

STOCK RANGES

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Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

Fifth Year, No. 29.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, SEPTEMBER 29, 1888.

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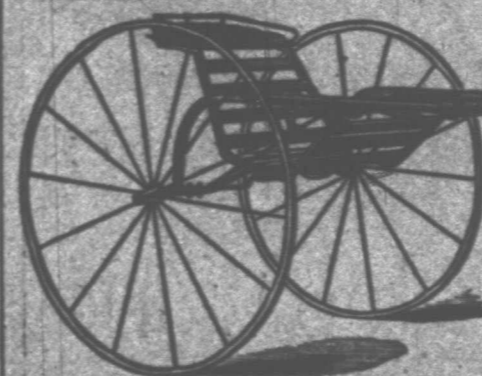
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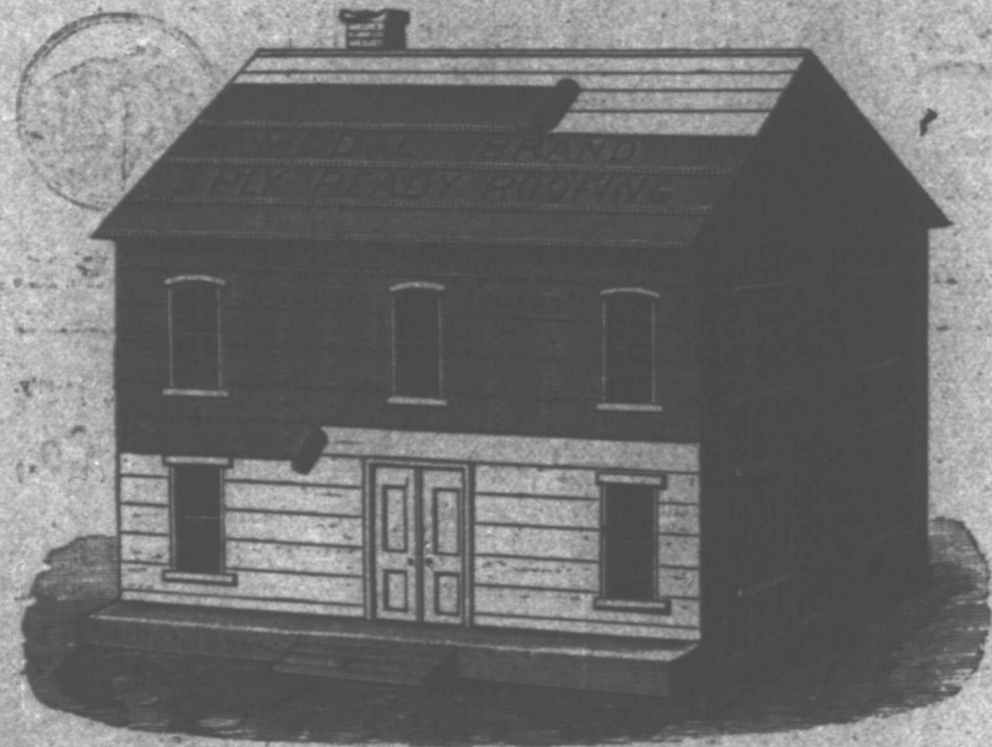
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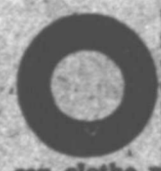
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STOCK ROWER

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I beg leave to report to you, as my conclusion of the whole matter of the investigation that I have made, that there is no inspection of any kind from the time the cattle leave the yards (Chicago) until they are put in the refrigerator car; hence there is no precaution taken against diseased and unwholesome meat being placed in those cars and shipped to other markets. From what I saw it is clear that diseased meat is intermixed with good meat without any chance of being detected after once shipped, and so long as this system is continued by these large dealers so long may we expect that our markets will be more or less subject to the sale of meat wholly unfit for domestic purposes.—Meat Inspector McCutcheon, of Pittsburgh.

How the bulls of Bashan do bellow since a person went among them taking notes as to their methods of conducting the abattoir business. The *Drover's Journal* calls it "baseless twaddle," but the people call the practices which the dressed beef men are engaged in detestable.

AN alarming evil to our ranges appears in the number and hungriness of the wolves which, since the cold weather in the north two years ago, are over-running the land. If there are any more choice blessings in store for the cattle industry, we trust they may all be bestowed during the present year.

THE big four are frank enough to say that they don't want inspection laws. In this instance it seems to be about 60 millions of people against a half dozen men. The laws will be passed, however, as the people thoroughly understand how the public health is imperilled by the cupidity of Armour et als.

THE butchers' associations throughout the east are doing most effective work to correct the evils foisted upon their industry by the Chicago dressed beef men. Their position, influence and the efforts they are making to regulate the business of meat handling will be seen in all its power at the St. Louis

conference. The butchers only ask of the big four equality as a basis of trade. The big four politely suggest to the butchers that they warm their shins on bones in sheol.

IT REQUIRES considerable bull dog tenacity to hold on to range cattle raising under the many discouragements now surrounding the business. This kind of grit, however, will carry him who possesses it through to success in due time. It should not be forgotten that the population of the United States will have been increased this year of grace fully one million of souls by immigration. There will be at the lowest computation fully two millions fewer cattle in the country by January next than there were at the beginning of this year. The beef producer may confidently expect in the near future much easier sailing than he has been accustomed to for many months.

IDAHO cattlemen have begun shipping steers in the new improved palace car to the Atlantic sea board, 360 head of 1350 lbs. steers belonging to the Soda Springs Land and Cattle company having been sent forward this week. The stock is fed and watered in transit. A time schedule of twenty-five miles an hour has been figured, which should deliver the stock in New York in less than 120 hours, fresh from the Idaho ranches 2500 miles distant. It is intended to establish a regular rapid transit line, each train being equipped with a dining and sleeping car, in charge of a train master and special crew. The stock will not be unloaded, and the only delays will be one or two hours in replenishing the water tanks. The animals will be feeding at all hours on the journey. And thus is it attempted to evade the unrighteous tolls of the Chicago beef combine.

ARE live stock inspection laws an injury to honest men who look upon the meat industry as a legitimate enterprise for the proper employment of capital and brains? Then why did Armour, Swift, Hammond & Co. send Elmer Washburne, president of the Chicago Stock Yards company, to Pittsburgh, to induce the common council not to make laws prohibiting the sale of Chicago dressed beef in that city? The Chicago four know that they have it within their power to close every independent butcher shop in the land, and force the people to buy their diseased meats. The contest should not cease until the rights of the people in this matter are supreme. It remains with the people whether Armour and

his friends strengthen their position or become amenable to laws that will protect the public from their rapacity. The big four will go down in the end.

THE bankers of the western country are particularly requested by one of the leading members of the banking industry, as will be found elsewhere in this issue, to lend their assistance, by their presence, to the St. Louis conference of November 20th, in order to carry to a successful issue the plan put under way to correct some of the abuses which are now a part of the business of beef production. Mr. Reynolds' address is broad, most earnest in spirit, moderate in tone, and shows clearly how deeply the evils from which so many classes of business men are suffering, by the direct as well as indirect operations of the handful of men who have throttled the beef producing and meat handling industry, are rooted in the hearts of the business community. The ways of the dressed beef men are reprehensible, and the combined efforts of all who are injuriously affected will be necessary to break away from their grasp. There is no question of vaster importance before the people of the United States today in its correlative influence upon their interests than the beef question. It touches the home life of every man, woman and child in the country. And it has now come to that point whether those whose interests are so sensibly affected shall submit further to grievous wrongs or by active and intelligent resistance remove the causes which produce them. The nib of the call to the bankers is contained in the words, "The burdens of monopolistic oppression should be removed." And we hope to be able to respond in due time to the Macedonian cry of Mr. Reynolds, *They are removed.*

BASELESS TWADDLE.

The Chicago *Drover's Journal* of September 17th contained an editorial entitled "Baseless Twaddle," in which it refers to the papers both east and west which for the last two or three years have been waging war against the big four. The substance of the article referred to is in the nature of an apology for the big four. This is to be expected from the *Drover's Journal*, which apparently from its expressions at different times has tried to straddle both sides of the fence. It was only a short time ago that the *Drover's Journal* contained a short original paragraph condemning in the strongest possible terms monopolies and combines which was very generally commended, and which placed that pa-

per on the side of the fence where cattle raisers, cattle feeders, butchers and the beef consumers of the United States stand. The article in the *Drover's Journal* under the head of "Baseless Twaddle" is as strong in the interests of the big four and in condemnation of the efforts that the live stock papers of the country, and in fact the press generally, are making against dressed beef men in the interest of the people of the United States, as if it had been written by some member of the beef combine and paid for at so much a line. The article referred to calls attention to the advance in prices paid for cattle about the 1st of June, and tries to make it appear that if the big four could fix prices of cattle to suit themselves that "they could have kept the price down in June instead of letting the market get away with them." This sophistry of the *Drover's Journal* has been answered time and time again by the live stock papers of the country, and was especially knocked out by Major A. W. Hillard, vice-president of the International Range association, in a recent interview in the *Dallas News*, in which he said in substance that whenever the big four permitted the market to get away from them, as the *Drover's Journal* says, it is simply because they want to bait cattle into their toll mills, the same as the spider baited the poor fly into his web. The big four do not want to "kill the goose that lays the golden egg." They have the power to keep prices down all the time if they chose to exercise it, that is, until the people would arise in their might and pass laws curtailing their powers, which the people are now about to do. Whenever the big four permit cattle to advance a little in price, they take a dollar off the price of cattle a few days later for every 50 cents they pay for cattle during these spurts in the market. When we consider that some of the members of the big four are selling animal fats, cotton seed oil and their compounds under the label of "refined lard," we need not expect them to be governed by any high moral principles in their treatment of the cattle producers of the country. They, in short, are running their business for every dollar there is in it, and the commercial methods which they are pursuing in order to make the most money out of their business, would naturally cause them to operate together for the purpose of depressing prices of cattle on hoof without lowering the prices of the cattle products which they sell. The *Drover's Journal* about two years ago contained occasional truthful statements show-

ing the evil effect of the operations of the Armour crowd on the Chicago market. Western journals used to keep prominently displayed in their columns in large type these statements from the *Drover's Journal*, which were very annoying to that paper, when it chose to take the other side of the fight. If there ever has been any "Baseless Twaddle" in any papers in the United States in relation to the beef question, a careful examination of the files of the *Drover's Journal* would show more "Baseless Twaddle" on both sides of the question than is contained in all other papers combined.

INFORMATION WANTED ABOUT WESTERN CATTLE.

The request made by Secretary Taylor, of the International Range association, at the instance of the commissioner of agriculture, of the cattlemen of the west for more complete information as to the number and value of bovine stock upon our ranges than is furnished by the assessment rolls, is in line with an often expressed wish of the STOCK GROWER and other journals in the range country. In estimating the extent of the range cattle industry as respects values and numbers, we do not know where it has ever been done except approximately. We do not believe that such a condition of unreliable statistics attaches to any other industry in the United States of equal importance with ours. It is to the discredit of the cattle business that there is no agency in the distinctive range cattle growing states and territories from which accurate data respecting the industry can be supplied. The subject of organizing a bureau for the more complete handling of this important question, was brought up about one year ago by Dr. Ames, of the Consolidated Cattle Growers' association of the United States, but like most matters pertaining to western cattle interests taken up by that association, it has been allowed to drop into helpless dependency. In the rearrangement of range cattle raising now going on, the progressive men of the industry should set themselves to the task of formulating a plan for the ascertainment of facts which shall have the merit of giving trustworthy statistical information as to every feature of cattle raising. We hope that the work inaugurated by the commissioner of agriculture will be taken up by the cattlemen and prosecuted until such information as is wanted by him is a matter of record and is no longer left to the approximation which guesses alone afford. Upon this matter the Fort Worth *Gazette* aptly says:

It has been charged that the depreciation in cattle values which has existed for several years back has been caused by an over-production of cattle. The secretary of the International Range association, for the information of the executive committee of that body, has sent out a circular to western cattlemen asking them to please communicate with him at Denver, Colorado, informing him whether the renditions of cattle for taxation in the various counties where cattle are kept are greater or less than the actual number of cattle in those counties. It is a well-known fact that in some counties only about one-half the actual number of cattle are rendered for taxation, while in other counties in the same state perhaps two-thirds of the actual number or maybe the full number are rendered. It is immaterial so far as taxation for county purposes is concerned what proportion of the actual cattle may be rendered for taxation, for the reason that in counties where renditions include only half the actual property the county assessments on that half must be twice as high as if the whole amount were given to the assessor. So this question from a standpoint of taxation is immaterial. But it must be considered in order to get at the actual number and value of cattle in the country with any degree of certainty. The ascertainment of this knowledge will be of great value to the live stock industry. For if it should appear that there is a large over-production of cattle in the country the spaying knife should be used to a greater extent, and herds should be cut down in numbers, until the number of cattle in the country is re-

duced to a point where the business of cattle raising will be profitable. But if, on the other hand, it should be established as a fact that the number of cattle in the country to-day is not greater in proportion to the population than it was at a time when cattle values were highest, then it would appear that something is radically wrong, and that the present low prices are not attributable to over production. Cattlemen throughout the western states and territories would render the industry a great service by writing to the secretary of the International Range association at Denver, giving all possible information on the subject.

Explains Itself.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Sept. 23, 1888.
Special to the Stock Grower:
It is reported in your country that the cattle shipped from points in the Panhandle of Texas are put in yards here kept separate for southern Texas cattle, which is not true, as all cattle from northern Texas, any part of New Mexico and Arizona are admitted into the main yards.
IRWIN, ALLEN & Co.

Pleuro-Pneumonia Under Control.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY, WASHINGTON, D. C., September 19, 1888.
J. D. Warner, Esq., Secretary Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico, Las Vegas, New Mexico.
DEAR SIR:—In reply to your favor of the 14th inst. I would say that pleuro-pneumonia is now confined to the states of Maryland, New Jersey and New York. All of the infected herds found in Pennsylvania have been slaughtered and we have not discovered any new ones for some weeks.

I think a quarantine against the three states mentioned, with provision for the admission of cattle from these if shown that they came from healthy localities, is sufficient to protect your territory. The infected counties of New York are Westchester, New York, Kings and Queens. In Maryland the disease is confined to Baltimore county. In New Jersey it is confined to counties in the vicinity of Jersey City.
Very respectfully,
D. E. SALMON,
Chief of Bureau.

Don't Spay Old Range Cows.

An interesting revelation as to the results of spaying old cows upon their market value, is afforded by the experience of the Cedar Valley Land & Cattle company, who recently shipped a train load of cows to the Kansas City market, the shipment being divided between two firms, the dry cows going to one and the spayed to the other. Both lots brought the same price, \$1.95 per cwt., but the spayed cows were thirty-four pounds per head lighter than the unspayed. This has demonstrated to the management the important economic point that nothing is gained by spaying old cows; in fact, that it is rather a detriment to this portion of the herd and productive of loss, as their lessened weight, when marketed, from the foregoing shows. It is also noticed among range herds that old cows spayed in the spring are not fit to ship the following fall, but have to be held over until the fall of the succeeding year. Again, if they are spayed while in milk they don't dry up, and, like a Kathleen Mavourneen note, run on in milk for years, being followed by two generations of calves until they go to protest by being sucked down. Mr. Grierson, manager of the aforementioned company, has therefore reported to the London directors against the utility of spaying old cows, and suggests as a better way and one which will result in all the profit that can be had from this class of stock, that the ancient and demure mothers be permitted to breed, sending the calf to market as veal, for which from \$4 to \$6 can be obtained, and have a fat cow for the fall market. This plan saves the expense of spaying which averages about thirty-three cents per head, the risks of spaying from losses

are obviated, and time is gained from which returns are had in selling them for beef.

To Western Bankers.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, LAS VEGAS, N. M., Sept. 29, 1888.

To Western Bankers:
It is generally admitted by that part of the commercial world interested in the production of beef on the western ranges that remediable causes have been in operation the past few years affecting the live stock industry as well as those allied to it. The banker and merchant classes in particular have shared in the misfortunes that have overtaken the beef producer. Their interests are intimately connected with the business of cattle raising, and anything which tends toward the prosperity of the live stock producing interests is a benefit to bankers, merchants, and the public generally. In the vigorous effort now being made by the cattlemen, cattle feeders, butchers and others to find a remedy for the abuses which have become a part of cattle raising and the handling of the meat product, there should be no uncertain declaration as to our position at this time, when, by well directed energy coupled with the intelligence of so many classes of men striving for a common advantage, much may be done to relieve the associated interests from the depressing influences which now surround them. For this reason I would ask western bankers to be present at the conference of the senate committee, appointed to investigate the beef question, the cattlemen, cattle feeders and butchers, which will be held at St. Louis, Mo., on November 20th. The burdens of monopolistic oppression should be removed.

JEFFERSON REYNOLDS,
President First National Bank.

COPP'S LAND REVIEW.

Fraudulent Entries—Responsibility of Settlers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24, 1888.

To the Stock Grower:
Almost ever since the passage of the pre-emption law, the first congressional enactment intended to protect the poor man against the rich purchaser, and to secure homes for actual settlers, complaints have been rife respecting fraudulent land entries.

The homestead, timber-culture, desert-land, and other laws have afforded additional opportunities for the perpetration of frauds which have not been allowed to pass unused.

From every quarter the cry of "fraud" is heard in connection with disposals of the public domain. So far as fraudulent entries under what are termed settlement laws are concerned, the people of every section have the remedy in their own hands.

The acquirement of title to public land under a fraudulent pre-emption, homestead, timber-culture, or desert-land entry, is a matter of impossibility unless the transaction be winked at and the perpetrator of the fraud be aided and abetted by persons in the immediate neighborhood.

Under nearly all of these laws the entryman is required to publish notice of his intention to make final proof, naming the time when, the place where, and the officer before whom the proof will be submitted. If his entry has been fraudulently initiated, or if he has not complied with the requirements of the statute governing such cases, his neighbors surely know it, and with very little trouble or expense they can, either before or on the day of making final proof, enter protest against the issuance of patent on the entry, which will put the government on inquiry, and in nine cases out of ten defeat the attempted fraud. But it seems that the men who are willing to put them-

selves to a little inconvenience for the public good are very scarce, as few if any protests of this kind are filed for the solid purpose of protecting the public domain from spoliation. At least seven-tenths of the protests entered are the result of spite, neighborhood quarrels, or a desire upon the part of the protestant to secure the land himself.

Robbery of Uncle Sam by taking his lands without giving an equivalent does not seem to be considered by the mass of the people a very serious offense. Men who would fire guns, ring bells and rouse the whole country should they detect a thief with his hands in the national money vaults helping himself, will, without concern, or smiling over the trick that is being played, witness the commission of perjury by three men, and a robbery of the people to the extent of a quarter of a section of land valued at from \$200 to \$400.

Men who are known to have perjured themselves in connection with land claims, either as principal or witness, so that 160 acres or less of land might be stolen from the government, mingle freely in society and are honored and respected by their fellow men, while the man who steals a horse from his neighbor is, by the same community, summarily hanged to the first tree.

The government has in its employ special agents whose duty it is to investigate fraudulent entries, and the land department is making every possible effort to suppress and prevent frauds. Any citizen cognizant of an attempt to fraudulently acquire title to land may secure an investigation and bring the offender to justice, by simply reporting the facts to the commissioner of the general land office. So long as they fail to do so, frauds will continue to be perpetrated, and the people must take the blame.

HENRY N. COPP.

"Nasal Voices, Catarrh And False Teeth."

A prominent English woman says the American women all have high, shrill, nasal voices and false teeth.

Americans don't like the constant twitting they get about this nasal twang, and yet it is a fact caused by our dry stimulating atmosphere, and the universal presence of catarrhal difficulties.

But why should so many of our women have false teeth?

That is more of a poser to the English. It is quite impossible to account for it except on the theory of deranged stomach action caused by imprudence in eating and by want of regular exercise.

Both conditions are unnatural.

Catarrhal troubles everywhere prevail and end in cough and consumption, which are promoted by mal-nutrition induced by deranged stomach action. The condition is a modern one, one unknown to our ancestors who prevented the catarrh, cold, cough and consumption by abundant and regular use of what is now known as Warner's Log Cabin cough and consumption remedy and Log Cabin sarsaparilla, two old fashioned standard remedies handed down from our ancestors, and now exclusively put forth under the strongest guarantees of purity and efficacy by the world-famed makers of Warner's safe cure. These two remedies plentifully used as the fall and winter seasons advance, together with an occasional use of Warner's Log Cabin rose cream, to strengthen and protect the nasal membranes, give a positive assurance of freedom both from catarrh and those dreadful and neglected, inevitable consequences, pneumonia, lung troubles and consumption, which so generally and fatally prevail among our people.

Comrade Eli Fisher, of Salem, Henry Co., Iowa, served four years in the late war and contracted a disease called consumption by the doctors. He had frequent hemorrhages. After using Warner's Log Cabin cough and consumption remedy, he says, under date of Jan. 19, 1888: "I do not bleed at the lungs any more, my cough does not bother me, and I do not have any more smothering spells." Warner's Log Cabin rose cream cured his wife of catarrh and she is "sound and well."

Of course we do not like to have our women called nose talkers and false teeth owners, but these conditions can be readily overcome in the manner indicated.

AGAINST THE BIG FOUR.

Detroit Butchers Want Protection From Diseased Meat.

The Detroit Butchers' Protective association, of Detroit, recently held an outdoor meeting which was the biggest kind of a success according to the local papers. The object of the association—like that of so many other butcher associations the country over, is to work together for protection against the evil influences and tendencies of the big four. The address of Mayor Maybury to the assembled thousands was one showing the deepest sympathy for the butchers of Detroit who are now so manfully working for sound meat and pure food. He touched the nub of the question, amid great applause, when he said:

"I am here to-day to join with the Butchers' association, a trade that comes home to the people, and with you against monopolies and trusts, whether it be in beef or in flour. The Detroit butchers are not afraid of Chicago meat men, but they want to meet them on a basis of equality. [Applause.] The local butchers are taxpayers here and contribute to the support of the city. The Chicago men come here and tempt the public with cheaper prices for a while, but their ultimate object is to crush out competition, then they can place prices where they please."

The chief address of the day was made by President Chas. James, of St. Louis, of the National Butchers' Protective association, which we here give in full. He said:

Ladies and gentlemen of this beautiful city of Detroit, I am not languaged to express myself on this occasion. I am here to represent a class of business men who claim nothing more, nothing less than justice. I think the gentleman slanders me when he presents me as an orator. I am not an orator, but am here to tell you a few plain facts that I think the most of you do not know. This movement of the butchers began at St. Louis in 1884. We had terrible times for two years, but did hard and earnest work. We saw a gigantic monopoly coming down upon us the greatest of which was the "big four" of Chicago. We saw that they were striking blows at the trade and at the consumers of meat. We saw that unless they were checked they were going to wipe out the meat industry of the country. I was told that there would not be a bullock sold in the country except by these Chicago men; that their intention was, not only to control the selling of dead meat but the livestock market as well. [Here a half-drunken man interrupted the speaker to ask a question. Mr. James continued.] If any gentleman wishes to meet me in open discussion of this cause, I will meet him in this city, New York, Philadelphia or any other city he may choose, but will not hold a barroom controversy.

If there are any cattle raisers here, if there are any farmers here, I would ask you what you would get for your stock or where you would find a market if Chicago men controlled the business? Now gentlemen five years ago we planted this little shrub of protection for the meat industry of the country; today it is a big and flourishing tree with its branches extending into every important city in the states. The cattle trusts and all other trusts are failures. The public will not tolerate them. On the 20th day of next November the Chicago men will give a solemn pledge that they will give you cattle in any market if you are there to buy them.

We have a laudable cause, and we want the co-operation of the people. One of the first planks in our platform is self-protection and protection of consumers. It is necessary that the danger which lurks in diseased beef be pointed out to the consumers. But laying all these things aside and looking at this matter in a business way is it right that you, as consumers, should stand by the Chicago monopolists, who never leave a dollar in your city but take away thousands, or by your local dealers who pay public taxes, support your schools and public institutions, your beautiful parks and pleasure resorts and in short help to make the city what it is, the most magnificent of any it has been my privilege to visit? Now gentlemen it does not need another word on that question. Of course you will stand by your own

home. We plainly declare that the butchers of America—and I claim the high honor of representing that class of business men—will give nothing but pure wholesome food. Do you find any declaration of that kind from the "big four"? There is need of legislation on this question. Thank God we have made ourselves known and victory is perched upon our banners. We have entered the legislative halls of states and the senate of the United States. A senatorial investigating committee will visit St. Louis the 20th of next November to take evidence in the methods of the dressed beef men. Watch the public press and astonishing facts will be revealed. You will find—well you will feel like giving up eating meat altogether. Evidence is not wanting that cattle with pleuro-pneumonia, Texas fever and other diseases are killed and put upon the market. These diseases cannot be detected in the meat when properly dressed. A noted doctor in New York says that "big jaw" means nothing less than cancer and that hundreds of people today are contracting cancerous diseases by eating this beef. Now gentlemen you may think that you are perfectly secure from diseased meat because you buy your supplies from high-toned butchers, but I say most emphatically that you are not. It looks just as good and beautiful but disease and death are in it. Consequently the butchers are asking for a law to protect the consumer against these vile things. We want inspection laws so that the public may have pure meat according to law.

I guess I have said enough about the meat business and will now talk about lard. You all probably think you have pure lard. I don't suppose you will believe me when I say you get very little pure lard in Detroit. We have a bill now before congress for the regulation of adulterated lard, and it will probably pass. This so-called lard is a fraud. This is why we as butchers, come out so strong. We want the people to know what they are eating. Last winter at Washington an investigating committee had samples of various brands of lard analyzed. Mr. Fairbank's lard of Chicago, was found to contain 40 per cent. of lard and 60 per cent. of foreign matter. The analysis of the brand of a New York manufacturer revealed not a particle of hog in it. These are a few facts brought out by analysis of lard in the congress of the United States. Now I don't want you to feel bad nor I don't want to be the cause of the ladies having to use their cologne bottles, but right in St. Louis we have a man who manufactures hog grease—I will not call it lard. He doesn't have a heavy expense; he doesn't employ 25 or 30 men to clean the hogs, but he just dumps them into the rendering tank whole, without taking the bristles off. He makes two grades of grease. One he calls white grease, the other brown. I believe the ladies should know these things because they are the ones who have to prepare our food for us and they want to have it clean and wholesome. While the ladies can't vote they are mighty close to the men who can. The fact is Fairbanks buys every pound of the grease this St. Louis man makes. What he does with it I don't know. You can draw your own conclusions. The butchers want all lard branded and sold for what it is. Is ours a good cause? It is a cause that upholds the health of humanity.

A gentleman in St. Louis says that inspection laws are not constitutional, but the people have rights and are entitled to protect their health and home industries. If these Chicago men would come here and kill their beef, I say let them come. [Applause.] I don't believe with the Hon. Leveret H. Bell, of St. Louis, that these laws are unconstitutional. I could pile up facts upon facts in this matter but I don't want to keep you from your pleasures. Throwing all political questions aside I want to impress you with the fact that my cause is more noble than any politics, and when you put men into legislative halls put men there who are in favor of pure food. I thank you for your kind attention. [Loud applause.]



THE true American has a warm place in his heart for the old LOG CABIN. It's not "English you know," but from the Log Cabins of America have sprung men in every respect greater than any from the grand castles of Europe. Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is the best in the world.

COPP'S LAND REVIEW.

Mr. Holman's Suspension Bill. Good Faith Wins the Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20, 1888.

To the Stock Grower:

Mr. Holman's bill to suspend the operation of the public land laws, which formed the subject of my last letter, has not yet emerged from the room of the committee on public lands, where it was sent at the time of its introduction.

Whether it will be passed by the house of representatives or not is an open question, some members expressing the opinion that it will, while others assert the contrary. One member of the committee is strongly inclined to the opinion that the bill will be defeated in the committee room, and those having the interests of the great northwest at heart should hope that his opinion will prove correct.

A case was decided by the assistant secretary of the interior a few days ago which illustrates the theory that it is good faith that counts in perfecting entries under the pre-emption and homestead laws.

Lafayette Grim, of the Niobrara land district, Nebraska, filed his declaratory statement May 25, 1886 alleging settlement the day before. He established an actual residence on the land with his family June 1, following.

On January 11, 1887—seven months and ten days from beginning residence—he submitted his proof and offered payment for the land, the proof showing that his family had been continuously upon the land from the date when the residence thereon was first established, but that Grim had personally been absent from the land at work for two months during the time. The total valuation of improvements was thirty-five dollars.

The register and receiver rejected the proof and refused to allow him to enter the land on the ground that his improvements were so meagre and because the law does not permit absence from the land during the six months preceding proof. This decision was affirmed by the Commissioner (Sparks) of the general land office, and the filing was held for cancellation.

On appeal, Mr. Muldrow, acting secretary of the interior, found that the improvements, as described by the claimant and his witnesses, were quite as good as those usually made by pre-emption claimants, and that the furnishing of his house indicated an intention to make a permanent home, and that the valuation of the improvements at \$35 was very modest; so, in view of the evident good faith of the claimant, he ordered the final papers to issue.

From this it is to be inferred that the department will not permit the fixing of a minimum of improvements, and that officers in passing upon the sufficiency of proof must use discretion, and act in each case in accordance with the law and the facts so that justice may be done to all; in other words, they must, like the Mikado, in Gilbert & Sullivan's operetta, "let the punishment fit the crime."

HENRY N. COPP.

700 ACRES ALFALFA AND CORN LAND in one body. All under ditch in the Rio Grande valley, six miles from Albuquerque, N. M. Price \$22.50 per acre. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

A Trick of Breeding.

In our issue of Sept. 5, says the *Breeder's Gazette*, a correspondent inquired as to the purity of blood of red-and-white Holstein-Friesian cattle. A New York reader of the *Gazette*, noticing the query and our reply thereto, informs us that a gentleman by the name of Fields, owning a dairy up the Hudson, has two entirely red Holstein-Friesian heifers, that are from a registered well-marked black-and-white Holstein-Friesian sire and dam. They are said to have been especially bred for the purpose of seeing whether a red Holstein-Friesian animal could be produced, as our informant states that "the dam was only permitted to run in pastures where there were none but red cattle and the sire was covered with a red blanket at the time the cow was served." The

owner of the stock is evidently a believer in the experiment that Jacob made at the time he placed peeled rods in the watering troughs from which Laban's cattle drank. While this may be interesting though as an experiment, it is certain that it would be of no advantage to have the color of the Holstein-Friesians changed. The peculiar black and white of this breed of cattle is unique, and constitutes a "trade mark" which is such a distinguishing characteristic that it would be folly to discard it. Our correspondent writes further: "I have a registered Holstein-Friesian bull almost entirely white, yet his ancestors for five generations, without an exception on both sides, are well-marked black-and-white. The calves from my bull on common cows are some of them nearly all black, some nearly all white, some speckled, and some well-marked black-and-white." This, however, is only in keeping with the experience of others upon that point, as the inherent tendency of the blood to throw the familiar "black-and-white" is everywhere apparent.

51 2-YEAR-OLD HEREFORD BULLS, wintered in New Mexico, on board the cars at Aleman, N. M., on the A. T. & S. F. R. R. at \$35 per head. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

A Rank Sucker.

Ernest Benzon, who has been known on the English turf for something more than a year as "Jubilee Juggins," died not long ago, and the papers are full of reminiscences concerning him. Benzon was without exception the greatest plunger of the present generation, and some of his exploits in the betting line rivaled those of the notorious Marquis of Hastings. Benzon's father was a highly respectable hardware merchant, and at his death two years ago left a fortune of nearly three million dollars to his hopeful son, who managed to spend it quicker than a like amount of money was ever gotten rid of by one human being. The running turf was the medium by which this phenomenal sucker dissipated this enormous fortune. Benzon had a great fancy for laying bets in sums that were simply enormous, it being no uncommon thing for him to wager \$100,000 on the success of a horse. Of course this was what the book-makers wanted, and they proceeded to pluck the pigeon in great style by simply "stiffening" the animal on which the young plunger had laid a fortune. It may be argued that in the case of some stables this could not be done; but it was, all the same, and the English papers alluded to the matter, and argued that Benzon's methods were such that his big wagers were sure to prove too much of a temptation to the trainers—the bribes that the book-makers could offer them to have their horses lose, in order that Benzon's money might be secured, being too heavy for mortal man to withstand. Of course "Jubilee Juggins" went broke—just as all men do who gamble on the turf—and now the news comes that the few horses he had in training are to be sold to pay what he owed the book-makers at the time of his death. This precious crowd robbed the young fellow when he was alive, and they are after his property now that he is in the grave.—*Breeder's Gazette.*

To Extinguish Prairie Fires.

The Moccasin round-up and the sheepmen in that vicinity have united in constructing an apparatus to check prairie fires. They propose to build tanks and locate them at various ranches on the range, the tanks to be placed on the running gear of wagons so they can be moved about as occasion may require. In addition to the tanks they will construct and attach a drag made of several thicknesses of old carpets of wool sacks sewed together, about 12x16, which will be kept wet and dragged over the fire by a wire attached to the horn of a saddle. It is believed that fires in their incipency can be easily checked by this means.—*Lewis-town Argus.*

Baldness may be prevented and a thick growth of hair stimulated, by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation also restores the natural color to gray hair, and renders it soft, pliant, and glossy.

FROM ALL POINTS.

Live Stock Notes Carefully Collected from Every Source.

There are, according to the Indiana state bureau of statistics, 250,000 more beef animals than dairy cows in the state.

Jonathan D. Miles bought from Preston & Vernoy 500 stock cattle at \$8 per head and calves thrown in.—San Angelo (Tex.) *Enterprise*.

The large runs on the markets denote nothing except that men who need money will sell anything they have. Cattle are becoming reasonably scarce in Texas.

The 101 ranch will ship 4000 head of fat beef this year direct from their own range, besides probably as many more brought from the drouth stricken ranges of Colorado and Kansas, and fattened at the company's feeding station near Fremont, Nebraska.—Spearfish (Dak.) *Register*.

During the course of a few remarks on the cattle business with one of our heaviest cattlemen, the *Herald* scribe learned that the different outfits on the White river would ship out this fall over 7000 head of beef, and 3000 would be brought in, a gain of over 4000 in favor of the winter range.—Meeker (Colo.) *Herald*.

As an encouraging indication that the ranch business in southwest Texas is again on the ascending scale in the public estimation the fact has but to be mentioned that it is of common occurrence nowadays to receive propositions from all over the country to trade for ranches and stock in this section.—Fort Worth *Journal*.

The prairie fires up in the Teton country, it seems, were not under control as was reported recently. Parties who have arrived recently from that region report that ranges have been burned off for an area of sixty miles and the fire has assumed such dimensions as to baffle all attempts to keep it under control.—Miles City *Journal*.

Commodore Murry is this week receiving 3300 steers from Uncle Bob Stephens and others at Gainesville. The commodore will feed the animals on Washita corn. He now has in the neighborhood of 4000 steers. He is one of the oldest and most extensive feeders in the Washita valley, and he thinks there will be some money in the business this season.—Dallas *News*.

Mr. J. T. Fleming, of Clarksville, Red River county, one of the old time cattle traders, came to town to attend the republican convention. Of late he has been engaged in shipping cattle into the feeding districts of Kansas and Nebraska from the Choctaw Nation. He says two-year-olds in the Choctaw Nation are worth a strong \$12, and the demand exceeds the supply.—Fort Worth *Journal*.

It is reported that in the sale of the Dr. E. A. Carother's ranch, recently consummated in Fort Worth, that the price was \$2 per acre for 40,000 acres without improvements, which were inventoried and sold separately to the same purchaser, J. S. Alexander, of San Antonio. The stock cattle, 4500 head, book count, brought \$7 per head. This is one of the best ranches in La Salle county.

J. N. Heard has received returns from the car of cattle recently shipped to New Orleans. The prices received were very fair. Mr. Heard is justly proud of the price received for one steer of his own raising, it bringing \$52. The animal weighed 1300 pounds, and four cents per pound was paid. That is a good price for cattle anywhere, and speaks well for Uvalde county.—Uvalde (Texas) *News*.

DuBois & Wentworth, of Murphyville, will have about 2,000 beeves for market this fall. They are on fine grass and are looking well. These gentlemen expect to put in some 500 fillies, and have bought a good many stock cattle this year and materially increased their landed property. They have come to stay, and we believe are putting in their cash at the right time, and where it will do the most good.—Marfa (Tex.) *New Era*.

H. M. Kidwell of Weatherford, whose western ranch is on Double Mountain Fork of the Brazos, has returned from a 20-day round-up. While gone he purchased the only 200 head of beeves in his district, and he reports cattle and grass

doing finely. Mr. Kidwell says of his own knowledge that western Texas cannot begin to round-up anything near the number of cattle ranged a few years ago, and as for beef the crop is very short.—Fort Worth *Journal*.

From Mr. Henry Earnest we learn that Mr. J. S. Alexander, of San Antonio, has purchased the two leased ranches of Dr. E. A. Carothers, and the Carother's ranch also. The sale of the Carother's ranch, however, is conditional, Dr. Carothers to be given six months time in which to redeem said property if he desires. Mr. Earnest has been employed by Mr. Alexander to take charge of this ranch for the present, and will remove his family there to very soon.—Cotulla (Tex.) *Ledger*.

Female stock is appearing in numbers which are astonishing, and we do not remember to have seen as many cows and heifers offered for beef at any preceding time. A salesman remarked to us a day or two since that nearly one-half the cattle received on some days are of this kind. In face of this the sales reported have a very wide range and a decided predominance of low figures: But good cattle, it will be noticed, have no part in these apparently discouraging prices.—National *Stockman*.

The Home Land and Cattle Co. expect another herd of 5000 head of cattle on the 18th. This company will have on their range when the trail herds have all arrived, in the neighborhood of 33,000 head of mostly steers. This undoubtedly is one of the largest bunches in the country. The company have had in their employ all summer about 70 cowboys. The several losses they received did not deter them from reinvestment in what is sure in the end to bring them big returns for the money invested.—Miles City (Mont.) *Journal*.

WATERLOO, Ia., September 22.—The jury in the historic Jones county calf case, after remaining out thirty-six hours, tonight returned a verdict for plaintiff, Johnson, awarding him \$1,000 damages, and ordered defendants, a half dozen of men, who alone were left of the fifty-eight original members of the Jones County Anti-Horse Thief association, to pay court costs. It is understood that the defense will not again appeal, and that this case, which for fourteen years has occupied the attention of the supreme and minor courts, is finally settled.

A cattleman who has purchased 500 head of two-year old steers at Terrell was in the city yesterday to get a rate from the railroads to carry them to Paul's valley, Indian Territory, where he will feed them. The best rate he could get, he says, was \$42.50 per car. He figured this out and found it would cost him between \$500 and \$600 to transport them by rail. He then proceeded to figure out the cost of driving them and found it would not exceed \$150. The difference was so much in favor of driving that he will take them overland. The gentleman said he got about all the steers there were in and about Terrell.—Dallas *News*.

The old tragedy of the bull and the locomotive was enacted near St. John, N. B., the other day. A huge bull strayed on the Grand Southern railway just as a locomotive drawing a picnic train appeared in sight. He lowered his head, pawed the ties, switched his tail, bellowed, and paid no attention to the frantic toots of the engine. When the locomotive drew near the bull charged furiously. There was a bellow, a cloud of dust and steam, and then silence. When the smoke, dust and steam rolled away the locomotive and the bull lay in the ditch, the horns of the latter locked in the bars of the cowcatcher. The noble animal's neck was broken. No one on the train was hurt.

For sixty-five miles south of Rawlins, Wyoming, the country is burned up from the late summer drouth, and all the beef cattle thereabouts are being shipped to eastern markets for sale. Most of the stock is sent out by way of Denver or Pueblo. Nothing from that district goes over the Union Pacific, which has, heretofore, been doing most of the trade. A gentleman recently returned from Routt county says the whole community of cattlemen are preparing to move out, especially the beef portions of the range stock. Last year the railroad contractors used all the spare beef in the country, but this season the cattlemen have had to go east to

find sale for their beeves.—*Field and Farm*.

A correspondent of a Mississippi paper says: "Anyone who runs on the railroad long can understand what a saving it would be to the stock dealer and the railroads if the tracks were fenced in. It would prevent cattle straying on the track. The slaughter of the cattle along the roads is something terrible, especially in the Indian Territory. To see an engine dash into a herd of cattle is enough to sicken anyone. I've known as many as thirty cows and horses to be killed at one swoop. The engineer can't stop, and the only thing he can do is to put on steam and hit the animals as hard as possible to knock them from the track, for if he don't he'll derail his engine and probably kill his passengers. When the engine hits the cattle they are knocked up into the air and to one side, and often they burst and festoon the engine with their entrails. Sheep are often killed. If one sheep happens to cross the track in front of an engine, every other one will follow, and they'll try to get through right under the moving cars. In the Territory coyotes and deer are often killed, and there are any number of snakes ground up. When the engine is going rapidly, birds often fly against the headlight and get killed, and the trainmen often get hits of game that way."



WARNER'S LOG CABIN REMEDIES.—"Sarsaparilla,"—"Cough and Consumption Remedy,"—"Hops and Buchu,"—"Extract,"—"Liver Pills,"—"Plasters," (Porous-Electrical),—"Rose Cream," for Catarrh. They, like Warner's "Tippecanoe," are the simple, effective remedies of the old Log Cabin days.

An Overstocked Horse Market.

The San Antonio horse market is at present overstocked with horses, mares and mules, some 5000 head being now on the market. Much of this stock is in the hands of local speculators, who have bought it with the expectation that outside buyers would flock there in large numbers this fall, in view of the large crops and general prosperity of the country. In this expectation they appear to be doomed to disappointment, as the yellow fever scare throughout the southern states has ruined the horse market in that section of the country. The result is that the speculators find themselves overloaded with stock and no demand for it. Meanwhile the receipts continue to come in daily, and as soon as the owners find out the situation is being removed to pastures. A sale of 302 head of horses and mares has just been made at \$8 per head. They were Spanish stock, such as retail in this market at from \$15 to \$25 and when broken to wagon and saddle, the best of the lot will sell for \$30 to \$35 each. The shipment of horses and mules from this city by rail alone, last year, amounted to more than 65,000 head. These went beyond the limits of Texas. Up to the 1st of this month the shipments had exceeded the totals for the corresponding time last year, and had there been no temporary check placed on the trading by the yellow fever scare the totals of this month would have shown a large increase over those of any previous September. As it is, some fine bargains are offered speculators who are in a condition to hold the stock until midwinter and spring.

300 LARGE MERINO RAMS, well bred and raised in New Mexico, for sale at \$12. per head, delivered at Albuquerque, N. M. Address G. L. Brooks, Manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

A Strong Argument for Inspection Laws.

Chicago is mad. A newspaper man did it. Newspaper men will soon become famous. They have detected criminals when Pinkerton's high-priced specialists have failed. It was a newspaper man, Stanley, who found Livingstone, for whom others had hunted years in vain. Underpaid and overworked, these brave, much-cursed men are the greatest factors in the world. Every one had the idea that the

Armour monopoly cared as little for the people to whom they sold their dressed beef as they did for the butchers whose occupation, since their advent, has been nearly destroyed. It was supposed they were not over particular in excluding cattle which died before the butcher's knife reached them, but a Pittsburgh *Commercial-Gazette* correspondent went to Chicago loaded for bear, with no financial interests in the city he did not fear to injure the "boom." He investigated most thoroughly showing that he was a first-class newspaper man and his two columns make nauseating reading. Probably the Armour's will sue the paper for libel for unless they do so other reporters will imitate the Pittsburgh man and catch on to some nastiness which escaped him. But a paper that can beard the lion in his den does not fear him when he is the attacking party. We will not enumerate the diseases which he found associated with their beef, but his write-up is a strong argument for local laws which shall prohibit the importation of this diseased beef.—Colorado *Farmer*.

1,700 GRADED ANGORA GOATS and 50 thoroughbred Angora bucks for sale at reasonable prices and in lots to suit purchaser. Send for descriptive circular. G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

The following from the New York *Sun* is another rumbling of the coming earthquake which will soon quake the life out of the dressed beef companies:

The proprietors of the Chicago stock yards, at which dressed beef is prepared for the domestic and foreign markets, will find themselves compelled to take notice of the revelations made by Meat Inspector McCutcheon, of Pittsburg, who, on account of complaints about the quality of the meat supply there, was sent to inspect the business of the Chicago shambles. His report on the subject is alarming, especially his account of the reckless way in which the carcasses of diseased stock, wholly unfit for consumption, are prepared for the market. It was truly a revolting state of things that was seen by this agent of the city of Pittsburg. He holds that the only protection for the consumers of the Chicago product is in legislation against the introduction or sale of any meat that has not been subjected to thorough inspection, according to certificate given under responsible authority. The facts just published cannot be ignored at the Chicago stock yards without serious injury to their business. The Pittsburg report has been widely circulated, and it is sure to put other cities on the alert, and to raise popular suspicion of Chicago dressed beef. It will doubtless receive proper attention from the inspectors of the meat supplies sent to New York.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cases. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

THE STOCK GROWER.

ISSUED WEEKLY AT
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Office, Bridge Street, in Stock Grower Building.

THE STOCK GROWER COMPANY.

The Subscription Price of THE STOCK GROWER is \$3.00 a year, payment in advance. Single copies, ten cents. New subscriptions can commence at any time during the year.

The Stock Grower is sent to subscribers until an explicit order is received by the publishers for its discontinuance, and all payment of arrearages is made, as required by law.

Discontinuance.—Remember that the publishers must be notified by letter when a subscriber wishes his paper stopped. All arrearages must be paid. Returning your paper will not enable us to discontinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your postoffice address is given.

Always give the name of the postoffice to which your paper is sent. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.

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Only Journal devoted exclusively to the stock growing, feed farming and commercial interests of the Southwest. We give the cattle news of the range country.

Endorsed by every cattle association and representative ranchman in the southwest.

Official Paper of the Pima County, Arizona, Ranchmen's Association.

Official Paper of the Lincoln County Stock Association.

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Official Paper of the Canadian River Live Stock Association.

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THOS. HALLOCK, Signal, A. T.
WILL C. BARBER, St. Joseph, A. T.
N. B. BOWERS, Prescott, A. T.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1896.

SOUTHWEST STOCK NOTES.

Short Items Relative to Stock and Stockmen of the Southwest.

S. Lindauer, of Deming, sent into the Kansas City market this week twelve loads of steers.

William Courtney has sold his interest in the box H brand of cattle ranging on Mogollon creek, Grant county, to S. Rufus.

Shipments of cattle to eastern markets from Amarilla are reported quite brisk, 300 cars having gone out from there the past ten days.

S. Lindauer, of Deming, is now filling his contract at the San Carlos agency, in Arizona, with his own and neighbors steers at \$3.15 per cwt.

Doak Good, ranching on the edge of the staked plains, in San Miguel county, has sold 86 three and four-year-old steers to Colorado City parties at \$30 per head.

H. C. Hooker, of the Sierra Bonita ranch, Sulphur Spring valley, Arizona, has made arrangements for fattening a herd of 3000 beef cattle on the alfalfa fields of Phoenix.

S. B. Elkins, one of the owners of the Mora grant, has petitioned for the appointment of a receiver for that property, the hearing of which case has been set for the 9th proximo.

71,116 cattle were received in the Chicago market last week. This is the best record. Southwestern shippers should not be too anxious about getting their steers into eastern markets nowadays.

H. W. Cresswell, of the Panhandle, has purchased, in connection with N. T. Eaton, of Colorado City, Texas, 3000 head of yearling steers which will be put on the U-U range. Price not stated.

A cattle feeder writing the Stock Grower from western Missouri says there will be a large trade in feeding steers after the frost comes. All classes of forage are heavy, stock cattle are low and the farmers want steers to feed.

The Soldiers Hole Land and Cattle company has been incorporated in Arizona with a paid up capital stock of \$150,000. The incorporators are W. G. Sanderson, Oliver H. Bliss, Joseph Tasker, George Fritcham, Thomas Goss and Martha Lyall.

Exporters are buying the fine Montana rangers now going to market in preference to corn-fed natives. Southwest cattle raisers may expect a fine demand from Montana next season for choice two-year-olds.

The hard times which have fallen on eastern Colorado cattlemen this summer are causing some of the herd owners there to trespass on the New Mexico range, many cattle at this time being driven into Colfax and San Miguel counties to winter.

The Watrous stock association has decided to start on their round-up on October 25. They will meet on Alex Kroenig's range at the top of the nine-mile hill, work to Cherry Valley, thence to Las Vegas, from which point the bees will be shipped.

A. L. Cammel is picking up bunches of cattle wherever he can find them at bottom values. In addition to the purchase of the Austen cattle, noted elsewhere, he bought this week 150 head of the S L cattle of the Watrous estate at an average of \$10.50.

E. Griffin and Ernest Anthony, young men who had a penchant for stealing horses, were sentenced this week, by Judge Long, at Springer, to one year each in the penitentiary. The cattlemen are determined to land every known stock thief in New Mexico behind prison bars.

A. L. Cammel bought this week 300 head of good grade stock cattle of Captain Austen, of Las Vegas, at \$12 per head. About 300 head will be delivered this year and the remainder before July, 1896. The cow ponies belonging to the bunch were also bought by Mr. Cammel at \$35 per head.

It is reported that some one is working on the 101 brand of cattle, changing the brand to LOT (The L reversed.) This is an easy way to raise a bunch of cattle, but if the fellows are caught they may find that the 101 men have an easy way of raising them out of the game.—Springer Stockman.

John Huston, manager of the Carlisle Cattle Co. at this place, received six hundred beef steers Wednesday from the Blue mountains, Utah. The company has now about 2,000 head on their range, a majority of which will be shipped to Kansas City this fall.—Chama, Northwest New Mexican.

The reports from many parts of the range in New Mexico and Arizona are not wholly satisfactory. In many places the water supply is insufficient and while the grass has generally matured well there is but little of it. Fears are expressed that the coming winter will be a severe one on many of the herds.

An important decision has recently been made by the commissioner of the general land office in which it was held that the inclemency of the climate during the winter making the land uninhabitable during that season, is not a valid objection to the acquisition of the same by a settler under the homestead or pre-emption laws.

The Champion Cattle company ranging east of the Pecos river in Lincoln county will shortly receive a bunch of cattle from Texas, which Judge Wellborn, of Scurry, is bringing in. The Champion company has been very successful in their cattle investments and is quite well satisfied with the present outlook for the industry.

The committee on public lands at Washington recommends the passage of a bill authorizing Jas. P. Chase, a stock owner, to make a homestead entry of 160 acres of land on the Ojo Caliente reservation, in Socorro county. It is claimed that Chase settled on the land previous to 1876 and made thereon \$5000 worth of improvements.

The Montezuma Cattle company loaded at Las Vegas on Thursday 440 head of four-year-old steers which are to be sent into the catclysism of the Kansas City market. Messrs. Irwin, Allen & Co. have guaranteed the freight on the consignment. The lot of steers is in excellent condition and should net the consignors under ordinary circumstances of a fair market fully \$35 per head.

A Lincoln county cattleman in writing to the Stock Grower says that the cattlemen must provide some means whereby a portion of the steer crop can be matured at home. The irrigable lands of the valleys, he thinks, should be put into alfalfa and other forage crops, and the business of feeding be entered into right here at home. He looks for a surprising advance in values for the steer product during the years 1899-90.

McNiel, who broke jail in Phoenix and helped himself to E. F. Keilner's horses, re-arrested in New Mexico, became an inmate of Globe lock-up and afterwards escaped from the Florence jail, has recently been reported as having bunked with Sheriff Owens, of Apache county, for one night only, without arousing the suspicion of the sheriff that his bed-fellow was the noted horse thief that he was then in quest of.—Silver Belt.

John Pearson and George Thompson, two of the large cattle owners of La Plata county, Colorado, have gone to the Utah Indian reservation for the purpose of filling a large beef contract for the government. The contract made by the Pearson brothers calls for 670,000 pounds of beef to be divided among the Ouray, Uncompagre and White River Utes. The cattle are now being driven to the reservation.

It is said that a syndicate has been formed in New York and other eastern cities whose object is to buy up all of the ranches and cattle in New Mexico. The New Mexico Stock Grower will have to cut a fresh club.—Texas Stockman.

It is not necessary to club the cattlemen of New Mexico to induce them to make terms for the sale of their cattle nowadays. Buyers are treated with tender consideration in this country, Mr. Stockman.

On Tuesday last Sheriff Laird went down to near the Mexico line and seized under attachment 1100 head of cattle from the Carretas ranch. The cattle were bought by S. Lindauer from Doak & Brigman and were being driven here for shipment. S. H. Cavitt, of Bryan, Texas, as the agent of the Cavitt estate, holds a claim against Doak & Brigman for \$40,000, hence the seizure. Mr. Lindauer gave bond for and retains possession of the cattle.—Deming Headlight.

The Capitol Syndicate company shipped from Elvers this week another batch of bees, numbering two thousand and eighty head and loading five trains. They go to Chicago, to Nease Morris. This makes nearly ten thousand head of bees shipped out by this company, and they will send nearly as many more. Nothing but fours and upward are being sent, and this is the first season when they have sold any of any age.—Tascosa Pioneer.

Deputy Sheriff Clarke, who returned a few days ago from an extended trip, covering considerable of San Miguel county, portions of northern Texas and Kansas, says that in many places the stock owners are in a worse fix than if they owned no cattle. The Malaley herds, which he sold under judgments of Plumb and Hood, only brought \$5.25 per head, and he considered them, under the circumstances, very dear at the price. He says he could have bought cattle at various places for less than \$6 per head.

Said Mr. Jere Mann, the gentleman who has shipped 2,000 head of steers into the Chicago market from the west in the past three months: "The only good cattle I can find these days are on the mountain ranges of the extreme west side of Colorado—in Garfield, Meia, Delta and Montrose counties. Over there are big cattle and fat. One bunch lately arrived in Chicago right off the range of Mesa county went quick at 5 1/2 cents, and sold by the side of the best corn-fed cattle from Illinois and Iowa."—Denver Republican.

Mr. Frank G. Bloom, of Trinidad, returned this week from a ride through the Neutral strip country, where he visited a big round-up on Tempo creek, says Field and Farm, where vast numbers of cattle were handled last week. The average man of the range who has been for years accustomed to drive out the few wanted and leave the others on the prairie really loses sight of the vast number of the cattle. The work of the last two weeks has brought out this fact. Mr. Bloom speaks of the aggregate bulk of cattle as immense. The condition of cattle varies from poverty to the finest beef steers. The number of fat cattle, considering the drouth and scarcity of feed, is surprising. The Pryors and others are driving northward while Bloom and others went southward. As many as 3000 head have been handled in a bunch.

That portion of Kansas lying west of the 100th meridian has suffered very materially by the dry weather this season, while that between the 97th and 100th has suffered some; but in the eastern part of the state they have had an abundance of rain, and will get big crops. There are localities, however, situated in the western part of the state, where the corn will be a fair crop. They have recently had very heavy rains in Barber county, six and eight-tenths inches having fallen at Medicine Lodge in four days, so that the streams overflowed their banks and the lowlands and the river bottoms were submerged. The grass is now green, and stock is doing fine. As stock raising is the most profitable industry in that region, the failure of the corn crop does not so seriously interfere with the prosperity of the country as it would were cattle raising was not resorted to so extensively.

In September, 1886, Lee & Foster bought a bunch of cattle from some Texas parties and turned them loose on the range without counterbranding, simply recording the brand on them at the time of purchase, as their own. Last year another lot of cattle bearing the same brand were brought up and sold to other New Mexico parties, who this year sold to the Maxwell grant company. Lee & Foster learning of these transactions began counterbranding the lot they had purchased as fast as possible. While Mr. Foster was near Raton with the last round-up the grant company got out a writ of replevin and took three steers he had in his possession, claiming that they had bought the brand and the cattle belonged to them. He was going to bring suit before a justice of the peace for the recovery of the stock, but was in-

formed by the grant that they would not rest the case there unless it went their way, so Mr. Foster concluded to carry it to the district court, before which the case will come up next week.—Clayton Enterprise.

Life becomes almost a burden when the body is racked with the suffering which arises from scrofula. If any taint of this disease lurks in your blood, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will expel it. The entire system may be thoroughly renovated by taking this medicine.

The Corn Crop.

The Cincinnati Price-Current, in its issue of last Thursday, presents its annual estimate of the corn crop of the country. The Price-Current is accepted as the highest unofficial authority on this subject, and its conclusions are therefore of special interest. It modestly does not claim for its estimates "consideration above those of the official bureaus," but submits the fruit of its independent inquiries "as evidence additional to that submitted officially."

Its general conclusion is that the present season's crop will reach the unprecedented total of 2,015,000,000 bushels. The largest crop ever yet gathered was 1,936,176,060 in 1885, as officially reported, or 78,224,000 less than the estimate for this year. The present crop is nearly 40 per cent. greater than that of last year, which was exceptionally small owing to drouth in the western states. In the seven surplus states—Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska—the estimate is nearly 67 per cent. above last year's crop as officially reported.

The Price-Current says that "the bulk of the crop is secure from injury from hard frosts, and but little damage has resulted from this cause, outside of unimportant districts, mainly in New England states and Michigan. The returns suggest that from 15 to 20 per cent. of the crop in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska was in need of another week to be safe from hard frosts. The conditions since Thursday have been favorable and the weather is now fine, so there is an excellent prospect that the fall crop will be secured.

The estimates for Illinois and Iowa are the same—270,000,000 bushels each—and Missouri stands third, with 210,000,000 bushels to its credit. Illinois has heretofore stood at the head as a corn producing state, 1884 and 1887 having been exceptional years, in which Iowa took the lead, surpassing Illinois by 8,000,000 bushels in the former and by 42,400,000 bushels in the latter year. Illinois produces this year 15,000,000 bushels more than Ohio and Indiana together, and Ohio and Illinois together produce 2,000,000 more than twelve southern and six New England states.

Of the seven surplus states, Indiana makes the largest relative gain over last year, 60,000,000 bushels, or nearly 100 per cent.; Illinois gains 129,000,000 bushels, or 91 per cent.; Iowa, 86,000,000 bushels, or 47 per cent.; Missouri, 69,000,000 bushels, or 49 per cent.; Kansas, 71,000,000 bushels, or 92 per cent.; Nebraska, 54,000,000 bushels, or 58 per cent., and Ohio, 41,000,000 bushels, or 55 per cent.

The blood is the regulator. Regulate the Regulator with Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla. It cures all impurities. It is the largest bottle in the market—120 doses for \$1. Your druggist sells it. Buy it for your family's benefit as well as your own.

New Mexico to the Front.

All indications point to a rousing big meeting of cattlemen, butchers, bankers and indignant citizens generally at St. Louis Nov. 20, to devise ways and means of doing up the big four, who represent the four quarters of the beef. The New Mexico cattlemen particularly will rise in their might to smite the quartette. With the dressed beef monopoly out of the way the cattlemen have an idea that they could make a little money out of the business once more.—Dallas News.

THE STOCK GROWER.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1888.

PERSONAL.

Items of Interest Relating to Stock Growing People.

Wilson Waddingham is expected to arrive at Las Vegas on the 30th instant.

Ernest Tee, of the 24 Cattle company, of Arizona, returns to Springville the 10th proximo.

Mark Firth, of Sheffield, England, is on his way to the S U ranch in Socorro county, where he has cattle interests.

E. J. Simpson, manager of the Aztec Cattle company, has spent the week at Albuquerque while on his way from Texas to the ranch.

J. A. LaRue will leave Las Vegas for his Felix ranch, in Lincoln county, on Tuesday next where he will remain until late in the fall.

J. P. Reese, of Kansas City, has been busy engaged during the week in shipping to market a number of the stoller cattle ranging in the vicinity of Albuquerque.

H. M. Porter and Dr. Cunningham visited the range of the Gila Cattle company this week, and will shortly as a result of the trip ship 1200 steers to the markets of slaughter.

W. J. Farwell, manager of the X I T ranch, and a nephew of Senator Farwell, has been appointed postmaster at Farwell, Texas, a new town about 24 miles south of Clayton on the Denver, Texas and Gulf road.

Judge S. E. Booth, of the Waddingham companies, is spending a few days in Las Vegas. He reports cattle in his section in excellent condition and range affairs generally satisfactory except as to the ravages on the calf crop by the wolves that are appearing everywhere on the range.

The Hutchinson, (Kan.) News says that M. E. Richardson, manager of the El Capitan Land & Cattle company, of New Mexico, is making arrangements at that place to feed about 1200 head of his steers through the winter, and get them into shape for the spring market.

Geo. H. Purmort, of Dakota, a former resident of San Marcial, and one of the stockholders in the Vermont & Rio Grande Cattle Co., is in the city visiting old friends. He says the present administration has injured Dakota even more than it has New Mexico.—San Marcial Reporter.

Geo. Crocker, a wealthy cattleman, of Helena, Montana, met with a serious accident in Chicago this week. A cab in which he was riding dashed against the curbstone throwing him against the glass side, breaking the glass and cutting his face dreadfully. It is believed he will lose his eyes.

R. J. Bishop, the well-known cattleman, received the nomination for sheriff of Socorro county in the democratic convention held at Socorro this week. His election is considered a certainty, for Socorro county has at last got into the fashion of having the shrievalty represented by a sterling man and capable officer.

A letter from Kiowa, signed by Messrs. Gray, Alcock and Hill, received by a prominent cattleman, of Albuquerque, this week, is a pleasing testimony to the light-hearted feelings which evidently now possess the Indian Territory cattle raiser. Together with their range matters these young men are also teaching the southern Kansas politicians the art of pole raising and flag furling.

Jim Walker, who shot Johnny Carrol in the arm, near La Cinta, about two months ago, has at the urgent request of the offices come out from his hiding and given himself up to the sheriff of San Miguel county. He was put under \$500 bonds for his appearance at the November term of court, with J. I. Mosler, of the Montezuma Cattle company, as surety.

Geo. L. Brooks, of Albuquerque, has been elected a director and secretary of the Bosque Bonito company, and came down from Albuquerque Thursday in company with Col. Tiffany and Mr. Pearce to take charge of the property. This change was made necessary by the ill health of Col. Tiffany and the fact that he was handling large outside enterprises which required all his time. Mr. Brooks is a first-class business man and the company could not have secured a better manager.—San Marcial Reporter.

They say that "Deacon" S. V. White, the well-known New York broker and member of congress who is also largely interested in cattle in New Mexico, called at a State street (Boston) broker's office about lunch time and was invited over to Young's. Before starting out, however, he expressed a desire to make a dollar, and he ordered 5000 shares of St. Paul to be sold short at the market, which was then 65. On his return from lunch about one hour later St. Paul was selling at 69. Net cost of lunch, \$30,005.

J. H. Elliott, of Denison, Texas, is interesting the stock shippers of Texas and other localities in a plan whereby he proposes to be employed as their transportation agent, in which it shall be his duty to confer with traffic managers of the various lines over which stock would be shipped and try and secure an average uniform speed of 22 miles an hour from shipping point to destination, watch stock yards closely and see that they are kept in good condition, with plenty of good feed and water, etc. He also feels assured that he could obtain as good rates for his customers from the palace stock car companies as are now paid for the ordinary box car.

The Stock Grower was complimented on Wednesday by a most agreeable visit from a party of distinguished gentlemen, comprising Mr. John Shennan, of Edinborough, secretary and general manager of the Arizona Copper company, and of the Arizona and New Mexico railroad company, the Rev. Jeffrey Johnstone, of Annerdale, St. Leonards, Scotland; Mr. H. Schenck and J. De Bevoise, of Long Island. The gentlemen were accompanied by Mr. H. F. Grierson, well-known to the readers of this journal in connection with his important relation to many of the industries of New Mexico. Having thoroughly enjoyed a day at the Hot Springs and visiting other points of interest about Las Vegas, they left for the Pacific coast on the evening of the 26th.

"I have ordered all shipments of cattle stopped for awhile," said Mr. J. B. Thomas, of the Suffolk

Cattle company, of Wyoming. "Sixty thousand head of range cattle have come into the Chicago stock yards in the last four days and dressed beef men are doing what every one else would do under the circumstances—lower the prices. You see, the cattlemen have been rounding up and getting rid of the surplus. Prices will be better after a while. What do I think of the lumpy-jaw scare? We used to eat such cattle on the ranches, thinking the trouble was from a bruise, but since the inspectors years ago pronounced the disease to be of a cancerous nature we shoot them on the plains. Why, it would not pay a cattle owner to ship lumpy-jaw cattle. Some of them used to try it, but when such cattle were thrown out as 'beaders' and sent to the rendering establishments, the owner getting but \$5 a head, they stopped shipping them, as \$5 did not pay freight."—Chicago Tribune.

A Bismarck, Dakota, dispatch of the 20th instant says that the Marquis de Mores, son-in-law of Baron von Hoffman, of New York, and at one time the cattle prince of Dakota, is contemplating an extensive plan of railroad building in China, and his friends here who were with him in his Medora enterprises and were witnesses to his reckless expenditure of money are watching developments with keen interest. Over twenty citizens of this vicinity are thinking seriously of going to China and joining the marquis in the hope that, supported by his friendship and his millions they will have an opportunity to accumulate fortunes. Although the marquis did not prove a dazzling success in his speculations in Dakota, although his immense slaughtering houses and stock yards at Medora are deserted, and notwithstanding the fact that he lost over a half million here in less than a year, those who know him best believe that he has great executive ability and that he will make a success as a railroad manipulator. The marquis distinguished himself in Dakota as much by "killing his man" as by beating the record in the unostentatious expenditure of money. He shot and killed one of the men who had threatened his life, and was acquitted of the charge of murder after a widely discussed trial. It is said by his confidential friends here that he has enlisted the support of many of the leading officials of China in his railroad schemes, and that he has an abundance of capital guaranteed.

The Kansas City Market.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Sept. 28, 1888.

Special to the Stock Grower:

There is no improvement in cattle values either here or at Chicago. The plethora of cattle continues. Choice beef stock is beginning to share in the weak feeling and lower prices now prevalent for rangers, cows and the hodge podge of cattle stocks going into all the markets.

10,000 EWES, shearing 3 to 3 1-2 lbs. from one to five years old, will be sold in bunches of 1,000 and upward at \$1.00 per head, if contracted for on or before Sept. 30th, 1888. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

A Market Deluge.

Cattle? Well, yes, a few. They came rolling in from the plains of Dakota, Montana and Colorado. Texas had a load or two for Chicago, and from here, there and everywhere through the western states came car load after car load of their ancient dams, until the yarding became a matter of some difficulty, and small bunches had to be satisfied with small pens. The largest weekly receipts on record will be paralyzed, fairly "knocked into a cocked hat." Week ending Nov. 26, 1887, we had 62,493 cattle; for the first four days of that week we had 49,856 cattle; so far this week we have 55,519, and with tomorrow's receipts will not be far from touching the 70,000 mark. And the market? There was a market, but it was a hard one, hard for sellers and harders still for owners, but they were coming very easy for buyers. Good to choice steers were 10@15c. per 100 lbs. lower; common to fair grades were 15c. per 100 lbs. lower. Cows were—well, some reports have been quoting them 10@20c. lower every day for a week past, which would make the present current prices very close to nothing per 100 lbs. The market, however, while it may be 10@15c. per 100 lbs. lower than on Monday, is really not much lower than yesterday, but they are very slow sale. Range cattle were in liberal supply and sold 10@15c. per 100 lbs. lower for good and a severer decline for common qualities.—Chicago Market Review, 20th.

WARNER'S Log Cabin Remedies—old fashioned, simple compounds, used in the days of our hardy forefathers, are "old timers" but "old reliable." They comprise a "Sarsaparilla," "Hops and Buchu Remedy," "Cough and Consumption Remedy," "Hair Tonic," "Extract" for External and Internal Use, "Plasters," "Rose Cream," for Catarrh, and "Liver Pill." They are put up by H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of Warner's Safe Remedies, and promise to equal the standard value of those great preparations. All druggists keep them.

The Chicago Market.

[Breeder's Gazette.]

T. L. Miller, the well-known Hereford breeder of Beecher, Ill., had two of his peds here Friday that brought \$6.75.

The best range cattle here the last week was the 109 head belonging to Hostine & Co., with an average weight of 1,434 lbs. The drove brought \$5.20.

A bunch of fancy 320-lb. hogs was sold Monday at \$6.90 per 100 lbs. This is the highest point reached during the present season. Swift & Co. bought them.

Nels Morris bought 1,700 head of cows one day the past week, which he put into cans. He has also bought, recently, some 15,000 stock cattle for distillery feeding.

The Lake Shore, Nickel Plate, Michigan Central, Pittsburg & Fort Wayne, and Panhandle roads have agreed to advance dressed beef rates Sept. 24, from 25c to 35c per 100 lbs. Chicago to New York, and cattle rates from 10c to 15c. The Boston rate on dressed beef is to be 40c, and the cattle rate 17 1/2c.

Among the choice beeves on sale the past week was the two-load lot shipped in by J. G. Moore, of Monmouth, Ill. The lot averaged 1,608 lbs., and found a buyer at \$6.50.

A drove of 232 calves belonging to the Rineberlin Cattle company were on Thursday's market. They were shipped from Sherman, Tex., averaged 100 pounds and sold at \$4.00.

Last Saturday was "Atonement day"—one of the most religiously observed of all the Jewish holidays. The absence from the yards of the Jewish element was seriously felt in the cattle market.

The demand for heavy draft horses is now fairly active, and there is improvement also in the demand for roadsters and useful animals generally. Prices are firm, and are high enough to be satisfactory to raisers of good stock.

Within the last few days the receipts of cows and bulls have reached larger proportions than almost ever before. As a natural result prices are extremely low, ranging from \$1.25 to \$2.50 for inferior to good qualities, with extra quoted as high as \$3.

The highest price paid for a load of cattle during the last week—and in fact for many weeks—was the \$6.70 obtained Thursday for a load of 1,500-lb. steers, the property of E. D. Shinkle, of Maquoketa, Ia. Mr. Shinkle had another drove on that day's market that brought \$6.30.

Chicago continues to get the lion's share of the hogs—more than the other five principal packing points combined. For example, while the receipts Monday at Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, Cincinnati and Indianapolis aggregated only 6,500 the arrivals at Chicago that day were some 11,000.

The western railroad managers, at a meeting held in this city on Thursday last made some modifications in the minimum weights on cattle and hogs. The minimums now stand as follows: Cattle—Cars 31 ft. and under, 20,000 lbs.; over 31 ft. and not exceeding 33 ft. 6 in., 21,500 lbs.; cars over 33 ft. 6 in. long, 23,000 lbs. Hogs—Single-deck cars 31 ft. and under, 15,000 lbs.; over 33 ft. 6 in. and over 31 ft., 16,000 lbs.; over 33 ft. 6 in., 17,000 lbs. Minimum on hogs in double-deck cars, 22,000 lbs.

MERCY is so good a servant that it will never allow its master to die a beggar. The virtues that lie in Warner's Log Cabin Plasters are as beneficent and lasting as the qualities of mercy. Best and cheapest poulticed plaster in market.



KANSAS CITY HAY PRESS COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
The Lightning Hay Press
E. O. LOOY, Manager.
KANSAS CITY. - MO.

Sore Eyes

The eyes are always in sympathy with the body, and afford an excellent index of its condition. When the eyes become weak, and the lids inflamed and sore, it is an evidence that the system has become disordered by Scrofula, for which Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best known remedy.

Scrofula, which produced a painful inflammation in my eyes, caused me much suffering for a number of years. By the advice of a physician I commenced taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After using this medicine a short time I was completely

Cured

My eyes are now in a splendid condition, and I am as well and strong as ever.—Mrs. William Gage, Concord, N. H.

For a number of years I was troubled with a humor in my eyes, and was unable to obtain any relief until I commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has effected a complete cure, and I believe it to be the best of blood purifiers.—C. E. Upton, Nashua, N. H.

From childhood, and until with a few months, I have been afflicted with Weak and Sore Eyes. I have used for these complaints, with beneficial results, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and consider it a great blood purifier.—Mrs. C. Phillips, Glover, Vt.

I suffered for a year with inflammation in my left eye. Three ulcers formed on the ball, depriving me of sight, and causing great pain. After trying many other remedies, to no purpose, I was finally induced to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

By Taking

three bottles of this medicine I have been entirely cured. My sight has been restored, and there is no sign of inflammation, sore, or ulcer in my eye.—Kendal T. Bowen, Sugar Tree Ridge, Ohio.

My daughter, ten years old, was afflicted with Scrofulous Sore Eyes. During the last two years she never saw light of any kind. Physicians of the highest standing exerted their skill, but with no permanent success. On the recommendation of a friend I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which my daughter commenced taking. Before she had used the third bottle her sight was restored. Her cure is complete.—W. E. Sutherland, Evangelist, Shelby City, Ky.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$6.

6,000 ONE AND TWO-YEAR-OLD high-grade Matador heifers, smooth and in good condition, for sale at extremely low prices and delivery made at any point east of the Rio Grande and south of Springer, N. M. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

NEW BRANDS.

Jas. C. Henderson.
P. O.: Navajo Springs, Arizona.
Range: Sweetwater, N. M.
Horse brand, same as cut, both on right side.

2965 Notice for Publication.
[Homestead No. 1267.]
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 28, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 16, 1888, viz: Manuel Abreu, for the NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 27, N 1/4 SW 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 28, Twp. 2 N, range 25 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Peter Maxwell, Anastacio Mares, Vicente Otero, Charles Cole, all of Fort Sumner, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

2966 Notice for Publication.
[Preemption No. 1575.]
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 28, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 16th, 1888, viz: Peter Maxwell, for the S 1/4 NE 1/4, W 1/4 NE 1/4, NE 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 25, Twp. 2 N, range 25 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Manuel Abreu, Anastacio Mares, Vicente Otero, Charles Cole, all of Fort Sumner, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

SAM BRYANT'S GREAT COIT.

An Entertaining Account of how he won a \$23,000 Stake.

The following account of the race for the Junior Championship Stakes at Monmouth Park is from the pen of "Vigilant," of the *Spirit of the Times*, and is such a masterpiece in its way as to be worth reproduction:

The Faverdale colt led for the first furlong; then Proctor Knott went to the front and was never head afterward. The further they went the more he beat them. His big white face showed conspicuously as they wheeled for home, and he came down the stretch like a wild horse, winning by more than three lengths: about as hollow a race as we have seen for some time.

The time, 1:14, is equal to the best ever made at Monmouth. The first quarter was in 23 1/4 seconds and the half in 47 1/2 seconds. Proctor Knott gave the entire lot a seven-pound beating at least. He was "all out"—that is to say he was doing his best at the finish while the others were all beaten a quarter of a mile from home.

That he is many pounds better than anything we have seen this year is likely; that he was seven pounds better than any on Champion day is certain. Of course there are many things to be taken into consideration. Knott had not started since June 29 when he won the Kenwood at Chicago. He had been seasoned and specially prepared for this race, while the others, such as the Faverdale and Cyclone colts, Diablo, Caliente, Tipstaff, etc., had been doing some hard racing in large fields.

From all we could see Proctor Knott was one of the least distressed of the lot. The Faverdale colt was very much puffed. He ran a dead game colt, as Fresno had passed him in the stretch, but he beat Fresno under the whip, coming with a magnificent rally in the straight. Fresno ran a good race, but could not stand the pinch in the stretch. Salvator ran raw and is one which will improve with time. Tipstaff ran a very disappointing race, much below his real form. Oregon, the favorite, was beaten from the start. Diablo ran a game, true race and hung on like a bulldog, but the pace was too much for him. Caliente did not show his real form, being in all probability stiff from his railroad-ing. Lady Margaret was off and could not run a bit.

Of course the great Mr. Bryant was equal to the occasion. He rushed forward, hat in hand, and led Knott in triumph back to scale and much cheering. Nobody grudged the old Kentuckian his success, as Sam is quite a character, and, like all "characters," popular.

"What'd I tell you, eh?" he ejaculated, as some one congratulated him, "didn't I say he was a great hoss?"

"You did."

"Well, and he's showed himself a great hoss. Why, he could have run it in 1:13 if there had been anything to finish out with him. I always said he was the greatest hoss I ever owned."

"You used to say that when you had Gen. Harding."

"I know I did, but this hoss wasn't foaled then. I always told my wife Knott was the greatest hoss I ever had—or anyone else." (Here Mr. Bryant dropped his voice.) "My wife dreamed Knott'd win this race, but I always said it was too much good luck for a poor man like me. I never could win big money."

"You won big money on Gen. Harding."

"Purty big—yes; but it took all that to pay my debts after they'd ruled me off here."

"Have you always run him in blinkers?" we asked, pointing to Knott's blinkers.

"No; he got into the fence at Chicago, and since then I've used 'em."

"This will give Luke Blackburn a great start as a sire," said Mr. Pincus, joining us.

"Start! He didn't need it," retorted Bryant. "I always sed Luke'd get race horses when the public was down on him—I know sumthin' about it, I do. Last spring at the sale I told 'em all when they begin to hang fire about buyin' that all Blackburn needed was the Tom mares."

I'd tried my colt enough to know what I was talkin' about. I bought Knott's sister there, and would like to have a bushel of 'em now."

"Who's your horse named after, Mr. Bryant?" asked a man in the crowd.

"Great God, stranger, don't you know that?" exclaimed Mr. Bryant aghast. "Why he's named after the Guv'nor of Kentucky, as bright a feller as ever wore shoe leather. You see Luke Blackburn, his sire, was named after one Guv'nor of old Kalntuck, so thinks I, we'll name this hoss after another Guv'nor, and he kin run for a big stake as fast as the Guv'nor run for office."

"But whar's my hoss?" called Mr. Bryant, having lost sight of his winner in his fervid declamation. "Bring him over here you boy. That'll do; now put 'Bob' up and take him back to the stable." Who "Bob" was no one knew, but they were not left long in doubt by the appearance of a little darkey, scarcely larger than an average monkey, who appeared as suddenly as a Jack in the box in the saddle of the Junior Champion winner. A roar of laughter, followed by some cheering, and the Junior Champion winner, with his queer rider, followed by his queer owner, went off rejoicing.

700 YEARLING STEERS, 500 yearling heifers and 200 two and three year old steers, delivered at Deming, at \$8. and \$12. per head. These cattle must be sold within two weeks. Address G. L. BROOKS, Manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

Log Cabin Success.

What ails the young men?

Robert Garrett's father left him a fortune of twenty millions. He was from childhood reared in luxury; he received a splendid education with an especial training into a thorough knowledge of railroad management and was expected to succeed his father as a railroad king.

Within three years after the responsibilities which his father's death threw upon him were assumed, he is reported a broken down man, with mind and health permanently shattered.

George Law is another young man left with millions of money, who is reported among the "wrecks." His father, bred a stone mason, was of gigantic size and strength, with commensurate brain power, so he became a great contractor, then a railroad king and left half a dozen millions for his son to dissipate. The young man is a success as a dissipator.

The founders of both of these great estates were born in the most humble walks of life, grew strong, mentally and physically, by simple living and honest labor and developed into financial giants. Their sons were reared in the lap of luxury and developed into intellectual pigmies.

The great men of our country have not as a rule, come from the elegant mansions of the cities, but from the Log Cabins of the rural districts. Simple ways of living, freedom from dissipation and enervating pleasures, simple remedies for disease, effective and which leave no poison in the system, develop brawny, brainy men, who compel the world to recognize their strength and power.

The wholesome, old-fashioned Log Cabin remedies are the safest and surest for family use. Our grandmothers knew how to prepare the teas and syrups of roots, herbs and balsams which drive disease out of the system by natural methods and leave no after ill effects. The most potent of these old-time remedies were, after long and searching investigation, secured by H. H. Warner of safe cure fame, and are now put out for the "healing of the nations" in the Warner's Log Cabin remedies.

Regulate the regulator with Warner's Log Cabin sarsaparilla and with pure blood giving health, strength, mental and bodily vigor, you may hope to cope successfully with the most gigantic financial problems of the age, without wrecking health and manhood.

A Panther Roped by Cowboys.

Mr. Nelson, of the "Mill-Iron" ranch, located in Hall county, was in town the early part of the week, and in company with Mr. E. J. McConnell, paid the *Index* quite a pleasant call. He gave us a graphic and interesting description of the capture, or rather the roping of a monster panther by the "Mill-Iron" boys out near that

ranch. He says that Range Boss Robert D. Green and a lot of the boys were out on the range one day last week, and as they were riding along a trail, they very suddenly and unexpectedly ran upon a large panther lying on the trunk of a stooping tree. No sooner was the animal discovered than the boys began to consult as to the best way to capture him, which resulted in a determination to rope his panthership. So the boys, ropes in hand, surrounded the tree on which he was lying, and began to try their expertness with the rope. Not relishing such familiarity on the part of strangers, the panther sprang to the ground ready for fight. Just as he rose to an upright position, Mr. Bob Green threw his rope over his head and spurring his horse jerked the panther over before he could make a spring. As quick as he could regain his feet several other ropes were thrown on him and he was soon stretched on the ground, a dead panther. He was a very old and large specimen, and his tushes were worn off like an old dog's. His feet were as large as a man's fist, and his claws terrible to look at. The hide measures near ten feet high. He had several days' rations of pork, three hogs, the pride of the range, stored near the tree where he was found. Mr. Nelson says the dead panther's mate is still up there, and if the boys can find her they will capture her too.—*Chil-dress Index.*

The St. Louis Meeting will be a "Hummer."

Major A. W. Hilliard, the well-known cattleman of west Texas, arrived yesterday from Midland, where he has recently located, says the *Dallas News*. He reports range stock in fine condition. In answer to the query as to the alleged scarcity of feed steers he said it depended upon what kind a man wanted. There is but little difficulty, he says, in finding 3-year-olds, but twos are scarcer than hens' molars. Of course this will make 3-year-olds scarcer next season, and he thinks there will be a considerable shortage next year. But it was with reference to the meeting of cattlemen, bankers, butchers and citizens, called to take place in St. Louis Nov. 20, that Major Hilliard wished to talk. He says from pretty full returns from all over the cattle growing region of the west, he is enable to say that the meeting will be one of the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in the United States with regard to the cattle business. The questions to be considered at the meeting are of vital importance not only to the cattle raisers and butchers but to the consumers of beef as well. In fact every man, woman and child in the country, save and except the big four and their heirs and assigns, are interested in the successful carrying out of the movement. The big four not only have the beef markets so completely in their own hands that they can set their own prices on cattle and also on beef, paying too little for the former and charging too much for the latter, but he charges that they supply the country in many instances with unwholesome meat, thereby endangering the health of the people who have to eat such meat as they dish up or turn vegetarians. The situation, Major Hilliard says, is one that calls for legislation. The people he says are as thoroughly aroused in regard to the matter as they are over the tariff agitation, and they will make such a noise at St. Louis that the legislatures of the states cannot well get around passing laws requiring all meats consumed within their respective borders to be inspected on hoof. This will knock the props from under the big four, and give the law of supply and demand a showing once more in the cattle business.

10,000 NEW MEXICO RAISED one and two-year-old steers for sale in bunches to suit purchaser at low prices. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

Orange Judd, who was the builder and for thirty years the editor of the old *American Agriculturist*, and for four years past of the *Prairie Farmer*, is now with his sons publishing a first-class weekly journal, viz., the *Orange Judd Farmer*, adapted to both country and village life, out-door and in-door. He invites all of his former readers, and any others, to send for a free sample copy, to *Orange Judd Farmer Co.*, Chicago, Ills.

DRS. BETTS & BETTS

Corner Champa and Seventeenth Streets, DENVER, COLO.



NERVOUS Debility, Spermatorrhoea, Semina Losses, Night Emissions, Loss of Vital Powers, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Lassitude, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, Aversion to Society, Easily Discouraged, Lack of Confidence, Dull, Listless, Unfit for Study or Business, and finds life a burden. **SAFELY, PERMANENTLY and PRIVATELY CURED.**

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Syphilis, a disease most horrible in its results, completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Blisters, Pimples, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Catarrh, etc. **PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED.**

URINARY Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Frequency of Urinating, Urine high colored or with milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

To Young Men and Middle-Aged Men.

A SURE CURE The awful effects of early vice, which brings organic weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreadful ills, permanently cured.

URETHRAL STRICTURE Permanently cured! Removal complete: neither knife, caustic or dilatation; without pain or injury. Proof indisputable.

DRS. BETTS Addresses those who have indulged in and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for business, study or marriage.

MARRIED MEN, or those entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly assisted.

OUR SUCCESS Is based upon facts. First—Practical Experience. Second—Every case is especially studied, thus starting aright. Third—Medicines are prepared in our laboratory exactly to suit each case, thus effecting cures without injury.

Send 6 cents postage for celebrated works on Chronic, Nervous and Delicate Diseases. Thousands cured. A friendly letter or call may save you future suffering and shame and add golden years to life. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cents in stamps. Address or call on

DRS. BETTS & BETTS, Corner Champa and Seventeenth Streets, DENVER, COLO.

RIFLES 500 genuine Spencer 7-Shot Repeating Rifles, of world-wide reputation, 50 calibre, metallic cartridges. **ONLY \$6.00.**

The subscribers offer another lot of the above Rifles, having sold last season over 1000 of them. They are the genuine Spencer 7-shooter, and a bargain to anyone wanting a rifle for hunting, target, or defence; originally cost \$30.00 each, and only offered at above low price from having been sold at a large sale at a great sacrifice. Have patent cut-off to magazine, making the arm a single loader or repeater at will; take the 50 calibre metallic cartridge; sighted from 100 to 900 yards. Cartridges 50 cents per box; bristle brush 25 cents. It can also be used as a SHOT GUN, as Short Cartridges can be furnished, making it a Repeating Shot Gun. Price for Shot Cartridges, 75 cents per box.

Send P. O. Order, and order at once, as lot is small. Orders filled in rotation. Price only guaranteed for present lot. Cut this out, as it will not appear again. A discount to dealers ordering a case of ten or more.

WM. READ & SONS, 107 Washington St., Boston, Mass. Established 1826.

CHAS. F. HASELEY (Late Register of the Santa Fe Land Office.)

Land Attorney & Agent.

Special attention to business before the U. S. Land offices at Santa Fe and Las Cruces. Office in First National Bank Building, Santa Fe, N. M.

STEERS FOR SALE. 300 to 500 3 and 4-year-old, N. M. raised, A1 condition. Address, W. A. Irvin, Hilton P. O., Dona Ana Co., N. M. 2724

STOCK HORSES. WANTED TO BUY GOOD stock horses. Address, with full description and price, H. E. Traak, Liberty, N. M.

THE RODEO ANNOUNCED TO BEGIN ON Sept. 20th for the Aztec range, will begin at Wilford working east to Show Low, from there down the creek as usual to Chevelons Fork, ending at Dry Lakes. Will C. Barnes, Secretary. Holbrook, Ariz., Aug. 27.

NOTICE OF ROUND UP. THE GENERAL round up in Sierra county will begin on the 20th inst. near Las Palomas and work will continue from the Caballo mountains to the Black Range mountains and from Cuchillo to Percha creek. N. Grayson, Manager.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that Eugenio Romero, Sheriff of San Miguel county, will on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the pasture of E. Romero, about two miles south of the town of Las Vegas, San Miguel county, N. M., offer at public auction and sell to the highest bidder for cash the following cattle and horses, to wit: Ninety six head of young cattle, including seven bulls, two of them fine Herefords. All of said cattle of good grade and quality and mostly she cattle. Also fourteen head of horses, mostly mares and good breeding stock. The said cattle and horses having been levied upon by the Sheriff, by virtue of and to satisfy executions, issued out of the district courts of San Miguel and Mora counties, territory of New Mexico, against James W. Sparks, John W. Sparks, W. Sparks, Jr., C. N. Sparks, William Sparks and William Sparks & Sons for the sum of \$182.85 judgment and \$500 costs of suit, and in favor of Kohn Bros. and E. Romero. Las Vegas, N. M., Sept. 8, 1888.

27th Notice for Publication.

[Desert Land Entry No 119.]

LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 8, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Santa Fe N. M., on October 31, 1888, viz: Jose S. Esquivel, for section 10, township 11, north, range 24 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove that said land has been properly irrigated and reclaimed in the manner required by law: Pablo Anaya, Santiago Esquivel, Vidal Madrid, of Las Vegas N. M.; and Sesarito Baldonado, of Los Conchos N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

Notice for Publication.

[Homestead No. 1,234.]

LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., August 18, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Probate Judge of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on October 3rd, 1888, viz: Patricio Sandoval, for the SW 1/4 of Sec. 18, Twp. 17 N, range 29 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Jose Roybal, Albino Roybal, Damacio Martinez, Juan Ignacio Baca, all of San Miguel county. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

Notice for Publication.

[Homestead No. 1,235.]

LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., August 18, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on October 3rd, 1888, viz: Jose J. Roybal, for the SE 1/4 Sec. 18, Twp. 17 N, range 29 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Juan Ignacio Baca, Damacio Martinez, Patricio Sandoval, Albino Roybal, all of San Miguel county. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

Notice for Publication.

[Homestead No. 2121.]

LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 25, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 29, 1888, viz: Kemary Kitter, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, and NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 6, Twp. 13, N, range 27 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: R. M. Perkins, Samuel Newman, Wm. S. Lackey, Jas. E. Johnson, all of Endee, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

Notice for Publication.

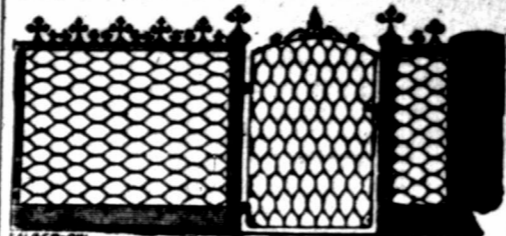
[Preemption No. 1987.]

LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 26, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 15, 1888, viz: James K. Blanton, for the W 1/2 SE 1/4 and E 1/2, SW 1/4 of Sec. 4, Twp. 1 N, range 22 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: W. Carter, John Hull, of Fort Sumner, N. M.; Byron Hixon, Pope Hixon, of Puerto de Luna, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

SEDGWICK STEEL WIRE FENCE.



The best Farm, Garden, Poultry Yard, Lawn, School Lot, Park and Cemetery Fences and Gates. Perfect Automatic Gate. Cheapest and Neatest Iron Fences. Iron and wire Summer Houses, Lawn Furniture, and other wire work. Best Wire Stretcher and Plier. Ask dealers in hardware, or address, **SEDGWICK BROS., RICHMOND, IND.**

FOR SALE.

One Live Stock Register and Ranch Record Book. A book of great value to manager of Ranch Cattle companies, as it is the completest and best system of keeping accounts that has yet been published. Address **THE STOCK GROWER CO., Las Vegas, N. M.**

Notice of Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Cammell & Rutledge, is this day dissolved. All debts due by the late firm for supplies furnished for running cattle and for wages, will be paid by Arthur L. Cammell. **ARTHUR L. CAMMELL, JOHN RUTLEDGE.** Las Vegas, Sept. 11, 1888.

MARTIN BROTHERS, AGENTS FOR THE BRUNSWICK AND BALKE COLLENDER CO.

Billiard Supplies, Etc.

Dealers in Kentucky Bourbon and Rye Whiskies and Distillers Agents.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in **Wall Paper, Paints, Oils, BRUSHES AND GLASS. WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES** Also, House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging. Country Orders Solicited. Sixth St., opp. San Miguel National Bank, Las Vegas.

LOST.

2 cream-colored broncho horses. 1 dun broncho with black points. 1 bay horse. 1 bay horse. 1 bay horse. All above branded **V T** on left hip, 1 pinto horse branded **NK** connected. Information of same to Cammel & Lincoln, Pinos Wells, N. M., will be liberally rewarded.

NOTICE.

Stolen from my stable at San Pedro, N. M., on the evening of May 1st, 1888,

AMERICAN BAY HORSE,

four years old, about 14 1/2 hands high, weight about 900 pounds, branded



on left hip.

I will pay two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) for the recovery of the horse and arrest of the thief, provided the horse is not broken down or ruined.

DONALD FERGUSON, San Pedro, N. M.



The **BUYERS' GUIDE** is issued March and Sept., each year. It is an encyclopedia of useful information for all who purchase the luxuries or the necessities of life. We can clothe you and furnish you with all the necessary and unnecessary appliances to ride, walk, dance, sleep, eat, fish, hunt, work, go to church, or stay at home, and in various sizes, styles and quantities. Just figure out what is required to do all these things **COMFORTABLY**, and you can make a fair estimate of the value of the **BUYERS' GUIDE**, which will be sent upon receipt of 10 cents to pay postage.

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FOR MEN ONLY. A quick, permanent cure for loss of strength, weakness, unnatural looseness, lack of vigor or development, caused by indiscretion, excesses, etc. Valuable book sent (sealed) free. **ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.**

Take this line for **ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT, NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK,** and all Eastern points. **C. M. HAMPSON,** Com'l Agt., DENVER, Col.

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Office in First National Bank Building. **Santa Fe, N. M.**

Oldest Bank in New Mexico.

First National Bank

OF SANTA FE.

WM. W. GRIFFIN, Pres. R. J. PALEN, Cashier. PEDRO PEREA, Vice President.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.

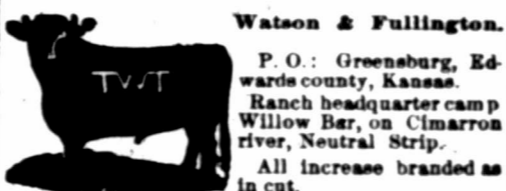


O. J. Wren.

Cattle Raiser and Dealer.

Postoffice, Colorado, Texas. Ranches in Fisher and Kent counties. Horse brand, circle bar on left hip.

KANSAS.



Watson & Fullington.

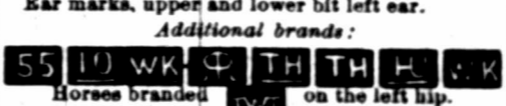
P. O.: Greensburg, Edwards county, Kansas.

Ranch headquarters camp Willow Bar, on Cimarron river, Neutral Strip.

All increase branded as in cut.

Ear marks, upper and lower bit left ear.

Additional brands:



Horses branded **TVG** on the left hip.

MEXICO.



Beresford & Corbet,

Postoffice address, Ojitos, Yanos, Chihuahua, Mexico.

Cattle branded **BC** on left side.

Horses branded **BC** on left hip.

All increase branded **DC**.

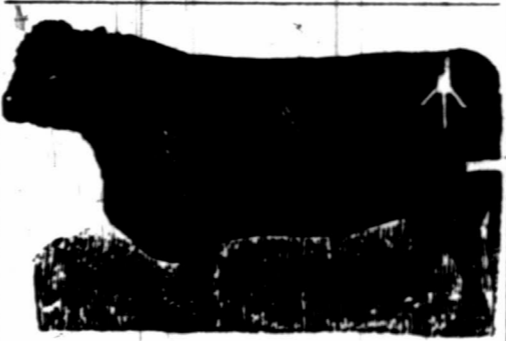
Ear marks, crop the left and jingle hob right.

Additional brands: **EP** and **Y**

NEW MEXICO.

The Counties under this heading are all in the Territory of New Mexico.

RIO ARRIBA COUNTY.



Chama Cattle Company.

DEWEY H. SMITH, Manager.

Postoffice, box 132, Santa Fe, N. M.

Range, Canon le Chama grant.

Horse brand, same as cattle only smaller.

Ear marks: Hole with point of triangle toward the end of ear.

SIERRA COUNTY.



Henry G. Toussaint.

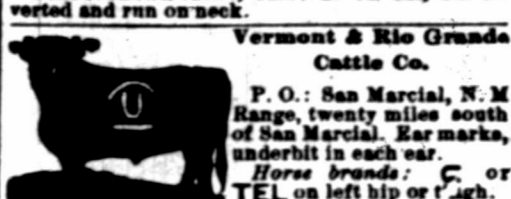
P. O.: Lava Range, near Engle, Sierra county, N. M.

Horse brand, **HT** left hip.

Vent brand on horses under original brand.

Other brands on cattle and horses:

Vent brand on cattle, same as on cut, but inverted and run on neck.



Vermont & Rio Grande Cattle Co.

P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.

Range, twenty miles south of San Marcial. Ear marks, underbit in each ear.

Horse brands: **G** or **TEL** on left hip or thigh.



O. Hearn.

P. O.: Fairview, N. M.

Range, Pauvrecita creek and vicinity of Fairview.

Ear marks, figure 7 underbit in each ear.

Additional brand, **GL** on left hip.

Horse brand, same as cattle on left thigh.



Armstrong Bros.

P. O.: Engle, N. M.

Range, east slope Caballo mountains on Jornada Del Muerta.

Ear mark, underbit each ear.

Horse brands, **G** left hip. Cattle branded on left side.

A. HARCADALE. C. MITFORD. G. BRIBBLEY.

Hardcastle, Mitford & Co.

ADORE RANCH,

Range, on headwaters of the Upper Gila, Sierra Co.

P. O.: Grafton, N. M.

Ear mark, underbit left, swallowfork right.

Horse brand, **MM** (connected) on left hip or shoulder. Also **2** on left hip.

Sierra Land and Cattle Company.

P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City, Mo.

E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City, Mo.

R. H. HOPPER, Vice-Prest. & Mgr., Kingston, N. M.

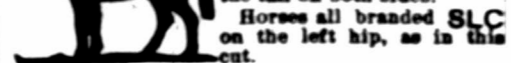
S. S. JACKSON, Ranch Manager, Hillsborough, N. M.



Range, southeastern Sierra county.

All cattle branded as in the cut, and have two bars under the tail on both sides.

Horses all branded **SLC** on the left hip, as in this cut.



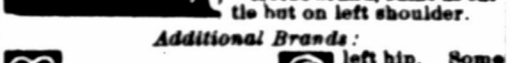
Grayson & Company.

P. O.: Los Palomas, Sierra county, N. M.

Range, Animas ranch, Sierra county.

Ear marks, under half crop each ear.

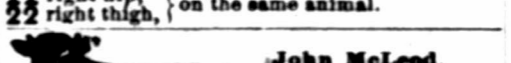
Horse brand, same as cattle but on left shoulder.



Additional Brands:

W on left hip. **U** left hip. Some have same on side.

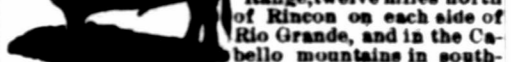
W O left side. **22** right hip. **22** right thigh, on the same animal.



John McLeod.

P. O.: Rincon, Dona Ana county.

Range, twelve miles north of Rincon on each side of Rio Grande, and in the Caballo mountains in southeastern portion of erra county.



Horse brand, **OM** on the left shoulder.

GRANT COUNTY.



Buckeye Land & Live Stock Company.

S. A. BAXTER, Financial Manager, Lima, Ohio.

M. CHAPMAN, Range Manager, Deming, N. M.

P. O. box 101, Deming, N. M.

Range, Cedar Grove ranch, 20 miles south of Deming.

Horse brand, same, on left hip.

Brand on left side. Marked, sharpen both ears.

Missouri-Florida Cattle Co.

JOHN J. YEATER, Pres., Sedalia, Mo.

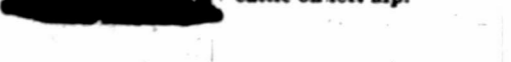
JOHN M. WEIDENYER, Sec. and Treas., Clinton, Mo.

JOHN T. SHY, Superintendent, Deming, N. M.

P. O.: Deming, N. M.

Range, east side Florida mountains.

Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip.



SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.

DIVISION OF CATTLE. ROBERT MINGUS AND C. A. RATHBUN.

Robt. Mingus. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop left and underbit right.

Horse brand, generally on left hip or thigh. All horses' tails bobbed.

C. A. Rathbun. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop and split left.

Horse brand, on left shoulder or hip.

In consequence of the dissolution of the firm of Robt. Mingus & Co., the stock in the old brands

remain the undivided property of the old firm. Calves following cows in either of these brands are to be branded as heretofore. The cattle so far divided have been branded

For account of Mingus. The is on the left shoulder and generally through the M. The cattle have been divided the same way.

on left shoulder and T right side, and all increase is to be branded T M as in cut. And thus:

For account of Rathbun. The is on the left hip and generally through the N. The have been divided the same way.

on left hip and F on right side. The increase to be branded F I as in cut.

ROBT. MINGUS. C. A. RATHBUN.

GRANT COUNTY.

Lindauer Cattle Co. S. LINDAUER, Manager. P. O.: Deming, N. M. Range, on McKnight's Clo-naga, on Upper Mimbres Horse brand, SL on the left shoulder.

Lyons & Campbell. P. O.: Silver City, N. M. Range, Duck Creek, Mule Springs and Middle Gila, Grant county. Mark, crop and split left. Horse anywhere on brand LC on the left side

MORA COUNTY.

J. F. LaTourrette, President. W. H. Willeox, Sec'y and Treas. BRANDS OF THE WAGON MOUND Local Stock Growers' Associat'n Range, Wagon Mound. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M.

H. H. Chandler—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks.

Mrs. W. A. Crocker—Cattle branded on right hip, right shoulder. Ear marks. Horses branded V on left shoulder.

J. S. Eisen—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks. Horses branded same on right shoulder.

S. H. Fairchild—Cattle branded on left side. Other brand, Z. Horse brand left shoulder same as cattle left side.

Grille Bros.—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks. Horse brand same on left hip.

Helbrook Bros.—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks. Horses branded same on left hip.

A. S. Isaacs—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks. Horse brand AI on left hip.

S. Kail—Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks.

J. F. LaTourrette—Cattle branded SU left side. L left shoulder. A left side.

Horses branded SU on left shoulder. G. O. C. McCrohan—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks.

Increase X on right jaw. Horses branded on left hip same as cattle on left side.

J. F. Maldaner—Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks. Horse brand same left shoulder

T. C. Garlington—Cattle branded on right hip, side and shoulder. Ear marks. Horses branded same on left hip.

W. T. Marshall—Cattle branded on left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks. Horses branded same on left hip.

T. F. Maulding—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left hip.

H. C. Reed—Cattle branded on right shoulder, side and hip. Ear mark. Horses branded A on right shoulder.

Watkins & Ecton—Cattle branded on right hip, side and shoulder. Ear marks. Horses branded HE on right hip.

W. H. Willeox—Cattle branded on left side. Horses branded same on left rump.

Robison & Clark Cattle Company. Cattle branded 66 on left side and hip. 16, T, H, H. Horse brand, T on right shoulder.

Lench & Lane Cattle Co. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Some cattle branded L on right hip and shoulder. Horses branded L on right shoulder.

W. T. Marshall. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, Econdido, south of Wagon Mound. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, under half crop left, over half crop right.

Also have some cattle branded All increase branded as in cut.

MORA COUNTY.

M. Johnston. P. O., Wagon Mound, N. M. Range, Vermejo. Horse brand, same on left hip. Ear marks, crop right and swallowfork left.

The Wendling Cattle and Land Co. OF COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO. New Mexico Division. Range, on OK ranches, Mora county, and on Glen Mora ranch in Mora and San Miguel counties. HENRY WENDLING, Manager. A. L. CALVIN, Range foreman. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M. Brands: IOU, FL, JL, RL, OK, T. Office: 1754 Curtis street, DENVER, Colo.

H. T. Sinclair. P. O.: Wagon Mound, Range, Vermejo and Teta Vegue. All increase branded the same as old stock. Other brand, on right shoulder, side and hi on the left shoulder.

The Riverside Cattle Company. W. B. BRUNTON, Manager. P. O.: Shoemaker, Mora county, N. M. Range, Cherry valley, Pinos Altos and vicinity, Mora county, N. M. Other brands: N I X on right side, kept up. C left side, kept up. Horse brand, 2 on right shoulder.

Portsmouth Cattle Co. E. E. HOLMES, Manager, P. O.: Kansas City, Mo. H. G. HOWARD, Supt., P. O.: Springer. Range, Colfax and Mora counties, New Mexico. Horse brand: Same as on cattle, as in cut. Some horses branded B B

Farr Bros. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Red River and Alamo. Horse brand, on left shoulder. Other cattle, on left brand, on left side.

H. D. Reinken. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range: Cherry Valley and vicinity, Mora county. Horse brand same on shoulder. Ear mark: Crop in left and two splits in right.

Aaron Bales. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Petrosco canon and Cherry valley, Mora Co. All calves marked with overbit in left and two underbits in right.

T. E. MITCHELL, Range Manager, P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Dubuque Cattle Co. General Management, Dubuque, Iowa. Range, Tequesquite, Ute creek and Tremperos, Colfax, Mora and San Miguel counties. Horse brands, SX or MX or T left hip or shoulder.

Other Brands: All calves branded and marked as in cut, except thoroughbred calves in the OO brand, which is kept up.

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M. Range, head of Tramperos, Mora Co. Other brands, both on the left side. Horse brand, > or 3 on right shoulder.

MORA COUNTY.

Charles Sumner. P. O. Watrous, Mora Co. Range, south of Wagon Mound. Ear mark, two slits in left ear. Horse brand K left thigh

Shepard & Hall. P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Range, Alamoctas. Ear marks, crop and underhalf crop right; crop and underbit left. Other brands.

this brand kept p. right shoulder, side and hip.

Horse brands: Y left hip; also on right hip.

COLFAX COUNTY.

Illinois Live Stock Co. J. S. HOLLAND, Manager. P. O. Tramperos, N. M. Range, Tramperos. Some cattle are branded but all increase are branded as in cut. Ear marks—Crop and underbit left, and underbit right. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder.

S. M. Folsom. E. A. CAHOON, Foreman. P. O.: Cimarron, Range, Cerososo Canon, Colfax county. Other on right shoulder, underbit and on left side, also on left hip. Horse brand, X on the left hip.

Home Land and Cattle Co. Principal office, Cass avenue and Second street, St. Louis, Mo. Range, on the Perico, Colfax county, N. M. Cattle branded on left hip and left side, and right hip and right side. Horses N on left hip. N on either side. LX on right hip and side.

Additional Brands: N - N on right or left side. X on left side and hip. X on left jaw. N + N on right or left side with N on right or left hip. Various ear marks. Horse brands, N on left hip and N - on left hip.

Miller & Harshman. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Ocate, Colfax Co. Ear mark, crop and underbit left. Other brands, all on left side, shoulder and hip. Horse brand W on the right shoulder.

Palo Blanco Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Chico, Retaples, Holkie, Palo Blanco, Don Carlos and Ute creek. Ear mark, swallow fork left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left thigh. Also left side, slash on left shoulder, own left hip. T slash left hip.

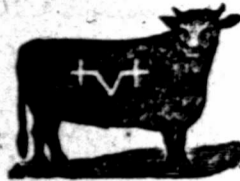
S. W. Dorsey. P. O.: Chico Springs, New Mexico. Range—Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinnegulla, Perico, Carrizo, Pinipitina, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county. Horse brand, same as above, on right shoulder. Additional Cattle Brands: left side and hip. IX on right side. A left or right side. CS left hip or side. LRB on left side.

COLFAX COUNTY.



S. A. Kall. P. O. Wagon Mound. Range, Vermejo and Teta Vegue. Cattle have various ear marks. All increase marked as in cut.

Horse brands: Same as cattle on right hip



Henry K. T. Lyons. P. O. Raton, N. M. Range, Sugarite and Red river. Ear mark, sharpen the right ear. Horse brand, same on right hip.



Eagle Tail Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Raton, N. M. Range, Eagle Tail and Tenaja. Horse brand, same as the cut, on the left shoulder.



William McCartney. P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal. Ranch foreman, B. T. Lucock. Ranch P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, between head of canon Largo and Mora river. Ear marks, crop right, underbit left. Also owns cattle branded 'VH' on left side. All increase branded 'JS'. Horse brand, 'JS' on left shoulder.



Range, Rincon and Arroyo de Los Alamocitas. Ear marks, crop right, underslope left. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder.



H. S. Gratz. P. O.: Capulin, N. M. Range, Dry Cimarron, Colfax county. Marks, slit in right ear. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder.

Other brands: [triangle] on the left side. Marked, with a slit in the right ear and tin tag in the left ear.



Western Land and Cattle Company. (Limited). JAS. A. FORENS, Gen. Mgr. 13 Delaware block, cor. of Seventh and Delaware Sts. Kansas City, Mo. Range, Cimarron river. P. O.: Madison, Colfax county, New Mexico. Ear marks, grub the right ear.

Other prominent brands: [VI] [DC] [9] [XI] [MK] [A+] [X] all on the right side, and [VCC] [III] [T] [T] all on the right hip. Horse brands: right hip [VI] right or left [VI] on the left shoulder thigh, or thigh. [101] [W] on the right hip. [T] on the right thigh.

The Akron Live Stock Company, Akron, Ohio. AUGUSTUS CURTISS, Manager. I. H. KINGMAN, Range Foreman. Postoffice, Springer, N. M.



Known as the "Stirrup" brand, formerly owned by Porter & Cloughier. Horse brand, same, on the left hip. Other brands: [M] [S] and various other brands. Brand all calves with dart. Range, Ocate mesa and canon, Sweetwater and Cimarron river.

Urraca Hereford Ranch. FRANCIS CLUTTON. Postoffice, Cimarron, Colfax County N. M.



Thoroughbred herd, 9 left side. Ear mark, underbit right and left. Horse brand, 5 on the left shoulder.

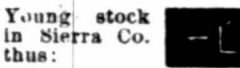
DONA ANA COUNTY.



Mariano Barela. P. O.: Mesilla, N. M. Range, west of the Rio Grande, from Picacho mountain west of Mesilla south to the buttes west of La Mesa.



Lynch Bros. P. O.: Colorado, N. M. Range, La Loma Parda, Sierra Co.: Las Uvas and Sauce Springs, Dona Ana Co. Additional brands: Young stock in Dona Ana Co., thus: [LB] All horses are branded 'LB' on the left side.



Sacramento Cattle Co. P. O.: El Paso, Texas. Range, Sacramento Ranch, Sacramento mountains, Dona Ana county, New Mexico. Also cattle branded [O] left side of neck. Also horses branded 'HS' or 'H' on left shoulder. Ear marks, crop right, swallowfork left. Old stock has 'H' on left shoulder. Horses branded 'H' on left thigh.

San Andreas Ranch.



J. H. WILDY. P. O.: Las Cruces, N. M. Range, east side San Andreas mountains from Ash to Membrillo canons, inclusive. Horse brand, same on right shoulder. Additional Brands: [L] on left shoulder, side and thigh and [J] on right hip. [F] on left shoulder, side and thigh and [J] on right hip. Ear marks, figure 7 underbit in each ear. Underslope and upperbit in each ear. Crop the left. Only figure 7 underbit mark and brand as in cut kept up.

BERNALILLO COUNTY.

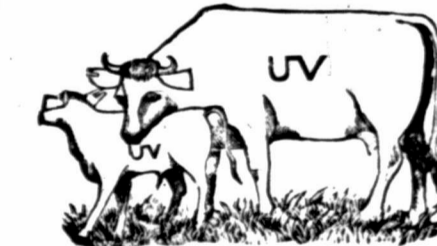


Mariano Perea. P. O. Bernalillo, N. M. Range, La Jara. Ear marks, swallow-fork left.



Jacobo Yrisarri. P. O. Albuquerque. Range, Trinchera mountains. Ear marks, swallow-fork, over and under hack in right ear. Other brands same as cut.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.

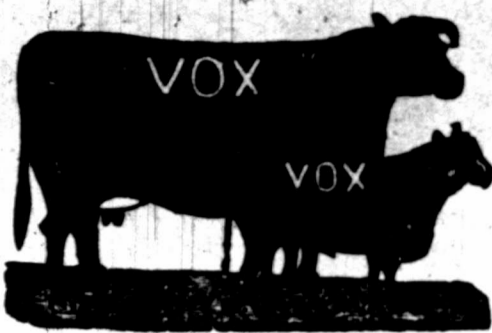


Trujillo Ranch Company. OF LAS VEGAS. Office of Browne & Manzanares. C. W. BROWNE, Manager. P. O.: Endee, San Miguel county, N. M. Range, on Trujillo creek, in Oldham county, Texas; and San Miguel county, New Mexico. Additional Brands: [W] [X] [C] All increase branded as in above cut. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder. Some horses have Star C on the left hip.

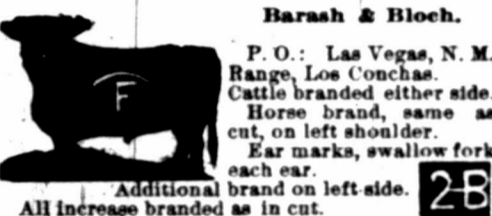


C. T. Degraftenreid. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo, San Miguel county, N. M.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



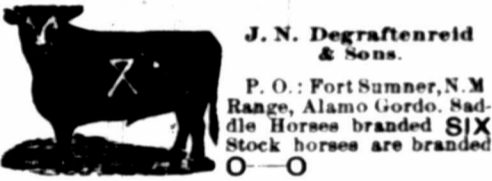
Fort Sumner Land and Cattle Co. DAN. L. TAYLOR, President and Manager, Fort Sumner, New Mexico. Range, Fort Sumner, N. M. P. O.: Fort Sumner. Ear marks, crop the left. Additional brands—All kept up. [NO] right side, [W] right hip, [X] right hip or hip. [VO] on right side or hip. [W] on right hip. [T] on right side. Some horses are branded 'VO'.



Barash & Bloch. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Los Conchas. Cattle branded either side. Horse brand, same as cut, on left shoulder. Ear marks, swallow fork each ear. Additional brand on left side. [2B] All increase branded as in cut.



Waddingham Bell Ranch. MICHAEL SLATTERY, MGT. P. O.: La Cinta, county of San Miguel, New Mexico. The range, Montoya Grant. All the horses on the ranch have the same bell brand on left shoulder. Additional Brands: [A] [O] [D] [R] [J] [R] [82]



J. N. Degraftenreid & Sons. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. Saddle Horses branded 'SIX'. Stock horses are branded 'O-O'.



J. & E. Rosenwald. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county. Marked, crop the right. Also own cattle branded [RC].



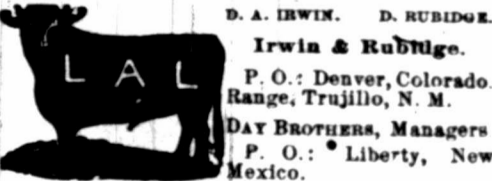
Chas. S. Cowan. P. O. Glorieta, N. M. Range, Rincon de las Trozas, Red River, and Cow Creek, Upper Pecos. Horse brand 7—on left shoulder. Ear mark, crop the left, and upper half crop right. Some cattle branded 'TA' on left side. All increase branded as in cut.



Pete Maxwell. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Pecos river, near Fort Sumner. Ear marks: Right ear cropped and split, and left ear cropped. Also claims [H].



Millhiser Bros. P. MILLHISER, Manager. P. O. East Las Vegas Range, Las Vegas grant. Ear marks vary in old cattle. Ear mark on increase, overslope each ear. Horse brand 'M' on right hip or thigh.



D. A. IRWIN. D. RUBIDGE. Irwin & Rubidge. P. O.: Denver, Colorado Range, Trujillo, N. M. DAY BROTHERS, Managers. P. O.: Liberty, New Mexico.

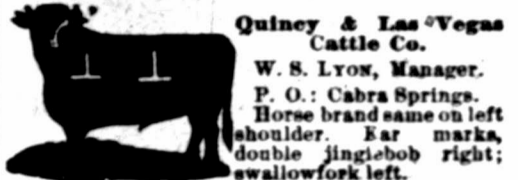


Ilfeld & Letcher. Postoffice, Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamoas. Also Chas. Ilfeld, [F E] and [50] Horse brand, same as cattle.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



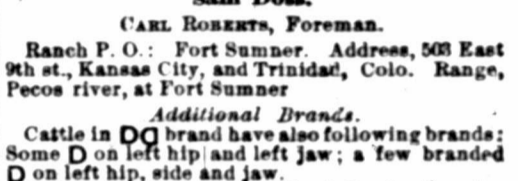
Myers Bros. & Livesey. Postoffice, Liberty, New Mexico. Horse brands, 'TTT' on the left hip. Range, head of Arroyo Plaza Largo, and foot of Staked Plains, San Miguel county, New Mexico.



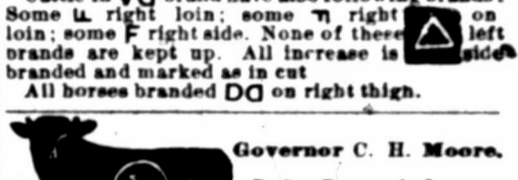
Quincy & Las Vegas Cattle Co. W. S. LYON, Manager. P. O.: Cabra Springs. Horse brand same on left shoulder. Ear marks, double jinglebob right; swallowfork left.



Sam Doss. CARL ROBERTS, Foreman. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner. Address, 503 East 9th st., Kansas City, and Trinidad, Colo. Range, Pecos river, at Fort Sumner. Additional Brands: Cattle in 'D O' brand have also following brands: Some 'D' on left hip and left jaw; a few branded 'D' on left hip, side and jaw. Cattle in 'V O' brand have also following brands: Some 'L' right loin; some 'T' right on loin; some 'F' right side. None of these brands are kept up. All increase is on left side and marked as in cut. All horses branded 'D O' on right thigh.



Governor C. H. Moore. P. O.: Puerto de Luna. Range, Upper Yeco. Various ear marks. Horses branded same on shoulder.



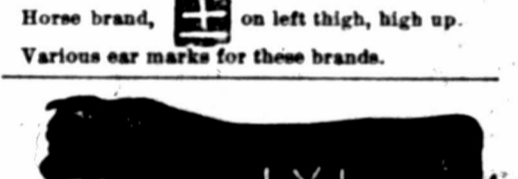
R. G. & J. W. Carlisle. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M., and Crested Butte, Colo. Range, Alamo Gordo and Juan de Dios. Horse brand, [E] on left thigh, high up. Various ear marks for these brands.



Calkins Cattle Company. O. L. HOUGHTON, Manager, Las Vegas. E. J. WILCOX, Range Supt., Fort Sumner. Range, Pecos river, near Fort Sumner. Ear marks on increase, crop off left. Other brands: [OLH] on the left shoulder, side and hip. [T] on the left side. [C] on side, [L] on hip. Horse brand, [IX] on the left hip.



Stiva & Dodge. P. O.: Puerto de Luna. Range, Alamo Gordo. Horse brand, on either side, on the shoulder. Ear marks, jinglebob in left upper half crop right. All calves branded as above. Also own [S].



Clifton Davis. P. O.: Puerto de Luna. Range, Juan de Dios. Ear marks, crop left and crop and split right. Horse brand, [IX] on the left shoulder.



Fond du Lac & Las Vegas Cattle Co. JAS. GAYNOR, President and Manager. P. O.: Fond du Lac, W. S. Range Liberty Ranch.

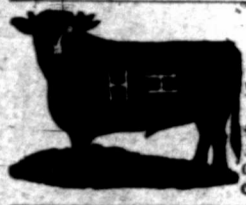
K O D D A K S . A F F E T Y

LINCOLN COUNTY.

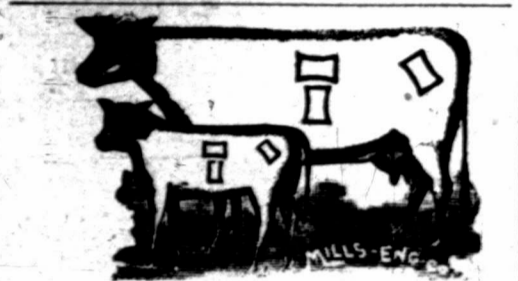


A. E. Powers. Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M. Ranch P. O., Powers' ranch, Red canon, Socorro county, N. M. Horse brand same as cattle, same place.

Other Brands: BUK Crop and under half crop left, crop right. EUK Crop and under half crop left, crop and underbit right. Both brands on both sides of animal.



A. M. Rogers & Son. P. O. Independence, Mo. Range, Canaditas (with McBroom.) A few fine young bulls for sale. Parties in need of either high grade or thoroughbred bulls will please correspond with us.



El Capitan Land and Cattle Company. P. O.: Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, New Mexico. Range, north of El Capitan mountains, Lincoln county.

Other brands: MEL left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks slit and underbit in right. COM left shoulder, side and hip. Underslope. JWI on left side. Mark, ed crop right, underbit left. D left side and hip. Ear marks, split both ears. Horse brand on hip. All increase marked as in cut and tails bobbed. When sold all horses are counterbranded with a small block on the left jaw.

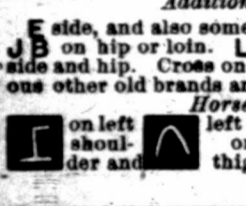


Doak Good. P. O.: Paris, Texas. Range, Los Portales, Staked Plains. All increase branded FX. Ear mark, underbit in left. Old brand, GOOD. Ear marks, underslope each ear.



Lea Cattle Company. J. C. LEA, Manager. W. M. Atkinson, Range Foreman. P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Hondo, North Spring and Pecos rivers, and on the Aqua Azul, Blackwater and Baca Ranches, all in Lincoln Co. Ear marks, crop and split left, split right. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Ear marks sometimes reversed.

Additional brands: E side, and also some on side and hip. W side, JB on hip or loin. LEA on side, or shoulder, side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks. Horse brand: on left shoulder and left hip or thigh. Part brand ed only on left shoulder thus:



Sutherland & Farrell. P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, above Roswell. Other brands: All cattle have two bars across the butt.



George G. Gans. P. O.: South Fork, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Pleasant valley, 9 miles north of Upper Penaeco. Marked, crop both ears. Horses branded same as cattle, on left shoulder. Also own all cattle branded G on both sides.



J. & J. S. Reynolds. A. B. ALLEN, Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, 8 miles below Cedar Canon on the Pecos river. Horse brands J on left shoulder.



John Shaw & Co. W. M. MAILAND, Supt. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yeso and Pecos river. Horse brand, X-- on the left shoulder. Increase brand both sides.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

The Holt Live Stock Co. WILLIAM T. HOLT, President. MYRON W. JONES, Manager. Office, Opera House block, Denver, Colorado. P. O. box 2183. A. TEMPLE THORN, Cashier and Accountant. L. WALLACE HOLT, 7 Rivers, N. M., Asst. Manager.



Breeding range, on the west side of Pecos river, Lincoln county, New Mexico. GEORGE WILCOX, foreman; P. O., Seven Rivers, N. M. Steer range, in Elbert and Bent counties, Colo. W. A. WAGGONER, foreman; P. O., Hugo, Colo. Horse on the left hip, brands: C on left hip, D on right thigh. Thoroughbred Hereford and Polled Angus breeding farm, Horse Creek, O. Z. postoffice, Colo.

VALENCIA COUNTY.

Davenport Live Stock Company. M. B. BOWMAN, Manager. P. O.: Chilili, N. M. Range, Buffalo Springs. Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip.

This company will pay a reward of \$300 for each and every conviction and sending to the penitentiary of any one illegally handling any stock in its brands.



J. A. Johnson & Co. P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Range, San Jose ranch, on A. & P. railroad, forty-seven miles from Albuquerque. Horse brand, J left hip. Various earmarks.

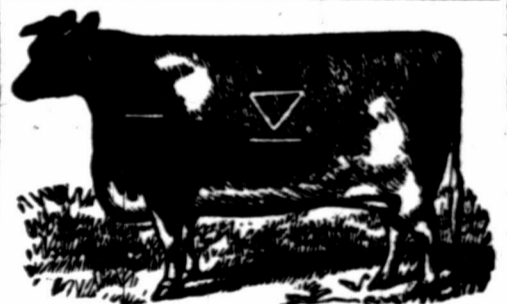


L. P. BRADLEY, Prest. T. S. MUMFORD, Secy. Cebolla Cattle Co. P. O.: Santa Fe, N. M.; box 218. Range, Valencia county, near Fort Wingate. Horse brand, the same.

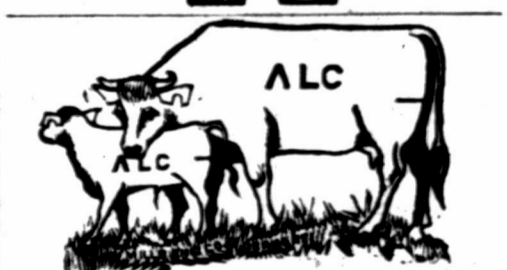
W. P. METCALF, Superintendent. JAS. A. STINSON, Ranch Manager. New Mexico Cattle Breeding Company.



P. O.: Chilili. Range, Estancia grant, Valencia county. Horse brand circle on the left hip.



Tusas Valley Cattle Co. P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Coolidge, N. M. Ranches in Valles de Las Tusas. Range, between Bluewater and Coolidge, along line of A. & P. R. R. Old stock are branded K on left side; since 1883 all branded as in the cut. Ear marks, crop right, under half crop left. Horses branded K or V left shoulder.

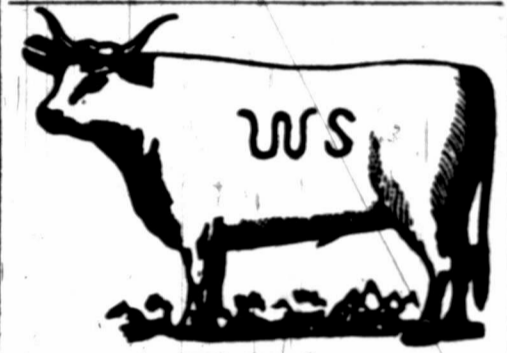


Acoma Land and Cattle Co. P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City. E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City. J. E. SAINT, Vice-Prest. and Mgr., Grants, N. M. Range, the Acoma Grant, and territory adjoining west and north. Horse brand, ALC on the left hip.

SOCORRO COUNTY.



Nathan Hall Cattle Company. NATHAN HALL, Manager. P. O. Magdalena, New Mexico. Range, Apachita creek, Tulerosa creek and Gallo Springs, Socorro county. Horse brand, NH connected, same as on cut, on the left hip. Also have cattle branded O on left side and hip with ear mark crop and under back left and jingle-bob right. All increase branded as in cut.

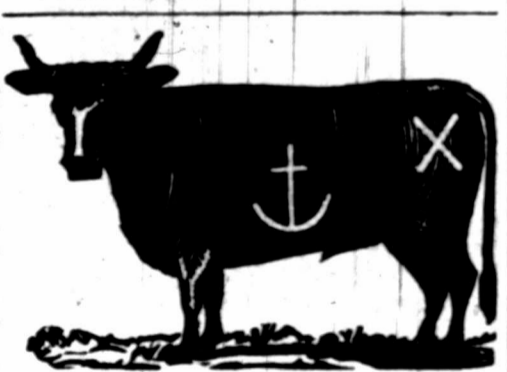
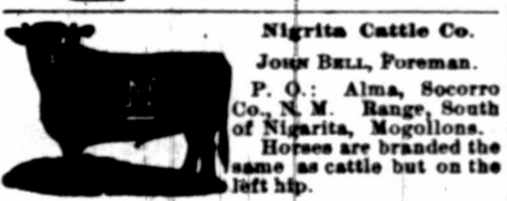


W S Ranch. P. O.: Alma, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Francisco river, Socorro Co. Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder or thigh.



JAMES D. REED, Prest. G. L. BROOKS, Sec'y. SAM N. DEDRICK, Manager. J. D. Reed Cattle Company. P. O.: Socorro, N. M. Range, western slope of the Magdalena mountains, Gallinas and Hierolosa mountains, and the Bear Springs, all in Socorro county, New Mexico. Bars across hips as in cut on both sides. Ear marks, half under crop left and crop right, sharp under the left and crop the right.

Other brands: COG left side, right loin. CR left side. Horse brand left hip saddle horses. rt. sh'lder stock horses.



Western Union Cattle, Land and Irrigation Company. A. P. BLAKE, President. JOHN B. ALLEY, Vice-President. G. L. BROOKS, Secretary. T. J. WRIGHT, Manager. P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Range, Ojo Caliente, Socorro county.

Horse Brands: X on shoulder, V on hip. Other Brands: A on shoulder, V on hip.

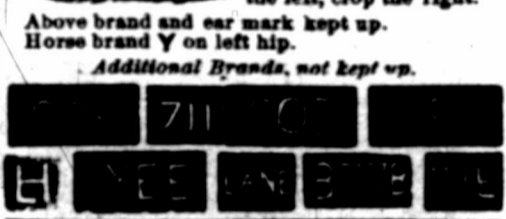
SOCORRO COUNTY.



Illinois Cattle Company. S. P. JOHNS, Manager. JULIUS M. KOTIS, Foreman. P. O.: San Marcial, Range, between Magdalena and San Mateo mountains, and on west side of Rio Grande river, between San Marcial and Cantarita.



Glorieta Cattle Co. HOWELL & READ, Mangers. Pasture, with Howell & Read. Ear marks, underhalf crop both ears. Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.



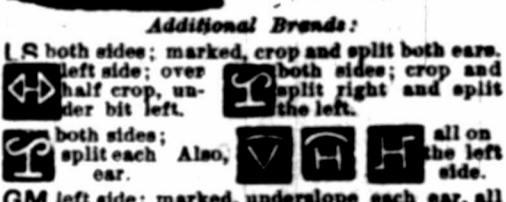
Hurst, Black, Kiehne & Wiley. Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrita river, Socorro county, N. M. Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right. Above brand and ear mark kept up. Horse brand Y on left hip. Additional Brands, not kept up.



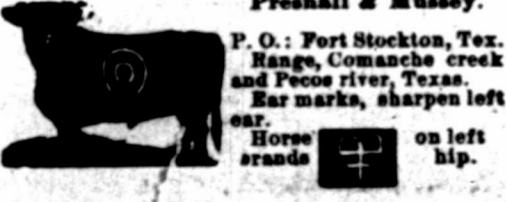
Curwen & Norris. P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains. Additional Brands: 71, C, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.



Liberty Cattle Co. W. C. BRAWF, Manager, Big Springs, Texas. This brand kept up. Ranch: Dawson county, Texas.



Lee-Scott Cattle Co. P. O.: Tascosa, Texas. Range, Oldham and Hartley counties, Texas. Horse brand: on the LS, S or on the left hip. Additional Brands: S both sides; marked, crop and split both ears. left side; over both sides; crop and half crop, under split right and split under bit left. the left. both sides; split each Also, all on the left side. GM left side; marked, underslope each ear, all steers.




Fresnell & Mussey. P. O.: Fort Stockton, Tex. Range, Comanche creek and Pecos river, Texas. Ear marks, sharpen left ear. Horse brands on left hip.

SOCORRO COUNTY.

Bell & Taylor.
 P. O.: Socorro, N. M.
 Range, Decoras mountains,
 Socorro county.
 Horse brand, **KK** on left
 shoulder.



JOHN B. HOWELL.
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.
 Range, Rio Grande
 river, San Juan springs,
 Cedar springs and Nogal
 creek, Socorro county and
 Rio Grande river and Pen-
 asco springs, Sierra coun-
 ty, N. M.
 Ear marks, crop and split both ears.
 Horse brand, same as cattle, but on left hip.



Deer Park Cattle Company.
 FRANK H. WINSTON, Manager.
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Ranges, at Elk moun-
 tain, Socorro county.
 Also own the following
 brands:   
 Horse brand,  on the left shoulder.



SOCORRO COUNTY.

C. S. Roberts.
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.
 Ranges, Los Burros, 20
 miles west of San Mar-
 cial, Socorro county.
 Ear marks, crop right and
 small loop and half circle
 above and below in left;
 also, skin cut on nose.
 Horse brand, same as cut on left hip.
 Cattle branded either side and hip.



**Black Range Land and
 Cattle Co.**
 J. B. PERRY, Manager.
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M.
 Range, on head of Gila,
 Socorro county, N. M.
DD left side.
 Ear mark, crop the right.
 Horses branded  on left hip.



Iowa and New Mexico Ranch Company.
 JUSTUS CLARK, President, Red Oak, Iowa.
 BENJ. H. CLARK, Vice Pres., Red Oak, Iowa.
 PAUL F. CLARK, Sec. and Treas., Red Oak, Iowa.

J. N. M.
 P. O.: Magdalena, New Mexico.
 Range, Socorro and Valencia counties.
 All increase branded as on
 left call, in cut, and marked crop
 hip. right and underslope left.



SOCORRO COUNTY.

**Holstein cows, high grade Shorthorn and
 Hereford cattle. Berkshire hogs.**




J. C. TIFFANY, Manager, San Marcial, N. M.
BOSQUE BONITA
Land & Cattle Company
SAN MARCIAL,
SOCORRO COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

UPCHER, STEVENS & BURR.

R. A. JONES, Range Superintendent.
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico.
 Range, Tularosa and San Francisco Rivers, and Johnson Basin, Socorro county, New Mexico.



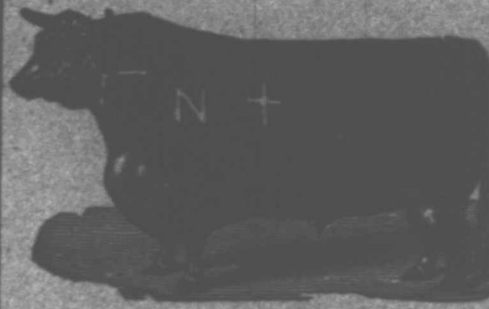
We run two brands, **SU** and **M—F**. Ear mark, crop the right and split the left, for both brands
 Horse brand, **SU** on left thigh or left shoulder.
 All increase of the following brands, also owned by us, is put in the above brands and marks.
MAY on side, **S** on hip. **BEL** on side, **S** on hip. **π** on side. **OWO** on side.
ALA on side, **Q** on hip. **U** on side. **Q** on side. **Q** on side. **MON** on side, **S** on hip.
 on side, **S** on hip. **A** on both sides. Other horse brands, **US** and **JON S** on left hip. All brands on left side.

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ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.
NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
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 Commercial travelers will find comfortable sample rooms. The bar and billiard room are the finest
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 able in every way. Requesting your patronage, respectfully,
W. E. TALBOTT, Proprietor.
CHAS. E. BONSALL, Manager.

DETROIT AND RIO GRANDE LIVE STOCK CO.

PHILLIP MOTHERSILL, General Manager.



P. O.: Eagle, N. M.

Range, Jornada del Muerto, Caballo and Sa-
 Andrus mountains.

Ear marks, crop and split left.

Horse brand  or **JJ** left hip.

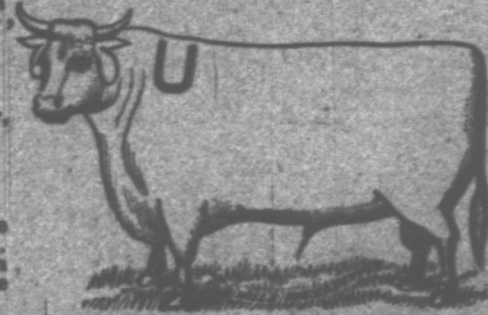
LINCOLN COUNTY.

WM. ROBERT.

Postoffice,
 Roswell, Lincoln county,
 New Mexico.

Ranges,

Breeding range, on the
 Pecos river, New Mexico.
 Steer range, on the San
 Pedro river, in Cochise
 county, Arizona.



Horse Brand,

U on the left shoulder.

Ear Marks,

Jinglebob in both ears

Same brand and marks
 kept up on both the steer
 and breeding ranges.
 All increase of follow-
 ing brands which I own,
 marked and branded as in
 main cut.

U
 Underslope each ear.



666
 Overslope each ear.



U
 Crop left, under half
 crop right.



U
 Crop and underbit left
 some same mark right



IO
 Crop and under half
 crop each ear.



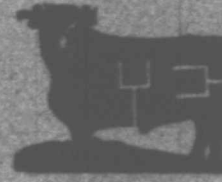
Σ
 Crop right and under-
 slope left.



+
 Swallow fork in
 either ear.



+
 Crop the left and under
 half crop right.



A
 Crop left, underslope right



+
 Crop the right.



U
 Crop the right.

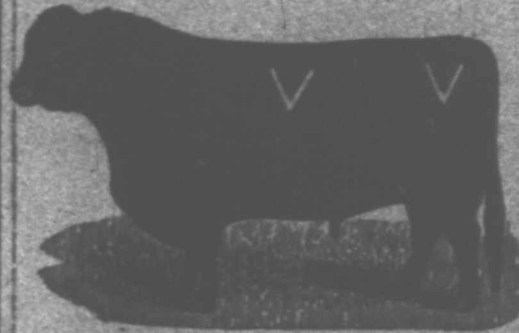


U
 Crop the right.



THE ANGUS V V RANCH.

KIRBY & CREEK.








Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county,
 New Mexico.
 Range, Rio Salado, Rio Bonito, Little
 creek, Eagle creek, and Rio Huidosa.

Ear marks, underbit in each ear.

Horse brand, **V** on the left shoulder.

Additional Brands:

 on right side, un-
 derbit both ears.  on left side,
 or either side.
 on either hip.  on the left side.
 on left shoulder, side and hip. Mar-
 ked, crop right and underslope left.




COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO.

THE BLOOM CATTLE CO.

FRANK G. BLOOM, General Manager, Trinidad, Colorado.


Also own the following brands:



 Half undercrop left,
 crop right.
 Swallowfork left, split right.
 Swallowfork left, crop and underbit right



All increase branded same as cut and marked swallowfork right, and
 tin tag in the left.

Horns and steer range, Apishapa Temp creek, Best and Lockwood canons, Colorado. **W. F.**
Bloom, Foreman, Postoffice, Thatcher, Colorado.
Breeding ranch, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, New Mexico. **JOHN BURNS, Foreman, Postoffice,**
Lincoln, New Mexico, care Circle Diamond ranch.
Breeding ranch,  **cattle.** **JAS. X. Y. SUTHERLAND, Foreman.**

P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M.

Range, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, west of Roswell.

Additional Brands:

 on left side and  on left hip. Ear mark
 upper half crop  underbit left, crop right
 on left side,  on left hip. Ear mark,
 same as boot,  bar cattle.
 on left side and hip. Ear mark, crop and
 split in left and underbit in right.
 on left side,  on left hip. Ear mark, up-
 per half crop  left, under half crop right.
 on left side. Various ear marks.



J. RAYNOLDS, President.
 JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, Cashier.
 A. B. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

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J. RAYNOLDS, President.
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The First National Bank

The First National Bank

The First National Bank

LAS VEGAS, N. M.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

EL PASO, TEXAS.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$40,000.

SURPLUS FUND, \$15,000.

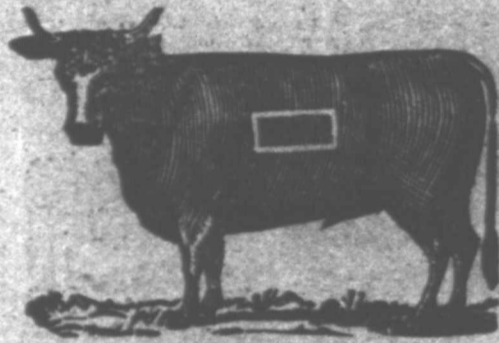
SURPLUS FUND, \$20,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

Designated U. S. Depository. Depository of A. & P. R. R. and A. T. & S. F. R. R.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. and Mexican Central R. R.

SOUTHERN COLORADO.



George W. Thompson.
 P. O. Address: Trinidad, Colorado.
 Ranges in western portion of Las Animas county, Colorado, and eastern portion of Colfax county, N. M.
 Some branded same as above on right side. Some cattle in the following brands on either side or hip: W I H H T I Various ear marks. Horses also branded same as on above cut, but smaller, on the left shoulder or left thigh.

New Haven Cattle Company.
 W. W. Thompson, Foreman.
 F. T. Bradley and C. K. Dewell, Assistants.



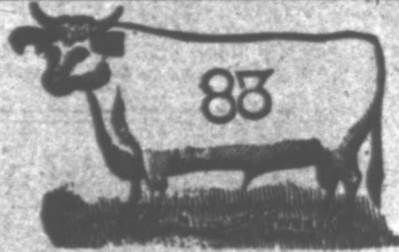
Postoffice, Trinidad, Colorado.
 Range, Lower Apishapa.
 Brand as here given.
 Ear marks, under half crop to left.
 Horse brand same as cattle brand.



Lane & Murray.
 P. O.: West Las Animas, Colorado.
 Range, Fort Lyon to Mud creek, Colorado.
 Ear marks, underslope and underbit each ear.

Additional brands:
 Triangle on jaw. 10 left loin. V right side.
 P 1 left side. FS left side. 22 left side.
 Horse brand, HL (connected) on left shoulder

ARIZONA.



Santa Rita Cattle Co.
 ISAAC N. TOWN, Superintendent.
 Postoffice, Calabasas, Pima county, Arizona.
 Range, Santa Cruz river, Pima county, Arizona.
 Calves of 1886 and imported bulls are branded same as cut on left hip.



A. L. Morrison & Son.
 P. O.: Springerville, Arizona. Home ranch, Mamie creek, near Escadilla Mts.
 Ear marks, underslope right, crop left.
 Horse brand, same as cattle, on right hip.



C. H. Ward.
 GEORGE FRISK, Manager.
 P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal.
 Range, Sulphur Spring Valley, six miles north of Wilcox, A. T.
 Ear marks, crop left, underslope right.
 Cattle branded on right hip.



Hunings & Cooley.
 Breeders and Importers of Thoroughbred and Graded Cattle.
 P. O.: Show Low, Apache county, Arizona.
 Horse brand, same as on cattle, on left shoulder.

ARIZONA.

\$1,000 REWARD! I desire to call attention to my marks and brands for cattle, as shown in cut. I sell no stock cattle, and will pay \$1,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons unlawfully handling cattle in the following brand and marks.



J. H. Hampson.

P. O.: 431 Nelson building, Kansas City, Mo.
 Ranch P. O.: Camp Thomas, Arizona.
 Range, on Eagle creek, Graham county, Arizona. WILLIAM CRACK, Foreman.
 Ear marks, crop and split left, crop right.
 Horse brand, [mark] on the left shoulder.



Gardiner, Gillies & Wilmerding.
 P. O.: Navajo Springs, Apache county, Arizona.
 Range, Deer and Cedro Springs, Apache county.
 Ear marks, right ear is grubbed.

All cattle in addition to above brand, have an X on the left jaw.
 Horses are all branded [mark] on right shoulder.



Cameron Bros.

Postoffice, Lochiel, Pima county, Arizona.
 Range, on the San Rafael de la Zanja Grant.
 Ear marks, right cropped, left slit.
 All cattle in the quarter-circle U brand are marked underslope the right, swallowfork in left.
 Horse brand, like cut.



Smith, Carson & Co.

P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizona
 Telegraph and express office, Navajo Springs
 Atlantic and Pacific railroad.
 Ear marks: [mark]
 Crop off the left. Horses branded: [mark]

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 OFFICE OF THE A. & P. CATTLE ASSO., GRANTS, New Mexico.
 A reward of \$250 will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person unlawfully handling stock belonging to any member of this association, and \$100 for each additional person implicated in the same offense. Also a reward of \$100 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons for killing cattle and not preserving the hides for inspection.
 U. H. PRADY, President.
 J. E. SAINT, Secretary.

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