

The Weekly Sentinel.

BY GILES M. HALTOM

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NUMBER 4

Have You a Bad Cold?

Try Nyals Laxacold Tablets

We guarantee satisfactory results.

Swift Bros. & Smith, Inc.

PALACE

HOME OF PARAMOUNT PICTURES

Always a warm, comfortable house—Come in out of the cold

Friday, January 26th—10c 25c
Pearl White in her best picture, a 6-reel Fox society feature
"WITHOUT FEAR"
Also Harold Lloyd 1-reel comedy.

Saturday, January 27th—10c, 25c
CHARLES BUCK JONES in a 6-reel Fox Western feature
"TROOPER O'NEIL"
Also "The Timber Queen"—getting better and better.

Monday and Tuesday
January 29 and 30th, Special—10c, 40c
RUDOLPH VALENTINO and ALICE TERRY in a 7-reel modern society production
"THE CONQUERING POWER"
Also Larry Semon in a 2-reel comedy, "The Fly Cop."

Wednesday, January 31st
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG in
"THE WORLDLY MADONNA"

IDENTIFYING MOB MEMBERS

Bastrop, La., Jan. 18.—Newt Gray was a member of the masked party which on August 24th held up Watt Daniel, T. F. Richards and several others on the highway between Bastrop and Mer Rouge, according to Fred Eubanks. Eubanks testified today at the open hearing.

An old-timer is one who can remember when flour sacks were used to make underwear for the kids instead of dish towels.

Strong for Chicken

A negro's idea was that the most useful animal was a chicken, because, he said: "You can eat 'em before they is born and after they is laid."

Possibly he was right, but the most useful THING in this world is the dollar on deposit in a good bank like ours. It is always safe there, but is subject to your check when needed, while the dollar thoughtlessly spent has departed from you for good. Take good care of the dollars. They will stand between you and lots of troubles.

Nacogdoches State Bank

GUARANTY FUND BANK CAPITAL \$100,000.00

AUTHOR OF "CLANSMAN" DENOUNCES PRESENT KLAN

New York, Jan. 23.—Thomas Dixon, author of "The Clansman," upon which "The Birth of a Nation" was based, vigorously condemned the modern Ku Klux Klan in an address last night and declared it had stolen the livery of the original order.

His writings have presented a friendly view of the original klan.

He was one of several speakers at a meeting called by the American Unity League to discuss ways and means for combating the hooded organization.

He said that when the modern klan was organized a few years ago he declined an invitation to join, warning the organizers that "if they dared to use the disguise in a secret oath-bound order today, with the courts of law working under a civilized government, the end was sure riot, anarchy, bloodshed and martial law."

"We have already reached the riot and bloodshed," he said, "and unless the thing is throttled promptly we are in sight of martial law."

The original klan was founded as a weapon against a corrupt and intolerable tyranny by the bravest and noblest men of the South, he said, but the proscription of the negro races by modern klan is inhuman.

"The klan assault upon the foreigners is the acme of stupidity and inhumanity," he said. "We are all foreigners except the few Indians we haven't killed."

"Our fathers blazed the way through the wilderness for the trembling feet of liberty. They built a beacon on these shores, flashing its rays of hope to all the oppressed of the earth. Shall we, their sons, meet the humble immigrant of today with a mask and dagger and push him back into hell? If this is 100 percent Americanism, I for one split on it."

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON CANVASS OF VOTES

FORMER SHERIFF SLAIN IN KU KLUX KLAN DISPUTE

Monroe, La., Jan. 20.—John P. Parker, Jr., former sheriff of Ouachita parish, died in a local sanitarium early today. He was shot on the Bastrop road 15 miles from Bastrop last night by Carie Calhoun of Monroe. He never regained consciousness. Police said the indications were that the shooting was the result of a quarrel over masked band affairs.

MRS. McKOIN INJURED

Austin, Texas, Jan. 15.—The joint house and senate committee appointed to canvass the votes for governor and lieutenant governor at the last election completed the count Monday and reported the following results:
For Governor—Neff 334,199; Atwell 78,327, scattering 31.
For Lieutenant Governor—Davidson 353,550; Kepple 56,519.

SOLDIERS HOMEWARD FOUND

Ehrenbreitstein, Germany, Jan. 24.—The American forces in Germany their Rhine watch completed, turned homeward today. The American flag was hauled down from Ehrenbreitstein castle at noon. The women and children of the American contingent left for Antwerp in advance of the troops, who will sail from there Thursday.

MER ROUGE DEFENSE

Bastrop, La., Jan. 23.—The two mangled bodies found floating in Lake Lafourche a month ago and identified as Watt Daniel and Thomas F. Richards, victims of a "hooded mob" will be branded as "fakes" in the defense prepared for the men charged with their murder, it was learned today.

Attorneys defending both T. Jeff Burnett, formerly a deputy sheriff, and Dr. Bunne McKoin, formerly a klan official, now under bail on a murder charge, will attack the identification of the bodies, the ascribed manner of their death and the very allegation of that Daniel and Richards are dead.

This was revealed today by Judge William C. Barnette, chief of defense counsel, in an exclusive interview. Judge Barnette announced he would outline the defense's entire case in a formal statement to be issued as soon as the open hearings end.

"At the close of the open hearings we will make a formal statement which the whole world will be glad to accept," said Barnette. "We will call a spade a spade and the statement will begin with the corpus delicti and follow on the evidence right down to the adjournment. We will censure the klan when we think it necessary and will uphold it wherever the situation warrants such action."

MARTIAL LAW MAY COME

Bastrop, La., Jan. 24.—Governor Parker will declare martial law in Morehouse parish if threats are made against any of the state's witnesses between the adjournment of the open hearing and the trial of the persons to be indicted for alleged participation in outrages by hooded men, it was learned today on good authority. The adjutant general is en route here with instructions to impart this information to the leaders of the Ku Klux Klan, Captain J. K. Skithwith and Sheriff Carpenter, it is understood. Leon L. Jones of Moselle, Miss., said to have seen the black-hooded band having Watt Daniel and Thomas Richards as prisoners when they arrived at Lake Lafourche, is en route here to testify at the hearing.

The attorney general said he would attempt to obtain an indictment for murder against Captain J. K. Skithwith, head of the Morehouse parish Ku Klux Klan.

In the story of the fire company in Saturday's paper we credited Cates Burrows with membership, when it should have been Clifford Burrows. Our mistake.

FIVE MEN, ONE WOMAN HELD FOR INVESTIGATION

Waco, Texas, Jan. 23.—Five men and one woman were held for investigation in connection with the murder of W. E. Holt and Mrs. Ethel Denecamp. No complaints had been filed early today. The police believe four persons, all white, participated in the killing, and think some or all are included in those held. The Waco Chamber of Commerce is raising a reward for the conviction of the slayers. The police are working on the theory that the slayers were actuated by jealousy and that the woman was killed in a gun battle when the couple were attacked. The possession of whiskey is thought to have had a possible part in the killing.

\$12,000,000 REFUND TO INCOME TAX PAYERS

Washington, Jan. 23.—More than \$12,000,000 was ordered returned to American taxpayers yesterday when President Harding signed the second deficiency bill.

Of the \$79,000,000 carried in the bill more than \$42,000,000 will be used in refunding to taxpayers excess taxes erroneously collected by the government on incomes.

In accordance with its policy, the treasury department refused to disclose to whom the money would be returned.

GINNING REPORT

Washington, Jan. 23.—Cotton ginned prior to January 16 amounted to 9,652,601 running bales, counting 167,299 round bales as half bales, including 30,967 American-Egyptian and 5,065 Sea Island, the Census Bureau announced today. The ginnings for the same period last year were 7,912,452 running bales.

Texas ginnings this year were 3,106,869 bales.

HANDS OFF FOR BRITAIN

Undated.—The British government has instructed its military representatives on the Rhine not to interfere in the arrests and expulsions of German officials by the French. They were also instructed not to co-operate or become involved in any incidents of this nature. The strike of 65,000 employees of the Stinnes works and 100,000 in the Thyssen works in the Ruhr were reported by Reuters. The complete isolation of the Ruhr Valley and severance of communications with the rest of Germany was announced as the next step in the French struggle against German resistance if it continues. The trial of Fritz Thyssen and five other industrial magnates was postponed until tomorrow.

THE BASTROP HEARING

Bastrop, La., Jan. 23.—Clarence Teegerstrom, brother of Harold Teegerstrom, the missing timekeeper for the Spyker Carbon Plant, took the stand at the open hearing today. Harold disappeared December 29. The state is seeking him in connection with its investigation of masked band activities. Clarence testified he did not know where Harold is. He said he received a letter from him on January 10th bearing no postmark.

SMITH ON WARPATH

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Waiters and customers took to cover today when James Bonough Smith, head of the Smith Construction Company at Jonesville, La., drew a revolver and fired four shots, according to the police. Smith was lurching in a restaurant when his check was dropped and he asked a passing negro waiter to retrieve it. The waiter said he was busy. Smith then fired four shots, none taking effect. Smith was taken to a police station and charged with assault and carrying a concealed weapon. It was then discovered that a roll of money which he said contained \$200 was missing.

FOR UNITING CHURCHES

Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 19.—The reuniting of the Methodist Episcopal church and the Methodist Episcopal church, South, approached realization today. A committee of ten to present the principles of a contract for co-operation, after considering the statements of the two bodies, appointed a conference here last night.

COMMISSIONER MAYFIELD DIED SUDDENLY TODAY

Austin, Texas, Jan. 23.—Allison Mayfield, chairman of the Texas Railroad Commission, died at Sherman early today, according to information received at the commission's office here. Heart trouble was reported as the cause.

Mr. Mayfield had stopped at Sherman to rest after the conference in Washington regarding rehabilitation plans for the Orient Railroad. He served as railroad commissioner for the past 24 years. Previously he was attorney general and secretary of state.

Mr. Mayfield was born at Overton, Rusk county, October 2, 1860.

PRISONERS ESCAPE FROM DALLAS COUNTY JAIL

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 23.—City and county authorities are searching for two negro prisoners who escaped from Dallas county's ten story steel and concrete jail, pronounced by officers to be impregnable. James Lightner and George Williams, under prison sentences for burglary, were given a key to the store room to obtain supplies for the cook. They opened the door to the stairway, ascended to the roof and climbed down a steel cable which operates a dumb waiter, thus reaching the street.

EPIDEMIC OF GRIPPE

Washington, Jan. 22.—A serious wave of gripe appears to be hovering over the entire country, the United States public health service announced.

From all sections came reports of the disease, described by Surgeon General Cummings as too severe for ordinary gripe and coming more properly under the category of influenza in a mild form.

The South has been most hard hit by the sickness thus far, the reports show, but it has made itself felt in more or less severe form in every part of the country.

The symptoms of the gripe were now sweeping the country are similar to those observed in the fatal "Spanish flu" epidemic which ravaged the nation's health several years ago, and utmost precautions must be exercised to stem its tide if another influenza epidemic is to be averted, according to the health department.

SEEK SLAYER'S MOTIVE

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 22.—Peace officers of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona today are trying to determine if the man believed to be W. M. Sprague of Paris, Mo., had a motive in shooting to death Harry Turner of Tucson, Arizona; Herbert Brown of Indianola, Oklahoma; and P. O. Cochran of Joplin, Missouri, Saturday.

The slayer was on a passenger train with the victims when the shooting occurred near Lanark, New Mexico.

The slayer was shot to death Saturday evening by a sheriff's posse from Las Cruces, N. M., after a fight. He pleaded for water as he lay in the sand of the desert, and refused to tell why he killed the three men until he got the water, but died before members of the posse returned with water. The coroner had the body buried at Las Cruces today. Sprague was a farmer. He had been out of work all winter and was despondent, according to telegrams from friends at Paris. He leaves a wife and seven children. He was en route to Los Angeles when he killed the men. Officers say although they believed the man was crazed, he showed signs of intelligence at times after the shooting.

REFUSES TO PARTICIPATE

Paris, Jan. 22.—The German government formally ceased to participate in the Franco-Prussian arbitration tribunal because of the present political circumstances. Notice was served as the hearing was about to open in a banking case handled by a Franco-American legal firm.

HOTEL DYNAMITED

Corbin, Ky., Jan. 22.—Two men were injured, one seriously, and 15 other persons were shaken when the Meadows House, occupied principally by employees of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, was dynamited late Saturday.

MAN ARRESTED IN A DOUBLE MURDER CASE

Waco, Texas, Jan. 22.—One white man is in custody in connection with the murder Friday night of W. E. Holt and Mrs. Ethel Denecamp, who were shot to death five miles east of here and their bodies hidden in the weeds on the Waco-Mexia road. The man is alleged to have expressed enmity against Holt, accusing him of being instrumental in breaking up his home, according to officers, who said blood stains were found on some of his clothing when arrested. A young woman is also under detention for investigation. She is suspected of collusion in the crime.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS

Austin, Texas, Jan. 22.—The house committee on commerce and manufactures unanimously reported favorably the Winfree resolution asking for an investigation of Standard Oil Company interests in Texas and its methods of fixing prices of oil and gasoline in the state.

Whether the textbook commission acted within the law and whether the governor should be a member of the commission were among the questions submitted to the legislature for consideration by Governor Neff's message. He made no specific recommendation, but expressed confidence in the present commission. Other questions included: How should members be selected? Should text books ever be changed? Should gradual introduction be adopted? Should the commission meet only every two years? Is the State purchasing too many textbooks? Should the length of contracts be limited?

The house adopted an amendment to the Laird resolution providing five members of the house and three of the senate to investigate the recent awards of the textbook commission, but deferred further consideration.

A bill was introduced declaring cotton gins public utilities, placing them under the railroad commission and licensing ginners, assessing a tax of one cent per bale.

Abner of Marshall introduced a measure holding officers responsible for all liquor seized.

A resolution was introduced proposing investigation of the State Reform School and the eleemosynary institutions.

The senate insurance and banking committee reported favorably a proposal to establish a separate commissioner of banking.

The senate passed a bill regulating the disposal of estates of minors, tabled a resolution for the submission of a constitutional amendment reducing the legislature's membership and passed to engrossment a bill prohibiting court reversals on minor points.

IMPORTANT LEGISLATION

Austin, Texas, Jan. 23.—The house committee on education reported favorably the Pope bills seeking to amend the textbook law. The bills would in effect nullify the recent awards by the commission totaling \$1,800,000.

When the Baugh bill proposing the strict prohibition of carrying pistols and other firearms was called up for engrossment in the senate, Rogers of McKinney charged that "members of a certain masked organization which parade the streets at night carry firearms," and submitted an amendment that persons participating in "masked parades" shall not be exempt. Tabled. Action on the measure was postponed until Thursday.

Concentration of the prison system into a few of the present farms in East Texas was recommended by Governor Neff in a message today. He suggested the disposal of the remaining farms or a change into other agencies. He recommended prison factories and the use of convict labor on the roads.

\$2,000,000 COTTON FIRE

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 22.—The cotton warehouse of the Shipper's Compress, controlled by C. W. Wilingham of Macon, Ga., was destroyed by fire here last night with an estimated loss of \$2,000,000.

The warehouse was a clapboard structure covering approximately 30,000 square feet and was filled with cotton.

WEEKLY SENTINEL
PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR.

BY GILES M. HALTOM

MARKETING COSTS REDUCED

Fort Worth, Texas, Jan. 19.—A sharp reduction in the cost of marketing livestock has been brought about by the Fort Worth stockyards through the operation of the Cattle Raisers and Producers Commission Company according to the report of General Manager E. B. Spiller, made here at the annual meeting. The report discloses that during the first two months in operation, and preceding the beginning of a new fiscal year, 684 cars of livestock were marketed at an average cost of \$9.55 per car load. The report is for the months of November and December, and the livestock that was marketed came from all sections of Texas. The average cost of \$9.56 per car load compared with a charge of \$18 per car for cattle and \$12 per car for hogs, sheep and goats charged by the privately owned and operated commission companies.

As evidence of the quality of salesmanship employed by the company, it was shown in the general manager's report that the company topped the market on steers sold to the packers for both months. The company is operating with a membership of 800, and even greater reductions in marketing costs will be possible when the membership is larger and the run of livestock handled greater. The company, which is being operated entirely on a co-operative basis, is in position to handle a much greater volume of livestock at but little more expense.

Ralph H. Harris of San Angelo was chosen president of the Cattle Raisers and Producers Commission Company to succeed Ed C. Lasater, following the annual meeting of stockholders and the election of directors. Mr. Lasater becomes representative of the Texas organization in the council of the National Live Stock Producers Association. Other officers are: G. R. White, Brady, vice president; A. C. Williams, Fort Worth, treasurer; and E. B. Spiller, secretary and general manager.

The members of the new board of directors are: Thos. P. Hughes, Grand Prairie; A. C. Williams, Fort Worth; Cyrus B. Lucas, Berclair; J. G. Childers, Temple; R. H. Harris, San Angelo; L. A. Machmehl, Bellville; G. R. White, Brady; J. M. West, Houston; Ike T. Pryor, San Antonio; H. B. Duncan, Burnet; W. W. Turney El Paso; E. W. Grogan, Amarillo; W. E. Herring, Amarillo; Clifford B. Jones, Spur; J. F. Hartford, Post; M. A. Grisham, Toyah; H. L. Kokernot, Alpine; C. A. Broome, San Angelo; B. M. Halbert, Sonora; R. E. Taylor, Carlsbad, New Mexico; V. A. Brown, Rock Springs; M. A. Hart, New Boston; J. E. Shropshire, Brady; Sidney C. Mason, Sweetwater; J. D. Jackson, Alpine; L. R. Campbell, Italy; Frank Scofield, Hillsboro; E. N. Cory, Divot; Ed C. Lasater, Falfurrias; W. B. Worthum, Nacogdoches; D. S. Donald, Krum; J. E. Montgomery, Tynan; S. E. McKnight, Sonora.

TO INCOME TAX PAYERS

It is now time for income tax returns to be gotten ready and filed for the year's business of 1923.

No doubt many taxpayers will have overlooked keeping proper data, and as a result their task of course in filing returns will be more or less difficult.

There is very little trouble in filing income tax returns if proper bookkeeping has been done during the period covered by the return.

Those business concerns, be they small or large, should realize just the importance of maintaining correctly such a system of books that proper data is readily assembled. It is unfortunate for any person or business that proper bookkeeping is left undone. Bookkeeping system in business and other business principles are too much ignored by everybody, and as a consequence not only the business suffers, but directly and indirectly the people have to stand the sacrifices as well as the United States government.

The government is rendering a service to the people in assisting free of charge taxpayers in filing their income tax returns. Just think a moment. The people of every community will have the opportunity of getting free of charge assistance of deputy collectors of internal revenue service during the coming current income tax drive.

In this Tyler Division with headquarters at Tyler, Texas, there are a number of counties from Texarkana to Sulphur Springs, from Crockett to Texarkana and from Tyler to Texarkana—all this territory will be made by deputy collectors for the purpose of assisting taxpayers in filing their income tax returns.

These returns must be filed not later

than March 15, or else penalty for delinquency will apply.

Every individual whose net income amounts to \$1,000 or \$2,000, whether single or married, as the case may be, is required by regulations to file income tax returns.

Every individual whose gross income amounts of \$5,000, regardless of being married or single, is required to file a return.

Partnerships or corporations are, also, required to file income tax returns.

It is suggested that each and every individual who isn't certain of any requirements of the income tax regulations to make it convenient to see a deputy collector who will visit each and every town of importance, before March 15th, 1923. The newspapers will give notices of the dates. If this isn't convenient, if communication be had with the Tyler Division Office, or Collector's Office, Dallas, Texas, proper information can be ascertained.

R. L. WITT,
Division Chief, Internal Revenue Service, Tyler, Texas.

THE RIGHT FORK

From the Shreveport Journal.
A certain public school system is including the teaching of table etiquette among its domestic science lessons. Boys receive instruction as well as girls. It is a commendable venture into a social field often overlooked.

Among the subjects taught in the classes are the proper arrangement of the table, including its setting and the seating of family guests, the kind and variety of dishes and silver with which the courses should be served, and how and when to use each fork, knife and spoon. The family meal and the more formal repast both come in for attention. Nothing unusual is featured, but table behavior according to the simple standards of ordinary social usage is thoroughly taught.

There may be persons who scoff at such teaching as "frills." A little serious thought should encourage a different view. The object of education is to fit the child for life. There is no more acid test of manners and training than that provided by the dinner table. Why not fit the child early to meet this test without embarrassment just as he is fitted for his other contacts with life.

If he has daily practice in these matters at home, so much the better. If he has not, then all the more his schooling should make up for the omission and help to set him upon an equally easy basis with his fellows.

THE STATE PENITENTIARY

From the Waco Times-Herald.
Our position is that if the penitentiary is moved from Huntsville that Huntsville should be given something equally as good or better—George Bailey in Houston Post.

The State penitentiary was located at Huntsville in 1847, and the first convict was received October 7, 1849. In 1856, machinery was procured for the manufacture of cotton and woolen goods, and the institution became more than self-supporting. In 1870 began the lease system, which ran on for several years. The state finally resumed operations on its own account, followed by the purchase of land and extensive farming operations. The prison system has become a problem by reason of the fact that it isn't at all times self-sustaining. For the past two years there has been talk of moving the state penitentiary to some point more accessible; the cheaper plan, it seems to us, would be the building of a rail line to the T. & B. V., only some twenty miles away from Fort Worth to Houston; the line from Fort Worth to Houston; in line into Huntsville would meet the difficulty of inaccessibility. The State ought to sell all of its farms except those in Walker county. We do not know that Huntsville cares to retain the State penitentiary; possibly the citizens would be glad to see the institution moved elsewhere. Our guess is, however, that when the clouds have rolled away, the sun will still be shining on the State penitentiary at Huntsville.

**DYE OLD DRESS
COAT, SKIRT WITH
"DIAMOND DYES"**

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint her worn, shabby dresses, skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, draperies, hangings, everything, even if she has never dyed before. Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect home dyeing is sure because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to spot, fade, streak, or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

**50
GOOD
CIGARETTES
10¢**

**GENUINE
"BULL"
DURHAM
TOBACCO**



CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas,
To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Nacogdoches County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon S. A. Bozell by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be holden at the Court room thereon in February, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, the same being the 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the _____ day of _____ A. D. 1922, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 6147, wherein Mes. Effie Corine Wilson is plaintiff and S. A. Bozell is defendant, and said petition alleging that on the 1st day of February, 1919, plaintiff was the legal owner and holder of certain land and premises on the Henry Goff survey in Nacogdoches County, Texas, and on said date was occupying said premises as a homestead; that said premises were of the reasonable value of one thousand dollars; that on or about the 1st day of February, 1910, defendant falsely and fraudulently represented to plaintiff that he was the owner of certain other land described in plaintiff's petition of a far greater value than plaintiff's property and by virtue of such false and fraudulent representations so knowingly made by defendant, he being a man of mature years and experience and plaintiff being a woman without experience, overreached plaintiff and persuaded her to exchange the land then owned by plaintiff for the property represented to be owned by defendant and to give her note as follows: Note No. 1 for the sum of Two Hundred Dollars; Note No. 2 in the sum of Three Hundred Dollars and on the 13th day of February, 1919, defendant executed and delivered to plaintiff his general warranty deed conveying said 74 2-10 acres and the plaintiff paid defendant on the said day in cash the sum of \$100; that the total consideration paid defendant for the said 74 2-10 acres in cash and note included her homestead was Two Thousand Three Hundred Dollars. Plaintiff further says that defendant represented to her that he was the owner of certain stock and tools in plaintiff's petition set out of a reasonable market value of Seven Hundred Dollars. Whereas, said stock and tools were of a reasonable value of only One Hundred Dollars. Plaintiff further says that the land owned by defendant and conveyed to her was of a poor and inferior nature, rough and badly broken, washed and worn and will not produce under the most favorable conditions more than fifteen bushels of corn and one-fifth bales of cotton to the acre under the most favorable crop conditions, and plaintiff alleges was only worth on the 13th day of February, 1919, the reasonable market value of Seven Hundred Dollars. All of which is fully set out in plaintiff's petition.

Wherefore plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer this petition and that upon a final hearing hereof, that she have judgment against the defendant, annulling said contract and reinvesting in plaintiff the title and possession of her home in the town of Nacogdoches for the cancellation of plaintiff's notes now held by defendant for six hundred dollars, which she has already paid the defendant in cash, and for five hundred dollars which amount she claims she has been damaged because of such false and fraudulent representation, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity, as she may show herself justly entitled to receive.

Herein fail not to have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches on this 6th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince,
Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-18-25-1



**The Plow for Best Results
in Stiff, Black, Waxy Soil**

It takes a mighty good plow—a specially designed plow—to do good work and stand the severe strain of seed bed-making in the difficult soil of this section. For many years farmers around here have found the required qualities in the

**JOHN DEERE
"BR" PLOW**

This plow is made especially for stiff, black, waxy soil. Because of the shape of its share, it penetrates readily. Because of its long tapering moldboard, it sheds clean.

You will find it the steadiest-running, easiest handled plow you ever saw.

The share is quick, detachable—a big advantage. Take off one nut to remove share; tighten the same nut, and the share is on tight.

The heavy, one-piece steel frog will not bend or break. The long, high-curved beam, made of special John Deere steel, will withstand the severest conditions.

The John Deere "BR" lasts unusually long; requires few repairs.

We can furnish the size to suit you.

Come in and see this high quality plow

Tucker-Sitton Hardware Co.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas,
To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. T. Blount by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of District Court of Nacogdoches county, to be holden at the court house thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, the same being the 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 6187, wherein Mrs. Nellie Acree and Bill Acree plaintiffs, and A. G. Edens, W. T. Tyre and J. T. Blount defendants, and said petition alleging that on or about the 5th day of November, 1920, defendant J. T. Blount made and executed to E. L. Haltom his certain promissory note for the sum of Four Thousand Dollars due and payable in yearly installments of Four Hundred Dollars each, first due and payable on or before November 15th, 1921, and each November 15th thereafter until the full amount was paid bearing 10 percent from date until paid and stipulating for 10 percent additional upon the principal and interest if same is placed in the hands of attorneys for collection, and further stipulating for the maturity of the entire note at the election of the holder upon the failure to pay one installment thereof. Said deed from E. L. Haltom to J. T. Blount retaining a vendor's lien upon the land and premises described in plaintiff's petition. Plaintiff further says that on the 15th day of January, 1921, for a valuable consideration, E. L. Haltom by his instrument of writing, sold and transferred and delivered said note to plaintiff, Mrs. Nellie Acree; that thereafter the said J. T. Blount conveyed said land to A. G. Edens and that said A. G. Edens assumed the payments of the note herein described and promised and agreed to pay off satisfy the unpaid balance thereon, but failed and refused to make the payment due, to-wit: The sum of Four Hundred Dollars due on or before November 15th, 1921, and thereafter conveyed said land to W. T. Tyre who assumed the payment of said indebtedness and promised and agreed to pay off and

satisfy the unpaid balance of said holder of said notes. Plaintiff says that the sum of Four Hundred Dollars the installment due to November 15, 1921, together with 10 percent interest on said note, is unpaid and unsatisfied, though past due, and that they have elected to mature the entire note; that each and all of said defendants are jointly and severally liable to said plaintiff by virtue of their respective assumptions of the payment of said indebtedness.

Wherefore, plaintiffs pray that defendants, and each of them, be cited to appear and answer therein and that they have judgment for their debt, principal and interest and attorneys fees, for the foreclosure of their lien upon the above described premises, for costs of suit and for general and special relief, in law or in equity.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Nacogdoches this, the 8th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince,
Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County to be holden at the court house thereon, in Nacogdoches, on the second Monday in February, 1923, the same being the 12th day of February, 1923, then and there to answer in a petition filed in said court on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1923, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court, No. 861 wherein Arthur R. Green is plaintiff and Cora Green is defendant, said petition alleging that:

That on or about the 31st day of March, 1917, plaintiff was married to defendant in Herkimer county, N. Y. That they lived together as man and wife until July 18, 1917, when defendant forsook and abandoned this plaintiff and has failed and refused to return to this plaintiff and home which abandonment has been for more than three years and is permanent. Therefore plaintiff asks a decree of divorce on the statutory grounds provided by law.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays that the defendant be cited by publication as is required in such cases to appear and answer herein and for judgment dissolving said marriage relations, and for such other and further relief, special and general in law and equity, that he be justly entitled to, etc.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court in the town of Nacogdoches, Texas, this 1st day of January, 1923.

I. R. PRINCE,
Clerk Dist. Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 4-w4t-p

THE STATE OF TEXAS
To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Nacogdoches County, Texas—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Cora Green by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in your county,

"Buffalo Bill, where do you get saddles and pads for your Rough Riders?"

From Waco, Texas, made by Tom Padgett Co.—Over fifty years in business—they don't hurt your horse.

(Padgett's ad has been carried in the Haltom papers for over forty years.)



LADY GOT SO WEAK COULD SCARCELY STAND

After Suffering From Many Female Troubles This Lady Heard of Cardui and Took It, She Says, "Until I Was Well."

"SOME TIME AGO," says Mrs. Buena McFarland, of R. F. D. 2, Bostic, N. C., "I suffered a great deal with weakness common to women. I had bearing-down pains, my sides and back hurt, and my limbs drew. I would get so weak in my knees I could scarcely stand.

"I was very nervous, and could not rest. I didn't feel like eating. I grew thin, and did not have ambition for anything."

"I had been trying other remedies... but did not get any better. 'Some one told us of Cardui, and what it was recommended for. I also

took a Ladies Birthday Almanac and read of a case something like mine. I told my husband to get it and I would try it.

"I saw a great improvement after the first bottle (of Cardui), so I kept it up until I was well. Now I am the picture of health."

Thousands of other women have written, to tell of the beneficial results obtained by taking Cardui, and to recommend it to others.

Cardui has stood the test of extensive use for more than forty years, in the treatment of troubles common to women. Try it.

GARRISON FIRST STATE BANK ELECTS NEW OFFICERS

From the Garrison News.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Garrison First State Bank was held in the office of the bank Tuesday morning when the following directors were elected.

G. F. Garrison, C. R. Langston, D. M. McDuffie, Belton Latimer, J. W. Stalling and L. L. Williams.

The bank showed to be in excellent condition and all were well pleased with the showing made the past year. The future outlook for the institution is very bright.

At a meeting of the board of directors held immediately after the stockholders meeting the followings officers were elected:

J. W. Stalling, president; D. M. McDuffie and B. Latimer vice presidents; G. F. Garrison, chairman of the board; L. L. Williams, cashier.

SCHOOL MATTERS UP

Austin, Texas, Jan. 18.—The educational needs of Texas, particularly the rural schools, were presented to the legislature today by Governor Neff, who advocated a survey of the entire educational system, its concentration in a board of administration, the investment of \$50 in each child annually, a nine-months minimum term and provision for an accurate scholastic census. He suggested taxes on oil produced in the state and amusements, and advocated a law making a "safer, saner and more economic" method of buying, distributing and uses texts.

Expunge Impeachment Records

Senators Parr of San Diego and Fairchild of Lufkin declared that a resolution seeking to expunge the legislative records of the impeachment of James E. Ferguson, former governor, had been prepared.

\$4,000,000 for Schools

A bill providing for the appropriation of \$4,000,000 for the next two fiscal years in aid of rural schools was introduced in the house.

Klan Fad Passing

H. D. McDonald of Paris, former state senator, told the senate that the Ku Klux Klan fad would pass out from public notice in a short time.

Subscribe for the Sentinel.

EXPULSED PAPAL DELEGATE OFFERED PRIVATE CAR

Mexico City, Jan. 18.—The Knights of Columbus have offered Monsignor Filippi, the expelled papal delegate to Mexico, the use of a private car to convey him to Washington from Laredo, whither he departed yesterday. His train is due at Laredo this morning.

A COSTLY INVITATION

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 18.—Mayor James Rolph, Jr., faced today an organized assault on his personal exchequer as the result of a random scientific experiment last night.

Dedicating a radio broadcasting set his honor, spoke in ringing tones into the transmitter. Said he:

"I want to find out how far my voice is carrying, how big my audience is. Send in telegrams to me and send them collect. Come on—everybody. Mayor Hylan of New York, and you, Mayor Curley of Boston—everybody."

Radio fans were not slow in responding. By midnight at least one telegram had come from every state in the Union, it was announced at the mayor's office, and Honolulu and a ship 1,000 miles at sea were represented. And as the night crept on toward dawn, the messages continued to arrive.

By daylight it was estimated that the mayor had incurred wire tolls of \$2,000, with the possibility that the figures might be doubled during the day.

ANOTHER ARREST IN GOOSE CREEK FLOGGING

Houston, Jan. 19.—Having failed to make a case against the first suspect in connection with the Goose Creek floggings, the sheriff and agents of the district attorney's office had a second man in jail here today and are said to be planning to bring in several others. The man now held is charged with assault to murder. He was identified by Mrs. Harrison and R. A. Armand, the whipping victims, officers said.

M. P. Rogers of Goose Creek, the man now held, is to appear before the grand jury this afternoon.

FIRE FIGHTER MEET IN ANNUAL SESSION

The members of the Nacogdoches Volunteer Fire Company, No. 1, met Thursday night in the City Hall. The meeting was called to order by Chief I. L. Sturdevant and A. S. Brewer was elected temporary chairman, with J. R. McKinney temporary secretary.

After roll call the minutes of the last meeting, held on February 8, 1922, were read and approved.

Then followed the election of officers, which resulted in the re-election of Captain I. L. Sturdevant, as chief by acclamation. A. S. Brewer was elected assistant chief, George H. Davidson foreman, Moultrie Smith first assistant foreman, Ellis Gaston second assistant foreman and J. R. McKinney secretary-treasurer. When nominated Chief Sturdevant said he thought a younger man might serve the company more satisfactorily, but he was shouted down, the nominations closed and he was elected unanimously.

Chief Sturdevant then took charge of the meeting and administered the pledge to the officers-elect.

Joe Wolsiefer, who has made a faithful member of the company since its organization, stated that he would be unable to take the pledge to respond to day calls, but would be on hand at night every time the alarm was sounded. He explained that his business obligations rendered it uncertain as to his serving during business hours, but if the company would accept him with that reservation he would be glad to continue his membership. Chief Sturdevant stated that he had no authority to change the rules, which would have to be done by action of the city council, and a motion was then made that, in view of Mr. Wolsiefer's splendid record, he be placed upon the honorary list. This motion was carried, and Mr. Wolsiefer stated he still would "come out" at the top of the bell whenever he could get away in the daytime and always at night.

Some of the members being absent, it was moved that the chief appoint a committee of one to confer with these absentees and ascertain their desires as to further connection with the company. L. I. Muller was appointed as the committee.

The chief read a communication from the Nacogdoches Rotary Club inviting the members of the fire company to be their guests at a luncheon within a short time, the date to be announced later. Chief Sturdevant stated that this was the first time the company had ever been invited to any social function since its organization. A unanimous vote of thanks was extended the Rotarians.

Mayor W. I. Baker, City Clerk R. C. Monk and Aldermen Herbert Schmidt, Ford Simpson, R. W. Haselwood and Blum Mast were present by invitation to the city council to attend the meeting. Mayor Baker made a brief talk, assuring the fire company that the council would do all in its power to provide necessary additional equipment whenever needed, compliance with requisitions to be limited only by the city's financial ability. Mr. Monk followed in the same strain, as did Alderman Schmidt. Alderman Simpson stated that he had joined the fire company in order that he might obtain first-hand information concerning the firemen's needs so he would be better able to act intelligently whenever such matters came before the council. He promised every aid possible.

An improvement in the fire-alarm system was suggested, but the matter was postponed to a meeting called for the second Monday in February. It was found that many times firemen were not aroused by the whistle now serving as a warning, hence were not present at fires when needed. It is proposed to install an adequate system, and it is needed.

History of the Company
The Nacogdoches Volunteer Fire Company, No. 1, was organized on the 29th of February, 1908, with the following members enrolled:

I. L. Sturdevant, Dr. Henry Rulfs, Frank Summers, Henry Reid, Frost Thorn, D. H. Barnett, W. P. Ingraham, E. C. Chapman, Bernard Pack, Joe Wolsiefer, I. D. Parnley, Moultrie Smith, W. C. Fouts, Oscar Strahan, Jack Gage, H. F. Sanders, H. T. Mast, P. E. Oelamar, Lee Gaston, Josh Henson, T. J. Stack, Geo. P. Cook, Louis Muller, W. E. Thomas, Avery Barron, J. R. McKinney, Dan Jenkins and Fritz Swift.

Of these the following seven are still members: I. L. Sturdevant, Joe Wolsiefer, I. D. Parnley, Moultrie Smith, Lee Gaston, Louis Muller and J. R. McKinney.

The present membership is composed of the following:

I. L. Sturdevant, A. S. Brewer, Geo. H. Davidson, Moultrie Smith, G. Ellis Gaston, J. R. McKinney, I. D. Parnley, L. I. Muller, J. H. Summers,

111 Cigarettes
TURKISH VIRGINIA BURLEY
15 for 10¢

Cates Burrows, H. R. Stewart, M. M. Roberts Jr., J. R. Horn, Pat Murphy, Elmer Wicks, W. D. Burk, F. Ford Simpson, Lee Gaston, Robert Lindsey and J. M. Harris.

Fire Marshal L. I. Muller reported that the company had responded to 30 alarms during the year just closed. The actual loss from these fires amounted to \$19,000, while the property menaced, and which would surely have been destroyed but for the activities of the fire company, represented a sum or more than half a million dollars.

Few people stop to think what these fire-fighters mean to the welfare of the city, and only when it is brought directly home to us do we fully realize their true value. While our people slumber, the members of the fire company are always on the alert, ready to rush out and man the apparatus and hurry to save the endangered property of some citizen. Cold and rain and storm do not deter them. Taking their lives into their hands, they go to the fires, facing danger always and death or serious injury frequently, that our property be saved. They do this without expectation or hope of reward—simply for the public good. Rather comforting, isn't it, the assurance of this unflinching vigilance for our protection? We shout ourselves hoarse when the soldier boys march by, and they deserve all the applause we can give them; but we are too prone to ignore or forget the splendid service rendered by the fire boys, who perform their dangerous duties in the red glare of burning homes, without the blare of trumpet or throb of drum, but often running risks as menacing as those which confront the soldier. Don't you think the members of this company, who so willingly and efficiently serve you, are entitled to your frequent kindly thought and helpful word of appreciation? Think over these suggestions, and let us acknowledge in any way that may offer our debt of gratitude to these unselfish protectors.

When the business meeting had been finished the members adjourned to Felix Weaver's cafe, where a fine luncheon had been prepared in Felix's inimitable way, and of the good things provided the boys partook with every indication of appreciation. Joe Wolsiefer and Ellis Gaston led in the gustatory competition, and the Sentinel man was kindly taken home in Louis Muller's car.

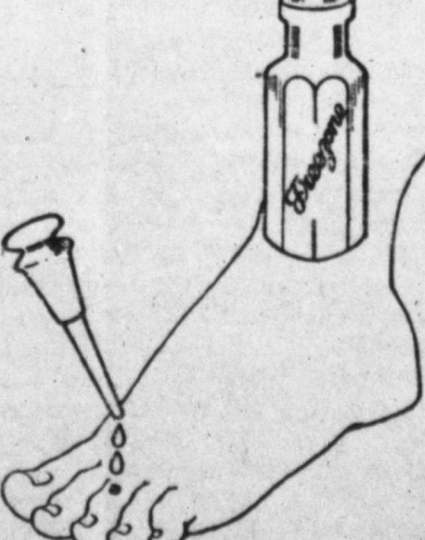
It was a great occasion.

WALLACE REID DEAD

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 19.—The funeral of Wallace Reid will be held tomorrow. Filmdom today mourned the passing of this motion picture star, whose death ended a long battle for health after abandoning the use of habit-forming drugs.

CORNS

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

COMMERCIAL GUARANTY BANK

The stockholders of the Commercial Guaranty State Bank met in annual session Tuesday and re-elected the old board of directors as follows:

V. E. Simpson, F. H. Tucker, John Schmidt, Eugene H. Blount, Thomas E. Baker, Dr. George P. Campbell and Frank Sharp, Jr.

The board then re-elected the old officers, viz:

Eugene H. Blount, president; John Schmidt, vice president; V. E. Simpson, vice president; T. E. Baker, vice president; F. H. Tucker, cashier; W. S. Beeson, assistant cashier; F. Ford Simpson, assistant cashier; T. S. Davison, assistant cashier; H. Shindler, assistant cashier.

A scrutiny of the report for the year shows the bank to be in a prosperous condition, there being incontrovertible evidence that its affairs have been conducted in a most satisfactory manner. For instance, a year ago the deposits were \$763,121.86; on December 31st, they aggregated \$1,000,306.67, an increase of \$237,184.71 for the year. A year ago there were bills payable (money owed by the bank) to the amount of \$286,759.62; now there are none, while the available cash now is \$318,298.25, which is \$250,000.00 more than reserve required. A 10 percent dividend for the past year was declared and paid.

Ranking as probably the strongest financial institution of East Texas, the Commercial Guaranty State Bank enjoys the unqualified confidence of all the people of this section—and wherever else it is known. While operated for gain, of course, it has always been the practice of the bank to observe a helpful policy, and it has gone the limit of banking prudence in extending accommodation to those in need of money, thus fixing a firm place in the good-will of the general public. It has had a very large part in the development of most of the enterprises of this section, and it has earned the commendation which has been so liberally bestowed upon it.

May its prosperity continue and increase.

TWO DWELLINGS BURN

At 3:15 Saturday morning an alarm was turned in from the home of W. T. Lakey, in the western limits of the city, calling the fire department to the home of Mr. John Still, which was totally destroyed by fire, together with all its contents. A seven-room, two-story dwelling, about 30 feet east, also was destroyed. The latter was owned by W. D. Smith.

Mr. Still and family were asleep when the fire started and the roof and walls were on the verge of collapse when they awoke. They escaped with only their night clothing. Mr. Still lifted one of the children from its bed, the quilt on which was scorched by the flames. He went back for a trunk in the hall and succeeded in drawing it from the building, taking out a khaki shirt and trousers, when the trunk caught fire and was destroyed with its contents. This represented the total salvage. The dwelling was valued at \$1,500 and was insured for \$1,000. The furnishings were insured for \$1,000, but that amount does not cover their value by a great deal.

The unfortunate family were taken to the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Wilson, at Mound and East Main streets, the parents of Mrs. Still.

The amount of insurance, if any, carried by Mr. Smith on his property, could not be learned.

RAINFALL FOR 1922

Superintendent G. T. McNess of the Texas Experiment Station here, has kindly furnished the Sentinel with a record of the rainfall in this vicinity during the year 1922, as indicated by the gauge at the station under his charge, the figures representing inches and fractions, as follows:

January 7.29; February, 6.44; March, 9.03; April, 12.91; May, 5.41; June, 3.81; July, 3.92; August, 3.45; September, 0.93; October, .61; November, 4.38; December, 4.10. Total annual rainfall 62.31. The driest month was October and the wettest April. It was in the latter month that the destructive flood occurred—a catastrophe which will long be remembered. The past year witnessed the highest precipitation in 21 years.

THE BASTROP HEARING

Bastrop, La., Jan. 22.—The alleged attempt to assassinate Dr. B. M. McKoin, former mayor of Mer Rouge, which is believed to have prompted the kidnaping and killing of Watt Daniel and Thomas Richards, was brought up today at the open hearing. C. Wagsdale testified he was in a poker game with Daniel, Richards and others the night McKoin was said to have been fired on. He said he heard two shots on the way home from a restaurant after the game.

Radicalism is merely a quest for a short cut to easy street.

PUT STOMACH IN ORDER AT ONCE

"Pape's Diapesin" for Gas, Indigestion or Sour Stomach

Instantly! Stomach corrected! You never feel the slightest distress from indigestion or a sour, acid, gassy stomach, after you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapesin. The moment it reaches the stomach, all sourness, flatulence, heartburn, gases, palpitation and pain disappear. Druggists guarantee each package to correct digestion at once. End your stomach trouble for a few cents.

WATCHMAN RESPONSIBLE FOR HUMBLE WRECK

Washington, Jan. 19.—Responsibility for the wreck of the Southern Pacific at Humble, Texas, December 13th was placed today by Interstate Commerce Commission inspectors upon J. H. Smith, the engine watchman, who had been placed in charge of a light engine on the sidetrack at Humble. Twenty-two persons were killed and 11 injured in the wreck. The report said Smith moved the engine to a point so near the main track that the passenger train was sideswiped and wrecked. The inspectors said an examination of the engine showed nothing was wrong with it. They said Smith claimed the engine moved itself, due to a leaky throttle.

"WHOLE DANIEL FAMILY WOULD BE CLEANED OUT"

Bastrop, La., Jan. 19.—William J. McDonald, 60, brother-in-law of J. L. Daniel, father of Watt Daniel, testified at the open hearing today that "Jap" Jones told him that the "whole damned Daniel family" would be "cleaned out" before the alleged attempt to assassinate Dr. B. M. McKoin was settled. McDonald said Jones did not seem to realize that he was related to the Daniel family.

A SPOOL OF THREAD PAYS RENT IN GERMANY

Berlin, Jan. 19.—What to do when the rent came around puzzled the tenant of a seven-room house at Celie, Westphalia, when he was short of money, until he happened to think of several spools of sewing machine thread left on hand from purchases made before the war.

The tenant pays 900 marks annually for the house and the quarter's rent amounted to 225. His offer to pay the landlord with one spool of thread was accepted, the tenant receiving 10 marks cash in change since this thread now sells for 235 marks a spool before the war, the spools cost him 30 pfennigs each.

A federal law limits the prices that may be charged for rent; thread follows the dollar rate of exchange.

"A Town Without a Telephone" is the dubious title acquired by Mehrstedt, a place of 400 inhabitants situated in Thuringia. Up to recently, Mehrstedt boasted at least the usual central toll station, but one day the mail carrier came along and officially carried off its sole apparatus. None of the residents feels he can afford the luxury of a connection, so all now have to wait for the mails to let them know "how the dollar stands."

RAIN ALL OVER TEXAS

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 22.—Virtually the whole of Texas had received a soaking rain today. It started in the eastern portion, gradually extending southward to the gulf and north and westward to the Oklahoma and New Mexico lines. A long dry spell was broken in many sections.

At any rate, the day is gone when patriotism consisted in laying down your life to back up a diplomat's fool blunders.

A COLD GONE IN FEW HOURS

"Pape's Cold Compound" Acts Quick, Costs Little, Never Sickness!

In a few hours your cold is gone, head and nose clear, no feverishness, headache or stuffed-up feeling. Druggists here guarantee these pleasant tablets to break up a cold or grip quicker than nasty quinine. They never make you sick or uncomfortable. Buy a box of "Pape's Cold Compound" for a few cents and get rid of your cold right now.

IF SICK TODAY! TAKE NO CALOMEL

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Straightens You Up Better Than Salivating, Dangerous Calomel and Doesn't Upset You—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Read Guarantee

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to buy a bottle for a few cents and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money back.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will re-

lieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach, or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from a day's work.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can not salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

WEEKLY SENTINEL

PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR.

BY GILES M. HALTOM

DOFF THE LION'S HIDE, SAYS KEITH TO KLAN

By Paul Keith.

The following from Sunday's Houston Chronicle is one of the ablest pronouncements we have yet read in regard to the Ku Klux Klan:

It is not my purpose to attempt to add anything to what the Chronicle has already said concerning the wrong principles upon which the organization known as the Ku Klux Klan is founded. I merely wish to indorse its course and state my own personal feelings. The series of editorials that have appeared from time to time in this paper exposing the un-American, un-patriotic and un-Christian character of these principles have been the clearest and most fearless that have appeared on any subject in any publication in the United States since that intrepid but erratic master of English W. C. Brann, a quarter of a century ago, turned his editorial batteries on the "American Protective Association," an organization, by the way, which had no more excuse for its existence then than has the Ku Klux Klan today, and which went under speedily as soon as its intolerant and pernicious principles were exposed, and just as the Ku Klux Klan will go under as soon as the public fully realizes that it is founded on principles that are not only fundamentally wrong but positively vicious. And it is not going to be much longer before the public comes to this realization.

There is something so ridiculously funny in the idea of men in this, the twentieth century, solemnly associating themselves together under such a grotesque name as the "Ku Klux Klan," designating their "officers" by such ludicrous and childish silly titles as "kleagles," "glaliff," "gob-lins," and the like folderol, dressing themselves up in bed sheets and parading around like scarecrows, that sensible people have been slow to believe that any such movement could ever gain a sufficient following to become a menace to society and the due and regular administration of the law. To every one possessed of the slightest sense of humor, the whole thing has appeared as funny as the adventures of Don Quixote, or the escapades of Melvillo, and it is considered that only a little time was necessary for it to die a natural death. But it has ceased to provoke mirth and has become an object of contempt and hatred in the minds of all sensible and patriotic men and women, as they now see it for what it really is—a sinking, disguised, clandestine and cowardly monster that is striking at every fundamental principle upon which this government was founded. They now see that its teachings and practices have a tendency to stir up religious strife, racial prejudices, substitute mob violence for due process of law and make people feel insecure in their homes, and they hate it.

There are a few men who joined this organization for whom I have always entertained the very highest regard. I have classed them as types of nature's noblemen, gentlemen in the full sense of the word—brave, gallant, just, charitable, generous and wise. I have looked upon them for years as belonging to that type of man, in short, to which Sir Walter Scott referred, on his deathbed, when he said to his son-in-law: "Be a good man, Lockhart; nothing else can give you consolation when you come to die." And as the activities of the organization have become more and more pusillanimous and disgraceful, I have hoped to see them wash their hands of it, as Judge Harvey did not long ago. But if any of them have yet done so, they have done it secretly and I have not heard of it. That these men, or any others in their class, had anything to do, either directly or indirectly, with the brutal whipping of that poor woman at Goose Creek a few days ago, I do not for one moment believe. Nor do I for one moment believe that they have condoned or will condone or apologize for the outrage, or attempt to shield from the law the brutes in human form who perpetrated it, whoever they may be. But since the occurrence of this barbaric, fourteenth century affair, I can not understand how they, or any other man in whose veins there runs one drop of manly blood, can afford to any longer remain a member of such an organization. How any man in whose heart the words "gentleman," "gallantry," "chivalry," or even "American" awakes the slightest response, can now hold his head up and face the world without shame until he can truthfully say that he does not belong to nor sympathize with this order, is more than I can comprehend. I had rather be a member of a tribe

of lousy Yaqui Indians and steal goats for a livelihood; I had rather run with a pack of mangy coyotes and prey upon hen roosts; I had rather herd with jackals and rob graveyards, than to belong to an order that numbers among its members godless ruffians who could find it in their hearts to drag from her bed, in the presence of her little girl, a woman, and lay on her bare and quivering back the lash, no matter what her conduct had been. Suppose Mrs. Harrison was a Magdalene; suppose she was a veritable Doll Tearsheets; what is the rule laid down by Jesus Christ under such circumstances? And under that rule, how many men (if it be permissible to call them men) were there in the mob that committed this outrage who could have cast a stone at her?

There is not one valid excuse that can be offered for the existence in this country of such an organization as the Ku Klux Klan, and to every self-respecting man who joined it under the belief that its purposes were good, and who still belong to it, I would say, "Get out of it now, and tell the world you have gotten out of it." To those who can still see their way clear to remain in it and pose as "upholders of white supremacy," "100 percent Americans," "protectors of women and children," and the "high faluting" stuff I would say, in the memorable words of Queen Constance to the treacherous duke of Austria: "Thou wear a lion's hide; doff it for shame, and hang a calf's skin on those recreant limbs."

BETTER LAW ENFORCEMENT.

From the Shreveport Journal: If the Texas solons heed the recommendations of Governor Neff, as submitted in his recent message to the legislature, greater respect for law will be obtained in Texas. The message was in line with former views Governor Neff has expressed upon the necessity for respect for and obedience to law.

In outlining needs for more effective enforcement, the governor urged these additional legislative measures: Requiring state officials to subscribe to an oath that they will not violate the prohibition regulations. Prohibiting the sale or lease of pistols.

Expediting the trial of criminal cases.

Repealing the suspended sentence law.

Making it a penitentiary offense to possess liquor.

Inflicting jail sentence for appearing in public while under the influence of intoxicating liquor.

If legislation embodying these suggestions is enacted, and then enforced Texas will enjoy a better record in the matter of respect for the law. Crimes will be reduced and public safety receive greater assurance. Any state without laws of this kind could well afford to enact them.

Principal causes of law violations including selling intoxicating liquors and deadly firearms, allowing unnecessary delays in prosecuting lawbreakers, and granting too much leniency after criminals are convicted. And Texas is not the only state suffering from these sources of trouble.

OKLAHOMA'S BARBECUE

From the Shreveport Journal. That was surely a Gargantuan feast that ushered into office Governor Jack Walton, of Oklahoma. It was the biggest barbecue on record. For several days before the inauguration the sacrificial smoke arose from the roasting pits, and when the time came there was ample beef, buffalo, bear and reindeer meat for 100,000 guests. There must have been nearly a million sandwiches. Coffee was made in urns holding 10,000 gallons apiece, heated by steam engines.

Talk about the "big free spirit of the West!" It was there with bells on. There was such a scene as Oklahoma itself never witnessed before, and no state in the union may ever witness again. Harmless volleys from cowboy guns punctuated the governor's inaugural address. There was a parade of automobiles, ponies, ox-carts, advertising floats, staid citizens, Indians, college students and frontiersmen, in every imaginable costume, all in one grand medley.

That is surely an improvement on the usual inauguration. The idea might be adopted, with necessary modifications, by other states, especially those given to over-dignified ceremony on great occasions. Modern life is getting too far away from simple pleasures, anyway. Think how entertaining a national barbecue would be at Washington to celebrate a presidential inauguration.

Reports concerning those 150 deserted wives of the former sultan show that few of them have found new parking places.

TROUBLE 1080 YEARS OLD

The trouble between France and Germany started 1080 years ago. At Verdun, in the year 843, Charlemagne's three grandchildren quarreled over grandpa's will and divided his property. Strongest of these was Louis the German. He took for his share, land which has become known as Germany. Charles the Bold got the kingdom of the Franks, west of the Rhine—roughly speaking, modern France.

The third brother, Lothaire, was a weakling. So he got only the scraps, territory neither of his brothers coveted at the time. These scraps included Alsace, Lorraine, Holland, Belgium, Switzerland and a strip of northern Italy. Descendants of Charles the Bold and Louis the German began fighting for Lothaire's property. They've been fighting over parts of it ever since, so we can scarcely expect the dispute to be settled quickly. After Charlemagne's grandchildren divided grandpa's estate, the supposedly worthless lands of Lothaire became valuable, powerful. It got so the Netherlands could swing the balance in a war between France and Germany. So the rivals agreed to split Netherlands into Belgium and Holland.

Switzerland won its own independence. Gradually Lothaire's kingdom broke up. Southern strip joined the confederation of Italian states. Luxembourg was neutralized. This left Alsace-Lorraine, with French and Germans both wanting it. Regularly it changed hands, back and forth.

And now the descendants of Charles the Bold seem to think the Rhine is their natural frontier. Plain old family wrangle.—Ex.

THE DIGNITY OF WORK

Honest labor, however menial, entails no indignity, though false pride, the pride of manicured nails and superficial snobbery, would have it so. Indeed, the grossest indignity is that which despises honorable and remunerative work.

An Indianapolis youth, while working as a bellhop at Atlantic City last summer, was notified that he had been awarded a three-year Rhodes scholarship. He and his brother, both students at the Harvard law school, work as bellhops to pay their tuition. A somewhat different story is that of Aso Mober, once a Swedish opera star, who failed to find recognition here as a singer. She is now a chambermaid, and meantime is cultivating her voice for a future triumph.

It has been said that the hand that rocks the cradle rules the land. Certainly those who have to work with their hands should be neither despised nor ignored. The boy who brings the ice water may be a future chief justice, and the name of the chambermaid may some day symbolize vocal perfection.

The story of the rise of the poor boy to fame and fortune is somewhat mottled, and there is a triteness in repetition, but the moral is inescapable: Diligence, application and sincerity lead to success. There is a tendency in this generation, however, to avoid manual labor, in the belief that it is debasing. The effect of this is seen in employment reports, which nearly always show a demand for skilled workers and a surplus of clerks.

The youth with a trade and the will to work attains a satisfaction beyond the reach of the proud but unemployed "white collar" worker. Sensing an indignity where none exists is rank hypocrisy.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

"To the modern generation the turning of a switch or the pressing of a button which leads to the flashing of an electric light, is regarded as a commonplace event of ordinary everyday life," says the Texas Public Service Information Bureau.

"But to those who recall the days before electricity came into general use, the instantaneous action of the electric bulb still savors somewhat of the miraculous. The action of the bulb, however, is due entirely to natural causes, controlled in a natural way.

"The usual type of incandescent lamp used today consists of a glass bulb, from which the air has been exhausted, a tiny filament of tungsten metal and wire which carries the electric current to the filament. The latter takes such a high resistance to the passage of the current that, practically instantaneous, it glows and gives off light on account of the high temperature to which it is subjected. In short, electric light is analogous to that which is given off by a poker when heated white-hot, save for the fact that the heating process is accomplished without appreciable loss of time. The reason for the removing of air from the bulb is in order to prevent the filament from burning up, which would occur if oxygen were present."

THE HERRIN VERDICT

No one will be surprised at the verdict of the Herring case. Irrespective of the evidence or persons involved, it has been widely assumed in a community where such things could occur without action by the local authorities there would be small chance of any other verdict. The Herring affair was one of several outbreaks where inflamed popular sentiment has overridden all pretenses of respect for law and order. The latest was the lynching of a striker in Arkansas, the flogging of a bondsman, and the deportation by a mob of other persons.

This readiness to resort to mob violence, on one side or another, is a national humiliation. We boast of our democracy, our institutions, of popular government, yet mob crimes flout us before the world. If there is one need paramount today, it is to impress upon and convince everyone that the cornerstone of self-government and of security of person and property is in common submission to the law and the maintenance of public order.

"GASOLINE ECONOMIZERS"

The following, culled by a correspondent from magazine advertising, looks as if the Texas company may soon go out of business:

"The installation of the Stormbound Carburetor will decrease your gasoline consumption 25 percent; the use of Dill Piston Rings will decrease it another 25 percent; Quackem's Hot Shot Vaporizer will save 15 percent; Bunkoleme Motor Oil 20 percent; and the addition of a small inexpensive can of Zip to your gasoline will cut down your fuel consumption another 15 percent.

"You will readily see that with the use of these five economizers you actually use no gasoline at all. But you haven't heard anything yet; listen to this: Nonpareil Spark Plugs and the Wechawken Timer together will save another 35 percent—which means that if you run far enough you will accumulate so much gasoline that your tank will run over."

A GOLDEN WEDDING

The following special dispatch from Athens to the Dallas News of the 23d inst. will prove interesting to the many parishoners and friends of Rev. J. L. Massey, late pastor of the Methodist church at this place:

Athens, Texas, Jan. 22.—Dr. J. L. Massey, pastor of the Methodist church of this city, and Mrs. Massey will celebrate their golden wedding anniversary Tuesday, January 23. The renewal of the vows will be held at the Methodist church and the Rev. L. J. Power, the presiding elder of the Jacksonville district, will perform the ceremony.

Dr. Massey is one of the oldest members of the Texas Conference, both in years and point of service. He came to the Texas Conference from the Arkansas Conference in 1892, after having served fifteen years there, and has been a continuous member of the conference since. He has been pastor at Galveston, Huntsville, Brenham, Cameron, Marshall, Longview, Orange, Center, Trinity, Navasota and Nacogdoches, and is at present serving his second year in Athens.

Dr. Massey was admitted to the Arkansas Conference at Fayetteville in 1877, and was ordained by Bishops Kavanaugh and Granberry. Incidentally, no bishop is living now who was living at the time he joined the conference. He is now serving his forty-sixth year as an itinerant minister without a break. He has served on all the important committees of the Texas Conference.

He and Mrs. Massey were married at Quitman, Ark., January 23, 1873. He served as local preacher for five years before joining the conference. Dr. Massey is very popular with the people of Athens and the members of the Methodist church plan to make the wedding a memorable event.

THE EDITOR'S CHAIR

A lawyer charges a man \$10 for ten minutes' conversation—the man insists on paying it. A doctor charges \$1 for a prescription and the patient says, "Oh pshaw—is that enough?" An undertaker conducts a funeral and charges \$100 and he is just perfectly lovely with everybody outside and inside the family. A man buys a gold brick and apologizes for not having bitten sooner. An editor walks a mile in the hot sun to get the facts of a sudden death or wedding or social function and spends three hours in writing it up and tells lies and praises people till he hates himself. Then if he makes an insignificant omission or error or charges 5 cents straight for three extra papers he is a stingy cuss who never gets anything right and charges four times the price of city papers twice as large. In short he is a confounded most-any-old-thing and ought to be run out of town. Talk about the ice man! How would you like to run a newspaper.—Exchange.

QUITS SICK BED

AFTER TWO YEARS

Mrs. E. F. Willman Unstinted in Praise of Tanlac Following Remarkable Recovery

The results of Tanlac in the case of Mrs. Ella F. Willman, of O'Neal, S. C., have been truly remarkable. According to her statement she has "recovered her health and strength" after being confined to her bed for two years and losing nearly all hope of getting well.

"Honestly, I don't believe I would be alive today if it had not been for Tanlac," says her statement. "I had been confined to my bed for two years suffering from a nervous breakdown and stomach trouble, and don't see how I could have stood it much longer. My nerves made me almost frantic at times and I never knew what a good night's rest was, and my stomach was in such a bad condition that I scarcely ate enough to sustain life. "By the time I finished my second bottle of Tanlac I began to feel better. I have taken ten bottles of Tanlac now and it has built me up until I feel strong and well. My stomach has stopped troubling me and I rarely ever feel a bit nervous. I sleep well and feel like a new person. All praise to Tanlac."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 35 million bottles sold.

WEST END SCHOOL NOTES

At the request of some of the members, we are glad to announce a meeting of the former Mothers' Club, for Friday afternoon at the school house. We hope that every mother will attend, whether former members or not. If you are interested in the progress of the school, make it a point to be present, as there are some important matters to be discussed and acted upon.

Last week was examination week and the fifth and sixth grades suffered several mental wrecks. Howard Franklin and Cecil Dean made a head-on collision, loaded to the limit with decimal fractions. There was a considerable smash-up, but no serious injuries. However, it became necessary to call for help from Mr. Bailey and the leading members of the sixth grade to clear away the debris.

Thomas Collier and Aldridge Smith said they were like Huckleberry Finn—they blew out a cylinder head on geography, but it was soon patched up and they got by at last.

We consider that the fifth and sixth grades have a good report for the fourth month. Only ten days were missed by the class.

The honor roll contains the following names for the month month:

Fifth Grade—H. T. Burk, Docia Shoemaker, Ila Ruth Barron, Inez Fuller, Byford Salley, Rex Cooley and Riley Castleberry. Sixth Grade—J. B. Shoemaker, Cecil Dean, Gladys Beach, Tom Ramsey, Lillie Muller, Gracie Mae Baker, Amanda Willson, Elizabeth Spradley, and Howard Franklin. Verdie Sparks joined the fifth grade this week. We are very proud of her, for she has shown already that she is not afraid of work. Mrs. Corine Willson was a very pleasant visitor to our school Monday. We are glad to have the mothers with us at any time.

Amanda Willson.

"VIGILANCE" HOLD-UPS

Pensacola, Jan. 23.—Police here and in surrounding counties are investigating reports of nearly a score of hold-ups of automobiles last night by hooded mobs who termed themselves to be "vigilance committees" and that the "hearing in Bastrop will not interfere with them enforcing the law."

According to reports, hooded individuals purporting to be members of the Ku Klux Klan were active not only in the city, but also in the country. In some cases machines were stopped by white robed men and the occupants were threatened with floggings unless they stop joy-riding. These cars contained young men and women, many of whom are prominent in this section.

MINE OPERATORS ARRESTED

Essen, Jan. 20.—Fritz Thyssen and five other mine operators were arrested today and taken to Dusseldorf. Railroad workers of the Elberfeld zone have decided not to transport outside the Ruhr coal requisitioned by the French. It was reported Marshal Foch would arrive in the Ruhr Valley during the day.

WILL FINE MAGNATES

Mayence, Jan. 24.—Fritz Thyssen and his five fellow-German industrialists apparently faced only fines by the French courtmartial which is trying them here today for resistance to French demands for Ruhr coal. The prosecutor suggested that he was inclined to leniency because of the patriotic motives of the Germans.

PRICES

all the way, from the best low-priced battery made to the

Willard Threaded Rubber Battery used as original equipment on over 134 makes of cars.

Whatever your car, Willard has the right battery at the right price for YOU.

NACOGDOCHES BATTERY CO. Phone No. 8

Representing Willard Batteries (THE LEADER IN REPUTATION) and G.W. Batteries (WOOD SEPARATORS)

SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT FOR NACOGDOCHES COUNTY

Following is the state apportionment for each common school district in Nacogdoches county for the term 1922-23, as furnished the county superintendent by the State Educational Department.

The figures in parentheses following the name of the district indicates the number of schools in a district:

Swift (1)	702.81
Pleasant Hill (1)	958.44
Oak Flat (1)	645.48
Trawick (1)	674.82
Mt. Horeb (1)	400.98
McKnight (1)	293.40
Lynn Flat (5)	2542.80
Campbell (2)	978.00
Fern Lake (1)	332.52
Caro (2)	586.80
Cedar Bluff (1)	616.14
Bellview (1)	332.52
Myrtle Springs (1)	391.20
Alazan (1)	958.44
Sand Ridge (2)	723.72
Red Flat (2)	889.98
Spring Hill (1)	811.74
Ogell (1)	850.86
Friendship (2)	753.06
Nat (2)	1300.74
Douglass (3)	2484.12
Melrose (2)	1770.18
Harmony (2)	1017.12
Martinsville (2)	1682.16
Oak Ridge (2)	938.88
Red Oak (1)	537.90
Flat Woods (1)	645.48
Mahl (1)	625.92
Lone Pine (1)	518.34
Pine Hill (3)	1173.60
Center (1)	704.16
Fairview (2)	1222.60
Mt. Moriah (1)	205.38
Palestine (2)	899.98
Holly Springs (1)	665.04
Black Jack (2)	1369.20
Trinity (1)	625.92
Shady Grove (1)	1056.24
Lilbert (1)	1173.60
Libby (1)	498.78
Clear Branch (1)	234.72
Cross Roads (1)	303.18
Smyrna (1)	449.88
Pleasant Grove (2)	625.92
Brewer's Chapel (3)	743.28
Little Flock (2)	997.56
Jameville (2)	694.38
Eden (4)	1838.64
Gravel Ridge (1)	234.72
Pisgah (1)	361.86
Hickory Flat (2)	1721.28
Moral (1)	469.44
Bethel (2)	1017.12
Bernaldo (1)	684.60
Washington (1 colored)	831.30
Uphaw (1 colored)	841.08
Lone Star (2)	586.80
Persimmon Grove (1)	332.52
Blake (1)	440.10
Little's Chapel (1)	332.52

The parent who talks loudest about the rights of the weaker peoples is the one who makes his small son take castor oil.

Imported stuff: A trade expression, meaning that the bootlegger who uses it is a first-class liar.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic
Invigorates, Purifies and Enriches the Blood. etc

THOSE OLD MISSIONS

San Augustine, Texas, Jan. 14, 1924. H. L. McKnight, Nacogdoches, Tex. Dear Mr. McKnight—I have received your letter enclosing one from Mrs. Florence L. Watson of Los Angeles, which I will answer with pleasure and refer her to authorities on the subject.

I have heard the tradition that the original mission at Nacogdoches was located south of the town but my study has led me to believe that it is incorrect. The first mission was established in the fall of 1716 about six months before that at San Augustine. Both missions were burned or destroyed during a French raid from Nacitoches in 1719. In 1721 the Marquis de Agreayo led an expedition into East Texas and re-established the missions. His account shows that the Nacogdoches mission was probably rebuilt at or near the same site, while that at San Augustine was moved about half a mile east to the east bank of the Aiyah Bayou, where relics of it are now found. There is no record of any further change in either mission until their final abandonment in 1772. There were fey if any Spanish settlers in either mission, but at Adams, near Robeline, La., there were several hundred settlers, who were all deported by order of the Spanish government, and taken to Bexar (San Antonio). The chief men of these settlers was Gil Antonio Y-Barbo, who had a large ranch on the Lobanville creek, near Geneva, in Sabine county. He wished to come back to Las Ais (San Augustine) to be near his ranch, and after a series of adventures did succeed in leading the colony back in 1779. Arriving at Nacogdoches he found the mission buildings still standing. He mentions the church and a house for the priest, both wooden with some peculiar kind of shingles (possibly split boards). He took possession of them and his town was built around them. The site was described by several writers, both before and after the removal, notably by De Merquieres, a Frenchman, and corresponds closely to the ridge, between two creeks with high sandy land on either side of the present Nacogdoches.

There is a tradition that the church in the town which Y-Barbo built was located on the west side of church square, about where your court house stands, which would be in accordance with the Mexican rule for laying off towns. But this may not be and probably is not the mission church. The present church is a much later building. All this points to the conclusion that the old mission was on the site of the present town of Nacogdoches. There were three other missions founded at the same time, one of which was near the crossing of the Neches, another not far from the Linwood crossing of the Angelina, and the third in the neighborhood of Shawnee creek near the northern edge of Nacogdoches county. These were all removed in 1727 to Bexar.

My authorities are articles published in the Texas Quarterly Historical Magazine by Prof. Bolton and others. I would refer you to the numbers for April, 1908; October, 1908; July, 1911; July, 1904; April, 1913; April, 1898; January, 1898, also to Prof. Bolton's work on De Merquieres.

I am glad to hear that Dr. Birdwell will undertake to look up the data. I wish some of you patriotic citizens would write a history of old Nacogdoches. There is a lot of good history in the story of your town that has never been written.

Yours sincerely, Geo. L. Crockett.

USELESS STEPS

The average American housewife takes 2113 steps to cook three meals a day. Believing one of the best ways to stop trend toward cafeterias and delicatessens is to eliminate useless steps in the kitchen, domestic science experts attached to gas companies have investigated the home cooking in a number of cities.

"It takes the average housewife 260 steps to make an apple pie," said Mrs. Anna J. Peterson, of Chicago. "This is 224 steps too many, and we can prove it in our model kitchen. We can also show 18 steps are enough to make a batch of bread, although most women take 330 before they have completed their baking."

ASTHMA

There is no "cure," but wheezy breathing may oftentimes be relieved by inhaling the soothing medicated vapors of—

VICKS VAPORUB

Over 17 Million Men Used Vicks

CHICKEN TALK

From the Shreveport Journal. Professor Garner, of monkey fame, was a mere beginner compared with the Rev. Dr. Fairbank B. Stockdale, of Bayside, L. I. Dr. Stockdale has never pursued linguistic researches in the African jungles, but he says it isn't necessary. Anybody can study animal and bird talk right at home. All he needs for a start is a henhouse; and if he has access to a farmyard, he's rich in opportunities.

Chickens are Dr. Stockdale's specialty—not flappers, of course, but just plain chickens of all ages and sexes. From his flock he has learned to distinguish and interpret 21 different words, mere noises to others, but as meaningful to him as human language. He can teach anyone with a god ear to converse familiarly with his chickens.

All creatures have systems of communication, he says, and it is possible for a human being to form an acquaintance and establish communication with almost any living thing. He has taught chickens to come when he whistled and spiders to crawl to his shoulder for flies, and he knows a trout that comes to the surface when a certain human friend appears, recognizing the particular vibrations of his feet.

Nothing really new in this idea. Solomon, wisest of men, has long been credited with ability to talk to all manner of creatures. But that was mere "myth" and "tradition." This is "science."

THOSE BUSY LINES

When you read a criticism of telephone operators because they make a "Busy Line" report, does it occur to you that every sensitive telephone girl who reads it is hurt? They are only doing their duty when reports line is busy.

This phrase means that the "line" not the telephone is called busy. There may be two, three or four telephones on the line. With one in use, the others cannot be called. The "line" is busy.

Less labor is involved for the operator to complete a connection on the first call, when she can than to report "Line is Busy" and be called again.

No operator would ever make such a report if it could be helped. It lightens her burden to complete your call at once. She knows you will call again if she gives you a "busy" report.

C. OF C. COMMITTEES

At a recent meeting of the board of directors of the chamber of commerce, the following committees were appointed:

- Finance and Membership—T. E. Baker, L. B. Mast, D. K. Cason, F. H. Tucker, I. L. Sturdevant.
Entertainment—Robert Lindsey, R. F. Davis, Henry R. Mast, Ben T. Wilson, Zeno Cox, H. L. McKnight and H. M. Smith.
Industrial—A. T. Mast, S. B. Hayter, Joe Langston, M. V. Wynne, Elbert Reese and J. M. Tucker.
Normal College—T. E. Baker, J. Roy Gray, W. S. Davis, Orland Patton, L. B. Mast, Giles Helton, S. B. Hayter, June C. Harris and T. Tilford.
City Development—Zeno Cox, R. L. Perry, A. T. Russell, J. H. Buchanan, W. F. Gintz, H. W. White, A. A. Nelson.
Good Roads—Ben T. Wilson, L. V. Jacobi, John Comstock, Horace Wilson, Link Summers, Marvin Echols, A. H. Smith.
Rural Development—I. L. Sturdevant, A. W. Birdwell, Joe Goldsberry, F. H. Tucker, Greer Orton, Oscar Matthews, J. C. Harris.

Notice of such appointments has been mailed to each man on the above list. Twenty-six signed acceptances had been received up to 10 o'clock Tuesday. It is hoped that the other sixteen committee men will promptly sign and return the notice sent them. Please don't delay this matter. It is a well known fact that the real active work in any organization is done through and by its committees. The Chamber of Commerce is no exception to this rule. Please let us have your signed acceptance right away.

Carl Monk, President.

Many automobile owners have so far failed to pay their license fees. Unless they do so by the close of business on the evening of next Wednesday, the 31st inst., they will be compelled to pay a penalty. Officers will impartially arrest all operators of cars without the new license tags, beginning Thursday morning, February 1st. Also the time for paying poll tax without penalty expires on the same date. Attend to these things and save trouble.

Marriage licenses were issued Saturday to Forest Richardson and Miss Addie Weatherford of Reklaw, E. E. Heaton and Miss Zennie Avery, and J. H. Lavender and Miss Lillie Lee.

WODEN

Well, as the Sentinel welcomed my last week's letter, I will write again. We are having some bad weather now—cold and raining. Everybody is sitting by the fire enjoying burning their winter wood that they had talked of having no use for.

Quite a number of children are out of school on account of la grippe. Little Joe Alders is improving now.

Mr. M. J. King, who has been confined to his room for several weeks with nervous troubles, is improving slowly.

Prof. R. N. Wedgworth sprained his ankle a few days ago, causing him to be out of school for a few days. Mrs. Wedgworth of Timpson, the Professor's mother, spent Sunday with him at the home of T. E. Chisum.

Mr. R. I. Driver shipped a car of hogs from here last Saturday.

Mrs. Martha Trawick is reported some better this morning, after several days illness of gallstone.

Melrose and Woden schools played a nice ball game last Friday, score 19 to 22 in favor of Woden.

Mrs. Jim Daniel and children returned to her home at Etoile Saturday after a week's visit at this place.

Mrs. T. C. Jacobs and baby returned home to Etoile Monday after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. Jack Booser.

Mrs. Norris entertained the young people Friday night. All reported a nice time.

IN MEMORIAM

Alford Hutson, the son of H. M. Hutson, Jr. and the grandson of Rev. H. M. Hutson, was born July 22, 1898. He and his wife and little son had moved to Tyler, where he was working for a peanut butter concern.

On the 2d day of January, when on his way home to dinner, in attempting to catch a ride home on one of the company's trucks, he was thrown beneath it and his life went out.

His remains were brought to Nacogdoches on the 3d inst., and were laid to rest in the Maroney cemetery. A large company of sympathetic friends were present whose hearts went out to the stricken family.

Alford was converted about seven years ago and united with Trinity Baptist church while Bro. C. A. Ray was pastor.

There are many dark places in life, but night brings out the stars and oftentimes God carries his children into the dark room of sorrow that we might grow more into the likeness of Christ.

Another jewel has been added to the heavenly family to await the coming of the loved ones.

A. T. Garrard.

R. B. MARTIN

(Contributed)

Mr. R. B. Martin died at his home, Enterprise, Ala., January 2. Interment occurred in the city cemetery at Enterprise, on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Reverends Register of Coffee Springs and Calley and McNeal of Enterprise officiating.

Mr. Martin was 70 years old and a member of the Methodist church. I can say with assurance, live as he lived and it will not be long until you will strike hands with him where only the redeemed of the Lord are permitted to be.

Mr. Martin leaves a wife and four girls and eight boys. R. B. Martin, Pearl Martin, Willie Martin, John Martin, J. P. Martin, Charlie Martin, Albert Martin, Mrs. B. Smith, all of Enterprise; Lewis Martin of Dallas, Texas; Mrs. W. E. Chancey of Port Neches, Texas; Mrs. Marion Griffith of Beaumont, Texas; Mrs. Ottis Runnels of Hunt County.

MRS. LAFAYETTE THOMASON

Mrs. Leona Thomason, 40, wife of Lafayette Thomason, died at 1 o'clock Saturday morning at her home at Melrose after an illness of but a day or two.

Deceased is survived by her husband, one sister, Mrs. J. W. Mast of this city and three brothers, Baxter Mast of Melrose, Blanch Mast, who is in Camden, Ark., and Guy Mast, who is living in Oakland, Cal. Several nieces and nephews also survive.

The Sentinel joins in offering sincere condolences to the bereaved family.

HEALTH IS MOST VITAL TO EVERY WOMAN

Dallas, Texas.—I have taken Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during the critical time of life and Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for a run-down condition and they have helped me more than any other medicines I have ever taken. I recommend these remedies to all.—Mrs. Eliza Ann Atherton, 2305 Cockrell St. Write Dr. Pierce's Invalids Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice, or send 10c for trial pkg. of any of Dr. Pierce's medicines.

APPLEBY SCHOOL NOTES

Minutes of the Seventh Grade. The seventh grade class convened last Monday for the purpose of electing officers to fill the places left vacant by resignations. Those elected for this duty were Bailey Heart as treasurer, Jack Herrons as secretary, and Jewel Slay as vice president.

A motion was made for adjournment which was carried by a full majority.

The class adjourned until the next meeting.

"We see that no man has done his duty until he has done his best."

In winter we have come through the rain and cold to answer the call of the bell;

How well we have worked the future will show, the life of each pupil will tell when we come to a close.

Wealth may seek us—but wisdom must be sought.

Seventh Grade

Little Girl—Mamma, when I get to heaven will I play with the little angels?

Mother—Yes, darling, you will. Little Girl—And don't you think, mother, if I'm very good they will let me play with a little devil sometime?

Teacher—In this verse, what is meant by the line, "The shades of night were falling fast."

Student—Please, ma'am, it means that some one was pulling down the blinds.

Pupil—Teacher, I know why you say that children shouldn't ask so many questions.

Teacher—Well, why, my pupil? Pupil—'cause it shows up the ignorance of their teacher.

As Leone Richardson has resigned we elected Clara Hill to take her place. The ones that were perfect in spelling are:

First Grade—Homer Brandon, Eugene Weatherly, Agnes Arnold, Weldon Wright.

Second Grade—Isaac Hall, A. B. Stoddard, Ruby Brandon, Thelma Tillery, Merle Brewer, Lee Matthews, Joe Coleman, Eula Mae Fryman, Villa Belle Crawford, W. G. Weatherly, Isaac Clifton, Bennett Blake, Clifford Sullivan, Emma Lou Garrison, Laney Boyett, Leo Coleman.

Third Grade—Travis Melton, Benie Scoggins, Oredian Jones, Jack Stockman, Frene Rusche, Evelyn Simmons.

Fourth Grade—Rupert Childress, Marvin Childress, Almond Coats, Paul Davidson, Lorene Sallivan, Douglas McGuire, Enid Blount, Mary Greer, John Richardson.

Misses Loyd and Maude Sitton spent the week end with relatives in Garrison.

Mr. El Coel and family and Miss Elsie Brodbeck were in Garrison Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Stallings visited their aunt in Lufkin Saturday.

Miss Yates spent the week-end with homefolks in Nacogdoches.

Mrs. Stallings' Sunday school class was entertained at her home Friday. They reported a most enjoyable evening.

There was a musical Saturday night at the home of Mrs. John Coon. The Wagner and a few more old tunes were so full of life that our best church members had to pat their feet.

Miss Tommie G. Hooks spent the week-end with Miss Addye Blake.

Jim—I spent nine hours on my English.

William—How's that?

Jim—I slept with it under my pillow.

Bessie Atkinson entertained the young people with a birthday party Friday night. Cake and hot chocolate were served.

Professor Stalling was absent from school Tuesday afternoon on important business.

Jim Allen Strode received a stiff leg Thursday playing basketball.

Beulah and Annie Love Hill were absent from school last week for they were busily engaged in moving.

Ima Boyett and Vernon Wilkerson were absent Monday on account of bad weather.

The pupils of Appleby High School are practicing a play, "The Dreadful Twins," which will be staged Friday night, the 26th.

"So your brother has the measles, John, when are you going to have them?"

"When Joe gets through with them?"

Concord referee—Our boys are just throwing their time away.

Happy—They have bit off more than they can chew this time.

Appleby boys played three match games here last Friday, the A and B teams playing Concordia's A and B teams.

The score between the A teams being 18 to 8 in favor of Appleby, and the B teams 13 to 9 in favor of Appleby.

The B team also played Shady Grove, the score being 7 to 8 in favor of Shady Grove.

Buron Hill, who has been attending school at Nacogdoches, has come back to be with us the rest of the term and

White Sale

IS NOW ON

Clearance Sale

IS CONTINUED

We can mention only a few of our long list of bargains.

Table with 2 columns of suits and overcoats. Prices range from \$15.75 to \$45.00.

Spring Dresses, the latest creations in taffeta \$19.75
New Spring Capes, \$6.95 and up \$6.95
Muslin and Maline Teddies 59c and up 59c
Brassiers, brocaded, color flesh 39c
1 lot Children's Muslin Pants 19c

MILLINERY

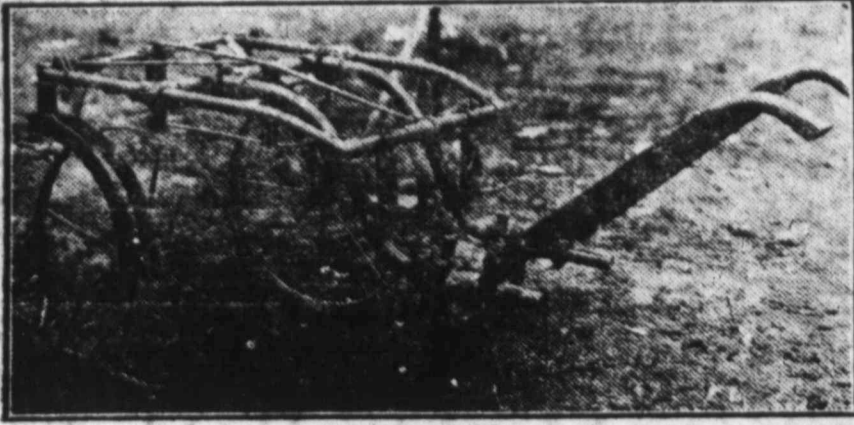
A special showing of Spring Hats \$2.45 and up \$2.45

Long Cloth, free from starch, 25c value 16 1-2c
Heavy Bleaching, 20c value 15c
Brown Sheeting 13 1-2c
Dress Gingham, 27 inches wide fast colors, 20c value 15c
Spool Cotton, only one dozen to a customer, per spool 4c

Table with 2 columns of men's shirts. Prices are \$1.00 and \$1.45.

Mayer & Schmidt, Inc

DEATH OF A BABY
Annie Marie, 1-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lilly, died at 11:30 Monday night at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Reese, on South Fredonia street, after an illness of a few days.
Funeral services were held and interment made in the Maroney cemetery at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. A. T. Garrard conducting the solemn rite.
The stricken family have the heartfelt sympathy of all in the great affliction.
Auto-suggestion may have its place, but it is safer for the state to license persons who desire to drive a car.
Try the Sentinel Want Ads.



Does Your Cultivator Have These Features?

PLOWS OUT AS CLOSE TO THE END OF THE ROW AS SINGLE STOCK.
WILL TURN COMPLETELY AROUND IN A 6-FOOT CIRCLE. WILL CULTIVATE AS CROOKED ROW AS CAN BE CULTIVATED WITH SINGLE STOCK.
WEIGHS ONLY 175 POUNDS, MAKING LIGHTER DRAFT ON TEAM.
ITS SUCCESS IS GUARANTEED BY THE ENDORSEMENTS OF SATISFIED USERS IN SEVERAL COUNTIES.
SOLD ON FIVE DAYS' TRIAL.
USES STANDARD TRIP FOOT AND SCRATCHER ATTACHMENTS. EQUIPPED WITH 2 OR 4 PLOWS.
WRITE TO FACTORY AT ONCE FOR FREE ILLUSTRATED FOLDER DESCRIBING IN DETAIL OUR TRIAL OFFER AND OTHER INTERESTING FACTS.

Universal Cultivator Co.
NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS

Factory Located Back of W. J. Clevenger Gin

BROWNWOOD PAPER TELLS OF VISIT FROM J. B. MOORE OF NACOGDOCHES COUNTY

The following is taken from a recent number of the Brownwood Daily Bulletin, of which Henry C. Fuller is city editor and tells about a visit to the Brownwood newspaper office of J. B. Moore of this city, who is building the Stephen F. Austin Normal:

J. B. Moore of the Moore Construction Company, who lives here in Brownwood, but who has moved over in East Texas temporarily and located in the good old town of Nacogdoches, where he has the contract for building the big Stephen F. Austin Normal school building, dropped into the sanctum of the Bulletin news man today and proceeded to make him homesick by saying he had just a few days ago been to "Aig Nog" branch about three miles east of the old town and taken a big drink of water outen a spring that bubbles from the ground, clear and sparkling. This touched a tender chord in the bosom of the Bulletin man and although he never drank any "aig nog" at the historic old branch, he has helped destroy a whole lot of the material outen which they used to make "aig nog" back in them old days by fast "salutin" the material with water tuck from that old spring. Mr. Moore even had a few grass burs from Orton Hill, some Spanish needles from a near by farm, some beggarlice root for making tooth brushes and some crushed fig leaves for smoking purposes. He says Nacogdoches is beyond doubt the very spot on which was located the Garden of Eden and that most of the fine features of the old garden are still there—home made ribbon cane syrup, yam taters a foot long, spare ribs and backbone beyond measure, red gravy until one can't rest, home made lye hominy, chitterlins, sausage with sage in them, and other good things to eat too numerous to mention and then he spoke of friends of other days—Jim Ray, Bill Slay, John Slay, Henry Millard, Jesse Henson, Frank Hurton, Uncle Jesse Summers, Fritz Hoya, Charlie Hoya, Giles M. Haltom, Andy Eddings, Jim Weaver, Tom Crawford, Tom Baker and many others whom we used to know and whose faces are still green in memory.

Mr. Moore will return to Nacogdoches within the next few days.

Try the Sentinel Want Ads.

ELECTRICITY IS MEASURED BY WHAT IT DOES

Dallas, Texas, Jan. 19.—Nobody knows what electricity is. Thomas A. Edison says there are two things in this world—Electricity and matter. What electricity does, however, can readily be seen and measured by scientific instruments. It can be felt, described and measured in detail, says the Texas Public Service Information Bureau.

A supply of electricity may be compared to water in a pipe. It has both measure and volume. When a faucet is opened, water will flow out in proportion to the size of the pipe and to the pressure acting on it. In turning a mill wheel, the work performed by the water would be determined by the quantity flowing out each second and the force with which it struck the wheel. It is the same with electricity; the pressure is measured in units called "volts" and the quantity flowing in units called "amperes." These two units must always be present; their product is called a "watt" which is the measure of the work actually done by the electricity.

In an incandescent lamp, a current of one quarter of an ampere, passing through the filament at a pressure of 100 volts, will turn the filament from black to white heat, which gives light. In doing so, it will do work amounting to 10 times one-quarter, or 25 watts. When the lamp burns for an hour it uses up one hour times 25 or 25 watt-hours of energy; when it burns forty hours, it uses up 40 times 25 or 1,000 watt-hours of energy. In measuring the use of electrical energy it has been found simpler to get rid of unnecessary ciphers, so this figure of 1,000 watt-hours is called a kilowatt hour, or k. w. h. as it appears in textbooks and on bills for electricity.

This multiplication is performed automatically by the electric meter which has a small motor in it whose speed is proportional to the power used. The hands on the dials show the number of kilowatt hours which have passed through the meter, for which the central station makes out its bills. This kilowatt-hour is the unit for measurement of the electricity consumed—that is, of the work actually done, in lighting lamps, cooking food and running motors.

Subscribe to the Sentinel.

TEXAS

Twenty Big Questions Answered

By Marvin J. Nichols,
Dallas, Texas.

I—Its Place

Texas was the twenty-eighth state to be admitted into the Union. The date of its act of admission was December 29, 1845. It was the seventh state to enlist in the Southern Confederacy, which it did February 1, 1861. The date of its return was March 30, 1870, having been out of the Union 9 years, 1 month and 29 days.

II—First Settled

La Salle and his French followers had explored parts of Florida and both sides of the Mississippi river in 1682, and took possession of it naming it Louisiana in honor of the reigning King, Louis XIV. He at once decided upon colonization and immediately set sail for his native land. On their return his ship and its cargo of sturdy pilgrims missed their ocean course. Instead of landing near the mouth of the Mississippi, they sailed into Matagorda Bay. Here they landed in about 1685 or 1686.

III—Date of Admission

Congress, a few days before the close of President Tyler's administration, had passed a bill for the admission of Texas into the Union. The Texas legislature approved the bill on July 4, 1845, and Texas took her place in the Union on October 29, 1845. President Polk had succeeded to the presidency early in the following year the Mexican War broke out. In this Texas played well her part.

IV—Division

Belongs to the West South Central Division.

V—Origin of Name

"Texas," it is said, is from an Indian word which means "Friends," or "Allies."

VI—Nickname

"Lone Star State." Supposed to be derived from the solitary star which it bears upon its seal and coat of arms.

VII—Motto

Texas has no motto.

VIII—Flower

The bluebonnet, a flower chosen by the legislature.

IX—Boundaries

Gulf of Mexico on the southeast; Louisiana and Arkansas on the east; Arkansas and Oklahoma on the north; New Mexico on the west and north; Mexico on the southwest.

X—Counties

Two hundred fifty-three.

XI—Capital

Austin, incorporated in 1840; population, 34,876. From 1835 to the present time the seat of Texas government has been located at various places. This in the main is due to repeated Mexican invasions. The records place it at San Felipe, 1836; Washington, 1836; Harrisburg, 1836; Galveston, 1836; Velasco, 1836; Columbia, 1836; Houston, 1837; Austin, 1839. In 1842 it was moved to Houston. This was due to the Archive War—the Mexican invasion into West Texas by General Vasquez. Here it remained until November, 1842, when by executive proclamation Congress met at Washington. Here it remained until re-established in Austin in 1845. The general election of 1850 made Austin the permanent capital.

XII—Dimensions

Area, 265,896 square miles; extreme length, 750 miles; extreme breadth, 620 miles.

XIII—Governor

Pat M. Neff (Democrat), elected for two years; term expires January, 1925; salary \$4,000.

XIV—Presidential Vote

Harding, 115,640; Cox, 289,688.

XV—Population

1920—4,663,228; 1910—3,890,542; increase—769,586.

XVI—Rank in Population

Fifth State.

XVII—Cities over 50,000

El Paso, 77,533; Fort Worth, 105,482; Houston, 138,076; Dallas, 138,976; San Antonio, 161,279.

XVIII—Foreign Born Population

English 7680, Scotch 1830, Irish 4332, Norwegians 1735, Swedes 4537, Danes 1608, Belgians 447, French 2544, Germans 31,026, Poles 5466, Austrians 6437, Hungarians 941, Russians 7055, Italians 8021, Greeks 1977, Roumanians 443, Asiatics 2015, Canadians 4176, Mexicans 248,852. All others 19,049. Total foreign-born population, 360,071; total population, 4,663,228; total native Americans 4,303,157. The predominant foreign-born element in Texas are Mexicans.

XIX—War Record

(a) Civil War—Texas was the seventh State to join the Southern Confederacy, which it did February 7, 1861, just five days after the secession of Louisiana. Texas did not return to the Union until March 30, 1870, 1861, just five days after the secession of Louisiana. Texas did not return to the Union until March 30, 1870, 1861, just five days after the secession of Louisiana. Texas did not return to the Union until March 30, 1870, 1861, just five days after the secession of Louisiana.

(b) World War—Texas furnished 199,228 men.

XX—History

The first colony on Texas soil landed by the sheepest accident. La Salle

had made large explorations along the coast of Florida and the lower Mississippi in 1682. He called the new land Louisiana in honor of Louis XIV and determined upon colonization. He returned to France for colonists.

About 1685 their returning ship failed in its course and, instead of the Mississippi Delta for which they were bound, they landed in Matagorda Bay. The first colony on Texas soil was wiped out by hostile Indians and disease in about two years. The second attempt at colonization was made by De Leon in 1689, at the same point where La Salle undertook his enterprise. He built the Mission of San Francisco—a combination of the fort and the church. The Indians soon destroyed this colony. The first permanent settlement in Texas was made by the Spanish Catholics, who built a chain of mission-forts, by which they proposed to defend themselves and at the same time evangelize the Indians. They built, among others, San Francisco Mission, on the Lavaca river; San Bernard, on the Lower Bay; San Juan, on the Rio Grande; Missions near Nacogdoches, San Augustine, San Saba, and the Lolores. The best preserved are San Fernando, the Alamo, Conception, Es Pasa, and San Jose, along the San Antonio river.

These monuments built by the Franciscan monks are silent reminders in this age of those far-away days. The population had slow growth under the Spanish rule. Prior to 1820, Texas was governed by the Mexican viceroy, sanctioned by the Spanish crown. At last—1823-1835—Texas and Coahuila, Mexico, were under one rule. In that era there was practically no government. Texas, in 1763, passed into the hands of Spain when France ceded Louisiana to that country. Mexico threw off the Spanish yoke in 1821 and Texas became tributary to Mexico. For seventy years—1750 to 1820—Texas was a battle ground of more or less severity. For half a century it was a constant struggle between the Mexicans and the Indians for supremacy. The following twenty years—1800 to 1820—were marked by insurrections. In 1806, Aaron Burr planned to subdue Texas and Mexico. The following year, on his way down the Mississippi River, he was arrested for violation of the United States neutrality laws. Between 1812 and 1815 adventurers undertook to erect an independent government in Texas. They were led in their wild schemes by such men as Magee, Kemper, Gutierrez and Perry. In 1816 General Toledo, a Cuban, raised a rebellion in Texas, but finally swore allegiance to the Spanish throne. Don Louis Aury, in 1817, claiming the governorship of Texas with headquarters at Galveston, led an invasion into Mexico. He was routed and returned to find Galveston in the hands of the famous pirate, Lafitte. In 1819, Dr. Long, a Tennessean, dreamed of Texas occupation. He established a provisional government at Nacogdoches. He met with great misfortune, was sent to Mexico, was released in 1822, and shortly afterward was assassinated. This long period of unrest held out no inducement for settlers to come to Texas. At the close of this long struggle, heroic pioneers from the States began to turn their eyes toward Texas. Stephen F. Austin was the first successful colonist. His father, Moses Austin, of Missouri, had received a large Texas land grant from the Mexican government in 1820. He died in 1821, but bequeathed it to his son, Stephen, with the request that he should carry out his plans. In 1822 the son accordingly established a large colony in Texas on the Brazos river.

Thence onward things were prosperous and American enterprises began to bloom large. In 1830, Bustamante, the Mexican dictator, out of pure jealousy and by decree, suspended all the existing colonies in Texas. Thereafter the fires began to burn. Rebellion against Mexican sovereignty began to take open and serious form. In 1835 the citizens of Texas, in council, memorialized Mexico to give them a separate government. Santa Anna, Mexico's dictator, was incensed and sent his soldiery, savage and heartless as was their leader, into Texas. They began a series of battles the like of which for undying heroism are not written in the pages of human history. The opening battle was fought at Lexington. Then followed such fields of unspeakable carnage as Goliad, Conception, the Grass Fight, and the Alamo. On March 2, 1836, at a convention held at Washington on the Brazos, the Texans sent forth their Declaration of Independence. And the Republic of Texas was born literally in a baptism of blood. No true Texan—even the sons of noble sires—can ever forget the Alamo, Goliad or San Jacinto. Here were we born. Here Santa Anna, the "Napoleon of the West" went down. The first congress of the new republic met at Columbia October 3, 1835. David G. Burnett was the first president ad interim—until September, 1836, at which time General Sam Houston was elected by the people.

Genuine

ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER" when you buy Aspirin

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians for over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for colds, headaches, toothache, earache, neuralgia, lumbago, rheumatism, neuritis, and for pain in general. Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic-acidester of Salicylic acid.

The following served as presidents of the Republic of Texas:

David G. Burnett (ad interim) 1833.
Sam Houston, 1836.
Mirabeau B. Lamar, 1838.
Sam Houston, 1841.
Anson Jones, 1844.

On February 25, 1845, a joint resolution passed by the House of Representatives and on March 1 the senate of the United States in which Texas applied for Statehood. On the same day, just as President Tyler was retiring from office to be succeeded by President James K. Polk, he gave his official sanction. This was ratified by the Texas and on December 29, 1845, she swept into the Union. Texas passed her ordinance of secession by a vote of 166 to 6, and on February 1, 1861, she entered the Southern Confederacy and did not return to the United States until March 30, 1870.

THRASH-SMITH

At the home of Mr. J. N. Thomas on North street, at 7 o'clock Thursday evening, January 18 1923, Mr. Dwight L. Thrash and Miss Elsie Rae Smith were joined in wedlock, Rev. Geo. C. Moore, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiating. Mr. Priston Nooner was the only attendant.

The groom is one of our most deserving young men, and is in every way worthy of the prize he has won. Everybody knows Dwight Thrash, and everybody holds him in high esteem.

The bride is a daughter of Mrs. S. A. Smith, residing at South North and Cox streets, and is a young woman who has won her way into the affections of a wide circle of friends. She is intelligent, kindly and lovable, and her husband is an exceedingly fortunate man.

Both young people are employed, Mr. Thrash by the Kennedy Drug Store and Mrs. Thrash by the Eichel Dry Goods Company, and Friday morning both were at their posts, ready to serve their employees and the public. This evidence, their business-like qualities and is commended by all.

The couple will make their home for the present with the bride's mother. The Sentinel joins in hearty congratulations and best wishes.

ARKANSAS TOWN QUIET

Fort Smith, Ark., Jan. 18.—Conditions are gradually returning to normal at Harrison, according to a dispatch from the Times-Record correspondent, and no further disorders are anticipated in connection with the strike on the Missouri & North Arkansas railroad. The committee of one thousand are quietly returning to their homes, while the committee of twelve maintains order, says the correspondent. Those against whom charges are filed will be prosecuted, the committee declares.

Cooper, Texas, Jan. 18.—A. S. Harper, 57, after rescuing his invalid sister from their burning home last night, returned to the house for an unexplained reason and was burned to death.

BEAUMONT LAWYERS FIGHT ATTACK ON JUDGE McDOWELL

Beaumont, Texas, Jan. 19.—Members of the Jefferson County Bar Association, in special meeting yesterday, voted unanimously to oppose a movement reported started by some Hardin county residents and directed toward the abolition of the Sixtieth District Court.

The court, presided over by Judge E. A. McDowell, has jurisdiction in Jefferson county and sits here. Judge McDowell has long been known as a strong foe of the Ku Klux Klan.

The bar association met after word was received here that a number of Hardin county residents had presented a petition to State Senator Cousins asking for the abolition of the court and making various charges, among them that it is a "court of justice that has ceased to function."

There were 79 members present at yesterday morning's meeting, and all voted for the resolution to oppose abolition of the court.

GERMANS ARE STUBBORN FRENCH TIGHTEN GRIP

Essen, Jan. 19.—The president of the district railway administration at Essen refused today to dispatch coal trains and rejected the French demands for shipments. The French authorities appropriated the money in the Dusseldorf branch of the Reichs Bank. The state forests in the Bengin region and the state mines in the Ruhr were seized.

Invaders are Obdurate
Essen, Jan. 19.—A general strike of freight railwaymen throughout the Ruhr is expected this afternoon. The president of the state mine administration at Recklinghausen is believed to have been arrested. Five French inspectors took over the customs of the district of the Rhineland, making a complete ring around the territory, and seized the customs funds, forests, coal and taxes.

DISCUSS UNIFICATION PLANS

Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 18.—A series of joint conferences to discuss unification of the Methodist Episcopal church and the Methodist Episcopal church, South, opened here today. It is believed unlikely that any definite or final action will be taken at this time.

MUST IMPORT POISON

Washington, Jan. 18.—Imports will be necessary to furnish Southern cotton planters a sufficient supply of calcium arsenate to fight the cotton boll weevil, according to a joint report of the Agricultural and Interior departments, transmitted to the senate today in response to a resolution by Smith of South Carolina. The domestic producers of calcium arsenate could not supply it fast enough to meet the early requirements this year, it was said. In 1924 the domestic producers will probably be able to meet the demand, the report said.

If he is rich and acts that way, it is arrogance; if he is poor and acts that way, it is sullenness.

MOTHER! MOVE CHILD'S BOWELS

"California Fig Syrup" is Child's Best Laxative



Hurry mother! Even a sick child loves the "fruity" taste of "California Fig Syrup" and it never fails to open the bowels. A teaspoonful today may prevent a sick child tomorrow. If constipated, bilious, feverish, fretful, has cold, colic, or if stomach is sour tongue coated, breath bad, remember

a good cleansing of the little bowels is often all that is necessary. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

CASCARETS 10¢

For Constipated Bowels—Bilious Liver

The nicest cathartic-laxative to physic your bowels when you have

Headache	Biliousness
Colds	Indigestion
Dizziness	Sour Stomach

is candy-like Cascarets. One or two

tonight will empty your bowels completely by morning and you will feel splendid. "They work while you sleep." Cascarets never stir you up or gripe like Salts, Pills, Calomel, or Oil and they cost only ten cents a box. Children love Cascarets, too.

Dr. W. H. Bruce, Osteopathic Physician, over Eichel's Store, Phone 69

Mrs. J. F. Wagner and daughter, Miss Hertha, of Appleby were shopping visitors in the city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Cason, Jr., and D. K. III, of Orange are expected to reach the city Saturday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Cason, Sr.

666 quickly relieves Colds and LaGrippe, Constipation, Biliousness and Headaches.

J. W. Hart of Garrison was among the visitors in the city Monday. He reports a fine rain without damage in his community.

Aching joints, rheumatic pains, neuralgia, can be relieved quickly by a rubbing application of Ballard's Snow Liniment. It is a powerful penetrating remedy. Three sizes, 30c, 60c, and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Graham and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wright of Houston who are making an auto tour of this section, spent Thursday night in the city.

Mrs. E. J. Ezell of Houston, accompanied by her little daughter, Margaret Nell, arrived in the city Thursday night for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harris.

To drive out worms that are eating away the strength and vitality of your child, use White's Cream Vermifuge. It expels the worms without injury to the child. Price 35c. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

PLANTS

Callage, 100, 35 cents; 500, \$1.10; 1,000, \$2.00. Bermuda Onions, 200, 45c; 500, 90c; 1,000, \$1.50. Postage prepaid. R. L. Wicker, Appleby, Texas.

I. D. Barron and Miss Zora Crawford of near town were married at 9 o'clock Sunday morning while seated in their car in front of the residence of Judge Frank Huston, who performed the ceremony in his usual happy style.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Jackson of Shreveport, former well-known and popular residents of Nacogdoches, were in the city Saturday and Sunday, having come down to ship the remainder of their household goods to their present home. Mr. and Mrs. Arch Van Orden will occupy their home place on North Church street.

Take a dose of Herbine when you are bilious or constipated, or your stomach is out of order. It is a marvel of promptness in correcting these conditions. Price 60c. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

S. W. Day is no longer soliciting insurance for me and is not connected in any way with any of the orders I have organized. We will not be responsible for anything he might say or do. If you want dependable insurance, write or see me.

JOHN B. DORSEY, Nacogdoches, Texas.

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Early Jersey Wakefield, Flat Dutch 100, 25c; 1,000, \$1.50. Onion sets, 100, 20c; 1,000, \$1.50. Tomato, pepper, potato plants in season. Phone 451. D. L. JAMES, Will find in stock at: Taylor Bros., Elmo Bright, Jno. S. Jenkins, Stripling, Haselwood & Co. 28-8wp.

POULTRY AND EGGS WANTED.

We are always in the market and will pay you highest market price when you have poultry and eggs to sell. See us with your next lot. BANITA POULTRY CO. Cash Buyers. Op. Passenger Station

FROST-PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

Home Grown We are equipped and know how to grow the very best plants obtainable. We guarantee to replace FREE any plants that do not give satisfaction. We are growing all kinds of vegetable plants this season and assure you we will give you plants that are the very best. For prices, varieties, etc., see, write or phone H. F. Sanders, "Ferndale Farms," Phone 322, Nacogdoches, Texas. 9-2d-wtf

CATARRH

Catarrh is a Local disease greatly influenced by Constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which gives Quick Relief by local application, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces and assists in ridding your System of Catarrh. Sold by druggists for over 40 Years. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Herbine corrects biliousness, indigestion and constipation. It is a fine herbal medicine that drives out impurities and restores healthy conditions in the system. Price 60c. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

Mr. Joseph R. Crim and Mrs. Jennie Sample of the Alto neighborhood, Cherokee county, were married at the Methodist parsonage about 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon, Rev. E. G. Cooke, the pastor, officiating.

Mrs. H. B. Kiley of Austin with her little daughter, arrived Sunday night for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harris. Mr. Harris met them at Jacksonville with his car and the final lap of the journey was made through the storm which raged during the night, the party reaching the city about midnight.

At a point on the Lufkin highway where the Skillern road intersects that thoroughfare, "Dutch" Bailey and Cullan Stone, in their car Sunday afternoon, passed between two hooded and white-robed figures who appeared to be acting as sentinels. The kluxers made no move to molest and did not address passers-by.

A bad wound, burn or cut should be cleansed of dirt or impurities and dressed with Liquid Borozone. It heals the flesh with marvelous speed. Price 30c, 60c, and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

Mrs. J. Perritte, aged 79, mother of County Clerk Perritte, with whom she is for the present making her home, fell from the steps Saturday afternoon and sustained a broken hip. Reports Monday stated she was suffering intensely, and her age renders her less able to withstand the pain of her injury. Her condition is said to be critical. Everybody will sympathize with the aged lady and her family in the misfortune which has befallen her.

Mr. Phil Sanders of the Ferndale Farms was in town Monday morning with a truck load of the finest cabbages that we have seen in many a day. They were of the present season's growth (any season is vegetable season in East Texas), and ranged in weight from five to ten pound. Mr. Sanders generously presented the Sentinel force with one which weighed seven and a half pounds, and has the thanks of the "bunch." Again we say it, East Texas is the best country on earth.

Frost proof Cabbage Plants, Early Jersey Charleston Wakefield, 25c per 100, \$2.00 per 1000 delivered. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. P. Whittlesey, Tenaha, Texas. 11-4wp

666 Cures Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dengue of Bilious Fever.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas: To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Francis Pascha by making publication of this citation once each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 5th Monday in January, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 3762, wherein Branch-Patton Grocery Company, a firm composed of K. P. Branch and Orland Patton, plaintiff, and Joe P. Clevenger defendant, and said petition alleging an account in the sum of One Hundred and Eighty-One Dollars and Nine cents for goods, wares and merchandise purchased of plaintiff by defendant, an itemized statement of which is duly filed in the Office of the Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff says that account is just and unpaid and though past due, defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same and still refuses to pay same or any part thereof. Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and that they have judgment for their debt, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches County, Texas, this 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

F. D. Huston, Justice, of the Peace, Precinct No. 1, Nacogdoches County, Texas. d2-w11-18-25.

666 Is a Prescription for Colds, Fever and LaGrippe. It's the most speedy remedy we know, Preventing Pneumonia.

of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas: To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Flora Martinez by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, the same being the 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1923, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 970, wherein Pedro Martinez is plaintiff and Flora Martinez is defendant, and said petition alleging that plaintiff is a resident citizen of Nacogdoches county, Texas, for a period of 12 months in the state and six months in the county next preceding the filing of the petition herein; that on or about the 1st day of July, 1911 in Nacogdoches County, plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married; that they continued to live together as husband and wife until on or about the 11th day of June, 1919, at which time without reason or cause the defendant deserted the bed and board of the plaintiff and departed from his home and from the county of Nacogdoches and did not since which time, reside with him as his wife and has not returned to him and that he has never been heard from defendant since the day he deserted him and her present whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff. Wherefore plaintiff prays the court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein and that he have judgment dissolving said marriage relations, for cost of suit and for such other and further relief as he may show himself entitled to receive, in law or in equity. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches this, the 8th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas: To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Joe P. Clevenger by making publication of this citation once each week for a period of four weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the Justice (Precinct No. 1) Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 5th Monday in January, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 3762, wherein Branch-Patton Grocery Company, a firm composed of K. P. Branch and Orland Patton, plaintiff, and Joe P. Clevenger defendant, and said petition alleging an account in the sum of One Hundred and Eighty-One Dollars and Nine cents for goods, wares and merchandise purchased of plaintiff by defendant, an itemized statement of which is duly filed in the Office of the Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff says that account is just and unpaid and though past due, defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same and still refuses to pay same or any part thereof. Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and that they have judgment for their debt, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches County, Texas, this 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas: To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 835, wherein Emily Kimble is plaintiff and Manuel Kimble is defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff is an actual bonafide inhabitant of the State of Texas and has been for a period of more than 6 months next preceding the filing of this petition, and that the residence of the defendant is unknown to this plaintiff. Plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married on or about the 19th day of February, 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until on or about the 1st day of February, 1919, since said time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together on account of the cruel and outrageous conduct of defendant toward this plaintiff and the continuance of such cruel treatment has rendered their living together further insupportable. Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue by publication citing defendant to appear and answer this petition and that upon final hearing hereof plaintiff have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them for cost of suit and such other and further relief as this plaintiff may show herself entitled to both in law and equity as she will ever pray. Herein fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas: To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 6215, wherein Commercial Guaranty State Bank, a banking institution incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas, plaintiff, and J. W. Derby and L. E. Ingram defendants, and said petition alleging First: That plaintiff is a banking institution created and operating under the laws of the State of Texas with its business and headquarters at Nacogdoches, in Nacogdoches county, Texas; that defendant, L. E. Ingram, resides in Harris County, Texas; that defendant J. W. Derby is a citizen of the State of Texas, but is now temporarily in Monterey, Mexico, in the Republic of Mexico. Second: For cause of action plaintiff represents to the court that heretofore to-wit: On the 27th day of August, A. D. 1920, both defendants hereinbefore named, executed and delivered to this plaintiff their certain promissory note for the sum of Five Thousand Dollars, bearing date on the day and year aforesaid, and payable to the order of plaintiff at Nacogdoches, Texas, and due three months after date; that on the 8th day of January, 1921, both of said defendants made, executed and delivered on this plaintiff their certain promissory note for the sum of Two Thousand dollars, bearing date on the day and year aforesaid, payable to the order of plaintiff at Nacogdoches, Texas, and due ninety days after date. Whereby, both of said defendants, and each of them, became liable and bound plaintiffs and promised plaintiff to pay plaintiff the sum of money in said notes specified: To-wit: The sum of Seven Thousand Dollars with interest thereon at the legal rate, to-wit, or six percent per annum from the respective maturing dates of said notes; plaintiff will further show the court that Bonita Lumber Company, an incorporated concern, formerly located at Nacogdoches, Texas, also executed each of said notes, and that said Bonita Lumber Company has been adjudged as bankrupt, and plaintiff has filed and proved its claims against said Bonita Lumber Company and the defendants herein will be entitled to such credit upon said notes as said Bonita Lumber Company may pay, but that at this time no dividends have been declared except one dividend in the sum of six hundred and seventy five dollars, and that due credit has been given said notes above described with said amount; that the interest on the first named note has been paid to November 27th, 1921, and on the second named note to October 8th, 1921. From which dates respectively the interest is now due on each of said notes. That said notes are both now due and unpaid and defendant, and each of them, though often requested have hitherto failed and refused and still refuse to pay said notes or any part thereof, to plaintiff's damage in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars. Wherefore, plaintiff prays the court that defendants be cited to appear and answer thais petition and that it have judgment for its debt of Seven Thousand Dollars and interest and for such other and further relief, special and general in law and in equity, as it may be entitled to. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches on this the 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. By M. James, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon Manuel Kimble by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 7th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 835, wherein Emily Kimble is plaintiff and Manuel Kimble is defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff is an actual bonafide inhabitant of the State of Texas and has been for a period of more than 6 months next preceding the filing of this petition, and that the residence of the defendant is unknown to this plaintiff. Plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married on or about the 19th day of February, 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until on or about the 1st day of February, 1919, since said time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together on account of the cruel and outrageous conduct of defendant toward this plaintiff and the continuance of such cruel treatment has rendered their living together further insupportable. Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue by publication citing defendant to appear and answer this petition and that upon final hearing hereof plaintiff have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them for cost of suit and such other and further relief as this plaintiff may show herself entitled to both in law and equity as she will ever pray. Herein fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

666 Is a Prescription for Colds, Fever and LaGrippe. It's the most speedy remedy we know, Preventing Pneumonia.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon John Murphy by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches county, to be held at the Court House thereon in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, 1923, the same being the 12th day of February, 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1923, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 860, wherein Mrs. Winnie Carter is plaintiff and John Murphy is defendant, said petition alleging that: Plaintiff on or about the 16th day of August, 1922, was temporarily living in Jasper county and met the said John Murphy and soon thereafter married the said John Murphy and lived and co-habitated with said John Murphy as his wife for a period of about two weeks; that immediately after her marriage to the said John Murphy he took plaintiff and her two minor children in an automobile to the city of St. Louis; that just before they arrived at St. Louis, defendant voluntarily confessed to plaintiff that he was a fugitive from justice; that he had a living wife from whom he had never been divorced in the city of Memphis, Tenn., that he was wanted by the authorities in Louisiana and Texas under indictments for automobile theft. Plaintiff says that immediately after defendant made such confession to her that she refused to further live and cohabit with him as his wife, but left on the first train out of St. Louis for Nacogdoches county, where she now lives and resides with her mother and father. Plaintiff says that she has never at any time or in any manner since coming in possession of the facts hereinbefore related lived or in any manner cohabited with defendant. That plaintiff is desirous of having said marriage between herself and defendant dissolved and declared null and void by a decree of this court. Plaintiff says that residence of defendant and his whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff; that he is a transient person and has no fixed place of abode. Wherefore prays the court that defendant be cited to appear and answer this petition and that said marriage between defendant and plaintiff be dissolved and declared null and void and for such other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity as in the premises she may be entitled to. Herein fail not, but have before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said court, in the town of Nacogdoches, Texas, this the 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court of Nacogdoches County, Texas. By M. James, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 3762, wherein Branch-Patton Grocery Company, a firm composed of K. P. Branch and Orland Patton, plaintiff, and Joe P. Clevenger defendant, and said petition alleging an account in the sum of One Hundred and Eighty-One Dollars and Nine cents for goods, wares and merchandise purchased of plaintiff by defendant, an itemized statement of which is duly filed in the Office of the Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff says that account is just and unpaid and though past due, defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same and still refuses to pay same or any part thereof. Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and that they have judgment for their debt, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches County, Texas, this 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 835, wherein Emily Kimble is plaintiff and Manuel Kimble is defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff is an actual bonafide inhabitant of the State of Texas and has been for a period of more than 6 months next preceding the filing of this petition, and that the residence of the defendant is unknown to this plaintiff. Plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married on or about the 19th day of February, 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until on or about the 1st day of February, 1919, since said time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together on account of the cruel and outrageous conduct of defendant toward this plaintiff and the continuance of such cruel treatment has rendered their living together further insupportable. Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue by publication citing defendant to appear and answer this petition and that upon final hearing hereof plaintiff have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them for cost of suit and such other and further relief as this plaintiff may show herself entitled to both in law and equity as she will ever pray. Herein fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 3762, wherein Branch-Patton Grocery Company, a firm composed of K. P. Branch and Orland Patton, plaintiff, and Joe P. Clevenger defendant, and said petition alleging an account in the sum of One Hundred and Eighty-One Dollars and Nine cents for goods, wares and merchandise purchased of plaintiff by defendant, an itemized statement of which is duly filed in the Office of the Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff says that account is just and unpaid and though past due, defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same and still refuses to pay same or any part thereof. Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and that they have judgment for their debt, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches County, Texas, this 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 835, wherein Emily Kimble is plaintiff and Manuel Kimble is defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff is an actual bonafide inhabitant of the State of Texas and has been for a period of more than 6 months next preceding the filing of this petition, and that the residence of the defendant is unknown to this plaintiff. Plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married on or about the 19th day of February, 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until on or about the 1st day of February, 1919, since said time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together on account of the cruel and outrageous conduct of defendant toward this plaintiff and the continuance of such cruel treatment has rendered their living together further insupportable. Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue by publication citing defendant to appear and answer this petition and that upon final hearing hereof plaintiff have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them for cost of suit and such other and further relief as this plaintiff may show herself entitled to both in law and equity as she will ever pray. Herein fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 3762, wherein Branch-Patton Grocery Company, a firm composed of K. P. Branch and Orland Patton, plaintiff, and Joe P. Clevenger defendant, and said petition alleging an account in the sum of One Hundred and Eighty-One Dollars and Nine cents for goods, wares and merchandise purchased of plaintiff by defendant, an itemized statement of which is duly filed in the Office of the Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff says that account is just and unpaid and though past due, defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same and still refuses to pay same or any part thereof. Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and that they have judgment for their debt, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches County, Texas, this 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 835, wherein Emily Kimble is plaintiff and Manuel Kimble is defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff is an actual bonafide inhabitant of the State of Texas and has been for a period of more than 6 months next preceding the filing of this petition, and that the residence of the defendant is unknown to this plaintiff. Plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married on or about the 19th day of February, 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until on or about the 1st day of February, 1919, since said time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together on account of the cruel and outrageous conduct of defendant toward this plaintiff and the continuance of such cruel treatment has rendered their living together further insupportable. Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue by publication citing defendant to appear and answer this petition and that upon final hearing hereof plaintiff have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them for cost of suit and such other and further relief as this plaintiff may show herself entitled to both in law and equity as she will ever pray. Herein fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 3762, wherein Branch-Patton Grocery Company, a firm composed of K. P. Branch and Orland Patton, plaintiff, and Joe P. Clevenger defendant, and said petition alleging an account in the sum of One Hundred and Eighty-One Dollars and Nine cents for goods, wares and merchandise purchased of plaintiff by defendant, an itemized statement of which is duly filed in the Office of the Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff says that account is just and unpaid and though past due, defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same and still refuses to pay same or any part thereof. Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and that they have judgment for their debt, for cost of suit and for general and special relief, in law and in equity as they may show themselves justly entitled to receive. Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches County, Texas, this 1st day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

CITATION BY PUBLICATION The State of Texas To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. Derby by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 2d Monday in February, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 835, wherein Emily Kimble is plaintiff and Manuel Kimble is defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff is an actual bonafide inhabitant of the State of Texas and has been for a period of more than 6 months next preceding the filing of this petition, and that the residence of the defendant is unknown to this plaintiff. Plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married on or about the 19th day of February, 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until on or about the 1st day of February, 1919, since said time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together on account of the cruel and outrageous conduct of defendant toward this plaintiff and the continuance of such cruel treatment has rendered their living together further insupportable. Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue by publication citing defendant to appear and answer this petition and that upon final hearing hereof plaintiff have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them for cost of suit and such other and further relief as this plaintiff may show herself entitled to both in law and equity as she will ever pray. Herein fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches this, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) I. R. Prince, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 11-4w

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Sweet Corn.
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Take a chance on the weather
being good.

You can have fresh eggs for
breakfast if you will buy a box of
Dr. Hesses Poultry Panacea for the
hens. Try a box.

Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

Miss Marian Eason of Dallas is
visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
George Eason, in this city.

Messrs. J. H. Rogers and T. E. Britt
of Douglass were business visitors in
the city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Bryan of Nacogdoches
spent Sunday in the city visiting
their parents.—Timpson Times,
22d.

Mr. N. A. Lindvall, manager of the
Yuba Refinery, is in Dallas this week
on business connected with the company.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Fox and daughter,
Miss Lillian, of Broadus, were
in the city Tuesday for treatment of
the latter for the after-effects of the
dengue.

Mrs. A. L. Hutson of Tyler, accom-
panied by her little daughter, Clyde,
is in the city for a visit with the family
of her father-in-law Judge F. D.
Huston.

Mrs. J. B. Langhorne left this morning
for Diboll and Nacogdoches,
where she will spend several days
visiting with relatives and friends.—
Timpson Times, 23d.

Rev. W. A. Zeigler, evangelist for
the Eastern Texas Presbytery of the
Presbyterian church, was in the city
Tuesday, a guest of Rev. George C.
Moore, pastor of the local church. Mr.
Zeigler has his headquarters in Lufkin
and promises to be with us occa-
sionally as his work demands.

Mr. E. C. Starling of Cherokee county
was in the city Wednesday prospec-
ting for a location. Mr. Starling
recently sold his farm in Cherokee and
has been attracted to Nacogdoches
by the advantages our town offers
for newcomers. It is possible he may
establish a rooming house here for
pupils attending the normal. Let him
come.

Mr. H. B. Kiley of Austin, manager
for the Woodward Body Works of that
city, arrived Tuesday night to visit
with his wife, at the home of her par-
ents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harris, and
incidentally to confer with our local
lumbermen in regard to supplies of
material for his manufactory.

The storm Sunday night was a
whizzer, bringing a high gale and a
deluge of rain. No damage has been
reported, though fallen branches lit-
tered the ground under many trees
hereabouts.

Just Received a Car Load of Kelly Farm Implements

Visit our country store. We carry the mer-
chandise that you want. We do not have to add
to the selling price of our goods a big overhead
charge, therefore our prices are right. Come in
today; see what we have and get prices.

A staple line of Hardware and Groceries on
which we will save you money.

The Cash Country Store
JNO. S. JINKINS, Mgr.

"I'M THE HAPPIEST GIRL IN HOUSTON"

So Declares Miss Lishia Page Since
Health Was Restored By Tak-
ing Stella Vitae.

"Oh, I just feel like Stella Vitae
has made me the happiest girl in
Houston, for it brought me the most
wonderful relief from my suffer-
ings," was the enthusiastic statement
made recently by Miss Lishia Page,
of 3404 Cook street, Houston, Texas.
"I had indigestion something aw-
ful. Why, I could hardly eat a thing,
even the lightest of food, that didn't
give me sour stomach and make me
feel like I was burning up inside.
Then I would have dreadful head-
aches as though my head would burst
open, and all around my heart was a
miserable feeling that sometimes
made me afraid I had heart trouble.

"I was as nervous as a kitten and
badly constipated and felt so bad in
the mornings it was all I could do to
get up and dress.

"Some of my friends who had taken
Stella Vitae praised it so highly that
I was induced to try it and I am so
thankful I did, for I am feeling so
much better I am not like the same
person I was before. I have tried
many different kinds of medicines
and treatments but nothing else help-
ed me like Stella Vitae has. Why,
it has acted like a charm and I
wouldn't be without it for anything."

Note.—Stella Vitae may be obtain-
ed from any druggist and is sold up-
on the positive guarantee that the
purchase price will be refunded if it
fails to bring relief.

FREE CATALOGUE

You do just four things: You think,
you remember, you imagine, you act.
Learn to think better, remember bet-
ter or act better and increase your ef-
ficiency and therefore your income.
Perhaps you are successful now, but
think how much benefit a practical
business education will be to you.
You agree with us that to violate a
part of the laws of business means a
partial failure and to observe part of
the laws of business means partial
success, and to observe all the laws of
business means complete success. Our
aim is to help you observe a higher
per cent of the laws of business suc-
cess. The late Prof. James of Harvard
declares that the average man uses
only ten percent of his brain power

Suppose you are twice as capable
as the average man; even that would
mean that you are only reaching twen-
ty percent of your maximum possibili-
ties. Isn't that poor consolation for
the ambitious? The purpose of our
course is to produce a greater effi-
ciency with less effort. Did you ever
stop to think that eighty five percent
of the men of this country are earn-
ing only \$18.00 per week or less? That
ninety-two percent fail in business be-
tween the ages of 40 and 50? That
ninety-five percent have no money at
the age of 60? We have been success-
ful in getting thousands of men out of
the eighty-five, the ninety five and
ninety-two percent class.

We have been marvelously success-
ful in raising salaries of young men
and young women as is conclusively
shown and proven in our catalogue,
by letters from former students. The
business world wants thinkers and
doers. There's a famine of high
priced men today; there are thousands
of men worth a thousand dollars a
year, but only a few worth ten thou-
sand a year. Be a ten thousand dol-
lar man. You can! We know that
a man is not worth much from the
chin down, selling muscle, but as much
as a hundred thousand dollars a year,
from the chin up, selling brains. Be
a chin-upper and sell brains; but re-
member you must develop them be-
fore you can sell them.

Take our thorough, practical courses
of Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Cotton
Classing, Business Administration
and Finance, Penmanship, Telegraphy
and Radio. Learn how to think, to
remember, to imagine and to act.

We will teach you and will get you
a good position. Our large catalogue
is free for the asking. Fill in and
mail the following blank at once.

Tyler Commercial College, Tyler,
Texas.
Name _____
Address _____
Name of Paper _____

The gravure section of Sunday's
Houston Chronicle contained a page
devoted to Nacogdoches, presenting
well-executed pictures of the hand-
some homes of Messrs. J. R. Gray, L.
B. Mast and Robert Lindsey, the Nacog-
doches High School building, W. J.
Clevenger's gin, the Mahdeen Com-
pany's plant, the Frost-Johnson
Lumber Company's plant, the Experi-
ment Station, the postoffice build-
ing, a scene from E. C. Avey's dairy,
another from the shallow well oil
field and a hennery on the model

Are You Wandering in the Mist?

THE man or woman surround-
ed by better thoughts and things
but who continually ignores them,
is like a lost soul wandering in the
mist.

The newspaper is always full of
ideas that other men and women
have thought out for your happi-
ness. Think of all that you miss
when you overlook these things.

Read the advertisements. They are
the voices of hundreds of thousands
of looms, shops, studios, foundries,
laboratories, where millions of
minds are turning their thoughts
to your comfort and conveniences.

The advertisements bring you clean-
er food. They improve your per-
sonal appearance. They ease your
daily task. They take the humdrum
out of your life. They tell you where,
when and how to find things pleas-
urable and profitable.

Advertising is the Voice of American Business.
Don't close your ears to it

farm of J. M. Miller. These pictures
were assembled and sent the Chronicle
by its Nacogdoches correspondent,
Louis I. Muller, and the Booster Club,
whose good work for our city should
meet the cordial commendation of all
the people here.

Proposed government guarantee
that whiskey is pure will end, no
doubt, when the liquor passes from
the government's possession.

It is getting so that when a man
dies suddenly his wife is likely to be
suspected.

GIRLS! BEAUTIFY HAIR AT ONCE

TRY THIS! A GLEAMY MASS OF
SOFT, LUXURIANT HAIR



In a few moments you can trans-
form even plain, dull, flat hair. You
can have it abundant, soft, glossy and
full of life. Just get a 25c bottle of
"Danderine" at any drug store. Then
moisten a soft cloth with the "Dander-
ine" and draw this through your hair,
taking one small strand at a time. In-
stantly, yes, immediately, you have
doubled the beauty of your hair. It
will be a mass, so soft, lustrous and
so easy to do up. All dust and excess-
ive oil is removed.

Let "Danderine" put new life, vigor
and brightness in your hair. This
stimulating tonic will freshen your
scalp, check dandruff and falling hair
and help your hair to grow long, thick,
strong and beautiful.

The Cason building on Main street
formerly occupied by Greene & Mul-
ler is being refloored and arranged for
Miss N. L. Jackson's millinery store
and a market to be conducted by Char-
lie McClain, who recently sold the
Sanitary Market to ex-Sheriff Wood-
lan. Charlie just can't feel at home in

any other than the market business.
Success to both our new neighbors.

LaFayette Thomason of Melrose
slaughtered a hog Tuesday which
weighed 460 pounds dressed. It was a
"whopper," of course, but East Tex-
as grows 'em like that.

SHERWOOD & KING

112 Main Street, HOUSTON, TEXAS

STOCKS—BONDS—COTTON

Members of New Orleans Cotton Exchange
Direct Wire Service.
Orders executed for New Orleans and New York Cotton Con-
tracts. Also for Listed or Curb Stocks of established value for
cash or on margin.

Report of the Condition of The Stone Fort National Bank At the Close of Business December 29, 1922

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	398,918.76
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	4,500.00
Other Bonds and Stocks	6,983.12
Banking House and Fixtures	16,598.35
Real Estate Owned	21,234.20
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Liberty Bonds Owned	100,000.00
Victory Bonds Owned	150,000.00
Cash and Exchange	235,556.10
TOTAL	\$960,018.53

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	75,000.00
Surplus Fund, Earned	75,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	30,409.40
Circulation	25,000.00
DEPOSITS	754,609.13
TOTAL	\$960,018.53

L. B. MAST, Cashier.