

The Weekly Sentinel.

BY GILES M. HALPOM

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NUMBER 51



COMMUNITY PLATE

A Distinctive Gift

Games
Candy
Diamond Rings
Books
Wrist Watches
Fountain Pen Stationery
Dolls
Gift Dressings
Parasols

The Price is right

Swift Bros. & Smith



PALACE

HOME OF PARAMOUNT PICTURES

SPECIAL XMAS WEEK PROGRAM

Friday, December 22

BETTY COMPTON

with John Bowers in a 6-reel Paramount

"THE BONDED WOMAN"
Also Harold Lloyd comedy.

Saturday, December 23rd

BIG BOY WILLIAMS

in a 6-reel Western Thriller

"THE COWBOY KING"

Also RUTH ROLAND in the first of her serial thriller

"THE TIMBER QUEEN"

Star balloons given away free Saturday, get one.

Monday, December 25th

Big Xmas Day Special. 10c and 40c (One Day Only)

OWEN MOORE

In the world's greatest comedy-drama

"REPORTED MISSING"

Tuesday, December 26th

Elaine Hammerstein in

"UNDER OATH"

John Burrows, Sr., of Nacogdoches, visited relatives in the city the first of the week and paid the Tribune a call while here.—San Augustine Tribune, 14th.

Progressive Times

This is the day of the forward march. No farmer would now attempt to harvest his wheat with an old-fashioned cradle, nor thresh his grain with an old horse-power machine.

There's the new radio outfits, the airplanes, wireless telegraphy, submarines, hydro-electricity—a hundred new things every decade? And in money matters, are we keeping step? Most of us are. We keep a balance at the bank and pay our bills by check, instead of keeping our money somewhere about the house, subject to loss every day. Our modern Bank invites you to do business the modern way.

Nacogdoches State Bank

GUARANTY FUND BANK

CAPITAL \$100,000.00

LONGER CREDIT ON LOANS TO FARMERS

Washington, Dec. 20.—The bankers acceptance of six months maturity, drawn by the growers of staple agricultural products, or the Co-Operative Marketing Association, are eligible for purchase or rediscount by the Federal Reserve Banks under the ruling promulgated today by the Federal Reserve Board as a step in the direction for longer term of credits for agriculture. The agricultural paper formerly was eligible for rediscount for three months. A longer term is believed by officials to be more nearly in accord with the turnover period required by the farmers to market the crops for production on which he had to borrow money.

NATIONAL GUARDS CALLED TO MERROUGE

Monroe, La., Dec. 20.—Company G Louisiana National Guards from Monroe, was in camp at Merrouge, Morehouse parish today, and will remain several days according to a message received from the commander. He said that he was unprepared to mention the purpose for which the soldiers were sent to Merrouge. The reports were current throughout Morehouse parish that the bodies of Watt Daniels, and Thomas Richards had been located in a lake, weighted down with a wheel said to have been taken from a farmer's vehicle by a band of masked men, who kidnaped Merrouge citizens in August.

WOMAN DISAPPEARS FROM HOME

Dallas, Texas, Dec. 19.—A search is under way today for Mrs. E. O. Smith, who disappeared yesterday from her home in Oak Cliff, a suburb. Her husband, Dr. O. Smith, said that his wife had not been well, and believed possible that she had wandered away while endeavoring to reach the sanitarium.

UNNECESSARY FOR PROBE CHARGES

Washington, Dec. 19.—Representative Woodruff, republican of Michigan, told the house judiciary committee, who are investigating the impeachment charges against Attorney General Daugherty, today that it would be unnecessary to go into the charges against Daugherty, in alleged failure to prosecute war fraud cases, because Daugherty had started necessary action in most of the cases.

TWO MEN GIVEN DEATH SENTENCE

Austin, Texas, Dec. 20.—The death sentences were affirmed by the Court of Criminal Appeals today, one against G. W. Stephens, Excar county, convicted for the murder of T. A. Finucane, the second against Manuel Sagu, Williamson county, convicted for the murder of S. O. Wolford on a train between Bartlett and Granger.

RESIGNATION OF PROHIBITION DIRECTOR

Austin, Texas, Dec. 20.—The resignation of Davis H. Morris, federal prohibition director for Texas, was today forwarded to the commissioner of internal revenue to become effective at the convenience of the Washington officials. Morris gave private business as a reason for his resignation.

FOUR KILLED IN STREET CAR CRASH

Port Arthur, Texas, Dec. 20.—Four persons were instantly killed this morning when a street car crashed into an automobile carrying workmen to the Texas Company plant here. The dead are Emile Chaisson, Patrick Delano, Gerald Delano and Mrs. Amanca Morreaux. Another occupant of the automobile, a man named Hartman, was slightly injured. The automobile was struck by the street car near the top grade. The automobile and occupants were ground under the car wheels.

SESSION FOR STRAITS PROBLEM

Lausanne, Dec. 19.—The declaration by Lord Curzon that only one more session should be devoted to the straits problem had a tone of ultimatum.

SCIENTIST FINDS RARE BONES IN NEBRASKA BAD LANDS

New York, Dec. 19.—Fragmentary evidence of unclassified prehistoric rodents and reptiles has been found by Albert Thompson, paleontologist, in the ranchlands of Nebraska, where in former years research workers have uncovered the remains of mastodons, rhinoceroses, giant camels, alligators, dwarf horses and other queer beasts.

The bones of the strange animals were uncovered on a ranch in Sioux county while Mr. Thompson, who is a member of the paleontological research staff of the American Museum of Natural History, was searching for skeletons of three-toed dwarf horses. Mr. Thompson began the study of paleontology while employed as a cowboy in the Dakota Bad Lands more than thirty years ago. He was especially interested in the remains of the three-toed horse and other types of beasts of the same family.

In the interest of this work he went to Nebraska early last summer. Aided by several students he began digging in a channel bed that appeared to be rich in bones of all sorts. He found bits of the dwarf horse, of the alligator and of other animals, and then he came upon pieces of skulls of which was new to him.

He delved further in an effort to uncover complete skeletons. His students helpers returned to their schools and he kept on alone, but had no further success.

Bad weather finally set in and Mr. Thompson was compelled to abandon his work. He had, however, collected hundreds of bones and skulls of great research value. He plans to return to Sioux county next year and resume his work in the channel bed.

"Western Nebraska undoubtedly is the richest field in America for this sort of work," said Mr. Thompson recently and we hope to make startling discoveries in the next two or three years. I shall return next summer and make an effort to find complete skeletons of the strange type of rodents and reptiles of which we have fragments."

SEVEN MEN ARE EXECUTED IN IRELAND

Dublin, Dec. 19.—Four railroad men and three laborers were executed here today for interference with the trains in the county of Kildare. The seven men were captured on November 15 by the Free State troops. A quantity of stolen goods, rifles, and ammunition was found with them. They were tried by the military committee and sentenced to death on the charge of train wrecking.

Names of Executed Men

Dublin, Dec. 19.—An official army report gives the names of the executed men as Stephen White, Patrick Bagnel, Joseph Johnson, Patrick Mangran, James O'Connor, Patrick Nolan and Brian Moore. It was said that they were found guilty of possessing without proper authority ten rifles, two hundred rounds of ammunition and four bombs.

COUPLE FOUND DEAD UNDER TRUCK

Galveston, Texas, Dec. 19.—A man about 40 and a young woman about 25 were found dead under an overturned motor truck in a ditch on the Galveston and Houston Road near Virginia Point this morning. The records here showed the truck registered in the name of Fred Cole, an oil company employee of Texas City. Cole was reported to have left Texas City last night to be gone about two hours, but no report had been received from him by his relatives today.

HOUSE LEGISLATION

Washington, Dec. 19.—The house today took up for consideration the Green resolution proposing a constitutional amendment prohibiting the further issuance of tax exempt certificates.

NEW PEACE TREATY DRAWN UP

Lausanne, Dec. 19.—It was reported today that a complete draft of a peace treaty had been drawn up here as a result of deliberations in the Near East Conference, and would be presented to the Turks on Saturday.

STRANGE MONSTER CAST UP BY THE SEA

Lima, Peru, Dec. 18.—The tidal waves which recently devastated parts of the coast of Chile cast upon the beach at the same time a strange denizen of the deep whose like has not been seen in these waters in many years. It would appear to be a cross between a whale and a turtle.

Fishermen at Lurin, 25 miles from Lima, reported a huge cetacean floundering in the shallow waters of the bay. Then they sent out word that it was an unknown monster of the sea, and that they had killed it.

The director of the Natural History Museum of the University of San Marcos and the official taxidermist made a trip to Lurin for the purpose of studying and classifying the strange visitor. They found an animal with the body of a whale, but with a head and extremities resembling those of a turtle. After examination they came to the conclusion that it belonged to the family of "Balaenidae" cetaceans, inhabiting the South Pacific waters. It is supposed that it was carried along by the Humboldt current and thrown up on the beach by the tremendous surfs following the tidal waves of the Chilean earthquake.

The specimen will be brought back to Lima for mounting and will be preserved in the University museum.

APPROPRIATION FOR FOREST ROADS

Washington, Dec. 18.—The appropriation of \$32,300,000 for the construction of forest roads, trails, and rural post roads as authorized under the Federal Highway Act is recommended in the agricultural bill for the next fiscal year as reported today to the house. It includes the eradication of hog cholera, \$181,000; checking the spread of the Mexican bean beetle, \$25,000; and the eradication of the pink boll worm in cotton \$411,400.

TO LOCATE STOLEN AUTOS

Sherman, Texas, Dec. 18.—Sheriff Craig, with several deputies and ten citizens of Sherman left this morning for Madill, Oklahoma, to attempt to locate ten automobiles that were stolen here recently. The Madill officers report that forty cars are held there on the belief that they have been stolen.

QUESTION R. R. WATCHMAN

Austin, Texas, Dec. 18.—The representatives of the Southern Pacific railroad, and interstate commerce commission today began questioning Joseph H. Smith, watchman, held responsible by the board of inquiry for the Humble wreck, which cost twenty-one lives. Smith's story will attempt to disprove his responsibility for the wreck, according to the members of his family.

ORDERS CONSULS TO LEAVE

Vladivostok, Dec. 18.—The soviet government of Vladivostok, which recently took over the administration of the Coty and surrounding territory, known as the Primoria, has ordered the consuls of France and ten other countries to close their consulates, and leave Primoria within a week. The consulates of the United States are not ordered to close.

HEARINGS ON RURAL CREDIT

Washington, Dec. 19.—Hearings on the rural credit legislation before the senate banking committee was near a conclusion today. The members predicted that a comprehensive bill, embodying the features of several farm relief measures that are now pending, would be ready for submission to the senate early next week. Ben C. Marsh, who said that he represented the league composed of Progressive Farmers and Labor Organizations, today declared that a solution of the situation lay in the passage of the Norris government corporation bill, rather than the extension of further farm credits.

RENEWED CONFLICTS

Turin, Italy, Dec. 19.—The renewed conflicts between Fascisti and the Communists here have resulted in the killing of ten persons, including two Fascisti.

BANDITS SEIZE BILLS FROM DENVER MINT

Denver, Col., Dec. 18.—Two bandits today shot and probably fatally injured Charles Linton, Federal Reserve guard, seized \$200,000 in five dollar bills, and escaped in an automobile. The bandits leaped from an automobile along the side of the Federal Reserve delivery wagon at the main entrance of the Denver mint and shot toward four guards who were emerging with the consignment of money. The third member of the bandit group remained at the wheel of the automobile. One bandit is believed to have been shot while escaping, and an extensive search has been made at all hospitals, and outlying suburbs. The roads have been guarded.

SOUTHWESTERN LUMBERMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 18.—More than 2,000 lumbermen are expected in this city January 24, 25 and 26 to attend the annual convention of the Southwest Lumbermen's Association convention at the Hotel Muehlebach. Alonzo B. Clark, directing head of the convention bureau, announced here today. Preparations for this convention, temporarily delayed because of the recent death of James Moorehead, secretary of the association for many years, are rapidly being completed by W. S. Dickason, Kansas City, the president of the association.

Five thousand invitations to all members of the association and to all lumbermen in the Southwest will be issued by the Convention Bureau for the association, asking them to attend the sessions. A program of speaking and business meetings that will contain valuable information for every lumber firm is now being arranged and will be announced later by Mr. Dickason.

COMMITTEE INVESTIGATES REFUSAL OF KELLER

Washington, Dec. 18.—The house judiciary committee appointed a subcommittee today to investigate what action, if any, should be taken in connection with the refusal of Representative Keller to testify before the committee as to the information on which he based his impeachment charges against Attorney General Daugherty.

SMITH TELLS STORY

Watchman in Humble Wreck Give Details of What Happened

Houston Post.
Recovered somewhat from his nervous breakdown following the Humble wreck, J. H. Smith, watchman of the switch engine sideswiped by H.E.&W. T. passenger train No. 28, today at Austin gave to representatives of the commission a detailed account of his every movement on the night of the tragedy.

Overcome by the disaster which took a toll of 21 lives, Smith disappeared Thursday after being treated at the Southern Pacific hospital here. He was found later wandering aimlessly on the outskirts of Hockley, 35 miles from Houston, and taken by his son, Ervin, to the family home at Austin.

Quizzing of the watchman, held responsible for the wreck by the report of the board of inquiry, took place behind closed doors and both sides later refused to make public any statement as to what took place.

The watchman told a straightforward story, however, according to representative of the interstate commerce commission. He recounted his every move on the night of the wreck. The hearing, which was separate and distinct from that conducted by the board of inquiry into the wreck, was held in Smith's home. The story told by Smith will be forwarded to the interstate commerce commission at Washington.

Statements given to Newspaper men Saturday night by Ervin Smith to the effect that his father was a "hero, not a negligent criminal" were challenged by those who interrogated the watchman Monday.

"It was only a vision created in the son's mind to exonerate his father," was the way one of the investigators dismissed the story told by Ervin. No charges have been filed against the watchman, dispatches said.

BY GILES M. HALTOM

THE DARDANELLES

From the Houston Chronicle.
The Dardanelles is a strait 47 miles long, and averaging three miles in width, which connects the Sea of Marmora with the Aegean. It was formerly called the Hellespont, and is famous in history through association with many important events.

It was over the Dardanelles that Xerxes moved his gigantic army on pontoon bridges. It was on the shore of the Dardanelles that Sulla and Mithridates signed a treaty. It was through control of the Dardanelles that Turkey maintained such a dominating place in European affairs and blocked allied efforts to reach Constantinople in the late war.

The Dardanelles derives its name from two ancient castles which guard its narrowest part. It has been looked upon as impassable for naval vessels, without Turkish permission, for more than five centuries, though Admiral Sir T. Duckworth went through in 1807.

Who controls the Dardanelles controls all navigation between the Mediterranean and the Black Sea, and to that extent, the commerce of all peoples is dependent on it.

Who controls the Dardanelles can be of immeasurable importance, and despite the raising of other issues, the Dardanelles has been the real center of Near Eastern quarreling, and of many European wars, since Mohammed II seized it in 1453.

The reason that it is being given back to Turkey now is that the European nations are afraid to trust each other in its control, and can not agree among themselves on any form of international management.

France is supporting the proposition of restored Turkey control, mainly because of obligations to Mustafa Kemal in connection with Syria, and to prevent British domination. Russia is supporting it because she feels that every European power is against her, and that singly, or collectively, European governments would employ control of the Dardanelles in inimical ways.

Being a waterway of indispensable value to many peoples, the Dardanelles should, of course, be neutralized but that is an ideal which the present reign of jealousy and suspicion would seem to preclude.

So long as it remains under Turkish control, Turkey will continue to play the catspaw for any government that can use her, and be the center of intrigue for all governments that aspire to do so.

SECRET DIPLOMACY

The long-hidden Crane-King report on the Near East, now made public by Editor & Publisher, through the direct instrumentality of Woodrow Wilson, will give the final blow, if the public takes time to peruse it, to secret diplomacy.

The report itself is a remarkable one; remarkable for its thoroughness, by its insistent application to the many questions of the Near East of those principles now recognized generally as American, which means principles based on the best good of the people studied. It serves, also, to throw up somewhat hideously the vast propaganda with which it has been sought, and now is sought, to move American public opinion to action in favor of one or another interest. Pro-Turk, pro-Greek, pro-Armenian, pro-Syrian, pro-Arab, pro-Bulgarian, pro-Egyptian and not least among them, pro-British, pro-French and pro-Italian; these are chief among the propaganda agencies desiring passionately to conjure American participation in their especial, and not always, unselfish, purposes.

The report covers too many important things to be discussed at any one time; nor does it follow all the commission's conclusions and recommendations are acceptable without debate. What is clear, however, is that the report stood absolutely no chance whatsoever of any fate except obscurity in the presence of the multitude of secret treaties which cut cleanly across virtually every just interpretation of national desire in the Near East. This is the chief function the report may fulfill today. It is admitted that its story is only of what might have been, but was not. Why it was not, and why American purposes in participating in the war and in the peace was betrayed in return for phrases, is the story of the secret treaties which wrote the outline of peace long before President Wilson sailed for Europe.

To those secret treaties, the belated publication of this report makes clear, the present misery in the Levant is immediately chargeable.

WHY CLEMENCEAU FAILED

M. Clemenceau has virtually completed his mission in American and will soon return to France, with the cheers of the multitude ringing in his ears, with assurance that the American people are the good friends of his countrymen, but apparently without and tangible token of accomplishment.

"The Tiger" came to convert the United States to renewed association and co-operation with Europe. He came to deny that France is militaristic, to explain that his country's attitude toward Germany is based in reasonable fear, and to affirm that the reconstruction of Europe and the maintenance of peace require close comradeship between the United States and France.

On every hand our distinguished guest must see evidences that the American people are increasingly ready to resume their rightful place at the council tables of the world. Indeed, it becomes so clear that isolation is impossible—and intolerable if it were possible—that our wishes are almost beside the point. Very soon we must take up our world responsibilities whether we will or not.

In such a situation it is pertinent to inquire whether M. Clemenceau, for all practical purposes, returns to France empty-handed. Primarily it may be because he has not, in America, addressed himself to the one group that was most willing to respond to a plea for constructive world statesmanship. Millions of Americans—more than at any other time since Versailles. It might be said more every hour—believe that the only apparent road to international welfare is the path of organization, co-operation and law mapped out by the League of Nations. Had M. Clemenceau come to America breathing confidence in the League, and urging America to participate in its wholesome activities upon any reasonable terms, he would have had more than cheers for his pains. But the "Tiger" thinks still in terms of balances of powers, of alliances rather than of associations. Believing thus, he deprived himself of that warm support which League believers were eager to accord, and was unable to warm the cold blood of the isolationists and politically practical anti-Leagueurs.

However, the "Tiger's" mission has not been fruitless. He has not obtained an alliance for France because neither he nor any other man can quite do that. He was not won Mr. Harding and the bitterenders of the administration to come in at the league's back door. But he has centered attention upon the problem of America's foreign relations, he has renewed discussion and thought at a time when passions are cool, and has given impetus to the irresistible tides that are slowly but surely overwhelming the foolish isolationists.

A NEW CAPITAL

From The Shreveport Journal.
A Chicago publisher who was visiting in Washington the other day predicted that before long the national capital will be established in some appropriate location in the Mississippi valley, more approximately the heart of the country.

The speaker, Col. William Boyce, said that there is a great discontent in the regions west of the Alleghenies over the assumption of power by Eastern factions, because the capital is located in the east. He explains that Congressmen elected from the West and serving a period of years eventually become imbued with the Eastern viewpoint, and that much legislation partial to Eastern sections of the country is the result, to the cost of the Middle West and West. If the capital were situated more nearly in the center of the country, he believes that the congressmen would remain more under the sway of their own constituencies and legislation would be more justly apportioned.

The relocation of the capital is not a new idea; but, after that has been done to beautify Washington and make it a national shrine, the establishment of a new political center would be attended with great difficulty. What is really needed is the removal of sectionalism from men's minds, and the idea that what benefits one part of the country is necessarily a detriment to another.

When congressmen learn to think as patriots and not politicians, and the nation learn to think as a unit instead of in divided areas, it will make no difference where the capital is located.

HARKEN, YE SHOPPERS.

Shopping is one of the oldest of human activities—as old as the Garden of Eden, where the serpent proved himself an expert salesman and the first woman as keen a bargain hunter as the last. Man is not a shopper by nature, but only so by grim necessity, stern duty and frequent cajoling. Even then he labors under many handicaps, the most serious being the obsession that he is a poor fish and out of water to boot.

"Ordeal by Fire" is one thing; ordeal by shopping is another, but scarcely a different thing. Too bad there are no Carnegie medals for shoppers who have braved a bargain day without nursing a pet peeve or wearing a worried look. Alas that there are no Distinguished Service decorations for folks who can hold their own in a rush at the holiday season without holding back several hopeless but infuriated fellow shoppers at the same time. Tell us how you shop and we will tell you what you are.

There is a fine art of shopping as everyone ought to know and three simple rules are fundamental. First, know what you want and list your items before you leave home, otherwise your expedition may be farcical and a failure. Second, know where to go for what you want, which means a careful reading of the advertisements in the daily papers. Third, go after what you want as early in the shopping season as possible and thereby lighten the burden of pushing, pulling, elbowing, nerve-racking crowds. If there is a fourth rule it is this—let courtesy constrain your actions and speech while you bargain, since civility helps to make shopping as well as love "the long sweet song."

NOT A SINGLE ASSURANCE

The clamorous chorus which is urging the subsidy bill still refrains from explanation of the way in which the present bill will afford benefit to the public. In the absence of such explanation, it is impossible to dissipate the belief that the present measure will succeed merely in lining the pockets of a few favored interests.

American producers, manufacturers and farmers alike, want to sell American goods in the markets of the world. Such sales would bring foreign money to this country and increase our general prosperity.

A subsidy which would aid in accomplishing that purpose would receive general American approval. Freight rates and regular delivery are the big elements in the sale of goods in foreign countries, therefore a subsidy which guaranteed regular delivery and freight rates low enough to permit the American producers to compete for the world markets would solve our problems.

But the present measure guarantees nothing of the kind. Neither does it carry an assurance that the steamship companies benefiting from it will refrain from entering into combinations with other vessel lines to parcel out the ocean trade routes and exploit impartially all countries through high ocean freight rates.

It is the buyer who pays the freight. The buyer of American goods may be in Shanghai or in the Levant. He cares nothing for the flag flown by the ship bringing in the goods. All he inquires about is the cost.

The subsidy measure, pressed in congress, contains no provision to guarantee low rates. And there is not a single assurance of one dollar's worth of benefit to the American public.

BONUS OFFER NOTED

Some time ago there was published in the Sentinel an offer of a bonus of \$20,000 for the first 500-barrel oil well brought in in the Nacogdoches field. This offer attracted a great deal of attention among oilmen and was given widespread publicity through the oil papers of the country. One of the results was the following letter from a Northern city to Secretary McKnight of the Chamber of Commerce. It is self-explanatory—and important:

"We note in the Oil & Gas Journal the offer of a \$20,000.00 bonus for a 500-barrel oil well. Now if the above is true we would be pleased to take the matter up with you relative to entering into a contract with you for the try out.

"We have perfected and are now building the most wonderful drilling machine on the market and are open for a large tract of land where the possibilities are good enough to sink many wells for the deep stuff.

"We wish to say if we can secure large enough tract so we can give it a thorough test we would be pleased to receive your requirements. We are willing to make the first test where you may select and if we do not find it there then let it rest with our geologist.

"With our new process we can drill forty 5,000 foot wells cheaper than one well with the old style rotation and as we produce a core all the time it gives us the information at all times and we can tell whether or not it is best to leave that place or try another location close.

"Gentlemen, this method of drilling had better be passing some game laws to protect it from the Bull Moose.

Buy a Bridge-Beach Cook Stove

To Cook That Xmas Cooking On

We have them in all sizes and prices and will be glad to have you take one out with you and give it 30 days' trial and if not satisfied with it in every way we will take it up and return your money and pay you for your trouble. Now, if there is any more liberal proposition just name it and we will do it.

Bridge-Beach Cook Stoves have been tried in this country for the past forty years and have always given satisfaction. Come in and look the line over and you will be convinced.

We are always glad to show Bridge-Beach Stoves.

Tucker-Sitton Hardware Co.

The Quality Store

itive proof whether or not you have deep drilling and it may in the place you first suggest or it may be several miles from there, therefore, this is why we would want large acreage to start with.

If the published article is correct and you want a real test that will satisfy you forever we would be pleased to hear from you by return mail with full data."

TAXPAYERS PROTEST AGAINST FREE USE OF ROADS

Pledging themselves not to vote or support candidates who disregard their petition, the taxpayers of Butternut, Wis., in special meeting recently adopted resolutions asking the county board to discontinue appropriating money to repair and keep open roads for motor bus lines used as common carriers. The resolution says that if motor bus owners wish cooperate they should keep open their roads the same as electric companies and railroads do.

The truck is not bearing its share of the upkeep of the public highways, which it uses, it, therefore, has an advantage over the railroad, which must buy and maintain its own right-of-way and pay taxes in addition. The public must eventually decide whether it will continue to pay taxes for rebuilding the roads which the motor truck is a principal factor in destroying or whether it will make this new method of transportation stand its proper share of the cost of highways and thus place the competition with railroads on a fairer basis. Then both these methods of transportation would develop along sound economic lines. The country needs both railroad and motor truck transportation, and to permit one, by an unfair advantage, to check the growth of the other would be shortsighted policy.

The public is beginning to realize the injustice of taxing railroads and electric lines to aid motor trucks that compete with them as carriers. Trucks use public highways and their heavy traffic wears out the roads. The maintenance cost of state highways in New England is said to have advanced from \$100 per mile to \$1,500 per mile since motor vehicles came into general use.

It looks as if the administration had better be passing some game laws to protect it from the Bull Moose.

Mr. Harding's latest trouble seems to be a working minority that has just blossomed out in his midst.

A better quality of rosy lips comes from using a broomstick rather than a lip stick.

Next year will be prosperous, forecasters assert. But better work for 1923 than wait for it.

There seems to be an unwritten law that every president's cabinet must have at least one member to amuse the paragraphs.

Of course the country needs a subsidy for ships to carry perfectly tremendous cargoes of imports brought from abroad under the benign influence of the Fordney tariff.

Why not a subsidy for man who has to buy a new fur coat for friend wife as a Christmas present.

Why not a subsidy for man who thinks his tax statement was higher than he thinks it ought to be?

Why not a subsidy for owners of depreciated used automobiles, purchased while market was at peak?

A \$1,000 EDUCATION FOR \$14:
Makes you a Bookkeeper, Stenographer and Salesman
\$147 pays board, tuition, stationery and 3 complete courses with board. About cost of tuition elsewhere. Nothing better. Mail course free! \$5. We pay for list of prospects. Agents wanted. Write!

L. R. WALDEN
Alexandria, La., Business College



THE DAY MAY COME WHEN YOU MAY WANT SOUND ADVICE ON HOW TO INVEST YOUR MONEY. YOU MAY WISH TO GO INTO BUSINESS FOR YOURSELF, YOU MAY DESIRE ADVICE IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF AN ESTATE OR ON SOME PLAN OF FINANCE.

WHATEVER IT MAY BE, IT IS GOOD TO KNOW THAT YOU CAN TURN FOR ADVICE AND COUNSEL TO THIS BANK.

YOUR BEST BUSINESS FRIEND
This is the Kind of Service We Give to Every Customer

STRENGTH SERVICE
THE STONE FORT NATIONAL BANK
NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS.

SWEEPING INVESTIGATION OF THE HUMBLE WRECK

From the Houston Chronicle, 16th.

The second investigation of the disaster on the Houston East & West Texas Railroad at Humble, which resulted in 20 fatalities, was completed Friday afternoon when Justice of the Peace F. K. Wise of the Humble district announced his inquest verdict.

While two investigations have been completed two others are still under way, one by the interstate commerce commission and the other by the district attorney's office.

Justice Wise in his verdict finds that the passengers on the train came to their deaths through an accident. He does not attempt to fix the responsibility.

The railroad board of inquiry, which completed its investigation early Friday morning fixed the responsibility on the aged watchman in whose care the freight engine had been left.

The twentieth victim of the accident was added to the list Friday afternoon when a negro man died at the Southern Pacific hospital. The hospital attendants report that two other victims of the accident are expected to die in the next few hours.

S. W. Demen and Frank Taylor, special agents of the interstate commerce commission, arrived in Houston Friday from Louisiana to conduct an investigation into the accident for the commission. In the meantime an investigation will be made by the district attorney's office.

A wide search is being conducted for the watchman, who left the Southern Pacific hospital Thursday morning soon after being taken there in a coherent state. Very little is known of him except that his home is at Austin. According to railroad special agents, a son of the man is aiding in the search.

No Prosecution.

That Smith will be dismissed from the services of the railroad company was the statement of L. H. Cecil, assistant general manager of the Southern Pacific Lines. Mr. Cecil said, that it is not the policy of the railroad company to seek criminal prosecution of employees held responsible for fatalities unless it be shown that they acted with criminal intent, and he added that nothing has developed to remotely indicate that Smith had any intention of doing an injury to anyone.

K. OF P. IN GOOD SHAPE

The Knights of Pythias Lodge held a very interesting meeting last night with Dr. J. D. Ellington presiding and a full corps of officers and a large attendance of members.

Bro. T. D. Hill was recommended to the Grand Chancellor for the office of District Deputy Grand Chancellor for this district.

Mr. Louis L. Levy, formerly of Corsicana, was elected to membership of this lodge, which is another step toward permanent citizenship, and we welcome him.

A committee was appointed, composed of Bro. Robert Lindsey, R. D. Burrows and I. L. Sturdevant, to ascertain and provide Santa Claus for any member or his family who are not financially able to do so.

LaNana Lodge, No. 106, K. of P., has arranged to occupy a portion of the new W. O. W. building and are getting a class to initiate when in the new building.

They already have several other candidates and are working on others. The degree team is at work getting into shape to handle the newly elected.

Several interesting talks were made on the good of the order and our imperative duty to our fellowman.

WALLACE REID ON VERGE OF DEATH

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 18.—Wallace Reid, motion picture star, is on the verge of death, and for several days has not been expected to live, according to his wife who was interviewed in Los Angeles by an examiner. This is also corroborated by his physician, according to the examiner. The doctor said that Reid is suffering either from an exhaustive condition or from influenza, and said that his illness has no connection with over-indulgence in alcohol, or narcotics, although such indulgences have undoubtedly undermined his system and strength.

Correct this sentence: "Please fix my nails, mother," said the small boy; "I'm ashamed to go to school with them looking this way."

HOW DOES MALARIA WINTER IN THE SOUTH

No farmer in the South can afford to fold his hands as soon as the growing season is over and his crops are in the barn. No progressive farmer would think of sitting idly by during the winter months while the weed and grass seed, sassafras sprouts and boll weevil are "digging in," establishing over his place and getting ready for the next spring drive against his crops. As a matter of fact, during the harvesting season the farmer is so busy planting, cultivating and harvesting, it is only after his crops are in that he is free to fight the farm pests to best advantage.

Speaking of farm pests which must be fought during the winter months, had you ever thought of malaria in this connection? Next summer malaria will blossom out in your community and bear its usual baneful crop of chills and fever to interfere with the joy of living, and reduce the efficiency of everyone attacked. At the end of the season the crop report of this disease, as collected by your State Health Department, will show some deaths, much sickness and a greater economic loss than that from any other disease in the South.

How does malaria winter in the Southern states? You see very few cases of chills and fever during the winter months, and it is only of the warmest days that there are any malaria mosquitoes flying about. It is true that many malaria mosquitoes hibernate, or live through the winter months in secluded places but so far as is known these mosquitoes do not carry the infection over until next spring. Next year's malaria crop is carried over in only one way—in the bodies of persons previously infected, inadequately treated, and never really cured of the disease. Here then is the clue for this winter's campaign against next summer's malaria. Kill the malaria seed in human hosts. CURE the malaria cases, and thus prevent an abundant crop of malaria next year, for it is from the old cases that all of next season's new crop will spring. Fortunately, we can kill the malaria germs without injury to the person who carries them in his blood. Quinine will do this almost without fail if it is taken in sufficient dosage for long enough time.

The United States Public Health Service, the National Malaria Committee, and the State Health Officers of all the Southern states, have approved the "Standard Quinine Treatment for Malaria."

"For the acute attack, 10 grains of quinine sulphate by mouth 3 times a day for a period of at least 3 or 4 days; to be followed by 10 grains every night before retiring for a period of 8 weeks. For infected persons not having acute symptoms at the time only the 8 weeks' treatment is required. Proportionate doses for children according to age."

The best physicians of the South are employing this treatment, or something similar in the way of dosage and length of treatment. Certainly, it is a great improvement over small doses of quinine or chill tonics discontinued as soon as the chills are broken, which rarely effect a permanent cure. If you have had malaria recently, consult your physician and take quinine under his direction until cured.

PLAN TO IMPROVE IMMIGRATION STATION

Washington, Dec. 18.—Comprehensive plans for the improvement of immigration facilities at Ellis Island Station at New York are under consideration here, the result of many complaints regarding the present equipment of the station, and methods of handling the immigrants. The nomination of Pierce Butler to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, was ordered reported to the senate today by unanimous vote of the judiciary committee.

TUG CRASHES ON ROCKS

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 18.—The tug Gray, searching for 27 persons missing since the tug Reliance crashed on the rocks off Lizard Island last Wednesday, reached the scene of the wreck this morning and found the tug overturned, battered life boats, but no sign of the missing persons. The officials of the Superior Paper Company, owners of the Reliance fear that 27 drowned or died of exposure. Seven of the survivors have arrived here.

HE KNEW FATHER

Visitor—How do you do, Tommy? I've come to stay at your home a week, and I'm sure you can't even guess who I am.
Tommy—I'll bet you one thing.
Visitor—What?
Tommy—I'll bet you're no relation of father's.—Watchword.

UNSKILLED MEXICAN LABOR INIMICAL TO AMERICANS

Washington, Dec. 15.—Measures to control what is said to be a vast body of alien Mexican unskilled labor in the United States are recommended to Secretary Davis by special agents of the Department of Labor. The report sets forth that alien Mexican laborers illegally in the United States are a menace to American labor and American communities. The recommendations for meeting the situation include a system of registration, more rigid mental and physical examination and selective immigration regulation through examination before entry. It was suggested that such provisions be placed under a "border patrol" Co-operation with state and municipal authorities also was suggested in the enforcement of immigration regulations and a judicious distribution of Mexican labor legally admitted.

WATERWORKS SCHOOL

A free school of one week in duration for waterworks operators has been planned jointly by the Texas Waterworks Association, the State Board of Health and the Dallas City Health Department, to be held in Dallas, week beginning January 15th. This is a rare opportunity for water works officials and plant operators to take their problems for solution.

There are established schools and courses of instruction for the teaching of nearly every profession, but as yet no complete training course on water works construction, Maintenance and operation, and this short free school fills a gap sorely needed. Lecturers of international reputation on power development, pumping machinery, economic use of fuel, purification and treatment of water, including the removal of odors, color and taste, etc., have been obtained for the occasion. This short school is a forerunner of a license bill for those who handle this universal commodity, and it is rumored will be introduced in the next session of the legislature, raising the general standard of water production.

ANOTHER LIFE LONGER

Alton Smith, who lives out at Fairview, dropped in for a few words with the Sentinel yesterday, and in the conversation remarked that it was twenty-five years ago, that night, since he had married and that the Sentinel was the first paper that he had ever subscribed for and that he had never missed an issue. There are a number of Nacogdoches county citizens who can remember the Halton papers coming to their homes when they could first remember and had never lived a day in their lives without the paper being one of the periodicals for the family.

Naturally the Sentinel management feels proud of this record and it is a great pleasure to meet up with these boys and talk with them.

MAN'S FIVE SERVANTS

When one has a cold nothing seems to taste right. The Missus may have done her best with the pumpkin pie, the mashed potatoes may be as fluffy and smooth as your desire, but it's a task to down them.

There's a simple reason for it. A cold obstructs what scientists call the olfactory epithelium located in a little niche in the skull just above and behind the nostrils. It's your smeller.

The senses of taste and smell are so closely linked it is almost impossible to say, sometimes, which is which. Sugar and salt are exceptions. We cannot detect them by smelling as a rule.

Take your nose out for a walk some day. As you pass the grocery, the meat market, the hotel, the bakery and the book store, note how your memory and your sight are helped out by the sense of smell. Each place of business has its distinctive odor. We remember bad smells because they disturb us. The good smells play a much bigger part in daily life. Every human has five wonderful servants. They are sight, hearing, touch, taste and smell. Learn to use them all with intelligence.

The German crown prince, it is reported, is anxious to visit the United States. He would be comparatively safe, since there is no demand for dog meat here.

NEGRO DREAMS OIL; IS A MOONSHINER

Henderson, Texas, Dec. 16.—Last summer a negro farmer, by the name of Robert Thompson, living west of this city made himself famous by having a dream in which he saw oil flowing from a well that was being drilled on a farm adjoining his. The press of the country took up the yarn and printed it from ocean to ocean.

Last Wednesday night F. W. Albright, prohibition enforcement officer in the employ of your Uncle Samuel, put the finishing touches of the story by uncovering a still, mash buckets and a quantity of the finished product in Thompson's barn. Mr. Albright thinks the booze the negro was making furnished the inspiration for the dream.

Not only did this special officer put the finishing touches on Thompson's dream, but he took a drive to Pirtle, a dozen miles north of Henderson and gathered four stills that were working day and night, and further got three negroes and a white man as moonshiners. So Henderson jail has today five alleged moonshiners and five machines for the manufacture of illicit booze. And the day was a nasty one, at that.

STATE PRESS STRIKES A SNAG

A dear Dallas lady whose nimble mind outruns her pen, leaving the latter to race in ink wield little waves that sometimes look almost like words writes in to assert that State Press "starts another rumpus right in the midst of the busy season." At least the word looks like a rumpus, also it looks like mumps and wraps. By the law of deduction it is assumed to be rumpus, for the dear lady appears further on to be starting one of her own. She has to do a lot of extra Christmas shopping and help her husband get ready to go duck hunting and run a lot of errands for collateral members of the family, besides keeping the house going and arguing with the ice man, who insists upon leaving bigger chunks than he left last August—in the midst of activities that year her nerves to shreds and reduce her natural poetic temperament to an unseasonable cynicism—in the midst of all this, State Press comes along and starts another rumpus, this time over women's hats! "There are two sets of men," affirms the dear lady, with the wave caligraphy "who have no business to criticize women's hats. One is the common or garden variety of American man, who knows nothing of the subject; the other is the European who designs, manufactures, price and sell the hats." She goes on, seeming to get better, at least her writing seems to flatten out a bit more, until she says: "It is characteristic of your inconsistent sex, in Europe and America, to design and price women's hats and then roar about freakish styles and high prices." For the lady's sake, dear lady! State Press never designed nor put a price on a woman's hat in his life. When you censure his meek sex for its obvious derelictions, won't you please exempt him? All that S. P. said was that women seem to choose their hats without regard for their faces. He doubted if clashing colors and crashing shapes were contributions to beauty in the beautiful sex. He mentioned no names, rendered no personal comparisons. The nearest he did come to being personal was a suggestion that students of woman nature take a thoughtful squint at the millinery in a street car full of Christmas shoppers. He offered to eat his own hat if the student didn't find half the women's hats out of harmony with the faces under them. Could it be possible, dear lady, that you saw some melancholy person on a shopper's car whom you suspected of being S. P., and got a suspicion that he was making a fling at your headgear? If so, starve the thought. One so sensitive as yourself, dear lady, concerning criticisms upon your sex's crowning glories could be nothing less than an expert judge of her own hats. Women who look like they get their hats off a Christmas tree are not, as a rule, resentful of gentle criticisms—nor, indeed, are they amenable to it. They simply obtain and wear hats as if obtaining and wearing them were a foreordination planned from the foundation of the world, a catastrophe to be neither sought nor avoided, but simply accepted. State Press feels sure that you are not one of the large but unimportant class, dear lady; and if you will agree to let bygones be bygones, why shouldn't you withdraw your charge that S. P. raised a rumpus, and in warranty of your altered state of mind raise no rumpus yourself? Why shouldn't you?
—State Press, Dallas News.

If a hair of the dog will cure the bite, perhaps those that men are plucking from their eyebrows would do something for a bald head.

NACOGDOCHES TRADITIONS

Old land marks and the events and people connected with them are always interesting, especially to old pioneers of their vicinity and sequels. I have heretofore written that San Antonio, Texas, is a rich field for such attention and that there is an "Old Land Mark Association" here actively engaged in such studies.

"Make way for Liberty," he cried, "Make way for Liberty," and died. Might well have been written about the immortal W. B. Travis and his 180 unexcelled self-sacrificing heroic associates. At the crucial test not one of them faltered. And the famous Old Alamo is now revered by the world as the consecrated shrine of Liberty and this organized Old Land Mark Association recognizes and memorializes other kindred points and events that figured in the strife of Texas freedom. The Texas Historic Association is similar.

Nacogdoches can not compare with San Antonio in this respect, but she can boast of sending a full quota of the heroes that faced the foes and trials of these events.

Uncle Nathan Wade was one of these boys. I have heard him tell the story of the first hot skirmish near the old First Mission. Uncle Jake Lewis was another one of these game young Americans. He said that when their brave leader stepped out and gave a whoop and exclaimed at the top of his voice "All who will follow old Ben Milam to take San Antonio come this way and show their colors," he would have joined the ranks if death had faced him. Every man came up with a whoop. They took the town by a several days siege, but the gallant Milam lost his life. And old Nacogdoches was well represented on this and many other such occasions.

What a change has come over these two old towns. They were the rough and primitive, out in the woods or prairies. Their present importance need not be mentioned.

At the time Sheriff Mayfield lived at the Hart place on North street, 1856-8, where I. L. Sturdevant now lives, there was no other dwelling between this and the Gen. Rusk homestead, nearly a mile. North street was then called the Henderson road. Horse races were sometimes run along here and I was a participant. The old Muller homestead of about ten acres fronted on this road. The dwelling stood back of Guy Blount's home, but it was in the field, about 100 yards west of the road. I think Bob McLain finally removed the old shabby house, and built there. There were two other such homesteads north of this. One was the Bill Barret place, adjoining and possibly including W. U. Perkins, present homestead. Later on it was discovered that this land had never been patented, and being vacant it was re-empted by H. R. Hyde. Another dwelling stood near where Sam B. Hyster's home now is. It was a simple, old-time double log house, and was the home of George M. Adams. Dr. Hollis in later years, became the owner, tore the old house away and built there.

All the space from Dr. Hollis' place to the Gen. Rusk place was wild woods.

There were several dwellings on North street on the east side at this date. The first was the place now occupied by L. S. Taylor. This was then known as the White place, and was one of the finest buildings on the street. Next came the Chevallier homestead, now the residence of Jas. N. Thomas. Then came the Judge Taylor homestead, later the John Schmidt homestead, and then on the north came the Dr. Starr homestead, the greatest of all. This included many acres of wild woods, not then worth fussing over.

But Dr. Starr and Sam Houston had a dispute over the lines of adjoining tracts and always after this they were unfriendly.

And west of Henderson street road down to Banita Bayou, about 50 yards was a dense thicket of briars and brambles, and a marsh and frog pond inhabited by snakes and rabbits, impassable for pedestrians. The block where the Methodists' church now stands, was an open piece of fenced land. We rented it and raised a crop of oats. We also rented the fifteen acres extending from Sam Stripling's to Will Perkins' and tried to make a corn crop. We made a failure. I was a leading hand in this failure. This was known as the Shepherd old field. Near the Banita creek down on the west side of this field, there was an old time tanyard in ruins. The old tan vats were there. And alongside was the old time Chambodie swimming hole, which was known to every boy in town. But the boys had other swimming holes. One of these was where Hospital street crosses the so-called Little Creek. Wild trees on the banks shaded and hid the view. Another was in the big creek where the high bluff just above the Swift grounds then called the Edwards place. The boys damaged the creek, the native trees shaded

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ing it and made it delightful. But above all was the Taylor Mill Pond. This was simply too good to tell. Who could dive to the bottom, fifteen feet? But speaking of boys; oh joy of joys, the circus came, and raised its big tent close to us, right where the Geo. H. Davidson home now stands. They had animals in menagerie style, horses, riders, a clown and trapeze, and lots of wonderful things.

When the show left the boys tracked the elephants to where he forded the creek and played in the water, just below the bridge, which he dared not cross. And the circus ring was left to be inspected by the boys. It stood there for years to be seen and seen. Oh, who can tell all that the boys saw, said and did. Tom Thumb was in the show, and small in size, he was a great wonder to the boys. J.E.M.

THE LAMENTED ARMS PARLEY

With the Washington conference on arms limitations in session this day a year ago was one of hopeful ones. The newspaper carried such headlines as "Adoption of Hughes Plan Means Vast Savings." A year later, however, we find such disconcerting headlines as "Navy Competition on Again."

Two of the five nations participating in the arms conference have not ratified the pacts agreed upon. No ships have been scrapped that would not have been sent to the junk heap anyhow. The story is that while there is a let-up in the building of types of vessels limited by the conference, there is activity for the construction of swift cruisers and fleet submarines not covered by the agreement.

But we must not become pessimistic. The reminder that the sound way to get action for arms limitation is by an association representing all the nations instead of by conferences of a few may turn the powers into the right track. Surely enough time has been allowed to show the futility of hoping to settle the world by action of small groups.

The mere mention of a revival of competition in navy building should stimulate the people of the world to compelling general action for keeping down the armament burden.

The biggest joke of these days is a banking system especially for the farmers, backed by Wall Street. In order to make it sound good they call it the "Farmers' Rural Credit Bank." The idea is to make the farmers all rich by lending them money. If Wall Street will actually lend us clean cash, all we will need for a whole year, we in the South, will make enough cotton in one year to supply the world during the next war. But Wall Street is a smart old street, and the rural credit system which it proposes will automatically increase our debt to the money lenders without giving our country any permanent relief. Any system that constantly increases a country's debt will finally end in that country's bankruptcy.—Rusk County News.

GOVERNORS TO LUNCH WITH HARDING

Washington, D. C., Dec. 16.—The governors of sixteen states have accepted President Harding's invitation to lunch with him next Monday to discuss prohibition enforcement.

Ponzi is telling how he began. Everybody knows how he finished.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic
For Pale, Delicate Women and Children.

LUDE'S MENTHOL COUGH DROPS
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Give Quick Relief

WEEKLY SENTINEL

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BY GILES M. HALTOM

ILLITERACY, THE MENACE

That the United States has the highest rate of illiteracy among the "enlightened" nations of the world is the startling conclusion of the national Education Association. The verdict is arrived at by the rather ruthless method of classifying as "unenlightened" all nations that have a higher rate of illiteracy in the United States. That is arbitrary, but not very convincing to the thinking human.

Nevertheless, the education association makes an interesting exhibit. Statistics gathered from world-wide sources show superficially that these countries stand ahead of America in the matter of ability to read and write. Germany, Denmark, Switzerland, the Netherlands, Finland, Norway, Sweden, Scotland, England, Wales and France.

Unfortunately these statistics are more interesting than valuable. It is almost meaningless to assert that six in every hundred Americans are illiterate, while only two in a thousand Germans, or nine in a thousand Finns, or fewer than five hundred in Frenchmen are illiterate. The bases upon which citizens are classified as literate or illiterate in various countries are not comparable. In the United States the classification is made by the census enumerator and those are adjudged illiterate who confess that they are unable to write in any language, not necessarily English. In some countries the basis is ability to read and write; in others the ability to read. In some countries the classification is based upon applicants for marriage license, and in others upon examination for army recruits. We cannot compare the statistics gathered from such differing angles with any very useful result. Such comparisons, at best, are approximate.

We have in the United States an outstanding example of the fact that literacy is only a relative term. While the census enumerator finds that 6 percent of our population 10 years of age and older is illiterate, the army examinations showed that nearly 25 percent of draft recruits were illiterate. This inconsistency is accounted for by the fact that the army examiners held the test of literacy to be to "read and understand newspapers and to write letters." There is a vast difference between being able to do that and being able to tell the census enumerator with a straight face that you can write in some language or other.

Regardless, however, of whether there is a warrant for saying that the United States is the least literate of the enlightened countries, it is true enough that we have no cause to be proud of the fact that we have more than 4,000,000 persons of 10 years of age and over in America who cannot sign their name in deplorable. It would be disheartening were it not for the fact that the menace of illiteracy is slowly but surely being overcome. The percentage drops steadily, decade after decade, as the blessing of the school house comes to be more universally enjoyed.

Good schools are, indeed, the chief if not the sole weapon in stamping out ignorance. Fortunately, too, the census reports supply an intelligent guide in dealing with the problem, for while statistics of illiteracy may not be comparable as between one nation and another, they are comparable in the United States as between state and state and as between one locality and another, for the standard of this country is uniform.

TALKING CHICKENS

Most poultry raisers think they are pretty smart if they get their prize hens to lay an egg every day in the week but Sunday and if three-fourths of their incubator chicks live to maturity. But there is a man who knows poultry so well that he actually understands their language, and he has decided that there are 21 words in the barnyard vocabulary, so to speak.

He's a minister, too, and that should count something for veracity. The Rev. Fairbank B. Stockdale of the Bayside, L. I., M. E. church is the man. He has been making a study of his backyard flock of chickens for 30 years.

Dr. Stockdale can sit with his back to the hens and reveal all the gossip they are clucking. A biddy in the brood, he says, has a reassuring note which means "I'm here, I'm here," and if she doesn't make it once in a while the chicks become nervous.

Her relations with her spouse are also reflected in hen talk. She has one sound for "Look out, dad, be careful," and quite another for "Mind your own business, you old loafer."

All of which is very interesting. The minister doesn't content himself with mere recording of the chicken's conversation. He uses his researches to build up the theory that all living things have language, and he hopes that one day humans will understand most of them.

WAITING TO BE PICKED

For somewhat over two centuries men have been planting, cultivating and picking cotton in the Southern States. When the cotton gin was invented, a big step forward manufacturing was named. With intensive study toward elimination of the boll weevil going forward, it seems that in time the crop may be more lucrative than ever.

Now it is a farmer who steps into the limelight, with a new way of planting cotton that seems so simple it is a wonder nobody ever thought of it before. John L. Hunter of Crowell, Texas, has planted his cotton in a circle rather a labyrinth that starts at the outside circumference of his 200-acre field and winds in one continuous row until the center of the field is reached.

"This enables one to do far more cultivation in a given time than when there were many rows, straight across the field," Mr. Hunter says. He has saved the loss of labor and thus makes his cotton growing economical.

Fame and fortune await everywhere the man who uses his brain to think up some way of saving labor. Labor provides our living for us, and it is the most precious thing we have. Remember, it was 200 years before anybody in America thought of planting cotton in a circle. The opportunities have not all been taken. It is purely a matter of brain work.

IT MUST BENEFIT ALL

It has become quite clear that President Harding's appeal for the ship subsidy bill did not move the country to any appreciable extent, but is compelled to rely on the sufficiency of the arguments he presented in its behalf.

That he said all that could be said in its favor is conceded, that is, nevertheless, is no less a fact. The measure is one which detaches itself entirely from man or party and is judged solely by its contents and the justification for them. The bill offered to congress was not a good bill, it did not promise the American people a merchant marine of the type and character the American people desire. It did not guarantee that the lowest competition in rates should be met; it did not guarantee that vessels receiving such public help would be kept out of combines among transportation interests; it did not guarantee that the benefits would be spread over all the people, and not to a few in the shipping industry.

These points have been the test of all such proposals in the history of this country, and it seems incredible that, with so many precedents to guide and warn him, President Harding threw himself with such desperate energy into forcing forward a bill in a form notoriously unwelcome to the American people. His argument that a \$25,000,000 a year subsidy is better than losing \$50,000,000 a year on the government-owned fleet does not impress the public as sound economics, since the reason there is a loss of \$50,000,000 a year in that manner also implies poor judgment somewhere in the history of the venture.

The whole merchant marine proposition, including the fate of the wartime shipping now lying idle, is a matter of long-vision business and not expediency. There is no war emergency present now. The American people have yielded all they purpose yielding to postpone one problem creating another. If this country is to have a merchant marine supporter from the public treasury, then it has to be clearly defined public service, assuring every part of the United States a direct benefit by low and equitable rates.

The bill, as drawn, and even with the house amendments, is of no assured value to the American people.

The Kansas City girl who claims a railroad accident increased her weight from 160 pounds to 375 pounds has started a suit against the road for heavy damages.

It is said his advisers have decreed that the president shall be pictured as hard-bolled. Better keep him off the Mayflower and the golf links, then.

Handbags are stuffed with purses thinner, as one may learn by observing outside the fashion magazines.

A London man who has just reached the age of 98 years finds that his sight has been restored for the second time, just when long skirts are coming back, darn it.

ETHICS FOR THE BENCH

A committee of the American Bar Association, headed by Chief Justice Taft, has prepared a tentative code of ethics for the judiciary. Prior to the action of the national body in January, the 82 canons of the code are kept secret.

It is understood, however, that the code of ethics undertake to regulate the private lives of judges as well as prescribe their actions on the bench.

To the ordinary person, such a code is likely to appeal merely as the height of futility. A judge whose sense of honor is not keen enough to appreciate right and wrong and who is not conscientious enough to observe the dictates of proper conduct in private as well as official actions, will not be made much better by a written code.

The public is entitled to a high-minded judiciary. But judges who are exceptions will find no bar to surreptitious improprieties in a solemnly approved code of morals.

In a way a written code is a bad thing as well as a futile thing. It would be impossible to set forth all the acts and circumstances which might be improper, but any reasonably alert judge of right impulses will be able to determine the proper conduct at the proper time. Those who as well without a code in hand offend the proprieties will be discovered quite as well without a code.

NOBEL PRIZE FOR LEAGUE

For his services as a commissioner of the League of Nations Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, Arctic explorer, has been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize. Doctor Nansen comes by this distinguished honor rightly. His work in evacuating thousands of war prisoners in Siberia and subsequently his service to the starving hordes in Asia Minor and Russia are outstanding achievements in any one man's life.

It is not to shave any credit from Doctor Nansen's accomplishments to insist, however, that without the League the results he attained were impossible. It was the knowledge that he was the representative of a great world agency that persuaded governments to co-operate with him. Had he been the agent of any one nation, other nations might have grown suspicious. He spoke for all members of the League and his credentials were never questioned.

For that diminishing group of fault finders with the League, the services of Doctor Nansen ought to be helpful.

It seems to be the rule for screen actors to be divorced after every other film is completed and to remarry following the alternate ones.

Loss of trade in London each foggy day is estimated at \$400,000, a paltry sum compared to losses on account of fog in Washington.

It is strange that no government has yet thought to tax Santa Claus.

It is said a dream lasts half a minute, but it probably seems like an age to the person who is having a nightmare.

Yes, they are now talking of getting the Irish out of the ditches by Christmas.

Lots of talk about moonshine, some talk about no eggs, everybody seems to be watching the corners. Now, just where is the usual Christmas egg nog coming from?

Another staggering distance is the one between the accomplishments of the closing of congress and what the president says remains to be done.

Revenue officials should look after that Harvard professor who says the income tax has made this a nation of liars, since he does not make an exception of himself in the accusation.

When a Kansas farmer stepped out of the house and whistled for his dog a coyote came running up to him. Prohibition raised Ned with whistles, naturally, but what in the world has gotten over coyotes?

Wouldn't we be in a terrible fix if those old pioneers hadn't been progressive enough to start our school system? Good roads and streets, sidewalks, parks and such like are the next things to follow in the wake of progress.

If the details of the proposed paving plan don't happen to meet your popular approval, just remember that you are one individual out of several thousand who are as much interested as you are, and that if we are to have no improvement until we are all happily agreed on every detail, then it will be in the sweet by and bye, yes, in the great millennium before we pave.

THAT S. P. AGRICULTURAL DEMONSTRATION TRAIN

(By H. D. Newson)
Train Correspondent

Houston, Texas, Dec. 12.—The Southern Pacific-Texas A. & M. College Agricultural Demonstration Train unloaded here today after a three-week tour over the Southern Pacific lines in Texas. More than 3,000 miles were covered, and 200 cities and towns were visited during its long journey, which began November 20 and terminated December 12.

Turkeys from Cuero, Hereford beef cattle from the Panhandle, corn and onisale from West Texas; citrus fruit from the Magic Valley of the Rio Grande; Duroc Jersey and Tamworth hogs from North Texas; Holstein and Jersey milk cows from South Texas; sheep and wool and mohair exhibits from Devils river country in West Texas, and a display of home making methods for the women made up the 12 cars of prize-winning exhibits from the Dallas State Fair, the Waco Cotton Palace and Houston Fair and exposition. The expressed purpose of the 25 demonstration officials from the college under the direction of C. M. Evans, livestock and dairy specialist and J. I. McGregor, agricultural agent for the Southern Pacific lines was to impress upon the farmers the advantage of improved farming methods and the raising of purebred livestock. The slogan of the train was "No man can afford to match his time against a scrub" which was reiterated from time to time in placards reading "pure bred pay."

Mr. C. K. Dunlap, traffic manager of the Southern Pacific lines, who was instrumental in authorizing the Southern Pacific-Texas A. & M. College Agricultural Demonstration Train, in commenting upon what he stated was a most gratifying and successful tour, expressed his gratifications for the splendid reception which had been given this "traveling fair" by the people in whose interest the train and its exhibits had been devised and operated. By actual count, over 150,000 people visited the train, passing through the various cars of exhibits and displaying more than usual interest in the stock and demonstrations which were featured. Without exception, all visitors in their numerous questions were actuated by a strong desire to take advantage of what they saw and learned, in order to apply the lessons in an effort to improve their agricultural methods and to improve the grade of cattle upon their farms, for by far the larger number of people visiting the train were from the rural sections.

The Domestic Science Department naturally attracted the women visitors and particularly the younger element. This department carried many devices for the home, and of farm life, and all of them intended to reduce work while increasing efficiency in all channels of domestic effort. Economy was a fundamental taught in this department, and thrift was encouraged.

Texas is largely an agricultural state producing many and various crops, while livestock and the breeding of hogs is no minor feature of its development. One of the lessons taught in the stock exhibit, was that in intelligent selection of cattle, and the matter of breeding, could in a few years, bring mediocre stock up to a high standard and grade, and it was stressed that it costs no more to maintain productive cattle than it does to take care of the scrub. In the matter of crop selection and cultivation, this idea was also enforced, in that no more labor was required in raising a bale of cotton per acre than to produce one-fourth of a bale, nor that any more attention was necessary to bring to a sale age a pure bred hog weighing 300 pounds in a twelve months' period than it required to produce a "razor back" for which there was practically no market at all.

The success which attended this train could not have been secured had it not been for the generous support and generous support and assistance of the Agricultural & Mechanical College at College Station, and its splendidly experienced corps of demonstrators, farm and stock experts, and teachers of domestic science, is undoubtedly due the major part of the success which was so generously showered upon our train by both people and press.

The Southern Pacific is deeply appreciative of this assistance, and the enthusiasm which greeted the exhibit train at all of the numerous stops. We are more than justly entitled to the expense which has been incurred in its location and operation and fixes in our minds that among the farmers of Texas today there is a constant and growing interest in all factors which go to improve farm methods and which will undoubtedly add to the comfort and prosperity of the farmers, and of the state as well.

Any more countries that want to go dry can accomplish their purpose by repealing the law of fermentation.

THE "GREAT" ADMINISTRATION

There are two ways of viewing the Old Guard Republican praise of the Harding administration in an effort to stem the progressive sentiment that is supposed to be against the president's seeking re-election in 1924. One is that the Old Guard realizes, from the landslide to the Democrats November 7, that the administration is losing steadily and that the only hope of saving the day is by one grand bluff, as when a general beset by a superior force and trying to conceal his weakness may call upon the enemy to surrender unconditionally.

Color is given this view by the manner in which the Old Guard would completely ignore the turn of the recent election and continue to declare the Harding administration one of the most popular. The other explanation is that G. O. P. managers have such a habit of looking upon themselves and their organization as superior that they must needs speak ever of their least acts as the "greatest." For instance, Mr. Harding, ignoring the federal reserve acts of a democratic congress, speaks of the budget act of a republican congress as "the greatest reform in our financial history."

It now comes back that Mr. Harding was going to construct a "great" association of nations—a real one—one that would make the league look small. But who can see the "great" Harding Association today even with a microscope? Meanwhile the league continues to grow and to be entrusted with additional responsibilities.

Mr. Hughes, even before he took office, was spoken of by his admirers as if he were the "greatest" secretary of state in history. Yet his most ambitious act of the past year was his attempt to stem the tide that was running against Newberryism—an attempt in which he failed completely.

In the face of the country-wide sentiment shown against the McCumber-Fordney tariff bill, the administration nevertheless insists that the measure is the "greatest." So with the ship subsidy proposal. No matter what the rest of the country or the world may think, whatever the G. O. P. does naturally is declared by the Old Guard as the last word in excellence in that line. But there is no need of adding to the details.

It might, however, be pertinent in closing to remark that the Harding administration also was to be the "greatest" enforcer of prohibition in history.

Ireland's growing pains seem to be mostly of the shooting variety.

When Kemal points a gun the allies must choose between sticking together and sticking 'em up.

The British are not going to scrap any more warships until it is seen whether they will be needed.

For another thing, the sultan gets out of the job of picking out Christmas presents for a lot of wives.

More constitutional amendments are being proposed at Washington. Had we not better digest those we have?

Some women who deny belief in miracles expect to see results when they pass through a beauty parlor for treatment.

Defeated candidates have one comfort in the knowledge that this is not Greece, where lame ducks are led to the front page.

In the old days, greatness was a matter of being in the front rank; but now it is a matter of being on the front page.

Two families live in peace in one house—not because the families are too large, but because people are too small.

OTHERS ARE DOING IT. WHY NOT NACOGDOCHES

The following is taken from a recent issue of the Texas Commercial News:

"Robstown Going On." The city council awarded the W. T. Pierson Co., of Houston, the contract for putting down eight additional blocks of concrete paving in Robstown.

"In connection with the work, the Robstown Chamber of Commerce is launching a 'Better Sidewalk Campaign' and is planning to encourage the building of an extensive walk system over the city."

If Robstown, a small city in Nueces county, with a population according to the last census report of less than one thousand, can do this, surely the good people of Nacogdoches, the Garden Spot and Educational Center of East Texas, and being five or six times larger than Robstown, will not pass up the opportunity on next Saturday, December 23d to have eight to ten miles of our streets paved.

Let every voter go to the polls on next Saturday and cast his vote for the paving bond issue which will assist in adding much to the civic beauty of our town.

THE BOOSTERS.

It isn't very difficult to get into a union suit if you have some talcum powder and a sheehorn.

Some of the big guns were silenced on that November 11, but others at once began work on their memoirs.

Even regret has its compensations. The greater your remorse next morning, the better ice water tastes.

Walking is cheaper, of course, but isn't it worth the difference to be in a taxicab instead of under it.

Well, weather is about the only thing you can talk about without running foul of some listeners' prejudices.

A republic is a place where every few years give citizens a new set of rulers to cuss.

Fable: Once there was a garage mechanic who had too much sense to use pliers on a nut.

The new government in Italy has one political advantage. Black shirts don't show dirt.

A man makes a much more satisfactory guest. He never looks about the ceiling for cobwebs.

Still, the gnashing teeth hereafter won't be any novelty for the great American gum-chewer.

The man who said variety was the spice of life never had to change tires three times in one day.

He isn't wholly satisfactory as a husband unless he gives her frequent opportunity to feel abused.

Turkish idea of an "open door" in the Near East is an aperture through which non-Muslims are to get out and stay out.

Wouldn't it be a lot better to have posterity say "Our forefathers were progressive fellows" than to have them say "our forefathers were mossbacks and have left all progress for us to work out?"

Clemenceau laments that he has seen Germany twice invade France, but he has the satisfaction of knowing that Germany wishes now it had not been done a second time.

Members of the Washington administration continue talking that it is unable to enforce prohibition, and this is not the only case in which they just sit around instead of doing.

IF SICK, BILIOUS! START YOUR LIVER

Don't Take Calomel! "Dodson's Liver Tone" Acts Better and Doesn't Gripe, Salivate or Make You Sick—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Read Guarantee

Even if cross, feverish, bilious, constipated or full of cold, children love the "fruity" taste of "California Fig Syrup." A teaspoonful never fails to clean the liver and bowels. In a few hours you can see for yourself how thoroughly it works all the souring food and nasty bile out of the stomach and bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Millions of mothers keep "California Fig Syrup" handy. They know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

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AMERICAN EXPORTS HIGHEST IN YEAR

Washington, Dec. 18.—American exports in November reached the highest point in the year, according to official overseas trade statistics, made public today by the Department of Commerce. It shows an export business totalling \$383,000,000.

The total of November exports is \$12,000,000 greater than October and \$90,000,000 greater than November of last year. The department declared that November returns showed that American agriculture and industry had been greatly benefited from increasing export business.

FIVE YEAR SENTENCE FOR ASSAULT

Austin, Texas, Dec. 20.—The five-year sentence against John Staten of Harrison county for an assault upon G. W. Mitchell, was affirmed today.

COTTON CENSUS ANNOUNCED

Washington, Dec. 20.—Cotton ginned prior to December 13th amounted to 9,493,296 running bales including 161,098 round bales, which are counted as half bales, 24,613 American Egyptian and 5,255 bales of Sea Island, as announced by the Census Bureau here today. Ginnings during the same period last year were 7,790,656 running bales, including 122,649 round bales, 25,827 American Egyptian, and 3,062 bales of Sea Island. The ginnings of this year in Texas were 3,065,972 bales.

IRON ORE FOR MODEL ROAD

Lufkin, Texas, Dec. 20.—Work will begin on the construction of nine miles of hard surfaced highway from Lufkin west on the Iron Bridge road in the next few days. The contract for same was awarded to J. S. Moore & Sons of this city Friday by the commissioners. The road is to have an iron ore base and all materials used in its construction as well as the bridges will be first class.

SEARCH MADE FOR BANDITS

Denver, Colo., Dec. 19.—A search by the federal and county officers had failed this morning to reveal any trace of the bandits who robbed the Federal Reserve Bank truck of \$200,000 after a gun battle in front of the United States mint here, in which Charles Linton, one of the guards on the truck, was fatally wounded. Sixteen persons have been questioned at the police headquarters.

Descriptions of four desperadoes said to have participated in the hold-up were broadcast from the radio stations to distant police.

PLAN TO RECOUNT VOTES

Dallas, Texas, Dec. 19.—Plans are under consideration by the republicans for a complete recount vote for Senator and Governor at the November election, according to reports here today. Luther Nickels, one of the attorneys for the republicans in the pre-election litigation, refused to discuss the reported steps.

NEXT YEAR'S BASEBALL

Austin, Texas, Dec. 14.—The 1923 baseball schedule which has just been completed for University of Texas includes at present the following games:

March 26 and 27, Southwestern University at Austin; April 2 and 3, Daniel Baker at Austin; April 6 and 7, Rice Institute at Houston; April 9, Trinity University at Austin; April 13 and 14, Texas A. & M. College at Austin; April 19 and 20, Rice Institute at Austin; April 23 and 24, S. M. U. at Austin; April 27 and 28, T. C. U. at Austin; April 30, Southwestern University at Georgetown; May 3, Austin College at Austin; May 7 and 8, S. M. U. at Austin; May 11 and 12, Texas A. & M. at College Station; May 16 and 17, Baylor University at Austin; May 21 and 22, Baylor University at Waco.

Coch Coach Billy Disch has issued a call for all candidates to meet on January 8 for practice.

The chief weakness in the Longhorn line-up for the coming season, according to Coach Disch, will be the pitching staff. Manny Ponsford, the star left-hander of last year, returned again this year, but was forced to withdraw from school on account of bad health. The Texas coach is of the opinion that Baylor will have the best pitching staff this year for the Southwest conference pennant because their last year's team is almost intact.

Santa Claus wants to bring Nacodoches a lot of paving and graded streets. Shall we hang out our stockings?

In Colorado an editor was acquitted of murder. But it was for killing another editor.

THE TYLER COMMERCIAL COLLEGE CLOSES A SUCCESSFUL YEAR.

The Tyler Commercial College of Tyler, Texas, is just closing another successful year as the largest commercial school in the United States. The enrollment for this year will exceed five thousand. Every indication points to a better year in 1923 and our efforts are bent towards making it so. The wide-awake, progressive young people of the South-west have been coming to this great institution by the hundreds all through this year. Their friends and relatives will come as soon as possible.

There is a reason for the big business enjoyed by this school. Since the beginning of its policy has always been to extend a helping hand to its students or graduates. This policy has won and held the friendship, loyalty and goodwill of the former students and caused them to send relatives and friends to Tyler, knowing that they will receive the most thorough business training to be had, in the shortest time and at the least cost and that they will always have the service and prestige of a school back of them.

An example of their policy of helpfulness to young people is the maintenance of the Students' Loan Fund. Any ambitious and worthy young person who wants a business training but hasn't sufficient funds and is unable to raise them at home can secure financial assistance with which to get a business course through this Loan Fund, paying it back after finishing his course, accepting a position which the college will secure for him. This makes it possible for every young man or woman who is really sincerely anxious to get an education and make a start in the world to do so.

The college maintains a Service Department, which is absolutely free to all graduates. Any graduate of the school may at any time call on the service Department for information or assistance on any question or problem of a business character and the desired information will be gladly given. The interest of the college in its graduates never ceases. It is always ready to assist a former student in any and every way possible.

For complete information and illustrated free catalogue, fill in and mail coupon.

47 HEAD MULES AND HORSES
I HAVE 47 HEAD OF MULES AND HORSES, WEIGH FROM 850 TO 1,200 POUNDS, 4 TO 6 YEARS OLD. ALL GOOD WORK MULES AND HORSES. IF IN THE MARKET FOR A MULE OR HORSE, SEE ME BEFORE YOU BUY.
21-3d G. E. PARMLEY.

VELVET BEANS

I hull them at 25c per bushel, cash. Let me know how many pounds you have to hull. I have beans for sale. W. M. Frisbie, 1-12 miles S. E. of Mahl, Texas. 21-2vp

FOR SALE.—Two medium size mules 8 years old. Want to sell on a credit. Also one broke mule, Stripling, Hazelwood & Co. 21-1w

Editor R. G. Bradford was called to Dallas Saturday by a message announcing the dying condition of an elder brother and a nephew. It promises to be a rather dreary Christmas for him. He will be back on the job in the Sentinel office at the earliest possible moment. In the meantime, please let us have every local news item you may be able to furnish us. It will help.

Paderevski says he will end his days in California. That will make it much easier on him when his farewell tour begins.

Senator LaFollette is not likely to come out for a third party until he is reasonably sure he will be the leader.

If anything should turn out half as bad as some persons predict, it would be a calamity.

Free tuition in shorthand, book-keeping typewriting, journalism and advertising to all people regardless of religious belief. Only expense that of enrollment fee. Day and night classes. Employment bureau, manuscript service, courses are better than given by ordinary business college or school of journalism. Places provided for a few to work in exchange for board and other expenses. Address: FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, College and Pennsylvania Avenues, FORT WORTH, TEXAS. If in city take University car, get off at Pennsylvania. Telephone Lamar 805. 21-wtp

DOOMED BY POOR FARMING

Mayan Civilization Succumbed Because of Crude Methods of Agriculture Then in Vogue.

Agricultural limitations probably caused the final breakdown of the remarkable Mayan civilization, about 650-950 A. D., and brought about the desertion of many of its magnificent cities, turning into a tropical wilderness a country which formerly supported at least 5,000,000 people. In the opinion of a member of the Carnegie Institution of Washington.

While the Maya race had worked out a system of time measurement which greatly excelled that of the Greeks, Romans or Egyptians, their methods of farming were very crude, he claims, like those of the modern Indians. The process was to burn off the forest and brush on land selected for cultivation. After one or two crops had been made on this land, they allowed the field to lie fallow, and proceeded to cut and burn and plant another field, and so on until sufficient brush had accumulated on the best field for reburning.

Repeated burning over of the land causes grasses to come in. In this way, he thinks, the forests were converted into grass lands. Planted crops were choked out. The rapidly multiplying people needed fresh lands and finally moved elsewhere.

Other archeologists have attributed this apparently sudden break-up to a series of yellow-fever epidemics, but Dr. Morley discredits this theory.

WISE PROVISION OF NATURE

Good Old Dame Shrewd In Sending Young People Afield to Do Their Courting.

In that part of southern Europe inhabited by Slavs it is conceded that a young man in search of a wife should go to a neighboring village to find her. No such concession is made by American villagers, but Nature assumes authority and quietly works her wisdom without benefit of man's direction.

As a result, at least half of the young ladies who come to our town as school teachers remain as wives. They may be no prettier or smarter than home girls, but they have the charm of newness, and bachelor hearts long immune to the gentle passion skip a beat when they appear.

Our own girls do not remain uncourted however. The town boys, having known them and quarreled with them since childhood, feel no thrill in their presence. But when the girls have finished college, most of them leave home again to teach in distant villages, and in a year or two we hear that young men have designs on them. These young men come a-courting during the summer, and we look them over shrewdly to see if they are worthy.

Nature is a wise old party, and she did more than statutes could do to prevent inbreeding when she made the hills look green far away.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

College Rules Little Changed.

Here are some of the rules of Hamilton college, Clinton, N. J., published in 1813. It will be noted that Twentieth century freshmen and sophomores retain the old titles, but that in this day the senior and junior sophisters have become merely seniors and juniors.

"The undergraduate students shall be divided into four distinct classes. The first year they shall be called freshmen; the second, sophomores; the third, junior sophisters, and the fourth, senior sophisters. And in order to preserve a due subordination among the students, the classes shall give and receive, in the course of their collegiate life, those tokens of respect and submission which from common and approved usage, belong to their standing in the college."

Love Affair Quickly Ended.

My first love affair began and ended all in the same evening, when I was a boy of sixteen. Each Halloween, in our little country town, the young folks indulged in what was then called a Halloween hunt. The girls hid themselves somewhere about town and the fellows hunted for them, the losing side being forced to treat the winners to supper afterward. This particular time the boys found the girls in an old hayloft. I spied the first girl and she was a total stranger to me, a visiting girl. I found out later. She was about fifteen and sweet as a peach. I fell head over heels in love with her, then and there. But, alas, the next morning, she returned to her home in the city, and I never saw or heard from her again!—Chicago Journal.

Look Ahead.

There's no substitute for looking ahead. Some folks prate about brains. Folks with much of the article seldom say much about it. It's the short end fellow who rants about it and tries to impress you with what he hasn't got. But look ahead anyhow. There'll be plenty of opportunity to duck disaster if you know just when to do it. If you've got to buck the world you can do it a lot better when you go at it with your eyes open. Just now we believe in shaping our own destiny. We fashion and build as we see and feel. So once and for all look ahead. See your task in big letters. Then meet the situation in your biggest way. The future will bear record to how well you've done it.—Grit.

All Suits 20% Off

All Coats 20% Off

HOLIDAY SALE

This includes every lady's suit in the entire stock

This includes every coat in entire stock None reserved

EXTRA DRESS VALUES

Featuring some exceptionally attractive lots of Dresses in Tricotine and Poret Twill, embodying the newest fashion ideas, smart, youthful lines and a range of choice as to models that cannot fail to afford satisfaction to the most fastidious. Reduced for this week:

\$19.50 Dresses	-----	\$13.95
\$25.00 Dresses	-----	\$18.75
\$35.00 Dresses	-----	\$24.95
\$39.50 Dresses	-----	\$29.75
\$35.00 Dresses	-----	\$33.75

A lot of Woolen and Silk Dresses to close out at bargain prices. These are EXTRA SPECIAL VALUES. Dresses ranging in price from \$10.95 to \$45.00, to close them out at \$6.95

Another Special Lot of Wool Dresses in this sale. Priced from \$25.00 to \$35.00. \$14 Price ----- \$13.50

TRIMMED HATS FOR CHRISTMAS SALE

\$15.00 Hats for	-----	\$7.50
\$10.00 Hats for	-----	\$5.00
\$ 7.50 Hats for	-----	\$3.75
\$ 5.00 Hats for	-----	\$2.50

One lot of Sport Hats ranging in price from: \$2.50 to \$2.98, Sale Price ----- \$1.48

FURS MAKE NICE GIFTS

A big stock to select from. The gift that makes you remember the longest. Prices are ranging from \$12.50 to ----- \$169.50

HAND AND VANITY BAGS

All sizes and shapes in leather, silk or plush. Priced from 98 cents to ----- \$7.50

Beaded bags, priced from \$5.00 to ----- \$45.00

SILK HOSE

Ladies' Hose in grey, champagne, brown, etter, cordovan and black. On sale at \$3.50, \$2.95, \$2.50, \$1.95 and down to ----- 75c

PERFUMES AND TOILET WATERS

Make attractive gifts. We have a large line which you will find attractively priced. Don't fail to visit this counter.

RUGS

Christmas time is the time to replace a worn out rug. It makes a nice present. We have a large stock of Axminster and Tapestry Brussels, 9x12 rugs, Holiday price \$32.50 to \$45.00

BED LINENS

Linens is the most practical gift. We have a full line. Bed spreads, sheets, pillow cases, dresser scarfs, all below the market prices.

CLASS SAYS U. S. HISTORY WRAPPED UP IN FIGURE 13

Postmaster General Asked to Renew Stamp of That Denomination

Washington, Dec. 20.—Postmaster General Work has received from members of the American History Class of the Shepherd College State Normal school Shepherdstown, W. Va., a petition that the postoffice department again issue stamps of the 13-cent denomination, which was recently abandoned.

The petition declares that the entire history of the United States is bound up in the figure 13 and gives the following historical reasons why the 13-cent stamp should be issued: America was discovered on the night of the thirteenth of the month. The republic originally consisted of 13 colonies. The first official flag had 13 stars and 13 stripes.

The American eagle requires 13 letters to spell it, as does also the motto "E Pluribus Unum."

The first word to pass over the Transatlantic cable was transmitted on the thirteenth of the month. The silver quarter is written all over with 13. Around the head of Liberty are 13 stars; the eagle bears an olive branch with 13 leaves in one claw and 13 thunderbolts in the other. On his breast is a shield bearing 13 bars and in his back is a ribbon bearing the motto with 13 letters; each wing has 13 feathers and it takes 13 letters to spell quarter dollar.

There were 13 letters in John Paul Jones' name. There were 13 ships in the first American navy. Perry's victory on Lake Erie was won on the thirteenth of the month. The Stars and Stripes were raised over Fort Sumpter on the thirteenth of the month.

General Pershing arrived in France on June 13th, 1917. The thirteenth amendment to the constitution freed the slaves. It would not cost any more to make 13-cent stamps than it does any other one.

The petition to Postmaster General Work also suggests several designs for the stamp, all commemorating the 13 colonies.

BUY TUBERCULOSIS CHRISTMAS SEALS

Christy Mathewson, the idol of thousands of baseball fans, has been lending his aid to make the 1922 sale of Tuberculosis Seals a success.

For the past two years Christy has been a tuberculosis patient at Saranac Lake, New York. While taking the cure he had plenty of time to get acquainted with the method by which the money is raised from the sale of Tuberculosis seals is used.

In a recent statement Christy Mathewson said, "Tuberculosis is no respecter of persons! Your dearest relative or friend may contract the disease today! 'Do your bit' by buying some Christmas seals today, thereby helping to destroy this terrible White Plague!"

The Texas Public Health Association is now conducting the 15th annual Tuberculosis Seal Sale in Texas. The early reports indicate that the sale will be larger than that of 1921. An increased Seal Sale will make possible more preventive health work during the coming year.

BIG TURKEY GOBBLER TIPS OFF OFFICIALS TO PRESENCE OF LIQUOR

Corsicana, Texas, Dec. 20.—A big turkey gobbler, which, by some unaccountable circumstance of fate, lived through Thanksgiving, but which will hardly survive Christmas if the owner has his way, proved a valuable ally to the sheriff's officers in the discovery and seizure of fifty-one-half gallon fruit jars of corn liquor.

The officers were searching a farm house and premises a few miles from town, where it had been reported that liquor was stored. They searched faithfully for quite a while and were about to leave the premises without making any find, when a big strutting turkey gobbler opened up a barrage of gobble which attracted the officers' attention to a little outhouse in the brush.

They acted on the tip the gobbler had given them with the result that twenty-five gallons of liquor was found.

NEW PRESIDENT FOR POLAND

Warsaw, Dec. 20.—Stanislaw Wojcieszowski was elected president of Poland today. The former president was assassinated a few days ago.

NATURAL GAS FIRST USED TO HONOR LAFAYETTE

New York state has the honor of first having used natural gas for illuminating. In 1826, the year in which LaFayette returned to the country he helped to free, the first natural gas well was drilled at Fredonia, in Chautauqu county. In 1919, the last year for which the Bureau of the Census has compiled returns, the natural gas industry of the United States produced 961,095,000,000 cubic feet of this fuel and illuminant.

Indians living in the western part of New York state in the early nineteenth century, had stories of burning springs in various creeks. Children of the early white settlers used to place large onion shoots over fissures in rocks in that neighborhood, packing sand around them, and amuse themselves by burning the gas which issued from the top.

When enterprising citizens of Fredonia learned that LaFayette was scheduled to be entertained at the local tavern on his way to the Atlantic seaboard from a western tour, they drilled a well 200 feet deep, tapping a gas pocket and laid a lead pipe over the surface of the ground to conduct the gas to the tavern, where, burned in honor of the great occasion, it aroused much comment. LaFayette noted the use of this new light in his journal, which is still preserved in France.

ARBuckle MAY COME BACK IN PICTURES

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 20.—Will Hays, chairman of the motion picture industries, said today that Roscoe (Fatty) Arbuckle might have his chance to come back into motion pictures.

FILE SUIT FOR WAR CLAIM

Washington, Dec. 20.—The Department of Justice is preparing to file suit against the Wright-Martin Aircraft Corporation for the recovery of war claims amounting to \$3,601,715, the house judiciary committee was told today by Assistant Attorney General Seymour at a hearing on impeachment charges against Attorney General Daugherty.

Suit has been brought to dissolve an alleged motion picture trust, starring the Sherman act.

**STOMACH MISERY,
GAS, INDIGESTION**

**"Pape's Diapepsin" Corrects
Sour, Upset Stomachs
at Once**

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gases, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, fermentation or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages.

**WRECK DEATHS
NOW NUMBER 19**

From the Houston Post, Dec. 15. While the death list in Wednesday's rail tragedy at Humble grew steadily all day Thursday—and the list of injured shrank correspondingly—a board of inquiry sitting at Humble developed some startling testimony, according to rail officials.

Witnesses before that body testified that the throttle of the switch engine, shieswiped a few minutes before 10 p. m. Wednesday, by H. E. & W. T. passenger train No. 25, was found open after the crash. Other witnesses said that the locomotive was moving slowly away from the main line intersection at the moment of the impact.

J. H. Smith, aged watchman in charge of the switch engine, who suffered a nervous breakdown Wednesday, could not be found to testify. He was found after the accident and brought to the Southern Pacific hospital in Houston. His injuries proved slight and he left the hospital soon afterward. He is being sought by sheriff's officers to give his testimony.

The death list at 6 p. m. Thursday stood at 18, while the list of injured had shrunk to 14. Of these, little hope is held out for three or four.

Nine Die at Hospital
Of the dead, nine succumbed after being brought to Houston hospitals for treatment.

Based on testimony obtained by the board, it was found that a two-inch pipe leading from the water tender to the boiler was stripped from its moorings alongside the engine, twisted around, spouting steam and hot water. Just as an open window came in contact with the stream the full force from the boiler emptied itself into the coach. Many of those within died without knowing what happened.

Members of the board of inquiry were:
H. D. McDonald, Humble.
J. W. Fincher, Humble.
C. A. Taylor, Humble.
R. T. Walker, superintendent of the Shreveport division of the Southern Pacific Lines.

E. A. O'Donnell, superintendent of terminals, Houston, Southern Pacific Lines.
B. H. McGuire, assistant superintendent of terminals, Houston.
W. F. Rentzell, road foreman of engines, Shreveport division of the Southern Pacific Lines.

J. D. Lowe, division engineer of the Shreveport division of the Southern Pacific Lines.
The board, three of whom were citizens of Humble, was organized early Thursday and spent the entire day probing the disaster. Photographs were taken from every angle, while every available witness was questioned.

Crews Blameless
The board found the regular crews of both the switch engine and passenger train blameless for the wreck. It was established that the crew had left the switch engine "spotted" in the usual place, well clear of the main line at about 9:15 p. m., or only a short time before the accident. Members of the board found that the engine then was moved by someone, and while switching, the passenger approached the depot. The hostler was believed to have crawled down from the cab after the crash.

The wreck is one of the most unusual known to the railway fraternity. It is said that so great a loss of life never before has been incurred by an accident doing so little damage. Damage to the switch engine consisted of only a few stripped pipes and a torn cylinder head. The passenger train damage was broken windows, smashed by passengers in an effort to escape.

It seemed that fate itself took a hand in the tragedy. The night was chilly in contrast to mild weather of the past month and practically every window was down except the one through which poured the steam and hot water. Had a few windows been open, allowing the steam to escape, loss of life would have been small, it is declared.

Victims Identified

Passengers in other cars hardly

were disturbed and did not know of the crash as such until the screams of the victims sounded above the noise of the moving train. When the passenger train slid to a stop the pipe was directly in front of the open window, pouring its steam and water into the coach.

Practically all of the victims have been identified. Six negroes and one white man, the news butcher, are held by the Humble Undertaking Company at Humble, while others are in Houston morgues or hospitals.

Official report of the crash probably will be made Friday morning. It is understood that members of the board of inquiry have agreed on details and that only phrasing of the report remains to be decided upon.

The body of William Campsey, which was held at the King Undertaking company in Humble, was brought overland Thursday afternoon to Houston for burial. Settegast-Kopf company have charge of the body. Earlier in the day Mrs. Campsey, who went to Humble shortly after learning of her husband's death, broke down and was brought to her home at 3412 Roseland avenue. She is suffering from a nervous shock.

Citizens of Humble rendered every possible assistance to the officials of the railway in an effort to mitigate suffering. Members of the board of inquiry also state that Humble citizens aided in every possible manner in investigating the wreck.

Heavy Fog; Considered
It is believed that the heavy fog of Wednesday evening had much to do with the crash. Members of the board of inquiry stated the hostler probably became confused as to distance and time available to clear the switch engine, during the heavy atmospheric condition.

The coach and switch engine were left in the exact position in which they were at the time of the crash until the board of inquiry completed its probe at the scene. Track was clear about 11 a. m. Thursday and traffic over the route now is moving normally.

Work of ambulance drivers from Houston undertaking establishments probably saved the life of the few that will probably survive. Despite the slippery condition of the road and the heavy fog, ambulances conveyed the injured to Houston hospitals with remarkable dispatch.

Special Investigator George Andrews, from the district attorney's office, and Sheriff Binford sat in on the hearing at intervals during Thursday and also made a separate investigation of the wreck.

That other coaches were not immersed in the steam was attributed to the quick work of Engineer Harry Hottle, who noticed that the switch engine was not clear, as it was supposed to be, and quickly brought the passenger train to a stop.

THE TOLL
The White Dead
William Campsey, 3412 Roseland avenue, Houston, conductor of the passenger train.
Edzar Randle, Humble, Texas.
Milton Clark, news agent for the Van Noy Interstate company, Houston.

A. B. Baber of Lufkin, Texas.
One white man, whose body is at Weithimer's, identified by the railroad company as the body of Robert C. Backore and by other parties as W. C. McCoy of Houston.

The White Injured
W. Wilson, Houston.
C. R. Hines, Livingston.
J. L. Moore, West Columbia, Texas.
C. E. Newman, fireman of the passenger train, 7708 Crockett, street, Houston.

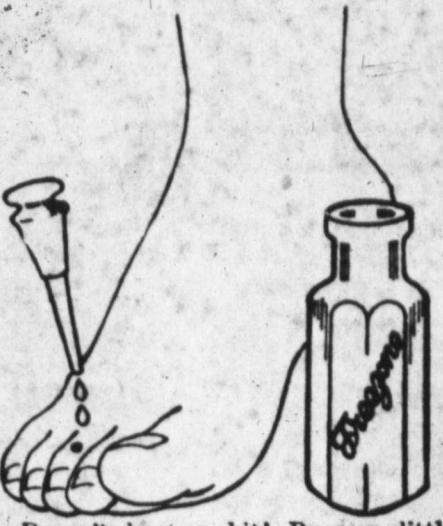
J. H. Smith, watchman at Humble, left Southern Pacific hospital this morning.
The Negro Dead
Alberta Larue, Apple Springs, Texas.
George Parker, Alto, Texas.
Helen Johnson, Humble, Texas
Emmett Eliby, Houston.
C. R. Lee, Galveston, Texas.
Rose Saunders, Humble, Texas.
S. W. Osan, address unknown.
Ed Wade, Timpson, Texas, died at Southern Pacific hospital this morning.

Willis Sledge, Houston, porter on

**DYE STOCKINGS
OR SWEATER IN
"DIAMOND DYES"**

"Diamond Dyes" add years of wear to worn, faded, skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, hangings, draperies, everything. Every package contains directions so simple any woman can put new, rich, fadeless colors into her worn garments or draperies even if she has never dyed before. Just buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—then your material will come out right, because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to streak, spot, fade, or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

CORNS
Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

passenger train; died this morning at Southern Pacific hospital.
Laura Gaynor, Humble.
Mat Wade, Hempstead.
Thomas, negro woman, Lufkin.

The Negro Injured
Willie Garner, Center, Texas.
Allen Varner, Keachie, La.
L. C. Richards, Maynard, Texas.
James Richards, negro, Timpson, Texas.
Davis Mims, Nacogdoches, Texas.
S. B. Larue, Apple Springs, Texas.
C. A. Jones, mail clerk, address unknown.

Blame is Fixed
Houston, Texas, Dec. 15.—Watchman J. H. Smith, in charge of the switch engine sideswiped by the passenger train at Humble, was held responsible for the accident by the board of inquiry today. He said he moved the locomotive from one track to another without authority.

EXPLOSION DAMAGES HOME
Fort Worth, Texas, Dec. 14.—An explosion last night damaged the home of J. A. Morris, but injured no one. Morris' wife and eight children were in the house at the time. The police believe that dynamite placed under the floor caused the blast. Morris is employed in the Houston & Texas Central shops here.

Miss Emma Gaston, who for about three months had been in a Lufkin hospital for treatment and who had had an extremely distressful experience from her irksome illness, was brought home Wednesday considerably improved. This will be gratifying news to the young lady's many warm friends, who have been anxious about her and who will rejoice to learn of her fine progress toward recovery. She went out to the home of her parents in the country.

**REPRESENTATIVE KELLER
FAILS TO APPEAR**
Washington, Dec. 16.—Representative Keller failed again today to appear before the house judiciary committee to give evidence under oath as to information on which he based impeachment charges against Attorney General Daugherty. Keller's counsel, Jackson Ralston announced that he has advised Keller that the committee had exceeded their authority, and that he was required to appear in response to the summons. Chairman Volstead said that subpoenas had been signed by the speaker of the house and the committee had acted for the house. The committee deferred until Monday any action with respect to Keller's refusal to appear, after Volstead had advised it to go slowly in reaching a decision.

KANSAS WILL BAR KLAN
White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., Dec. 16.—Kansas will not drive the Ku Klux Klan from the state by force, but it will expel it by refusing to permit it to do business within the state's boundaries, Governor Henry Allen declared in an address prepared for delivery today before the Governors' Conference here. A writ is being sought in the Kansas Supreme Court, he said, for this purpose. Allen said opposition to the Klan is based on the fact that it operates under protection of mask and through process of terrorism and violence.

Dr. W. H. Dickson has returned from Houston, where he was for a short time under osteopathic treatment for the after-effects of the dengue. He apparently is entirely restored to his wonted health.

HOT SHOT FROM SPRADLEY

To the Sentinel:
Pardon me if I am intruding on the reading public, but beg to say the subject that I wish to mention is the burning issue before the American people and not confined to our United States alone—the whiskey question that must be settled in some way, as it is wholly unsettled now.

My remarks through your columns a few days ago has got me in hot water, but I never leave my gun on the battlefield and retreat. I only give a birdseye view of the situation. If you editors with a photographer, will go with me eight miles from town on a public highway and in sight of a public school, I will give you an insight into the situation.

Four alleged federal enforcement officers called on me for proof of my public remarks. I answered that if they would give me a few hours the following morning I could show them better than I could tell, but made them promise they would not mention the matter to any of the public officers and but a few private citizens. These fellows said they were ex-sheriffs and then I got suspicious, and they went straightway and betrayed me to public officers. In the late hours of the night—yes the night owl had ceased to hoot—they went as straight to the place in question as a bee to his hive—a place that it took hours to find in daylight, and I knew within a few hundred yards of its location. I want to give you editors a description of the much-needed feed stuff. This picture will be interesting, as the place is surrounded by a small lake, the water furnished from a seep marsh. The water, of a dark brown color, perhaps furnishes the coloring for the product and may have some medical properties.

These vicious officers attacked the numerous barrels and boiling tanks and destroyed for use everything in sight but a valuable soldering pot, and I have scooped that for a memento.

Contractor Jack Johnson, a contractor on the highway and camped near the place mentioned, hauled in a red painted barrel. This was near two years after it was stolen. Now there is a silent witness for its service to the public for the past two years. These iron boiling tanks have performed their long and faithful task, and the owners have lost little, as they can be replaced with new and up-to-date improvements.

I called on these enforcement, or non-enforcement officers, whichever is the proper name, and they said it was not their instructions to catch people, but to destroy their still.

I want to say to my thirsty friends don't be discouraged. The temporary stopping of this one little industry is only a drop in the bucket compared to the supply sources.

What I am saying is what I have been saying for years, but the officers and even the grand juries gave me the horse laugh but it's no fight of mine, just want to keep the records straight.

Truly,
A. J. Spradley.
December 15, 1922.

TWO NEGROES MISSING

Denton, Texas, Dec. 14.—Two negroes arrested in connection with the investigation of the theft of two horses were missing today from the Pilot Point jail. A notice on the door of a newspaper said, "Both negroes got what they had coming." Two other negroes disappeared similarly several months ago from the Pilot Point jail and no trace of any of them was found.

KATY ROAD SOLD

Denison, Texas, Dec. 14.—The Texas line of the Katy was sold at Sherman Junction today to J. W. Seligman & Company and Hellgarten & Company of New York for \$6,500,100.

**BREAK A COLD
IN FEW HOURS**

"Pape's Cold Compound"
Acts Quick, Costs Little,
Never Sickness!

Every druggist here guarantees each package of "Pape's Cold Compound" to break up any cold or end grippe in a few hours or money refunded. Stiffness, pain, headache, feverishness, inflamed or congested nose and head relieved with first dose. These safe, pleasant tablets cost only a few cents, and millions now take them instead of sickening quinine.

THE PAVING PROGRAM

To the Citizens of the City of Nacogdoches:
In planning for street improvements as contemplated under the proposed bond issue to be voted upon December 23d, 1922, the City Council realizes that the voters will want to know something about which streets are to be improved, what material will be used and what general plan will be adopted.

FIRST—It will be the purpose of the Council to replace the pavement in the business section (which was formerly laid with wood blocks) with some first-class permanent material.

SECOND—Pave the following streets with some recognized first-class paving material, laying a strip in the center of the street, ranging from fifteen to eighteen feet in width. The property owners will be asked to put down curb and gutter abutting their property and also finish the space between their curbs and the regular pavement with some material to be agreed upon, not necessarily the same kind that will be used in the strip in the center of the street. This plan has been used by towns and cities the same size of our city and has worked out to the satisfaction of all parties. On most of the streets there will be a very narrow strip on each side for the owner to fix—in many cases, not more than three feet wide. We believe that with a very nominal sum all the property owners could make the improvement and do a good turn for civic purposes:

- Logansport street from Sublett corner to Mound street, 1,752 feet.
- Walker ave from Main to Hospital, 663 feet.
- East Main from Mound to the La-Nana Creek, 1,200 feet.
- Cox street from Fredonia to E. & W. Railroad, 1,013 feet.
- West Pilar from Square to Banita Bridge, 1,050 feet.
- Mims Ave. from North to Fredonia, 668 feet.
- Pecan from Main to Hospital, 400 feet.
- North street from Main to City Limits, 5,450 feet.
- South North from Main to Cox, 1,331 feet.
- South Fredonia from Square to T. & N. O. railroad, 2,000 feet.
- Mound street to Main, 5,000 feet.
- Star ave, 1,060 feet.
- North Fredonia, 2,208 feet.
- Church street from Main to School Campus, 1,147 feet.
- Hospital from North to Cemetery, 1,900 feet.

In addition to the above, the following will be put down with a less expensive, though good, material:

- West Main from E. & W. Ry. to the city limits on both the lower and upper Douglas roads.
- East Main street from the La Nana creek to the city limits.
- South Fredonia from T. & N. O. Ry. to the city limits on the Lufkin-Nacogdoches highway.
- The street to Harris Hill.

Other less important streets will be finished with gravel.
It will be impossible to know just how much can be done until bids are had on the work, and that cannot occur until after the issue carries. It may be that we can do more paving than we think, or, on the other hand, we may have to cut down some of our present plans. However, that is hardly probable. Someone may ask why we do not say just what kind of a material we are going to use on certain streets or even on the square, but it is thought best not to do so, as it would eliminate competition to a considerable extent if we were to ask for bids on only one kind of paving material.
We believe that the plan is the best that can be used under the present conditions; and, furthermore, we do not propose to try any experiments on some unknown or untested material.

Respectfully submitted,
R. C. MONK, Secretary,
for the City Council.

LOANS FOR FARMERS

Washington, Dec. 16.—Legislation making it possible for the farmer to borrow from the Farm Loan Banks for nine-month periods, was advocated today in a legislative policy adopted by the National Council Farmers' Co-operative Marketing Association in convention here. They would provide for borrowing in individual sums up to \$25,000.

**FRENCH WOULD WELCOME
AMERICA'S SUGGESTIONS**

Paris, Dec. 16.—The French government would examine carefully and appreciatively any proposals made by the American government which prove helpful in obtaining reparations from Germany, it was stated today in connection with reports from Washington that such proposals are being considered.

ASPIRIN
Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name Bayer on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians for over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

Colds
Toothache
Earache
Neuralgia
Headache
Lumbago
Rheumatism
Pain, pain

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trademark of Mayer manufacture of Monoaceticacid-ester of Salicylic acid.

**NO NEED FOR ALARM AT
DECREASING OIL SUPPLY**

Chicago, Dec. 16.—The alarm shown by the decreasing oil supply, with the consumption of gasoline on the up-grade due to the increased use of the internal combustion engine, would be needless were refiners receptive to evolutionary methods of distillation, asserts T. H. Manning of the Industrial Research Laboratories, in discussing the motor fuel of the future.

A single simple operation converting all crude oil, except a very small portion, into a high grade motor fuel, outranking the present products, is advocated by Mr. Manning. "This can be accomplished," he said, "by a single distillate from the crude to the refined without the detail insured by redistilling, refining and reprocessing as now practiced by the refiners. This, of course, will require a disregard for the lesser distillates, which would allay the alarm felt by many at the diminishing oil supply."

"The oil industry has outgrown its present methods of production and chemical research has shown that all the agitation concerning the decreasing oil resources is weak and unfounded."

MAYOR TAPS GAS MAINS

Tulsa, Okla., Dec. 16.—Officials of the Oklahoma Natural Gas Company, here today, were planning action against Mayor Nicodemus of Drumwright, who yesterday tapped the company's gas mains to furnish Drumwright with sufficient fuel. Company officials characterized the mayor's action as "bolshhevik." After being unsuccessful in efforts to force the local company at Drumwright to supply adequate gas the mayor declared an emergency and tapped the mains.

AGED WOMAN FOUND

Austin, Texas, Dec. 16.—Information which he declares will free his father, Joseph A. Smith, watchman of Houston, East & West Texas Railroad of the responsibility for the wreck at Humble, Texas, resulting in twenty deaths, will be presented to railroad officials by Irvin J. Smith. He arrived here with his father this morning. Joseph Smith was found last night at Hockley, Texas. His son refused to disclose his father's explanation of the wreck.

**PRESIDENT OF POLAND
IS ASSASSINATED**

Warsaw, Dec. 16.—Gabriel Narutowicz, first president of Poland, was assassinated today, while visiting at the Art Exhibition. He was elected by the National Assembly a week ago today. The opposition came mainly from the Nationalists. The members of this party resented electing a man whom they declared represented non-Polish radical elements.

"Cascarets" 10c
Best Bowel Laxative
When Bilious,
Constipated

To clean out your bowels without cramping or overacting, take Cascarets. Sick headache, biliousness, gases, indigestion, sour, upset stomach, and all such distress gone by morning. Nicest physic on earth for grown-ups and children. 10c a box. Taste like candy.

"Slimy Taste"

"When I feel stupid, get constipated, or bilious, I take a good dose or two of Black-Draught and it sets me straight," writes Mr. George B. Halsiep, of R. F. D. 2, Columbia, S. C. "It cleanses the liver and I feel all right, and have not used any other medicine as I do not see the need of it. I am a guard at the State Reformatory, and have been for three or more years. When I first heard of

BLACK-DRAUGHT

Liver Medicine

and the good medicine it was, I had been having a tired feeling when I'd get up in the morning. I would be stiff and sore, and had a slimy, bad taste in my mouth, but didn't think so much of it till I began to feel stupid and didn't feel like eating—then I knew I needed medicine. It was then I began Black-Draught, and I felt all made over, ready for any kind of work, ready to eat and sleep. So, for any return of this trouble, I take Black-Draught, and for 25 years it has been my medicine, and I wouldn't be without it at all. My work is constant. I am on my feet a lot. I am out of doors, and fresh air and Black-Draught are all the medicines I need. I recommend it to others for I know it is good."

Sold Everywhere.

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas
County of Nacogdoches
By virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Nacogdoches County, on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1922, by the clerk thereof, in the case of J. S. Winston, versus Andy Moore, No. 6164, and to me, as Sheriff directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the first Tuesday in January, A. D. 1923, it being the 2d day of said month, before the Court House door of said Nacogdoches County, in the town of Nacogdoches, the following described property, to-wit:

Tract or parcel of land lying and being situated in the county of Nacogdoches, being the remainder of a subdivision of 265 acres of the Shelby Cozine survey, said survey being described as follows.

Beginning at the S W corner of said survey, thence N with the N boundary line of said survey 1413.7 vis set stake from which a B J bns N 10 1-2 E 1 vrs, a B J 10 vrs S 56 3-8 vrs. Thence E 595 vrs crossing branch C S at 1413.7 vrs set stake from which a B J Hickory 10 bns F 43 E 4 vrs a pine 6 d bns, S 37 1-2 W 3 vrs; thence S 14.7 vrs set stake on the lone on the original survey from which a pine 18 bns S 30 W 9.8 vrs bns 16 vrs S 42 W 4.5 vrs; thence W with south boundary line of said survey 1413.7 vrs, containing 354 acres or land, more or less, 90 acres, more or less heretofore sold off of the south side of said above described tract. The land herein con being above described tract less 90 acres reserved on north side of claiming 175 acres of center of said tract which is hereby conveyed.

Said above tract or parcel of land being a part of the same land conveyed to J. S. Winston by J. R. Moore and wife under date of or about January 10th, 1916, levied on as the property of Andy Moore to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$4466.55 in favor of J. S. Winston and costs of suit.

Given under my hand, this 8th day of December, A. D. 1922.

G. W. L. Woodlan,
Sheriff.

J. C. Bogard went to Nacogdoches this morning where he will take up a list of several hundred bales of cotton which he recently purchased for his firm.—Timpson Times, 13th.

666 Cures Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dengue or Bilious Fever.

Mrs. C. W. Price of Cushing was a visitor in the city Thursday.

A modern discovery for the rapid healing of flesh wounds, cuts, burns, bruises, sores and scalds is Liquid Borozone. It is a clear, colorless liquid possessing marvelous healing power. Price 30c, 60c and \$1.20. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.



Dr. W. H. Bruce, Osteopathic Physician, over Eichel's Store, Phone 69

666 quickly relieves Colds and La-Grippe, Constipation, Biliousness and Headaches.

FOR SALE—Fifty young, laying White Leghorn Hens. G. J. Grimes, Route 2, Phone 9039. 30-4wp

Mr. J. M. Adams was a caller at the Sentinel office today.

Culberson Denman returned Friday from a business trip to Franks-ton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Ratcliff of Vinita, Oklahoma, arrived this afternoon on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Giles Haltom.

W. G. Hillencamp, Jr., has accepted a position as salesman with the J. Eichel Dry Goods Company and is now on the job.

Prof. A. W. Birdwell left for Memphis, Texas, Saturday where he will deliver a series of lectures during the next week.

To relieve rheumatism, sprains, lame back, lumbago or pleurisy, Ballard's Snow Liniment is a remedy of proven merit. It is very powerful and penetrating. Three sizes, 30c, 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

Miss Minnie Blount of Nacogdoches spent last week with her brother, Mr. Lamar Blount, and family.—San Augustine Tribune, 14th.

Mrs. W. P. Ingraham of Fort Worth, accompanied by her little daughter, arrived Friday for a visit with her parents, Judge and Mrs. S. W. Blount.

Irregularity in the bowel movements makes you feel uncomfortable and leads to a constipated habit which is bad. Herbine is the remedy you need. It restores healthy regularity. Price 60c. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

FOR SALE
Saw mill and three million feet extra fine pine timber, five miles from railroad track. See E. G. Cole, Franks-ton, Texas. 16-1dwp

PLANTS
Callage, 100, 35 cents; 500, \$1.10; 1,000, \$2.00. Bermuda Onions, 200, 45c; 500, 90c; 1,000, \$1.50. Postage prepaid. R. L. Wicker, Appleby, Texas. 4-wtf

HOW'S THIS?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh.
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which Quickly Relieves the catarrhal inflammation, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, thus assisting to restore normal conditions.
Sold by druggists for over 40 years.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

"Buffalo Bill, where do you get saddles and pads for your Rough Riders?"

From Waco, Texas, made by Tom Padgett Co.—Over fifty years in business—they don't hurt your horse.

(Padgett's ad has been carried in the Halcomb papers for over forty years.)

Miss Woolsey, whose beautiful soprano voice is proving such a delightful addition to Nacogdoches' musical circles, will sing at the First Christian church tomorrow. Come and hear her sing.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Zeve are packing their household goods preparatory to moving to Beaumont, where Mr. Zeve has accepted a position. The best wishes of Nacogdoches citizens go with these fine young people.

A remedy that will penetrate in necessary in the treatment of rheumatism. Ballard's Snow Liniment goes right through the flesh to the bone and relieves promptly. Three sizes, 30c, 60c, and \$1.20 per bottle. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

Frank M. Bates, recently in the grocery business at East Main and Church streets, moved Thursday with his family to Port Arthur, where he will locate and eventually enter business.

A fine girl baby made her appearance at 8 o'clock Thursday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lamar Ackler, and Lamar is the happiest man in town. Mother and babe are doing nicely.

A rent house on South Pecan street, owned by H. C. Hatchl, was almost totally destroyed by fire at 1:45 Friday morning. It had been occupied by Mr. Yancy and family, who recently moved away, and it was vacant at the time but for a few of his household goods. The building was insured for \$2,000 in a company represented by the Geo. H. Matthews Agency.

Distress after eating is due to bad digestion. Herbine helps the digestive process, clears the system of impurities and restores a feeling of vigor and buoyancy of spirits. Price 60c. Sold by Swift Bros. & Smith.

NOTICE

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas
County of Nacogdoches
By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Nacogdoches County, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1922, by the clerk thereof in the case of C. P. Lintchicum versus Henry Richardson and Sylvia Richardson, No. 6090, and to me, as Sheriff directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the first Tuesday in January, A. D. 1923, it being the 2d day of said month, before the courthouse door of said Nacogdoches County, in the town of Nacogdoches, the following described property to-wit and the following:

FIRST TRACT—Being that certain tract or parcel of land as is described in a deed from Mack and Emily Burrow, dated February 10, 1890, recorded in Vol. 27 pages 208 to 209, Deed Records of Nacogdoches County, Texas.

SECOND TRACT—That certain tract or parcel of land, situated in Nacogdoches County, Texas, which is described in a deed from Perry Simpson and his wife, Martha Simpson, dated February 14th, 1891, recorded in Vol. 31, pages 379, 380-81, Deed Records of Nacogdoches County, Texas.

THIRD TRACT—That certain tract or parcel of land deeded to Perry Simpson and Henry Greer by deed dated December 15th, 1874, recorded in Vol. 5, Pages 373-4, deed records of Nacogdoches county, Texas. The Grantee Henry Greer in said deed being one and the same person as Henry Richardson, who was my father, the name Henry Greer being his post-bellum name. From this tract of land my father deeded to Jerry Simpson 66 acres, leaving 100 acres in this tract.

FOURTH TRACT—That certain tract or parcel of land described in a deed from I. L. Sturdevant to Henry Richardson, my father, dated March 17th, 1897, recorded in Vol. 35, page 462, Deed Records of Nacogdoches county, Texas. The land herein conveyed is my one-twelfth undivided interest in and to 330 acres of land, more or less, which belonged to the estate of my deceased father and my mother, this deed conveys 27 1-2 acres, more or less. The same undivided interest is also described in a deed from my brother Sam Richardson, to C. B. Lintchicum of date Feb. 26, 1919, recorded in Vol. 92, page 317 Deed Records of Nacogdoches County, Texas.

Reference is here made to the above mentioned deeds and the records thereof for all purposes, levied on as the property of Henry Richardson and Sylvia Richardson to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$1,500.00, in favor of C. B. Lintchicum and costs of suit.

Given under my hand this 8th day of December, A. D. 1922.

G. W. L. Woodlan, Sheriff.
Nacogdoches County.
11-14-21-28.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

The State of Texas
County of Nacogdoches:

On this the 27th day of November, A. D. 1922, this court being in special session, came on to be considered the petition of J. C. Moore and more than fifty (50) other persons praying that Bonds be issued by said Nacogdoches county in the sum of SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND AND NO-100 (\$750,000.00) Dollars bearing interest not to exceed the rate of 5 1-2 percent per annum and maturing at such time as may be fixed by the Commissioners' Court, serially or otherwise, not exceeding thirty (30) years from date thereof, the interest on said Bonds to be payable semi-annually on the 10th day of October and on the 10th day of April of each year, respectively, for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating macadamized, gravelled or paved roads and turnpikes or in aid thereof.

It is expressly understood that the money received from the sale of the said Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand and No-100 (\$750,000.00) Dollars in bonds is to be and shall be spent upon the following named roads of Nacogdoches County, Texas, each road to receive the amount set opposite the name of such road:

- The Nacogdoches-Swift-Martinsville Road, designated as Highway No. 22, to receive \$69,000.00
- The Nacogdoches-Woden-Etoile Road, known as Highway No. 40, to receive \$135,000.00.
- The Melrose-Jamesville-Attoyac Road, from its intersection with the Melrose-Chireno road, at Pontauelias Creek, to Jamesville School House, then to Attoyac, to receive \$35,000.00.
- The Attoyac-Chireno road to receive \$15,750.00
- The Henderson Road, designated as Highway No. 20, from the point of its intersection with the Nacogdoches-Garrison road at the Jess Millard place to the Rusk County line, to receive \$59,000.00.
- The Sacul-Cushing-Dalmont-Track-Caro Road, known as Highway No. 40, from the Angelina River to the Nacogdoches-Henderson road, to receive \$75,000.00
- The Spanish Bluff Road, to receive \$18,000.00.
- The Nacogdoches-Alazan-Legg's Store Road, known as the Lower Douglas Road, from the city limits of Nacogdoches to Andy Legg's Store, to receive \$55,000.00.
- The old Tyler Road, from the city limits of Nacogdoches to the point of its intersection with the Hatchett's Ferry Road, to receive \$28,000.00.
- The Garrison-Martinsville Road from the city of Garrison to Old Venice, to receive \$20,000.00.
- The Martinsville-Garrison Road from Martinsville north a distance of four miles to receive \$10,000.00.
- The Martinsville-Attoyac Road from Martinsville to Attoyac, to receive \$20,000.00.
- The Garrison-Brickyard Road, from Garrison to the Rusk County line, to receive \$9,000.00.
- The Garrison-Linn Flat Road, beginning at the point of its intersection with the Nacogdoches-Henderson Road, and extending in an Easteily direction, one mile, to receive \$2,000.00.
- The Hatchett's Ferry-Libbert-Nat-Nacogdoches road, from Hatchett's Ferry point on the Angelina River to Libbert and from Libbert to Nat and from Nat to the intersection of the Old Tyler Road, to receive \$37,500.00.
- The Lower Logansport road, from the city limits of Nacogdoches, to Venice, to receive \$27,000.00.
- The Cushing-Lanesville-Henderson road from Cushing to the Rusk County line, to receive \$12,000.00.

The balance, if any, remaining unused after the above mentioned roads shall be built to revert to and become a part of the Road Maintenance Fund. And it appearing to the Court that said petition is signed by more than fifty (50) of the resident property tax paying voters of said Nacogdoches county, and that the amount of Bonds to be issued will not exceed one-fourth (1-4) of the assessed valuation of Real Property of Said Nacogdoches County,

It is therefore considered, and ordered by the Court, that an election be held in said Nacogdoches County, Texas, on the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1923, which is not less than thirty (30) days from the date of this order, to determine whether or not the Bonds of said Nacogdoches County, Texas, shall be issued in the sum of Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand and No-100 (\$750,000.00) Dollars bearing not to exceed five and one-half (5 1-2) percent per annum interest and maturing at such time as may be fixed by the Commissioners' Court, serially or otherwise, not exceeding thirty (30) years from the date thereof, the interest on said Bonds to be payable semi-annually on the 10th day of October and on the 10th day of April of each year, respectively, and whether or not a tax shall be levied upon the property of said Nacogdoches County, Texas, subject to taxation for the purpose of paying the interest on said bonds and to provide a Sinking Fund for the redemption thereof at maturity.

Notice of said election shall be given by Publication in the Weekly Sentinel, a newspaper published in Nacogdoches County, Texas, for four successive weeks before the date of said election, and in addition thereto by posting notices at three public places in Nacogdoches County, Texas, one at the Court House door of Nacogdoches County, Texas, one at Garison, one at Douglass and one at Chireno, in Nacogdoches County, Texas, for three weeks prior to said election.

Said election shall be held on Tuesday, January 2nd, A. D. 1923, at the regular voting boxes, viz: East Box, No. 1, Nacogdoches, Texas. South Box, No. 2, Nacogdoches, Texas.

West Box, No. 3, Nacogdoches, Texas. Alazan, No. 4, Alazan, Texas. Appleby, No. 5, Appleby, Texas. Shady Grove, No. 6. Martinsville, No. 7, Martinsville, Texas. Melrose, No. 8, Melrose, Texas. Attoyac, No. 9, Attoyac, Texas. Chireno, No. 10, Chireno, Texas. Etoile, No. 11, Etoile, Texas. Douglass, No. 12, Douglass, Texas. Nat, No. 13, Nat, Texas. Libbert, No. 14, Libbert, Texas. Cushing, No. 15, Cushing, Texas. Linn Flat, No. 16, Linn Flat, Texas. Sacul, No. 17, Sacul, Texas. Garrison, No. 18, Garrison, Texas. Woden, No. 19, Woden, Texas. Caro, No. 20, Caro, Texas. Eden, No. 22, Eden, Texas. Mahl, No. 23, Mahl, Texas. Swift, No. 24, Swift, Texas. Harmony, No. 25, Harmony, Texas

Being all of the voting precincts throughout Nacogdoches County, Texas, and the regular presiding officers of the General Election heretofore appointed by this Court shall hold said Election under the provisions of Articles 627 to 641, inclusive, of Chapter 2, Title 18, Revised Statutes of 1911, and as amended by Chapter 203, Acts of 1917, at which election only qualified voters who are property tax payers of Nacogdoches County, Texas, shall be allowed to vote, and all voters desiring to support the proposition to issue bonds shall have written or printed on their ballot the words:

"FOR THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS AND LEVYING OF THE TAX IN PAYMENT THEREOF."

And those opposed shall have written or printed on their ballot the words:

"AGAINST THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS AND LEVYING OF THE TAX IN PAYMENT THEREOF."

The manner of holding said election shall be governed by the laws governing General Elections in this State. A copy of this order, signed by the County Judge of Nacogdoches County, Texas, shall serve as a proper notice of said election, and the County Judge is directed to cause said notice to be published in the Weekly Sentinel, a newspaper published in Nacogdoches County, Texas, for four successive weeks before the date of said election, and cause to be posted notices thereof at three public places in Nacogdoches County, Texas, one of which shall be at the Court House door of Nacogdoches County, Texas, one at Garison, one at Douglass, and one at Chireno, in Nacogdoches County, Texas, for three weeks prior to said election.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE at Nacogdoches, Texas, this 27th day of November, A. D. 1922.

J. M. MARSHALL,
County Judge, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 30-5w

666

Is a Prescription for Colds, Fever and LaGrippe. It's the most speedy remedy we know. Preventing Pneumonia.

A normalcy administration is one in which a defeat in a senatorial election—a senatorship paying \$7,500 a year—is held to be incontrovertible evidence that the loser will make a first-class incumbent for any federal job paying \$10,000 or more a year.

COTTON SEED
HALF AND HALF—Produces more lint, makes more money. Best Seed \$2.00 a bushel. I want a representative for Nacogdoches county. Booklet free.
J. M. BLIGH, Decatur, Ala.

CATARRH

of nose or throat is always made more endurable, sometimes greatly benefited, by Vicks vapors. Apply up the nostrils—melt in a spoon and inhale vapors.

VICKS VAPORUB

Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly



It is a powerful and scientific combination of sulphur and other healing agents for the relief and cure of diseases of the skin. It is especially effective in the ITCHING VARIETIES; giving instant relief from the itching and smarting sensations and by its germ-destroying properties it exterminates the microbes which is the cause of the eruption, thus curing the disease completely. Littell's Liquid Sulphur Compound is used in all cases of Eczema, Tetter, Barber's Itch, Psoriasis, Herpes, Rash, Oak and Ivy Poisoning, also for relieving the annoyance caused by chiggers and mosquito bites. In the treatment of ECZEMA—the most painful and obstinate of all skin diseases—it is one of the most successful remedies known.

Small size 50 cents bottle. Large size \$1.00

JAMES F. BALLARD, Prop. St. Louis, Mo.

AUTO PARTS

At Half Price and Less

Both new and used parts of every description for every standard make of car.

Order By Mail from Anywhere.

DE GENERES BROS.
1219 Jordan St. Shreveport, La.

"We Wreck 'em and Sell the Parts"

Morris Cancer & Pellagra Institute

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LIVE POULTRY AND EGGS

We are always in the market and will pay you highest market price when you have poultry, eggs or hides to sell. See us with your next lot.

JOE ZEVE

CASH BUYER

DR. W. H. DICKSON

Osteopathic Physician

Hayter Building
Opposite Queen Theater Phone 584

DR. R. R. HENDERSON

DENTIST

Suite 2, 3 and 4 over Swift Bros & Smith

DR. J. D. ELLINGTON

Dentist

Pyorrhoea, Avolais, Riggs' Disease or Scurvy
SUCCESSFULLY TREATED

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Office West Side Square
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Nacogdoches, Texas.

When in Need of a Monument

VISIT THE NACOGDOCHES CEMETERY AND ASK THE SEXTON TO TELL YOU WHO DOES THE BEAUTIFUL WORK YOU SEE

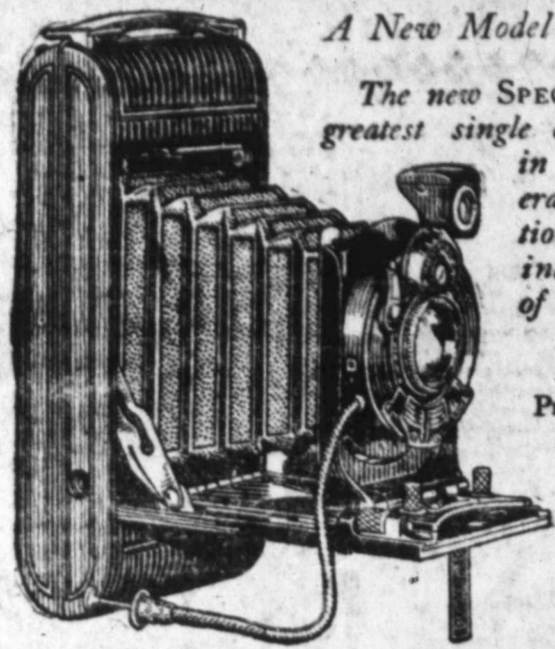
GOULD

WILL BE HIS ANSWER WE HAVE PLEASED THE MOST EXACTING AND WILL PLEASE YOU IF GIVEN YOUR COMMISSION. THE SAME ATTENTION GIVEN A MODEST HEADSTONE AS LARGER WORK.

Gould Granite & Marble Co. Jacksonville, Texas.

No. 1 Autographic Kodak Special

A New Model



The new SPECIAL is the greatest single achievement in hand camera construction since the introduction of the Kodak.

Price complete \$50

IT'S no bigger than your hand—yet it has a picture range hitherto associated with large cameras only.

Seven accurately timed adjustable speeds from 1/2 to 1-200 of a second, time and bulb action, a sliding scale that automatically shows the speed to use for dull, gray, clear or brilliant light conditions, the Kodak Anastigmat Lens f.6.3—assuring clean-cut negatives—2 1/4 x 3 1/4 inches.

Come in and look it over—it's on our Kodak counter.

The significance of the word "Special" is apparent at the first glance.

An ideal Christmas gift that will last.

Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

John Lomax of Garrison was in Nacogdoches Monday.

Mr. C. C. Roland of Cushing was in the city Monday on business.

Miss Charlie Blake of Appleby is spending the holidays as the guest of Miss Thelma Watson.

H. L. Belsor is moving his grocery store from East Main street to a lot owned by him on King Street.

Fritz Swift, Jr., has arrived from Sewanee for the holidays with his parents.

Edward Tucker has returned from Sewanee for the holidays with his family.

Mr. Roy Coon, who has been attending school in Kansas City, is in the city for the holidays.

Mr. Geo. A. Nelson, who has been ill with the dengue for some weeks is reported better.

Little Bobby is waiting impatiently for some beauty specialist to invent something in the nature of a permanent bath.

Col. Louis J. Wortham, owner of the Fort Worth Star Telegram, is in the city on a visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. William Calvert of this city was called to Austin Saturday night to the bedside of her dying grandmother.

George Millard is among the bunch of school boys returning from Sewanee for the holidays with home folks.

Miss Minnie Lucile Summers came in Saturday afternoon from Baylor College, where she has been attending school and will be at home for the Christmas holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur A. Seale returned Sunday from Jacksonville, where Mr. Seale has been attending to business for several days.

Misses Effie Mae Carter and Mattie Bonner of Rusk came in Saturday to spend the Xmas holidays with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Leka Patton and baby accompanied by Mrs. Cottingham, of Laredo, arrived in the city Monday night for a holiday visit with relatives.

Miss Emma Gaston, who was brought from the Angelina County Hospital to her home east of the city, is still improving. Her many friends here will be glad to know that she is doing so nicely.

Mrs. T. F. Cochran of Warren who has been the guest of Mesdames A. K. Bonner and John R. Hines left Wednesday, accompanied by the latter, for a visit with relatives in Humble.

Rev. John Carnie, who has for twenty-five years has been a great preacher with the sanction of the Baptist churches of Texas gave an illustrated sermon at the Baptist church of this city Sunday night. A large crowd was in attendance and there were many expressions of commendation and approval of Mr. Carnie's sermon.

The Egyptian cabinet resigned. Perhaps the members heard the news from Greece.

47 HEAD MULES AND HORSES I HAVE 47 HEAD OF MULES AND HORSES, WEIGH FROM 850 TO 1,200 POUNDS, 4 TO 6 YEARS OLD. ALL GOOD WORK MULES AND HORSES. IF IN THE MARKET FOR A MULE OR HORSE SEE ME BEFORE YOU BUY.

21-3w G. E. PARMLEY.

Visit Our Country Store

You will find what you want at the right prices.

Steel Traps, Heaters and Stovepipe

Get our prices before you buy.

The Cash Country Store

JNO. S. JINKINS, Mgr.

We buy and sell peanuts. West side square

APPLEBY SCHOOL NEWS

Seventh Grade

We are getting ready for Christmas, for we expect a happy one.

Examination week is over and we are glad and very proud of our grades.

The first grade entertained Friday morning with songs and dramatization. Every pupil in school said the little tots' program was much better than any of the other grades.

The second grade entertained Wednesday with the following program:

Song—"Dixie" Student Body.

Prayer—Mr. Stallings.

Story of Bluebeard—Oredian Jones.

Song by the class.

Reading—"Billie Button's Thanksgiving", Florine Loyd.

Song—"Carry Me Back to Old Virginia."

The ones that were perfect in spelling last week were the following:

First Grade

Isaac Clifton, Charlie Hill, Bennett Blake, Alvia Gipson, W. G. Weatherly, Hauton Lilly, Eugene Weatherly, Opal Bang, Agnes Arnold.

Second Grade

Opal Hill, Bernice Blackshear, Edward Blackshear, Clifford Sullivan, Lucile Beard, Leo Coleman, Villa Belle Crawford, Eula Mae Fryman, John Harvey Wedgeworth, Clara Bell Frederick, Isaac Hall, A. B. Stoddard, Clinton Bass, Ruby Brandon, Thelma Tillery, Merle Brewer, Lee Matthews, Joe Coleman.

Third Grade

Oredian Jones, Evelyn Simmons, Florine Lloyd, Buren Slay, Jack Stockman.

Fourth Grade

Evelyn Locke, Almond Coats, Enid Blount, Erna Sullivan, Lorene Sullivan, Mildred Hill, Vilma Lois Montgomery, Douglas McGuire, Vern Wicker, Paul Davidson, Ailer Hutson, Claud Hill.

Fifth Grade

Jewel Reeves, Lillie Belle Hancock, Leverage Richardson, Bessie Hancock, Lucile Lynch, Jessie Scogin, Rosser Melton.

Sixth Grade

Alta Hill, Minnie Gipson, Beatrice Wedgeworth, Ellis Hunt, Delbert Muckleroy, Charlie Gipson, Lucile, Montgomery.

Seventh Grade

George Skeeters, Leta Muckleroy, Oliva Lilly, Leone Richardson, Cletis Lowery, Dessie Coats, Joe Prince, Roddy Brewer, Raymond Wicker, Ines Melton, Emory Bass, Jack Case, Mattie Stone, Beatrice Flanagan.

Ninth Grade

These cool, cold it is, bracing days are enough to make anyone work—especially our tongues.

The Lewis show was here last week. They gave the school ten percent of what they made Saturday night. We surely do want to thank them for their kindness.

Howard Prince, who is attending the S. M. U., at Dallas, came home Wednesday to spend the holidays.

Tenth Grade

Examination week has passed and some of the pupils were disappointed in their great grades. But pupils, we must work if we expect to pass, for idleness will never win anything.

A basketball game was played between the girls and the teachers. The score was 19 to 2 in favor of the girls. It was unfortunate that the teachers were defeated, because they will have to entertain the victors. The girls in basketball have a contest on. The A team plays against the B team, and the team that gets defeated for a week will entertain the winners. The boys and girls went to Mount Enterprise last Friday to play ball. The girls were defeated but the boys were victorious, gaining back the girls' loss.

One of our high school pupils, Glen Slay, happened to the misfortune of getting his nose broke last week while playing football.

The Knights Templar Lodge held an initiation ceremony last night for the benefit of several out of town candidates. Visitors were present from Cushing, Garrison and Lufkin. An oyster supper was served at the City Bakery.

The people of a town or community can never accomplish much in the way of progress without going after things and getting them by hard work. It also requires some expense in the way of taxation to get public improvements. Are we to have streets or shall we kill the effort by our vote.

Capt. John R. Bannister of San Antonio spent Monday here inspecting the local unit of the Texas National Guard. This organization has been without a captain since Attorney Aso Moore moved to Houston some weeks ago. It is likely Captain Bannister will make a recommendation for the vacancy.

And so Germany is preparing for another war. The horrid thing. Won't she ever become gentle and sweet like other nations?

BLANTON-EDDINGS

Miss Venie Eddings of this city was married to Mr. Grover Blanton of Cushing Sunday afternoon at the home of the bride's father, Mr. A. W. Eddings. Bro. S. D. Dollahite performed the ceremony that united the two in the holy bonds of wedlock. Only a few relatives and friends were present.

The bride has lived here all of her life and has a host of friends who wish for her much happiness and good wishes in their new venture in life.

The groom is a man of good character and high moral standard, and comes from a family that is well known in Cushing and surrounding vicinity.

Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left for their home in Cushing.

May joy and happiness go with them in all their undertakings in the sincere wish of their many friends.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

W. O. McElwain and Miss Lovell Stokes.

George Hopkins and Miss Ruby Counts.

Earl Heitman and Miss Elsie David.

Grover Blanton and Miss Venie Eddings.

Elmer Bittick and Miss Stella Step-toe.

E. L. Grimes and Miss Annie Belle Crosby.

A SURPRISE SHOWER

The home of Mrs. G. A. Yates was the scene of much merriment Saturday afternoon from 3 to 5 when friends and relatives gathered together and honored Miss Venie Eddings, a recent bride with a shower of pretty things dear to every girl's heart.

The house was prettily decorated with blooming pot flowers. The color scheme of red and blue being carried out.

The honoree was given a large basket and told to gather in "her clothes." She was shown into a darkened room, the lights were turned on and there stretched across the room were clothes lines covered with the gifts, pinned on with clothes pins.

She was overwhelmed with joy as she took the pieces down and placing them in the basket said, "This is the most pleasant task I have ever performed."

Later refreshments were served and a social hour enjoyed by all.

Rev. S. D. Dollahite tendered his resignation as pastor of the Baptist church of this place Sunday morning. This resignation was a shock to a number of his loyal members. A motion was made that it should not be accepted and several seconds was given thereto. However, this motion proved useless. Mr. Dollahite remained firm in his resolution to leave. He has accepted the pastorate at Marlin, Texas.

ELKS' ANNUAL BALL

The local lodge of Elks, through the Entertainment Committee in charge, are making elaborate preparations for their annual New Year's Ball to be had on the night of Monday, January 1st.

The New Year's Dance this year will be strictly an invitation affair for the members of the Elks, their families and friends only, and admittance to same only upon presentation of invitation, and not an open house as has been the custom heretofore.

This action has been deemed advisable owing to the extensive growth of the lodge and the limited size of the Club Rooms, making it inconvenient for the entertainment of too large a crowd.

The students who arrived in the city Sunday from Southern Methodist University at Dallas to spend the holidays include Misses Ruth Fouts, Florence Reid, Vida Gray, Augusta Burrows and Mr. Curtis Hardeman.

Mrs. Steve King and children from Beaumont, and Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Jenkins and little daughter of Bryan, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Lloyd in the city.

WALDENS

ALEXANDRIA, LA., BUSINESS COLLEGE

Wonderful Offer—Makes you

STENOGRAPHER—

BOOKKEEPER—

and SALESMAN

2 Courses LESS than the cost of

ONE, Board, Tuition, Stationery,

One-third of cost elsewhere. Three

complete courses with Board, about

cost of Tuition elsewhere.

OFFER LIMITED! WRITE QUICK!

MAIL COURSE FREE!

Waldens Business College

THE CASH STORE

We wish to take this method of thanking our friends and especially those who have so generously given us their patronage for 1922, which has made the Cash Store one of the fastest growing stores in East Texas. And, with our careful buying and taking every advantage possible in selecting the best quality of merchandise for the lowest cash price, combined with a small overhead and quick turnovers, is why we undersell.

Make the Cash Store your store and you will be worth more at the end of the year 1923.

A MERRY XMAS AND HAPPY NEW YEAR

BREWER & MILLARD

When love, which is blind, gets its eyes opened it is not usually a Standard Oil at Lausanne, but that may not alter the effect.

MOTHER! MOVE CHILD'S BOWELS

"California Fig Syrup" is Child's Best Laxative



Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile crabs into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out", if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated, or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad

or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous, I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is a real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

"Listen" says \$5 Bill



\$5.00 cash and a new pair of shoes will be given to the wearer who finds paper in the heels, counters, insoles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing the above trade-mark.

Why, an offer like this is real shoe insurance. It means that when you buy a pair of Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Shoes, you don't just hope they'll wear well—you know they will. It's genuine shoe economy for the whole family because, Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Shoes are made in all styles for Men, Women and Children.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

C. L. Farr Shoe Store

Friedman-Shelby

ALL-LEATHER SHOES