

**CONCHO TIMES.**

*The Men Who Were Not Hanged.*

"I was fabulously taken in on one occasion," said the Duke. "The troops had taken to plundering a good deal. It was necessary to stop it; and I issued an order announcing that the first man taken on the spot should be hanged on the spot. One day, just as we were sitting down to dinner, three men were brought to the door of the tent by the prevot. The case against them was clear, and I had nothing for it but to desire that they should be taken away and hanged in some place where they might be seen by the whole column in its march next day. I had a good many guests with me on that occasion, and among the rest, I think, Lord Nugent. They seemed dreadfully shocked, and could not eat their dinner. I didn't like it much myself, but, as I told them, I had no time to indulge my feelings; I must do my duty. Well, the dinner went off rather gravely, and next morning, sure enough, three men in uniform were seen hanging from the branches of a tree close to the high road. It was a terrible example, and had the desired effect; there was no more plundering; when, some time afterward, I learned that one of my staff took counsel with Dr. Hume, and, as three men had just died in hospital, they hung them up and let the three culprits return to their regiments." "Weren't you very angry, Duke?" "Well, I suppose I was at first, but as I had no wish to take the poor fellows' lives, and only wanted the example, and as the example had the desired effect, my anger soon died out, and I confess to you that I am very glad now that the three lives were spared."—Life of Wellington.

*Two Pictures.*

Miss Blanche Murray is a very popular young lady. Last week she caught her little brother smoking.

"You terrible thing," she hissed. "I am going to tell father on you!"

"This is only corn-silk," murmured the boy, penitently.

"I don't care what it is. I am going to tell on you, and see that you don't get into that beastly, horrid, degrading habit. I wouldn't have anything to do with smokers."

It is evening. Miss Murray is sitting on the front stoop with Algernon. It is moonlight, and the redolent spirits of the honeysuckle and syringa are wafting bliss to their already intoxicated souls.

"Would little bird object to my smoking a cigarette?"

"Not at all," replied Miss Murray. "I like cigarettes, they are so fragrant and romantic. I think they are just too delicious for anything."

"Then I'll light one."

"Do, and blow some of the smoke in my face; it is so soothing and dreamily paradisiac."

Then he lights a cigarette, and they talk about the weather for two hours and a half.

A stone weighing a ton fell in the Indian Territory with terrific force on the same day and about the same hour that the cyclone occurred at Saroy. It was seen as it fell, and is pronounced no humbug. As there are no rocks within five miles of where it fell the question is puzzling the people in that neighborhood as to where it did come from and whence the motive power which propelled this enormous weight through the air.

A husband telegraphed to his wife, "What have you for breakfast and how is the baby?" The answer came, "Buck-wheat cakes and measles."

"Why," the boy asked, "do you blow down the muzzle of your gun?" "To see," replied the man, "if it is." And just then he discovered that it was.

A St. Louis rich man drew up a will which was so pathetically worded that it moved all his relatives to tears. It left all his property to an orphan asylum.

"Does your sister Annie ever say anything about me, sissy?" inquired an anxious lover of a little girl. "Yes," was the reply; "she said if you had rockers on one of your shoes, it would make a nice cradle for my biggest doll."

—2 lovers sat beneath the shade,  
And I am the other said:  
'How late that you be?  
Have smiled upon this suit of mine  
If a heart, it beats for you—  
Thy voice is true melody—  
'Tis I to be thy loved I, I—  
Say, O nymph, will marry me?  
Then lisped she soft, 'Why, I, I!'

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Engraving and Repairing done in Best Style.



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Contractors, Builders and  
Undertakers.**

Shop on Concho Avenue, Opposite Wilson & Howard's.

Fort Concho, Texas.

**S. CARNAHAN,  
BLACKSMITH**

Is now prepared to do all kinds of work both in

**IRON AND WOOD**

At prices less than ever before.

**CHARGED IN THIS COUNTRY.**

You will save money to call and see stock and prices before going elsewhere. Horse shoes and nails for sale at all times.

Shoes at 30 cents per pair, nails at 30 and 32 cents per pound.  
All kinds of wagon work done to order on short notice.

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DEALERS IN

**Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes,  
HARDWARE, ETC.,**

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Celebrated A. Wickliffe and Crow Whiskies and other choice brands always kept in stock. Also the choicest of Wines, Beer, Cigars and Tobacco.

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AT THE

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AND

**WAGON WOODWORK,**

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PHILBRICK & NASWORTHY, Prop's.,  
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The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always to be found at the Bar.

Call and see us.

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You can get any kind of

**PLAIN OR FANCY JOB PRINTING**

DONE IN BEST STYLES AND AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

All kinds of Legal Blanks printed and for sale. Orders by mail promptly filled.



# CONCITO TIMES.

National Greenback Labor Party.

In another column we give a summary of the proceedings of the National Convention of the National Greenback Labor party of the United States. We are not yet in possession of the platform adopted, but hope to be able to present it to our readers next week. We have noticed for sometime a strong (and apparently a preconcerted) disposition on the part of the old party papers of the country to ignore this new candidate for popular favor, but as independent journalists it is our duty and pleasure to observe that this party is not the dead thing some would have the people believe. The fact is, the Chicago convention was both in point of numbers and capacity a fairly representative body, there being about 750 delegates in attendance, representing every state in Union. What figure the party will cut in the canvass of this year, we are not now able to determine, but one thing is very certain, it will need only to secure a few more members of Congress, identified with its interests, to give it a controlling voice in national matters. When the 46th congress was organized it held within one vote the balance of power, and who can say now, what changes might have been effected in the legislation at Washington during the past year had it been able then to control that one more vote? It may lose ground in 1880, but it is not improbable that it will be afterwards a thing of the past, but on the other hand, it may gain ground, and it is not impossible that Mr. De la Matyr, of Indiana, will be able to exert a powerful influence in the election of the next President. The States of the election shall be thrown into the House of Representatives, and will hold the balance of power unquestionably, and will be able to name the next occupant, after Hayes, of the White House. In view of all the facts we say now to the leaders of the old parties, that it will not do to ignore, or pretend to ignore, the "party of the center" as it has been fittingly termed. As yet it is a veritable existence, and it is not beyond the range of possibilities that it may in time become a power in the land. It is peculiarly the champion of financial and labor reform. We greatly mistake the tendency of the times, if they do not point to a speedy and general stampede of the people, in that direction. The country is confessedly ruled to-day by rings and cliques, in the interests of national banks, national bondholders and monopolists generally, and if the two old parties persist in refusing to take such monster wrongs by the throat, they may expect to lose the confidence and support of those who make presidents and vice presidents. Like most reformers though the greenback party is just now aspiring to do too much. Instead of concentrating its strength upon a few distinct issues, and working to secure a few reforms, generally recognized as being necessary, it is spreading itself over much too much ground, thereby weakening itself and rendering itself more vulnerable to the assaults of its opponents. In other words, to use a popular expression, it is biting off more than it can chew. Gen. Weaver, of Iowa, its nominee for president is the acknowledged leader of the party in the house, and will, we are satisfied, be generally acceptable to the party. We do not regard him as an intellectual giant by any means, but he has made character in the present congress as a fearless and strong debater. Gen. Benj. F. Chambers, of Texas is too well known in the State to render it necessary for us to tell who he is. Suffice it, for the present, to say that that he is a large planter of Johnson county, was identified during the war with

the south, and since the war, until his party organized in Texas, was a democrat. Next week we will give sketches of both of these gentlemen.

The democrats meet on the 23d in Cincinnati in national convention, and to-day there are at least half a hundred parties looking to be struck by lightning then. The defeat of the ring candidates at the Chicago republican convention has suggested to these gentlemen, that a "dark-horse" is likely to come out ahead at Cincinnati, and every fellow of them can satisfy himself, (if no one else) that he is just the color to win. About the 25th there will be some surprised and mad men in the democratic party.

## Naming the Baby.

My wife hez jes' presented me wid de fines' boy in dis country, a Black Bill, entering a magistrate's office, taking off his hat and sliuging perspiration from his brow with a crooked fore-finger. "Yes, gentlemen," he went on, "de fines' chile I eber seed. An' I se jes' got a twenty-dollar gold piece right heah to gin ter de man what can guess what I hez named him. Ter keep yer from spreadin' ober de whole universe ob names, I'll state dat hit's a Bible name. "Abraham," gussed one. "Nor sah." "Paull?" "Nor sah." "Joh." "Guess again." "Niedemus." "Keeper comin'." "Abemleleh." "Try me agin." The guessing ceased after a time, and finally Bill remarked: "I se named dat boy Judas Escarut." "What?" said the magistrate, "betrayed our Savior." "Can't help hit. Dat's de boy's name. Judas hez been slighted. Nobody hez eber had de immoral courage to name a chile fur dat man. But dat ain't de main reason why I names him Judas. I se got de Bible ter 'stain me in gibbin' de chile dat name." "How does the Bible sustain you in desiring to perpetuate dat name?" asked the magistrate. "Hit's dis fact: Chris' in remarkin' of Judas, said, dat hit would hab bin better fur dat man ef he hadn't bin born." "Well." "An' considerin' how many moufs is opened at de doo' when I goss home wid a side of meat, it would have bin better fur dat boy of mine ef he had neber seen de daylight. I knows what I ze talkin' about. I takes de Scriptur frum de references. In de futur, ef I finds dat de boy hez made any improvement on hisself, den I'll change his name to Jim."

For a clean shave or elegant hair-cut call at Weber's Gem shaving parlor, opposite Veck's store.

Subscribing for the Greenback WEEKLY.

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**Notary Public,**  
FORT CONCHO, TEXAS.

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**Examiner and Patron**  
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(Late of Bentley & Posey, Austin, Texas.)  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
Fort Concho, Tom Green County, Texas.  
Will practice in all the courts of Tom Green, Concho, Runnels, Mason, Menard, Kimble and McChesney counties, in the higher State Courts and United States Courts at Austin and San Antonio.

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**Attorney at Law and U. S. Commissioner,**  
FORT CONCHO, TEXAS.  
Will give prompt attention to all legal business in the courts of the 20th Judicial District and adjoining counties. Refer to the leading lawyers of Austin, Texas.

**JOHN LACKEY,** District Clerk, **C. D. FOOTE,** County Surveyor.  
**LACKEY & FOOTE**  
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WILL BUY WOOL, HIDES, AND ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE  
Our Stock is Complete, and We Sell as Low as the Lowest.

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**Congress Avenue,**  
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**MURISON & MALIN, Prop's.**  
Fine Sample Rooms for Commercial Men. Electric Bells in every room. Table and Attention first-class in every respect.

**ELMENDORF & CO.,**  
Importers and Dealers in  
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**MAIN PLAZA,**  
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# CONCHO TIMES

JAMES KIBBEE, PROPRIETOR.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year \$1 00  
One copy, six months 1 00  
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SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1880.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

At a bar meeting recently held in San Antonio the Hon. J. H. McLeary of that city was endorsed in his candidacy before the Democratic State Convention for Attorney General.

Hon. Wm. R. Morrison, of Illinois, is having a presidential boom, and it wouldn't surprise him or his friends if he is the Cincinnati nominee for chief-stand and bearer. Hon. Jere Black—the irrepressible Jeremiah—of Pennsylvania, is not an impossible "dark horse," and even the nomination of ex-Gov. Bishop, of Ohio, wouldn't surprise everybody, though just now he is only running a vice-presidential bureau. Whoever may be the nominees, we trust they will be honest and capable men for the general good.

Wasn't that an irreverent cuss who explained the other day that the "D. D. boom" in Illinois was only a mild way of expressing its idea that the fat senator of that state is a "Dead Duck" in national politics? Last week some other chap referred to the Honorable Ex. U. S. Supreme Judge as a "hen," because of his feathery appearance. Next week we expect to hear of him being likened to a guinea-chicken, because of his speckled and spotted complexion politically. Evidently there is a strong disposition to make game of the gentleman.

It does look as if we ought to run for congress or governor, or some other little office ourse ves, to keep in countenance with such men as Paddock, of the Fort Worth Democrat, Nat Q. Henderson, of the Georgetown Record, Jack Marlin, of the Gainesville Register and Peyton, of the late San Saba News. The fact is these gentlemen have bees in their hats and want some chicken-pie. They won't be satisfied, they say, unless they can get to the Texas legislature, but we, being modest, will be satisfied if we can get a small place in the next cabinet at Washington, City—say for instance secretary of the treasury. Next!

The Fort Worth Democrat is on the war-path. It propounded the conundrum: "How a man could save \$40,000 in four years out of a salary of \$2,000 a year!" and, referring to the fact that the friends of the chief clerk of the Comptroller's office are indignant, says: "Indignation is a good word, but it is not the answer to the conundrum. They have our permission to make a second guess." This week it comes out red-hot against Commissioner Walsh, of the General Land Office, and in explanation remarks, "the Democrat proposes to be an humble instrument in weeding out some of the errors—to draw it mildly—which have crept into the administration of our state affairs." If "errors" there have been in the administration of our state affairs, and they are attributable either to corruption or incompetency, they ought to be rooted out, and the Democrat will be engaged in a good work. We wish you success, Paddock, in all your efforts looking to the purification of the civil service.

The Greenbackers of Burnet county have nominated a full county ticket, and the Bulletin is—almost mad. It calls on the people, irrespective of party, to rally and nominate a "People's Ticket," that this party ticket may be defeated. We think, as the Bulletin does, that party nominations for county officers ought not to be encouraged, but, if we mistake not, when the Bulletin and its party friends were in power in Burnet they hurried for a straight ticket. Isn't that so, "partner?"

## Food for the Bears.

[Little Rock Gazette.]

The other day a lady, accompanied by her son, a very small boy, boarded a train at Little Rock. The woman had a careworn expression hanging over her face like a tattered veil, and in response to the rapid questions asked by the boy were answered by unconscious sighs.

"Ma," said the boy, "that man's like a baby, ain't he?" pointing to a bald-headed man sitting just in front of them.

"Hush!"

"Why must I hush?"

After a few moments' silence: "Ma, what's the matter with that man's head?"

"Hush, I tell you. He is bald."

"What's bald?"

"His head hasn't got any hair on it."

"Did it come off?"

"I guess so."

"Will mine come off?"

"Sometime, may be."

"Then I'll be bald, won't I?"

"Yes."

"Will you care?"

"Don't ask so many questions."

After another silence the boy exclaimed: "Ma, look at that fly on that man's head."

"If you don't hush I'll whip you when we get home."

"Look! There's another fly. Let me fight it!"

"Madam," said the man, putting aside the newspaper and looking around, "What's the matter with that young hyena?"

The woman blushed, stammered out something, and attempted to smooth back the boy's hair.

"One fly, two flies, three flies," said the boy innocently, following with his eyes a basket of oranges carried by a newsboy.

"Here, you young hedgehog, if you don't hush, I'll have the conductor put you off the train."

The poor woman, not knowing what else to do, boxed the boy's ears, and then gave him an orange to keep him from crying.

"Ma, have I got red marks on my head?"

"I'll slap you again if you don't hush."

"Mister," said the boy, after a short silence, "does it hurt to be bald-headed?"

"Youngster," said the man, "if you'll keep quiet I'll give you a quarter."

The boy promised, and the money was paid over.

The man took up his paper and resumed his reading.

"This is my bald-headed money," said the boy. "When I get bald-headed I'm going to give boys money. Mister, have all bald-headed men got money?"

The annoyed man threw down his paper, arose and exclaimed: "Madam, hereafter when you travel leave that young gorilla at home. Hitherto I always thought that the old prophet was very cruel for calling the she bears to kill children for making sport of his head, but now I am forced to believe that he did a Christian act. If your boy had been in the crowd he would have died first. If I can't find another seat on this train I'll ride on the cow-catcher rather than remain here."

"The bald-headed man is gone," said the boy, and the woman leaned back and blew a tired sigh from her lips.

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C. BAIN, Gen'l Manager and Supt.  
CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL FROM SAN ANTONIO AND AUSTIN, TEXAS, TO

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YOUR AUNTS!

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## Large Stock of General Merchandise

THEY TRY TO KEEP EVERYTHING

## Ranch Supplies a Specialty.

## CONSIGNMENTS OF HIDES AND WOOL SOLICITED.

Liberal cash advances made on same and shipped to their Correspondents in

GALVESTON AND NEW YORK.

## Don't fail to Call and See their Goods.

## WILSON & HOWARD,

## Billiard Hall and Club Room,

Corner Concho Avenue and Oakes Street.

FORT CONCHO, TEXAS.

Nothing but Choice Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Celebrated A. Wickliffe and other choice brands kept in stock.

# JOHN GRADEN'S BAKERY, FORT CONCHO, TEXAS.

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## Fresh Bread, Pies & Cakes.

Also a choice stock of Groceries and Confectionaries always on hand.

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## City Meat Market,

Next door to Wilson & Howard's.

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Always keeps a good supply of choice Beef Mutton, Pork, Fish, Sausage, etc.

The best of meats at the lowest prices for cash.

PATTON & LUNGKWITZ,

Dealers in

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FORT CONCHO, TEXAS.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1880.

## WHAT THE PRESS SAYS OF GARFIELD AND ARTHUR.

ATLANTA, June 9.—The Constitution thinks the machine will not work satisfactory in New York, and the ticket can be beaten.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—The Times says Gen. Garfield is a very fair representative of the better element of the republican party, superior to most of his competitors at Chicago in mental force, and equal to them in other essential attributes.

The Picayune says the nomination of Garfield relieves the country from apprehensions of the dangers involved in a third term, refers to De Golyer and credit mobilier scandals, and says: "But Garfield is, all these reasons to the contrary, a strong candidate and a party favorite."

The Democrat says Garfield is in every sense a typical republican. He has long been conspicuous as an exponent of most pronounced hostility to the south; was one of the visiting statesmen in 1876 and 1877; figured as a signer of the subsequent report, a document remarkable for its correctness and misrepresentations. As a member of the famous 5 to 7 commission, he sustained his part in the plot to defraud the people of the legitimate fruits of the election of 1876.

RICHMOND, Va., June 8.—The State says: The third term is killed forever. There is now no danger of a divided south, for the whole section will be united as one man upon the candidate nominated at Cincinnati, who, if he be the right man, will have an easy victory.

The Dispatch, in its editorial to-morrow rejoices and congratulates the country upon the defeat of the third term, a synonym of the empire. It draws a comparison between Grant and Garfield to the advantage of the latter, and says he will not allow the function of his high office to be usurped should he be elected.

The Commonwealth thinks the nomination one of the strangest that the party could have made. It is an attempt to disguise the issue of a gov't for office as against a gov't of law, which the nomination of Grant would have proclaimed.

CHARLETON, S. C., June 8.—The News and Courier to-morrow will say that Gen. Garfield will make a stronger run by far than either Grant or Blaine, but he is not as unobjectionable a candidate as Edmunds or Washburne. It expects that his course during the canvass will be to stir up every bitter memory on the line of his Dayton speech, last October, so as to array the solid north against the solid south.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—The press to-morrow will say: We regard the nomination of Mr. Garfield as the most fortunate one which the convention could have placed before the country.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The Journal of Commerce says: This is undoubtedly the strongest nomination that could have been made. It is an out and out defeat of the third-term idea, a complete frustration of the entire machine manage-

ment, and an emphatic seal of condemnation on the corruption that marked Grant's administration. If the democrats at Cincinnati give us a man of equally high character, the people of this country may breathe more freely in regard to their political future than they have before for many years.

The States Zeitung, commenting on the acts of the Chicago convention, will to-morrow say: The nomination is more remarkable for that which has been frustrated than for what has been accomplished. The defeat of Grant and Blaine is a great victory not only for the republican party, but for the whole country.

The Herald says: Before proceeding to comment on the result at Chicago, we must first of all congratulate the republican party on its narrow escape from a great danger, viz: the possible nomination of Grant, which would have been a millstone around its neck, and would have sunk it in the depth of the sea. We do not know whether we ought to congratulate the republican party or console with it.

The Times to-morrow will say: The Chicago convention has followed sundry familiar precedents, and from the second rank of available republicans, it has made a very excellent choice, and one which has the great merit of uniting all sections of the party for a harmonious, aggressive and probably successful campaign.

BALTIMORE, June 8.—The Gazette, to-morrow will say: Mr. Garfield's record will come to the surface, and there will not be found in it much to encourage the people to support him at the polls.

## The Republican Presidential Nominee.

(Galveston News.)

James Abraham Garfield, who was selected by the Chicago convention as the republican nominee for president, was born in Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, near Holland, November 19th, 1831, and was the youngest of four children. His father was a small farmer, and dying in 1836, left the family dependent upon their own exertions. Determined to have the best education his means would allow, young Garfield labored on the farm in summer and as a carpenter in the winter, reading such books as he could get possession of, and attending the common schools when he could afford it. He finally hired himself as a driver of a canal boat on the Ohio canal, where he saved up enough money to go to a school, in an adjoining county, called Geauga Academy. By living cheaply and working at the carpenter's bench mornings and evenings, he saved up enough to take him to Williams College, Massachusetts, which he entered in 1851, and from whence he graduated in 1855.

## HIS RELIGIOUS PROCLIVITIES.

Before going to college he had attached himself to the sect founded by Alexander Campbell, some of the peculiarities of which are that they formulate no creed and have no regular ministry. Returning to Ohio, he naturally gravitated to a struggling little College of the sect at Hiram, Portage county, near his old home. He soon became professor of Latin and Greek in the College at Hiram, and after a time was accustomed to speak of Sunday evenings in the churches of the town, anyone having a right to preach among the Disciples, as the sect was called, no ordination being required. It was from these Sunday discourses that the story originated that Gen. Garfield was at one time a preacher.

## ENTRANCE INTO POLITICAL LIFE.

In 1859 the College President was elected to the state senate from the counties of Portage and Summit. The war came on in 1861, when he at once became active in arranging for the arming of the State militia, and his earnestness and eloquence soon made him conspicuous.

## HIS MILITARY SERVICE.

Early in 1861 he entered the military

service of his state, and was made colonel of the 42nd Ohio infantry. He took the field in eastern Kentucky, was given command of a brigade, and his first military exploit of any consequence was the surprise and rout of the confederate forces under the command of Gen. Humphrey Marshall, at Piketon. From eastern Kentucky Gen. Garfield was transferred to Louisville, and from that place hastened to join the army of Gen. Buell, which he reached with his brigade in time to participate in the second day's fighting at Pittsburg Landing. He took part in the siege of Corinth and in the operations along the Memphis & Charleston railroad. In January, 1863, he was made chief of staff of the army of the Cumberland, and bore a prominent share in all the campaigns in middle Tennessee the spring and summer of that year.

His last conspicuous military service was at the battle of Chickamauga. For his conduct in that battle he was promoted to a major generalship.

## ELECTED TO CONGRESS.

Gen. Garfield was elected to congress in 1862, while he was in the field, representing the district which for so many years returned Joshua R. Giddings, one of the famous anti-slavery champions of the north. On entering congress, in December, 1863, Gen. Garfield was placed upon the committee on military affairs, with Schenck and Farnsworth, who were also fresh from the field. He took an active part in the debates of the house and won a recognition which few members succeeded in gaining. He was not popular among his fellow-members during his first term. They thought him something of a pendant, because he sometimes showed his scholarship in his speeches, and they were jealous of his prominence. His solid attainments and amiable social qualities enabled him to overcome this prejudice during his second term, and he became on terms of friendship with the best men in congress. His committee service

during his second term, on the way, and means, which was quite to his taste, for it gave him an opportunity to prosecute the studies in finance and political economy which he had always felt a fondness for. He was a hard worker and a great reader in those days, going home with his arms full of books from the congressional library and sitting up late nights to read them. It was then that he laid the foundations of the convictions on the subject of national finance, which he has since held to firmly amid all the storms of political agitation. He was renominated in 1864, without opposition. In 1866 an effort was made to defeat him, but he was again elected. In 1872 the liberals and democrats united to beat him, but his majority was larger than ever. In 1874 the greenbackers and democrats combined and put up a popular soldier against him, but they made no impression on the result. The Ash-tabula district, as it is generally called, is the most faithful to its representatives of any in the north. It has had but four members in half a century.

## HIS WORK IN CONGRESS.

In the fortyeth congress, General Garfield was chairman of the committee on military affairs. In the forty-first he was given the chairmanship of banking and currency, which he liked much better, because it was in the line of his financial studies. His next promotion was to the chairmanship of the appropriations committee, which he held until the democrats came into power in the house in 1875. His chief work on that committee was a steady and judicious reduction of the expenses of the government. In all the political struggles of congress he has borne a conspicuous part, and is regarded as one of the most effective debaters in the house. When James G. Blaine went to the senate, in 1877, the mantle of republican leadership in the house was by common consent placed upon Garfield, and he has worn

it ever since. In January last General Garfield was elected to the senate, to the seat which will be vacated by Allen G. Thurman on the 4th of March, 1881. He received the unanimous vote of the republican caucus, an honor never given any man of any party in the state of Ohio.

## PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS.

In person General Garfield is six feet high, broad-shouldered and square built. He has an unusually large head, that seems to be three-fourths forehead, light brown hair and beard, large, light blue eyes, a prominent nose and full cheeks. He dresses plainly, is fond of broad-brimmed slouch hats and stout boots, eats heartily, cares nothing for luxurious living, is thoroughly temperate in all respects save in that of brain-work, and is devoted to his wife and children and very fond of his country home. Among men he is genial, approachable, companionable and a remarkably entertaining talker.

## THE NOMINEE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

The candidate for president having been taken from Ohio, it was to have been expected that the convention would look to New York or New England for a proper person to take the second place on the ticket, and, if possible, strengthen the party in some of the debatable states especially Connecticut and New York. Accordingly the selection falls upon Gen. Chester A. Arthur, who has had considerable experience in civil administration as well as command in the field, but who has never been regarded as particularly popular with the people, or brilliant, either as a leader or speaker. Gen. Arthur is, however, of the eminently respectable class of politicians, who manage their individual affairs with consummate tact. He is at present collector of the port of New York, which he secured after the removal of Mr. Cornell by the president in consequence of his refusal to resign his position in violation of the New York law against such a course. He will make a very fair tally to the Garfield ticket, but whether he can carry New York, which was the purpose of the nomination, remains to be seen.

A certain judge whose pompous and officious ways tempted some of the lawyers to acts which his honor construed to contempt, fined them five dollars each. When they paid their fines, a certain dry and steady-going old attorney walked up to the bench and laid down a ten dollar bill. What is that for? asked the judge. For contempt, your honor, was the reply. Why, I have not fined you for contempt, said the judge. I know that, said the lawyer, but I want you to understand that I cherish a secret contempt for the court all the time, and I am willing to pay for it.

Exterminate the prairie dogs and get rid of the flees and rattlesnakes. Unslacked lime dropped into their holes is said to be a dead shot. Try it.

LAND FOR SALE.—In Concho county, survey No. 1856, patented to Louis Wylie and C. W. Daron, 1113 acres. Also survey No. 1679 and 1980, patented to Louis Gleisner. Inquire of E. A. STRIBLING, June 7-11 San Antonio, Texas.

IMPORTED BUCKS FOR SALE.—Imported Bucks from two to four years old. Also about 450 ewes at GRINNELL, TWEDY & CO'S. June 7-11 Dove Creek.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Lot 49, block Number 3, village of Ben Ficklin. A good adobe house, 20x50 feet, rock foundation. Sale ordered by the Probate Court, and will be sold cheap for cash. C. D. FOOTE, d&w-1w

MERINO BUCKS FOR SALE.—Seventeen thoroughbred Merino bucks, sheared, average of 17½ pounds. Can be seen at the Mail Station, Ben Ficklin. C. B. METCALFE, May 31-41

COUNTY SEAT.—The undersigned as agent for William Wahrmond, of Fredericksburg, is now prepared to make deeds to town property in the village of BEN FICKLIN. Title perfect, and on record for examination. C. D. FOOTE, Ben Ficklin, Texas, May 24, 1880. d&w-1w11



ANNOUNCEMENTS

SHERIFF

To the voters of Tom Green County, I hereby announce myself a candidate for sheriff of your county, and respectfully solicit your votes at the election in November next.

We are authorized to announce D. A. BECHTOLD as a candidate for election to the office of SHERIFF of Tom Green county at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce R. W. THOMAS as a candidate for election to the office of SHERIFF of Tom Green county at the ensuing election.

CLERK

We are authorized to announce W. H. RUSSELL as a candidate for election to the office of CLERK of Tom Green county at the ensuing election.

We are authorized to announce JAMES MOORE as a candidate for election to the office of CLERK of Tom Green county at the ensuing election.

POLITICAL NOTES

Hon. John R. Reagan is announced as a candidate for re-election to Congress to represent the 1st district of Texas. So far we have heard of no opposition to him, hence suppose it probable he will, as heretofore, have a walk-over.

Col. Hart, of the Dallas bar, is prominently spoken of as a proper man to succeed Judge Clark, of the Court of Appeals. The question is why should't he be? He is a hard and good worker on the bench.

Col. N. C. McMillan has been spoken of as a probable candidate either for Congress in the 9th District or for a place on the Court of Appeals bench, but since he says "I'd not all greenbackers," it is thought he may not run out to be the most available candidate.

The greenbackers of Texas meet in State Convention in Austin on the 23rd inst., and there it is alleged that the late Gen. R. M. Gano, of Dallas, will succeed Gen. W. H. Hamman as the party candidate for Governor. We will have to wait to see if this is true, but his eye on Col. Mill's place in Congress.

Col. John McCoy, the "silent man" of Austin, as the Statesman puts it, has been heard from, and he says that the masses of the democratic party of Texas are almost a unit for the "old alcalde." In view of the fact that it is not yet announced who the politicians are in favor of, it remains an open question who will be the democratic nominee for governor.

We want to inform you, Texas, hence we wish to nominate Goshog, of the Quill, for governor, or any other office he wants. It is customary to charge every man who aspires, with being a fool, or words to that effect, but there is no danger of any one ever charging the gentleman from Castroville with being a goose. We wait to see what he will be when he is full grown, but just now he is safe so far as that charge is concerned, at least.

The indications at this writing point to Col. Sam Shepard, of Belton, as the man who will have to tackle Col. Wash Jones in the 5th Congressional District. His friends appear to be confident that he can be easily elected, but Jones' friends, on the other hand, say that their favorite will come out far ahead. What an everlastingly blessed thing it is to have friends to bet on your election, when you are running for office! Suppose you do get beat, what is the pain of disappointment to compare with the pleasure of anticipation?

STATE NEWS

Frank Leonard, colored, was killed at Fort Worth on the 10th inst., by the cars.

The firemen's convention at San Antonio was a splendid success. Sherman was selected as the next place of meeting.

Mr. S. Doyle, a painter who fell from the T. and P., trestle over the Trinity, died of his injuries in Dallas on the 10th.

The surveying corps of the Montgomery Central R. R. started from Willis June 10, running a line in an easterly direction.

The Currie case is being tried at Marshall. Mr. Harvey has been selected and Harvey and Barrymore have been examined—no results yet.

Mr. T. J. McCarthy sold 1000 lbs. of wool in Austin, Texas, and says he lost \$1800 by not selling at his ranch in Concho county.

The scholastic census of Dallas county, show 3301 children within the scholastic ages, an increase over last year of 621. The total number of colored children is 558.

The Democratic State Convention of the 10th inst., and nominated for district judge Robertson. J. S. Hogg of Hood county, was nominated for district attorney.

In the case of the state vs. Kelly, concluded in Ellis county, the defendant was convicted of wantonly and maliciously assaulting a female, reports against the chastity of a young lady, in the town of Ferris. The fine assessed was \$100 and costs.

Behavior university located at Independence, Texas, during the last session, 1879-80, pupils last session. The comment on exercises are just over, and the literary societies. The comment on the sermon was preached by Rev. W. Bailey, D. D., of Galveston, and the literary sermon by Rev. C. C. Chapman, D. D. of Brenham.

Gen. W. H. Hamman, of Marshall, was shot and instantly killed in Marshall on the 11th inst. by Mr. Hart Jennings, one of the editors and proprietors of the Marshall Messenger. He was a member of the 15th and 16th legislatures of Texas, representing the floater district composed of the counties of Harrison, Cooke, Garza, Shelby and Smith. He was elected temporary, then permanent Chairman, and was a possible nominee of the democracy for lieutenant governor.

Proceedings of the National Greenback Labor Convention.

FIRST DAY.

Chicago, June 9.—The convention was called to order in the Exposition building, at noon. Hon. Gilbert De la Matyr, member of Congress from the Indianapolis District, was elected temporary chairman. The roll of States being called, all credentials being informally canvassed, it appeared that 118 delegates were in attendance, representing every State in the Union. It is seldom that a finer looking body of men is seen anywhere. Solon Chase, of Maine, Gen. J. B. Weaver, of Iowa, Stephen D. Dillaye, of New Jersey, Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, of Pennsylvania, Gen. Benj. F. Butler, of Massachusetts, Mr. Allis, of Michigan, and Gov. Campbell, of Illinois, are being canvassed for the presidential nomination, and Gen. Benj. J. Chambers, of Texas, and Gen. A. M. West, of Mississippi, will be voted for for the vice presidential nomination. The indications point tonight to Weaver and Chambers as the ticket.

SECOND DAY.

Chicago, June 10.—The convention reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning.

The committee on credentials made a report, recommending the admission of 187 delegates from the Hoyt-Pomeroy wing of the party. There was, however, a dissenting minority report, and a hot debate ensued on a motion to substitute the minority for the majority report. Pending the decision of the question the convention took a recess.

Upon reassembling, the convention adopted a series of resolutions denouncing bondholders and monopolies, and favoring protection of labor, and the issue of legal tender money, to be manufactured and issued by the government alone.

The Hoyt-Pomeroy wing of the party, which was in session in another hall, was then admitted, and the two organizations consolidated and organized, with Richard S. Trevelack as president. They also admitted the socialist club to seats. In adopting the platform they commenced contention amid great disorder. On the resolution that every person of due age, sound mind and not a felon should be enfranchised, the committee recommended the change of the word "person" to "citizen," with reference to each state. Report was adopted, and efforts to ballot were urged amid the greatest confusion, although no intention appeared to avoid the ballot except as to the right of socialists to vote.

THIRD DAY.

Chicago, June 11.—The convention met at 3.25. It was moved that the convention proceed to ballot for nominee for president of the United States. An informal ballot was first taken, the result of which was announced at 4.10 a. m., just as daylight was breaking. It stood: Weaver, 224; Wright, 126; Dillaye, 118; Butler, 95; Chase, 89; Allis, 81; Campbell, 21.

Before the announcement of the first regular ballot, it became evident that Weaver had a clear majority, and all the delegates hastened to change their votes for that candidate. Motions came from a portion of the convention to make the nomination unanimous, and just as the sun shone through the eastern windows, the result was announced as 718 for Gen. Weaver—a total vote, and without any motion his nomination was made unanimous.

B. J. Chambers, of Texas, was nominated for vice president.

At 6 a. m. Gen. Weaver came into the hall apparently fresh after a good night's sleep, and accepted the nomination tendered him by the sleepless convention. After passing the usual votes of thanks, the convention adjourned sine die.

Next week we will give the platform adopted. It favors a full legal tender paper money, to be issued by the general government alone; declares that labor should be protected by national and state authority; that all public lands should be reserved for actual settlers; that congress should regulate inter-state commerce; that all property should bear its proportion of taxes; demands a graduated income tax; denounces restriction of the right of suffrage; opposes increasing the standing army; favors taking from congressional committees powers claimed to be greater than the president's veto, and denounces attempts to stir up sectional strife.—Ed.

Kawns, Buens and all kinds of ladies dress goods are offered at reduced figures at Frank & Schwartz.

REAL PROPERTY.—THE INTEREST OF the estate of F. C. Taylor in the property known as the Ben Ficklin Mill will be SOLD CHEAP. This is the best mill property on the Concho. 12 feet head of water, 20-inch turbine wheel and one pair 21-inch bulps; now in operation. Apply to C. D. FOOTE, Ben Ficklin, Texas.

STERRETT & SHERWOOD, Tom Green Co., Texas Post Office, Fort Concho.



A Good Wagon Yard attached to the Store for the Accommodation of Customers.



DON'T FORGET IT THAT AT FRANK & SCHWARTZ'S STORE, In the Line of General Merchandise at Bottom Prices. BRING US YOUR HIDES, WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.



self. And the canary in his cage took up the song, and no harsh voice silenced him. The poor child always comforted herself with the thought that her present mental position was only temporary; she only assumed it until she could find some other way to make a living. Mrs. Jones was very sweet and kind, kinder than any one she had lived with during the year. She really had something to be thankful for.

Feeling that she must not indulge in repining on such a day, Polly summoned her brightest thoughts, and even a dimple or two peeped out as she thought of that happy morning over the pies, and her absurd mistake.

"I suppose he and Melissa are married long since. Oh! if I could only hear him speak once more."

The morning slipped away, and Polly was surprised when she heard them coming home from church.

Again she was making pumpkin pies. Mrs. Jones had said: "Oh! do make good old-fashioned pumpkin pies. Mr. Jones thinks there is nothing more delicious, and I know he would like some on Thanksgiving Day."

So now the cook stood beside the table with her curls tucked under a somewhat coquettish little cap, a long, demure apron on, and her sleeves rolled up. Presently she heard steps and laughing voices in the passage, the door opened, and she looked up surprised, with her sister in her hand. Mrs. Jones was holding her long velvet skirt around her, saying: "Tom is such a goose; he thinks nobody ever had such a house, and he will drag you from garret to cellar. I hope you don't mind it."

Receiving no answer, she turned and looked at her guest. He was standing in front of Polly, who, crimson and trembling, was letting the flour dribble down on the floor.

"Can it be possible!" he said, huskily. "Can it be possible that I have found you, I had almost lost hope."

And right there, before the astonished eyes of Mr. and Mrs. Jones, the floury arms of their new cook went around the minister's neck, and she was sobbing on his immaculate coat.

"But aren't you married to Melissa?" The minister smiled at this well-timed question.

"I have never contemplated such a thing for a moment," he answered. "I have never loved any one but you, Polly, since the morning I overheard your aunt abusing you, and I caused you to put pepper in the pies. You bore it all so meekly and patiently that, though I had only admired you before, I loved you from that moment."

"Isn't that the most romantic thing you ever heard of?" said little Mrs. Jones to her husband that night. "Just think of our cook marrying Frank" and she laughed gleefully. "But she is always such a darling, I felt like missing her the first time I ever saw her. She shall be married from here, and the parsonage is ever so much handsomer than this house."

"I think it is the most charming thing that ever occurred."

Tom, selfish man, made a wry face. "I can't say that I am altogether delighted. Some other woman might have suited Frank just as well, and I am afraid we'll never find another cook who can make such glorious pumpkin pies."

There are some men who have incurred too many hardships and difficulties to be presumptuous and confident in success, and they have been too often and too wonderfully extricated from them to be despondent.

Lawyer (to witness)—"Did you say that an incompetent man could keep a hotel just as well as anybody?" Witness—"No; I said an inn-experienced man could."

From San Antonio.

SAN ANTONIO, June 7.—News from a private source has been received here that Dr. P. Ornelas, Mexican consul in this city, and Gen. Trevino, left Piedras Negras, Mexico, to-day, for San Antonio. It is generally believed, and no attempt is made to contradict the rumor, that the suit of Gen. Trevino for the hand of Miss Bertie Ord in marriage, has been successful. This unannounced and unofficial visit of that distinguished officer goes a long way towards confirming the report.

The Bexar county district court convened and organized the grand jury this morning.

Radway & Co., grocers, on the Military plaza, made an assignment for about \$3500 this morning.

How Grant Received the News.

CHICAGO, June 9.—The Times this morning prints the following: Galena, Ill., June 8.—General Grant was at General Rowley's office as usual this afternoon receiving dispatches, when the news of Garfield's nomination was received. He said it was all right he was satisfied, and soon left for home.

Watterson, of the Courier-Journal, steps for a moment out of the political hurly-burly to indite the following touching tenderlines:

'Twas in the gloaming,  
By the fair Wyoming,  
That I left my darling many years ago,  
And memory tender,  
Brings her back in splendor,  
With her cheeks of roses and brow of snow.

But where in thunder  
Is she now, I wonder?  
Oh! my soul, be quiet and my sad heart, hush:  
Under the umbrella  
Of another feller—  
Ah, I think I see her paddling through the slush.

Prof. Tice has written to the Denver news asking whether any or what houses destroyed at Savoy by the cyclone had metal roofs. He says that no building within or near the track of a tornado having a metal roof ever escapes, and the effect on them always proves worse than on those covered with shingles. The professor may be somewhat surprised when he learns that not a single one of the buildings destroyed in that unfortunate town had metal roofs. Our opinion is that a rushing, roaring cyclone is not particular what kind of a roof it tackles.

Notice Extraordinary.

The MASON NEWS ITEM, one of the best and most popular papers in Texas, will be sent to subscribers of the Concho TIMES, living in Tom Green county, for \$1.50 per year—regular price \$2. The TIMES will be sent to subscribers of the NEWS ITEM, living in Mason county, for \$1.50 per year—regular price \$2.

Camp Meeting Notice.

A camp meeting will be held on the Concho river one mile above Capt. Mullins' place, commencing Thursday night before the second Sunday in July, and continuing five days.

The meeting will be conducted on the self-sustaining plan. Bring your families, your tents and provisions, and worship under the shade of the trees.

C. M. CARPENTER, P. C.

The Concho TIMES and Mason News ITEM one year for \$3.50.

Board of Equalization of Tom Green county 1880.

Notice to property owners and their agents. The commissioner's court of Tom Green county will meet as a board of equalization Monday, the 28th day of June 1880, and continue in session until the business before them is finished.

Parties who consider that they have been assessed in the valuation placed upon their properties, are notified to bring their declarations before the board as directed by law, on or as soon as possible after that date.

A true copy of the minutes of the commissioner's court made and entered on the 14th day of June 1880, and ordered published.

Witness John Lackey, Clerk of the County Court in and for said county.

Given under my hand and seal this 21st day of May, 1880.

JOHN LACKEY, Clerk.

ASA FRARY

(AGENT FOR MRS. A. E. TANFERSLEY.)

DEALER IN

General Merchandise,  
CONCHO AVENUE,  
Fort Concho, Texas.

Call Around

—AT—

JACKSON & SELBY'S COLD ROOM,  
Fort Concho, Texas,  
For Choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

HIRAM LIGHTNER,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,  
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,  
Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Etc.,  
(OPPOSITE W. S. VECK'S.)  
Fort Concho, Texas.

Adam Meckel,

Boot and Shoe Maker

AND DEALER IN

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, etc.

CONCHO AVENUE FORT CONCHO, TEXAS

Good workmen in both departments. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call and examine Stock.

NIMITZ HOTEL,

Corner Concho Avenue and Chadbourne Street,

FORT CONCHO, TEXAS.

E. A. NIMITZ, Proprietor.

This house is now open and fitted up for the accommodation of guests. The table at all times be supplied with the very best the market affords. Reasonable rates.

The Fort Concho Drug Store

KEEPS A FULL LINE OF

Drugs and Medicines,

--ALSO--

FANCY TOILET ARTICLES, PAINTS, OILS, AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

Periodicals and School Books.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully prepared.

W. S. LATON, M. D., Proprietor.

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