

THE GRAPELAND MESSENGER.

VOL. 10.

GRAPELAND, HOUSTON COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, NOV. 21, 1907.

NO. 81

ALBERT H. LUKER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

BIG REMOVAL SALE!

*THE LARGEST REDUCTION IN MERCHANDISE
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This Sale Will Begin
Saturday, Nov. 23rd,
And Continues Two Weeks

Never before has the People in reach of this SALE, had the Opportunity to Buy New and Up-to-date, Seasonable Goods, at such Low Figures, now being offered at this REMOVAL SALE.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures, One Price to All.

This is the time to make your Dollars Count while the Money stringency is on. We know you want to make Dollars go as far as possible just at this time, and we are wanting our large STOCK REDUCED as low as possible, to save expense of Packing and shipping, so if you want Bargains, take advantage of this sale.

Come early and make your purchase before the stock is picked over. Remember these goods Are marked At such low figures they are bound to go. First come, first served. Our loss is your Gain. Come and see for yourself and you will be convinced.

Look for the Big Sign, Follow the Crowd

You will find Bargains never before offered you. Don't forget the date and place.

Commencing Saturday, the 23rd, at

SHIPPER'S,

GRAPELAND, TEXAS

The Messenger.

ALBERT H. LUKER, Editor.

GRAPELAND, - - TEXAS.

THE NEW TUBERCULOSIS.

A Form of the "White Plague" Ascribed Directly to Drink.

The ravages of the "white plague" in France have reached most alarming proportions, official reports showing that in that country 150,000 persons die from tuberculosis each year; among workmen the mortality from this cause amounting to over 30 per cent., says Harper's Weekly. Bakers and laundry workers seem most prone to this disease, it being stated that of the 40,000 bakers in Paris 24,000 suffer therefrom, while of the laundry workers 75 per cent. are afflicted.

In this connection an eminent French scientist and member of the Academy of Medicine states that the abuse of spirituous liquors is responsible for a new form of tuberculosis, which, he states in the case of a hard drinker develops at the top of the right lung toward the back, whereas ordinary cases develop first at the top of the left lung toward the front. It is the first-mentioned development that is now oftenest found in France. This high authority further declares that any hope of preventing the spread of tuberculosis is futile until the spread of alcoholism is checked.

Statistics show that from 335,000 wine shops in France in 1889, the number has increased to 475,000, while the amount of alcohol consumed has almost doubled. It is to this increase in alcoholism that many French scientists attribute the increase of insane persons, in a period of ten years, from 47,000 to 70,000; the increase of suicides from 6,400 to 9,000, and the increase of murders from 160 to 390.

ETHER DRINKING IN RUSSIA

The Fatal Result of Festivities at a Trossno Wedding.

The habit of ether drinking is extremely prevalent in some parts of Russia, as of east Prussia, and all the efforts of the authorities to combat the evil have hitherto been almost fruitless.

An idea of the extent to which the habit prevails may be gathered from reports given in the Russian newspapers of a recent accident which occurred at a place called Trossno.

A farmer celebrating his son's wedding, in the fulness of his hospitality, got in two pails of ether, says the Family Doctor. During the process of decanting the ether into bottles a violent explosion took place, by which six children were killed and one adult was dangerously and 14 others more or less seriously injured.

Coffee Houses for Seattle.

Rev. M. A. Matthews of Seattle is about to establish coffee houses in the city in competition with the saloon joints. He proposes to have rooms, approximating in size 50 by 100 feet. In the rooms will be placed a coffee urn and a milk counter and coffee, milk, tea and sandwiches will be served at a minimum cost. The rooms will be made attractive, will be furnished with chairs, tables, writing materials, good magazines, papers and periodicals. At frequent intervals a course of lectures will be given, song service held and short sermonettes delivered.

Red Men Bar Saloon Keepers.

The great council of the United States, Improved Order of Red Men, recently amended the laws of the order so as to prohibit membership in the future to all saloon keepers and bar tenders. This does not affect the present status of such members of the order.

A Wise Prohibition.

In forbidding their employes to drink during office hours the water commissioners of one of our large cities have done only what any employer would do, without passing for mal resolutions. A man who drinks during work hours cannot do his best and the employer is entitled to the best work a man can do. The man who by drinking reduces his own efficiency cannot hope to compete successfully with the total abstainer. The water commissioners are merely applying to public business the rule that is usual in the conduct of private affairs.

Teetotalers in the Navy.

Speaking at the Kent Temperance congress at Tunbridge, Wells, England, recently, Rear Admiral Startin, declared that the finest shots in the British navy were teetotalers. This is further corroboration of the views Lord Charles Beresford has always maintained in this regard. It is a sign of the times that eminent naval officers are at the present day, almost without exception, strong advocates of temperance.



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By HAROLD MACGRATH
AUTHOR OF "THE LION ON THE BOX," "HEARTS AND MASKS," ETC.

SYNOPSIS.

The American consul to Barscheit, a principality of Europe, tells how the reigning grand duke had tried to find a husband for his rebellious niece, the Princess Hildegarde, finally decreeing that she must wed the Prince of Doppelkinn, an ugly old widower, and ruler of the principality of Doppelkinn. Though he had been in the country six months the American consul had never seen the princess, and when at last they met it was very much of a surprise to both.

CHAPTER I.—Continued.

The one picture of her which I was lucky enough to see had been taken when she was six, and meant nothing to me in the way of identification. For all I knew I might have passed her on the road. She became to me the Princess in the Invisible Cloak, passing me often and doubtless deriding my efforts to discern her. My curiosity became alarming. I couldn't sleep for the thought of her. Finally we met, but the meeting was a great surprise to us both. This meeting happened during the great hubbub of which I have just written; and at the same time I met another who had great weight in my future affairs.

The princess and I became rather well acquainted. I was not a gentleman, according to her code, but, in the historic words of the drug clerk, I was something just as good. She honored me with a frank, disinterested friendship, which still exists. I have yet among my fading souvenirs of diplomatic service half a dozen notes commanding me to get up at dawn and ride around the lakes, something like 16 miles. She was almost as reckless a rider as myself. She was truly a famous rider, and a woman who sits well on a horse can never be aught but graceful. She was, in fact, youthful and charming, with the most magnificent black eyes I ever beheld in a Teutonic head; witty, besides, and a songstress of no ordinary talent. If I had been in love with her—which I solemnly vow I was not—I should have called her beautiful and exhausted my store of complimentary adjectives.

The basic cause of all this turmoil, about which I am to spin my narrative, lay in her education. I hold that a German princess should never be educated save as a German. By this I mean to convey that her education should not go beyond German literature, German history, German veneration of laws, German manners and German passivity and docility. The Princess Hildegarde had been educated in England and France, which simplifies everything, or, I should say, to be exact, complicates everything.

She possessed a healthy contempt for that what-d'ye-call-it that hedges in a king. Having mingled with English-speaking people, she returned to her native land, her brain filled with the importance of feminine liberty of thought and action. Hence, she became the bramble that prodded the grand duke whichever way he turned. His days were filled with horrors, his nights with mares which did not have box-stalls in his stables.

Never could he anticipate her in anything. On that day he placed guards around the palace she wrote verses or read modern fiction; the moment he relaxed his vigilance she was away on some heartrending escapade. Didn't she scandalize the nobility by dressing up a hussar and riding her famous black Mecklenburg cross-country? Hadn't she flirted outrageously with the French attaché, and deliberately turned her back on the Russian minister, at the very moment, too, when negotiations were going on between Russia and Barscheit relative to a small piece of land in the Balkans? And, most terrible of all to relate, hadn't she ridden a shining bicycle up the Königsstrasse, in broad daylight, and in bifurcated skirts, besides? I shall never forget the indignation of the press at the time of this last escapade, the stroke of apoplexy which threatened the duke, and the room with the barred window which the princess occupied one whole week.

They burned the offensive bicycle in the courtyard of the palace, ceremoniously, too, and the princess had witnessed this solemn auto da fe from her barred window. It is no strain upon the imagination to conjure up the picture of her fine race, her threatening hands, her compressed lips, her tearless, flashing eyes, as she saw her beautiful new wheel writhe and twist on the blazing fagots. But what the deuce was a poor duke to do with a niece like this?

For a time I feared that the United States and the Grand Duchy of Barscheit would sever diplomatic relations. The bicycle was, unfortunately,

of American make, and the manufacturers wrote to me personally that they considered themselves grossly insulted over the action of the duke. Diplomatic notes were exchanged, and I finally prevailed upon the duke to state that he held the wheel harmless and that his anger had been directed solely against his niece. This letter was duly forwarded to the manufacturers, who, after the manner of their kind, carefully altered the phrasing and used it in their magazine advertisements. They were so far appeased that they offered me my selection from the private stock. Happily the duke never read anything but the Fliegende Blätter and Jugend, and thus war was averted.

Later an automobile agent visited the town—at the secret bidding of her highness—but he was so unceremoniously hustled over the frontier that



"I Shall Marry Only Where I Love."

his teeth must have rattled like a dancer's castanets. It was a great country for expeditiousness, as you will find, if you do me the honor to follow me to the end.

So the grand duke swore that his niece should wed Doppelkinn, and the princess vowed that she would not. The man who had charge of my horses said that one of the palace maids had recounted to him a dialogue which had taken place between the duke and his niece. As I was anxious to be off on the road I was compelled to listen to his gossip.

The Grand Duke—In two months' time you shall wed the Prince of Doppelkinn.

The Princess—What! that old redness? Never! I shall marry only where I love.

The Grand Duke—Only where you love! (Sneers.) One would think, to hear you talk, that you were capable of loving something.

The Princess—You have yet to learn. I warn you not to force me. I promise to do something scandalous. I will marry one of the people—a man.

The Grand Duke—Bah! (Swears softly on his way to the stables.)

But the princess had in her mind a plan which, had it gone through safely, would have added many gray hairs to the duke's scanty collection. It was a mighty ingenious plan, too, for a woman to figure out.

In his attitude toward the girl the duke stood alone. Behind his back his ministers wore out their shoes in waiting on the caprices of the girl, while the grand duchess, half-blind and half-deaf, openly worshiped her willful but wholly adorable niece, and abetted her in all her escapades. So far as the populace was concerned, she was the daughter of the favorite son, dead these 18 years, and that was enough for them. Whatever she did was right

and proper. But the hard-headed duke had the power to say what should be what, and he willed it that the Princess Hildegarde should marry his old comrade in arms, the Prince of Doppelkinn.

CHAPTER II.

As I have already remarked, I used frequently to take long rides into the country, and sometimes I did not return till the following day. My clerk was always on duty, and the work never appeared to make him round-shouldered.

I had ridden horses for years, but to throw a leg over a good mount was to me one of the greatest pleasures in the world. I delighted in stopping at the old feudal inns, of studying the stolid German peasant, of drinking from steins uncracked these hundred years, of inspecting ancient armor and gathering trifling romances attached thereto. And often I have had the courage to stop at some quaint, crumbling Schloss or castle and ask for a night's lodging for myself and horse. Seldom, if ever, did I meet with a refusal.

I possessed the whimsical habit of picking out strange roads and riding on till night swooped down from the snow-capped mountains. I had a bit of poetry in my system that had never been completely worked out, and I was always imagining that at the very next Schloss or inn I was to hit upon some delectable adventure. I was only 28, and inordinately fond of my Dumas.

I rode in gray whipcord breeches,

had passed during the last hour offered no shelter for my horse. Suddenly, around a bend in the road, I saw the haven I was seeking. It was a rambling, tottering old castle, standing in the center of a cluster of firs; and the tiles of the roofs and the ivy of the towers were shining silver with the heavy fall of dew.

Lady Chloe sniffed her kind, whinnied, and broke into a trot. She knew sooner than I that there was life beyond the turn. We rode up to the gate, and I dismounted and stretched myself. I tried the gate. The lock hung loose, like a paralytic hand. Evidently those inside had nothing to fear from those outside. I grasped an iron bar and pushed in the gate, Chloe following knowingly at my heels. I could feel the crumbling rust on my gloves. Chloe whinnied again, and there came an answering whinny from somewhere in the rear of the castle. Somebody must be inside, I reasoned.

There were lights in the left wing, but this part of the castle was surrounded by an empty moat, damp and weedy. This was not to be entered save by a ladder. There was a great central door, however, which had a modern appearance. The approach was a broad graveled walk. I tied Lady Chloe to a tree, knotted the bridle-reins above her neck to prevent her from putting her restless feet into them, and proceeded toward the door.

Of all the nights this was the one on which my usually lively imagination reposed. I was hungry and tired, and I dare say my little mare was. I wasn't looking for an adventure; I didn't want any adventure; I wanted nothing in the world but a meal and a bed. But for the chill of the night air—the breath of the mountain is cold at night—I should have been perfectly willing to sleep in the open. Down drawbridge, up portcullis!

I boldly climbed the steps and groped around for the knocker. It was broken and useless, like the lock on the gate. And never a bell could I find. I swore softly and became impatient. People in Barscheit did not usually live in this slovenly fashion. What sort of place was this?

Suddenly I grew erect, every fiber in my body tense and expectant.

A voice, lifted in song! A great penetrating yet silkily mellow voice; a soprano; heavenly, not to say ghostly, coming as it did from the heart of this gloomy ruin of stone and iron. The jewel song from Faust, too! How the voice rose, fell, soared again with intoxicating waves of sound! What permeating sweetness! I stood there, a solitary listener, as far as I knew, bewildered, my heart beating hard and fast. I forgot my hunger.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

WEEDS THAT ARE VALUABLE.

Medicinal Properties in Many Plants Looked on as Pests.

It is not a matter of common knowledge that some of the weeds "infesting" the land will produce the crude drugs which to-day in large part are obtained by importation from abroad. Alice Henkel, an assistant of the government's plant industry bureau, says that the roots, leaves and flowers of several of the weed species regarded as plagues in the United States are gathered, prepared and cured in Europe, and not only for useful commodities there but supply to a considerable extent the demands of foreign lands. There are weeds in this country against which extermination laws have been passed which hold in their leaves, stems or roots medicinal properties which have a value in the work of preserving the health of the nation. It is possible in ridding land of weeds in order that crops may be grown to make of the uprooted "pests" a source of income. Moreover, it is possible to maintain upon land given over as worthless for crop-growing purposes a weed plantation, which after the harvest will prove itself to be not less profitable than some of the tilled fields.

Mathematics in the Kitchen.

Mrs. Dickenharry—For goodness' sake, Mary, how long did you boil those eggs? The New Cook—Half an hour, mum. Mrs. Dickenharry—But didn't I tell you that three minutes was enough for an egg? The New Cook—Yessum. But I bliled ten of 'em.

"Get the First \$1,000."

Ancient Axiom That Has Set Many Men to Saving.

"Get the first \$1,000. After that money-making is easy." This is the old-time sage advice of the hard-headed, self-made man. That axiom has set many men to saving. They fix upon that sum as the glittering, far-off herald of a fortune something to be made. To a man on a small salary—a salary, say, out of which something can be saved weekly without too much deprivation—the advice is good. There is something in it that acts as a stimulus to economy. And who will deny that economy is a good

thing or that any truth that lights the way to it should not be known? Many men, therefore, have been buoyed up in their economies by the belief that the first \$1,000 is the hardest to get, and that afterward all the rest would be easy and the good things of the world that follow a bounteous supply of money would be within easy reach, says a writer in the Denver Republican. It is a pity that the man who invented that saying could not also have told us with equal advantage how to turn the \$1,000 over and make two of it. It takes a long time to make a wage-earner see that "money works." His idea of making money is to work for it himself.

Education in the Philippines

By A. W. Cain

Arayat, Pampanga, P. I. Oct. 12, 1907.—Editor Messenger:

So far I have refrained writing about school matters, owing partly to the fact that professional folk are prone to bore the public with professional chat. But the numerous questions contained in private letters about the school here lead me to believe that one letter devoted entirely to school talk will be acceptable to some of the readers of this paper.

Prior to the establishment of civil government by the Americans in 1901, there were not public schools here worthy of the name. The few inferior schools were under the supervision of the Catholic Priests. Practically nothing was taught except a few prayers, chants and a catechism. These were generally translated from the Spanish into the various local dialects. Under this system, only rich people received anything more than a very imperfect elementary education.

When the American government was extended over these islands, a public school was at once inaugurated. A thousand American teachers were brought here to teach the English language and implant American ideals. Their first work was to prepare a force of native teachers.

Many thousands of the most promising young men and women went diligently to the task of learning to be teachers. In a short while they had acquired enough English to enable them to teach others in the lower grades. Primary schools were then established in every town and the newly-made native teachers put to work under the supervision of American teachers. No language was allowed to be taught except English. In an incredibly short time the school children throughout the islands could read, write and speak English that could be understood.

The teachers were not abandoned at this point. They are still given a definite amount of systematic work to do in private study. Then they have to attend the provincial normal school eight weeks every year. While attending school they receive full salary just as though they were teaching. Then each year they must pass an examination showing that they have made a certain amount of advancement. Thus the native teachers become more efficient year after year. They are now as good as the third grade and second grade teachers in the United States; and indeed a limited number are as good as first grade, while a few are graduates from colleges and universities in America.

The native teachers do a large percent of the teaching. The American teachers are employed almost wholly as principals and supervisors. You have to waste very little time in telling a native teacher how to do. If you will only do a thing in his presence he will be able to put up a pretty good substitute in your presence or absence. In short, they are wonderful imitators. Now some of my teacher friends will object to this very point, and I will heartily agree with them. For my part I would not imitate the best teacher that ever touched the sod. But a great educator has said that they who are weak

enough to imitate will not be hurt by following good models. Then it is up to the American principal or supervisor to furnish the good model.

I shall not give an account of the school system and the plan on which it is organized as this might not interest the general reader, but in passing I shall say the system is a most excellent one; and the method of training teachers for their work is the best that I have seen anywhere. I am sure the cause of education would be benefited by introducing some parts of this method in the states.

The government furnishes the text books. The people are so extremely poor that the most of them would be unable to attend school if they had to furnish their own books. The books are all in English just as they are at home. Some of them are the same books that are used in the Grapeland school, Milne's algebras and Myers's general history for example.

School is in session five hours each day. These five hours may be in one session or in two. In our schools there is only one session. Teachers and pupils are on hand ready for business at seven o'clock in the morning. We have a twenty minutes recess during the forenoon and close at twelve o'clock. It tries a fellow's mettle to have to bounce out and get busy so early in the morning but just think of the day's work being over at noon!

There are about seven hundred students enrolled in the town schools of Arayat. During the first ten minutes of each daily session we have opening exercises: Frequently we have singing. (N. B. I don't lead the singing, one of the native teachers handles that job quite well). At one time we may sing "America", "Home Sweet Home" or "Columbia." Again all join in singing "My Philippines" or "The Watch By the Rhine." Then students and teachers go to the recitation rooms.

Recitations proceed in about the same manner they do in the states. Class work is graded, written examinations are given, and report cards are issued at the end of each month. We shall have eighteen graduates this year if they all pass, but I think two or three of them will flicker out.

The schools are disciplined very much as they are at home, except that there is no corporal punishment. It is forbidden by law. I believe this the most serious flaw in the whole school system. No teacher likes to inflict corporal punishment, but the fact that he has the right to inflict it has a good effect on the school. When corporal punishment is forbidden, there may be no way to dispose of the tough customers except to expel them. In many cases expulsion is the proper thing while in others a good licking may check a fellow in his career before it is too late for him to reform.

Aside from idleness and trivial offenses, Filipino students are good. They seldom ever do anything that calls for punishment. The first "scrap" we have had in school took place yesterday. Two of the seventh grade boys could not harmonize their opinions about a problem in arithmetic. So they rapped each other

side of the head a few licks with clenched fists. I called them to law about it. They very frankly confessed what they had done and looked as if they were getting ready to say good-by. When I learned it was a mutual affair and that there were no broken bones I told them to go and sin no more. They went away both surprised and rejoicing. They never dreamed that I was only glad to find that they had interest enough in their work to fight about it.

The greatest barrier in the way of the Filipino student's progress is his hunger. That is the one thing that is always the matter with him. We have an itinerant restaurant on the school grounds to help keep down the demon of hunger. This restaurant has a big run of customers at every recess. Then it sometimes happens that a grown boy or girl will ask to be excused before noon because he is hungry.

Some of the excuses the pupils make for absence or tardiness would amuse you, but I must refrain from recording them here. One of the American teachers tells me that formerly the teachers were very strict about accepting excuses. That nothing except sickness of the pupil or a death in the family would suffice. It chanced that a pupil who had been absent a day reported the death of a grandmother as the cause. The teacher accepted the excuse without question. The other truants took their cue from this incident and the mortality of grandmothers was frightful, but by this time the teacher had got wise to the situation.

The patrons never interfere with the school in any way. This is certainly a blessing to the teacher in this land of the bolos. Nearly all the trouble in any school is caused by a small number of patrons. I have unbounded confidence in children. After working with them for many years I am convinced that very few boys or girls are naturally bad. It is true that there is an occasional freak that no philosophy can account for, but the chances are ten to one that the average child will never become an incorrigible pupil without the sanction of the parent. I can't recall a single instance where I have had serious trouble with the student unless he or she was upheld in his deviltry by a dady.

Away from the school room the Filipino student is always respectful and courteous to his teacher. He never fails to greet him with a polite "Good evening, teacher". The older people can not speak English but they always have a courteous salute for the "Maestro".

A. W. Cain.

Not "Just as Good"—It's the Best.
One box of Hunt's Cure is un-failingly, unqualifiably and absolutely guaranteed to cure any form of skin disease. It is particularly acting in promptly relieving and permanently curing all forms of itching known.

Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm and all similar troubles are relieved by one application; cured by one box.

"We Have Many Similar."
The following is an extract from a letter received from Mr. H. H. Meyers of Stuttgart, Ark., "You would greatly oblige me if you would introduce Hunt's Lightning Oil at Milligeville, Ill. as I have many friends and relatives there, in whom I am concerned, and I understand the Oil is not kept there. I can recommend it as the best medicine I ever had in my house. It cured me of a bad case of the Bloody Flux in less than a half-hour, and it cured my granddaughter of a bad case of Cholera Morbus in a very short time."

Faris—Howard.

The prettiest wedding that has ever occurred in Grapeland took place at the Methodist church last Thursday night at half past eight o'clock when Mr. M. Odell Faris led to Hymen's altar Miss Leila Howard. The church was beautifully decorated with vines and chrysanthemums—the flower of November. The arches where the bridal party assembled were extra beautifully decorated.

The church was filled to overflowing and a few minutes previous to the arrival of the bridal party Miss Pauline Bromberg of Crockett, sang, "Love Me and the World is Mine". Then came the sweet strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, rendered by Miss Auwilda Baker of Crockett, and up the isles marched the lady attendants. Then came the bride and groom, the bride leaning on the arm of her sister, Mrs. B. H. Logan, passed up the left isle, while the groom, leaning upon the arm of his uncle, Mr. Chas. Faris, passed up the right isle. After passing around the grand arch they took position under it, where stood the minister Rev. J. C. Cameron, who in a short and impressive way, united them in the holy bonds of wedlock.

After the ceremony the bridal party and friends repaired to the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Howard, where a grand reception was tendered them. The bride and groom were recipients of many handsome and costly gifts, as evidence of the high esteem in which their friends hold them. Mr. Odell Faris is one of Grapeland's foremost young men and numbers his friends by the score. He is the junior member of his father's firm—F. A. Faris.

Miss Leila is the daughter of our merchant, Mr. S. E. Howard, and is a very highly esteemed and one of society's leaders.

The Messenger joins their host of friends in extending best wishes for all blessings of a happy married life.

Always Was Sick

When a man says he always was sick—troubled with a cough that lasted all winter—what would you think if he should say—he never was sick since using Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Such a man exists. Mr. J. Clark Denver, Colorado, writes: "For years I was troubled with a severe cough that would last all winter—This cough left me in a miserable condition. I tried Ballard's Horehound Syrup and have not had a sick day since. That's what it did for me."—Sold by Carleton & Porter

Gus Porter, Will Irwin, and Jack Spence hied away to the Trinity river Monday to shoot ducks. Another hunting party will go down next week to spend a few days. Ducks are said to be plentiful on the river.

There is nothing better for stomach troubles than Kodol, which contains the same juices found in a healthy stomach. Kodol is offered on a guaranteed plan for the relief of heart burn, flatulence, sour stomach, belching of gas, nausea, and all stomach troubles. So at times when you don't feel just right when you are drowsy after meals, and your head aches or when you have no ambition, and you are cross and irritable, take a little Kodol. It digests what you eat. It will make you healthy.—Sold by Carleton & Porter.

To Elect a Mayor.

Crockett, Texas, November 17.—An election has been ordered by the city council of Crockett for the purpose of electing a mayor to fill out the unexpired term of former Mayor C. M. Newton. Mr. Newton asked for a leave of absence during the latter part of August for two weeks, and left here for a two weeks trip through the North. Since he left here he has not been heard of here, and it is supposed that he has located in some of the Northern cities, as he sold out his interest here before leaving. The election is ordered for November 26, 1907.

G. L. More, who has been conducting a drug business here for the last year, has filed a petition in bankruptcy and the doors closed until a trustee is appointed. The assets consist mainly of accounts and the stock of drugs on hand, the value of which has not been given out, nor have the liabilities been stated.

THE ALARMING INCREASE OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

"He died of Bright's Disease."

Hardly a week passes that this statement is not made in reference to some prominent citizen.

The increasing prevalence of this disease makes the present time seem most opportune for discussion in the hope that some who are unconsciously afflicted with this dreaded disease may receive timely warning.

A prominent citizen residing in a nearby town informs us that he suffered for nearly a year from Bright's Disease, but that he recently affected a complete cure.

"What seemed to be the first indications of the trouble," was asked.

"They seemed hardly worth noticing. My digestion bothered me at times, my stomach seemed out of order, and I had occasional backaches, but I thought it was due to too much work."

"Did you take anything?"
"I did not. Later, my strength failed me, I had severe pains in the back and noticed some irregularities of the urine, I couldn't sleep well at night. I then used some simple remedies, but without benefit."

"Did you realize that your trouble was Bright's Disease?"

"I never thought of such a thing. Finally, my condition became serious. My back ached all the time, I had shooting pains in my joints and a weak tired feeling at the knees, a little work played me out completely. I then began doctoring for kidney trouble but did not improve very much."

"Did you have any trouble with your heart?"

"Yes. I had spells of heart throbbing and a nervous faint feeling. I thought I had heart disease and treated awhile for that. Nothing seemed to help me. I had to give up trying to work."

"How did you affect a cure?"

"A friend of mine persuaded me to try Prickly Ash Bitters. I bought a bottle of my druggist. After taking it a week I began to feel some better, my urine became more natural and there was a gradual lessening of my misery. I kept on taking Prickly Ash Bitters for several weeks and I could feel my strength returning—slowly at first—but increasing daily. I am now entirely cured of my trouble and able to do a full day's work without the least fatigue. I consider Prickly Ash Bitters the grandest kidney medicine in the world."

Thousands of people attest in like manner to the wonderful benefit derived from Prickly Ash Bitters. It is a time tried and successful remedy for Bright's Disease or any disorder of the kidneys.

Prickly Ash Bitters is in every sense a system tonic and regulator. It possesses important properties for curing ailments of the stomach, liver and bowels in addition to its great power in the kidneys. It is a valuable article to keep at home, where a dose or two can be taken whenever needed. When used for any disorder in the kidneys, stomach, liver or bowels it is the right medicine in the right place.

Get the genuine with the figure '3' in red on front label.
Sold by druggists Price \$1.00.

Sold by Carleton & Porter.

THE GRAPELAND MESSENGER

ALBERT H. LUKER - Editor and Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION—IN ADVANCE:
ONE YEAR.....\$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50 CENTS
THREE MONTHS.....25 CENTS

Entered in the Postoffice at Grapeland, Texas, every Thursday as second class Mail Matter.

Advertising Rates Reasonable, and made known on application.

THE SEED FARCE.

The department will soon begin its great congressional seed distribution—sending out millions of packets of free seeds, each stamped with the name of some senator or member of Congress. It should be understood that this "free seed graft," as it is prettily well designated, while carried out by the secretary of Agriculture, is no part or parcel of his scheme, but is a congressional affair, pure and simple. If, instead of this annual fake, Congress should appropriate even the large sum of money expended for free cabbage, radish, beet, corn and other common seeds, but specify that the secretary of agriculture should expend the money in procuring and distributing only such seeds and plants as might be of real value to the farmer in a congressional district—some new and improved varieties—even though only one package could be sent out, where now a score are sent, the expenditure would be defensible. This would be building up our agriculture and there would be cases where the entire agricultural output of a locality would be gradually changed to advantage. Secretary Wilson is, in fact, employing this idea, so far as he is left any discretion by Congress in the matter of seed distribution. He is allowed a small appropriation of this free seed money, and where his foreign explorers have brought in new plants and seeds of promise, he sends these out in sufficient amount to admit of a practical test by a farmer.

Money may talk, but it is certainly speaking, in a whisper these days.

Another star twinkles in Old Glory, since Oklahoma was admitted to the union last Saturday.

The new ten dollar gold pieces do not bear the inscription, "In God we trust." Why not put it "In Teddy we trust," or "burst the trust?"

Manager E. A. Calvin, of the Union Cotton Company of Houston, has devised a plan whereby the farmers of Texas can greatly be assisted holding their cotton. Consignments of cotton will be made to European capitalists, who will advance as much as \$30. per bale, and hold it until ordered sold. This will bring foreign money into circulation and greatly relieve the present situation.

The present financial stringency has certainly revealed one thing: that diversification is the salvation of the farmers. The farmers in best position to hold their cotton for the fixed price are those who have grown a variety of crops, which brings a little cash all the time and enables them to hold cotton. The farmer who practices diversification is not affected by the financial panic.

Winter is here. The chilly winds are blowing at a furious rate and threaten to freeze us right where we are hitched. How do we know? Why, because we can feel its icy hands grasping us through our pantaloons and that oft repeated question keeps revolving through our mind, "what have I done with my summer wages?" Verily, these be unlucky days for an editor. Somebody has cornered the money market, the trusts are trying to arrange it so nobody can live and the wolf has taken up its winter quarters on our front porch. O Lord, somebody come to our rescue before we perish!

The Tyler Courier thus comments on the financial outlook: "The editor of this paper is free to say that if the situation is very much improved by the 1st day of January, he will consider that reasonable progress has been made. Normal conditions would prevail in 30 days if confidence had not received a sudden and wholly unexpected shock. In the mean time the man who loves his country and is honest at heart will do and say only that which will help to lighten the burden which must be carried until relief is brought about. Patience and forbearance must be shown, and the knocker must be told who and what he is. It is also a duty to spot the liar who goes about exaggerating the unpleasant situation."

LaTexo Locals.

LaTexo, Nov. 18.—The union will meet here on Saturday Nov. 30th at 2 o'clock, at which time the truck business for another year will be discussed. Every farmer in this community is invited to be present and come prepared to say definitely what and how much he can plant another season. Consider Irish potatoes, tomatoes, peanuts, cantaloupes, cabbage. The time has arrived when you must prepare if you expect to do anything. It is believed now that if you expect to get 15c for cotton you will have to hold it until next spring. So why not plant a crop that will bring you money by the first of next June? You say these crops are tricky and you might make a failure. What is more tricky than cotton and how often do you fail with it? Besides if you fail on potatoes and tomatoes you still have time to plant cotton, peanuts or corn. Leaverton Bros. have quit saw milling and gone to bird hunting. Murchison & Spence are still running, but we are listening for the shut down whistle over there every day.

Mr. Boog Hearon attended the San Antonio fair last week.

The cold snap caught some cane, but we have plenty of fine syrup anyway. Rex.

Colds and Croup in Children.

"My little girl is subject to colds" says Mrs. Wm. H. Serig, No. 41, Fifth St., Wheeling W. Va. "Last winter she had a severe spell and a terrible cough but I cured her with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy without the aid of a doctor, and my little boy has been prevented many times from having the croup by the timely use of this syrup." This remedy is for sale by B. R. Guice & Son.

We have just received a car of new flour to be sold at old prices don't be talked in to paying advanced prices as long as ours last. Geo. E. Darsey.

Quantity, Quality and Prices

Our stock of goods is first-class; no shelf worn goods or old stock, but everything new and clean. Our regular prices will compare with cut prices you see advertised. We will convince any person will come in and take our prices and compare them with any house in the county, that we will sell goods as cheap and give as good values for the money as any house in the county. We say this, that we are recognized as the house that gives honest values for less money and we propose to maintain that record. For real values come to see us, and make your purchases. We will take care of you in prices and quality. We have some surprising bargains for you. Come and see.

Our Grocery Department was never never more complete. 700 sacks fresh high grade flour at old prices; 9 lbs. best green coffee \$1; 7 lbs. best parched coffee \$1; good chewing tobacco 25c per lb.; double bit Lippincot axes 90c; \$3.50 clocks for \$2.50; \$1.25 bridles for 1.10; horse collars for \$1.85; trunks, suit cases and grips at your own price.

All our 15.00 men's suits at 11.50; one lot coats and vests good material, at 50c on the dollar. Shoes is our hobby. We sell more shoes than any one and can fit the whole family. Come and see some of our shoes cut open and see what they are made of. We keep them coming all the time to meet the demands of our customers. Be sure to come to see us.

F. A. Faris

The Grapeland Messenger and The Galveston Semi-Weekly News for \$1.75

Holiday Announcement

We wish to announce to the public that our

HOLIDAY GOODS

are arriving daily, and we want you to understand that our display this year will eclipse all previous efforts. We will have gifts for all.

Watch For Our Display

Carleton & Porter,

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Reduce the Number and Amount of Your Bills

Attempting to increase your receipts is only a part of financial success. Some attention must be given to expenditures.

A checking account will give you a correct record of your receipts and expenditures. Pay by check--it is business--it is systematic--it is the only way to transact your business accurately.

We give especial attention to small accounts.

The Farmers & Merchants State Bank,
Of Grapeland
HOUSTON COUNTY DEPOSITORY

LOCAL NEWS.

97 at F. A. Faris'.

The Bon Ton Better.

Plenty of barrel flour at F. A. Faris' at old prices.

If you want a good wagon see Geo E Darsey

Dont forget! To call at Howard's for anything in groceries.

F. A. Faris will pay you 18c per dozen for your eggs.

Fresh fruits daily at the Bon Ton.

Thanksgiving supplies at Clewis'.

Just received another big lot of boots and shoes at Faris'.

We are still doing business at Howard's.

Old clothes made new at the tailor shop in Faris' store.

Dont buy wire said to be as good, but go to Darsey's and get the genuine Baker Perfect at 3 1/2

We carry a full and complete line of staple and fancy groceries at Howard's.

Get a trunk, grip, or suit case from F. A. Faris'. He is closing them out.

I would be glad to have my friends call on me for anything in my line. Mark Anthony

Mrs. Edens Hollingsworth and little Jot Davis of Livingston are visiting relatives in the city.

Come to see F. A. Faris for your goods. He is headquarters for good goods and low prices.

Take your chickens, turkeys, eggs, hides, bees wax, and speckle peas to Darsey's and get your goods at cut prices.

What Would You Do?

In case of a burn or scald what would you do to relieve the pain? Such injuries are liable to occur in any family and everyone should be prepared for them. Chamberlain's Salve applied on a soft cloth will relieve the pain almost instantly, and unless the injury is a very severe one, will cause the parts to heal without leaving a scar. For sale by B. R. Guice & Son.

97 at F. A. Faris'.

Sewing Machines at cut prices at Darsey's.

Thanksgiving cranberries at Clewis'.

Mark will treat you right at the Bon Ton.

Clothing at cut prices at Darsey's.

Pecans and grapes at the Bon Ton.

Ear corn and corn chops at Darsey's.

While money is tight Howard will treat you right, on groceries.

Furniture at cut prices at Darsey's.

Mr. M. A. Dickey of Percilla called around Saturday and made the boys feel glad.

A few saddles at Darsey's at cut prices.

Ladies, I can clean and press your skirts to a queen's taste. Odell Faris, Tailor.

See Darsey's cut prices before spending a dollar any where.

Get your cranberries for Thanksgiving from Clewis.

Single and double barrel shot guns at cut prices at Darsey's.

If the money panic has struck you, spend what's left with Howard.

If you want to buy furniture cheap see J. R. Richards at the Furniture Store.

Compare my prices and goods with any house. See us before you buy. F. A. Faris.

Markus Anthony purchased the Bon Ton from Josiah Caskey and now has charge of the business.

If you are going to buy anything in the furniture line don't fail to get Jim Richards cut prices on all grades and kinds at the furniture store.

We are requested to announce that Prof. Will Hogan will sing at Oak Grove next Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Everybody invited to attend.

Come and get a sample of my tobacco at 25c per pound. F. A. Faris.

Hundreds of people are taking advantage of the extraordinary low prices at Geo. E. Darsey's and are buying their fall supplies now while they can get them at such low prices.

There is no use to buy a new suit of clothes if you have a respectable looking old one. Odell Faris, the tailor, can fix it up to look brand new.

Last Saturday was one of the worst days of the season but Darsey's store was crowded with bargain hunters, and from the large quantity of goods hauled away was good proof that they found goods and prices just as advertised.

When the baby is cross and has you worried and worn out you will find that a little Casca-sweet, the well known remedy for babies and children, will quiet the little one in a short time. The ingredients are printed on the bottle. Contains no opiates. Sold by Carleton & Porter.

Thirty Six Valuable Premiums To Be Given Away For Cash Register Checks.

We have completed our list of premiums to be given away with cash register checks as follows.

First three boys a shot gun each.

First three girls a Bucks Jr. range each.

Second three girls a pair of Buster Brown shoes each.

Second three boys a pair of Buster Brown shoes each.

Next twelve girls a large doll each.

Next twelve boys a pocket knife each, making in all 36

premiums that we are going to give away, we will give cash register checks with every cash sale

untill and including December 14th. Geo. E. Darsey.

The Postmaster of Gasconed, Mo., Daniel A. Bugh, says of De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, "I am doing so well, and improving so fast in health, that I cannot say too much for your Kidney & Bladder Pills. I feel like a new man." De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are sold by Carleton & Porter.

I will be in Grapeland again next week for the purpose of doing dental work.

S. H. Yaabrogh.

Letter to Wherry Brohers, Grapeland, Texas.

Dear Sirs: Here's the difference between two pure paints: one strong; and the other weak. C. P. Hanger, Staunton, Va, painted two new houses, the houses exactly alike: one another pure paint, the other Devoe. Devoe cost a quarter less for paint and labor.

People generally are paying twice-over for paint.

Yours truly,

F. W. DEVOE & CO., New York. P. S. Geo. E. Darsey sells our paint.

De Witt's Carbolyzed Witch Hazel Salve penetrates the pores--thoroughly cleanses--and is healing and soothing. Good for piles.--Sold by Carleton & Porter.

Tax Collector's Dates

I will be at the following places on date opposite each place for the purpose of collecting state and county taxes for the year 1907:

Holly, Wednesday,	Nov. 20.
Pennington, Thursday,	" 21.
Kennard City, Friday,	" 22.
Ratcliff, Saturday,	" 23.
Weches, Tuesday,	" 26.
Augusta, Wednesday,	" 27.
Percilla, Thursday,	" 28.
Grapeland, Friday and Saturday,	Nov. 29 and 30.

Daly's, Friday,	Dec. 6
Ash, Tuesday,	" 10
Creek, Wednesday	" 11
Antioch, Friday,	" 13
Weldon, Saturday,	" 14
Lovelady, Tuesday and Wednesday,	Dec. 17 and 18.

A. L. Goolsby, Tax Collector.

MONEY TO LOAN

We Handle Real Estate.

If you want to buy or sell a farm or borrow money on it, call on us. We buy Vendors Lien Notes.

WARFIELD BROS.

Office North Side Public Square

CROCKETT, TEXAS

Hays Spring Items.

Nov. 17.--Last Sunday was Bro. Cameron's last appointment here for this conference year and we understand the congregation was small. It seems that our people have lost interest in church work to a great extent. Young people seem to be the life of any kind of society and young people are scarce in this community at present. We hope this state of affairs will not last long as we like society and like to do all we can for the prosperity of good and religious society.

We understand that there are some new families going to move into our community soon; in fact a man by the name of Woodard has already moved to the place vacated by M. L. Lively. Mr. Woodard is from Leon county and for our community we extend a welcome.

W. T. Warner says there is no use to talk herd times to him, although money matters are a little close, he has just dug his potatoes and has about seventy bushels of nice ones. 'Possums are fat and he will kill and eat to his heart's content.

W. J. Clark went to Crockett yesterday to see his mother who is there sick.

B. R. Eaves and W. T. Warner joined a delegation of witness in the Springman-Hawkins-Woodworth case Saturday and all went to Crockett to attend the trial, the results of which will be known later.

Warner Eaves came in from Waneata Saturday where he is teaching school. Julius.

How to Treat a Sprain.

Sprains, swellings and lameness are promptly relieved by Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This liniment reduces inflammation and soreness so that a sprain may be cured in about one third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by B. R. Guice & Son.

SAN ANTONIO INTERNATIONAL FAIR

Excursion Rates Daily via I. & G. N. railroad. For "Railroad Day," Nov. 21, extremely LOW RATES. The Fair that's different from all others. See I. & G. N. agents.

Sick Headache.

This distressing disease results from a disordered condition of the stomach, and can be cured by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Get a free sample at B. R. Guice & Son's drug store and try it.

De Witt's Little Early Risers are the best pills made. They do not gripe.--Sold by Carleton & Porter.

To The Public.

I have completed my picture gallery in the Guice building and am now equipped for business. I will be in town every day until Christmas and all pictures made will be finished by an expert, and all work guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

Ike Whitaker.

How to Cure a Cold.

Be as careful as you can you will occasionally take cold, and when you do, get a medicine of known reliability, one that has an established reputation and that is certain to effect a quick cure. Such a medicine is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has gained a world wide reputation by its remarkable cures of this most common ailment, and can always be depended upon. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. During the many years in which it has been in general use we have yet to learn of a single case of cold or attack of the grip having resulted in pneumonia when this remedy was used, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by B. R. Guice & Son.

There should be no frictions in a country town. The prosperity of one individual and every improvement made enhances the value of all the property in the town. It is simply one big family. When there is disorder there is very little progress. When there is a united pull for anything, its accomplishment is made easy. Envy, jealousy and hatred are things to be despised. Envy is a canker that gnaws at the heart and makes folks sour, disgruntled and unhappy. Jealousy warps the intellect and makes you unfair in passion's judgement. Hatred does not pay even from a sordid point of view. The man you dislike is the man you don't know. Every human being has his good points. An English sparrow is not a nightingale, but why remind the sparrow of the fact? Life is short and complex at best? Why not speak good instead of evil? Why not look for the silver lining in the cloud? Why not be fair and reasonable and just.--Ex.

Your attention is directed to the page ad of Shipper this week on front page. No prices are quoted on account of the immensity of his stock, but prices have been cut deep on everything in the house. January 1st, Mr. Shipper will move his stock to Roganville, where he will engage in business. It will pay you to investigate the merits of this great removal sale.

Preston Stowe Barber

EASY SHAVES
STYLISH HAIR CUTS

Shop on Front Street

Agent for
Inceda Laundry



S. T. Anthony, Agt.

JNO F. WEEKS G. R. WHITLEY

WEEKS & WHITLEY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Offices:
Palestine, Grapeland

City Livery Stable

J. R. Smith, Prop.

Good Rigs Furnished on
Short Notice.

Special Attention Given
Commercial Men, and trips
made to any part of the
County.

Jno A Davis G R Murchison

Davis & Murchison

REAL ESTATE DEALERS AND
COLLECTING AGTS.

We Solicit Your Business and
Guarantee Prompt
Service

Grapeland, Texas.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

CURES

Coughs, Colds,
CROUP,
Whooping Cough

This remedy can always be depended upon and
is pleasant to take. It contains no opium or
other harmful drug and may be given as confi-
dently to a baby as to an adult.
Price 25 cents, large size 50 cents.

WHITE'S Cream Vermifuge



THE GUARANTEED
**WORM
REMEDY**

THE CHILDREN'S FAVORITE TONIC.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
THE GENUINE PREPARED ONLY BY
Ballard-Snow Liniment Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
—FOR SALE BY—
CARLETON & PORTER.

Federal Deposits Requested.

Colonel Cecil A. Lyon has re-
quested the president to have \$10-
000,000 of the Federal treasury
surplus deposited in the Texas
banks, upon approved security
but it is doubtful if the request
can now be complied with, for,
according to Washington advices,
Secretary Cortelyou has gone so
far in his efforts to assist the
New York banks that the work-
ing balance of the treasury has
been encroached upon. About
the only way Colonel Lyon's re-
quest could be complied with is
to transfer the sum from the
New York banks to Texas and
this the New York bankers would
not permit at this time.

The currency famine in the in-
terior of the country is largely
due to the fact that the interior
banks, when their vaults were
full, sent vast sums to New York
to be loaned at high rates of
interest. Then the squeeze came
along and it is now impossible to
get the currency back. A recent
statement showed that a New
York bank held more than \$300,
000,000 of the deposits of interior
banks.

The present situation ought to
be a lesson to the interior bank-
ers. It is far better to resist the
temptation of the high interest
paid by the Wall street gamblers
and keep the money in the vaults
for legitimate uses at home.
New York balances of country
banks should be confined merely
to such sums as are needed to
transact the business of their
patrons. Of course, in the Wall
street flurries interest rates go
far above the reasonable interest
rates that prevail in localities
where the banks conduct only
a legitimate business. But when
the reserves are depleted to send
money to New York the re-
sult is to increase interest rates
at home and inflict hardships
upon the people.

If the interior banks will keep
their money at home the busi-
ness of their patrons will be more
prosperous and works of develop-
ment will proceed more rapidly.
In the long run low interest rates
are more satisfactory and much
safer than the high rates paid by
the men who operate in "The
Street".

All the profits of the \$800,000,
000 of interior money sent to
New York will disappear long be-
fore the stagnation caused by pre-
sent conditions can be lifted.
Even if the interior fails to re-
ceive the assistance from the
government which is now needed
much will be gained if the lesson
of the day is not forgotten when
confidence has been restored.
There has never been too much
money in the banks of the in-
terior. When the supply be-
comes large it will stimulate de-
velopment where development
needed. If sent to New York
will stimulate speculation,
which is a curse to the whole
country.—Houston Post

You can't be well if you have
weak, unhealthy, tired out
stomach. Neither can you feel
good if by some time irregularity
causing you have caused the
stomach to get out of order
these little stomach troubles are
signs of indigestion, which may
very often does turn into a
very bad case of dyspepsia.
Don't allow this to go on
without doing something to
overcome it. Take some good
stable and safe digestant like
Kodol for Dyspepsia. Kodol is
the best remedy known today for
heart burn, belching and all
troubles arising from a disordered
digestion. It is pleasant to take
and affords relief promptly.
Sold by Carleton and Porter.

Its Dangerous.

To neglect a cold the results
are too often very serious. Bron-
chitis, Pleurisy, Pneumonia and
Consumption are frequently the
consequences. Upon the ap-
pearance of a cold, sore throat
or chest use Simmons' Cough
Syrup. It soothes the irritation,
loosens the phlegm and promptly
cures you.

Just one year ago with this
issue of the Standard and old
man came into the office and
stopped his paper because some-
thing in it did not just suit his
fancy. We have frequently met
him on the street since that time
and it is amusing to note the look
of surprise on the old man's face
that we are still in existence re-
gardless of the fact that he stop-
ped his paper. Some day—and
it won't be long, either—that old
gentleman will cease to walk.
His heart will be still forever.
Neighbors and friends will fol-
low his lifeless clay to the silent
city and lay it to rest among the
flowers. An obituary will be
written and published in these
columns, telling what a kind
father, a good neighbor and be-
loved citizen he was—which the
recording angel will overlook for
charity's sake, and in a very
short time he will be forgotten.
As he lies out there in the cold,
cold graveyard, wrapped in the
silent slumber of death, he will
never know that the last kind
word spoken of him was perhaps
by the editor of that paper which
in life he so despitely "stop-
ped." Did you ever pause just
for a moment and think that your
editor, whoever he may be, will
some day write your obituary?—
Somerville Standard.

"Nails."

"Nails are a mighty good thing
—particular finger nails—but I
don't believe they were intended
solely for scratching, though I
used mine largely for that pur-
pose for several years. I was
sorely afflicted and had it to do.
One application of Hunt's Cure
however relieved my itch and
less than one box cured me en-
tirely."

J. M. Ward,
Index Texas.

Took First Premium At The 2Nd Annual State Fair Of Ark- ansas, Held At Hot Springs.

The big school of Bookkeeping
Shorthand, Typewriting, and Te-
legraphy, the Tyler Commercial
College of Tyler, Texas, carried
off first honors. The entire
south should feel proud of this
institution, as it is now enrolling
more students for daily personal
instruction than any other busi-
ness college in America, and
through its well equipped and
extensive employment bureau, it
is placing every graduate in a
good position.

Miss Frierson, who has been
demonstrating their method of
touch typewriting, won first pre-
mium as the fastest typewriter
operator.—Hot Springs Daily
News, October 11.

Be Charitable

To your horse as well as to
yourself. You need not suffer
from pains of any sort—your
horses need not suffer. Try a
bottle of Ballard's Snow Linim-
ent. It cures all pains. J. M.
Roberts, Bakersfield, Mo. writes:
"I have used your Liniment for
ten years and find it to be the
best I have ever used for man or
beast."—Sold by Carleton & Por-
ter.

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

Cures all Coughs and
assists in expelling
Colds from the
System by
gently moving
the bowels.
A certain cure
for croup and
whooping-cough.



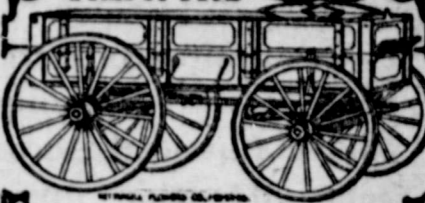
The Red
Clover Blossom
and the
Honey Bee
is on every
bottle.

KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR

PREPARED AT THE LABORATORY OF
E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A.

Sold by Carleton & Porter

JAMES & GRAHAM



WAGONS

.....Southern made for Southern
work, they are standard
throughout the South. If you
would know why they outsell
and outwear other wagons send
for our illustrated descriptive
catalogue covering farm wag-
ons, lumber wagons, log wagons
and dump carts.

Geo. E. Darsey

POSITIONS Secured or Money Back

Contract given, backed by \$300,000.00 capital and 18 years' success.

DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL COLLEGES

28 Colleges in 18 States. Indorsed by business men. 70,000 students.
LEARN BY MAIL Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, Law,
Letter Writing, English, Drawing, Illustrating,
etc. Money back if not satisfied. For "Catalogue H." on Home Study, or
"Catalogue P." on attending College, write, TO-DAY, Jno. F. Draughon, President,
Dallas, Tyler, Galveston, Waco, San Antonio,
St. Louis or Nashville.

Mothers!

Look out for your Children's
Health while they are young.

HERBINE

is a great medicine for children. I keeps their liver active
in a mild gentle manner, you will see a healthy color appear
on their cheeks, and illness for them will be a thing of the past.

A Positive Cure

FOR
CONSTIPATION, CHILLS AND
FEVER, MALARIA, DYSPEP-
SIA, BILIOUSNESS, AND ALL
LIVER COMPLAINTS.



Mrs. J. Hopkins, Man-
chester, Kan. writes: "I
have used Herbine for
years, know of no better
for chills and fever, headache,
biliousness, etc. My chil-
dren are never sick. I will
use it always."

PRICE 50c.

Ballard Snow Liniment Co.
500-502 North Second St.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.,

Sold and Recommended by
CARLETON & PORTER, Drugists

THE KING OF CURES

DR. KING'S

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.
FOR WEAK, SORE LUNGS, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS, HEMORRHAGES
AND ALL
THROAT AND LUNG
DISEASES.
PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as the grandest medicine of
modern times. One bottle completely cured me of a very bad
cough, which was steadily growing worse under other treatments.
EARL SHAMBURG, Codell, Kas.

PRICE 50c AND \$1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
Sold by Carleton & Porter.

FOR THE DESSERT

FINISHING TOUCHES TO END THE DINNER.

German Apple Cake Can Always Be Counted On—Directions for Serving Junket—Making Pies With Sour Cream.

German apple cake makes a good dessert now. Without any sprinkling of currants it is quite as attractive. Serve best for cinnamon bun. Use either cream or hard sauce with it, or none at all. Cream cheese accords with it.

Junket may not be turned out in shape. It must be set in cups in which it is to be served, or else helped from one large dish with a spoon. It is nice plain, or with cream. If desired more elaborate, then make it in individual cups of pretty glass or china, and at the last place a little mound of whipped cream upon each, surmounted by a cherry or piece of jelly of a bright color.

Junket with ginger bread makes a good home dessert. Those who like nutmeg—and it is recommended for some invalids—use freshly grated nutmeg on it.

Sour cream may be used for pies—just sour cream, not thick clabber, is meant. The clove used for spicing it makes it unlike cheesecake pie. For a cupful of the sour cream allow the beaten yolks of four eggs, a cupful of sugar and one cupful of chopped seeded raisins and a half teaspoonful of ground cloves. Cook this like a custard over water until thickened. Have a freshly lower shell of crust baked to receive it, and make a meringue from the whites of four eggs and a little sugar. Brown in the oven very lightly as usual. Instead of trying to see how smooth the meringue can be made, leave it tossed into hills, or drawn around in swirling lines, more or less parallel with the crust edge. This crust should be indented and rather high, to support the filling and meringue.

Pumpkin Fruit Basket.

Cut a good sized pumpkin in the form of a basket, with a handle. Remove the contents and line with white tissue paper. Fill with yellow fruits—oranges, apples, bananas and grapes—letting the grapes fall gracefully over the side. Tie a huge bow of yellow tariton ribbon (the kind used by the florists) on the handle. Place on a dolly in the center of the table.

For each guest make a pumpkin blossom. Buy paper cases at the confectioners and cut petals from pumpkin colored tissue paper, crinkle with a sharp knife. Begin at the top, paste four rows around the outside and green at the bottom. Place beside each place, to be filled with salted nuts or ice cream.

Blue Point Rolls.

Cut small, shapely, thin slices of cold rare beef and spread them sparingly with mixed mustard. Cover each one with a similarly shaped, transparently thin slice of bacon and finish with a plump oyster, lightly dusted with salt and pepper. Roll and fasten with a tiny skewer; dip in melted butter, arrange on a buttered broiler and grill over a slow, clear fire until the bacon and oysters are cooked. Turn the rolls often, every time dipping them in melted butter. Serve with brown butter to which lemon juice is added, one teaspoonful of juice to four of melted butter.

Nut Sandwiches.

Take mayonnaise or firmly whipped sweet cream, thicken with powdered or chopped nut meats—walnuts, pecans, almonds, filberts or Brazil nuts are nice—or a mixture of several varieties is good. The addition of raisins to the mixture is an improvement in flavor. Made with tea biscuit or finger rolls they are very nice and require no butter.

A Seasonable Salad.

The ripe eating plums in market now make a delicious salad when combined with bananas. Cover with powdered sugar and a little sherry, if it is wanted, and let the fruit stand on ice for an hour before dressing. It is delicious served with whipped cream.

Carrot Fritters.

Beat two small boiled carrots to a pulp, add four well beaten eggs, stir in half a cup of flour, moisten with a little cream, salt to taste and fry by dropping spoonfuls into hot fat.

Purify Water.

To purify water add powdered alum to the water in the proportion of one teaspoonful to every four gallons. If you stir this briskly you will find that all impurities will be precipitated to the bottom, while the rest of the water will be left pure and clear.

To Seal Jelly Jars.

For a good substitute for paraffin in sealing jelly jars use plain writing paper dipped in strong brandy and placed on top of the jelly in the same way as paraffin.

BACK GAVE OUT.

A Typical Case of Kidney Trouble and a Typical Cure.

Mrs. Chloe Page of 510 S. Pitt Street, Alexandria, Va., says: "My back hurt me terribly, I had sharp, shooting pains, changing to a dull, dragging ache. I could not stand for any length of time and my back hurt me when I sat down. My feet and ankles were badly swollen every evening, and my stomach was out of order. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of these troubles in 1902, and for five years I have had no return." All dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



A Wonderful Thing.

Mr. Brown had just had a telephone connection between his office and house and was very much pleased with it, says the Home Magazine.

"I tell you, Smith," he was saying, "this telephone business is a wonderful thing. I want you to dine with me this evening, and I will notify Mrs. Brown to expect you."

Brown (speaking through the telephone)—My friend Smith will dine with us this evening.

"Now listen and hear how plain her reply comes back."

Mrs. Brown's reply came back with startling distinctness:

"Ask your friend Smith if he thinks we keep a hotel."

BABY IN TERRIBLE STATE.

Awful Humor Eating Away Face—Body a Mass of Sores—Cuticura Cures in Two Weeks.

"My little daughter broke out all over her body with a humor, and we used everything recommended, but without results. I called in three doctors, but she continued to grow worse. Her body was a mass of sores, and her little face was being eaten away. Her ears looked as if they would drop off. Neighbors advised me to get Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and before I had used half of the cake of Soap and box of Ointment the sores had all healed, and my little one's face and body were as clear as a new-born babe's. I would not be without it again if it cost five dollars, instead of seventy-five cents. Mrs. George J. Steese, 701 Coburn St., Akron, O., Aug. 30, 1905."

Undisturbed.

"Does the strike you have on hand seriously inconvenience your company?"

"No," answered Mr. Dustin Stax; "on the contrary, it affords us a better excuse than usual for the bad service that is constantly complained of."—Washington Star.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Little*

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Many a man would rather lie when asked for information than say: "I don't know."

For a Fever

Their Natural Place.

"Don't you believe balloon inventors are visionary people?" "Well, I must say, that as a rule, they are usually up in the air."

Its Dangerous.

To neglect a cold the results are too often very serious. Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pneumonia and Consumption are frequently the consequences. Upon the appearance of a cold, sore throat or chest, use Simmons' Cough Syrup. It soothes the irritation, loosens the phlegm and promptly cures you.

A shut mouth keeps one out of strife.—Portuguese.

"We Have Many Similar."

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mr. H. H. Meyers of Stuttgart, Ark.: "You would greatly oblige me if you would introduce Hunt's Lightning Oil at Millidgeville, Ill., as I have many friends and relatives there, in whom I am much concerned, and I understand the Oil is not kept there. I can recommend it as the best medicine I ever had in my house. It cured me of a bad case of the Bloody Flux in less than one-half hour, and it cured my grand-daughter of a bad case of Cholera Morbus in a very short time."

Had Tried It.

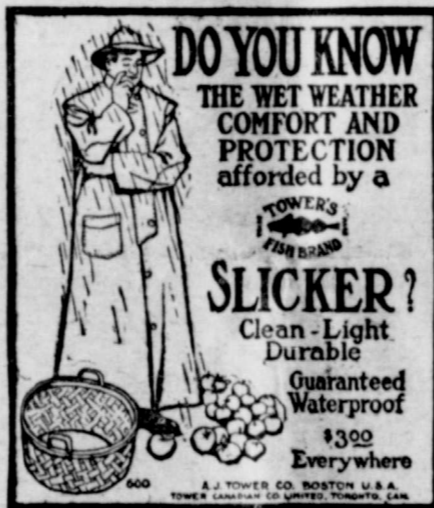
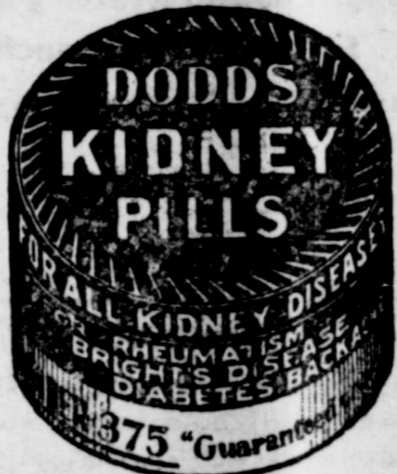
"You ought to wear glasses. They'll save your eyes," said his friend.

"Nuttin' in it," contemptuously answered Bill de Bruiser. "I tought dey would meself wunst, an' I put on a pair when I heard a big chap wuz layin' fur me. It's agin de law, ye know, to hit a man wid glasses on 'im. Well, sir, de big chap happened along. He reached over, lifted dem glasses off me face, an' den he bunged me eyes up, good an' proper."

A Simple Method.

"How do you make the distinction between popular and classical music?" asked the very young man.

"Oh, that's easy," answered the dispenser of home-grown philosophy. "It's popular if I enjoy it and it's classical if I don't."



W. N. U., HOUSTON, NO. 44, 1907.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois

Only One Crop of Land

Don't Forget This and Don't Forget to Buy Your Share Now Before it is All Gone.

You Can Get Rich in South Texas in a Few Years on an Investment of \$210, Payable \$10 a Month Without Interest. Read the Following:

St. Jo, Texas, April 20, 1907.

Dr. C. F. Simmons, San Antonio, Texas. Dear Sir:—I have just returned from a visit to your 95,000-acre ranch, where I have been for the purpose of investigating the conditions of soil, climate, rainfall, etc., and its adaptability to general farming, truck-growing and fruits.

I found conditions really better than I expected, and fully up to representations in your literature. The soil seems to be of fine quality and of such variety as to make diversified farming easy and profitable.

While on the ranch I had the pleasure of visiting Hall, Frenchman, Turkey Creek, Windmill, Muley Cow and Headquarters pastures. I did not see the Votaw pastures but was assured by disinterested parties that it was even better than that which I examined, and believing this I came home perfectly satisfied that you have the best proposition, for the poor man, in Southwest Texas.

On farms adjoining your ranch I saw fine crops growing without irrigation, and this I consider remarkable in view of the severe drought, which obtains at this time over the entire state.

I am sure this will prove to be a fine fruit-growing section, especially for grapes, figs and berries, and that the water supply is sufficient certainly to be proved by the flowing artesian wells in various parts of pasture, and this also settles the truck growing proposition.

You have my hearty endorsement on both your lands and plan of sale.

Very truly yours,
DR. T. E. FOSTER.
Remember—you get a truck or fruit farm of from 10 to 640 acres in the finest country in the world, and two town lots for \$210.

Write for literature and name of nearest agent.

DR. CHAS. F. SIMMONS,

215 Alamo Plaza,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

BAD BLOOD THE SOURCE OF ALL DISEASE

Every part of the body is dependent on the blood for nourishment and strength. When this life stream is flowing through the system in a state of purity and richness we are assured of perfect and uninterrupted health; because pure blood is nature's safe-guard against disease. When, however, the body is fed on weak, impure or polluted blood, the system is deprived of its strength, disease germs collect, and the trouble is manifested in various ways. Pustular eruptions, pimples, rashes and the different skin affections show that the blood is in a feverish and diseased condition as a result of too much acid or the presence of some irritating humor. Sores and Ulcers are the result of morbid, unhealthy matter in the blood, and Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., are all deep-seated blood disorders that will continue to grow worse as long as the poison remains. These impurities and poisons find their way into the blood in various ways. Often a sluggish, inactive condition of the system, and torpid state of the avenues of bodily waste, leaves the refuse and waste matters to sour and form uric and other acids, which are taken up by the blood and distributed throughout the circulation. Coming in contact with contagious diseases is another cause for the poisoning of the blood; we also breathe the germs and microbes of Malaria into our lungs, and when these get into the blood in sufficient quantity it becomes a carrier of disease instead of health. Some are so unfortunate as to inherit bad blood, perhaps the dregs of some old constitutional disease of ancestors is handed down to them and they are constantly annoyed and troubled with it. Bad blood is the source of all disease, and until this vital fluid is cleansed and purified the body is sure to suffer in some way. For blood troubles of any character S. S. S. is the best remedy ever discovered. It goes down into the circulation and removes any and all poisons, supplies the healthful properties it needs, and completely and permanently cures blood diseases of every kind. The action of S. S. S. is so thorough that hereditary taints are removed and weak, diseased blood made strong and healthy so that disease cannot remain. It cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., and does not leave the slightest trace of the trouble for future outbreaks. The whole volume of blood is renewed and cleansed after a course of S. S. S. It is also nature's greatest tonic, made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and is absolutely harmless to any part of the system. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores. Book on the blood and any medical advice free to all who write.

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Blood-letting was the old-fashioned method of treating fevers. To a certain extent, this helped, because fever is caused by poison in the blood, and taking away the infected blood probably weakened the effects of the poison.

Today, we prescribe a gentle cathartic, bowel and liver cleanser—

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

—and obtain the purifying results, without the weakening effect of blood-letting. Mrs. G. Nussbaum, of 708 Felicity St., New Orleans, La., writes: "When I had the yellow fever, I did not call a doctor, but just took Thedford's Black-Draught and recovered."

W. L. DOUGLAS

BEST IN \$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES THE WORLD

SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

\$25.000 (To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas shoes are made & sold

Reward more than \$3 & \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.



You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.

The Knife Continued

AND THE RESULT IS

Wonderful Bargains in all Lines of Seasonable Goods.

Reduced Prices on Wool and Cotton Blankets

All Best Outing Reduced to 9c.

Now is the Time as Positively no Prices Quoted During this Sale will be Duplicated After Present Stock is Sold.

Below we quote you a few prices that was crowded out in our double page ad last week. It will pay you to come and come at once, as you seldom get a chance to buy your fall and winter goods at such a great discount below their real value. Just think of it! \$35,000 stock of such goods as you need now at such ridiculously low prices. How can you stay away and take chances of paying higher prices later on? Now is the time!

Men's Thoroughbred Hats.

#3 Hats reduced to \$2.50

The Thoroughbred hat is guaranteed by the manufacturer to give satisfaction. We have them in the novelty Telescopes and flat four pinch crowns, and in the staple 3 1/2 and 4 inch brims with creased crowns, in white and black at \$2.50

We have a job in Thoroughbred hats in black, narrow brim, four pinch crown, and gray broad brim, low crown, and creased crown that we offer you at \$1.50

Ladies' Fall Shirt Waists.

Made of soft luster finish, white waisting mercerized silk figures, side and box plaited front, box plaited in back, invisible open front, deep plaited cuffs, plaited stock collar, sizes 32 to 40, price 90c

Another made of white linen suiting, closely woven, resembles pure Irish linen, full white bleached, beautifully embroidered front, invisible open front, deep plaited cuffs, graduated box plaited back, plaited stock collar with bow, was \$1.25, now \$1.00

Another made of cream white wool Henrietta, heavily embroidered front with 1/2 inch plaits on shoulders, open back, plaited on each side, tucked stocked collar, full steeves, narrow cuffs, \$1.40

Another made of superior cream Mohair, heavy raised silk embroidered front, plaited on each side, detached tucked stock collar, tucked cuffs, two graduated plaits in back, invisible open front, price \$1.90

Ladies' Union Suits.

Ribbed union suits, lace neck and front taped neck, shell stitched silk front, gussted arm holes, covered seams, medium heavy, sizes 4, 5 and 6, specially good values at 50c and 90c

Ladies' ribbed knitted drawers, well made, good weight, bleached and unbleached at 25c

Misses' Union Suits.

Silver gray, ribbed, lace at neck and front with tape, dropped seat with gusset, 3 buttons on band in back, all covered seams, nicely fleeced lined, gussted arm holes, 4, 5, 6, 7, 30c

Knit Shawls and Newport Scarfs.

We call particular attention to our 50c shawls because they are unusually good values consisting of several patterns of fine quality, all wool zephyr bodies, interwoven with mercerized silk, wide lace borders, assorted pink, blue, red, white and black at 50c

Shawls at 75c.

For 75c we are showing some extra fine saxony yarn shawls, in choice designs, heavy weight, all wool, closely woven, mercerized silk stitching, assorted white and blue, white and pink, white and black, large size 75c

Shawls for \$1.00

At \$1.00 we call your attention to exceptional values of extra fine heavy weight worsted combined with mercerized silk, alternating light and heavy stripes, and zigzag patterns, 36 and 38 inch square, 6 inch borders \$1.00

Knit Newport Scarfs at 50c.

Alternating stripes of floss and mercerized silk, long twisted fringed ends, pink and white, blue and white, and white, 14 inches wide, 66 inches long, price 50c

Newport Scarfs at 75c.

Choice pattern worsted and floss yarns, mercerized silk stripes, heavy twisted fringed ends, white on y, 15 ins. wide, 88 ins. long, price 75c

Newport Scarfs at \$1.00

Heavy floss yarn, looks like hand made, plain, but heavy, 16 inches wide, 72 inches long, 6 inch fringed ends, very attractive, red and white, brown and white, white and black \$1.00

Silk Shawls.

Silk shawls in black, cream and pink, finest pure silk thread, large size, heavy weight, finely woven centers in beautiful stripe, dot and zigzag designs, with wide lace borders and long silk fringe, price \$1.00, \$1.35, \$1.90 and \$2.50

Men's Overcoats.

Medium heavy, black venetian, 43 inches long, 3 outside pockets, loose back, single breast, fly front, velvet collar, reduced from \$7 to \$5.00

Very heavy all wool black beaver, 3 outside pockets, 52 inches long, 19 inch button vent, single breast, fly front, silk velvet collar, well padded shoulders, best black satin finish, sateen lining, this coat was an exceptional value at \$10.00, but we offer it to you for \$8.50

Men's Cravenette Rain Overcoats.

Fine genuine priestly cravenette, in heavy oxford gray, diagonal chevots, single breast, fly front, 54 inches long loose back, 21 inch buttoned vent, black serge quarter lining, regular price \$11.00, cut to \$9.50

Very fine wool cravenette, dark oxford gray stripped pattern, smooth finish, well wearing piece of goods, 52 inches long, single breast, fly front, loose back, 23 inch buttoned vent, quarter lining with best black sateen, was \$15.00, reduced to \$11.90

Children's Fancy Overcoats.

Fine heavy, dark blue, frieze overcoating, double breast, fly front, with velvet collar, loose back sizes 6 to 9 years, regular price \$5.00, reduced to \$3.90

Men's Wool Half Hose.

Blue and camel's hair, heavy mixed ribbed tops, strengthened white heels and toes, full seamless and full weight 15c

Black half hose, good quality wool, full seamless ribbed tops, spliced heels and toes, extra smooth finish and well made 25c

Ladies' Fast Black Wool Hose.

Elastic ribbed, full seamless, oxford moiens heels and toes, heavy foot, nice soft stock, superior finish 25c

Fine black cashmere, spliced heel and toe, medium heavy, fine gauge, full seamless, nicely finished 30c

Child's Black Wool Hose.

Full seamless, 1x1 ribbed, double gray heel and toe, good weight, well finished, sizes 5 to 8, price 15c and 25c

Come and bring your turkeys, chickens, eggs, hides, bees wax and speckle peas. They are as good as money with us.

WE PAY SPOT CASH FOR COTTON

..George E. Darsey..