a Log Cabin and stands pre-eminent among the blood purifiers of to-day as Warner's "Tippecanoe" does as a stomach tonic.

SCRIP LOCATIONS on surveyed or unsurveyed land a specialty. Complete title obtained without delay. Send for circulars and prices. G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

## AYER'S Sugar-Coated Cathartic PILLS.

If the Liver becomes torpid, if the bowels are constipated, or if the stomach fails to perform its functions properly, use Ayer's Pills. They are invaluable.

For some years I was a victim of Liver Complaint, in consequence of which I suffered from General Debility and Indigestion. A few boxes of Ayer's Pills restored me to perfect health.—W. T. Brightney, Henderson, W. Va.

For years I have relied more upon Ayer's Pills than anything else, to

### Regulate

my bowels. These Pills are mild in action, and do their work thoroughly. I have used them, with good effect, in cases of Rheumatism and Dyspepsia.—G. F. Miller, Attleborough, Mass.

Ayer's Pills cured me of Stomach and Liver troubles, from which I had suffered for years. I consider them the best pills made, and would not be without them.—Morris Gates, Downsville, N. Y.

I was attacked with Bilious Fever, which was followed by Jaundice, and was so dangerously ill that my friends despaired of my recovery. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and soon regained my customary strength and vigor.—John C. Pattison, Lowell, Nebraska.

Last spring I suffered greatly from a troublesome humor on my side. In spite of every effort to cure this eruption, it increased until the flesh became entirely raw. I was troubled, at the same time, with Indigestion, and distressing pains in

### The Bowels.

By the advice of a friend I began taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time I was free from pain, my food digested properly, the sores on my body commenced healing, and, in less than one month, I was cured.—Samuel D. White, Atlanta, Ga.

I have long used Ayer's Pills, in my family, and believe them to be the best pills made.—S. C. Darden, Darden, Miss.

My wife and little girl were taken with Dysentery a few days ago, and I at once began giving them small doses of Ayer's Pills, thinking I would call a doctor if the disease became any worse. In a short time the bloody discharges stopped, all pain went away, and health was restored.—Theodore Ealing, Richmond, Va. †

## Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

6,000 ONE AND TWO-YEAR-OLD high-grade Matador heifers, smooth and in good condition, for sale at extremely low prices and delivery made at any point east of the Rio Grande and south of Springer, N. M. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

STEERS FOR SALE. 300 to 500 3 and 4-year-old, N. M. raised, A1 condition. Address, W. A. Irvin, Hilton P. O., Dona Ana Co., N. M. 274

STOCK HORSES. WANTED TO BUY GOOD stock horses. Address, with full description and price, H. R. Traak, Liberty, N. M.

THE RODEO ANNOUNCED TO BEGIN ON Sept. 20th for the Artec range, will begin at Wilford working east to Show Low, from there down the creek as usual to Chevelions Fork, ending at Dry Lakes. Will C. Barnes, Secretary. Holbrook, Ariz., Aug. 27.

NOTICE OF ROUND UP.—THE GENERAL round up in Sierra county will begin on the 20th inst. near Las Palomas and work will continue from the Caballo mountains to the Black Range mountains and from Cuchillo to Percha creek. N. Grayson, Manager.



KANSAS CITY HAY PRESS COMPANY, Manufacturers of

The Lightning Hay Press

E. C. LOOY, Manager.

KANSAS CITY, - MO.



The Stampede to get rid of Breeding Cattle.

When Chicago gets as many as 4,000 cows and helpers, nearly all good breeders, in one day, not to mention calves, yearlings and bulls, it looks as if something was wrong. In times such as we had last year when the pastures were absolutely dead, hay and fodder and all rough feeds were scarce and even water, as a rule, had to be hauled long distances; at such times it is not wonderful to have not only beef and feeding cattle but calves and all kinds of breeding cattle sent to the butcher to bring what they will. The only alternative, in many cases, was to let them starve. This being neither humane nor profitable the market was flooded with all manner of cattle, dairy cows in some cases selling at \$10@15 per head when they had cost \$25@40, and could not to-day be replaced at the latter figures, but even during the never-to-be-forgotten drouth stricken period of 1887 Chicago never received more than 1,500 or possibly 2,000 native cows in a day. Here a year later, with the country overflowing with feed of all kinds we get 4,000 native cows in a day. What is the matter? Is it because owners are cramped for money? Not as a rule. Surely it is not because there is any money in it either for producers or shippers, as thousands of cows owing to the foolish rush to market have sold for not only less than they cost in the country but less than

they could be replaced for. This is bad policy and would be justifiable only in case of some great emergency such as has been mentioned. At a time like the present when all marketable cattle are selling \$1 per cwt. higher than a year ago in face of the facts that more cattle have been and are being marketed now than ever before; that feed was never more abundant and prospects for the cattle growing industry seldom ever better than now, in view of all these facts, it seems very strange that there should be almost a stampede to get rid of breeding cattle. If native cows were selling at \$2.50@3.50, it could be accounted for, but no such prices exist for the ordinary herds and the general range is about \$1.50@2.50; too low to be any inducement unless there was a famine in feed and water and a little money had to be obtained at any cost. From the view of a disinterested observer it would seem that in the present wild rush to get rid of cows, helpers, yearlings and calves, there is nothing to be gained and everything to be lost.—Drover's Journal.



A LOG CABIN does not look very handsome from the outside, with the con skin nailed on the door, but health and contentment the hardy pioneers of American civilization found in them. Their health was maintained by simple remedies of roots and herbs, now reproduced in Warner's Log Cabin Remedies, made by Warner of Safe Cure fame.

Bad for Nevada.

From the Daily Silver State, published at Winnemucca, Nev., of Sept. 1, we find the following discouraging outlook relative to the section referred to. It says: "News comes from the counties adjoining Nevada on the west, relative to the cattle industry, not of a reassuring nature. The Reno Gazette says many stockmen are offering stock cattle for sale at unprecedentedly low figures and every few days large sales are made to those lucky stockmen who have plenty of hay on hand. Hay is scarce throughout the country from Long Valley to Paisley, Oregon, and ranges and water holes are dried up, and the outlook is most discouraging. Even in Sierra Valley, the hundreds of artesian wells, which have aided the farmers heretofore to successfully till the soil have, with the exception of two, ceased to flow, and the springs and water courses have long since dried up. Hay, which can generally be bought for from \$4 to \$5 a ton, now commands \$18 a ton, baled, and few holders care to sell even at those figures. Recent arrivals from the north states that the drouth is general throughout that section, and the cattlemen look forward to serious losses the coming winter.

The Terrier and the Coyote.

We have a dog—a yaller dog—and the way we have bragged on that dog and his fighting qualities will, we fear, prove a bar to our passage through the pearly gates. We have told his pedigree and offered to back him against any other pup in the valley—in fact, our assurance has stayed off many a battle; but, alas, our pride in that direction has vanished. While riding forth in the sage brush country, the other day, we noticed a small coyote dodging our tracks; we proceeded to dog him, when something peculiar happened. The coyote commenced to pivot around a large, low bush with the yellow terrier in hard pursuit. Well, now, you see a coyote can beat a cyclone in speed, so it only took about two rounds before he gained on the dog enough to take a piece of meat out of his hind leg. To say that the terrier was astonished is to put it light. He fell over himself several times, hauled down the flag, and sought the shelter of the horse. That blamed coyote followed us for two miles, intent on a fight, but he did not get it. Bids will be received at our office for the terrier.—Salt River Valley News.

Worse Than Pleuro-Pneumonia.

Continuing, Inspector Devoe said: "Although we have almost stamped out pleuro-pneumonia, we have cases every day of a disease which, in my opinion, is more dangerous to both the human and brute family—that is tuberculosis, or consumption. While it is more dangerous than pleuro-pneumonia, its existence would not keep the district in quarantine. "There is no law which empowers us to destroy or condemn cattle afflicted with tuberculosis, and when we find it in an animal all we can do is to advise its owner to destroy it, for his own good and the good of his stock, for it is not only contagious among the cattle, but can be transmitted to the human family through its milk and in other ways. To prove this assertion we killed a cow last week afflicted with it, and, on an autopsy being made tubercles were found in its udder, or milk bag. In many cases where the inspectors find the disease very acute, they take the law in their own hands and destroy the animal."—Philadelphia Times.

A Modern Version of the Prodigal Son.

A young countryman was sent by his father to sell pigs in Oban. He got drunk, spent the money, and went off to Glasgow. Wandering about half starved, he was accosted by the minister of his native place, who got from him the facts. He advised Donald to return home, quoting the parable about the killing of the fatted calf. Donald obeyed, and one day the minister met him after returning home. "Weel, Donald," he said, "you've returned back as the prodigal of old. Did your father receive you with open arms? And did he kill the fatted calf for you?" "Deed no, minister, he didna do that, but he very near killed me.

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

Table comparing various baking powders: ROYAL (Absolutely Pure), GRANT'S (Alum Powder), BUNFORD'S, HANFORD'S, REDHEAD'S, CHARM, AMAZON, DAVIS', CLEVELAND'S, PIONEER, CZAR, DR. PRICE'S, SNOW FLAKE, LEWIS', PEARL, HECKER'S, GILLET'S, ANDREWS & CO., BUNFORD'S.

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D.

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. The Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public. H. A. MOTT, Ph. D.

"The Royal Baking Powder is purest in quality and highest in strength of any baking powder of which I have knowledge. WM. McMURTER, Ph.D.

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE.—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, besides affording the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair minded person of these facts.

\* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a comparatively high degree of strength, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous

DRS. BETTS & BETTS

Corner Champs and Seventeenth Streets, DENVER, COLO.



NERVOUS Debility, Spermatorrhea, Semina Vital Power, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Lassitude, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, Aversion to Society, Easily Discouraged, Lack of Confidence, Dull, Listless, Unfit for Study or Business, and finds life a burden. SAFELY, PERMANENTLY and PRIVATELY CURED.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Syphilis, a disease most horrible in its results, completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Blisters, Pimples, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Catarrh, etc. PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

URINARY Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Frequency of Urinating, Urine high colored or with milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

To Young Men and Middle-Aged Men.

A SURE CURE The awful effects of early weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreadful ills, permanently cured.

URETHRAL STRICTURE Permanently cured! Removal complete; neither knife, caustic or dilatation; without pain or injury. Proof indisputable.

DRS. BETTS Addresses those who have indulged in and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for business, study or marriage.

MARRIED MEN, or those entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly assisted.

OUR SUCCESS Is based upon facts. First—Practical Experience. Second—Every case is especially studied, thus starting right. Third—Medicines are prepared in our laboratory exactly to suit each case, thus effecting cures without injury.

Send 6 cents postage for celebrated works on Chronic, Nervous and Delicate Diseases. Thousands cured. A friendly letter or call may save you future suffering and shame and add golden years to life. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cents in stamps. Address or call on

DRS. BETTS & BETTS, Corner Champs and Seventeenth Streets, DENVER, COLO.

RIFLES 500 genuine Spencer 7-Shot Repeating Rifles, (of world-wide reputation,) of calibre, metallic cartridges. ONLY \$6.00.

The subscribers offer another lot of the above Rifles, having sold last season over 1000 of them. They are the genuine Spencer 7-shooter, and a bargain to anyone wanting a rifle for hunting, target, or defence; originally cost \$30.00 each, and only offered at above low price from having been sold at a large sale at a great sacrifice. Have patent cut off to magazine, making the arm a single loader or repeater at will; take the 50 calibre metallic cartridge; sighted from 100 to 900 yards. Cartridges 50 cents; or box; bristle brush 25 cents. It can also be used as a SHOT GUN, as Short Cartridges can be furnished, making it a Repeating Shot Gun. Price for Shot Cartridges, 75 cents per box.

Send P. O. Order, and order at once, as lot is small. Orders filled in rotation. Price only guaranteed for present lot. Cut this out, as it will not appear again. A discount to dealers ordering a case of ten or more. WM. READ & SONS, 107 Washington St., Boston, Mass. Established 1826.

CHAS. F. EASLEY (Late Register of the Santa Fe Land Office.)

Land Attorney & Agent.

Special attention to business before the U. S. Land offices at Santa Fe and Las Cruces. Office in First National Bank Building. Santa Fe, N. M.



SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.

DIVISION OF CATTLE. ROBERT MINGUS AND C. A. RATHBUN.

Robt. Mingus. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop left and underbit right.

Horse brand, generally on left hip or thigh. All horses' tails hobbled.

C. A. Rathbun. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop and split left.

Horse brand, on left shoulder or hip.

In consequence of the dissolution of the firm of Robt. Mingus & Co., the stock in the old brands

remain the undivided property of the old firm. Calves following cows in either of these brands are to be branded M, N, I as heretofore. The cattle so far divided have been branded

For account of Mingus. The M is on the left shoulder and generally through the M. The N cattle have been divided the same way. I on left shoulder and T right side, and all increase is to be branded M as in cut. And thus:

For account of Rathbun. The N is on the left hip and generally through the N. The I have been divided the same way. I on left hip and F on right side. The increase to be branded EI as in cut.

GRANT COUNTY.

Old and New Mexico Ranch and Cattle Co. Lot H. Baowx, Supt. P. O.: Hatchita, Grant county, N. M. Range, Alamo Hueco in southern end of Piyas valley, southwestern Grant county, New Mexico. Horse brand, on the right shoulder. Also some horses branded same as the cattle, as in cut.

Deming Land & Live Stock Co. Incorporated Nov. 1887. Successor of "Deming Cattle Co." WARREN BRISTOL, Pres. C. H. JONES, Vice-Pres. and Sec'y. C. H. DANZ, Treas. Place of business, Deming, N. M. Range, between vicinity of Deming and Cook Peak mountains. Brand as in cut—only brand kept up. Additional brand, LIV on left side. Horse brand the same, on left hip.

Carpenter-Stanley Cattle Co. P. O.: Fort Cummings. Range, east side of Cook's Peak, Grant county. Other brands, on left side. Horse brand, on left hip. Ear marks: Also, two underbits in each ear; crop left underbit right; underbit left crop right.

GRANT COUNTY.

Lindauer Cattle Co. S. LINDAUER, Manager. P. O.: Deming, N. M. Range, on McKnight's Cienega, on Upper Mimbres. Horse brand, SL on the left shoulder.

Lyons & Campbell. P. O.: Silver City, N. M. Range, Duck Creek, Mule Springs and Middle Gila, Grant county. Mark, crop and split left. Horse brand, anywhere on the left side.

MORA COUNTY.

J. F. LaTourrette, President. W. H. Wilcox, Sec'y and Treas. BRANDS OF THE WAGON MOUND Local Stock Growers' Associat'n Range, Wagon Mound. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M.

H. H. Chandler—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks.

Mrs. W. A. Crocker—Cattle branded on right hip, on right shoulder. Ear marks. Horses branded V on left shoulder.

J. S. Elzen—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks. Horses branded same on right shoulder.

S. H. Fairchild—Cattle branded on left side. Other brand, Z. Horse brand left shoulder same as cattle left side.

Grille Bros.—Cattle branded on right side. Horse brand same on left hip. Ear marks.

Holbrook Bros.—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left hip.

A. S. Isaacs—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks. Horse brand, on left hip.

S. Kall—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks.

J. F. LaTourrette—Cattle branded SU left side. L left shoulder. A left side.

Horses branded SU on left shoulder.

G. O. C. McCrohan—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks. Increase X on right jaw. Horses branded on left hip same as cattle on left side.

J. F. Maldaner—Cattle branded on left side. Horse brand same left shoulder. Ear marks.

T. C. Garlington—Cattle branded on right side. Horse brand, on right hip. Ear marks.

W. T. Marshall—Cattle branded on left shoulder, side and hip. Horses branded same on left hip. WTM

T. F. Maulding—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left hip. DX MX LX

H. C. Reed—Cattle branded on right shoulder, side and hip. Ear mark. Horses branded A on right shoulder.

Watkins & Ecton—Cattle branded on right hip, side and shoulder. THT

Horses branded H on right hip.

W. H. Wilcox—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left ramp. WAW

Robison & Clark Cattle Company. Cattle branded 88 on left side and hip. 16, T, H, H. Horse brand, T on right shoulder.

Leach & Lane Cattle Co. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Some cattle branded L on right hip and shoulder. Horses branded L on right shoulder.

W. T. Marshall. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, Escondido, south of Wagon Mound. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, under half crop left, over half crop right. Also have some cattle branded as in cut.

MORA COUNTY.

M. Johnston. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M. Range, Vermejo. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, crop right and swallowfork left.

The Wendling Cattle and Land Co. OF COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO. New Mexico Division. Range, on OK ranches, Mora county, and on Glen Mora ranch in Mora and San Miguel counties. HENRY WENDLING, Manager. A. L. CALVIN, Range foreman. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M. Brands: J, O, U, F, L, J, R, L, O, K, T. Office: 1754 Curtis street, DENVER, Colo.

H. T. Sinclair. P. O.: Wagon Mound, Range, Vermejo and Teta Vegue. All increase branded the same as old stock. Other brand, on right shoulder, side and hip. Horse brand, on the left shoulder.

The Riverside Cattle Company. W. B. BRUNTON, Manager. P. O.: Shoemaker, Mora county, N. M. Range, Cherry valley, Pinos Altos and vicinity, Mora county, N. M. Other brands: N I X on right side, kept up. C left side, kept up. Horse brand, 2 on right shoulder.

Portsmouth Cattle Co. E. E. HOLMES, Manager. P. O.: Kansas City, Mo. H. G. HOWARD, Supt., P. O.: Springer. Range, Colfax and Mora counties, New Mexico. Horse brand: Same as on cattle, as in cut. Some horses branded B B

Farr Bros. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Red River and Alamacitos. Horse brand, on left shoulder. Other cattle brand, on left side.

Also some cattle are branded with a flying V on side without slash.

H. D. Reinken. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range: Cherry Valley and vicinity, Mora county. Horse brand same on shoulder. Ear mark: Crop in left and two splits in right.

Aaron Bales. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Petroso canon and Cherry valley, Mora Co. All calves marked with overbit in left and two underbits in right.

T. E. MITCHELL, Range Manager, P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M.

Dubuque Cattle Co. General Management, Dubuque, Iowa. Range, Tequesquite, Ute creek and Tremperos, Colfax, Mora and San Miguel counties. Horse brands, X for MX or T left hip or shoulder. Other Brands: OO HD DU ED

All calves branded and marked as in cut, except thoroughbred calves in the OO brand, which is kept up.

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M. Range, head of Tramperos, Mora Co. Other brands, both on the left side. Horse brand, > or 35 on right shoulder.

MORA COUNTY.

Charles Sumner. P. O. Watrous, Mora Co. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Ear mark, two slits in left ear. Horse brand K left thigh.

Shepard & Hall. P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Range, Alamacitos. Ear marks, crop and underbit crop right; crop and underbit left. Other brands: this brand kept p. right shoulder, side and hip.

Horse brands, Y left hip; also on right hip.

COLFAX COUNTY.

Illinois Live Stock Co. J. S. HOLLAND, Manager. P. O.: Tramperos, N. M. Range, Tramperos. Some cattle are branded thus but all increase are branded as in cut. Ear marks—Crop and underbit left, and underbit right. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder.

S. M. Folsom. E. A. CAROON, Foreman. P. O.: Cimarron, Range, Cerososo Canon, Colfax county. Other brands, on right shoulder and on left side, also on left hip. Horse brand, on the left hip.

Home Land and Cattle Co. Principal office, Cass avenue and Second street, St. Louis, Mo. Range, on the Perico, Colfax county, N. M. Cattle branded on left hip and left side, and right hip and right side. Horses N on left hip, branded N

N—N on either side. LX on right hip and side. Additional Brands: N—N on right or left side. X on left side and hip. X on left jaw. N + N on right or left side with N on right or left hip. Various ear marks. Horse brands, N on left hip and N— on left hip.

Miller & Harshman. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Ocate, Colfax Co. Ear mark, crop and underbit left. Other brands, all on left side, shoulder and hip. Horse brand, on the right shoulder.

Palo Blanco Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Chico, Retaplen, Holkio, Palo Blanco, Don Carlos and Ute creek. Ear mark, swallow fork the left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left thigh. Also left side, slash on left shoulder, own left hip.

S. W. Dorsey. P. O.: Chico Springs, New Mexico. Range—Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinneguilla, Perico, Carrizo, Pinipottas, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county. Horse brand, same as above, on right shoulder. Additional Cattle Brands: left side and hip. on right side. left or right side. CS left hip or side. LRB on left side.

COLFAX COUNTY.



S. A. Kail. P. O. Wagon Mound. Range, Vermejo and Teta Vegue. Cattle have various ear marks. All increase marked as in cut.

Horse brands: Same as cattle on right hip



Henry K. T. Lyons. P. O., Raton, N. M. Range, Sugarite and Red river. Ear mark, sharpen the right ear. Horse brand, same on right hip.



Eagle Tail Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Raton, N. M. Range, Eagle Tail and Tenaja. Horse brand, same as the cut, on the left shoulder.



William McCartney. P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal. Ranch foreman, B. T. Luccock. Ranch P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, between head of canon Largo and Mora river. Ear marks, crop right, underbit left.

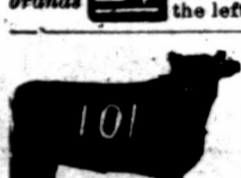
Also owns cattle branded VH on left side. All increase branded JS. Horse brand, JS on left shoulder.



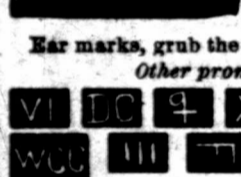
Range, Rincon and Arroyo de Los Alamocitas. Ear marks, crop right, underslope left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder.



H. S. Gratz. P. O.: Capulin, N. M. Range, Dry Cimarron, Colfax county. Marks, slit in right ear. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder.



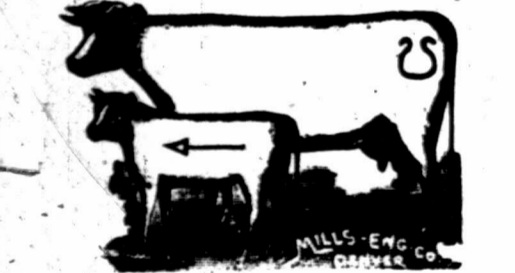
Other brands on the left side. Marked, with a slit in the right ear and tin tag in the left ear.



Western Land and Cattle Company. (Limited). Jas. A. FORRES, Gen. Mgr. 13 Delaware block, cor. of Seventh and Delaware Sts. Kansas City, Mo. Range, Cimarron river. P. O.: Madison, Colfax county, New Mexico.

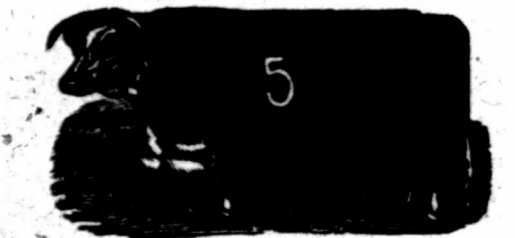
Ear marks, grub the right ear. Other prominent brands: VI, DG, XI, MK, A+, X, WCC, III, T, T, all on the right side, and VI right hip, VI right or left on the left shoulder or thigh, W on the right hip, T on the right hip.

The Akron Live Stock Company, Akron, Ohio. AUGUSTUS CURTISS, Manager. I. H. KINGMAN, Range Foreman. Postoffice, Springer, N. M.



Known as the "Stirrup" brand, formerly owned by Porter & Clouthier. Horse brand, same, on the left hip. Other brands and various other brands. Brand all calves with dart. Range, Ocate mesa and canon, Sweetwater and Cimarron river.

Urraca Hereford Ranch. FRANCIS CLUTTON. Postoffice, Cimarron, Colfax County N. M.



Thoroughbred herd, 9 left side. Ear mark, underbit right and left. Horse brand, 5 on the left shoulder.

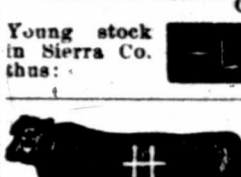
DONA ANA COUNTY.



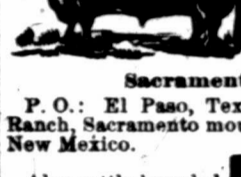
Mariano Barcia. P. O.: Mesilla, N. M. Range, west of the Rio Grande, from Picacho mountain west of Mesilla south to the buttes west of La Mesa.



Lynch Bros. P. O.: Colorado, N. M. Range, La Loma Parda, Sierra Co.; Las Uvas and Sance Springs, Dona Ana Co. Additional brands: Young stock in Dona Ana Co., thus: All horses are branded LB on the left side.



Young stock in Sierra Co. All horses are branded LB on the left side.



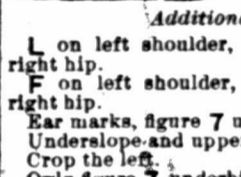
Sacramento Cattle Co. P. O.: El Paso, Texas. Range, Sacramento Ranch, Sacramento mountains, Dona Ana county, New Mexico. Also cattle branded O left side of neck. Also horses branded HS or H on left shoulder. Ear marks, crop right, swallowfork left. Old stock has H on left shoulder. Horses branded H on left thigh.



San Andreas Ranch. J. H. WILDY. P. O.: Las Cruces, N. M. Range, east side San Andreas mountains from Ash to Membrillo canons, inclusive. Horse brand, same on right shoulder. Additional Brands: L on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. F on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. Ear marks, figure 7 underbit in each ear. Underslope and upperbit in each ear. Crop the left. Only figure 7 underbit mark and brand as in cut kept up.



Additional Brands: L on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. F on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. Ear marks, figure 7 underbit in each ear. Underslope and upperbit in each ear. Crop the left. Only figure 7 underbit mark and brand as in cut kept up.



Additional Brands: L on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. F on left shoulder, side and thigh and J on right hip. Ear marks, figure 7 underbit in each ear. Underslope and upperbit in each ear. Crop the left. Only figure 7 underbit mark and brand as in cut kept up.

BERNALILLO COUNTY.



Mariano Perea. P. O. Bernalillo, N. M. Range, La Jara. Ear marks, swallow-fork left.



Jacobo Yrisarri. P. O. Albuquerque. Range, Trinchera mountains. Ear marks, swallow-fork, over and under hack in right ear. Other brands same as cut.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Trujillo Ranch Company. OF LAS VEGAS. Office of Browns & Manzanares. C. W. BROWN, Manager. P. O.: Endee, San Miguel county, N. M. Range, on Trujillo creek, in Oldham county, Texas; and San Miguel county, New Mexico. Additional Brands: W, X, C. All increase branded as in above cut. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder. Some horses have Star C on the left hip.



Additional Brands: W, X, C. All increase branded as in above cut. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder. Some horses have Star C on the left hip.



Additional Brands: W, X, C. All increase branded as in above cut. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder. Some horses have Star C on the left hip.



C. T. Degraftenreid. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo, San Miguel county, N. M. Horse brand, same as cattle.

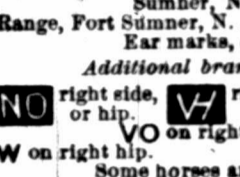
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Fort Sumner Land and Cattle Co. DAN. L. TAYLOR, President and Manager, Fort Sumner, New Mexico. Range, Fort Sumner, N. M. P. O.: Fort Sumner. Ear marks, crop the left. Additional brands—All kept up. NO right side, V right hip, X right hip or hip, VO on right side or hip, W on right hip. Some horses are branded VO.



Barash & Bloch. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Los Conchas. Cattle branded either side. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder. Ear marks, swallow fork each ear. Additional brand on left side. All increase branded as in cut.



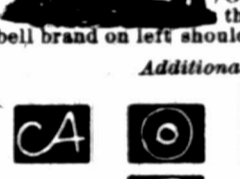
Waddingham Bell Ranch. MICHAEL SLATTERY, Mgr. P. O.: La Cinta, county of San Miguel, New Mexico. The range, Montoya Grant. All the horses on the ranch have the same bell brand on left shoulder. Additional Brands: CA, O, D, R, J, R, 82.



J. N. Degraftenreid & Sons. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. Saddle Horses branded SIX. Stock horses are branded O-O.



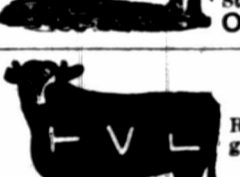
J. & E. Rosenwald. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county. Marked, crop the right. Also own cattle branded JRC.



Chas. S. Cowan. P. O. Glorieta, N. M. Ranges, Rincon de las Trozas, Red River, and Cow Creek, Upper Pecos. Horse brand 7 on left shoulder. Ear mark, crop the left, and upper half crop right. Some cattle branded TA on left side. All increase branded as in cut.



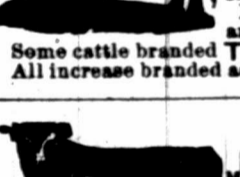
Pete Maxwell. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Pecos river, near Fort Sumner. Ear marks: Right ear cropped and split, and left ear cropped. Also claims VI.



Millhiser Bros. P. MILLHISER, Manager. P. O.: East Las Vegas. Range, Las Vegas grant. Ear marks vary in old cattle. Ear mark on increase, overslope each ear. Horse brand M on right hip or thigh.



Irwin & Rubidge. D. A. IRWIN. D. RUBIDGE. P. O.: Denver, Colorado. Range, Trujillo, N. M. DAY BROTHERS, Managers. P. O.: Liberty, New Mexico.



Ilfeld & Letcher. Postoffice, Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamosa. Also Chas. Ilfeld, I F E and 50. Horse brand, same as cattle.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



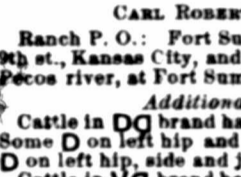
Myers Bros. & Livezey. Postoffice, Liberty, New Mexico. Horse brand, TTT on the left hip. Range, head of Arroyo Plaza Largo, and foot of Staked Plains, San Miguel county, New Mexico.



Quincy & Las Vegas Cattle Co. W. S. LYON, Manager. P. O.: Cabra Springs. Horse brand same on left shoulder. Ear marks, double jinglebob right; swallowfork left.



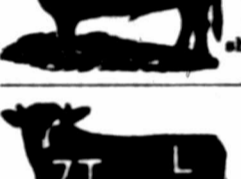
Sam Does. CARL ROBERTS, Foreman. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner. Address, 508 East 9th st., Kansas City, and Trinidad, Colo. Range, Pecos river, at Fort Sumner. Additional Brands: Cattle in DO brand have also following brands: Some D on left hip and left jaw; a few branded D on left hip, side and jaw. Cattle in VO brand have also following brands: Some U right loin; some T right on loin; some F right side. None of these left brands are kept up. All increase is on right side branded and marked as in cut. All horses branded DO on right thigh.



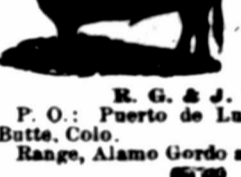
Governor C. H. Moore. P. O.: Puerto de Luna. Range, Upper Yeko. Various ear marks. Horses branded same on shoulder.



E. G. & J. W. Carlisle. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M., and Crested Butte, Colo. Range, Alamo Gordo and Juan de Dios. Horse brand, on left thigh, high up. Various ear marks for these brands.



Other brands: None of XV on All increase



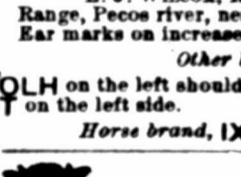
Other brands: None of XV on All increase



Other brands: None of XV on All increase



Other brands: None of XV on All increase



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Other brands: None of XV on All increase



Other brands: None of XV on All increase



Other brands: None of XV on All increase




Other brands: None of XV on All increase





LINCOLN COUNTY.

**A. E. Powers.**  
Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M.  
Ranch P. O., Powers' ranch, Red canon, Socorro county, N. M.  
Horse brand same as cattle, same place.



**Other Brands:**  
BUK Crop and under half crop left, crop right.  
EUK Crop and under half crop left, crop and underbit right.  
Both brands on both sides of animal.


**A. M. Rogers & Son.**  
P. O. Independence, Mo. Range, Canaditas (with McBroom.)  
A few fine young bulls for sale. Parties in need of either high grade or thoroughbred bulls will please correspond with us.

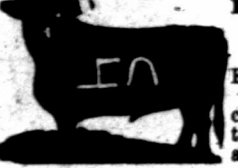
**El Capitan Land and Cattle Company.**  
P. O.: Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, New Mexico. Range, north of El Capitan mountains, Lincoln county.

**Other brands:**  
MEL left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks slit and underbit right.  
COM left shoulder, side and hip. Underslope.  
OWL on left side. Marked crop right, underbit left.  
D left side and hip. Ear marks, split both ears.  
Horse brand on hip.

**Deak Good.**  
P. O.: Paris, Texas. Range, Los Portales, Staked Plains. All increase branded FX. Ear mark, underbit left. Old brand, GOOD. Ear marks, underslope each ear.




**Lea Cattle Company.**  
J. C. LEA, Manager. W. M. Atkinson, Range Foreman.  
P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Hondo, North Spring and Pecos rivers, and on the Aqua Azul, Blackwater and Baca Ranches, all in Lincoln Co.




Ear marks, crop and split left, split right. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Ear marks sometimes reversed.

**Additional brands:**  
E side, and also some on side and hip. W side, JB on hip or loin. LEA on side, or shoulder, side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.  
**Horse brand:**  
L on left shoulder and A on left thigh. Part branded only on left shoulder thus: [Diagram]


**Sutherland & Farrell**  
P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, above Roswell.  
Other brands: All cattle have two bars across the butt.




**George G. Gans.**  
P. O.: South Fork, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Pleasant valley, 9 miles north of Upper Penasco. Marked, crop both ears. Horses branded same as cattle, on left shoulder. Also own all cattle branded G on both sides.



**J. & J. S. Reynolds.**  
A. B. ALLEN, Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, 8 miles below Cedar Canon on the Pecos river.  
Horse brands J on left shoulder



**John Shaw & Co.**  
W. M. MAILAND, Supt. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yesso and Pecos river.  
Horse brand, X-- on the left shoulder. Increase brand both sides



LINCOLN COUNTY.


**The Holt Live Stock Co.**  
WILLIAM T. HOLT, President. MYRON W. JONES, Manager.  
Office, Opera House block, Denver, Colorado. P. O. box 2163.  
A. TEMPLE THORN, Cashier and Accountant.  
L. WALLACE HOLT, Rivers, N. M., Asst. Manager.



Breeding range, on the west side of Pecos river, Lincoln county, New Mexico. GEORGE WILCOX, foreman; P. O., Seven Rivers, N. M.  
Steer range, in Elbert and Bent counties, Colo. W. A. WAGGONER, foreman; P. O., Hugo, Colo.  
Horse brands: AC on the left hip, Q on the left hip, brands: AC left hip, Q on thigh.  
Thoroughbred Hereford and Polled Angus breeding farm, Horse Creek, O. Z. postoffice, Colo.


VALENCIA COUNTY.

**Davenport Live Stock Company.**  
M. B. BOWMAN, Manager. P. O.: Chilili, N. M. Range, Buffalo Springs Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip




This company will pay a reward of \$300 for each and every conviction and sending to the penitentiary of any one illegally handling any stock in its brands.

**J. A. Johnson & Co.**  
P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Range, San Jose ranch, on A. & P. railroad, forty-seven miles from Albuquerque.  
Horse brand, J left hip. Various earmarks



**L. P. BRADLEY, Pres. T. S. MUMFORD, Secy. Cebolla Cattle Co.**  
P. O.: Santa Fe, N. M.; box 218. Range, Valencia county, near Fort Wingate. Horse brand, the same.

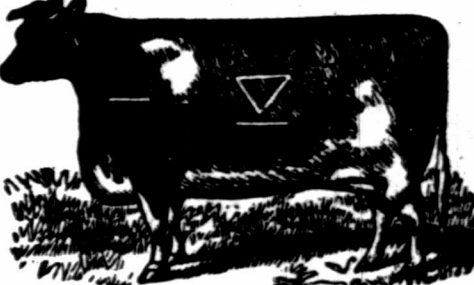


**W. P. METCALF, Superintendent. JAS. A. STINSON, Ranch Manager.**

New Mexico Cattle Breeding Company.



P. O.: Chilili. Range, Estancia grant, Valencia county. Horse brand circle on the left hip.




**Tusas Valley Cattle Co.**  
P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Coolidge, N. M.  
Ranches in Valles de Las Tusas. Range, between Bluewater and Coolidge, along line of A. & P. R. R.  
Old stock are branded K on left side; since 1883 all branded as in K on the cut. Ear marks, crop right, under half crop left. Horses branded K or V left shoulder.




**Acoma Land and Cattle Co.**  
P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City. E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City. J. E. SAINT, Vice-Prest. and Mgr., Grants, N. M. Range, the Acoma Grant, and territory adjoining west and north.  
Horse brand, ALC on the left hip.

SOCORRO COUNTY.



**Nathan Hall Cattle Company.**  
NATHAN HALL, Manager. P. O. Magdalena, New Mexico. Range, Apachita creek, Tulerosa creek and Gallo Springs, Socorro county.  
Horse brand, NH connected, same as on cut, on the left hip.  
Also have cattle branded O on left side and hip with ear mark crop and under back left and jangle-bob right.  
All increase branded as in cut.



**WS Ranch.**  
P. O.: Alma, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Francisco river, Socorro Co. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder or thigh.



**JAMES D. REED, Pres. G. L. BROOKS, Sec'y. SAM N. DEDRICK, Manager.**

**J. D. Reed Cattle Company.**  
P. O.: Socorro, N. M. Range, western slope of the Magdalena mountains, Gallinas and Hiercloso mountains, and the Bear Springs, all in Socorro county, New Mexico.  
Bars across hips as in cut on both sides. Ear marks, half under crop left and crop right. sharpen the left and crop the right.

**Other brands:**  
COD left side, right loin  
left side, right loin  
left side.  
Horse brand left hip saddle horses. rt. sh'lder stock horses.

**Nigrita Cattle Co.**  
JOHN BELL, Foreman. P. O.: Alma, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, South of Nigrita, Mogollons. Horses are branded the same as cattle but on the left hip.




**Western Union Cattle, Land and Irrigation Company.**  
A. P. BLAKE, President. JOHN E. ALLEY, Vice-President. G. L. BROOKS, Secretary. T. J. WRIGHT, Manager. P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Range, Ojo Caliente, Socorro county.

**Horse Brands:** [Diagram] shoulder hip  
**Other Brands:** [Diagram] shoulder hip  
[Diagram] shoulder [Diagram] hip

SOCORRO COUNTY.

**Illinois Cattle Company.**  
S. P. JOHNS, Manager. JULIUS M. ESTIS, Foreman  
P. O.: San Marcial, Range, between Magdalena and San Mateo mountains, and on west side of Rio Grande river, between San Marcial and Cantaritas.



**HORSE BRAND.**  
Other brand on the left side and left hip. Ear marks, crop the right and underslope the left.

**Glorieta Cattle Co.**  
HOWELL & READ, Mangers. Pasture, with Howell & Read. Ear marks, underhalf crop both ears. Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.



**Hurst, Black, Kiehne & Wiley.**  
Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrita river, Socorro county, N. M. Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right. Above brand and ear mark kept up. Horse brand Y on left hip. Additional Brands, not kept up.




**Curwen & Norris.**  
P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains.

**Additional Brands:**  
[Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram]  
[Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram] [Diagram]  
and [Diagram] on right side, and 7HL on left side.

All the increase of above brands, branded same as in cut with the addition of N right side of neck or jaw. Ear mark, crop and two splits in each ear. Horse brand, C-N on right thigh.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.

**Liberty Cattle Co.**  
W. C. BISHOP, Manager, Big Springs, Texas.



This brand kept up. Ranch: Dawson county, Texas.


**Lee-Scott Cattle Co.**  
P. O.: Tascosa, Texas. Range, Oldham and Hartley counties, Texas.  
Horse brand: LS, S or [Diagram] on the left hip



**Additional Brands:**  
LS both sides; marked, crop and split both ears. left side; over both sides; crop and half crop, under bit left. split right and split the left.  
[Diagram] both sides; split each ear. Also, [Diagram] all on the left side.  
GM left side; marked, underslope each ear, all steers.

In addition to the reward offered by the association, we will pay a reward of three hundred dollars for the conviction of any one stealing, butchering or illegally branding any of our stock, or marking any of our calves.  
**LEE-SCOTT CATTLE CO.**

**Fresnell & Mussey.**  
P. O.: Fort Stockton, Tex. Range, Comanche creek and Pecos river, Texas. Ear marks, sharpen left ear. Horse brands on left hip.



**SOCORRO COUNTY.**



**Bell & Taylor.**

P. O.: Socorro, N. M. Range, Occulta mountains, Socorro county. Horse brand, XK on left shoulder.

**JOHN R. HOWELL.**



**HENRY B. READ. Howell & Read.**

P. O.: San Marcial, N. M. Range, Rio Grande river, San Juan springs, Cedar springs, and Negal creek, Socorro county and Rio Grande river and Penasco springs, Sierra county, N. M.

Ear marks, crop and split both ears. Horse brand, same as cattle, but on left hip.



**Deer Park Cattle Company.**

**FRANK H. WINSTON, Manager.**

P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Ranches, at Elk mountains, Socorro county.

Also owns the following brands: Horse brand, on the left shoulder.

**SOCORRO COUNTY.**



**C. S. Roberts.**

P. O.: San Marcial, N. M. Ranges, Los Burros, 30 miles west of San Marcial, Socorro county. Ear marks, crop right and small crop and half circle above and below in left; also, skin cut on nose. Horse brand, same as cut on left hip. Cattle branded either side and hip.



**Black Range Land and Cattle Co.**

J. B. FERRIS, Manager. P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Range, on head of Gila, Socorro county, N. M. DD left side.

Ear mark, crop the right. Horses branded D on left hip.

**Iowa and New Mexico Ranch Company.**

JUSTUS CLARK, President, Red Oak, Iowa. BENJ. B. CLARK, Vice Pres., Red Oak, Iowa. PAUL F. CLARK, Sec. and Treas., Red Oak, Iowa.



P. O. Magdalena, New Mexico.

Range, Socorro and Valencia counties. All increase branded as on left calf, in cut, and marked crop right and underslope left.

**SOCORRO COUNTY.**



**J. C. TIFFANY, Manager, San Marcial, N. M.**

**BOSQUE BONITA**

**Land & Cattle Company**

**SAN MARCIAL,**

**SOCORRO COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.**

Holstein cows, high grade Shorthorn and Hereford cattle. Berkshire hogs.

**UPCHER, STEVENS & BURR.**

**R. A. JONES, Range Superintendent.**

Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico.

Range, Tularosa and San Francisco Rivers, and Johnson Basin, Socorro county, New Mexico.



We run two brands, SU and M—F. Ear mark, crop the right and split the left, for both brands. Horse brand, SU on left thigh or left shoulder.

All increase of the following brands, also owned by us, is put in the above brands and marks.

MAY on side, S on hip. BEL on side, S on hip. on side. on side.

ALA on side, @ on hip. U @ on side. on side. on side. MON on side, S on hip.

on side, S on hip. A on both sides. All brands on left side. Other horse brands, US and JON S on left hip.

**The Armijo House,**

**ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.**

**NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.**

Every modern convenience has been added, making it one of the best hotels in the southwest. Commercial travelers will find commodious sample rooms. The bar and billiard room are the finest in the territory. Its nearness to business, street car lines, opera house, depots, etc., make it desirable in every way. Requesting your patronage, respectfully,

**W. E. TALBOTT, Proprietor.**

**CHAS. E. BONSALL, Manager.**

**DETROIT AND RIO GRANDE LIVE STOCK CO.**

**PHILLIP MOTHERSILL, General Manager.**



P. O.: Engle, N. M.

Range, Jornada del Muerto, Caballo and Sa Andreas mountains.

Ear marks, crop and split left.

Horse brand or JJ left hip.

**LINCOLN COUNTY.**

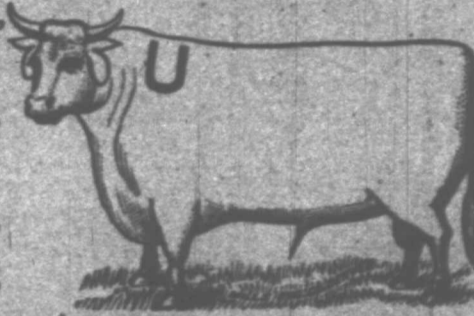
**WM. ROBERT,**

Postoffice,

Roswell, Lincoln county, New Mexico.

Ranges,

Breeding range, on the Pecos river, New Mexico. Steer range, on the San Pedro river, in Cochise county, Arizona.



Horse Brand,

U on the left shoulder.

Ear Marks,

Jinglebob in both ears

Same brand and marks kept up on both the steer and breeding ranges. All increase of following brands, which I own, marked and branded as in main cut.



Underslope each ear.



Overslope each ear.



Crop left, under half crop right.



Crop and underbit left same same mark right



Crop and under half crop each ear.



Crop right and under-slope left.



Swallow fork in either ear.



Crop the left and under half crop right.



Crop left, underslope right.



Crop the right.



**THE ANGUS V V RANCH.**

**KIRBY & CEKE.**



Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, New Mexico.

Range, Rio Salado, Rio Bonito, Little creek, Eagle creek, and Rio Ruizosa.

Ear marks, underbit in each ear.

Horse brand, V on the left shoulder.

Additional Brands:

on right side, underbit both ears. on left side, or either side. on either hip. on the left side.

on left shoulder, side and hip. Marked, crop right and underslope left.

**COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO.**

**THE BLOOM CATTLE CO.**

**FRANK G. BLOOM, General Manager, Trinidad, Colorado.**

Also own the following brands:



Half undercrop left, crop right.

Swallowfork left, split right.

Swallowfork left, crop and underbit right.



All increase branded same as cut and marked swallowfork right, and tin tag in the left.

Horse and Steer range, Apishapa Tump creek, Bent and Lockwood canons, Colorado. W. F. Bloom, Foreman, Postoffice, Thatcher, Colorado.

Breeding range, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, New Mexico. JOHN BURNS, Foreman, Postoffice, Lincoln, New Mexico, care Circle Diamond ranch.

Breeding ranch cattle. JAS. X. Y. SUTHERLAND, Foreman.

P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, west of Roswell.

Additional Brands:



on left side and upper half crop. on left hip. Ear mark underbit left, crop right.

on left side, same as boot. on left hip. Ear mark, bar cattle.

on left side and hip. Ear mark, crop and split in left and underbit in right.

on left side, upper half crop. on left hip. Ear mark, left, under half crop right on left side. Various ear marks.



J. RAYNOLDS, President.  
 JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, Cashier.  
 A. B. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, President.  
 J. RAYNOLDS, Vice-President.  
 M. W. FLOURNOY, Cashier.

J. RAYNOLDS, President.  
 JOHN W. ZOLLARS, Vice-President.  
 H. S. KAUFMAN, Cashier.

The First National Bank

The First National Bank

The First National Bank

LAS VEGAS, N. M.

ALBUQUERRUE, N. M.

EL PASO, TEXAS.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$40,000.

SURPLUS FUND, \$15,000.

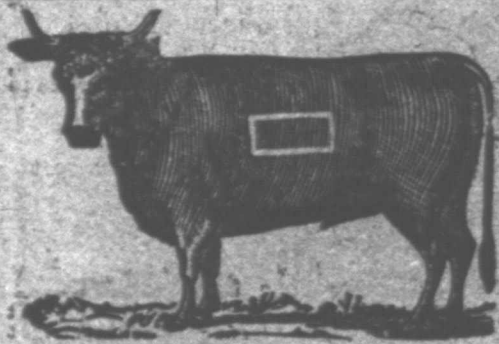
SURPLUS FUND, \$20,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

Designated U. S. Depository. Depository of A. & P. R. R. and A. T. & S. F. R. R.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. and Mexican Central R. R.

SOUTHERN COLORADO.



George W. Thompson.  
 P. O. Address: Trinidad, Colorado.  
 Ranges in western portion of Las Animas county, Colorado, and eastern portion of Colfax county, N. M.  
 Some branded same as above on right side.  
 Some cattle in the following brands on either side or hip: WI HH TI Various ear marks.  
 Horses also branded same as on above cut, but smaller, on the left shoulder or left thigh.

New Haven Cattle Company.  
 W. W. THOMPSON, Foreman.  
 F. T. BRADLEY and C. K. DEWELL, Assistants.



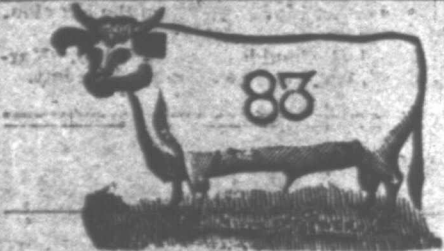
Postoffice, Trinidad, Colorado.  
 Range, Lower Apishapa.  
 Brand as here given.  
 Ear marks, under half crop to left.  
 Horse brand same as cattle brand.



Laue & Murray.  
 P. O.: West Las Animas, Colorado.  
 Range, Fort Lyon to Mud creek, Colorado.  
 Ear marks, underslope and underbit each ear.

Additional brands:  
 Triangle on jaw. V left loin. V right side.  
 P on left side. FS left side. 22 left side.  
 Horse brand, HL (converted) on left shoulder.

ARIZONA.



Santa Rita Cattle Co.  
 ISAAC N. TOWY, Superintendent.  
 Postoffice, Calabasas, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Range, Santa Cruz river, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Calves of 1886 and imported bulls are branded same as cut on left hip.



A. L. Morrison & Son.  
 P. O.: Springerville, Arizona.  
 Home ranch, Mamie creek, near Escadilla Mts.  
 Ear marks, underslope right, crop left.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, on right hip.



C. H. Ward.  
 GEORGE FUSIS, Manager.  
 P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Range, Sulphur Spring Valley, six miles north of Wilcox, A. T.  
 Ear marks, crop left, underslope right.  
 Cattle branded on right hip.



Hunings & Cooley.  
 Breeders and Importers of Thoroughbred and Graded Cattle.  
 P. O.: Show Low, Apache county, Arizona.  
 Horse brand, same as on cattle, on left shoulder.

ARIZONA.

\$1,000

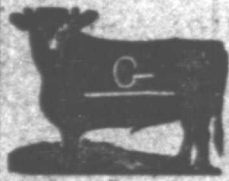
REWARD! I desire to call attention to my marks and brands for cattle, as shown in cut. I sell no stock cattle, and will pay \$1,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons unlawfully handling cattle in the following brand and marks.



J. H. Hampson.

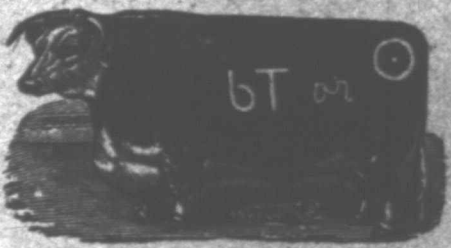
P. O.: 481 Nelson building, Kansas City, Mo.  
 Ranch P. O.: Camp Thomas, Arizona.  
 Range, on Eagle creek, Graham county, Arizona. WILLIAM CRACK, Foreman.  
 Ear marks, crop and split left, crop right.  
 Horse brand, L on the left shoulder.

Gardiner, Gillies & Wilmerding.



P. O.: Navajo Springs, Apache county, Arizona.  
 Range, Deer and Cedro Springs, Apache county.  
 Ear marks, right ear is grubbed.

All cattle in addition to above brand, have an X on the left jaw.  
 Horses are all branded G on right shoulder.



Cameron Bros.

Postoffice, Lochiel, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Range, on the San Rafael de la Zanja Grant.  
 Ear marks, right cropped, left slit.  
 All cattle in the quarter-circle U brand are marked underslope the right, swallowfork in left.  
 Horse brand, like cut.  
 Also own the following brands, kept up:



Smith, Carson & Co.

P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizona  
 Telegraph and express office, Navajo Springs  
 Atlantic and Pacific railroad.  
 Ear marks: Crop of the left. Horses branded: [mark]

R. G. McDONALD, COOLEY & HUNTER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealer

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Special attention given to ranch trade.  
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ANSWER TO INQUIRIES, \$1.00  
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\$250 Reward.

OFFICE OF THE A. & P. CATTLE ASSO., GRANES, New Mexico.  
 A reward of \$250 will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person unlawfully handling stock belonging to any member of this association, and \$100 for each additional person implicated in the same offense. Also a reward of \$100 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons for killing cattle and not preserving the hides for inspection.  
 G. H. PRAYT, President.  
 J. E. SAINT, Secretary.

COOLEY & HUNTER,

Proprietors Livery, Feed and Sale

Stables,

CLOSED CARRIAGES, MOUNTAIN WAGONS, OPEN CARRIAGES, AND SADDLE HORSES.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

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NORTHWEST CORNER OF PLAZA.

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LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

Boots and Shoes to Order.

SOLE AGENT FOR M. D. WELLS & CO.

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