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THE PECOS TIMES.

EVERYBODY LOOKS FOR THE CLASSIFIED COLUMN. IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL ANYTHING USE A CLASSIFIED.

VOLUME XXVI NO. 12

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1913.

\$1.00 PER YEAR

GOOD BUSINESS AT GRANDFALLS

RECENT RAINS DELAYED COTTON PICKING—PRICES ARE GOOD FOR THE STAPLE.

Improvements Being Made on Public Roads Between Grandfalls and Monahans.

This scribe has not been as he should have been, several conditions have conspired to delay us in our good intentions, but we will very likely do better, once we get wound up.

Recent rains delayed cotton picking for several days, but the chug-chug of the engine and the hum of the gin can now be heard from early morn to the twilight hours. The regularity with which the freighting teams make the trip to the railroad and return are evidences that the prices being paid by our local merchants and cotton buyers are satisfactory, both to producers and buyers.

D. H. King of Alice, Texas, is a buyer of cotton in Grandfalls and is much pleased with this valley and the grade of cotton we produce.

L. R. Snelson Jr. has just returned from Imperial Valley, California, whither he went in search of the land that floweth with milk and honey. He has returned to Grandfalls and the Pecos Valley, happy by so doing. He says there is just one country for him and but one and that country is the Pecos Valley in general, and Grandfalls particularly speaking. It is thus with all who wander away from the genial clime and productive soil of the Pecos Valley.

This scribe took a day off, Thursday, and went to Coahoma, one of the most favored, best located, and least known sections of the country. This settlement lies almost on the half way ground between Pecos, the metropolis of Reeves county, and Fort Stockton, the capital city of Pecos county. The country is a plateau or mesa land, level as a floor and carpeted with grasses green, thousands of acres, has not a bush, on which are horses, mules and cattle grazing in sweet content or standing around the water tanks slaking thirst with her pure, limpid waters of which old mother earth has underneath her surface, quantities sufficient to make the rich soil, that there abounds, produce wealth untold. Some day, in the not distant future, the capitalist, investor, and promoter, will find this beautiful, rich section and the development that such a country merits will rapidly materialize. The golden opportunities that are yet to produce untold wealth in this country of ours are many, and await only the magic influence of capital and energy to put in motion the great resources with which nature has so richly given this country.

The improvements being made on the public road between Grandfalls and Monahans is meeting with the substantial endorsement of the property owners of Grandfalls, both resident and non-resident, and when this road is completed it will lessen the time in making the trip to and from the railroad at least one hour and increase the freighting capacity of the wagons something like a thousand pounds to the span of horses or mules worked, resulting in a great saving of time and money to both the resident and the traveling public. May the good roads movement grow and grow until no such thing as a bad road can be found throughout the entire west.

J. H. Boogher, president of the Grandfalls Water and Development company, is in St. Louis on business connected with the company. We hope to have news, when he returns, that will be of inestimable value to Grandfalls and the country at large.

T. Y. Casey, of Pecos Mercantile fame, Jack Love, chief of exchequer of the Pecos First State Bank, in company with three knights of the grip, motored down from Pecos Friday and returned the same day. Jack Love is a man after our own heart. He is the chief optimist of the optimist family. Visions of good things are always foremost with him. A hearty handshake and a world of good cheer are ever his tools of warfare. May his shadow never grow less.

Messrs. Sweatt and Jameson returned today, Friday, from Fort Stockton, where they have been for several days placing a contract on an extensive dredging job on Leon creek.

Fred Cunningham of El Paso, owner of an 80-acre farm at Grandfalls, and by the way, one of the best in the valley, has been in the city for the past week looking after his interest in that enterprise.

Cloy Stallings, cold drink dispenser for the summer, closed up shop a few days back for the cold season, and went to Dallas to pursue his studies in pharmacy. He hopes to finish up this term and be ready to enter upon his chosen vocation for life.

Many of the sons of Montezuma are drifting into Grandfalls, thus supplying cotton pickers. It is, indeed, an ill wind that blows no good.

We are visited every day by knights of the grip, indicating the improved condition of trade.

Mr. Rhea, accompanied by Mrs. Rhea, motored into the city and spent Monday night and after looking after the business of McCord Collins, the next morning hied him away to other territory.

Fred Cunningham returned to his headquarters in El Paso Monday, after spending a number of days in the valley, looking after his landed interest.

Now in the Navy.

The many friends of Clarence O. Dewitt will be glad to learn that he is getting along nicely. He is on one of the war vessels of Uncle Sam at Port Lemo, Central America.

E. L. Collings received a letter from him and came in and got a number of Pecos Times, which he sent him.

Clarence's many friends wish him well at his new occupation.

New Postoffice.

A new postoffice has been established at J. N. Levin's ranch. The name of the office is called Crystal Water.

Mrs. J. N. Levin is the "postmaster" and the first mail was carried Tuesday.

"Back to Saragosa."

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Cox and son returned Thursday morning from their three weeks' visit with home folks and numerous friends in old Kentucky and went out to Saragosa on the morning train, to assume his duties as agent for the Pecos Valley Southern at that place. Their many friends are glad they have returned.

HURRY-UP SALE POPULAR.

Everybody Who Are Clerking in the Pecos Dry Goods Company Store Kept Busy.

Report comes from the "Hurry-Up Sale" at the Pecos Dry Goods store, which was opened up last Saturday, that the proprietors are well pleased with the results and that they took in over \$1,500 the first two days, and notwithstanding they had increased their clerk force they had to turn away no less than one hundred customers, because they could not wait on them.

Does it pay to advertise? Ask them.

Epworth League Program.

Sunday, Oct. 26, 6:45 p. m. Topic: "Christ and the Modern Social Impulse."

Leader, Miss Lillian Pruett. Songs. Prayer. Songs.

"The Good Samaritan," Luke 10: 25-37—By the leader.

Answer—Dr. Benway.

"The Supreme Greatness of the One Who Serves," Matt. 23:9-12—Floyd Copeland.

Answer—Mr. Lasley.

"The Vibrant Power of the Lord's Prayer," Luke 11:2—Margaret Halbert.

Answer—E. C. Canon.

"Jesus' View of Wealth," Luke 18: 24-25—Lena Boles.

Answer—J. A. Brady.

"True Statesmanship," Matt. 20:25-28—Miss Mitchell.

Answer—Oram Green.

Special music, "How the Impulse Acts"—Miss Willie-de Woods.

Announcements. League benediction.

County Court Proceedings.

R. C. Werner vs. Dandridge & Pugh, judgment for plaintiff.

The contest of the will of D. L. McDaniels, deceased; set for trial today.

CHARLES H. MILLS FOR GOVERNOR

SON OF LATE ROGER Q. MILLS ANNOUNCES THAT HE WILL MAKE THE RACE.

Says Next Governor of Texas Shall Be a State-Wide Prohibitionist and Progressive Democrat.

Corsicana, Oct. 22.—Charles H. Mills of this city, son of Roger Q. Mills, one-time United States senator from Texas, a member of the legislature and one of the most prominent democrats of the state, today "threw his hat in the ring" and announced his candidacy for governor.

"I am a candidate for governor of this state. For many months I have had under consideration the question of becoming a candidate for this office. Generous and unsolicited tenders of support have come to me from every section of this state, and from every walk of life.

"Naturally this has been very pleasing to me, but I have held back until this time because of a desire to act only after mature deliberation, and because while I was aware of the greatness of the honor which I sought to attain, I was also deeply sensible of the responsibilities which its attainment entailed.

"There are already several formally announced candidates for this office, and there are other gentlemen who are deliberating, as I have done, as to announcing their own candidacies. I have hesitated also, because I dislike to appear in the light of a seeker for public favor, but the events of the past few days have placed a new phase of the situation before us and have caused us to see the gubernatorial race in a new and different light. This is due to the call which has been issued from Dallas for a meeting to be held in that city on the 25th inst. to select a democrat who is a state-wide prohibitionist for nomination for governor in the democratic primaries in July, 1914.

"In the call which appeared in the daily papers of the 16th inst. this language appears:

"We believe it to be of the highest importance to the cause of good government and decent politics in Texas that the next democratic nominee for governor shall be a state-wide prohibitionist, and also a thorough-going progressive democrat, who stands for those things for which Woodrow Wilson stands, and we do not believe, in view of political conditions in Texas as they now exist and are likely to continue, that a progressive democrat is likely to be nominated unless he is likewise a state-wide prohibitionist."

"In view of the foregoing language it seems to me to become my duty to announce my candidacy for governor at this time.

"We have been told that 'duty is the sublimest word in the English language.' Those are the words of Robert E. Lee. Abraham Lincoln, the great protagonist of the other side, said: 'Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us to the end dare to do our duty as we understand it.' My conception of what my duty is, under the circumstances, seems clear, and I shall dare to do it as I understand it.

"I believe it to be of the highest importance to the cause of good government and decent politics in Texas, that the next democratic nominee for governor of Texas shall be a thorough going, progressive democrat, who stands for those things for which Woodrow Wilson stands.

Carload of the Fleecy Staple.

Howard Collier was in last week from his Toyah Creek farm with a carload of seed cotton which was ginned out by the Sullivan & Couch gin. It ginned out twelve bales of a fine quality. The cotton was handled by the Pecos Valley Southern and ginned directly from the car.

First Presbyterian Church.

Sabbath school, 10 a. m.; Junior Missionary Band, 3 p. m.; prayer service Wednesday at 8 p. m.

Services every first and third Sabbath of the month, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

TWO MEN KILLED IN STREET DUEL

T. J. BRUCE SHOTS DOWN SHERIFF ELLIS AND EX-SHERIFF BOARD.

Is Himself Slain—Both Victims Leave Families—Brooded Long Over Death of Brother.

Seymour, Texas, Oct. 21.—Former Sheriff A. L. Board was shot and instantly killed, T. J. Bruce, his slayer, was killed and Sheriff W. R. Ellis was fatally wounded here this morning. Constable Ben Bickers of Stamford, who was with Sheriff Ellis, was the only one participating in the shooting who escaped unhurt.

The only explanation for the affair that can be found is that it grew out of the killing of Bruce's brother ten years ago by Board and a deputy sheriff in attempting to arrest him on Wagon creek.

Bruce shot Board at the head of the stairway of the First National bank building. As Sheriff Ellis advanced upon him at the foot of the stairway he shot Ellis through the body. Ellis jumped behind a telephone pole and began shooting at Bruce. Bickers also opened fire. Bruce was dead when his body was reached. Board was 68 years old and Bruce 65. Both leave families.

Balnearia Bridge Accepted.

Last Friday, County Judge H. N. McKeller, county commissioners C. L. Heath, J. B. Sullivan, and A. W. Hosie came out on the P. V. S., and being joined here by Commissioner C. C. Kountz, proceeded to examine the new bridge which the El Paso Bridge and Iron company have been building across Toyah creek here in town. The work was found to be up to the contract and specifications, and was accepted by the county. Before returning to Pecos in the afternoon, the commissioners let the contract for building the approaches to the bridge, the same is to be completed within twenty days from last Friday. This should open the bridge for travel not later than November 1.—Toyah Valley Herald.

Something Strange Under the Sun.

A woman, and a young woman of only twenty summers, refuses to talk. She was arrested, sent to jail, where she remained for several days and only gained her freedom by giving bond of \$250. She will be brought before the district court to be tried for refusing to talk.

The Endeavor Prayer Meeting.

Topic for Sunday, October 26, "Missionary Essentials at Home and Abroad." Matt. 22:1-10.

Leader, Miss Merle Broyles. Song. Prayer by Brother Magee. Song.

Lesson read by Miss Nellie Wilcox. Talk by Mr. Floyd, "The Command Superior to All Others."

Bible readings. Talk by Miss Vera Heath, "Work We Can Do."

Sentence prayers. Clippings. Song and benediction.

Baptist Church.

The pastor will preach morning and evening. In the morning he will preach on a text that a Christian friend has asked him to discuss. The text is Romans 8:7.

We expect a record crowd at our Sunday school next Sunday morning other school to come and join with us in the study of the Bible.

As we come now to the winter months let us bestir ourselves for the very best church work we have ever done. Let the revived Christians rise to the plane of their enlightened souls and follow the "Heavenly visions" that the Holy Spirit has given them. The pastor desires that every man of us shall do his utmost for a great forward movement in all lines of Christian endeavor. How happy is the man who seeks always the way to serve his King in the very best manner possible.

We hope to see every one of the members of our church always at his post and doing his best. Very heartily, YOUR PASTOR.

ANNUAL MEETING PECOS COMMERCIAL CLUB

The annual meeting of the Commercial Club will be held November 7th at 8 p. m. at the Court House. A complete program will be printed in next week's Times.

T. Y. CASEY, President. R. M. HARKEY, Secretary.

LEGISLATOR ENTERS RACE FOR GOVERNORSHIP.

Leopold Morris Announces His Candidacy for the Office.

Victoria, Tex., Oct. 21.—Leopold Morris, member of the legislature and editor of the Victoria Advocate, today announced his candidacy for governor of Texas.

Mr. Morris is a native of the Nueces county and son of the late E. Morris of Corpus Christi, for years one of the most widely known merchants and ranchmen of Southern Texas. He is a graduate of the Corpus Christi high school and was a student of the state A. and M. college. He is 30 years old.

More Cattle Shipped In.

A special train of twenty-five cars of cattle were taken out on the Pecos Valley Southern to Saragosa Thursday morning.

They belonged to Hysom & Neal and were shipped from Douglas, Ariz., and will be pastured on the Mountcastle lands.

Some Cattle Shipments.

George Grey shipped five carloads of cows to Fort Worth marked from Monahans, last Saturday.

B. F. Smith shipped one car fat cows to Fort Worth from Monahans Saturday.

Ratliff & Bedford shipped three cars fat cows to Fort Worth marked from Monahans last week.

Eugene Cowden shipped three cars of cows to Fort Worth from Odessa, Sunday.

Dock Cowden shipped one car cows to Fort Worth from Odessa last Sunday.

F. G. Cowden, Son & Bain shipped eight cars of cows to Fort Worth from Odessa Monday.

Will Manning shipped fifteen cars of cows to Fort Worth from Odessa October 21.

Range and livestock conditions are especially good in the Odessa and Monahans section.

Eye Badly Injured.

One day this week a piece of steel flew and lodged in one of C. L. Rodenbaugh's eyes and is giving him lots of trouble.

Mr. Rodenbaugh is chief mechanic at the Pecos Valley Southern railway shops. He left Wednesday for El Paso to have his eye treated.

His many Pecos friends trust that he may not lose his eye and that he may soon return to work again.

League's First Meeting Success.

The first regular program of the Epworth League was given at the Methodist church last Sunday evening, and all responded to their parts and a most enjoyable and profitable hour was spent.

There were nearly sixty present and it is hoped that the attendance next Sunday evening will be still larger. You are earnestly and cordially invited to be present.

Enterprisers to Meet.

The Enterpriser Music Club will meet at Mrs. J. W. Moore's November 1, at which time the following program will be rendered:

Paper on Emil Liebling—Mrs. J. W. Moore.

Vocal solo—Miss Vernon McCarver. Piano solo—Miss Davis.

Paper on Raphael Joseffy—Mrs. Adams.

Vocal solo—Mrs. Wylie. Piano solo—Mrs. Jordan.

Mrs. Woody Browning will be the leader for this meeting.

Church of Christ.

A hearty invitation is extended to the public to all the services of the church. The usual meetings will be held the coming Lord's day and week.

The subject of the morning sermon will be "The Withdrawal of Jesus." At night "The Conversion of An Army Officer" will be the theme. Beginning Sunday night the minister will preach a series of sermons on "Conversion," using the cases recorded in the Acts of the Apostles. Come to these meetings and bring some one with you.

AFRO-AMERICANS CAUSE TROUBLE

DEBATE ON NEGRO QUESTION ENLIVEN THE CHURCH MEETING.

Recommendations Against Proposal to Establish Separate Churches for Southern Negroes Presented.

New York, Oct. 21.—A heated debate over the negro question in the South enlivened deliberations of the house of deputies of the Protestant Episcopal church at today's session of the general convention.

A majority report by the committee on racial Episcopate, with recommendations against the proposal to establish separate churches, dioceses, and clergy and bishops for Southern negroes was presented. A minority report advocating separation of the races and appointment of negro bishops to sit in the house of bishops with powers equal to the whites also was presented.

Amid a storm of discussion the house made consideration of both reports the order of business for the afternoon session tomorrow, limiting the debate on each side to half an hour.

"The proposal is a radical violation of the principles and customs of diocesan union," asserts the majority report read by Dr. C. B. Bryan of North Carolina.

"With the utmost friendship for our negro brethren and with the desire to advance the work of the church among them, we still cannot believe that as a race they are prepared for an independent ecclesiastical administration."

To this declaration the minority, consisting of Bishop Kinsolving of Texas, Bishop Cheshire of North Carolina and Rev. Dr. J. McK. Pittinger of Raleigh, N. C., took sharp exceptions. "The white people and the negro people of the South," said the minority report, "cannot be dealt with by the church without a sharp and positive separation and distinction between the two, in worship and in all corporate, ecclesiastical classes, as well as in social life.

"This separation is plain and unmistakable in every southern diocese. In some dioceses the colored clergy and laity are positively excluded from any membership or participation in the diocesan conventions or councils. In others the negroes are allowed representation by a small delegation or by partial and occasional participation in the diocesan councils.

"In some dioceses distinction is made in the constitution and canons between white and black; but even in these subtle and irresistible influence public feeling within and without the church makes it practically impossible for the colored members of the church to have that free participation in the responsibilities and activities in the dioceses which they need.

"Such being the situation, we feel that something should be done by the general convention to give the colored members in the South a statute and an opportunity which, in our judgment, they do not and cannot enjoy under our present methods and organizations."

FIRST WOMAN BANK PRESIDENT VISITS PARENTS HERE.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 21.—Mrs. Annie McLean Towler, who at one time was the only woman bank president in the United States, is in the city visiting at the home of her parents, Judge W. P. McLean, Sr., and Mrs. McLean. Mrs. Towler is president of a Mt. Pleasant bank.

Since Mrs. Towler became president of the Mt. Pleasant bank, two other Texas women have attained similar positions. An Austin bank, recently elected a woman president, Mrs. Towler is now living at St. Louis but retain her interests at Mt. Pleasant.

Off on a Business Trip.

A. Victor Hansen returned Monday from the Toyah oil fields and left yesterday on a two or three weeks business trip up into New Mexico, and from there will go East.

He reports that everything in the oil fields are moving along nicely.

MONEY TO LOAN-EVERYBODY WHO WANTS CHEAP MONEY

See L. E. WATSON, Agent, Pecos, Texas

FAY MARTIN TO SERVE 15 MONTHS

SENTENCED TO OHIO WOMAN'S PRISON ON WHITE SLAVE CHARGE.

Edward Otis is Given Two Years in the Leavenworth Penitentiary for Same Offense.

El Paso, Texas, Oct. 20.—Fay Martin was sentenced to fifteen months in the Ohio woman's prison at Columbus, Ohio. Edward Otis was given two years in Leavenworth penitentiary.

The famous Fay Martin white slave trial ended Monday morning when Judge T. M. Maxey passed sentence on the two white slave violators who were convicted late Saturday night by the jury in the Silver City case. There were only the court officials, the attorneys and the defendants in court when it opened at 8:30 Monday morning, an hour earlier than usual.

Fay Martin was brought from the county jail by Deputy Sheriff Ed Bryant, who also brought Otis into court. The Martin woman was dressed in deep black, with a black shawl over her shoulders, the somber clothes deepening the pallor of her sunken cheeks. She wore the old-fashioned white turban which had contrasted so sharply during the trial with Marjorie Campbell's stylish beaver hat and its palm plume. Marjorie Campbell, who was acquitted by the jury Saturday night, was not in court Monday morning, nor were her attorneys who had defended her during the trial. Otis, closely shaven and his curly black hair carefully combed, showed the over Sunday effect of the sentence and his face was drawn and deep lines had appeared around his eyes.

The usual pleas to have the verdict set aside, formal requests for a new trial and other routine was disposed of when Judge Maxey overruled these motions of the attorneys. In overruling the motion for a new trial, Judge Maxey advised the attorneys for Otis to take their case to the circuit court of appeals, which will probably be done if Otis can obtain sufficient funds.

"Bring the defendants up," Judge Maxey ordered. Otis stepped to the bar and Fay Martin tottered from her seat to the front of the judge's bench. She was so small in stature that the presiding judge could not see her over the top of the bench, when seated behind it. "Call case No. 1656," he said. Then attorney R. R. Ryan, of Silver City, made his appeal for mercy for Fay Martin.

The fountain of misery overflowed for Fay Martin when she realized that she was a sentenced convict. She sat with her back to the court and sobbed like a disciplined child. Otis's eyes filled as he spoke of getting money from his parents in Oklahoma and mentioned his invalid mother. "It is the story of old dog Tray; he got into bad company," attorney John Hill said of his client. The officers led the two prisoners back to jail and the Fay Martin case was closed in federal court.

While the two white slave violators were being sentenced, A. D. Hicks and John Bell, two negroes charged with a similar offense, sat against the rail in the court enclosure watching every proceeding with the whites of their eyes showing. Their case was called next as the final one on the criminal docket. The negroes and another negro in Juarez are accused of bringing a Mexican woman into the country for immoral purposes.

Chronic Dyspepsia.

The following unsolicited testimonial should certainly be sufficient to give hope and courage to persons afflicted with chronic dyspepsia: "I have been a chronic dyspeptic for years, and of all the medicines I have taken, Chamberlain's Tablets have done me more good than anything else," says W. G. Mattison, No. 7 Sherman St., Hornellsville, N. Y. For sale by all dealers.

—Spend that fifty cents with O. J. Green or the Racket Store and get free pass to the Airdome. 71-2

SULZER FOR LEGISLATURE.

The Impeached Governor is Nominated by New York Progressives.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 21.—Nominated for the assembly by the progressives of the sixth district, William Sulzer, impeached as governor of the state, promises to make the "fur fly" and it is generally agreed will make a great deal of trouble for the organization in New York.

His fire will be directed especially against Aaron J. Levy, who is a candidate for municipal judge, and Alfred B. Smith, the speaker of the assembly, who seeks to succeed himself.

Sulzer intends to invade their districts and attempt to square accounts with them for their active part in his impeachment. And in that fight he will oppose the democratic organization candidates generally.

Even Sulzer's most bitter political foes, fear of his victory in his own assembly district. They were inclined to regard the withdrawal of the republican candidate as a trick intended to damage the democratic party a great deal at the cost of a small concession. There was no doubt expressed that the republicans will work hard for Sulzer in the hope that he will repay them amply by his attacks on Tammany hall in case he reaches the assembly.

The question which caused the greatest speculation, however, was how many votes Sulzer would be able to swing for his speakership candidacy in case of his election.

He will begin a campaign for the assembly seat immediately and speak day and night up to election time. After that he will accept some lecture engagements up to the first of January. If it is then necessary for him to come to Albany he will arrive here on the opening day of the legislature to start his fight which he hopes will put him back in the executive chair. His promise is to make the "fur fly" if he is made an assemblyman.

ANTIS AGAIN VICTORS.

Two Commissioners' Precincts Return Increased Majority.

Dalhart, Tex., Oct. 18.—Dalhart precinct today voted 161 for and 214 against prohibition. Ware and Conlen will reduce the anti majority in the two commissioners' precincts in which the election was held to approximately thirty-five. These three boxes one month ago in an election including the entire county of Lallam gave an anti majority of eighteen.

Wife Sues Thirteen Times.

Pittsburg, Oct. 22.—In divorce court here yesterday Charles Wagner stated he had sued his wife, Wilhelmina Wagner, for divorce because he wanted to put an end to her suing proclivities. Wagner claimed his wife had sued him on thirteen different occasions since their marriage in 1910. The wife who is contesting the proceeding, declared she had sued Wagner only eight times that she could remember.

Say They're for Jackson.

Odessa, Oct. 20.—Ector and Crane counties are the first to go on record in favor of Judge Dan M. Jackson for the democratic nomination for congress to succeed Congressman W. R. Smith, who it is reported, is to be promoted to the interstate commerce commission.

Judge Jackson received a letter from here Thursday morning signed by fifty substantial residents of these counties, urging him to make the race for the nomination and pledging him their support.

Evicting Strikers.

Calumet, Mich., Oct. 20.—Eviction notices on copper strikers in houses owned by the Champion Copper company at Painesdale were served this morning and similar action is said to be contemplated by the Calumet Mining company at Calumet. Since the beginning of the strike on July 23 strikers have been permitted to live in company houses and have paid no rent.

The house of a workman at the Wolverine mine was bombarded with stones last night. A plate glass window in a store was smashed and the windows of a sleeping car thought to have contained strike breakers were smashed.

—Free tickets at O. J. Green's Grocery or Racket Store. Airdome picture show. 71-2

ELEVEN THOUSAND HOSPITAL BEDS

Are Needed to Take Care of the Sick of Texas—Report of the Anti-Tuberculosis Association.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 19.—At the request of Dr. Ralph Steiner, state health officer, an estimate of the number of hospital beds needed to care for the sick of Texas was prepared by the Texas Anti-Tuberculosis Association. This report was submitted to Dr. Steiner today. According to the report, there are now in Texas 13,000 hospital beds, of which number 4,000 are in the state insane asylums, the remaining 9,000 being for the care of medical and surgical cases, communicable diseases, tuberculosis and all other cases—one bed to every 433 of population.

Figures from other states show that New York state has one hospital bed to every 70 of population, excluding provision for the insane, while Wisconsin has one bed to every 164 of population, excluding provision for the insane.

Opinions were secured from physicians in all parts of the United States many of whom were superintendents of state and municipal hospitals, as to the number of hospital beds needed in Texas. While there was considerable difference of opinion among these physicians as to the number of hospital beds required, the majority of them agreed that one bed should be provided to about every 200 of population, exclusive of the provision for the insane.

On this basis, the state of Texas would need a total of 20,000 hospital beds for the care of all of the sick. There are in Texas, at the present time, 9,000 hospital beds, exclusive of the provision for the insane, so there remain 11,000 beds to be provided, according to the report made to Dr. Steiner. These beds should be divided as follows: 3,300 should be provided for the care of medical cases, 3,300 for surgical cases, 1,700 for communicable diseases, including small-pox, 1,540 for cases of tuberculosis, 660 for the care of the insane, in addition to those already provided, and 440 for maternity cases.

According to this report, there are a total of 26,592 deaths reported annually in Texas, but it is estimated from the figures of the United States census bureau that there are actually 60,000 deaths in the state every year. Of this number, over 12,000 deaths are from communicable diseases, including tuberculosis, the exact total not being available because all deaths are not reported to the state registrar of vital statistics; 2,954 deaths are reported every year from tuberculosis, and it is estimated that a far larger number of deaths from this disease occur than are reported. If the death rate from this disease in the registration area of the United States were applied to Texas, there would be sixty-five hundred deaths from tuberculosis alone annually.

There are no morbidity statistics available for Texas, therefore no estimate can be made of the number of cases of sickness in all parts of the state. From the foregoing mortality statistics, it will be seen that the estimate made for additional hospital provision is conservative.

According to the report, it will probably cost about \$10,000,000 to construct the necessary hospitals, containing the required number of beds. This cost would be divided among the various counties of the state. The counties are authorized under the new McGregor-Colquhoun county hospital law to issue bonds for the purpose of building county hospitals. The report states that it would cost \$2.50 per capita to secure the necessary hospital provision, or an increase of 30 cents per thousand dollars of assessed value of property in the tax rate to provide for the sinking fund and interest for the issuance of \$10,000,000 of bonds.

It is further stated in the report that the provision of hospitals for the care of the sick would prevent a large number of cases and deaths from communicable diseases and tuberculosis. Proper care of medical and surgical cases in hospitals would

also reduce the number of deaths, because in many instances patients cannot receive proper attention in their homes.

The report quotes Professor Irving Fisher of Yale university, who estimates that the average human life is worth \$2,900. If this estimate is correct, Texas loses annually over \$40,000,000 from deaths of persons suffering from communicable diseases, most of which could be prevented. When it is considered that the majority of these deaths are of children or of persons in the prime of life, the loss to the state cannot be accurately computed.

The report further states that many counties are taking action under the new county hospital law. In Bexar county, an election has been ordered by the commissioners' court for the issuance of \$125,000 of bonds, and it is very probable that the city of San Antonio, which has recently sold a hospital bond issue of \$125,000, will join with the county, and that a hospital to cost \$250,000 will be erected. In Hunt county, an election for the issuance of \$100,000 in bonds for the purpose of building a hospital is pending. In Jefferson county, an election for the issuance of \$140,000 in bonds to build a hospital for Beaumont and Port Arthur has been ordered. Fort Worth and Tarrant county have already joined under the new county hospital law and are building a joint county hospital. Petitions are being circulated, calling for a bond election in other counties of the state, and in many counties the members of the county medical societies and of the Texas Anti-Tuberculosis Association are organizing to secure the building of a county hospital under the new county hospital law.

NEGRO NOT WANTED IN FOOTBALL GAMES.

If Nebraska University Persists in Using Negro, Other Eleven Will Refuse to Play.

Manhattan, Kan., Oct. 21.—Trouble is brewing in Missouri valley football circles, because the University of Nebraska played Ross, a negro guard, against the Kansas state agricultural college team last Saturday. Coach Stehm, of Nebraska, is said to have announced, he intends to play the negro in every valley game. W. O. Hamilton, manager of athletics at the University of Kansas, said an agreement among the conference managers made negroes ineligible and the college would not play against Kansas. Then Coach Lowman of the agricultural college announced, if Nebraska did not play Ross against Kansas and other valley teams he would protest Saturday's game.

"We had an agreement with Nebraska before last Saturday's game," said Lowman, "that if we permitted Ross to play against us he would be in the lineup against all the other valley teams and we are going to hold Nebraska to it."

It is generally understood at Lawrence, that the University of Kansas players will refuse to play against a negro.

This School True "Melting Pot."

Greensburg, Pa., Oct. 21.—Children, representing twenty-four nationalities are entered in the public schools of Henfield township, Westmoreland county, according to a report made public today by Principal A. L. Shapleil.

A number of pupils are listed as Americans, forty-seven are Irish and 147 Polish; 48 Slavs, 40 Lithuanians, 17 Austrians, 39 French, 38 Swedish, 9 English, 348 Italians, 191 German, 15 Bohemian, 70 Scotch, 40 Canadian, 40 Russian, 28 Hungarian, 7 Jewish, 20 Horwat, 6 Welsh, 12 Dutch, two Greek, 4 Croatian, 2 Spanish and 28 negroes.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 7c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

—Buy your groceries and feed from O. J. Green and save money. 71-2



White Swan Tomato Catsup

Made of perfect, ripe, red tomatoes, carefully selected and prepared according to a genuine home recipe. Not made the cheapest but the very best way possible—the richness and delicious flavor prove this. Made more cleanly than it could be made even in the home kitchen. The last touch to the way it is put up is added with an extra glass stopper to be used after the cork has been extracted.

Absolutely pure and wholesome—"Better than the law requires." Your grocer will be glad to recommend it because he knows that you'll come back for more.

Waples-Platter Grocer Co. TEXAS

CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS

Methodist Meeting at Albuquerque Has Adjourned.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 19.—The annual session of the New Mexico conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, has adjourned. Following are the appointments made by the presiding bishop: Albuquerque District—G. H. Gislav, presiding elder; Albuquerque, S. E. Allan; Carrizo, J. W. Hendrix; Cimarron, J. H. Walker; Clayton Circuit, W. L. Self; Gallup, A. W. Carter; Magdalena, F. B. Faust; Melrose Circuit, W. P. West; Moriarty Circuit, J. I. Kelly; McAllister Circuit, C. T. Lewis; San Joe Circuit, J. A. Darden; San Marcial, to be supplied; Tucuman, A. N. Evans; Tucuman Circuit, E. P. Wilburn; Watrous, to be supplied.

El Paso District—J. B. Cochran, presiding elder; Alamogordo, J. E. Conder; Alpine, H. M. Smith; Bunkavista, Archie Crawford; Clint and Ysleta, J. E. Fuller; Deming, E. C. Morgan; El Paso, Alta Vista, W. H. Duncan; El Paso, Highland-Park, W. R. Evans; El Paso, Trinity, C. W. Webdel; Fort Davis Circuit, R. E. Hickman; Fort Stockton, W. R. Howell; Lamesa Circuit, to be supplied; Las Cruces, C. K. Campbell; Lordsburg, W. S. Huggett; Marfa, J. C. Jones; Sierra Blanca Circuit, to be supplied; Toyah, G. H. McAnally; Tularosa Circuit, A. B. Weaver; Van Horn and Kent, E. D. Lewis; student Vanderbilt university, Otis A. Morris.

Pecos Valley District—J. H. Messer, presiding elder; Artesia, Ellis Smith; Blacktower Circuit, J. D. Wagner; Carlsbad, J. R. Goodloe; Clovis, J. J. Golden; Dayton and Lakewood, J. A. Bell; Elida Circuit, to be supplied; Hagerman Circuit, W. W. Turner; Hope, E. F. Cramer; Lovington Circuit, J. N. S. Webb; Odessa Circuit, John Chancey; Pecos, J. F. Hedgpeth; Portales, A. C. Bell; Rogers Circuit, R. G. Marshall; Roswell, T. L. Lallance; Sacramento Mission, W. L. Jenkins; Texico, T. I. Beck; Toyah Valley Circuit, to be supplied.

Transfers to other conferences: H. M. Bruce, Pacific; J. W. Campbell and H. L. Wheeler, Arkansas; Seba Kirpatrick, Central Texas; J. A. Ray and

Robin Gould, Los Angeles; Shapland, western North Carolina.

The following resolutions were passed by the conference:

"Resolved, That the undersigned Major Lessene of the Dallas News has been a great help to us all, and that we thank him for the great dailies he has sent us, and of thanks for the special interest in the proceedings of our conference."

Herd Strikers Like Tomcats.

Trinidad, Colo., Oct. 21.—Fifteen striking miners, who were picketing, were arrested at the McLaughlin mine of the Santa Fe coal company shortly before midnight and marched three miles to the county jail at Trinidad. Police deputies armed with rifles guarded the prisoners on either side with a machine gun, mounted on a automobile, brought up the rear. In spite of this several members of the band of 300 strikers following the party attempted to break through the lines and liberate the prisoners. A crowd of seven hundred men gathered at the McLaughlin mine when they learned that the picketing miners employed at the McLaughlin mine had been arrested. They succeeded in breaking through the lines and entering the mine yard. The strikers paraded through the town in front of the mine station where they waited for the scabs to pass. The demonstration continued for two hours before the arrival of the deputies. Seventy-one miners were being held at the county jail. The charge of picketing was made.

It still keeps on killing. Hunt's Lightning Oil For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Burns and other hurts. All Druggists sell it in 25c and 50c bottles.

Halloween Masquerade Ball. I desire to extend a cordial invitation to all to attend a masquerade ball to be given at the skating rink on Friday evening, October 31, 1914. All young people of the surrounding towns are especially invited. Good music will be furnished.

W. H. DRUMMOND, Manager. 721f

—I need the money, you need the goods. Let's trade. Groceries. —Phone 84 for groceries and feed and save money. 71-2

little sons of M. M. Cooke of San Francisco with her.

Gid Rowden, special deputy to take Mrs. Meendenhall to the asylum at San Antonio, left last Monday, accompanied by...

that it takes the place of calomel to perfection.

—See that \$100 watch for \$50—cost. City Pharmacy. 71

—Good sanitary rooms for rent. Mrs. C. E. Brady. 711f

—Get a ticket to the show free with

a single camper, or a private individual in any walk of life who by carelessness or lack of measures causes germs, for no

aid for 1.05 &

Republic Trust Co. 1909 Southwestern Life B.

KAFFIR AS A GRAIN CROP.

Latest Information About Production of this Drought-Resistant Crop.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—With a view to assisting farmers in the dry sections to raise kaffir as a feed grain and bundle feed and also as a food for man, the United States Department of Agriculture, has issued a 19-page illustrated bulletin in which complete details as to the successful production of this crop are given.

According to this bulletin (No. 552) there are now five fairly well marked varieties of kaffir under cultivation. These different kinds can be distinguished by the following simple key, the glume being the hull or husk of the seed.

Seeds white, glumes white—White kaffir.

Seeds white, glumes black, stalks 5 to 8 feet tall—Blackhull kaffir.

Seeds white, glumes black, stalks 3 to 4 1-2 feet tall—Dwarf blackhull kaffir.

Seeds pink, glumes white—Pink kaffir.

Seeds red, glumes black—Red kaffir.

Of these varieties the khitie kaffir has largely been replaced by the blackhull kaffir, which is the most widely grown owing to its satisfactory habits and high grain yields, although it is not as early as the white kaffir. The blackhull kaffir requires from 115 to 140 days to mature, depending on the locality and seasonal conditions. It is not to be confused with the similar plant of little value, sold under the names of "African millet," and "branching dhoura."

The bulletin also deals with the newly developed form of the blackhull known as the dwarf blackhull kaffir. The dwarf blackhull kaffir matures from five to ten days earlier than the standard blackhull strains and is much smaller in stature. The earliness and the dwarf stature permit the maturing of the crop of seed with the use of less water than would otherwise be necessary. Earliness also permits maturing under conditions of short season which are found in the high plains, where the first fall frosts sometimes occur in the last days of August.

Of the pink kaffirs, two or three have been introduced as forage varieties but none has shown special value as a grain producer. Red kaffir has largely been replaced by the blackhull kaffir in popularity. All of these varieties are so similar in habit that they do not require different cultural treatment. Differences in treatment are largely determined by the needs of different sections, the condi-

tions in different seasons, and the nature of different soils.

Food for Man.

For many years farmers here and there have had kaffir made into meal at their local mills and have used the meal in making batter cakes and similar foods. More recently experiments conducted co-operatively by the bureau of plant industry and the Kansas state agricultural college have shown that the meal can be used in much the same way as corn meal. Mixed with wheat flour in suitable proportions it can be used very acceptably in a great variety of dishes. This meal is now regularly manufactured and sold by one firm in the Southwest. The kaffir grain can also be used as pop corn.

The San Angelo Fair.

San Angelo, Oct. 22.—The San Angelo fair and carnival will be held this year from November 4 to 8, inclusive. As usual, the railroads in the state are offering very low rates for this attraction, and any of our readers that wish to visit their kinfolks, or want to take a look at the fairest portion of western Texas, should avail themselves of this opportunity.

One of the fastest mile tracks in the south is located at San Angelo, and the racing this year promises to be first class in every department. A fine agricultural display is assured, showing visitors what can be done in western Texas in the way of farming even in a dry year. The poultry exhibit is always a top notcher as this is a great poultry country. Then there is the carnival, motorcycle and cow-pony races, football matches, kennel show, flower show and the handsome woman's building with all that interests the eternal feminine. In fact, you will enjoy every minute of your stay in San Angelo, the commercial center of western Texas.

Texas Industrial Congress at Fair.

Dallas, Oct. 22.—The Texas Industrial Congress, in order to meet its friends at the State Fair at Dallas, has taken a booth in the agricultural building and invites them to call there and register. It has installed a model to show the effects of surface washes on hillside farms. Two hillsides are represented—one upon which a cover crop is growing, the other bare, with a lake at the foot of each. On the hillside with the cover crop the run-off water is small and the lake at the foot is clear; on the bare hillside the run-off is heavy and muddy, and the lake is also muddy—showing that in one case there is little or no loss of soil, while in the other the farm is being stripped of its power to grow crops and the farmer of his chance

to prosper. Thus the lesson is taught that sloping lands should not be left bare to the winter rains; but should be planted to barley, oats, wheat or other crops that will save the soil. The suggestion is also made that reservoirs can and should be constructed to impound the water for farm uses, for stock and for irrigation.

Maps and pictures showing in a graphic way the work of the congress have a place in the booth, and a representative is present to welcome visitors, explain the model, distribute farm bulletins, and show all who call every courtesy possible.

FARMERS' FIVE BILLIONS.

Products 22 Per Cent Less, Worth 6 Per Cent More.

With a total quantity of agricultural products 22 per cent less than in 1912, the year's gross revenue for the farmers will be 6 per cent more than last year, according to a bulletin issued by the Orange Judd company, which publishes several agricultural papers. Total value will be \$5,000,000,000 or \$269,000,000 more than a year ago.

The reason for this extraordinary condition is, of course, the high prices per unit for several of the large cereal crops. Corn, for example, will show a total volume of 29 per cent under that of 1912, but with a value of 42 per cent better will produce for the farmers \$100,000,000 more than a year ago.

The wealth the farmers will receive for their decreased tonnage, says the report, also has these two decided advantages. Less labor and expense will be required for harvesting and marketing the crops this year, at a time when farm help is scarce and high.

Only the decrease of about 50,000 tons in the weight of these staples will enable American railways to move the crops of 1912 without a veritable breakdown of the transportation system, in view of the heavy tonnage of other freight and of passenger traffic caused by the resumption of good times.

The outcome of the agricultural season, therefore, is profoundly beneficial to industry, commerce and finance, taking the country as a whole, although certain individuals and limited sections have been hard hit by the drought.

The shortage in new corn is not a disaster. It is a blessing in disguise. For with over 400,000,000 of old corn on hand Oct. 1 the aggregate supply of maize this autumn will be some 2,750,000,000 bushels. This just about equals the corn supply following the harvest of 1911—only two years ago, when the yield was 2,650,000,000, and the supply of old corn was then only about one-fourth as large as now.

The wheat output will be the greatest in quantity and value in the country's history, and the value for potatoes, \$224,000,000, \$49,000,000 more than last year, breaks all records.

Even more remarkable than the foregoing is the present promise of the cotton crop, continues the bulletin. Although nearly 1,000,000 bales less than last year's, a decrease of 5 per cent, its price of around 14 cents per pound to the planter will make the cotton crop worth the unprecedented aggregate of nearly \$950,000,000.

In other words, cotton growers will receive a total of around \$125,000,000 more than last year, or a total increase of 22 per cent. This will be the greatest amount ever paid to planters in the history of the cotton industry.

ARRESTED.

Further arrests are being made daily—not of persons, but of pain. Its Hunt's Lightning Oil that so many people are talking about because it arrests and stops pain, and affords almost instant relief in cases of Neuralgia, Rheumatism Headaches, Burns, etc. Just try it if you want pain to quit quick.

—We could give you free tickets to the movies but prefer to give you the extra amount in goods for your cash. Phone 156. Vickers & Collings. 72-2

—All we ask is a trial. Will you give it to us? 71-2

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

Texas & Pacific.

West bound, No. 3.....2:50 a. m.
West bound, No. 5.....1:38 p. m.
East bound, No. 4.....2:50 a. m.
East bound, No. 6.....3:51 p. m.

Pecos Valley Southern.

South bound leaves.....3:15 a. m.
North bound arrives.....3:15 p. m.
Daily, except Sunday.

Santa Fe Route.

South bound arrives.....11:35 p. m.
North bound leaves.....12:25 a. m.
Daily, except Sunday.

GREAT COBALT COUNTRY IS HUNTER'S PARADISE.

Dubuc, Detroit's Slow Ball Wonder, Tells of Game Haven in the Canadian Wilderness.

Canada has been famous for the great opportunity she has offered the hunter since the days when the colony was first explored. The whole southern part of the Dominion is rapidly developing and is practically as thickly settled as the northern states of the United States. But the great wilderness of the Hudson Bay valley has never even been thoroughly surveyed, and here game flourishes undisturbed save by the trappers who penetrate into this wilderness or the occasional hunter who ventures that far from civilization.

Montreal has been my home for so many years that I am thoroughly a Canadian in tastes and interests, although I was born in Vermont.

Some seasons ago I was led to invest in a proposition in the great Cobalt region. As I wished to look the land over before going into the proposition, for mining is one of the most hazardous ventures in the world, and as I also had long wanted to take a hunting trip into the wilderness, I went to Cobalt.

This country is one of the most interesting places in the world. Many fortunes have been made in the tremendous rich ore mines and there is an inexhaustible amount of wealth still hidden in its rocky ridges and forest covered valleys.

Needless to say, in a camp such as the one in which I "put up," where practically all the inhabitants are hardened pioneers, almost everyone is an experienced hunter. The forests about the Cobalt region are rich in game of all kinds. Bear and moose trails are so common as to excite no comment and the number shot in a single season is surprising. Although I have been a fair amateur hunter since I was old enough to handle a gun, I do not claim to be in the same class as these experienced hunters. In company with my brothers I have spent weeks at a time in the forests of Canada, but I will say that my favorite sport is not on the big game trail, but rather on the hunt for less dangerous game—quails and partridges. Vast numbers of these birds still abound in this unbroken country.

There are also, literally, millions of ducks and geese that darken every pond and lake in the entire district.

I had a most interesting excursion to Cobalt delving into the mining shafts, collecting interesting samples of ore and learning a great deal of the mining business that I had never dreamed of. But to me the most interesting part of the trip was the unusually good hunting I encountered both in the near vicinity of Cobalt and in the journey there. I carried a rifle with me as I never like to be in the vicinity of big game without the means of bagging a good moose head if the opportunity offered. But most of my sport has always been with my Remington shotgun. I made no attempt at any stage of the journey to shoot a record bag. It was enough for me to go into the muskegs and the wooded ridges and bring back a half dozen quails or partridges. These, broiled over a crackling fire of spruce chips and dried branches, cannot be equalled in any luxurious restaurant in the world.

It is a real treat for me to follow the north star to a new unbroken country where you can travel a hundred miles and never see even a logging camp. You can breathe pure air such circumstances and feel absolutely alone with yourself. I believe such a trip is valuable even if a person encounters no game of any kind, but in the woods of upper Canada there is no such prospect. For the game-rooms through the unbroken timber just as it did before Columbus discovered the new world. It is a great country and believe me I am going back to it just as soon as I finish my last baseball game. Pitching is all right but pitching is work. The real vacation comes when you can get out alone under the stars and hear the timber wolves howl miles away in the distance. Baseball is all right as a profession but put hunting first every time as the normal man's favorite sport.

Causes Further Talk.

Because so many people are telling their experience with Hunt's Lightning Oil for Headaches, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc., others are lead to give it a trial, and are convinced immediately of its merits as a pain killer. Are you yet to be convinced. Ask the Druggist.

—We buy everything from an egg to a bale of cotton. Green's Grocery. 71-2

—We have just received a full line of fresh mince meat, seeded raisins, currants, dry apples, peaches, apricots and other fruits. Phone your order to 156. Vickers & Collings. 72-2

HERE AGAIN! Bigger and Better than ever State Fair of Texas

DALLAS, October 18 to November 2



Will authorize usual excursion rates

See Your Local Agent for Particulars Concerning Special Rates and Train Service

A. D. BELL Dallas Tex GEO D HUNTER
Asst. Gen. Passenger Agt Gen. Passenger Agt

Haul! Haul! Haul!

Anything from a Drayman's Reputation Up

A SHARE OF YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED
BILLY SMITH Phone 152

E. W. CLAYTON

Agent for the Magnolia Petroleum Company.

DRAY, TRANSFER

Will Haul Trunks on Short Notice

Office Phone 188 Residence Phone 196

Max Krauskopf

SHEET IRON AND METAL WORKER

SANITARY PLUMBING, ACETYLENE LIGHTS AND GENERATORS, GALVANIZED AND COPPER CORNICE, GALVANIZED TANKS AND CISTERNS, EAVE TROUGH, CONDUCTOR PIPES, TIN ROOFING, VALLEY TIN, GALVANIZED IRON FLUES, EDWARD'S ORNAMENTAL CEILING.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY, WAGONS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, DISCS, JOHN DEERE WALKING AND RIDING PLOWS.

CALL ON ME WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN THIS LINE.

FOR SALE

H. & G. N. Ry. Lands in Reeves County

Surveys Nos. 47, 55, 61, 62, in Block 4.
Nos. 43, 45 and three-fourths of 47, in Block 5.
The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the arctic belt of the Pecos River Country, and will be sold as a whole or in quarter sections.
Also surveys Nos. 13 and 49, in Block 6, and Survey Nos. 13 and 15 in Block 7.
Also Surveys Nos. 31 and 35, fronting on the Pecos River in Block 1, and Nos. 11 and 15, adjacent thereto, in Block 2, in the vicinity of Riverton, on the Pecos River Railway.
Also surveys Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 19, fronting on the Pecos River, in Block 8, in the extreme northern portion of Pecos County, and partly in Reeves County.
Also 15 surveys in Block 10; 16 surveys in Block 11, and 3 surveys in Block 12; none of these river lands.
No local agents for these lands, which are handled direct by the Agent and Attorney in Fact for the owner, Thomas R. White, Jr., of New Jersey.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS, ADDRESS

Ira H. Evans

AGENT AND ATTORNEY IN FACT
AUSTIN, TEXAS

SEE R. P. HICKS FOR Dray and Transfer Work WOOD AND COAL

OFFICE PHONE 147 RESIDENCE PHONE 181



Happy Bake Days

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The cook is happy, the other members of the family are happy—appetites sharpen, things brighten up generally. And Calumet Baking Powder is responsible for it all. For Calumet never fails. Its wonderful leavening qualities insure perfectly shortened, faultlessly raised bakings.

Cannot be compared with other baking powders, which promise without performing.

Even a beginner in cooking gets delightful results with this never-failing Calumet Baking Powder. Your grocer knows. Ask him.



RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

Don't save money when you buy cheap or low-grade baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to any other.

The Pecos Times

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times, established in 1887; Reeves County Record, established 1910; Consolidated Nov. 23, 1912.

PUBLISHED ONCE A WEEK ON FRIDAY.
THE PECOS TIMES
B. J. STRICKLAND, Editor and Manager.

Subscription price, \$1 per year; six months .75c.
Advertising rates made known on inquiry.

Entered as second class matter December 3, 1912, at the Postoffice in Pecos, Texas, under Act of March, 1879.

This paper is represented in New York City for foreign advertising by American Press Association, 225 West 39th St., New York City.

A MISTAKEN IDEA.

"The world owes every man a living, but every man must collect it." The world owes no man anything. Every man owes the world everything, even his own existence. He hasn't anything that he has not received from the world, and what has he given to the world in return for what he has received? Has the world been made better by his having lived in it? Has it been made more desirable to live in because of his having lived in the world? Was it not because of the wickedness of man that sin entered the world? Was it not because of what man owed the world that caused Christ to have to suffer on the cross and die for the sin of man. Then how does the world owe every man a living.

Had you ever observed that the fellow who kicks most is the chap who does the least. The fellow who knocks the ministers, never contributes to church work, those who criticize the merchants of the town, saying their stocks of goods are not up-to-date, are usually the fellows who send to Montgomery Ward or Sears Roebuck. They say the town is not up-to-date, but send their money elsewhere and never do anything to help to build up home enterprises. The same crowd knock the local newspaper, saying that it is not what it should be, but at the same time withhold their support from it. In other words, the knocker will knock, that is their business and there is no use in wasting time with him.—Sweetwater Reporter.

There is a few of this same gang in Pecos.

The editor and family was most royally entertained and feasted at the home of our friend and sympathizer, Mr. E. J. Moyer, last Sunday. Mr. Moyer having been a pencil pusher and printer for many years, knows just how to sympathize with an editor. It was clearly demonstrated to our minds that Mrs. Moyer is no novice in the culinary arts, but is professional in preparing the things that please one of our profession. It is no longer a mystery to our minds why our friend E. J. is so rounded and plump.

It is now just two days until the national election of Mexico will be held, which will occur on Sunday, the 26th of October. There are at present three candidates that have announced their candidacy for president of the republic of Mexico. There will not be any election held only where the soldiers of Huerta have control, and it is beyond the province of man to judge what the outcome will be.

The question of good roads is becoming the momentous question of the day. It is being discussed from ocean to ocean and from center to circumference. We presume it was all brought about because of the prohibition move, for bad roads was no obstacle or hindrance to an intoxicated man—it all looks just the same to him.

From what we learn from all sources and the reports contained in the Advocate, we conclude that Artesia must have acquitted herself most royally during the five days of last week's festival. She must have laid aside her old clothes and adorned herself as a bride looking for the bridegroom.

First day attendance at the State Fair was a record breaker. Official figures show that 20,000 people passed through the gates Saturday, the opening day of the fair.

Thank you, Brother French, for your clipping from the Times of the protracted meeting that Brother Truett held in Pecos.

We notice that Marfa is sleeping on her rights. That speaks well for Marfa, for she shouldn't sleep on other people's rights.

Does it pay to advertise? Ask Geo. Landrum. The results of advertising more than doubly filled the Airdome to overflowing last Monday night. George was compelled to give a second show to accommodate those that bought tickets at the close of the first show as the people passed out of the house it was immediately filled with people that was anxiously awaiting on the outside. The remark was made there that if George's business kept up at that rate he would have to build a house that would cover the whole block.

A hint to the wise is sufficient. But never argue with the public. The right thing to do is to advertise your business. Yes, in the Pecos Times, of course. The Pecos Times comes out every Friday and goes into twelve hundred homes. What was it that made Sears & Roebuck and Montgomery Ward & Company so famous in the business world? Was it advertising or was it not?

Advertise in the Pecos Times for results. If you want business and more business advertise for the business man or firm that doesn't advertise is not going to be crowded with customers. Place your ad in the Pecos Times and it will carry your ad to twelve hundred subscribers, plus four thousand readers. Then advertise.

If you have anything to sell or exchange, advertise it in the classified column of the Times.

Monday's No. 5 train, which is due to arrive in Pecos at 1:30 p. m., failed to arrive until 1:10 Tuesday morning.

If it is the correct news that you want, subscribe for the Pecos Times.

THE PITY OF LIFE.

(By Putnam Barstow.)

Ah pity to him who ne'er hath learned
Whose heart hath ne'er within him burned

From gazing on the prize:
When slow the spirit doth reveal.
In the glory of awakened zeal,
That service is man's highest weal;
Life one with sacrifice.

Ah pity to him—no will of fate—
Who falling from his high estate,
On her the burden lies;

Ah pity indeed who never knows
The whole sum total of his woes—
Or nearly all—are self-imposed,
Though vainly he denies.

An pity to him who never sees
Above the storm of destinies,
The hand that holds life's helm;
Ah pity to him tho' ne'er so true,
The deadening, dull opaqueness thru
Of doubt may ne'er serenely view
Calm faith's celestial realm.

Ah pity to him whose pride of place
Is stamped upon his worldly face,
And graven in his soul;
Ah pity to him who gains by theft
The little to whom but little is left,
Nor blushes to think of the hearts
bereft—
His own accursed of gold.

Ah pity to him who dares not reach,
Beyond the barriers of speech,
With silences self alone;
Ah pity to him who ne'er pursues
The coyly rainbowed muse,
Nor bows beneath the moaning yews
Sad Ionian tone.

Ah pity to him in any mode,
Who shuns the lore of solitude,
The kindly whispering of the
wise;

Ah pity to him who thinks to find
Ought but pain in pleasure's wine,
Poor hedonist, in heart and mind—
Nor waits for death—he hourly
dies.

Ah pity to him who never soars
Into the clouds—nor there to pause—
Far into the realms of thought;
Ah pity indeed who rarely thinks,
Nor into the soul's recesses sinks
To hear the immutable message that
links
God, to the world he bought.

HUSBAND AT 17 A MISTAKE.

Man Must Have More Than Smattering Knowledge of World to Make Marriage a Success.

(Beatrice Fairfax in El Paso Herald.)
"A lover writes me:
"Will you kindly let me know how old a young man and woman must be to be married. Also what is the fee charged for obtaining a marriage license and how must one proceed to get it? I am 17 years of age and would like to know these things."
"Please do not reply that I am too young to be interested in these things, or to get married. For I know a great deal of the world."

In what way, my son?
If by that you mean you have seen portions of it from a car window, you don't know the world. If by that you mean that you have been brought up by hard knocks, and have learned much in the bitter school of experience, you don't know the world.

Must Know Yourself First.
But granting that you do know the world, a claim that the wisdom of 17 often makes, that does not give you the right to get married.

You must know something more than the world before you take such a step—you must know yourself.

Is your heart so faithful it will remain true, through 50 or 60 years, to the girl you loved as a boy? Is your judgment so mature you can pick out, when only 17, the type of girl who will be your ideal when you have become a man?

Has patience become a habit with you? Is it a joy to you to practice self denial for those you love—not once, but often, and always—and with no one to commend or applaud?

Is your income elastic? Will you, when less than 20, be contented to stay at home in the evening, like an old man is contented, because the going out means the price of shoes for the baby? Will you, when still a boy, find recreation in such outings as are suitable for the wife and the babies and feel no regret when the other boys go unhampered and carefree to the swimming pool and the diamond?

Knowing Love Is Essential.
Do you know what love is? You may know the world. Being 17, there is no doubt you know it; but do you know what love is?

The love that lasts; that grows stronger, and more tender, and broader, and more charitable with the years; the love that is love, and not a passing sentiment based on vanity or animal attraction. You have no more comprehension of that than you have of the life at the end of the ocean.

My son, you don't know what love is! Keep on trying to learn, and some day you will know. Fall in love, and fall out again. Keep a tenant in your heart all the time. That is the privilege of youth, and the comfort of old age. But don't, I beg of you, don't think of getting married when you are only 17.

Farmers' Wives.

(Boston Transcript.)

Many minds are at work upon the task of making the agricultural industry more attractive to farmers and to farmers' families, and many are hoping that a reaction will soon set in. In order to know how to bring it about it is necessary to understand what has caused the wide departure from conditions once regarded as normal. Herbert Quick, a student of domestic psychology, in the current number of Good Housekeeping, finds the force most active behind the desertion of the rural home to be not the discontent of the farmer, but of the farmer's wife, and in these days very likely the farmer's daughter. He does not hold the woman responsible, for if he does not applaud her attitude he regards it as natural and inevitable under conditions that have too long prevailed.

The farmer's wife is more deserving of sympathy today than she was fifty years ago. In fact in those days she was a person to be envied and not a candidate for sympathy at all. She was not worried about her sphere. The details of housekeeping were regarded as accomplishments. She could secure help for her duties, but the immigrant girls of that period did not scorn the farm; they liked it, but that is true no longer. There was joy in service. The housewife was not conscious of her drudgery. Today she is painfully so, and the tax on mind and nerves and spirit, is constant, depressing and exhaustive. One reason for this, says Mr. Quick, is that there has not been the same advance in the means of lightening her burdens that have become available for the husband. Mechanical devices and new forms of power have to a large extent taken the place of muscular force. Farm work is at once more interesting, more easy and more productive, but only to a limited extent has the woman of the house been thus considered.

This is not entirely due to the lack of invention in her behalf. The farmer himself is not held blameless. He wishes his farm equipment so complete that his appropriation is exhausted before he gets to the domestic branch of his establishment. But, says his critic, the farmer who can afford to provide himself with a gas engine to cut his wood and thrash his grain can afford running water, hot and cold, in his house. If he can afford an automobile he can afford a bath room. If he can afford a complete harvester he can afford electricity to light his house, do the laundry work, run a vacuum cleaner and perhaps cook his meals. All these things would be factors of larger content, no doubt. But even these would not satisfy the aspirations and social longings of the new woman, for even on the farm she is to be found. Rural communities are not what they once were. They are more mixed and even more ployplot. They are assemblages rather than communities, for those who constitute them to a large degree lack common interests and common points of view. It is a serious problem which we fear even labor-saving machinery will not entirely solve.—Boston Transcript.

Morality to Order.

In another city they were electing a new commission. Now there had been a great deal of work and thought to make it a better city to live in, as there is in these days in every progressive community. There were public baths, so the people might be cleaner, and public concerts that the people might be refreshed, and public amusements that the young folks might get acquainted in wholesome ways, and public assemblies so that the citizenship might educate itself in caring for the common business. All of which, with many more things of like import, it was proposed that the city itself, which sums up the community, should take in hand.

Just before election a body of the best citizens were moved to take part in the proceedings from which it was admitted they had too much stood aloof. An organization was formed and questions were submitted to the candidates. And those questions applied two tests. Each candidate was asked to pledge himself for a certain ordinance putting further restrictions on disorderly houses, and another certain ordinance putting increased restrictions on saloons. And by those tests alone, in a city that was just naturally simmering with new ideas, the candidates were judged by these very good people.

All their effort was put forth to prevent people from being bad, an expenditure of energy that has proved futile through thirty centuries. It is the code of the old law which makes every man a sinner. But the new law proclaims, do this and live, building human creatures into men and women.

Scribes and pharisees schooled themselves to resist evil; but the disciples of the greatest teacher were taught to overcome evil with good.

To overcome evil with good is the splendid impulse of the modern community manifested not only in uplift movements of every sort, but in the civic association and the social center.—John Stone in The Chicago Public.

THE CONFERENCE FOR EDUCATION IN TEXAS.

Sixth General Session State Fair of Texas, Dallas, November 1.

"Unless the people are educated and enlightened, it is idle to expect the continuance of civil liberty for the capacity for self-government."—Declaration of Independence.

"The proposition, narrowed down to the line of candor, is, that if the people ever expect to have an efficient system of public free schools, they must prepare to pay for it."—James Stephen Hogg.

The following program was carried out in convention tent No. 1, on the fair grounds, Saturday, November 1.

The Conference for Education in Texas: Why It Was Established and What It Has Accomplished.—Hon. Clarence N. Ousley, Fort Worth.

Discussion—S. M. N. Marrs, superintendent of city schools, Terrell, and L. T. Cunningham, superintendent of Jones county schools, Anson.

The Conference for Education in Texas: What It Should Undertake to Accomplish During the Next Two Years.

(1) For the Rural Schools.
a. The development of high schools and the removal of the 50-cent limit in local taxation for school purposes.—Joel J. McCook, superintendent of Denton county schools, Denton.

b. The extension and improvement of county supervision.—Hon. W. F. Doughty, state superintendent of public instruction, Austin.

General discussion—Led by Fred J.

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Shibley, superintendent of Hill county schools, Hillsboro; Hon. R. B. Elmore, secretary of chamber of commerce of Sweetwater; and Dr. L. P. Robertson, chairman of Falls county board of trustees, Marlin.

The Conference for Education in Texas: What It Should Undertake to Accomplish During the Next Two Years (continued).

(2) For the City Schools:
The removal of the 50-cent limit and the two-thirds majority requirement in local taxation for school purposes.—A. E. Day, superintendent of schools, Garrison.

Discussion led by Jas. A. Brooks, superintendent of city schools, Dallas.

(3) For the State's Educational Institutions:
The provision for adequate and dependable financial support for permanent improvements and maintenances.—Hon. M. M. Crane, Dallas.

Discussion led by Hon. Jas. H. Lowry, president of board of regents for college of Industrial Arts, Honey Grove; Hon. Peter Radford, member board of regents for State Normal schools, Fort Worth; Hon. John I. Guion, vice-president of the board of directors for Agricultural and Mechanical College, Ballinger; and Mr. Alex Sanger, member board of regents for the University of Texas, Dallas.

The Conference for Education in Texas: Ways and Means for the Efficient Execution of Its Program:

(1) The prosecution of a vigorous state-wide educational campaign.—H. F. Estill, president of Sam Houston Normal Institute, Huntsville.

(2) The raising of an adequate fund for making the educational campaign.—Will C. Hogg, Houston.

General discussion.

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(Copy)

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The Victoria Safe and Lock Co.,
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Gentlemen: We wish to advise you that on the night of December 6th, our General Merchandise Store, situated on the San Antonio River, twelve miles west of Gollad, was entirely destroyed by fire. We are gratified to say that the safe bought of you last September, passed through the fire in good shape, and has just been passed upon by Mr. Roberts, of the Bates Adjustment Company, of Dallas, Texas, representing the London, Liverpool & Globe Insurance Company, who states that after a thorough examination the contents were in good condition, and, with a few minor repairs and repainting, the safe will safely stand another fire.

Yours very truly,

(Signed)

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EYES OF THE LAW

**Why an Austrian Countess Fell
in Love With Her Amer-
ican Husband.**

By MAUDE J. PERKINS.

"I think Elliot is on this train. I shall go on with you as far as Bennington so he won't suspect anything. Try and be agreeable at least."

Crosby sank into the seat beside his wife, and opened a magazine. She never even turned her head from the window, or showed that she had heard his words.

The train moved out of the station, and on through the long tunnel. Through Yolande's mind raced the whole insane escapade, ever since she had left Vienna four weeks ago. The man beside her was her husband in the eyes of the law, yet the veriest stranger to her. She had almost begged him to marry her and take her out of Austria, anywhere in the whole world where she could be sure of never seeing Ristori's ugly, smiling face again.

The weeks had passed like some strange, gray dream, the midnight journey from Vienna when at every stopping place she had expected her father and Ristori to appear and reclaim her. The trip across the channel to England, the few days in hiding there, and then their marriage—such a mockery of a marriage! The words had fairly choked her as she stood beside that tall, lean-faced American, and vowed to love, honor and obey him, to cleave to him until death, forsake all others, this when she had told him flatly the marriage was merely a ceremony for convention's sake. Just as soon as they came to his land, she herself would break the tie, and leave him.

It had never occurred to her what he must think of her, how she demanded everything, the shelter and prestige of wifehood, his care and protection, in this darkest hour of her whole life, all in return for nothing.

Elliot was the man they had seen last in Vienna. He was a friend of Ristori's, she knew, and at every point along the line they had seen him silent as a shadow, and as certain to appear.

Bennington was the little seaside place Crosby had suggested their going to from New York. He had a bungalow there, a rough sort of bachelor place, but comfortable, and she could rest in peace there until they had made definite plans. They had not seen Elliot in the four days in New York. Crosby believed he had lost the trail, yet there he was again on the same train. Yolande shivered, and pressed her face close to the pane of glass. She wished she could have fallen out unseen into the darkness they were hurtling through, and so found oblivion.

"You are tired, countess," Crosby's voice roused her. He had never once called her by her own name, always with the touch of formal reserve, and by her own title. "Do you care for any food or refreshments?"

"Thank you, nothing."

"I am going to leave you at Bennington. I have wired to Kusick, the old caretaker at my place, and either he or his daughter shall meet you at the station. I shall go on into the smoker where Elliot is, and distract his attention. He will think you are still on the train. Later I may return and see that you are well cared for, until we make final arrangements."

She shivered. She had always hated finally. And he spoke of their separation casually. Suddenly she turned and looked at him one swift, searching glance from her dark eyes.

"How cold blooded you Americans are. Oh, I know it is nothing at all to you, no more than to myself, and yet—I am your wife."

"Well?" His tone gave her no clue to his thoughts.

"Some men, men of my land, would not permit a wife like myself to slip through their hands like a jewel in an unknown sea."

"We Americans do not care for women who have no love for us," he answered. "We do not marry unless there is love on both sides."

"I know," impatiently, "but you have no ardor, no perseverance. An Italian, a Russian, a Hungarian, if he loves, he knows he can make any woman love him in return if he can win her. You are very shy, I think."

He laughed shortly. This coming from the woman he had thrown up everything for to help out of a family row, was distinctly feminine. Her father had ordered her to marry Chevalier Ristori. Crosby knew the old count was head over heels in debt, that he had fairly thrown himself on Ristori's mercy and offered anything, even his daughter, in exchange for a few canceled notes.

He himself, had met the young countess at the embassy balls several times. She was a haughty youngster, only a few months out of convent life, and still new to the dignity of long dresses. She was motherless, almost friendless. He had never forgotten the night she had sent for him, and told him briefly

had selected him as her knight errant, because he was an American, and because he had not made love to her. Those had been her reasons, yet now she could sit there and deliberately tell him he had no ardor, after he had trampled down every impulse to seize her in his arms and compel her to love him, ever since that day in London when her cool musical voice had accepted him as her husband.

The train stopped suddenly as the emergency brakes were jammed down. The lights of the car went out. Outside it was pitch dark. He knew they must be out towards the shore line somewhere. People were rising around them. Instinctively, he too stood up, but felt her hand on his.

"What is it?"

"I don't know yet. Stay here and I'll find out."

"I won't leave you." He felt her rise, and move slowly behind him. The vestibule doors at the end were closed. He knew. Up at the forward end of the car a woman shrieked suddenly in nervous suspense. Yolande's hand crept into his palm, and stayed there. And suddenly from somewhere there came the smell of burning wood. Crosby caught it first and made for a window. He smashed the glass out with his elbow. The gust of cold fresh air seemed to revive them both.

"I will go first, then you follow," he told her. She obeyed implicitly. He pulled himself through the aperture, and dropped to the ground below. She was beside him in another minute. The train curved on the sharp bend like a wounded reptile in agony. Up forward the baggage car was in flames. The engine rose in the air, ramming the train ahead it had collided with. Two cars lay on their sides in the steep gully at one side of the track, with the flames breaking through them.

"Great heavens," muttered Crosby, flinging off his coat. "There are men in these cars. One in the smoker, with Elliot."

Yolande's arms reached for his neck and clung there. "Don't leave me, Allan, don't leave me," she begged.

And there in the darkness lit only by the distant flames, their lips met for the first time. As he held her close in the strange awakening marvel of her love, he felt her arms relax, and knew she had fainted. Lifting her, he bore her along beside the track until the blaze showed him the sand embankment at one side. Gaining this, he laid her down, and covered her with his coat. Then he joined the men who were working like demons to get out the living creatures from the burning cars.

In the gray dawn that morning, hours after, they stood in the little shore bungalow at Bennington. The rescue train had carried the survivors on, and Kusick had waited faithfully at the station with the car until their arrival.

"Elliot was dead when we reached him," he told her, wearily. "There were letters in his pockets. I have them all, and made arrangements to have him cared for. He had orders to shoot me, and send you back home."

She leaned away from him, supporting herself against the table, her eyes wide with horror, her face white and tired.

"I will stay with you if you do not mind until noon. There is a train I can get back then."

Her hands reached toward him. "Do you want to go so much, Allan?" she asked, a little break in her voice. "You are too willing to let me go."

He leaned forward, looking into her eyes. "Can you truthfully say to me that you mean every word you spoke back there in London? Can you, Yolande?"

"Death was near tonight. And I followed you, did I not?"

"There was a tap at the door. It was Kusick, hat in hand, his face anxious."

"There is an earlier train west, sir, at seven, if you wish that one."

Crosby nodded his head. Yolande was looking down at the blaze of driftwood on the wide old rock hearth.

"I shall not take it, thanks, Kusick," he answered. "Send to town for my luggage, will you?"

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Eighty acres sandy land farm for sale or trade 2 1-2 miles of Swan, 50 acres cultivated, balance in timber pasture; good spring water, fine well, 8-room dwelling, barn and other buildings; plenty fruit. Abstract title. No encumbrance, close to school and church, on public road; telephone connection. Price \$5,000. Would exchange for improved irrigated land and would give or take difference; prefer small farm. B. F. Frasier, Swan, Smith County, Texas. 69-4

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GETTING ON WITH HER

By SIDNEY CONWAY.

"Isn't Charlotte a dear?" cried the girl in the swing seat as the young woman of whom she spoke waved a distractingly pretty hand from the window of her electric brougham. "Fancy your luck in having a stepmother nearly your own age, and such an adorable creature, too. So much more exciting than having a mere sister."

"Charlotte and I do have good times," agreed the girl with brown eyes and a small, rebellious mouth. "But I really thought for a while that we weren't going to get on at all. She made me feel snubbed all the time at first."

"I dare say the Viennese type is difficult to understand," agreed her friend, "But I cannot imagine Charlotte's hurting your poor little feelings."

"Oh, she didn't mean to hurt them. But we take such different things seriously. Now, clothes, for instance. Charlotte is one of those lucky persons who think that whatever is fashionable is exactly right. She can prove to you that the most hideous nightmare of the dressmakers' congress is eternally fit and intrinsically beautiful. She really thinks so—for the time being."

Charlotte has a positively uncanny sense of what is going to be the thing to wear. I can't catch her taking any preliminary notes. And she is perfectly unconscious of her gift.

"So when she discovers me dressing in a different way from herself, instead of asking me why I don't consult a really good dressmaker she merely looks hurt and inquires gently whether I don't think white hose with black pumps are just a bit—well, not what a lady would wear? Or she asks whether I realize that my hair is parted just a thought to one side? Or she will point out to me that to a really sound aesthetic sense the thought of trimming raw silk with any sort of lace is simply excruciating."

"You see, dear, it is a tailored material," she would say, with that little reverent hush in her voice that some women always have when they speak of anything that is tailored. And she would say, "Of course it is hot and uncomfortable, but really, you know, a coat must always be worn on the train." And she would ask if I myself



Waved a Distractingly Pretty Hand.

didn't feel the indelicacy of a blouse under such circumstances. The unprotected publicity of the thing, as it were, surely could not have escaped me.

"As for persons who permit themselves to appear on the street without gloves or in a drawing room with short sleeves and no collar, she could not speak of them for sheer horror. These offenses passed the bounds of charity. It wasn't the question of taste that she considered; it was the eternal rightness of things that weighed upon her."

"Well, you can realize that I haven't had to wait long, at the rate our styles move, exactly to change places with my pretty stepmother. Now she wears the lowest necks and the most frivolous excuses for sleeves, and the most countless blouses; and when she catches me in a high collar she looks exactly as grieved as she used to look when I rolled up my sleeves."

"But she can't hurt my feelings any more—not a bit! For I know now that what she honestly supposes to be high moral ground is nothing in the world but a clever sixth sense as to what is being worn."

"I don't mind unfashionable, but I did hate to think I was color blind, tasteless, of doubtful delicacy and generally a blight on the good old puritan stock—all because I didn't wait to consult some Parisian fashion tyrant before I wore a dark waist with a light skirt. I've made her see it, and now we get on beautifully!"—Chicago Daily News.

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FOR INFORMATION AND CATALOG APPLY TO

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CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon John Salthouse, Isaac S. Brubaker, David C. Vaniman, J. B. Henry, H. S. Dixon, Ira M. Cobe, P. G. Welsh, L. J. Adler, F. M. Bennett, H. H. Shell, W. O. R. Baughman, L. C. Cookson, J. F. Cooke, H. B. McCormick, C. T. Sutherland, A. O. Swenson, F. W. Pacey, David Fritz, Edna E. Baughman, State National Bank of Oklahoma City, O. I. Fey, Jno. A. Nelson, David Garber, Robert Tipton, J. A. Starkey, R. C. Fritz, H. H. Shull, Wm. M. Clune, J. J. Hoban, E. M. Rudolph, E. H. Johnson, T. J. Wright, J. T. Duncan, H. N. Frost, Jno. G. Swinger, J. M. Pence, Minnie C. Pipkin, R. E. Beattie, Mary J. West, C. M. Mampe, J. S. Featherstone, J. A. Forrest, B. R. Hull, W. L. Carville, J. F. Morris, J. Pestal, M. L. Swinehart, F. O. Crone, Joe Cravens, Ethel Wilson, E. J. Lough, E. Dexter, V. Zuber, A. N. Brownrigg, W. O. Williford, Mrs. Joe Cravens, M. T. Desmukes, Mrs. L. Desmukes, Flora M. Reid, T. J. Malone, J. A. Fuston, Odie Rainer, A. G. Herman, W. H. Osborne, T. W. Windle, J. L. Fuston, Mollie J. Fuston, T. M. Rickett, P. Q. Rickett, C. L. Brady, A. L. Black, W. O. Wolford, S. E. Stoner, J. M. Honaker, J. Totter, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 70th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 70th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be held at the court house thereof, in Pecos, on the third Monday in November, A. D. 1913, the same being the 17th day of November, A. D. 1913, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1913, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 1012 wherein Mrs. J. L. Moore is plaintiff, and Toyah Valley Irrigation Company, J. G. Love, receiver, A. J. Carpenter, E. P. Stuckler, as administrators of the estate of Augustine Hernandez, deceased; Louis Schertz, Tomas Alvarez, Geo. F. McKinney, M. A. Erickson, O. P. Springs, R. L. Parks, E. D. Balcom, Toyah Valley Livestock Company, Ensorio Montez, W. W. Stewart, Mrs. Annie D. Davis, Mrs. Annie D. Davis as administrator of the estate of A. S. Davis, deceased; C. W. Amrine, N. T. Reid, A. Martin, Tomas Sierra, C. M. Honaker, W. G. Holbert, Lee Heber, H. Robbins, S. E. Stoner, W. G. Gilbert, C. J. Ferguson, R. P. Arnold, M. Totter, J. Totter, W. E. Gould, S. E. Wascom, L. G. Wascom, J. M. Honaker, J. G. Love, J. W. Blakeslee, Laura Hinjosa, P. A. Harbert, Jim Mayfield, A. D. Gathings, J. W. Goode, Morton G. Jepson, M. Jepson, W. W. Chandler, W. E. Winston, John Salthouse, Isaac S. Brubaker, David C. Vaniman, J. B. Henry, H. S. Dixon, Ira M. Cobe, P. G. Welsh, L. J. Adler, F. M. Bennett, H. H. Shell, W. O. R. Baughman, L. C. Cookson, J. F. Cooke, H. B. McCormick, C. T. Sutherland, A. O. Swenson, F. W. Pacey, David Fritz, Edna E. Baughman, State National Bank of Oklahoma City, O. I. Fey, Jno. A. Nelson, David Garber, Robert Tipton, J. A. Starkey, R. C. Fritz, H. H. Shull, Wm. M. Clune, J. J. Hoban, E. M. Rudolph, B. W. Vandoren, E. H. Johnson, T. J. Wright, J. T. Duncan, E. W. Backus, H. N. Frost, Jno. G. Swinger, J. M. Pence, T. N. Wilson, Minnie C. Pipkin, R. E. Beattie, Mary J. West, C. M. Mampe, J. S. Featherston, J. A. Forrest, B. R. Hull, W. L. Carville, J. F. Morris, J. Pestal, M. L. Swinehart, F. O. Crone, Joe Cravens, M. T. Desmukes, M. L. Desmukes, Ethel Wilson, E. J. Lough, E. Dexter, V. Zuber, A. M. Brownrigg, W. O. Williford, Mrs. Joe Cravens, Flora M. Reid, T. J. Malone, J. A. Fuston, Odie Rainer, A. G. Herman, W. H. Osborne, T. W. Windle, L. W. Malone, Susie P. Malone, F. T. Halstead, Hugh Echols, G. E. Jones, T. M. Rickett, Mollie J. Fuston, T. M. Rickett, P. Q. Rickett, C. L. Brady, A. L. Black, W. O. Wolford, Lina Johns, Lina Johns as administratrix of the estate of Adolph Johns, deceased; D. P. Rankin, H. O. Jepson, J. M. Jepson, H. L. Gamble, are defendants, said petition alleging: (1) That plaintiff is the owner of and in possession of Section 29 and 48.9 acres out of Section 77, Block No. 13, H. & G. N. R. Co. survey, in Reeves County, Texas, and 75.5 acres of land out of Section 31, said Block 13, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a hollow iron rod 2 inches in diameter driven in a ditch for the S. E. corner of Section No. 29, S. W. corner of Section No. 77, N. W. corner of Section No. 76, and N. E. corner of Section No. 93; thence N. 78 degrees W. with N. line of Section No. 93, 150 feet to a post upon which an irrigation ditch, thence S. along the west boundary of said irrigation ditch 995 feet to a cedar post; thence E. 665 feet to post set in boundary of irrigation ditch; thence S. along the boundary of said irrigation ditch 763 feet to the center of what is known as the Murphy ditch; thence E. along the center of said Murphy's ditch 761 feet to the corner of the E. boundary line of said Section No. 93; thence N. along the E. boundary line of said Section 93 2479 feet to the place of beginning. (2) That said land is crossed by a flowing stream known as Toyah Creek, in Reeves County, Texas, that said creek has its source in certain springs on Section 256, Block 13, H. & G. N. R. Co. survey, and flows in a well defined channel from said source through the sections of land above mentioned, and said land is riparian to and borders upon said stream; that the flow of said stream is augmented by certain springs situated thereon about two miles above plaintiff's said land known as Saragosa Springs. (3) That plaintiff's said land is located in an arid portion of the State of Texas where by reason of insufficient rainfall irrigation is beneficial and necessary for agricultural pursuits; that plaintiff now has and has had for more than ten years prior to the acts of defendants herein after

set out in cultivation and under irrigation from the waters of Toyah Creek in said sections approximately 733.3 acres of land; that plaintiff had during the year 1912 upon said land growing crops of alfalfa, cotton, maize, cane and grapes; that said crops received and will require irrigation from the waters of said stream for their growth and cultivation. (4) That the defendant, Toyah Valley Irrigation Company, has heretofore constructed a dam across said Toyah Creek below the headspring thereof and has continuously thereafter diverted a large portion of the flow of said headsprings and carried same and is carrying same in a canal or ditch away from the natural channel of said stream and used and applied same and is using and applying same to the irrigation of lands located above and below the lands of plaintiff, hereinabove described, and carried and conducting said water away from and around and below the lands of plaintiff, above described, and has deprived and is depriving plaintiff of the use of said water in said stream, and has prevented and is preventing the same from flowing in its natural state by and through plaintiff's said lands, and said defendant, J. G. Love, as receiver or agent of the said Toyah Valley Irrigation Company, is continuing said wrongful acts of said defendant company, and said defendants have not provided means for conveying said water so diverted by them, or any portion thereof back into the channel of said stream above plaintiff's said land. (5) That below the said dam of the Toyah Valley Irrigation Company, above described, numerous parties, to-wit: C. W. Giffin, C. C. Koutz, Bob Lyles, and others unknown to plaintiff, divert such part of the waters of said Toyah Creek as is not diverted by said company as aforesaid, and after using the same for irrigation conduct the same back into the channel of said stream at points above the dam of the defendant A. J. Carpenter. (6) That the defendant A. J. Carpenter, on or about February 1, 1912, constructed a dam across the channel of said Toyah Creek above plaintiff's said land and thereafter conducted and is continuing to conduct the water of said creek and all of the remaining water of said creek, not diverted at said headspring by said defendant company as hereinabove alleged, into a ditch, and from said ditch leading away from said stream; that said defendant has not provided in said dam a spillway, or means for permitting the water of said stream not used by him to flow down said stream in its natural channel to and through the plaintiff's lands, but conducts all of the water of said stream away from its natural channel, and when not used by said defendant same is conducted by him into said canal owned by defendant, the Toyah Valley Irrigation Company; that said company and said J. G. Love receiver of said water from said Carpenter and conduct same by, around and below the said lands of plaintiff, and deprive plaintiff of the use of said water as same flows by and through her land, and said company and said receiver, J. G. Love, do not conduct or provide means for conducting said water or any portion thereof back to the natural channel of said stream above plaintiff's lands. (7) That the defendant, the Toyah Valley Irrigation Company, on or about the year 1907, constructed a dam across the channel leading from said Saragosa Springs to the channel of said Toyah Creek and thereafter continuously diverted and is diverting the entire flow of said springs into a canal constructed by said defendant company, and conducted and continues to conduct same away from the natural channel of said stream, and do not return said water or any portion thereof to the natural channel of said stream above the lands of plaintiff, but conducted and are conducting the same around and below the lands of plaintiff, and thereby deprive plaintiff of the use of the waters of said spring, which in their natural state flow by and through the lands of plaintiff. (8) That plaintiff has constructed a dam across the said Toyah Valley upon Section 94, Block 12, H. & G. N. R. Co. survey, in Reeves County, Texas, and has constructed at great expense a system of ditches and canals for the purpose of irrigating her said lands above described; and has provided means for conveying the water of said stream, after being so used by her, back into the channel thereof. That during the year 1912 plaintiff planted and cultivated in said field upon her said land the following crops, to-wit: Alfalfa, 447 acres, cotton, 165 acres, maize, 146 acres, cane, 29 acres, and grapes, 1 acre. That said crops required irrigation from the waters of Toyah Creek for their proper irrigation and cultivation and but for the acts of defendants plaintiff would have used such crops of the acts of the defendants above alleged plaintiff was deprived of the use of said water for the irrigation of said crops, and said crops were lost and destroyed by reason of lack of water for the irrigation of same, and plaintiff suffered thereby in damages more than the sum of \$15,000.00. (9) That the said acts of the defendants hereinabove alleged are continuing in their nature and future crops of plaintiff will perish and be lost to her unless the defendants are restrained from their unlawful acts, and plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury in the loss of said crops, depreciation in the value of her said land, and the loss of the use of said flowing water in said stream upon her said land; that plaintiff has no full, adequate and complete remedy at law, and unless the injunction herein prayed for is issued she will continue to suffer irreparable damage from year to year. (10) That the location and situation of plaintiff's said lands with reference to the said diversion dams and canals, and with reference to said streams and springs herein referred to are fully and graphically shown by the map hereto attached and made a part hereof as Exhibit A. (11) That plaintiff is informed and believes that the defendant Toyah Valley Irrigation Company has heretofore entered into contracts with other named defendants, who own land or an interest in land along or

below the said lands of plaintiff, whereby it has diverted itself to carry and deliver water to said defendants for irrigation purposes, and said other named defendants by virtue of said contracts are claiming some right or interest in the said waters of Toyah Creek, and the right to have same diverted in the manner herein alleged; but plaintiff alleges that such right or rights as said other named defendants may have to the use of the waters of Toyah Creek does not and cannot accrue to them until after same have passed through the lands of plaintiff, and said other named defendants have no right to have said waters diverted and carried to them around and below the plaintiff's said lands in the manner herein alleged, and such rights as they have are inferior to the right of plaintiff to the relief herein sought. (12) Wherefore, premises considered, the defendants Toyah Valley Irrigation Company, J. G. Love, and A. J. Carpenter, having already been duly cited to appear and answer herein and having appeared and answered herein, plaintiff prays that the other named defendants and each of them be cited to appear and answer this petition, and upon final hearing that this court issue its writ of injunction commanding the defendant A. J. Carpenter to provide a spillway at his said dam and to permit all of the water of said stream, when not used by him for irrigation, to flow over said spillway into the channel of said stream, and to conduct same after being used by him, and any surplus thereof not used by him back into the channel of said creek at a point above plaintiff's land; and to refrain from conducting same or permitting same to be conducted around by and below plaintiff's land; that the defendants Toyah Valley Irrigation Company and J. G. Love refrain from conducting the water so diverted by them by, around and below plaintiff's said lands, and commanding them to return to the channel of said stream at a point above plaintiff's land the water diverted by them after being used for irrigation; and the surplus thereof diverted and not used for irrigation; that they refrain from diverting the flow of Saragosa Springs and conducting same by, around and below plaintiff's said lands; and commanding them to permit said waters of Saragosa Springs to flow in their natural channel by and through plaintiff's said lands; that the rights of the other named defendants under any contract or other right they may have with the Toyah Valley Irrigation Company be decreed to be inferior to the rights of plaintiff to the relief herein sought and to the flowing waters of said Toyah Creek in their natural state through her said lands; that plaintiff recover all costs of suit, and for such other relief, general or special. Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Pecos, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1913. WILLIE-DE WOODS, Clerk District Court, Reeves County. By H. B. LINK, Deputy. 71-4

SHERIFF'S SALE. The State of Texas, County of Reeves. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Alias Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, of the 2nd day of October, 1913, by Willie De Woods, Clerk of said court, for the sum of Two Hundred Fifty-five and 71/100 (\$255.71) dollars and costs of suit, (under judgment in favor of S. F. Redding in a certain cause in said court, No. 1194, styled S. F. Redding vs. D. L. McDaniel et al, has been placed in my hands for service, I, Tom Harrison, as sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did on the 2nd day of October, 1913, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: All those certain tracts or parcels of land situated in Reeves County, Texas, more particularly known and described as Blocks 11 and 12 of Shannon's subdivision of Section 67, Block 4, H. & G. N. R. Co. survey, and levied upon as the property of E. B. Gibson, temporary administrator of the estate of D. L. McDaniel, E. B. Kiser, J. W. Parker, and Pecos Valley State Bank; and that on the first Tuesday in November, 1913, the same being the 4th day of said month, at the court house door of Reeves County, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said Alias Order of Sale, I will sell said above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said E. B. Gibson, temporary administrator of the estate of D. L. McDaniel, E. B. Kiser, J. W. Parker, and Pecos Valley State Bank. And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times, a newspaper published in Reeves County. Witness my hand, this 2nd day of October, 1913. TOM HARRISON, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. The State of Texas, County of Reeves. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Bell County, on the 20th day of August, 1913, by E. E. Upshaw, clerk, of said court, for the sum of Six Hundred Twelve and 70/100 (\$612.70) dollars and cost of suit, (under a judgment in favor of C. B. McLain, in a certain cause in said court, No. 877, and styled C. B. McLain vs. C. L. Dealey, has been placed in my hands for service, I, Tom Harrison, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did on the 3rd day of October, 1913, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Section No. 2, Block No. 55, Tsp. 4, T. & P. Ry. Co. survey, and levied upon as the property of C. L. Dealey, and that on the first Tuesday in November, 1913, the same being the 4th day of said month, at the court house door of Reeves County, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said Order of Sale, I will sell said above described real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said C. L. Dealey. And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times, a newspaper published in Reeves County. Witness my hand, this 9th day of October, 1913. TOM HARRISON, Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

turn day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 70th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 70th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in November, A. D. 1913, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1913 in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1196; wherein Charles J. Canda, Simeon J. Drake and Alphonse Kloh are plaintiffs; and J. P. Battle; L. E. Battle, J. T. H. Lipscomb, W. L. Smallwood, Otho S. Houston, H. A. Stegall, J. D. Bingham, Lucy Bingham, S. C. Findley, M. S. Findlay, J. W. Webb, Kate Webb, C. S. Bell, Johnnie Bell, J. C. C. Martin, J. L. Flanigan, L. C. Ridgeway, J. E. Greathouse, J. M. Osborn, and Geo. F. Osborn, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiffs are the owners and holders of six vendor's lien notes; all dated Nov. 8, 1905; for the sum of \$19200 each, and due Nov. 8, 1905, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, and 1914, respectively all drawing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date; all payable to the order of Charles J. Canda, Simeon J. Drake, and Sigmund Neustadt; but it is alleged that the plaintiffs are now the joint owners of all of said notes; all said notes retaining a vendor's lien against Sec 31, Tsp. 7, Blk. 59, Cert. 4666, situated in Reeves County, Texas; same containing 640 acres; said suit being to foreclose said lien against said land. Petition alleges that said notes provide for attorney's fee of 10 per cent upon the amount of said notes, and that plaintiffs have promised to pay said amount for attorney's services in suing upon same. Petition alleges that all of said notes provide that a failure to pay any one of same hen due, shall mature all of same at the election of the holder, and ask for judgment upon the amount of all of same, together with 10 per cent attorney's fee. It being alleged in said petition that all of the above named defendants are claiming some interest in and to the above said land, or a part of same, but that their claims are subordinate to the lien of plaintiffs. HEREIN FAIL NOT, but have before said Court, at its next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1913. WILLIE-DE WOODS, Clerk District Court, Reeves County. (SEAL)

failure to pay any one of same when due matures all of them; plaintiffs declare that several of them are past due, and that they elect to declare all of same due. Plaintiffs allege that said notes were given as a part of the purchase money for Sec No. 33, Tsp. 1, in Blk. 57, in Reeves County, Texas; and that said notes expressly retain a vendor's lien against said land. Plaintiffs sue for the amount of said notes including interest and attorney's fee. It being alleged in said petition that all of the above named defendants are claiming some interest in or to a part of same, but that their claims are subordinate to the lien of plaintiffs. Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court at its next regular term, this rit with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 24th day of September, A. D. 1913. WILLIE-DE WOODS, Clerk District Court, Reeves County. (SEAL)

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors of Robert William Hindley, a Bankrupt. In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Texas. In the matter of Robert William Hindley, Bankrupt, No. 2, in Bankruptcy. To the creditors of Robert William Hindley, of Pecos, in the County of Reeves, and district aforesaid: You are hereby notified that on the 15th day of October, A. D. 1913, the said Robert William Hindley was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at Pecos, Reeves County, Texas, at the office of Ben Palmer, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. BEN PALMER, Referee in Bankruptcy. October 16, 1913. 71-4

Notice. By order of the Board of Directors of the Pecos River Railroad Company, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders has been called to meet at the principal office of the company in the City of Pecos, Reeves County, Texas, on the 4th day of November 1913, at the hour of 9 a. m., or the purpose of considering and voting on a proposition to lease the railroad and all other property of this company to the Southern Texas Railway Company of Texas, on such terms and conditions as the stockholders may determine. J. G. DAVIS, Secretary The Pecos River Railroad Company. 6816

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors of Oscar Marion Henderson, a Bankrupt. In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Texas. In the matter of Oscar Marion Henderson, Bankrupt, No. 1 in Bankruptcy. To the creditors of Oscar Marion Henderson, of Pecos, in the County of Reeves, and district aforesaid: Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1913, the said Oscar Marion Henderson was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at Pecos, Reeves County, Texas, at the office of Ben Palmer, on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. BEN PALMER, Referee in Bankruptcy. September 29th, 1913.

For Sale Or Trade. 80 acres sandy land farm, for sale or trade 2-1/2 miles of sandy timber pasture, good spring water, fine well, 8 room dwelling, barn and other buildings, plenty fruit, abstract title. No encumbrances, close to school and church, on public road, telephone connections, price \$5,000.00, would exchange for improved irrigated land and would give or take difference, prefer small farm. B. F. FRASIER, Swan, Smith County, Texas 6914.

BAKERY REMOVED. Having sold the New Cafe, we have moved our Bakery to the Couch building opposite the Cowan building, where we hope to see all our former bread and pastry customers, as well as many new ones. GEO. D. COON.

PARSONS THREE

The Race Is Not Always to the Swift, Even in These Rapid Days.

By HARMONY WELLER.

Blossom looked down, suddenly very much abashed.

Dick gazed fondly at the little brown hand that he longed to possess as his own; Harry's eyes were riveted in the misty line of blue that showed beneath her lashes and Tom absorbed the whole perfect girl in his glance, but mostly he watched the crimson stain of her lips, which curled now and again with a troubled smile.

"You have all," she began in her sweet voice, "honored me—by loving me." The men glowered, each at the other two. She continued a trifle nervously, "And in return—I love you—each one of you—with the same amount of loyalty. I think that I am not a 'one man woman.' I think I could be happy with any one of you—very happy," she added.

A touch of color fanned her cheeks, her eyes became darker.

"I want to marry one of you. I long for the city! Life on this island has become irksome to me and I want to see the broader sphere of life. Living here, I have been denied so many pleasures. Until this summer I had not realized a half of what life holds.

"You have each, in your grand, big way, made the last three months a Paradise to me. I had never seen an airship until Harry swept down through the air in his huge machine. I had never been in a motor until Dick came whizzing across that old bridge. Good old fleet-footed Bess, whom Tom has taught me to ride has filled me with—well—joy, and you have all three just spoiled me with your attentions."

Negative shakes from three heads condemned her last words.

"Yes, you have," she contradicted quickly. Blossom drew a deep, troubled sigh. "And now—I have to decide whether I would like to marry a birdman and fly with him, a motorist and joy ride with him or an equestrian and gallop through life with him! It is a vexing question."

She raised appealing eyes to each man in turn. The look compelled an answer.

"The latter is of course the most enjoyable," said Tom.

"The former is more exhilarating," said Harry.

"The middle path is always the safest," said Dick.

Blossom laughed and jumped quickly to her feet and motioned the men to remain.

"I am going to bring out a jug of cider and some fresh doughnuts. While you three are making them disappear I shall walk once around the island. When I return it will be to tell you whether I motor, gallop or fly through life." With another rippling laugh she was off.

Blossom tripped along with light feet. Half-way around the small island she stopped short. The idea had come. Excitement lent speed to her return.

Blossom sank down in a little flutter of grace beside Tom, Dick and Harry. She began without preamble.

"I will marry"—she paused—"the man who first reaches me with a parson and a license!"

The girl gasped. She was not prepared for the lightning effect of her words on her three admirers. Had she shot them simultaneously out of a triple-barreled cannon they could not have started with such precision and speed.

"Which will win?" she cogitated, and in imagination she was flying deliciously through the air; then she was whizzing and careening up hill and down dale, over rocky roads and lovely landscape; then she was spurring Brown Bess to a frenzy of speed and finally she found herself participating in all three races at once till her nerves were like an electric dynamo.

She realized, also, that the present high tension would remain until one

or the other of her messengers returned.

In this position of expectancy Blossom remained until some time later when a multitude of sounds broke upon her ears.

Her eyes traveled to the mainland, whence the noises came. First a cloud of black dust like the funnel-shaped mass that precedes a summer cyclone and out of it arose the honk, honk and whirr of Dick's green racing car. Second, her eye caught sight of the great winged thing hovering over the tree tops, the sound of its engines floating down to her like the humming of a million bees.

Blossom held her breath. A fearful sinking of the heart took possession of her when she discovered Brown Bess and her rider were nowhere to be seen.

"O, what if my foolish dare has brought them to grief!" She was scarcely able to stand as she scanned the horizon line. "Ah!" a sigh of relief escaped her.

They were there, far in the rear, like a speck of black against the blue, but dashing toward the inlet for dear life.

Blossom no longer having control over herself, beat the ground with her foot and cried excitedly first to one and then the other.

Suddenly her blood seemed to stop in its course. There was a deafening crash, a splintering of wood and a fearful splash. The girl, terror-stricken, was afraid to look. But she summoned her courage.

The unexpected had happened. The old bridge, unable to stand the strain of a motor courtship, had given way and a thin line of water separated it from the shore. A terrific jerk of the brake threw Dick and his aged member of the clergy sprawling on the bridge.

Brown Bess, her master and a young curate, were thrown into panic. Suddenly a dull roar rent the air. Blossom screamed.

In the topmost branches of the old elm tree the airship had come to grief and Harry, a minister and the huge machine were struggling with Fate.

Hastily her glance swept in the scene on the bridge. Dick was storming violently both at his machine, which was half in and half out of the water, and in a milder, but none the less urgent, manner at the old curate who was slowly collecting himself.

"Can't you swim?"

Blossom blushed at Dick's tone toward the white-haired minister. Evidently no power on earth could make him attempt the short swim between the bridge and the shore. Blossom smiled.

She turned her attention to Tom. Above the beating of her heart it was not possible to hear Tom's voice, but his words had been effective. She saw the wiry young curate fling off his clerical coat and hat and make a neat dive into the water.

After Tom had commanded Brown Bess and she, too, with a tremendous splash went into the water. Tom followed suit and Blossom closed her eyes. A tear trickled through her eyelashes.

One on the bridge Dick raged inwardly and outwardly.

Up in the tree top Harry fumed at the impotent moment.

Yet in the heart of each defeated man was a something that clamored for expression.

And as Brown Bess reached the shore and with steady muscles drew herself on to a level beach a cheer went out from each heart.

The mare stood for a moment dripping; then, as the slim figure in the pink sunbonnet made an involuntary movement toward her, she whinnied a glad welcome. It seemed almost as if the animal's intelligence had told her that she had won a very dear prize for her master.

Tom and the young curate splashed onto the beach then and in the new shyness that had come over Blossom she could only hide her flushed cheek and dripping Bess.

The parson went hastily to Blossom. "Allow me to congratulate you," he said, smiling broadly and giving her a wet but genial handshake. "This is another case of the

best man to win despite all odds against him."

"I consider my victory a good object lesson, parson," put in Tom, bringing himself alongside his sweetheart. "You see, my desire was so strong and my object so desirable," he sent a swift, tender glance into Blossom's eyes, "that no new inventions of mankind could cope with the God-given power of good old Bess; nothing could take you from me," he added, as he handed Blossom a soaked license.

Blossom laughed unsteadily. "I entirely forgot that I had to be on the spot in order to sign the license," she said shyly. "I am surprised that you managed to get one at all.

Her words had carried well. For up in the treetop Harry waved a folded paper and out on the bridge Dick hoisted another.

"Good luck with yours, old man!" they called out to Tom.—Boston Globe.

DOGS ON BASEBALL FIELDS

Writer Throws Out Suggestion for Which Apparently He Desires No Pecuniary Reward.

A funny case of interest to the fans at large was decided recently out in the middle west. According to the story the Terre Haute club of the Central league protested a game played late in June in Fort Wayne with the local team, because a Great Dane dog chased Manager Anderson as he was attempting to field a ball, and forced him to climb a fence. Fort Wayne won the contest, and though the members of that ball club protested that the canine was not on their payroll, the protest was filed. After due deliberation President Heilbronner of the Central league turned down the protest, ruling that the dog did not cause the loss of the game. If it were a sure thing that this decision would hold throughout the country it might furnish a new line of endeavor for some of our foxy little managers in the major leagues. Large, husky, able-bodied dogs might be trained, upon signal, to give chase to visiting players attempting to recover the ball after long hits and force them to seek safety in the bleachers or over the center field fences. The animals could be taken upon the fields under the plea that they were "mascots," and kept on the players' benches until such times as it was decided necessary to call upon them for service.—Leslie's Weekly.

MUSTACHES OF ALL SORTS

Wide Variety Noted in That Particular Branch of Man's Facial "Adornment."

A mustache is what you choose to make it. Almost every man has the raw materials at his command, and he can cut them or cuddle them as he sees fit. Some men beat their mustaches savagely back into their upper lips, refusing them growth, shave them remorselessly once or twice a day and never let a hair of them see the light of day.

Other men coax and cajole their mustaches to emerge, pet them, pamper them, protect them and view the resultant hirsute effects in the light of artistic achievements.

But not all mustaches are artistic. Some are stubby and some are scraggly and some are simply unmowed hair. Now and again we encounter a work of superior excellence, an accomplishment in mustache making, a feat in facial foliage.—Saturday Evening Post.

—Grain headquarters. Prewit & Wadley. 67tf

—A full line of fruit and vegetables all the time. O. J. Green grocery. 71-2

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of W. H. Berglan, deceased, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, to be holden

at the courthouse thereof, in the town of Pecos, on the third Monday in November, A. D. 1913, the same being the 17th day of November, A. D. 1913, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1913, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 1218, wherein J. N. Newell is plaintiff, and Bert Barnard, et al., including the unknown heirs of W. H. Berglan, deceased, are defendants, and said petition alleging:

That W. H. Berglan died in March, 1912, survived by Jodie Berglan, his widow, and other heirs unknown to plaintiff, and plaintiff has been unable to ascertain their names. On September 29, 1911, W. R. Newell sold and transferred to Leonard Vanderhoofven two sections of land described as follows: Sections Nos. 30 and 34, in block No. 50, Tsp. 7, T. & P. Ry. Co. surveys, in Reeves County, Texas, and as part of the consideration therefor retained a vendor's lien to secure the payment of two notes of \$225.00 each, dated September 29, 1911, payable January 21, 1913, and 1914, respectively, bearing interest at the rate of six and one half per cent per annum, payable annually, providing that a failure to pay either note or interest thereon matured all said notes at election of holder, and providing for 10 per cent interest on all past due interest, and providing for 10 per cent attorney's fees. W. R. Newell thereafter sold said notes to plaintiff before maturity for a valuable consideration. Defendants failed and refused to pay said notes, and plaintiff has declared both of them due and placed them in the hands of Buck & Starley, attorneys, for collection. Said lands are public school lands on which there is interest due the State of Texas on November 1st, of each year. Defendants failed and refused to pay such interest for the years 1911 and 1912, and plaintiff was forced to pay same, amounting in the aggregate to \$131.04, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from February 17, 1913, the date of such payment, and which the plaintiff alleges to be a lien on said land.

Plaintiff alleges that Bert Barnard, John J. Samuel, Leonard Vanderhoofven, C. B. Harbert, and his wife, Lena Harbert, and W. H. Berglan each in succession bought interests in said land and secured deeds of conveyance thereto holding subsequent to the said conveyance from W. R. Newell to said Leonard Vanderhoofven and that each of them had notice of said deed from Newell to Vanderhoofven and of the vendor's lien retained to secure the payment of the vendor's lien notes above described. Plaintiff alleges that the heirs of W. H. Berglan, now deceased are unknown to him, and that the property hereinabove described was granted or accrued to the said heirs, as such, of said W. H. Berglan, deceased, and that the plaintiff has a claim against them relative to said property, as above set out, and he brings action against them, their heirs or legal representatives as the heirs of W. H. Berglan, deceased, and in accordance with Art. 1875 Rev. C. Stat. of the State of Texas, makes and files oath that the names of such heirs are unknown to plaintiff, and asks that the clerk issue a citation for such heirs as provided by law.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for his debt upon said notes, interest and attorney's fees, and also for the sum of \$131.04, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from February 13, 1913; for a foreclosure of his vendor's lien and his lien securing said last named sum and for order of sale, and for decree barring all claims of all said defendants including the heirs of W. H. Berglan, deceased, and for general and equitable relief, for costs of suit.

Herein fail not but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed same.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said court at office in Pecos Texas this the 4th day of September A. D. 1913.

(Seal) WILLIE DE WOODS, Clerk District Court, Reeves County. By H. B. Link Deputy. 658t

Modern Irrigation System

Distribute your water through our **CONCRETE PIPE LINES** They save all the water and half the Labor Most permanent and economical of all Pipe Lines

Arthur S. Bent Construction Co.

Los Angeles, San Francisco, Denver, Phoenix, Roswell See BEN F. THORPE Local Manager

PECOS VALLEY

State Bank

Capital . . . \$110,000.00
Surplus . . . 55,000.00

We Want Your Business

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And All Kinds of Real Estate
For Sale and Exchange

W. F. GRAY
Pecos, Texas

Meals & Rooms

While in

HOBAN

Mrs. S.A. Shellenberger

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Trunks a Specialty



EXCURSION RATES

Very low one way colonist rates to points west and northwest on sale daily September 25, to October 10. PECOS TO AMARILLO AND RETURN—\$16.30.

For full information as to route, limits etc., phone or call on, C. M. WILSON, Agent.

FOR SALE!

One 5-room and one 4-room house, half block land; 1-2 interest in good artesian well; convenient to school

PRICE, - \$2250.00

TERMS: \$500 Cash, \$350 in good mules or horses, balance in 1 and 2 years' time

C. L. HEATH
PECOS, TEXAS

CLASSIFIED COLUMN

WANTED.

WANTED—At once, school teacher, six months term, \$50 per month. Reference must accompany application. Address G. W. Barnett, Saragosa, Texas. 71-2

WANTED—Help in the kitchen and dining room, etc. J. H. White, phone 81.

WANTED—To lease 14,000 to 30,000 acres ranch for a term of years. C. E. Muller, 209 1-2 West Eighth Street, Fort Worth, Texas. 70-2
FOR SALE—Some fine milk cows. S. M. Prewit. 71tf

WANTED—To sell or trade for farm land in West Texas. Reeves county preferred, or northwest Arkansas, my beautiful eight-room residence in Conway, Ark. Address W. H. Cox, Box 513, Pecos, Texas.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nice front room, close in. Mrs. Sam Prewit. 69tf

FOR RENT—Four room cottage in Alberta Heights. Inquire at this office. 71tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good young fresh Jersey cow. W. F. Gray. 68tf

FOR SALE—We have iron beds and mattresses for sale at the Orient Hotel. 65tf

FOR SALE—Eight sections, known as the Van Havis and Archie Balou land. At a bargain. Address P. O. Box R. Snyder, Okla. 64-9

FOR SALE—Nice fresh creamery butter, made on our own farm from our own cows. Ask your grocer or phone me. Mrs. W. C. Welborn, Hoban, Texas. 27tf

FOR TRADE.

FOR TRADE—A good home in Pecos to exchange for young mules. C. L. Heath, Pecos, Texas.

TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—An Oliver typewriter in good condition, to exchange for a gentle driving horse. C. L. Heath, Pecos, Texas.

PERSONAL MENTION

Messrs. Jno. Z. Means and Sam F. Means went to Dallas last week, Friday, and from there went on to Kansas City on a business trip.

J. L. Farley, president and general manager of the Consolidated Reservoir company, Ward county, was in the city last Monday.

Jess Woods returned to his duties as agent for the P. V. S. at Saragosa Monday morning after spending the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Woods.

W. E. Turner left Monday night on No. 3 T. and P. train for Shreveport, to see his mother, who is reported to be quite sick at that point.

G. N. Smith, manager of the T. B. Pruett lumber yard at Pyote, came to Pecos Saturday and returned home Sunday evening.

Sheriff Tom Harrison and wife left last Sunday for the Dallas State Fair. They will visit Mrs. B. H. Carroll of Fort Worth, sister of Mr. Harrison, before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. H. Baker returned home Saturday after an eight days' visit with friends and relatives at Saragosa. Brother Baker reports a fine catch of fish while over on the creek.

Dr. B. H. Bennett arrived in the city last Sunday evening and remained for several days, shaking hands and exchanging yarns with his old-time friends.

T. Beckham of Jal. N. M., was in Pecos Sunday and Monday. Mr. Beckham reports that the range and stock look better in his country than it has in the last twelve or thirteen years.

Our old friend and townsman David Adams returned home last Tuesday morning from Nebraska, where he has been visiting two daughters that he has up there.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Akin of Odessa was in Pecos Sunday. Mr. Akin and son own a large sheep ranch north of

Roswell, N. M. They report that the range is fine and sheep doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. M. Pitts left Tuesday to visit the Dallas State Fair.

T. A. Ezell of Mont Clair was in Pecos last week transacting business.

Miss Laura Hoffman of Grandfalls was a Pecos visitor last week, Thursday.

H. C. Cantrell, Ward county's popular high sheriff, was a Pecos visitor Sunday.

R. E. Tucker of Toyah was shaking hands with his numerous Pecos friends last Saturday.

W. E. Gould, one of Balmorhea's leading citizens, was a business visitor in Pecos last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Boyd of Hermosa were visiting among their many Pecos friends last Friday.

L. J. Dimmitt of Toyah was down from Toyah last week, Thursday, greeting his many Pecos friends.

R. N. Couch went to Sweetwater Tuesday morning and returned home Wednesday on the early train.

Jim Duncan, one of Toyah's popular young men, spent several days in Pecos this week on business(?).

Mrs. C. C. Caldwell returned home Tuesday evening after a two months visit with home folks in East Texas.

W. L. Kingston was in Pecos Monday and left for his Dallas mountain ranch Tuesday morning via the P. V. S.

David Butler came up to the Hub City Saturday and visited until Monday morning with his numerous friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Landrum returned home Tuesday evening from Bryan, where they have been for some time.

Mrs. W. H. Dorsett of El Paso returned home last Tuesday after an extended visit with her father, Rev. J. B. Cole and family.

Jack Davis and I. O. Thomas were down from Patrole last Thursday shaking hands with their many Pecos friends.

W. W. Stewart, one of Balmorhea's prominent citizens, was transacting business in the Hub City last Thursday and Friday.

Robert Norris of Topeka, Kansas, is here looking after his landed interest and visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. W. G. Paddock.

City Marshal Johnson of Sweetwater was in the city Monday, an official looking after some parties that had jumped their bond. He overhauled them at the T. and P. station just leaving, as he was coming in.

Messrs. Finley Holmes, Ponder S. Carter, E. B. Daniels and Dr. H. N. Lusk, all of them prominent citizens and business and professional men of Toyah, were in Pecos the first of the week attending court.

P. O. Benjamin and H. S. Barstow, two of Barstow's young men, were in Pecos Wednesday transacting business. They report that they are going right ahead with the reservoir. The commissioners have been elected.

A. H. McVeigh, a former Pecosite, was here from Saturday until Tuesday morning, when he left for the Toyah Creek, cities. He is traveling for the Albert Mathis Dry Goods company of El Paso. A. H. has many friends here who are always glad to see him.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Seaman of Beloit, Kansas left for their home last Tuesday after spending several days visiting Mr. A. E. Wilcox and family. Mrs. Seaman is a sister of Mr. Wilcox, the conductor on the P. V. S. While in the city Mr. Seaman drove out over our country looking over the farms that are irrigated by the pumping plan. It was something new to him. He was very much elated over this new way of farming. He states that the corn crop was a dead failure in Kansas this year on account of the drouth.

Rev. W. L. Downing, Presbyterian minister at Barstow, went to Saragosa Saturday to fill his appointment at that place Sunday, passed back home Monday. While in the city he reported to the Times that he had quite an interesting meeting Sunday. He also reported that they had just closed a very good revival at Barstow with good results, that they had several accessions to the church. Rev. Downing will go to Balmorhea next Saturday to fill his appointment at that place. They have just finished a new church at Balmorhea and next Sunday's services will be the first service in the new church.

Mrs. M. C. Leucky of Saragosa was a Pecos visitor Wednesday.

S. E. Waskom came in from Saragosa Tuesday on a business trip.

Mrs. J. L. Moore of Brogado is in the city on business.

Will Moore of Brogado left Thursday for a visit to friends in Sherman, Texas.

F. J. Billingslea was in from his ranch Sunday and reports plenty of grass and fine fat cattle.

Will Eden, one of the Diamond and a Half cow punchers, was down for business last week.

Mesdames Pate Black and Don Bilbury of Barstow were visiting among their Pecos friends Friday of last week.

Mrs. Grogan, who had been here the past month, visiting her son, J. F. Grogan and family, left Monday for her home at Sweetwater.

L. W. Malone of Balmorhea was circulating among our business men Tuesday and greeting his numerous friends.

Geo. W. Stancliff, one of Toyah creek country's best farmers and alfalfa growers, was a Pecos business visitor last week.

John Brocat will move his barber shop the first of next month to an office in the rear of the Pecos Drug company store, which is being fitted up for him.

Messrs. S. H. Parker and Brandenburg, two of Grandfalls' leading citizens, were Pecos business visitors Wednesday and Thursday.

Jerome Cowan of El Paso, who has been spending several days in the city visiting at the home of Mr. J. A. Brady, returned to his home in El Paso Wednesday.

Miss Louise Wagner has accepted a position as teacher of the school at Angeles, and left last Saturday to take charge of the same at that place Monday.

Mrs. Albert Bearden of Cisco accompanied Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Cox home to Saragosa for a visit. Mr. Bearden was formerly a Texas and Pacific operator at Pecos.

A. P. Bell, a former Pecosite, but now of Alpine, was in Pecos Tuesday circulating among his many friends. While in the city he called at the Times office and had his subscription set up another year.

C. C. Dorr, one of Grandfalls country's prosperous farm-ranchmen, was a Pecos business visitor last week, and was a pleasant caller at the Times office and left an order for some stationery.

Mrs. C. M. Wilson, who for the past few weeks had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Pete Kennedy and family at their Pecos county ranch, returned home Wednesday and C. M. is correspondingly happy.

The Times received word yesterday that Mrs. Mendenhall, the lady who was just recently carried to the asylum at San Antonio, was getting along well and appears to be very well satisfied.

Miss Elizabeth Stauts, private stenographer of Superintendent Whitcomb, en route to Carlsbad to visit her sister, stopped off and visited Miss Minnie Mitchell, the Pecos Western Union operator, for a day or so last week.

Charles R. Russell, superintendent of agents and director in the Two Republics Life Insurance company of El Paso, in company with R. B. Patton, agent for the Two Republics company, gave the Times a very interesting call Wednesday.

E. D. Balcom was a Pecos visitor Wednesday and returned to Balmorhea Thursday morning. In conversation with a Times reporter he said that things never have looked better out on Toyah creek than they do this fall. Also that the recent rain delayed alfalfa shipments somewhat but that very little alfalfa was injured.

Weather Forecast.

Colder with rains causing rheumatic pains. **Hunt's Lightning Oil** stops all aches and pains whether from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Burns or Bruises. The quickest Liniment known. 25c and 50c bottles. All Druggists.

Miss Sanitary.

Our Sanitary Loaf is now three months old and we have bought her a byan new dress. We will no longer clad her in pure white, but in colors. Don't you think she looks "sweet." We could not improve her quality, so we have improved her dress. When wanting the best in bakery goods go to Coon's Bakery. 72-1



Copyright, 1913, A. B. Kirschbaum Co.

Dog My Cats!

—how a coat can trot through two whole years and still hold its fresh, crisp looks is past me. Those Kirschbaum people are first to pass the judges' stand when it comes to long wear tailoring.

Kirschbaum
Clothes \$15.20 and \$25

You owe yourself a look at this line.

Pecos Mercantile Co.

STAY ON YOUR FEET.

Taking Calomel Means Staying Home for the Day—Take Dodson's Liver Tone and Save a Day's Work.

If an attack of constipation or biliousness hits you, there's no need to take a dose of calomel and spend at least a day getting over the effects of it. The Pecos Drug Company sells the liver tonic, Dodson's Liver Tone, that takes the place of calomel and starts a lazy liver without any bad after-effects.

Dodson's Liver Tone does all the good that calomel ever did, yet it is absolutely harmless to young people and old. It is a pleasant tasting vegetable liquid that will relieve constipation or sour stomach or other troubles that go along with a lazy liver, without restriction of habit or diet. You don't leave off any of the things you regularly do when you take Dodson's Liver Tone.

The Pecos Drug Company sell Dodson's Liver Tone and give it a strong personal guarantee. They say, "A large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone sells for 50 cents, and we will hand any person back his 50 cents if he tries a bottle and doesn't say that it does all that calomel ever does and does it pleasantly. Get the genuine Dodson's Liver Tone and if you are not pleased with it we will give your money back with a smile."—Advertisement.

—We are prepared to serve you with a fine meal or short order at the New Cafe. McCoy & Valentine. 72-2

—Try some of our honey. It is extra nice and put up clean. On sale at your grocers. Write us for special prices on 60-lb. cans, delivered. W. E. Irvine & Son, Barstow, Texas. 68-4

—See that \$100 watch for \$50—cost. City Pharmacy. 71

—Knives at cost. City Pharmacy. 71

—Try a can of Health Club Baking Powder. Green's Grocery. 71-2

Use Oil that's made in Pecos Valley

Avoid the annoyance and danger so common to gasoline stoves by using a better fuel. Try our "SAFETY GASOLINE" and be convinced.

Our "WHITE ROSE COAL OIL" will also give the best of service in your oil stove. Will give a better light and will save a lot of annoyance with blackened chimneys. Why strain your eyes over a dull light when you can save them by using a better oil?

CRACKERJACK fuel is the economy oil for Gas Engines. Try it. The following enterprising merchants and dealers with their customers, are pleased with our products, and will recommend it to you:

VICKERS & COLLINGS B. G. SMITH
O. J. GREEN JONES AUTO COMPANY

Prompt attention to orders by Phone or by mail.
Phones 123 or 254

Pecos Refining Company

PECOS, TEXAS

Avoid Sedative Cough Medicines.

If you want to contribute directly to the occurrence of capillary bronchitis and pneumonia use cough medicines that contain codine, morphine, heroin and other sedatives when you have a cough or cold. An expectorant like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is what is needed. That cleans out the culture beds or breeding places for the germs of pneumonia and other germ diseases. That is why pneumonia never results from a cold when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. It has a world wide reputation for its cures. It contains no morphine or other sedative. For sale by all dealers.

—Good sanitary rooms for rent. Mrs. C. E. Brady. 71tf

We are showing a beautiful line of

Flannel Shirts

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\$1.50 TO \$3.00

EITHER IN REGULAR OR MILITARY COLLARS.

WE OFFER YOU

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Clothes

because they are the only ones at their prices which

1. Are all wool;
2. Are shrunk in the original London cold water process.
3. Are sewn with silk thread.
4. Are offered in every authoritative style,
5. Are guaranteed to satisfy you.
6. Have their hair cloth

HEISKELL'S
Ointment
One application soothes and heals a rough pimply skin, and, when repeated, quickly effects a cure. Eczema, Erysipelas, Tetter, Ulcers and all skin diseases yield to its curative properties.
50c. a box. At all Druggists.
Send for free sample and book, "Health and Beauty."
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
1730 Spring Garden St., Phila., Pa.

—Be sure and come to the New Cafe and eat with us. Regular meals or short orders. McCoy & Valentine. 72-2
—Short orders—just what you want and just as you like it, at the New Cafe. 72-2

Despondency

Is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. For sale by all druggists.

—New Cafe serves regular meals and short orders. Give them a call. 72-2

—For fresh breakfast cereals, including Instant Postum, phone 156. Vickers & Collings. 72-2