

Capitan News.

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 7.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, JANUARY 25, 1907.

NUMBER 47

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

The board of county commissioners met at Lincoln, N. M., on Monday, January 21st, for the purpose of canvassing the votes cast at the election in the various precincts of the county on Monday, January 14, 1907.

Present—Hon. P. L. Krouse, chairman; R. A. Duran and R. H. Taylor, members; W. E. Kimbrell, clerk; and J. W. Owen, sheriff.

Thereupon the board proceeded to canvas the votes of the said precinct election with the following result:

Precinct 1.—For justice, Francisco Gomez received 51 votes and Samuel Former for constable, 51 votes, and were declared duly elected.

Precinct 2.—For justice Francisco Trujillo received 41 votes and Teofilo Salas 65 votes; for constable, Robert Brady 60 and Miguel Luna 45. Teofila Silas and Robert Brady having received a majority of the votes cast were declared elected.

Precinct 5.—For justice, Antonio Otero Chavez received 11 votes, and Jose Perea for constable 11 votes, and were declared elected.

Precinct 7.—For justice, A. H. Norton received 2 votes and C. L. Kennedy 19; for constable, Sabino Gonzales 20. C. L. Kennedy and Sabino Gonzales were declared elected.

Precinct 8.—For justice, H. C. Cray received 14 votes and Wm. Watson 6; for constable, Perfecto Archuleta 14, Lawrence Dow 4 and R. H. Taylor 1. H. C. Cray and Perfecto Archuleta were declared elected.

Precinct 9.—For justice, Jno. A. Haley 77, C. Hightower 1, Ramon Trujillo 1 and Colonel Fredericks 1; for constable W. M. Reily 55 and Newt Kemp 28. Jno. A. Haley and W. M. Reily were declared elected.

Precinct 11.—For justice, E. Konce 12 and C. B. Bender 2; for constable, Joe Cochran 8, Lee Oswald 6. E. Krouse and Joe Cochran were declared elected.

Precinct 13.—For justice, J. L. Jones 33 and J. S. Beaty for constable 32, and were declared duly elected.

Precinct 14.—For justice, N. S. Rose 18; for constable, John

Adams 18, and were declared elected.

No returns were received from precincts 3, 4, 6, 10 and 12.

The clerk is ordered to issue certificates of election to the persons elected as hereinafter shown:

The board adjourned as board of canvassers, and met as a board of county commissioners.

It is ordered by the board that William Booth's bid and bond be accepted for the construction of two passways on the new road around the crossings three miles above Lincoln. Said William Booth to comply strictly with the specifications, the work to be completed by March 1, 1907.

The board hereby authorizes and grants to Edward J. Coe a franchise to build a telephone line from Fort Stanton to Glencoe as per petition on file.

There being no further business the board adjourned until next regular meeting.

A Lincoln County Brand Book.

By reference to another column it will be seen that the beginning of a stock organization for Lincoln county has been made. The movement had its inception from a local organization on the Ruidoso, but the proposition has grown until now it is deemed advisable to secure membership from all parts of the county. The calculation of the movers of this association is to form a constitution and by-laws, and to print same in pamphlet form, the pamphlet to contain the brands and address of every member of the association. The association will have for its object mutual protection, a union against depredators, and a combination of its members, with which stock buyers may treat. Then, again, this local brand book may be of immense benefit to stockmen in locating estrayed or stolen stock. There seems to be no question as to the usefulness of such an association in this county, and from what information the News has had of the organization it believes it will bring good results, and that all stockmen, whether the owners of 10 or 10,000 head of stock, may work together with mutual benefits. J. V. Tully of Glencoe is the present secretary and treasurer of the association.

Oddfellows' ball, Jan. 28th.

Capitan Mercantile Company

The Largest and most complete stock of General Merchandise in Capitan.

We buy for cash and sell for cash at a small profit.

Our stock of staple and fancy Groceries is complete.

One class of goods is not marked down five cents and another marked up a dollar.

Examine our stock of goods before buying elsewhere.

P. G. PETERS, Prop.

A Case from Corona.

A case that attracted more or less attention was heard in Capitan Monday. The case had its origin at Corona, but as the complaining witness was J. C. Trapp, the justice of the peace of that precinct, the case was brought here. Cleve Hibbler was the defendant, and was charged with an assault with words. Geo. B. Barber, assistant district attorney, appeared for the territory, and Geo. Spence of Alamogordo represented the defendant. After an all-day trial by jury the defendant was acquitted. Among the witnesses for both the prosecution and defense were J. C. Trapp, W. R. Beaty, W. Roundtree, W. J. McAdams, John Richardson, Jeff Roundtree, Leonard Roundtree and Carl Adamson. There were two other cases of a similar nature, but the prosecuting attorney dismissed them.

Ran Amuck.

"He who puts into his stomach that which steals away his brain is not wise." Thursday forenoon an employe from the Fort visited Capitan, bowled up on corn juice, and passed through all the stages incident to a full-sized jag. Before the second glass had caught up with the first he became as frisky as a young colt, then he became as mischievous as a monkey; another glass, and he seemed imbued with the courage of a lion, he then roared like a bull, and finally rolled on the public street like a hog. In the meantime, and while passing from one stage to another, he made the pure and pine-perfumed atmos-

phere of this place sulphurous with the foul language that fell from his mouth; windows and doors had to be tightly closed to keep out the fumes, and children had to be locked up to prevent their young minds becoming polluted. It took the combined efforts of six men to throw him down and tie him hands and feet. At six o'clock the same evening, he had not recovered sufficiently to be brought into court, and was allowed to be taken home in a wagon. He will be called upon later to answer for his conduct.

Notice to Stockmen.

The Glencoe Stock Association is getting out a brand book of its own and other Lincoln county brands, and invites all stockmen to list their brands for publication, at one dollar each, which will about defray cost.

Send brands and money to the Secretary of Association, who is authorized to receive and receipt for same.

J. V. TULLY, Sec. & Treas.,
Glencoe, N. M.

Examination of Teachers.

There will be an examination for third grade teachers' certificates held in the school house at Lincoln, N. M., on the 25th day of January, 1907, said day being the last Friday in said month.

All those who intend to teach a spring or summer term of school, and who have not the proper certificates entitling them to teach, are hereby notified that will have to attend this examination in order to procure the necessary certificates.

S. L. ANDERSON,
Superintendent.

THE CAPITAN NEWS

CAPITAN, - - NEW MEXICO.

Commander Peary has the American quality of determination, at any rate. It is given out that he will make another attempt to reach the north pole. In his last venture he went within 200 miles or less of the much-sought spot, and it is generally believed that had his dogs held out he could have succeeded. Perhaps next time he will take all the dogs that can be utilized, either as draught animals or for food. The advantage of the arctic canine is that he can be used either way.

Caliph, the hippopotamus in the New York Central park zoo, was recently moved to winter quarters in the lion house, and has been sick ever since he has been living indoors. His keeper diagnosed it as acute indigestion, and Caliph received medical treatment in the shape of a bucket of castor oil. Like 99 per cent. of humanity, Caliph has an aversion to castor oil. A wedge of wood to pry open Caliph's mouth and a hand force pump overcame his aversion, and, before the crowd that filled the lion house, Head Keeper Snyder pumped in a whole bucketful of castor oil.

The president of Bryn Mawr college, Miss Thomas, says she places the hazer on the same plane with the person who hurts birds, tortures kittens or teases a baby. In welcoming the incoming class of 120 girls she said that the college had been free of those rougher forms of hazing which, unfortunately, had existed in sister colleges, such as putting the girls under the pump, standing on their heads and tearing off their clothes. But that these crude forms of hazing exist among the young lady students of America will surprise many. They should take lessons from West Point of the past or the Harvard of the present.

There is a curious old market near Paris in which everything is sold at second-hand. Working girls can fit themselves out there from head to foot. As a writer says: "Mary can sell her old felt hat and buy a straw one, exchange her old dress for a new one, and if she likes, buy a steak and a salad for her dinner, a paper bag of fried potatoes, sweets, and some flowers for her window. Democracy is king here, and no more attention is paid to the millionaire who is looking for something marvelous, which he may pick up cheap, than to the man with the wooden leg who wants a new left boot in exchange for a dozen sardine tins, fine gloves and a stocking."

An Indiana man has grown a fine crop of hair on a head that had been bald for 20 years by merely going about last summer without a hat. It must have been the psychological moment, etc., with the Indiana man, for a lot of hair didn't grow on other bald heads that were left uncovered.

The production of gold in the mines of South Africa for the month of June was the greatest ever recorded. In the first six months of the current year the production was nearly \$6,000,000 greater than in the corresponding time last year.

Now that the interstate commerce commission has decided that the railroads cannot give land agents passes perhaps the intending purchaser will have time to do his own thinking when he goes out to look the property over.

Although a peace society has been organized in Japan, no nation without a competent navy should make faces at the little yellow men.

It is really very old-fashioned for Opportunity to knock at anybody's door when there is the electric bell right handy.

GOOD DRESSING FOR SALAD.

Some Ingredients That Improve Old-Time Mayonnaise.

This is simply a good mayonnaise to which capers, pickles, olives, parsley, etc., are added to make a pleasing acid sauce for fish, tongue, broiled chickens, crabs, etc.

To make it, mix together in a small bowl one saltspoonful salt, one-half saltspoonful paprika, or white pepper, and one teaspoonful each mustard and sugar; have in readiness the yolks of two eggs and a half or whole cup of olive oil that has been chilled on the ice. Break the egg yolks into the mixed condiments and begin beating with a fork or wooden spoon; then commence adding the oil, very slow at first, beating with a fork or Dover egg beater. As the yolks begin to thicken, the oil may be added more rapidly, and now the Dover beater is the thing to use. Keep on adding oil until the mixture is so stiff that the heater refuses to turn, then thin with lemon juice or vinegar or half and half. It will require from three to four tablespoonfuls according to taste. A mixture of tarragon vinegar with the other vinegar or lemon juice is especially appetizing. When the proper consistency add at the last, still beating, a few drops of onion juice, one tablespoonful each chopped olives, cucumber pickles and parsley; also, if desired, an equal amount of capers or nasturtium seed. A few of the nasturtium leaves chopped fine are also esteemed by many. This sauce will keep for days in a cold place. Before making it see that the bowl and egg heater are chilled as well as the ingredients.

MANY REMEDIES FOR STAINS.

Comparatively Simple to Remove Blemishes From Fabrics.

Stains from milk, cream, meat, blood, sweet oil: Soak in cold water for a few minutes, then rub on soap and wash well in cold water.

Pitch, tar, wheel grease, machine oil: Rub lard or butter into the stain and let stand half an hour, then scrape off the pitch or tar. Wash in cold water, rubbing plenty of soap on the stain.

Grass stains: Soak in alcohol or molasses.

Fruit, tea, coffee, cocoa, or chocolate stains: Spread the stain over a bowl and pour boiling water through until the stain disappears.

Vaseline stains: Soak in alcohol or kerosene.

Iodine stains: Wash with alcohol, ether, or chloroform.

Scorch stains: Wet the stain with soapsuds, then spread in the sun; cover the wet stain with starch made into a paste with soapsuds.

Ink stains: There are several processes for removing these stains, but owing to the various methods of making ink, a process that will be successful in removing one ink may have no influence on another. Here are some of the simple methods: Wash the stain in several cold waters and then with soap and water; wash in sweet milk; soak in sour milk; wash in clear water and then in a solution of oxalic acid, then wash thoroughly in cold water.

Cooking and Spoiling.

There are three kinds of cooking—negative, neutral and positive. The first is no cooking at all; it is only spoiling good material; it is simply jabbing wildly at a delicate duty. The neutral sort is the kind where a person eats and doesn't know it—just swallows and goes; no sentiment, no beauty, no delight in it. The third is where the light of the mind and the grace of the heart join in the delicate mingling of the material, and touch this and that feature of the process with the lovely vision of the sculptor who rounds the white muscle of Venus' shoulder, or of the artist who blends in a flower the tints of another world.—Ohio State Journal.

Gossip from Gotham.

Bits of News Gathered in the Metropolis by Our Correspondent—
Young Gould Shunned by Fellow Students;—Suburban Cottages Displacing Flats—An Expensive Drill Floor.



NEW YORK.—Kingdon Gould, eldest son of George J. Gould, is suffering the worst punishment that can be inflicted upon a college man—the punishment of ostracism because his associates believe that he committed the worst offense a college man can commit, that of "squealing."

Young Gould, an everyday American boy, dared say that he wouldn't be kidnaped—and he wasn't. He refused to wear a cap that was the badge of a freshman. From that day to this he has been systematically shunned by the very men who would have been his friends. He has tried to show that his resistance was only against insult; he has tried to make it clear that he is not a snob. He owns an automobile, but instead of coming to college daily in it, as he might do, he comes up for a five-cent fare in the subway. When the freshmen needed a shell badly for its crew young Gould gave the \$600 necessary for it. He gives to everything liberally, but not ostentatiously.

But he was persistently snubbed. He concluded to try the experiment of letting his fellow students haze him. So one evening he was reported to the "Black Avengers," a secret society of hazers, numbering 15. They took young Gould in hand and tortured him for two hours.

Young Gould came back last autumn prepared to enjoy the distinction of being himself a sophomore and having the fun of it. Instead he found nothing but frosty glances. An official public student ostracism was already awaiting for him.

It is the custom to put young men of means or position on the sophomore show committee, which arranges the sophomore dramatics, one of the social events of the year. Young Gould was left off this committee by his own class. He was eligible to the Engineering society; he did not join. He went to the summer camp at Morris, Conn., with his classmates and was eligible to the club. He did everything—had a valet serve tea and other refreshments every day to his less fortunate classmates—but all to no avail.

He is no longer a sophomore; he has risen to the proud position of an upper-class man. But still there is the cold shoulder for Kingdon Gould.

DECLINE IN POPULARITY OF FLAT BUILDINGS.



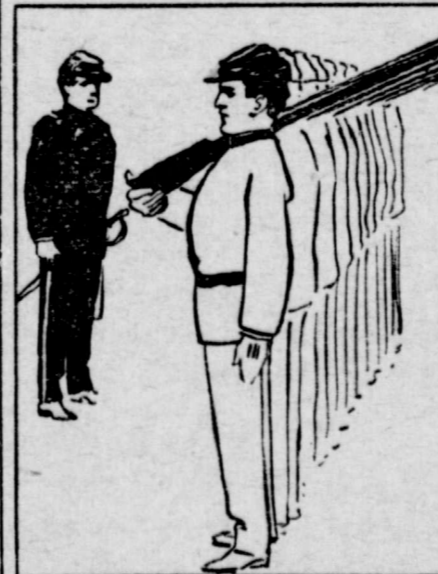
Flat builders in Manhattan and the Bronx are not planning new houses, says a real estate authority.

Flats are not in such strong demand as they were a few years ago. It is believed that flat building, which has been the chief form of structural activity in the recent past, will take an insignificant place among New York's building operations for the next few years.

The decline in flat building has resulted from a conjunction of several potent factors. There are too many flats; there are few available sites remaining; there is a growing dislike among the masses for flat-house homes; there is a constant pressure of business on flat-house districts, resulting in an increased outflow of flat dwellers to suburban cottages.

These conditions are reacting on the financial side of the flat-house situation in an unfavorable manner. Because the market prices of flat-houses were pushed to the top limit two and three years ago, when there was a real scarcity of flats and a genuine congestion of population, the new conditions make the market prices of old flats look too high. The increasing number of vacancies in flat-houses reduce the income from the properties. As a result, mortgage-lending companies refuse to lend as much money on flat-house mortgages as they were lending a few years ago. They also refuse to advance large building loans for the construction of new flat-houses, because they do not consider the flat-houses such a good form of investment as it has been.

DRILL FLOOR WHICH COST \$37,000.



The most expensive floor in Greater New York is that in the armory of the Fourteenth regiment, at Eighth avenue and Fifteenth street, Brooklyn. When entirely completed about \$37,500 will have been spent on it. Its dimensions are 260 feet by 190. Its area is about 45,800 feet in all.

The armory is situated over one of the veins of damp, marshy land which run through this section of Brooklyn, and give a great deal of trouble to builders of houses in the neighborhood. The soggy ground has proved very deleterious to all kinds of floors, causing rot to set in early. The armory floor suffered especially, repairs becoming necessary so frequently that carpenters' bills have footed up to nearly \$100,000 in the last ten years.

The armory officials finally decided that they would have a floor that would stay put, regardless of cost. The old floor was ripped up and cleared away. Heavy piles were then driven down until solid ground was reached. Beams were laid across these till a solid foundation was secured. A covering of concrete an inch thick was laid on next and coated with black varnish. A layer of cement was laid on this, followed by a bituminous composition known as "mastic." Into this were set blocks of interlocking wood flooring. These blocks are made of comb grain yellow pine, each 1½ by 2½ by 15 inches in size, so fitted into each other that no sleepers or nails were necessary. Planed off and finished with oil, the floor is now damp, germ, vermin, rot and fire proof, and while the process was expensive, the regiment now has a floor it can stand on.

TO COPE WITH CROUP.

Remedies the Mother Should Have on Hand for Emergencies.

When a doctor cannot be secured promptly in an emergency it is necessary to have a good remedy always on hand when children are inclined to be croupy.

A mother who will provide herself with half a pint of raw linseed oil can fight the worst case of croup she may meet with.

It is said to be an unfailing remedy and for quick results it beats anything else which can be given for that dread disease.

Half a teaspoonful is a dose, unless the child is choking very badly; then give a teaspoonful.

It acts two ways. In the first stage of croup, where there is not much mucus, it is loosened and carried off through the bowels.

In the second stage it causes vomiting, but, unlike ipecac, it leaves no soreness of the throat as an after difficulty.

It is rarely necessary to give more than one dose, when the child will get relief and go to sleep again.

This simple remedy is one that is within the reach of every mother and one that can be kept on hand at all times, and while it is in the house the dread membranous croup need cause no terrors.

BEEF TEA REQUIRES CARE.

Time Must Be Given for Extraction of Nutriments.

Every home nurse is supposed to know how to make beef tea, yet it is surprising how many failures are to be recorded in this apparently simple operation. The fault generally is that too little time is given to the cooking. The point to be borne in mind is that, as far as possible, the whole of the nutriment of the beef is to be extracted. The best method of doing this is to proceed as follows: Remove all the fat and skin from one pound of fresh gravy beef, cut it up in small pieces and put it into a stone jar with a pint of water and a little salt. Replace the lid of the jar and let it stand all night. The next morning place the jar in a saucepan of boiling water and let it simmer gently, but never boil, for five hours. Strain the fluid through a colander, but instead of throwing away the residue of the meat pound it in a mortar into a pulp, pass it through a wire sieve and add it to the beef tea. says Woman's Life. Beef tea made according to this recipe contains all the fiber and albumen of the meat, and is therefore much more nutritious than beef tea in the form it is usually given.

The Useful Dado.

Nothing is more economical in wall decoration than a dado. As the lower part of the walls become soiled more quickly than the upper, a room can often be freshened simply by renewing the dado without touching the upper walls. Another advantage of the dado is that it gives a room a comfortable and furnished appearance without the addition of a lot of furniture. This is particularly true of a hall or stairway where there is a lot of space that needs breaking up.

Delicious Chocolate Pudding.

A chocolate pudding which has the merit of being equally good at the second steaming is made as follows:

One-half cup of sugar, one-half cup of milk, one cup of flour, one egg, one large spoonful of butter, one teaspoonful of baking powder, one-half square of chocolate, melted. Mix well, and steam in a bowl one hour. For the sauce: Two eggs and one cup of sugar. Beat together and flavor with vanilla. —Harper's Bazar.

Plaid Seen Everywhere.

Everywhere one sees the touch of plaid. It is to be regretted that it is so popular, for that presages for it an early death, and it is a pretty fad when kept within the bounds of good taste.

Worth Knowing.

That Allcock's Plasters are the highest result of medical science and skill, and in ingredients and method have never been equaled.

That they are the original and genuine porous plasters upon whose reputation imitators trade.

That Allcock's Plasters never fail to perform their remedial work quickly and effectually.

That for Weak Back, Rheumatism, Colds, Lung Trouble, Strains and all Local Pains they are invaluable.

That when you buy Allcock's Plasters you obtain the best plasters made.

Wood at Eight Dollars a Pound.

"French walnut is the finest wood we have," said the cabinet-maker. "It comes from Persia, but it is prepared in France. I have seen French walnut worth \$8 a pound, and it is a common thing to pay \$2 a pound for it. Of course it is used principally for veneering. Only millionaires could have chairs and tables of solid French walnut.

"Mahogany, wonderful as it is, rarely fetches such high prices. From \$2 to \$3 is a very good price per pound for this wood.

"Ebony, if it is in a particularly large piece, so that it will cut well, will often bring \$5 a pound in the wood market."

Sympathy Not Needed.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, Norway's famous arctic explorer, now minister to Great Britain, makes light of the sympathy expressed by many persons anent the "hardships" of travelers. He says: "There never was such misplaced sympathy as commiserating a man who has lived in the wilds. Most men who travel in out-of-the-way parts of the world do so because they like it. People who live in the center of what is called civilization do not understand, cannot realize, the spell that getting close to nature, battling with nature, has on the heart." He does not believe in the use of alcoholic beverages, holding that while liquor will raise the temperature for a few minutes, after that it falls lower than before.

NO MEDICINE.

But Change of Food Gave Final Relief.

Most diseases start in the alimentary canal—stomach and bowels.

A great deal of our stomach and bowel troubles come from eating too much starchy and greasy food.

The stomach does not digest any of the starchy food we eat—white bread, pastry, potatoes, oats, etc.—these things are digested in the small intestines, and if we eat too much, as most of us do, the organs that should digest this kind of food are overcome by excess of work, so that fermentation, indigestion, and a long train of ills result.

Too much fat also is hard to digest, and this is changed into acids, sour stomach, belching gas, and a bloaty, heavy feeling.

In these conditions a change from indigestible foods to Grape-Nuts will work wonders in not only relieving the distress but in building up a strong digestion, clear brain and steady nerves. A Wash. woman writes:

"About five years ago I suffered with bad stomach—dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation—caused, I know now, from eating starchy and greasy food.

"I doctored for two years without any benefit. The doctor told me there was no cure for me. I could not eat anything without suffering severe pain in my back and sides, and I became discouraged.

"A friend recommended Grape-Nuts and I began to use it. In less than two weeks I began to feel better, and inside of two months I was a well woman and have been ever since.

"I can eat anything I wish with pleasure. We eat Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast, and are very fond of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," 16 pgs. "There's a reason."

Young Man Extensive Traveler.

Lord Ronaldshay, though only thirty years of age, probably has done more traveling for his age than any man living. Few people know more than he about the Himalayas and Persia. He has also found time to explore Kashmir, Baluchistan, Ladak, Thibet and the Persian gulf, to say nothing of Ceylon.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Museum Gets Fine Pulpit.

King Friederich August of Saxony has given to the Germanic museum at Harvard a full-size reproduction of the sandstone pulpit of the Church of Wechselburg, near Leipsic. This gift is regarded as the most important made to the museum since the fine collection of casts was sent by the German emperor. The pulpit belongs to the beginning of the thirteenth century, and is a massive structure, 15 feet high, resting on Romanesque columns.

Proper Eyeglasses.

Everyone who knows that in using a field glass it is necessary to adjust it to a proper focus. Suppose that you put one of the tubes at your focus and the other tube at a focus that suited some one else and then you looked through both tubes. You should have a more or less blurred vision, and if you kept on looking the chances are that you would feel giddy and get a headache. Now, the two eyes are supposed to have an equal natural focus, and when by any chance that focus is unequal a headache results. The remedy is a pair of glasses or a single glass to make the eyes equal in power.

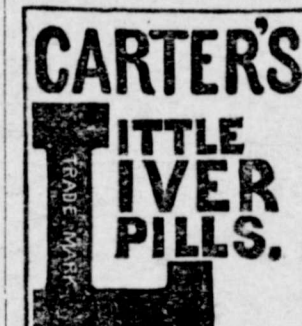
Scheme Worked Out Badly.

Congressman Sulzer represents a densely populated district on the East side of New York city. It occurred to him some months ago that though there are no gardens in his district some of his constituents might grow plants in boxes placed on window sills or fire escapes, so he sent an assortment of seed to the inmate of a model tenement house owned by one of his friends. The latter met him a few days ago and said: "See here, Sulzer, I want you to cut out that seed business. It's the limit!" "Why, what's the matter?" asked the astonished Sulzer, and he explained why he had sent the seeds. "Oh, you meant well, all right," returned the friend, scornfully, "but when I visited the place the other day I found that about ten families were raising cabbage, cucumbers and tomatoes in the bath tubs."

Rich Prize for Scientists.

The person who discovers a method of communication between planets will receive \$20,000 from the French Academy of Science.

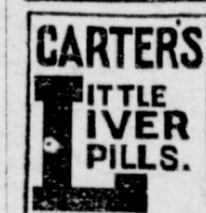
SICK HEADACHE



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

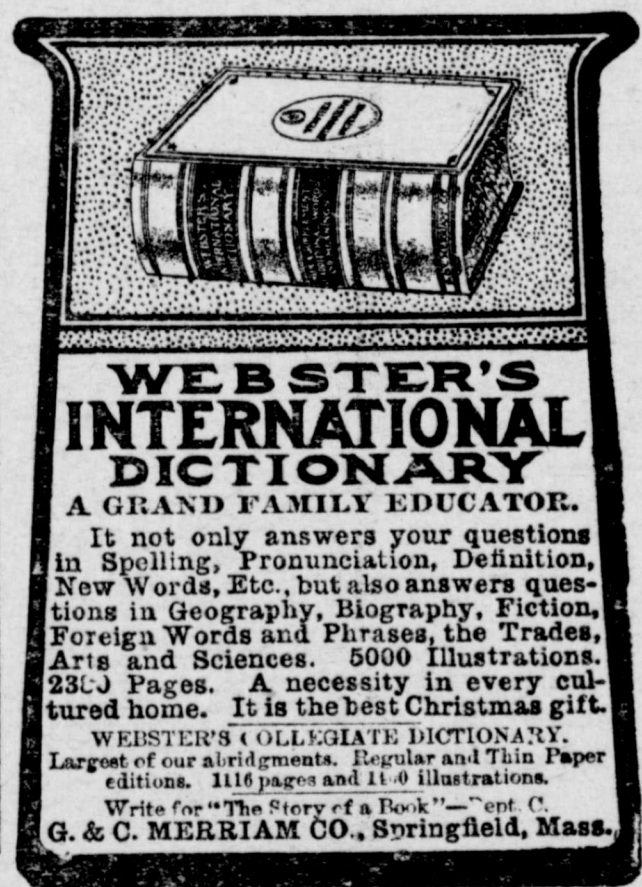
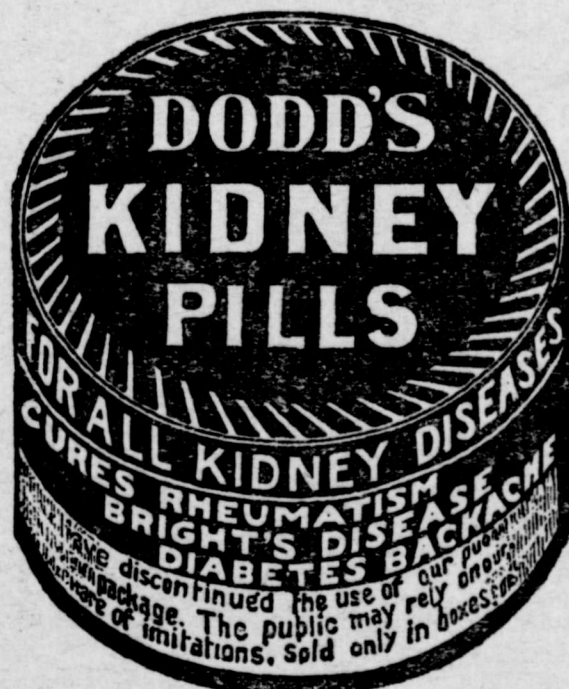
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.



Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

W. D. Wood
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.



For Emergencies at Home
For the Stock on the Farm

Sloan's Liniment

Is a whole medicine chest

Price 25c 50c & \$1.00

Send For Free Booklet on Horses, Cattle, Hogs & Poultry.
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

CAPITAN NEWS.

Published every Friday at
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

Entered at the post-office at Capitan, New Mexico, for transmission through the mails as second-class matter, August 14, 1903.

J. N. A. HALEY, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, \$1.50
Six Months, \$1.00

Legislature in Session.

The members of the New Mexico legislature met in biennial session at Santa Fe on Monday, and the oath of office was administered to the members by Territorial Secretary J. H. Reynolds. Charles A. Spiess of Las Vegas was elected president of the council, and W. E. Martin of Socorro chief clerk. R. L. Baca of Santa Fe, was elected speaker of the house, and Frank Staplin of Farmington was elected chief clerk.

Grazing Permits for 1907.

Applications for permits to graze live stock on the Lincoln Forest Reserve for the season of 1907 must be filed in the office of the undersigned at Capitan, New Mexico, on or before February 10, 1907.

The Secretary of Agriculture has authorized the grazing of 7,600 head of cattle and horses, and 17,000 head of sheep and goats.

The periods during which grazing will be allowed and the fees to be charged are as follows:

GRAZING PERIOD.

	Cattle.	Horses.
Mar. 1, to Oct. 31, '07,	25c per head,	35c per head
" " " Feb. 28, '08, 35c "	" "	50c "
	Sheep.	Goats.
Apr. 1, to Oct. 15, '07,	6c per head,	8c per head
" " " Mar. 31, '08, 10c "	" "	12c "

2 cents additional for ewes to lamb.

The half rate allowance on 30 head of cattle has been discontinued, and will not be made this season.

In counting sheep and goats the percentage basis system used during the season of 1906 has been abandoned. Stock under six months of age at the time of entering the reserve will not be charged for.

Blank forms to be used in making application and further information in regard to grazing will be furnished upon request.

JOHN KERR,
Supervisor.

FOR SALE.—The New Century mining claim, located in Baxter mountain, White Oaks mining district. Five yearly assessments have been done. For prices apply at this office.

STATEMENT

Of the Condition of EXCHANGE BANK, WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

At the close of business, December 31, 1906.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts,	\$98,726.42
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures,	4,815.04
Cash and Sight Exchange,	45,783.40
	\$149,324.86

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock,	\$30,000.00
Undivided Profits,	10,746.45
Deposits,	107,570.14
Due Other Banks,	1,008.27
	\$149,324.86

I, Frank J. Sager, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANK J. SAGER,

Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of January, 1907.

JONES TALIAFERRO,

(Seal) Notary Public.

Correct, Attest:

George L. Ulrich, }
W. C. McDonald. } Directors.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, a resident of precinct No. 9, Lincoln county, New Mexico, have this day estrayed the following animals, in accordance with the laws of the territory of New Mexico:

One bay mare, broken, about 8 years old, 13 hands high, branded H E on left thigh; and one sorrel colt, about 7 months old, unbranded, offspring of mare described above.

Claimant of the above-described animals may recover same on the presentation of proper proofs, and on payment of all costs of estraying, keep, etc.

C. D. WILSON,
Capitan, N. M.

January 25, 1907.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior,
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
December 14, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas H. Welch, of Meek, New Mexico, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 2188, made December 6, 1901, for the NW 1/4 SE 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Lot 3 of Section 18, Township 7 South, Range 19 East, and NE 1/4 SE 1/4 of Section 13, Township 7 South, Range 18 East, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on January 29, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz:

John McPherson, of Meek, N. M.; Walter McPherson, of Roswell, N. M.; Raymond Meek, of Meek, N. M.; Thomas B. Meek, of Meek, N. M. 12-21-06.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

J. E. Wharton...

Attorney at Law,

Alamogordo, New Mexico.

I do a general practice in all territorial, state and federal courts, including the Supreme Court of the United States. Give prompt, personal attention to business.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

MYRTLE LODGE NO. 19.

Meets every Saturday night at 8 o'clock at K. P. Hall, in school building. Visiting Knights cordially invited.

CLEMENT HIGHTOWER, J. W. BARRETT,
K. of R. & S. C. C.

You May Now Homestead!

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES may now be made on Land in Forest Reserves; but application must first be made to the Forester.

I Can prepare your application and do it RIGHT.

I can also help you locate your land.
Start Right—Do It Now.

CLEMENT HIGHTOWER, - - CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

HENRY PFAFF,

110 San Antonio Street, El Paso, Texas.

WHOLESALE OF

Liquors, Brandies, Wines and Cigars.

SOLE AGENT FOR

Anheuser-Bush Brewing Association, St. Louis, Mo. Manitou Mineral Water Co., Manitou, Colo.
Italian-Swiss Agricultural Colony, Asti, Cal., Fine Wines.
G. H. Mumm & Co., Reims Champagnes. F. A. Mumm, Frankfort, O.M., Rhine Wines.
Landau Fils, Bordeaux Cognac. Sergnouret Freres, Bordeaux Clarets.
Dr. Alexander, Ciudad Juarez, Mex., Native Wines.

Branch at Capitan, New Mexico.

WINCHESTER

Smokeless Powder Shells

"FADER" and "REPEATER"

The superiority of Winchester Smokeless Powder Shells is undisputed. Among intelligent shooters they stand first in popularity, records and shooting qualities. Always use them For Field or Trap Shooting.

Ask Your Dealer For Them.

Up To Now

In Every Particular

Is the Train Service maintained by the

EL PASO & SOUTHWESTERN

Bisbee, Douglas, Tombstone, Old Mexico, California; also, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, and the North and East.

All Wide Vestibuled throughout, carrying Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Buffet Library Cars, Dining Cars, serving meals a la carte.

For folders, rates, schedules, regarding any trip, call on or address:

W. E. PALMER,
Agent,
Capitan, N.M.

V. R. STILES,
General Passenger Agent,
El Paso, Texas.

Welch & Titsworth

Granulated Sugar, 16 lbs. for 1.00
 " " 100 lbs. for 5.40

Pride of Denver, per cwt. - \$2.30
 Imboden's Best, per cwt. = 2.35
 Second Grade, per cwt. - = 1.80

CORN SHELLERS

WAGONS
 IRON ROOFING
 WINDOW GLASS
 APPLE BOXES

We Buy Mohair.

STETSON HATS
 BOOTS & SHOES
 WINDOW GLASS

Charles Spence of White Oaks, was a Capitan visitor Monday.

Miss Clara Jacobs is now the "second assistant" in the Capitan post office.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Gray returned Saturday from a week's visit to El Paso.

Don't fail to attend the Oddfellows' ball and supper on the 28th inst.

Sheriff Owen left yesterday for Houston, Texas, on business connected with his office.

Grandma Lytton has been a victim of la grippe the past week, but is now much improved.

Judge Bellomy of Lincoln passed through Capitan yesterday on business connected with the sheriff's office.

B. H. Moeller passed through this morning to Lincoln, on his return from Corona, Ancho and the Jicarillas.

Manuel Aragon came up from Lincoln Monday on his way to El Paso, where he went to look after property interests.

Mrs. Silas May, wife of the former manager of this paper, is reported to be dangerously ill, at Tucumcari.

W. R. Beaty, county surveyor,

left this morning for Corona. Mr. Beaty will be engaged the next few days in platting an addition to the Corona townsite.

John Kerr, supervisor of the local forest reserve, left for Denver last Saturday to meet the members of the association of forestry.

"Uncle" John Ritter has been quite ill the past week, but is much better. Miss Clara Jacobs is attending to the postoffice during his disability.

Mrs. T. S. Anderson and little son, and Miss Georgia Lesnet came over from Carrizozo on yesterday's train, and are visiting relatives and friends.

It is reported that W. M. Ferguson has closed a deal on his copper properties in the Ocuras, Socorro county. The terms and prices are not made public.

The contract for the construction of two pass-ways on the new road above Lincoln was awarded to Wm. Booth, Sr., by the board of county commissioners. The contract price, we understand, was \$140.00. When these pass-ways are completed, the dangers that have attended that bit of road will have been eliminated, and the county will have a safe and satisfactory piece of road.

S. T. Gray shipped his thoroughbred racehorse, Capitan, to El Paso yesterday. The Pass City will hold several race meetings during the spring and summer, in which it is proposed that Capitan measure his speed against the fleet-footed equines for which El Paso is noted. Those who know Capitan and his pedigree expect to hear of him giving a good account of himself in the fastest company, and winning some fat purses for his owner.

The local lodge of Oddfellows will give a ball and supper at Capitan on Monday evening, January 28th, invitations to which are out. If you failed to get one your name must have been unintentionally overlooked, and you are expected to be on hand and partake of the good things which will be provided by the Rebecahs, and have a good time.

Alleged Arson.

Word reached this office Thursday that two ricks of hay, or about eighty tons, was totally destroyed by fire the previous evening on the Shultz ranch, five miles above Lincoln. The hay, which is valued at \$1,000, was owned by the Lincoln Trading company. The sheriff, when notified, lost no time in getting

to the scene of the fire. It would have been useless to attempt to save any of it, as it was but a black smoldering mass when discovered. The fire was unquestionably of incendiary origin, as evidence of a convincing kind was found at the scene. The tracks of a horse, shod all around, and the tracks made by the man when he dismounted to apply the torch, and, after firing one rich, where he led his horse to the second rick and did likewise, and where, after completing his work, he remounted and rode away. Accurate measurements were taken of the tracks, and notes made of any peculiarities found in them. The officers immediately took up the trail, and are confident of arresting the right party.

APPLICATIONS FOR GRAZING PERMITS.— NOTICE is hereby given that all applications for permits to graze cattle, horses, sheep and goats within the LINCOLN FOREST RESERVE during the season of 1907, must be filed in my office at Capitan, N. M., on or before February 10, 1907. Full information in regard to the grazing fees to be charged, and blank forms to be used in making application, will be furnished upon request.—JOHN KERR Supervisor.

DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Profit by the Experience of One Who Has Found Relief.

James R. Keeler, retired farmer, of Fenner street, Cazenovia, N. Y., says:



"About fifteen years ago I suffered with my back and kidneys. I doctored and used many remedies without getting relief. Beginning with Doan's Kidney Pills, I found relief from the first box, and two boxes restored me to good, sound condition. My wife and many of my friends have used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results and I can earnestly recommend them."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Unearthing the Briber.

During a recent campaign in England a certain woman called on a laborer's wife and asked if her husband would vote for Lord Blank. "No, he won't," was the reply. "But, remember the blankets and coals you got from the clergyman." "Never mind them. He's been promised a new pair of trousers if he votes for Mr. Dash." Suspecting that this was a case of bribery that must be outdone, the woman canvasser offered a sovereign if the woman would tell her who had promised the trousers. The money paid over, the woman smiled. "I promised them," she said, "and I'll buy them out of your sovereign."

LIMB RAW AS PIECE OF BEEF.

Suffered for Three Years with Itching Humor—Cruiser Newark U. S. N. Man Cured by Cuticura.

"I suffered with humor for about three years off and on. I finally saw a doctor and he gave me remedies that did me no good, so I tried Cuticura when my limb below the knee to the ankle was as raw as a piece of beef. All I used was the Cuticura Soap and the Ointment. I bathed with Cuticura Soap every day, and used about six or seven boxes of Cuticura Ointment. I was thoroughly cured of the humor in three weeks, and haven't been affected with it since. I use no other Soap than Cuticura now. H. J. Myers, U. S. N., U. S. S. Newark, New York, July 8, 1905."

Costly Water Supply.

New York city burns 110,000 tons of coal a year to pump water into the public reservoirs in Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond boroughs.

Defiance Starch is the latest invention in that line and an improvement on all other makes; it is more economical, does better work, takes less time. Get it from any grocer.

Lives by Raising Queen Bees.

Miss Flora McIntyre, sophomore in Berkeley University, California, pays her board and tuition fees by the sale of queen bees she raises.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The man who can govern a woman can govern a nation.

All Cloth Hats, Children's Dresses, etc., made to look like new with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

A woman's idea of a perfect gentleman is any man who agrees with her.

National Pure Food and Drugs Act.

The Garfield Tea Company's preparations comply in every respect with the requirements of The National Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial No. 384, assigned by the Government, will appear on every package of their goods.

If a man has a marble quarry he asks: What can I do with marble? He builds, he seeks other builders. The possession of a power, like the possession of an estate, impels to use, to gain, to service.

To Wash Velvet.

Velvet can be washed by shaking it about in warm Ivory Soap suds; then rinse thoroughly and let it drip dry. On no account squeeze or wring it. Be careful to hang it straight on the line, for otherwise it will be crooked when dry. ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Thinks Clergy Are Losing Ground.

Mr. Charles Booth, the great social scientist, in his volume on "Religion in London" is convinced that the clergy are losing ground by becoming servers of tables and organizers of charity instead of spiritual guides to their flocks.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt-waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

Misted Chance for Fame.

The astronomer, Lalande, narrowly escaped being made famous by a discovery. He accidentally struck Neptune with his glass on May 8, 1785, but supposed it was a star. He put it down in his notebook as a star and recorded its exact situation. Two days later he struck it once more and made a record of it. But when he looked over his notes he found he had it down as being in two different places, and as a star cannot move in 48 hours he supposed he had made a mistake in one of his notes. If he had used his mind a little less mechanically he easily might have been a Columbus.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. H. H. Fletcher

In Use

For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

H. & R. Greatest Revolver value for the money.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
HARRINGTON & RICHARDSON ARMS CO., 401 Park Ave., Worcester, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

IF YOU WANT WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT ALWAYS KEEP A BOTTLE OF

ST. JACOBS OIL

IN THE HOUSE AND YOU WILL HAVE A QUICK, SAFE AND SURE REMEDY FOR PAIN WHERE YOU CAN GET AT IT WHEN NEEDED.
PRICE 25c AND 50c

READERS of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

DEFIANCE STARCH for starching finest linens

PATENT ATTORNEYS.
PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.
W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 50, 1906.

PILES FISTULA 29 YEARS ESTABLISHED We send FREE and postpaid a 352-page treatise on PILES, FISTULA and DISEASES OF THE RECTUM; also 132-page illustrated treatise on DISEASES OF WOMEN. Of the thousands of prominent people cured by our mild method, NONE PAID A CENT TILL CURED—we furnish their names and letters on application. 1011 Oak St., Kansas City, Mo., and 3639 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

NO MONEY TILL CURED

Suffer in Silence

Thousands of Women suffer every month in silence, tortures that would drive a man to the edge of despair. The ailments peculiar to women are not only painful but dangerous and should receive prompt treatment before they grow worse. If you suffer from pain, irregular functions, falling feelings, headache, side ache, dizziness, tired feeling, etc., follow the example of thousands of women who have been relieved or cured, and take Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

Sold by all Druggists

High Ideals of Honor.

MARGARET SANGSTER'S GOOD
ADVICE TO BOYS.

The Tell-Tale Is Rightly Unpopular—
Proper Life Is One in Which
There Is Never Anything
to Conceal.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

The one character that nobody can endure because he is simply too mean and too hateful for anything but contempt, is a sneak.

When a fellow is too cowardly to bear the blame if he happens to do something wrong, when he lets others suffer for what he has done or said, when he is a hypocrite, there is no attitude possible to him except that of abhorrence. Nobody can respect a coward, and the sneak in the school-boy world is always cowardly.

In one of Dickens' novels, one that every boy should read, there is a cringing creature called Uriah Heep. Nothing is too petty or shameful for this person who rings false like counterfeit coin from beginning to end. Perhaps you are so busy in reading the books that are published to-day that you have not found time to read the books that stand in stately rows on the library shelves, full of quaint illustrations and belonging in the ranks of standard literature. Among these books are several by Charles Dickens that you ought to read. A boy who can resist the charm of David Copperfield or who would not be interested in Nicholas Nickleby, is not a boy after my heart. Although Dickens portrays more than one lad of the variety known as sneak, he describes manly fellows, too, with whom anyone would like to be intimate at school.

Cowardice is of several kinds. There are boys who have an abundance of physical courage, who would dash forward and seize the bridle of a runaway horse, or interfere in a fight between savage dogs, or rescue a child from sudden peril, if they could. Very seldom do we find a fellow who has this sort of headlong valor who is at the same time a sneak. It would almost seem as if the brave impulse, the real manliness told also on the spiritual life for good. Yet there are boys, and for that matter, men, who have shown courage enough to lead a forlorn hope physically, but who are moral cowards. One needs to cultivate beyond everything else a stern determination to see the truth to tell it. Whatever else we do, we never save ourselves at the expense of truth.

In school life there are often temptations to break rules. A boy cannot understand why teachers make peremptory regulations, for example, about smoking, trespassing beyond boundaries and doing other things that if generally done would completely frustrate the well-being of an institution. A thoroughly manly boy makes up his mind that so far as he is personally concerned he will obey rules whether he likes them or not. A boy who is unmanly pretends to observe the same rules, and sometimes gets credit for doing so, when at the same time he stoops to deception and in numberless little ways, by artifices and evasions, gets what he thinks to be the better of his teachers. He is not getting the better of them, but he is decidedly getting the worse for himself. He is lowering his moral tone, and becoming more or less a sneak.

Another form of sneaking always unpopular, and for the best of reasons, is indulged in by any boy who spies upon others or deigns to be a tell-tale. Whoever may insist to the contrary, the instinctive feeling of every school-boy is right. It is not honorable to be a spy and to curry favor with one's superior by relating the misdeeds

of other boys. Schools in which this system is in vogue are sending out unworthy graduates who will not comprehend the true meaning of honor and sincerity in later life. Boys should not permit themselves to tell tales of others. One is never compelled to throw blame on a classmate. The other side of the shield, however, makes it obligatory on the classmate to step forward and assume the responsibility for his own acts.

The schoolroom is a miniature world. As we bear ourselves here, so shall we appear in days to come when we are out in the wider school of business or professional life. What you are to-day you will be ten years hence, 20 years hence. A boy who begins life by doing mean, low and cowardly things, will later on become a mean, low and cowardly man.

There is a great lead that each fellow can do in bolstering up a strong, straightforward rectitude in those about him. This may be done in the simplest way by example.

As the sneak is an object of universal contempt, so the lad who is universally admired and loved is the strong, fearless fellow, who is a good comrade, who is the champion of the weak, who never fights anybody under his size, and who never has made acquaintance in his life with the word shame.

Cultivate in yourselves a high ideal of honor. Look at the men in history who have been honorable and true, and who have worn the white flower of a blameless life through all their career. One of these days you will be citizens of this great republic. You will have to vote, perhaps to bear office, and at all events you will have plenty to do for your country. To do her work well you will be obliged to scorn all that is base, and live splendidly for all that is fine and noble.

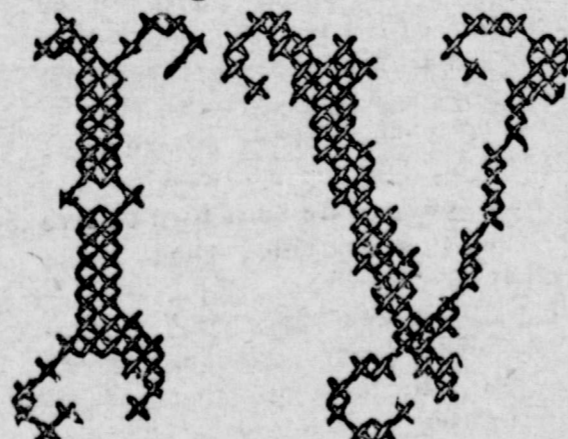
(Copyright, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Striped Silks Worn.

Among the fancy silks one finds an abundance of stripes—stripes in all widths, stripes in white and color or in two colors, stripes in contrasting materials, such as satin and crepe, satin and chiffon, satin and velvet. Some of the striped silks in light coloring are exceedingly pretty materials for simple evening frocks, being only moderately expensive and requiring but little trimming because of their elaborate designs. A particularly successful silk of this type was in a soft shimmering texture of the radium class and had a white surface pin, striped closely with apple green. At two-inch intervals ran heavy quarter-inch stripes of the green, broken every four or five inches by little flower clusters of shades of rose and yellow.

Cross-Stitch: Initial Letters.

These letters continue a very useful alphabet for marking house and table linen. Being so distinct they are



specially suited for marking blankets, for which purpose washing silk, mercerized cotton or wool should be used.

Small Boy's Petrified Shyness.

Underneath his boastful little ways, his independence, the hard little shell of him that is really petrified shyness, the small boy's heart is in the right place.—Annie Hamilton Donnell.

It's what a fellow doesn't know about a girl that causes him to fall in love with her.

WONDERS OF COLORADO.

The World Should Be Informed of Its
Marvellous Resources.

In New York, where he spent three weeks recently, Simon Guggenheim of the American Smelting and Refining Company, found eastern investors eagerly looking for places of sound investment, and when he returned to Colorado he realized more fully than ever that there is no other state or territory which offers such inducements as his home state. Yesterday he furnished reasons for the faith that is in him and gave a wonderfully interesting survey of the giant strides taken by the state in recent years, and told of what is in store in the next year or two. Mr. Guggenheim is a trained business man of sound judgment and his statements carry force and conviction. In all departments and branches of industry, in sugar beet and fruit culture, in agriculture generally, in mining, the state has gone ahead and it has yet a good way to go to reach the zenith. The world should be made aware of what Colorado has to offer.

"I was never so much impressed by the greatness of Colorado as on my recent visit to New York," said Mr. Guggenheim. "During the three weeks I was away I read several interviews in the Denver papers regarding a semi-centennial celebration for this city. I am heartily in favor of it. I believe we should show the world what Colorado has to offer. Our great need is people who will come here with money to invest or who are ambitious to become citizens of the state. The great need of the people of the East is opportunity for investment and employment. It is certain that people who are looking for new locations or investments will pass us by unless we reveal to them the world-astonishing possibilities of this state.

"When I say we can astonish the world I mean it. I talked with a building contractor in New York who was employing men excavating a basement for \$1.25 a day. When I told him the beet growers of Colorado would pay \$3.00 a day for those men, and board them, he was astonished. It reminded me of the days when Colorado people doubted the men who said the sugar industry in this state had a great future.

"I recall visiting the first sugar factory at Grand Junction six years ago when it was standing idle, and hearing people say the industry would never be profitable here. Now our factories have a capacity of 10,000 tons of sugar every twenty-four hours, and beets are piled in the fields because the tillers of the soil have outstripped the headlong pace at which capital has been preparing to care for what they raise. It would take eastern people many years to accomplish what we have done in half a dozen years.

"I wish we could exhibit to the world the marvelous strides in the development of our agricultural lands. Coming into Denver the other day over the Burlington I saw scores of prosperous farmhouses between here and Otis, 125 miles east, which were built in the past year. The 'short-grass' country in Washington and Yuma counties is coming into its own. All the way to Chicago I saw evidence that the Colorado land agent was at work. I can remember the time when you couldn't find a man selling Colorado land. If you were to tell the wonderful advance of the prices of agricultural lands of Colorado to eastern people they would not believe you. They need such an object lesson as an exposition would provide. When I told New Yorkers that in the past five years the area of irrigated land in northern Colorado had increased fifteen per cent., while the aggregate value had actually doubled, they thought we were having a 'boom.' I told them our San Luis valley irrigated acreage had increased twenty per cent. and that over on the western slope and down in the Arkansas valley the irrigated acreage had doubled and the value increased twenty-five per cent., assuring them there was no land boom nor any effort to make one.

"You know in the East farm lands are actually depreciating. If they only realized what we have here, the scenes at the opening of a government reservation would be duplicated. Five years ago what is now called 'dry farming' land, was being sold for taxes. This was in the 'short grass' region of eastern Colorado and in the section far north of Greeley. Now this land sells for \$10 and \$15 an acre.

"The Union Pacific railroad had for

years great difficulty in selling land for \$5 an acre. In Kit Carson county some friends of mine recently paid \$10 an acre for land that the railroad wanted to sell five years ago at any price. Two years ago ranches out in Adams county were going begging at \$1.50 an acre; 20,000 acres have recently been sold there for \$7.50 an acre.

"The Bijou ranch, in Elbert county, 30,000 acres, has recently been sold, the poorest of it bringing \$7.50 and the best \$10 an acre. Three years ago \$4 an acre was the highest offer they could get. In Montrose county, as a result of the government tunnel, land which absolutely had no value a few years ago is selling at an average price of \$40 an acre. Over in Routt county four big ditches carrying 1,500 cubic feet of water a second in the aggregate will water 75,000 acres. The largest of these ditches, when empty, can be used for a road where heavy wagons can easily pass. Five years ago Routt county was practically cut off from the world. Can any man now living set a limit on the possibilities of Colorado agriculture or say where this steady growth will end? The land in Larimer and Weld counties, once so cheap and now hardly to be had at any price, is an example that astonishes all who hear of that agricultural marvel.

Greater Berlin.

Minister of the Interior Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg recently asked Burgo-master Kirschner for his views of the proposed plan for the incorporation of the suburbs of Berlin into the city proper. In response, Herr Kirschner has now submitted to the minister a memorandum pointing out the necessity for previously providing for the reorganization of the suburban municipalities. If the plan is carried out Berlin will have 3,000,000 inhabitants.

Japanese Teachers' Excursions.

The Japanese War Department has made arrangements to send teachers and students of the middle and higher schools and colleges to Manchuria and Korea, free of charge, during their vacation. More than 50,000 persons expect to make the trip.

A bald head doesn't always generate bare facts.

Denver Directory

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Pullen, 1331 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 725.

THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES. Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

AMERICAN HOUSE DENVER. Two blocks from union depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American Plan.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely Fire-proof. European Plan, \$1.50 and upward.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed OR PURCHASED. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

BOOK OF FIFTY "OLD FAVORITE SONGS"

Words and Music sent FREE on receipt of your name and address with name of one or more persons thinking of buying a Piano, Organ or Talking Machine.

THE KNIGHT-LOCKE PIANO CO., 513-521 Sixteenth St., Denver, Colo.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Send your name with this ad. for list of fine bargains in pianos and organs. Pianos from \$75 up. Organs from \$15 to \$25 up. Player Pianos, can be played by anyone, \$450 up. Instruments sold on easy terms—suit buyer. Victor talking machines sold at factory prices on easy terms. Write for catalogs of our different instruments.

THE KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC COMPANY, 1625-31 California St. Denver, Colo.

HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist. Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, \$1; gold, silver, 75c; gold, 50c; zinc or copper, \$1. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. Reference, Carbonate National Bank.

Harry's Majority

By DAGNEY MAJOR.

THAT most delightful companion of summer days—the sun—was shining brilliantly through the open window into a charmingly appointed dining-room one bright June morning. Breakfast was laid for three. At the head of the table sat Miss Priscilla Payne, a sweet, gray haired woman, with what is termed a "good" face, though lined with care and trouble. Yes; the bowl of happiness was low when her share was ladled out. There was a gentle look of resignation in her face, which was the reflection of a brave heart. She brightened up as she heard a quick, light footstep, and her niece, Jessie Burton, a sweetly pretty girl of about 18 summers, entered the room.

"Good-morning, auntie! Is Harry down?" she asked, kissing her guardian.

"No, dear; but he soon will be, I'm sure. He can only have one twenty-first birthday."

Many letters for him?"

"A few; one is from Australia."

"Auntie," said the girl, suddenly, with a tinge of lovely color flaming her cheeks, "I—I—have something to tell you."

"I do believe I can guess what it is, Jessie."

"O, auntie, I am sure you haven't a notion."

"My dear, your face convinces me that my conclusion is correct. Come here and let your old aunt whisper it: Harry has proposed and you have accepted him."

"How did you know?" ejaculated Jessie. "Yes, he proposed last night. Aren't you going to congratulate me?"

"Yes, yes, darling. May you be very, very happy," and she kissed her niece lovingly. "Are you quite sure, Jessie, that you love him, and that there is nothing that would prevent you from marrying?"

Jessie replied by a look that indicated such a question was entirely unnecessary.

"You know, dear, I was in love once, and some one was fond of me, but—but—things went wrong. Some day you shall hear the story, dear, then you will understand how it is I am so anxious about you. Ah, here is Harry!"

At that moment a handsome young fellow entered the room. Jessie ran and kissed him, and led him to her aunt, who was smiling through tears of happiness and sorrow—sorrow because she foresaw a bitter parting with Jessie.

After oft-repeated congratulations and many happy returns, Harry was permitted to open his letters. The gist of the one from Australia ran as follows:

"My Dear Son: I trust you will receive this on the day you attain your majority. Now that you have arrived at an age of discretion, I wish you to know as much of my history as is necessary. . . . Pray, my dear son, do not think hardly of me. . . . All I have done I have done for the best. . . . I have instructed that good man, Rev. William Nayland, your guardian and counselor all these years, to tell you as much as he thinks fit. . . . He will see the lawyers for you. After to-day you will be able to draw \$1,500 a year. . . . This will continue until my death, when all I have goes to you. . . . Wishing you all happiness, my dear boy. Your most affectionate FATHER."

Harry read this through twice, amid a strange feeling of uneasiness and emotion. It was the first letter he had ever received from his father. He sat down, looking rather pale, crushing the letter in his hand. Was his three months of perfect happiness at this house to be marred by some horrible revelation? He trusted not.

Somehow or other he thought of James Barton, his rival.

Miss Payne had taken a great fancy

to Harry when they first met, two years ago, and he had latterly been staying with her and Jessie, with the inevitable result that he fell head over ears in love with her pretty face.

"My guardian, Rev. William Nayland, will be calling to see me to-day, Miss Payne," he said at length, "about some business matters. And, Jessie," he broke off, "I should like to see you in the garden after breakfast."

The meal having concluded, with painful evidence that things had gone awry, Harry strolled into the garden with her.

"Darling, what is it? What is the matter?" she asked, gently nestling up to him. "Something has gone wrong, and who should share your trouble with you but I?"

The doubts and perplexities which entangled his mind for a moment seemed to overwhelm him, then, without a word, he took the girl in his strong arms and held her closely to him.

"Jessie," he began falteringly at last, "if—if—there should be anything that might come between our marriage, don't think too hardy of me. If there be a secret in my family, and I have kept it from you, believe me when I say that it was through no fault of mine. I had no intention to deceive—"

"O, Harry! Harry!" sobbed Jessie, now thoroughly alarmed. "I don't know what you mean, indeed I don't," she concluded, with a flood of tears, and nothing would comfort her till she had sobbed out her heart to her aunt.

That afternoon, Rev. William Nayland called, and was closeted with Harry for nearly an hour. Harry had the greatest admiration and affection for his guardian, who had been like a father to him for 17 years, and had he known the painful nature of the duty which the clergyman had to perform that afternoon he would surely have made it a lighter task.

"I would first of all tell you, Harry, that I have an unbounded faith and regard in your father, who, under the most adverse circumstances, has won the esteem and respect of all with whom he has come in contact since residing in Australia. He only made one slip in his life, but it has cost him—well, God only knows what! When he left he expressed a hope to me that, if he married, I would take care of any children with whom he was blessed and bring them up in total ignorance of who their father was. This I promised to do. He married out there and you were born, but in giving birth to you your mother died. When you were four years old he sent you to me. When you attained your majority he instructed me to tell you the secret of his life, and begged that you would not judge him too harshly. Through hard work he has gained a substantial fortune, and from this day you will receive from the lawyers sufficient capital that will yield an income of \$1,500 a year. You will now hear—"

"Stop!" said Harry, quietly, with a strange, hard look in his face. "I cannot and will not touch one penny of my father's money. He has deceived me. He had no right to bring me up with the thought that his life had been beyond reproach. It was cruel—cruel—cruel!"

He was pacing the room now; his face was white and set.

"Jessie—the girl to whom I am engaged—what will she say? What am I to tell her?—I, who have always been taught to be truthful and open ever since I learned to speak. I have been kept in ignorance of that which I ought to have known, and what she ought to have known."

"It was done with a noble purpose, and worthy of the noble mind that entertained it," broke in his guardian quickly. "Were your fiancée to know the whole story she would revere and honor the name you bear."

"I shall hear nothing until we are married," retorted Harry, with rapidly rising anger. "Is it not enough that my—my father has killed my faith in him? Now you wish to kill her faith

Santa Fe Central Railway System Sunshine Route via Torrance.

Connecting with the E. P. & N. E. and Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Ry. Shortest line out of Santa Fe or New Mexico, to Chicago, Kansas City or St. Louis.

No. 1 makes close connection at Torrance with the Golden State Limited, No. 44, east bound, on the Rock Island.

No. 2 makes close connection with Golden State Limited, No. 43, west bound.

W. H. ANDREWS,
President and Gen'l Mgr.
A. L. GRIMSHAW,
Traveling F. & P. A.

S. B. GRIMSHAW,
G. F. & P. A.
FRANK DIBERT,
General Immigration Agt.
J. P. LYNG,
City Freight and Passenger Agent,
Santa Fe New Mexico

In me. No! no! no! I can't hear the truth;" and he strode from the room.

He staggered blindly into the dining-room. But he paused on the threshold. He saw Jessie standing near the window, and by her, with his hand roughly seizing hers, stood James Barton, his rival.

"Jessie, I desire an explanation," he said, quietly, but with a voice that shook with suppressed passion and jealousy.

With a startled cry the girl turned round.

"My explanation is this," put in Barton, with a sneer, "that the son of a common forger is not a suitable husband for Miss Payne's niece!"

"Recall those words!" shouted Harry, "you lying scoundrel!"

"They are true," sneered Barton. "Twenty-three years ago your father forged a check, was convicted, imprisoned, and finally left for Australia, where he has since lived. If you don't believe it, I have ample proof. Go and ask Rev. William Nayland."

"It is a lie! a lie! liar!" thundered Harry.

"It isn't true, it isn't true," cried Jessie, moving towards him.

The shout had brought Miss Payne and Rev. Nayland into the room.

"You are not the son of Henry Daining, as you think, but of James Trenton, the forger, one and the same man!"

At these statements, Miss Payne gave a strange cry. Jessie ran to her.

"Auntie, auntie, say it's not true."

Then Rev. Nayland stepped forward and told them a tale of how a man had fallen among evil companions, had got into debt and had forged a check; how he had once been engaged to Miss Priscilla Payne, and how he had gone to Australia to start life afresh, feeling that he was unworthy of her great love. He told them of the honored name he had won, of his hard, bitter struggle, and of his fortune reaped by long years of toil, of his marriage to a woman who, in giving birth to Harry, had died; how the father swore that his child should never know what his father had been, so he sent him to live in America at a sacrifice that none would ever know.

"And you, James Barton," thundered the clergyman, with righteous wrath, "you, the only one in the family who knows the secret, through jealousy must use your knowledge in a base and foul way, in order to crush the love of that true, pure girl there"—pointing to Jessie—"for Harry, the son of that splendid spirit, James Trenton, threatening disclosures unless he sent you more money. Check after check you received—"

"It is a scandalous lie!" gasped Barton, with a livid face. "No one can gainsay it."

"Yes, I will gainsay it!" said a low, quiet voice: "I arrived from Australia last night. I am James Trenton, alias William Daining."

All looked up startled. In the doorway stood an old man with bowed head. Miss Priscilla looked up:

"O, James, James!" she cried, running to him, "you come back after all these years! Thank God! Thank God!"—Chicago Tribune.

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
December 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Anna M. Piersol, of Richardson, New Mexico, has filed notice of her intention to make final five-year proof in support of her claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 57, made September 5, 1901, for the E½ of Section 28, Township 7 South, Range 6 East, and at said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on January 23, 1907.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz: Samuel G. Beard, of Richardson, N. M.; H. A. Scott, of Richardson, N. M.; Manuel Vigil, of Richardson, N. M.; Alfred Meek, of Meek, N. M. 12-21-06. HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
December 20, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Giuseppe Tatti, of Capitán, N. M., has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 2195, made December 10, 1901, for the S½ SE¼, SE¼ SW¼, Section 15, and NW¼ NE¼, Sec. 22, Township 13 South, Range 13 East, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on February 4, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz: Henry Silva, Manuel Herrera, Sabino Guerra, Julian Serna, all of Capitán, N. M. 12-23-06. HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
December 13, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel G. Beard, of Richardson, New Mexico, has filed notice of his intention to make final five-year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 38, made August 5, 1901, for the S½ of the E¼ and the N½ of SE¼ of Section 27, Township 7 South, Range 13 East, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on January 23, 1907.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land, viz: Anna M. Piersol, of Richardson, N. M.; H. A. Scott, of Richardson, N. M.; Manuel Vigil, of Richardson, N. M.; Alfred Meek, of Meek, N. M. 12-21-06. HOWARD LELAND, Register.

The Oddfellows will give a ball and supper on the 28th. You can't afford to miss it.