

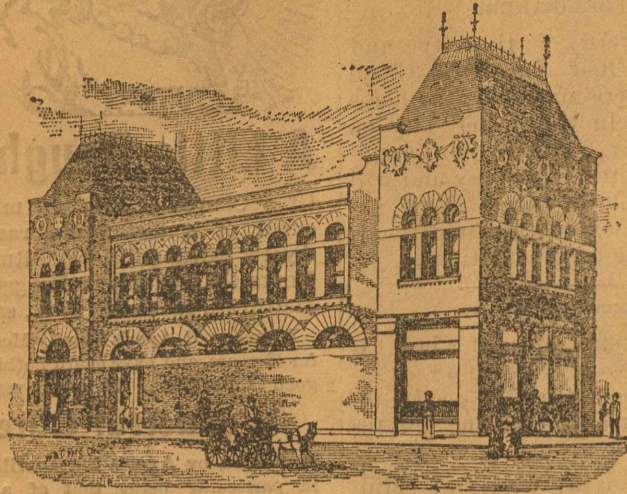
THE HENRIETTA INDEPENDENT.

Vol. 10, No. 6.

Henrietta, Clay County, Texas, Friday, Sept. 29, 1893.

\$1.50 Per Annum.

HENRIETTA NORMAL COLLEGE.



Fall term began September 4. The courses and studies have been so arranged that students of any grade may enter at any time without embarrassment to either the teachers or themselves. Everything has been so arranged that a student may take any course without making pretention to others. We have an English department where you can study Grammar, Geography, United States History, etc.; we have a Collegiate department where you can prepare for the highest university course; we have a Normal course where teachers may prepare for state and county certificates; we have a Business department where book keeping and all the studies of a commercial college may be taken. Besides, we have Music, Art, Elocution and Phonography. The government of the school is parental. If you wish to get as good education as you can get anywhere else and do not want to pay more for it than is necessary, we solicit your patronage. But if you are committed to some high priced school and think you can afford to give it from fifty to two hundred dollars a year more for the same thing that we offer you, and not one bit better, of course we do not insist. It is your privilege, but we insist that you will have no better education, no more friends and no better opportunities for success in life, because the question will not be "where were you educated?" but "are you educated and can you do the work we want done?" While you will have no better education in attending a high priced school you will have less money. For further particulars address

J. S. HOLADAY, A. M., Principal,
Henrietta, Texas.

The Citizens Bank,

C. W. Easley, president.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY MADE AND REMITTED.

The Accounts of Farmers, Merchants, Stockmen and Others are respectfully solicited.

Business Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

South Side Square, HENRIETTA, TEXAS.

Farmers National Bank,

Henrietta, Texas.

Officers: J. A. Frazar, President. A. K. Swan, Vice-President. F. B. Wyatt, Cashier. C. L. Stone, As't Cashier.

Capital 50,000.

Deposits received, exchange bought and sold, and collections made on all points. Reasonable loans granted customers at all times as needed. Business from all classes respectfully invited, and will receive prompt and liberal treatment. Special attention given the accounts of country merchants, farmers, stockmen and real estate dealers. Correspondence solicited.

Henrietta City Mills,

J. C. Yantis, Prop.

Flour, Meal, Corn and Feed Always on Hand.

Cash Paid for Corn and Wheat.

A special invitation is given to the farmers of Clay and adjoining counties to give us a trial. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LEGAL BLANKS.

The Following Legal Blanks are on Sale at THE INDEPENDENT Office:
Warranty Deed, Release of Vendor's and Mortgage Lien,
Vendor's Lien Note, Chattel Mortgage,
Power of Attorney, Deed of Trust,
Lease for Building, Promissory Note.
All Kinds of Printing Done. Old Volumes Rebound.

Dr. H. B. McKenzie.

With an experience of eighteen years in the practice of medicine, offers his professional services to the citizens Henrietta and surrounding country. Office in the Patton building, Omega St.

D. T. DAVIS,
Staple and Fancy
Groceries and Feed.

J. A. Templeton, Notary Public. Emmett Patton
Templeton & Patton,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Will do a general practice in state and Federal courts.
Office up stairs in the Patton building, south Main Street Henrietta, Texas.

W. T. ALLEN. H. A. ALLEN.
ALLEN & ALLEN,
Attorneys at Law.
Office in room No. 1, over
Citizens Bank,
Henrietta, Texas.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

WOOD & THOMPSON Will Sell at ACTUAL COST

Their Entire Stock of

Gasoline, Cook and Heating Stoves,
Wash Kettles, Ham Boilers, Screen Doors,
Fiber Tubs -:- and -:- Fancy Lamps.

Gasoline Stoves, - - - from \$ 5.30 to \$17.50
Cook Stoves, - - - from 5.35 to 15.00
Heating Stoves, - - - from 1.85 to 9.55

Come and See us and Bring the Cash.

No goods charged or delivered at these prices.

Respectfully,

WOOD & THOMPSON.

GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

Some Recommendations, Criticisms and Commendations.

Upon its adjournment the grand jury submitted its report to the court. The full text of the report is as follows:

IN THE GRAND JURY ROOM,
SEPT. 21, 1893.

To the Honorable District Court of Clay County, Texas.

We, the grand jury, beg leave to report: We find that the commissioners court in purchasing a poor farm upon which to work the county convicts, so that they may be made to work out their fines at a reasonable price per day instead of laying out their fines in the county jail at the unreasonable price of \$3.00 per day; besides the additional cost of forty-five cents per capita for feeding the prisoners each day. We have examined the county jail and found the same clean and well kept, but we recommend that the jail windows should be screened with heavy wire screens in order to prevent outside parties from passing in tools to be used by prisoners in effecting their escape. We find that the wind mill now at the jail is not sufficient to supply the jail with water and recommend that a new iron wheel be put on the tower as it now stands.

After a careful examination of the official reports of the various officers required by law to make their reports to this court, we feel constrained to say that the reports of those charged with the collection of money are not carefully and properly prepared in that they failed to attach the receipts of the money paid in by them for the county and state. We, therefore, recommend that such officers attach to their reports the receipt of the county treasurer for all money paid in by them so that the grand jury can determine what has been done with the money. We further recommend that such officers file their reports on the first day of the term of this court as the law requires.

We note with pleasure that the violations of law in this county are less frequent than heretofore and that the officers charged with the duty of enforcing the law are faithful in the performance of their duty, and especially would we commend to this honorable court and the people of the county the efficient services of J. F. Carter, the county attorney, in his efforts to enforce the Sunday law. We would also commend the services of our high sheriff and his bailiffs whose prompt actions have greatly facilitated the work of the grand jury and would request the honorable court to allow the bailiffs their full pay for services rendered during the

first week of this term. We would further state that we have performed all the work that has come before us to the best of our ability and ask the honorable court to discharge us. M. G. WINNING, Foreman.

The court ordered the report recorded on the minutes and referred to the commissioners' court.

Sleeping on a Volcano.

"Americans! You are sleeping on a volcano, and you do not suspect it! You are pressing to your bosom a viper, which will bite you to death and you do not know it!" Such are the words of Father Chiniquy and he had reference to the Roman Catholic church. Now let us stop our business duties for a moment and consider his words. We affirm that a greater truth was never uttered. Now for the facts. Do you know how many Catholics there are in the United States alone to-day? Well, they number ten million people. The churches, or companies, are under captains or priests, the land is mapped into provinces commanded by bishops or generals of divisions. These are united under arch-bishops or major-generals, and these under the control of an autocrat, Satolli, to every intent a pope, an American pope; whose word is law. Further, they have seven hundred thousand fighting men drilled to obey the word of command, who are resting on their arms. And look at the world's fair. The Catholic church, as a church, occupies forty thousand feet of space in the very heart of the exhibition while all the Protestant churches only have the small amount of four thousand feet in an obscure corner. Now remember they number one-sixth of our total population, have a well drilled, equipped and standing army and occupy thirty-six thousand more feet in the world's fair than all the other churches combined.

In the Tennessee Methodist we find that boxes of Winchester rifles are being shipped to priests in different parts of the country, billed as "ornamental trees," "books," "mass wine," etc, and it is asserted that the priests dare not deny the statement. Why are they so well organized? Why do they wish to conceal arms in their churches? Is there any meaning in their sending a papal delegate to the United States. There certainly is and the people of this "sweet land of liberty" will so find it to their cost, before many years have passed.

A dispatch from Rome says: "The government of the United States is about to officially recognize Satolli, and the pope is expectantly awaiting this acknowledgment of his power." Satolli comes here as the head of a religious body, representing no civil power and we ask by what right the pres-

Dr. E. A. JOHNSTON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and Consultation Rooms Over M. Slossberg & Co.

HENRIETTA - - TEXAS

ident recognizes him, and on what grounds? If the Catholic church is to be recognized, so should be the Greek, the Mohammedan and the Hoodoo worshippers. If this report proves true it is one of the most flagrant violations of the constitution and an insult thrown in the face of the Protestant free thinker. It is a menace to the religious liberty, as a step forward, a tiger step to theoretic despotism.—Silverton Light.

Literary Notes.

Edward Bok receives one of the largest personal mails in the country, a year's mail consisting of over 20,000 letters. Three-fourths of these letters are from women. No part of this huge mail reaches Mr. Bok directly; it is opened by a private secretary and distributed to assistants for answer. Every letter, however receives a reply. One of Mr. Bok's editors on the Ladies' Home Journal, Ruth Ashmore, who writes to girls, receives over 5000 letters during the year.

Frank R. Stockton has written the history of "How I Wrote 'The Lady, or the Tiger?'" for the next issue of the Ladies' Home Journal, and tells what came of the writing of the famous story and the condition of his own mind, at the present time, of the correct solution of the problem whether the lady or the tiger came out of the opened door.

Not Confined to One City.

I am something of a kicker myself, but I take off my hat to the nervous individual who halted me on the street yesterday with:

"Say! Louisville is a healthy, handsome city of beautiful homes, lovely women, brave men, fine horses and good whisky, but in no other city half or one-fourth its size in the universe are so many nuisances permitted as in this one. Just think that the citizens are aroused from their beds in the early hours of the morning when sleep is sweetest, victims of sickness and disease are disturbed almost in the very arms of death, and all day long people in the streets are in danger feeling the drums of their ears burst, and not an effort made to put a stop to the pandemonium of unearthly noises in our streets. The charcoal man's Comanche yells, the stale vegetable, fever producing peddler's howls, the parrot-tongued peddler of no-account bananas, the er-rags of iron collector, secondhand fruit distributors, big bells in advertising wagons, milk bells, scissors grinders' bells—all adding to one common bedlam of unending noises upon our principal business and residence streets. The sick are disturbed, the healthy annoyed, and yet day after day we never make an attempt to protect our right to live in peace."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

THE INDEPENDENT.

G. W. COLEMAN & SONS, Publishers.
G. W. COLEMAN, Business Manager.
CYRUS COLEMAN, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:
One Year, \$2.50
Six Months, 1.50
Three Months, .75

Office of publication, east side public square,
over R. P. Stone's grocery store.

The Week's Weather.

Saturday: Floating clouds.
Sunday: Rain.
Monday: Cloudy.
Tuesday: Cloudy.
Wednesday: Rain.
Thursday: Fair.
Friday: Cloudy and drizzly.

The rain brought joy to many
of an old cow. Likewise the owner
of said cow.

THE INDEPENDENT acknowledges
the receipt of a season ticket to the
Dallas fair. The fair opens Octo-
ber 14 and closes October 29.

SILVER bills have been intro-
duced in both the senate and house.
Take this in connection with the
temper of the anti-unconditional
repeal men in the senate, and to a
man up a tree, it looks like the
money business is about as far
from a settlement as ever.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND says he is
in favor of utilizing silver as mon-
ey so far as it can be done with
safety to sound money. This
statement, interpreted by his late
message and the speeches of his
lieutenants in congress, means that
he favors the use of the silver that
is now coined, and no more.

CONGRESSMAN BELL has a bill to
take the federal court away from
Graham and divide it between Fort
Worth and Abilene. If past expe-
rience is any criterion it will be
much harder work to remove the
court from Graham than it is to
ride from Graham to a railway
station on a stage coach.

DEPUTY SHERIFF PAYNE requests
THE INDEPENDENT to say that that
part of the grand jury's report
which refers to the collector attach-
ing the treasurer's receipt to state-
ments of certain monies collected
and paid out, is the result of a mis-
understanding. The collector is
not required to report to the court
the matter referred to, but by mis-
take it was sent in with other pa-
pers.

An Educational Convention

of Baptists is called to meet at
Bowie on Tuesday before the 5th
Sunday in October, at 4 p. m.
Every church interested in the col-
lege work of the Northwest Texas
Baptist Educational Society is re-
quested to send three delegates to
the convention.

A. J. EMERSON,
J. H. BENNETT,
F. M. MCCONNELL,
Committee on Program.

Saloon Closed.

The Club House bar, owned by
R. T. & T. H. McDuffie, was closed
out Tuesday by a suit filed and at-
tachment run by S. Grabfelder &
Co. of Louisville, Ky. The amount
of indebtedness to this firm is
\$806.85. Assets are not given.

Tobacco Denounced.

BY C. S.

The man that would tobacco use
May every maid his kiss refuse,
Turn round her head and hold her breath,
And shun him even worse than death.
And if he's married to a wife,
May she torment him worse all his life,
Give sour looks from morn till night
And like a demon give despite.
And even to sleep with him refuse,
Instead, spitefully ask to be excused,
Or lie at the wall, turn round her head
And push him, kick him out of bed,
And all old maids who love to smoke,
With every whiff might be a choke,
May every puff increase their grief,
And every pipe drop from their teeth,
Pandora's box with all it had
Can show no plague half so bad,
Hateful drugs or poisonous squils
Or even asfetida pills
Can be compared to that vile stuff
Made in cigars pig-tails and snuff,
May lovers change to hate tobacco worse
Than misers hate an empty purse.
Cambridge, Texas, Sep. 25, 1892.

LONE STAR DOTS.

The burning drouth was broken
here Sunday evening to the joy of
many hearts. The rain commenc-
ed about five o'clock, showering all
night, and a good steady rain for
six hours Monday morning, re-
plenishing many tanks and put-
ting land in fine condition for the
plow. Those who contemplate
sowing wheat will have ample op-
portunity for preparing their lands
for seeding. Also winter turnips
may be sown for spring salad and
with late frost potatoes will be
much improved. The rain will
check the opening of cotton for a
while. Already the green bolls are
improving in appearance and with
late frost will make a better grade
of lint. That which was opened
by the excessive heat is rather a
low grade. Many farmers are done
gathering corn and have made
enough to do them. John Phelps
who has a full average crop in the
community, finds it takes twelve
rows to the load where it only
took eight last year, and the grade
is not near so good, owing to the
drouth and chintz bugs.

The gin at Vashti has been
crowded the past week, but will
catch up a now as it has rained
and checked picking.

Dr. Wilkins has moved into his
new residence at Vashti.

The Presbyterians were to organ-
ize a church at that village Sun-
day.

Rev. J. N. Standifer has been
called to the care of the Baptist
church at Lone Star. Liberty is
trying to secure the services of
Rev. Coe of Belcher, as pastor for
the associational year, while Belle-
vue has secured Eld. T. P. Miller
for pastor for the present associa-
tional year.

Several persons made a success-
ful run on the strip from our sec-
tion; among the number was our
friend Wyman Brown. His little
son had a bad accident happen to
him while Mr. Brown was gone to
the strip. The little fellow was
following his grandpa, Eld. Biddie,
about the barn, when a horse kick-
ed him severely on the cheek, mak-
ing an ugly wound. Dr. Whiting
of Bellevue, was called in and
dressed his wound, and he is doing
well considering he was so badly
hurt. Rustic.

Sept. 27.

JOLLY NEWS.

Rain!

Heavy showers fell here Sunday
afternoon and night. The farmers
are busily plowing; the merchants
ply their trades with renewed ac-
tivity, the laborer goes whistling
to the field; the mothers, those he-
roes of all ages, prepare bounteous
banquets; the fair maiden painted
afresh with the ruddy glow of
health, trip lightly to school, while
the teacher, enthused with the high
principles of education, impart
with renewed energy the grand les-
sons of life; these, all these, pre-
sent a picture which only the great
hand of Providence could paint.
In short it has given an impetus to
everything.

A bank! Maj. Tompkins, presi-
dent of Vernon State National
bank wrote Dr. Dun to the effect that
all that is necessary for us to do
is to say the word and he would
present the same before congress
and move the bank to Jolly. In
view of this our citizens met last
Thursday evening to consider the
proposition. Failing to find any
objection to its coming we sent the
resolutions of acceptance to Mr.
Tompkins.

Three cheers for the bank!
M. J. Christopher of Mineral
Wells, brother to A. Christopher of
this place is visiting him this week.
He thinks this the best country.

Mr. Sutton's brother from Ken-
tucky, is visiting him this week.

Mrs. S. M. Millard is on the sick
list.

A depot. Our citizens are ever
so energetic. They pursue with
all eagerness the means which
promise the ends. Thursday
evening of this week has been ap-
pointed to consider and petition
the Fort Worth & Denver Ry Co.
to build the depot which they
promised us so long ago, after
which we think a few weeks will
see us with a depot and telegraphic
connections. M. J. M.

Sept. 27.

CONGRESS.

In the senate on Friday Mr. Al-
len (Pop.) of Nebraska, introduced
a bill making the dollar—which
may be coined of 412 1-2 grains
of silver or 35 8-10 grains of gold—
the unit of value. The bill also
repeals the Sherman act and pro-
vides that owners of silver bullion
may deposit the same in the mint,
which, less 20 per cent. to be de-
ducted for seigniorage, and coined
into silver dollars and put in the
treasury, shall be coined into standard
dollars for his benefit. The remain-
der of the day was taken up with
speeches on the repeal bill and the
Platt cloture resolution. It was
decided that the senate should con-
vene at 11 a. m. and close at 6 p.
m.

The house wrangled over the
number of committee clerks with-
out accomplishing anything.

In the senate on Saturday Stew-
art offered a resolution in which he
said he would submit remarks
Monday, providing that the inde-
pendence of the co-ordinate depart-
ments of governments must be
maintained, and there should be
no interference on the part of the
executive, legislative or judicial
branches with each other. Mr.
Chandler of New Hampshire, in-
troduced a bill to alter the regula-
tions established by the senate of
South Carolina, prescribing the
time, manner and place of holding
elections in that state for represen-
tatives in congress. Referred to
the committee on privileges and
elections.

The time of the house was large-
ly taken up discussing the bill re-
mitting the penalties incurred in
the construction of the dynamite
cruiser Vesuvius by the contractor.
A bill was presented by Mr. Boater
of Louisiana, providing for the
coinage of dollars of 412 1-2 grains
of standard silver. It provides
that not more than a hundred mil-
lion be coined in any one fiscal
year, and that coinage shall cease
when the total coinage reaches a
thousand million dollars. The
bill provides further that the sil-
ver bullion purchased under the
Sherman act in excess of the
amount necessary to redeem the
treasury notes issued under the
provisions of that act be coined in-
to standard silver dollars and cov-
ered into the treasury.

In the senate on Monday Sen-
ator Stewart spoke on his resolution
arraigning the president for viola-
tion of the constitution in seeking
to influence the legislative depart-
ment. This is his resolution hereto-
fore introduced which says one
department of the government
shall not rise above another. Sen-
ator Bate spoke against the repeal
bill, and an executive session was
held.

The house devoted the day to
consideration of the printing bill,
and adopted an amendment pro-
hibiting the copyrighting of gov-
ernment publications.

In the senate on Tuesday Sen-
ator Dubois introduced a resolution
to defer consideration of federal
election laws, tariff, and finance
matters until January 15, 1894, in
order that the states of Montana,
Washington and Wyoming shall
have full representation in the sen-
ate. Senators-elect from these
states were recently denied seats in
the senate chamber. Mr. Perkins
spoke against unconditional repeal
of the Sherman law, and Mr. Ste-
wart continued his speech began on
Monday.

The house discussed the Tucker
bill to repeal the federal election
laws, and a resolution calling for
information as to the action of
United States soldiers in the open-
ing of the Cherokee strip.

In the senate on Wednesday Mr.
Dubois addressed the senate on his
resolution to defer legislation un-
til vacancies in the representation
of three states were filled. Senator
Walcott charged a bargain had
been made with anti-repeal Re-
publicans, the effect of which was
that if they would support the ad-
ministration, the repeal of the Mc-
Kinley law would be delayed. Sen-
ator Gorman, who is the president's
manager in the senate did not de-
ny the charge, but said that Mr.
Walcott had been eavesdropping.

The house voted down a resolu-
tion which asked Secretary Car-
lisle for a reason why he had not
purchased the amount of silver
each month that is required by the
Sherman law. The rest of the day
was consumed in discussing the
Tucker bill.

MARRIED.

GILBERT-HICKS.

M. R. Gilbert and Miss Pearl
Hicks were married last Sunday at
the residence of the bride's parents
at Fannintown. Rev. G. H. Bid-
die was the officiating clergyman.
The bride is well known in Henri-
etta, having been a student in the
public school here for two years.

FORD-BAKER.

Oliver Ford of this city, and
Miss Annie Bell Baker of Cloud
Chief, Ok., were married at the home
of the bride in the latter city on
Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Ford arriv-
ed in Henrietta yesterday and will
make their home here. THE IN-
DEPENDENT joins their many friends
in extending congratulations.

Cotton and Wheat.

In Henrietta No. 2 wheat is
worth 53c; No. 3 is worth 48. Cot-
ton: middling fair, 7 $\frac{3}{4}$; good mid-
dling, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$; strict middling, 7 1-16;
middling, 6 $\frac{3}{4}$.

Spot Cotton at Galveston: Mid-
dling, 7 15-16; good middling,
8 1-16; middling fair, 8 7-16.

Wheat at Galveston: No. 2, 62c;
No. 3, 59c; No. 4, 56c.

Windmills.

As good as the best at M. L.
Haddock's, also pumps. See his
stock before you buy.

For Cash!

I wish to sell my stock of dry
goods, notions, boots and shoes,
hats and ready made clothing for
cash in the next sixty days. Cost
and carriage will buy. No goods
will leave the counter until paid
for. Come and select before stock
is badly broken. L. B. UPHAM.

Standard buggies at absolute
cost.

They are GOOD.

They are CHEAP.

P. F. WILLIAMS & Co.

Baling wire at M. L. Haddock's.

Mrs. Harl has moved her mill-
inery business into the Ansley
building in the room formerly oc-
cupied by Mrs. Denning.

M. L. Haddock is in the ring
again with a car of Bain wagons. If

B4 buying groceries it will pay
you to see D. T. Davis.

Pure apple vinegar at J. W.
Borum's.

Davis sewing machines.

L. B. UPHAM, Trustee.

Haddock has the farm imple-
ments from A to Z. Whatever you
want he has it.

Blunk Bros' hand made candies
at D. T. Davis'.

Riding and walking plows and
seeds at M. L. Haddock's.

Beginning May 15th the Ft. W.
& D. C. Ry will sell excursion
tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs,
Pueblo and points in Idaho, Ore-
gon, Washington and Pacific coast.
For full information call on or ad-
dress O. J. Watrous, Agt. Henrietta.

Methods of Some Authors.

In The Writer Dr. Erichsen of Detroit
has an article on how authors write.
Darwin, we are told, wrote on scraps of
paper as he traveled around in his sulky.
Chateaubriand required all the lux-
uries of the craft in the way of desk,
pens, paper and ink when he wrote. Dr.
George Elbers writes on a lapboard. Or-
dinarly he writes with great ease, but
"sometimes the composition of a stirring
chapter so mercilessly excites him that
great beads of sweat appear upon his
forehead and he is compelled to lay down
his pen unable to write another line."

Some authors write at night, others in
the morning, and all of those here men-
tioned, except the ladies, enjoy the stimu-
lus afforded by tobacco. Anna Kath-
arine Green finds her stimulant in her
scrappbooks, while Kate Field stimulates
herself with hot water.

The Instincts of Birds.

It is certain that all creatures on the
desert show remarkable intelligence, and
how they acquire their information is
decidedly a puzzle. Suppose, for example
alfalfa seed is sown. The place may not
have a bird about the day before the seed
is put in, but next day a cloud of them
will descend upon the spot and faithfully
eat every seed. They do their work
thoroughly and with praiseworthy indus-
try. Poisoned wheat will check the en-
tire removal of the seed, but the sparrow
is never deterred by death, though there
are some who affirm a few dead spar-
rows will have a chastening influence
upon the rest. The sparrows with whom
I have had personal relations despise
death.—Exchange.



A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister
cured of a distressing rash, by
Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD
BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207
McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines
for 40 years, and have heard nothing but
good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one
in particular being that of a little
daughter of a Church of England min-
ister. The child was literally covered
from head to foot with a red and ex-
ceedingly troublesome rash, from which
she had suffered for two or three years,
in spite of the best medical treatment
available. Her father was in great
distress about the case, and, at my
recommendation, at last began to ad-
minister Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bot-
tles of which effected a complete cure,
much to her relief and her father's
delight. I am sure, were he here to-day,
he would testify in the strongest terms
as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

IT'S ALL UP HILL.

with some poorly constructed, slow-going
wagons—not so with the



THE Rushford Wagon

GOOD TIMBER and BONE DRY.

It "helps itself," runs easier than any other.
All Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, etc. of
our make last long and give splendid service.
That circular of ours—if we have no Agent
near you, write us for it.

WINONA WAGON CO.
Winona, - - - Minn.

A. D. GOODENOUGH & CO., General Land Agents,

HENRIETTA, TEXAS.

Office: Southwest corner public
square. Money loaned at low rate
of interest. Cattle sold on commis-
sion. Cattle or horses taken in
part payment on lands.

SHORT ITEMS.

The governor of Nebraska has is-
sued a requisition for Del Akin un-
der arrest at El Paso, who is an
accomplice of a Nebraska county
treasurer who embezzled \$70,000.

A lumber trust with \$1,500,000
has been organized to control the
business on the Mississippi river.

The differences between the iron
workers and foundry owners at
Pittsburg, Pa., have been settled by
the workers accepting a 10 per cent
reduction.

Rare American Coins.

Coin collectors have long appreciated
the difficulty of making a complete col-
lection of American specimens. The
United States coinage of 1793 is very rare
and a dollar of the year 1794 has often
sold for as much as \$100. A 1796 half
cent is so rare as to sell readily for \$15,
and a half dollar of the same year is
worth 60 times its original value. While
the half cent of 1804 is common enough,
all the other coins of that year are rare,
the dollar of that particular date being
the rarest of all American coins. Only
eight are known to exist out of the
19,570 that were coined. The lowest
price that one of these now changes
hands for is \$800.—London News.

Reason For the Past Tense.

"It ees, however," said the distin-
guished foreigner as he concluded his
story, "simply a matter of hearsaid."
"You mean 'hearsay,' of course,
count?"
"Ah, but zis was told me some time
ago!"—Exchange.

ASSIGNEE SALE!

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

\$15,000 Worth of New Dry Goods at Cost!

Must turn the goods into money as fast as possible. Remember this is a new stock, and all nice, new goods, consisting of Men's clothing, Boys' clothing and Children's suits. This stock has one of the best line of fine shoes in this country. Ladies' hand turned shoes and slippers. If you need dry goods for fall, now is your chance to provide yourself of bargains.

Respectfully, J. F. ALCORN.

A. D. GOODENOUGH, Assignee.

MYRTLE NEWS.

On deck once more! The dry weather in this locality is closing to-day. It is gently raining at present, making the earth in good fix for turning, making the fruit trees grow and water for the stock. We are all getting along nicely. Oh if Stepanofetchit was back; but we are afraid he is in the city of Being-slowly-of-giving-news. Three new correspondents have joined us. Stock wells in this vicinity are being dug.

The health is very well. News has reached us that Jesse Shaw has had the ends of four fingers cut off, and Jo Sparks had three fingers knocked out of joint, and also Porter Spindler is sick with slow fever. Hardy Watson has completed his house.

J. M. Duncan and Dr. John Duncan were visiting relatives last week.

I noticed that friend Common Sense came to the paper one more time. And Clod Hopper has written a column of interest. But the editor was in the paper with him giving him a strong reply. I hope the new correspondents will come more and hold out faithfully.

The cotton is being picked and corn is gathered.

Now they can go to the world's fair cheap but not many in this section will go. JACK HOLLER. Sept. 25.

PERSONAL NOTES.

W. B. Upham of Ryan, I. T., is in the city.

Col. T. L. Smith has moved his family to town.

George Flanagan has returned from school at Waco.

Luther Kelley of Terrill, I. T., was in the city Sunday.

Rev. R. M. Powers is assisting in a protracted meeting at Gainesville.

D. T. Davis has returned from the world's fair and a visit to relatives in St. Louis, Chicago and Murfreesboro, Ill.

H. B. Edwards, who made the run on the Cherokee Strip, has returned. He had a loaded wagon and failed to get a lot, but leased one and set up a drug store which is doing a flourishing business.

Rev. and Mrs. E. N. Hudgins of Grapevine, Tarrant county, were guests at E. S. Weldon's Friday. They were on their way to Blue Grove for a visit to their son, Rev. Hudgins of that place.

Grain sacks at J. W. Borum's. Parbed Wire and baling wire at A. Snearley's.

If you want as much groceries as can be bought for \$1 cash go to R. F. Logan.

A Narrow Escape.

Henry Kinman, son of Mrs. J. B. Mosier of this city, recently had a narrow escape from a burning building at Little Rock, Arkansas, where he now lives. He was boarding with a private house and on the occasion of the fire he was the only man at home. There were some ladies and children, and all occupied rooms in the second story. The fire gained great headway before it was discovered. By dint of hard work and exceptional courage all made good their escape. Mr. Kinman was once a resident of Henrietta and is well known.

For first-class groceries and rock bottom prices go to D. T. Davis.

There was an outpouring of people resembling a cloud-burst at the Perkins grand last evening to see Richards & Pringle's Georgia Minstrels. Shortly after seven o'clock the people began to flock toward the opera house, and before eight the crowding, pushing throng at the doors were told that no more tickets would be sold. It was the first entertainment of the season, and the new management of the house found themselves overtaxed by the unexpected crowd; but everyone was polite and obliging, and a little experience will remedy all the causes for complaint. The minstrels gave an excellent performance, free from the lower order of jokes, and the audience were well satisfied with the performance. Billy Kersands was, as usual, a small army in himself, and received loud encores.—Springfield (Mo.) Republican.

This company will appear at the opera house, Henrietta, Wednesday evening Oct. 4th.

Cheap Rates to Birmingham.

On account of the Ex-Confederate national reunion at Birmingham, Ala., October 2nd and 3d, the "Cotton Belt Route" will sell tickets September 29th and 30th from all stations at the lowest one way fare for the round trip, open to every body, good to return until October 12th. Elegant reclining chair cars from Ft. Worth, Waco and other points. See that your tickets read via the "Cotton Belt" as all lines will sell them via that route. Write your friends coming to Texas to take the "Cotton Belt Route," the only through car line between Texas and the South east.

S. G. WARNER.

G. P. A., Tyler, Tex.
A. A. GLISSON,
T. P. A., Ft. Worth, Tex.

For Trade.

A Mason & Hamlin organ, good as new, to trade. Apply at this office.

Springfield wagons.

L. B. UPHAM.

Fresh kraut at D. T. Davis'.

DISTRICT COURT.

A Good Week for Business. Court Ready to Adjourn.

The following named persons were regular jurors this week: Jack Bolt, R. S. Black, R. E. Crowley, T. E. Norvell, J. W. Gunn, Nat Butcher, W. S. Douglass, W. D. Ellis, S. L. Deskin, T. P. Phagan, R. L. Robinson, B. W. Godfrey, B. F. Lanham, J. J. Greaner, T. B. Barnett, J. R. Eiland, N. M. Peters, G. W. Blackwell, Merrill Jackson, J. N. Brown, A. D. Goodenough, Sam Means, W. E. Burrough, D. A. Kane, S. P. Rankin.

Cases tried: C. H. Van Wie vs. M. S. Eaton et al, judgment for defendants for \$4.

A. D. Goodenough et al, vs. E. S. Cook et al, suit for land; judgment for plaintiffs.

J. W. Brown vs. B. L. Frost, dismissed by plaintiff.

Petiffs & Fisher vs. The Aultman Taylor Co., suit to cancel notes; judgment for plaintiffs.

J. R. True et al vs. C. M. Best et al, debt; motion of plaintiff to reform judgment granted.

J. R. True et al vs. C. M. Best et al, suit for land; judgment for plaintiffs.

J. B. West vs. D. T. Bomar et al, trespass to try title; judgment for plaintiffs.

Morrison, Street & Co. vs. J. G. Kerr et al, suit on notes; judgment for plaintiffs for \$616.40. Defendants give notice of appeal.

W. B. Worsham et al vs. J. E. Bomar, suit for debt judgment by agreement for plaintiffs for \$600.

G. P. Meade vs. Sallie Graham, et al, suit for partition of land; partition made.

Motion by plaintiff for a new trial in case of Maddox Bros. & Anderson vs. Frazar overruled, and plaintiffs give notice of appeal.

L. L. Bird vs. L. B. Bird, suit for divorce, granted, and plaintiff given custody of three minor children.

The clerk was allowed \$30.50 and the sheriff \$43.30 fees in the cases against Charley DuBois.

Lizzie Malaise vs. Ed Malaise, suit for divorce, dismissed by plaintiff.

Maddox Bros. & Anderson vs. J. A. Frazar et al, suit for land; judgment for defendants.

Motion for a new trial in Shawnee Lodge I. O. O. F. vs. Word overruled and defendant gives notice of appeal.

Loma Easley vs. Endowment Rank K. of P., plaintiff required to give cost bond.

S. A. Hilburn et al vs. E. B. Hicks et al, dismissed for want of prosecution.

M. M. Donley vs. E. M. Donley, suit for partition of estate; partition made.

Bowen & Richardson vs. Wilcox

Northwest Texas Baptist College, Decatur, Texas.

A. J. EMERSON, A. M., D. D., President.
W. H. ALEXANDER, (Univ. of Va.) Latin and Greek.
J. F. HALEY, (Clinton College) Natural Science.
J. L. RUDY, (Univ. of Mo.) Mathematics, Commercial Course.
MISS LELA FISHER, (Baylor College) English, Mathematics.
MISS LORENA KIMBROUGH, (Carson-Newman College) Elocution.
CHAS. C. COUSINS, (London Conservatory) Director of Music.
MRS. W. C. FLEET, (Hollins Institute) Music, Mod. Languages.
MISS MAMIE CLONTS, (Baylor College) Primary Department.
MOLLIE T. SIMMONS, Art Teacher.

Fall Term Opens September 6th, 1893.

BOARD \$10 TO \$12.50; TUITION \$10 TO \$25 PER TERM.

The establishment of this College marks the beginning of a new era in education in North-west Texas. Thorough, progressive, modern. Lovely situation, beautiful building, extensive apparatus. For full information apply to A. J. EMERSON, Pres., or REV. J. H. BENNETT, Sec., Decatur, Texas.

If You Want to Buy or Sell Second-Hand Goods,

Call at the office of W. W. Bryant in the Patton building. He will sell you goods cheaper than you ever bought before; and he will pay the cash for second-hand goods, and will do all kinds of furniture repair work. Call and see him. It will pay you if you want to buy or have any work done.

& Cobb, motion to relax cost sustained.

C. W. Easley vs. D. D. Swearingen; same vs. J. M. Maddox, garnishee; Jim Harris vs. Cyrus Eakmar; Henrietta National Bank vs. A. P. Belcher, dismissed by plaintiffs.

J. P. Burroughs et al vs. M. J. Hill et al; plaintiff required to give cost bond.

A jury has been out since yesterday morning on the case of Featherston vs. Snearly & Squires, suit to collect money on notes given to the Red River & Southwestern Ry Co. As soon as this jury is dismissed court will adjourn.

To be Married.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Marie Brown of Blue Grove, and G. B. Magruder of Wichita Falls. The wedding will take place at the Methodist church in this city at 8:30 o'clock Thursday evening, October 5.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

P. L. Britain has taken down his photographic tent and gone to Ft. Worth.

Rev. W. H. Kuykendall preached at the Baptist church last Sunday.

Rev. Schaeffa says the annual conference of the German Evangelical association meets at Galveston October 19. The meeting at the church here continues—26 conversions.

A party composed of Messrs Monroe, Cherry and Gilcrest, went to Wichita Falls on bicycles Sunday. The rain overtook them beyond Jolly on their return, and the road soon became impassable.

R. F. STAPLE and FANCY Grocer.
South Main Street, Henrietta, Texas.

for their wheels. One took a ticket home and the other two came in on the 6:46 passenger Monday morning.

The Blessed Rain.

Sunday evening a heavy rain came from the north and northeast, continuing intermitently through the night. It was gentle and soaking and the ground got all the good there was in it. All streams were put to running. Little Wichita got half full and Dry Fork came near overflowing. Stock water will be plentiful for the balance of the year, and fall grazing excellent. Farm land is in splendid condition for plowing. The rain was general throughout the state. On Wednesday another good rain fell.

Bastine's extracts at D. T. Davis'.

To Galveston.

The excursion rate on the Katy took a good many people to Galveston on Saturday. It is estimated that over 15000 people took advantage of the cheap rate. The following people went from Henrietta: Mrs. J. T. Johnson, Mrs. A. N. Ansley, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Alcorn, Miss Mary Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Coleman, J. C. Skipwith, B. Tobolowsky, Sheb Jennings, George Cunningham, S. M. Satterfield, Rev. J. F. Young, W. R. Hawkins.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Ewell and Dr. and Mrs. Lee D. Ewing went from Doss.

FRIDAY'S NEWS.

TRAINS COLLIDE.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 22.—At Kingsbury, Indiana, a station on the Wabash railroad, sixty-five miles east of Chicago, the second section of the west bound passenger train from Detroit to Chicago ran into the east bound freight standing on the siding at 1 o'clock this morning, wrecking both engines and coaches and sleeper of the passenger train. Eleven people were killed and 19 others hurt. The wreck was caused by the brakeman turning the switch for the freight to go out after the first section of the passenger had passed.

TICKET SCALPING CASE.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 22.—W. Mercer, the ticket scalper, charged under the new Texas law with the crime of having unlawfully sold a railroad ticket, had a hearing before Justice Schwander, and was bound over to the criminal court in \$500 bond. He then sued out a writ of habeas corpus before Justice Brashear of the civil district court setting forth that the anti-scalper law was unconstitutional and repugnant to the Republican institutions of a free government. Judge Brashear granted the writ set September 30 for the final hearing. Backed by the Ticket Brokers' association of America, Mercer will make a test case and the outcome will be watched with interest by the railroads and traveling public. Meantime Mercer does business at the old stand and invites further arrest.

PENSIONS AND MORTGAGES.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Pension Commissioner Lochran submitted his annual report to-day. The number of pensioners on the rolls is 666,012, a net increase of 89,944 the past year. During the year 56,705 claims were allowed and 115,221 rejected. The amount of money paid for pensions during the year was \$156,740,467. Appropriations for the next fiscal year based on an estimate for the fiscal year 1893 is \$162,631,550. The annual report of Superintendent Porter was presented to-day. It shows among other things a total number of mortgages in the United States to be 4,993,461.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 22.—J. W. Jones, wanted in Hill county, Texas for murder, shot and killed Chas. Stiles and John Stanley, two Vickburgs detectives who attempted to arrest him.

Kingfisher, O. T., Sept. 22.—Last evening two men by the name of Little, father and son, became involved in a dispute over a claim near Waukomis with a man named Williams from Vernon, Tex. One of the former struck Williams on the head with an axe, rendering him unconscious for about an hour. After regaining his senses, Williams borrowed a double barreled shotgun, went to Little's camp and emptied the contents of both barrels full in the faces and breasts of the father and son, killing them both instantly. After holding an inquest this morning, their bodies were brought to Hennessey and shipped to their home in Iowa. Williams was brought here and lodged in jail to await trial. It is reported that two more men were killed in a fight to-day in Enid. Particulars have not yet been learned.

CLEVELAND'S DECLARATION.

New York, Sept. 22.—President Cleveland has taken occasion to deny that he is a monometalist and to declare that he is in favor of the utilization of silver so far as it possibly can be done with safety to sound currency. This expression regarding the president's position was, according to Governor Jones of Alabama, made to him in the executive mansion in Washington yesterday.

FOR COUNTERFEITING.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 22.—Juan Antonio Ageri, who was arrested a few days ago on charge of being a member of the Garcia gang of counterfeiters, was given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner L. F. Price, and was bound over in the sum of \$200, in default of which he went to jail.

SHORT ITEMS.

Jas. W. Swayne of Fort Worth, is a candidate for congress against C. K. Bell present incumbent. Swayne was a strong Hogg man in the last legislature.

BLACKMAIL IN RESTAURANTS.

How the System of Tipping Has Degenerated in Many Eating Houses.

Complaints of the tipping system, or rather want of system, are growing more and more common. It is the opinion of those who are in the habit of getting their meals here and there and patronizing the cafes about town that insolence among waiters has visibly increased. Everybody who knows anything about New York knows what that means—an exceedingly disagreeable state of affairs. "The evil is worse in proportion to the respectability of the place," says a man about town. "In other words, the more expensive the meal the more liberal the tip, and the more insulting the waiters if it does not come up to their ideas of what the amount of the tip should be."

I have been making some personal investigations in this line myself and unhesitatingly indorse the above opinion. I have found that in every instance the waiter expected a tip whether he had served well or not, and that this expectation is made so badly apparent that the attention of everybody in the vicinity is called to the fact to bear unwilling witness as to the extent of your liberality. Also that too small a tip will subject you to more pronounced insult than none at all; that any effort to correct abuse of this character by reporting the servant is more likely to multiply your bad treatment than to reduce it.

If the executive clerk or proprietor does not recognize in you a valuable customer of the place, the chances are two to one you will be received with more contempt than you got at the hands of the waiter. No one man in 500 thus offended ever complains—he simply doesn't go back. Most city men and travelers are not easily offended by waiters. Familiar with the ways of the waiter, they either pay up or ignore the intended offense. It is the sensitive man who is the more readily blackmailed, or who, resisting the levy, feels more keenly the insolence of the menial.

In my experiments, conducted at six different respectable restaurants, I found that the poorest waiters, the men who gave the poorest service, were the most offensive. At one place where, at the suggestion of a friend interested in this class of human nature, we went back to the same waiter on the next day, there was such a visible reluctance to serve us that we were compelled to call the head waiter before we could get anything to eat. As my rule is to reward a servant proportionately for extra service and attention, and as some of these men rendered this service and got nothing, I cherish no hard feelings against them for the look of cold disappointment with which they greeted our departure. Indiscriminate tipping has made tipping useless practically, so far as good service is concerned. It has become merely so much blackmail, and the poorest service demands and receives the same reward earned by and cheerfully paid the best. Men are awful cowards and would rather be robbed outright than thought mean, even by a waiter.—New York Herald.

How Professor Blackie Apologized.

Professor Blackie was lecturing to a new class, with whose personnel he was imperfectly acquainted. A student rose to read a paragraph, his book in his left hand. "Sir," thundered Blackie, "hold your book in your right hand!"—and as the student would have spoken—"No words, sir! Your right hand, I say!" The student held up his right arm, ending piteously at the wrist. "Sir, I have nae right hand," he said. Before Blackie could open his lips there arose a storm of hisses, and by it his voice was overborne. Then the professor left his place and went down to the student he had unwittingly hurt and put his arm around the lad's shoulders and drew him close, and the lad leaned against his breast.

"My boy," said Blackie—he spoke very softly, yet not so softly but that every word was audible in the hush that had fallen on the classroom—"my boy, you'll forgive me that I was overrough? I did not know—I did not know!" He turned to the students, and with a look and tone that came straight from his heart he said, "And let me say to you all, I am rejoiced to be shown I am teaching a class of gentlemen." Scottish lads can cheer as well as hiss, and that Blackie learned.—San Francisco Argonaut.

For Strangers Only.

"I stopped at a small town in West Virginia not long ago," remarked the drummer, "and as I stood on the platform at the station looking for somebody to tell me something about the place a native passed along."

"Is there a hotel in this town?" I inquired.

"Thar ain't," he replied quite to the point.

"Isn't there any place for strangers to stop at?"

"Well, yes," he said hesitatingly, "thar's a boardin' house whar nobody but strangers stops. Anybody that knowed anything about it wouldn't stop thar."

The drummer sighed.

"I tried it," he said in conclusion, "and the native was right."—Detroit Free Press.

Ripans Tabules cure the blues.

SATURDAY'S NEWS.

OPIUM SMUGGLING.

Montreal, Sept. 23.—It is estimated by the Canadian authorities that at least 100,000 pounds of opium refined in British Columbia is annually smuggled across the border into the United States. There are now sixteen refining factories in operation in Victoria and Vancouver, any of which can produce more of the refined article than could possibly enter into consumption in Canada for medicinal purposes. The enormous growth that there has been in the trade may be judged from the fact that the importation of crude opium for refining purposes has in ten years increased from 27,000 to 150,000 pounds.

KIRBY SMITH'S DAUGHTER.

Washington, Sept. 23.—More than the usual interest in minor appointments attaches to the nomination of Carrie Kirby Smith to be postmaster at Sewanee, Tenn. Miss Smith is a daughter of Gen. E. Kirby Smith, who died a few months ago at Sewanee, leaving a large family poorly provided for. Soon after her father's death she formed the plan of securing the postoffice in order to help support her mother, brother and sisters.

MORE CATTLE THEFT CASES.

Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 23.—S. H. Cowan, attorney for the Cattlemen's association of Texas, leaves to-morrow for St. Louis and from there will go to Belleville, Ill., to prosecute more cattle theft cases. The cases referred to are those of Ratcliff and Hayes. These men are under arrest, charged with cattle theft, and their cases will be called some time during the week.

In the spring of this year two or three hundred head of cattle were stolen from members of the association in Texas and the Indian Territory and shipped to Kansas. The cattle were recovered some time after and the above named men were arrested charged with stealing them.

A number of Texas cattlemen await their cases with great interest.

CATTLEMEN TO MEET.

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 23.—The most important meeting of cattlemen which ever assembled in Texas will meet at Dallas, October 24. There will be present on that day members of the sanitary commission from Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Missouri, together with delegations from the stock yards associations at Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and Omaha. United States sanitary inspectors and the Texas sanitary commission will be here. In addition to this the members of the great cattlemen's association of Texas have been requested by Presidents Bush and Rogers to be present. The object of the meeting is for consultation between all those interested in the cattle trade for the purpose of agreeing upon such modifications of cattle quarantine regulations and such extension of the quarantine line as may be safe. The cattle commissions of all the other states have generously agreed to meet the Texas cattlemen and the Texas commission on that day and to help them agree on such extensions of the quarantine lines as the experience of years has demonstrated to be practicable and necessary.

BRECKENRIDGE PLEADS.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Representative Breckenridge today filed a plea in answer to the declarations in the suit of Madelain B. Pollard for breach of promise of marriage. He says he never promised marriage as is alleged. The defendant denies that at any time or by any means he attempted to take advantage of her youth and inexperience to seduce her, or that she was at any time pregnant by him, or he at any time prevented her from going abroad or from entering on any career. He denies that there was at any time an agreement of marriage between them, and the plaintiff knew, during their entire acquaintance, that marriage between them was impossible.

STRIP FRAUDS.

Hennessey, Ok., Sept. 23.—J. D.

Dent, a prominent politician of Oklahoma, and Receiver Caldwell of the Kingfisher land office were arrested here to-day for frauds they perpetrated upon the settlers and land office at Enid in the strip. Their scheme was to find out the numbers of sections for which parties were in line to file upon, and for a consideration furnish them to shysters who would rush into the land office and file upon them. The crowds around the land office at Enid on learning of the arrest were greatly excited, and a riot was imminent. They threatened to tear down the land office if they were not treated fairly.

SHORT ITEMS.

Corbett and Mitchell have signed a final agreement to fight before the Coney Island, N. Y., athletic club on or about December 18 next. The purse is to be \$40,000. The Brooklyn law and order league will try to prevent the fight.

All the troops in the third cavalry have been concentrated in the southern part of the strip and sent out in details to make memorandums of the names of every one who made a run from the south side of the Chilocco reservation and eastern portion of the strip. This is a general movement against the sooner and will make a change in the ownership of a great many good claims in the strip.

The banks of Corsicana closed down on cotton buyers and will not furnish them money with which to buy until they unload.

A deputation of the unemployed of London waited upon the lord mayor. Applications for relief are already 10 per cent. greater than last winter.

At Waxahachie Will Moore killed his stepfather, Jim Coleman. Coleman and his wife were separated and the latter was living with Moore. Coleman came to get her to live with him again. She refused and Coleman tried to seize one of her children, whereupon Moore shot him three times. Moore surrendered.

Ed. Correll, formerly a citizen of Dallas and Fort Worth, and then a man of considerable wealth and influence, is in jail at Monterey, Mexico, charged with assault with intent to rob. His friends in Texas are endeavoring to get the United States to intervene in his behalf.

Six hundred men have resumed work at the Manners', England, collieries, Derbyshire, at the old wages, ending an unsuccessful strike.

Five laboring men absolutely starving arrived by the Atlantic and Pacific road at Mojava, California, last week. They claim to be from the Cherokee strip.

A discovery was made of wholesale forgeries of railway tickets of the Iron mountain and Southern railroad.

Noah Armstrong a train robber was convicted at Coleman and given five years in the pen.

An Emperor's Strange Fancy.

Strange fancies have taken hold of some men regarding the manner in which their bodies were to be disposed of after death and the ceremonies to be observed at their funerals.

The great Emperor Charles V had the curious idea of celebrating his own funeral. Shortly before his death he caused a tomb to be made in the chapel of the monastery of Estremadura, to which he had retired after his abdication, and on its completion he was carried to it as though dead. Placed in a coffin and accompanied by a procession, he was borne along, while chants were sung, prayers said and tears shed. After the solemn farce was over he was left alone in the chapel, where he remained a short time before rising out of the coffin.—London Tit-Bits.

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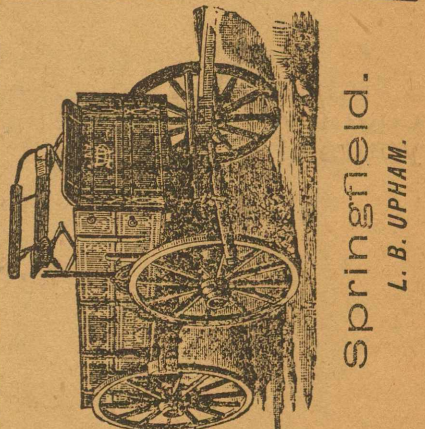
W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair. Best in the world.

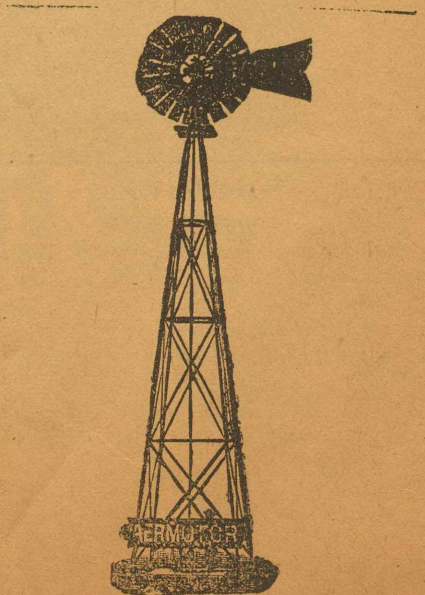
\$5.00	\$3.00
\$4.00	\$2.50
\$3.50	\$2.00
\$2.50	\$1.75
\$2.25	\$1.75
\$2.00	

FOR GENTLEMEN FOR LADIES FOR BOYS FOR MISSES

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest styles, don't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by M. Shlosberg & Co.



Springfield. L. B. UPHAM.



For sale by P. F. Williams & Co., Henrietta, Texas, and Ryan, I. T.

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nothing new when we state that it pays to engage in a permanent, most healthy and pleasant business, that returns a profit for every day's work. Such is the business we offer the working class. We teach the "how to make money rapidly, and guarantee every one who follows our instructions faithfully the maximum of \$30.00 a month.

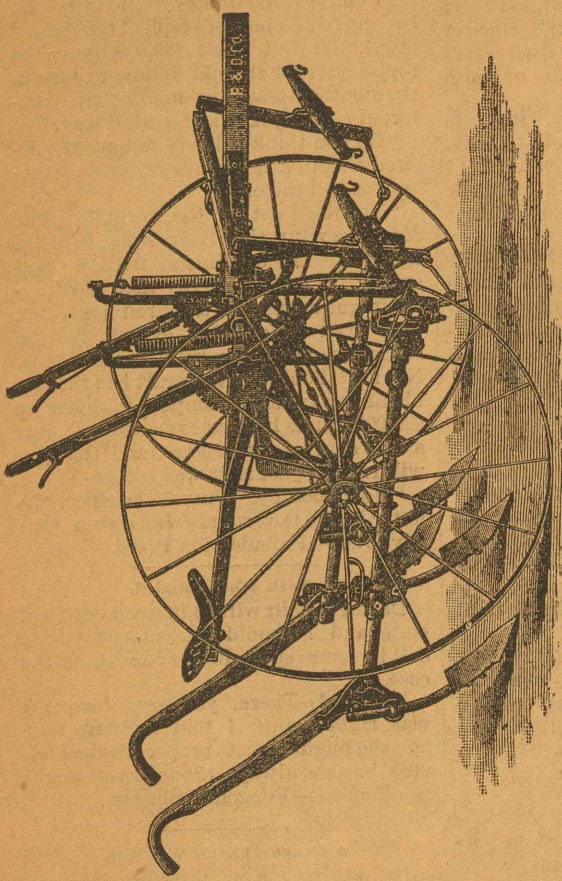
Every one who takes our course and works will surely and speedily increase his earnings; there can be no question about it; others now at work are doing it, and you, reader, can do the same. This is the best paying business that you have ever had the chance to secure. You will make a grave mistake if you fail to give it a trial at once. If you grasp the situation, and act quickly, you will directly find yourself in a most prosperous business, at which you can surely make and save large sums of money. The results of only a few hours' work will often equal a week's wages. Whether you are old or young, man or woman, it makes no difference, — do as we tell you, and success will meet you at the very start. Neither experience or capital necessary. — Those who work for us are rewarded. Why not write to-day for full particulars, free? E. C. ALLEN & CO., Box No. 420, Augusta, Me.

M. L. HADDOCK,

Carries the largest and best selected stock of

Implements AND Farm Machinery

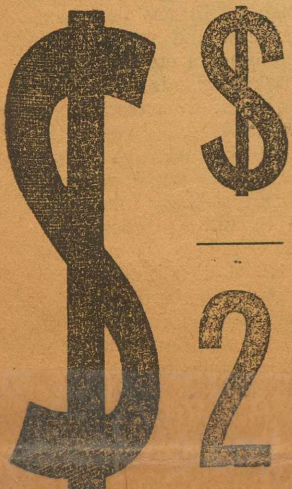
In Northwest Texas.



Clipper
Riding and Walking
Cultivators
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Wagons

The celebrated Triangle
silk plows, Canton Clipper
walking and gang plows,
Canton disc harrows, sugar-
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blows, wind mills, pumps,
fittings, etc. In fact you can
get anything you need from
a garden plow to a gin outfit.
Call and examine; no trouble
to answer questions. Prices
as low as the lowest.

Superior
Grain Drills
Hacks,
Buggies,
Carts
and
Spring
Wagons.
Henrietta,
Texas.



We will send you
The Independent
and Texas Farm and
Ranch, one year for
\$1.50 "cash in hand."
Renewals for either
paper taken at the
same price.

Worlds Fair Visitors.

An intending visitor to the coming world's fair at Chicago need have no fear as to the possibility of securing satisfactory accommodations, at reasonable rates, at either the many hotels or residences listed in a neat pamphlet entitled, "Homes for Visitors to the World's Fair," compiled at great expense and published by a trustworthy Chicago firm. This book contains a list of about 9,000 private families who will accommodate visitors in Chicago during the time of the fair, viz: May 1st to October 30th; gives their names and addresses, and number of rooms each will have to spare. The book also gives a list of the hotels and their locations; has twelve full-page, large-scale maps, each representing a section of the city, so that with this information before him the intending visitor himself can, at leisure, select the quarter of the city in which he would prefer to stop, corresponding in advance with one or more families in that locality with regard to rates and the accommodations desired. To help you in fixing in advance upon your place of residence while attending the world's fair, we have placed in the hands of our agent at your station copies of this work which may be obtained at 50 cents per copy.

S. G. WARNER,
G. P. A. Cotton Belt Route.

Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules prolong life.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules are of great value.
Ripans Tabules banish pain.
Ripans Tabules: a family remedy

SUNDAY'S NEWS.

BROWN PAPER.

Trinity, Tex., Sept. 24.—On opening an express package here to-day which was supposed to contain \$500 in currency, the agent found that a clever ruse had been played. The package, when opened, contained nothing but a lot of brown paper and a copper cent.

VICTIM OF TOUGHS.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 24.—At 1:15 this morning Officer John Platt was rudely assaulted by an unknown party in the first ward, the hardest section of the city. He was walking along the street when struck on the head with some hard instrument. In falling he fired two shots at his assailant. One mendicant was arrested, but afterward released. It is believed by Sheriff White that a conspiracy is on foot to make away with several of the city officers who have been active in enforcing the Sunday law. The case will be thoroughly investigated.

Franklin, Tex., Sept. 24.—G. M. Beard, superintendent of Robertson county schools, was killed by an unknown person at one o'clock this morning. He was asleep with his wife and baby at the time, and his struggles awoke his wife who saw the murderer leaving. He was struck on the head with a blunt instrument and died within two hours, but was never conscious. The murderer is unknown, but it is supposed his motive was revenge.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 24.—Shortly after midnight the southern part of the city was shaken by a terrific explosion of dynamite. A bomb had been fired in front of the water-front boarding house which was filled with non-union sailors. The front of the building was blown to atoms. Six inmates were horribly mangled. Two were instantly killed and others may die. By whom the bomb was fired is not definitely known, but the owners directly charge the deadly deed upon some members of the seamen's union.

POLICE-LABORERS.

New York, Sept. 24.—In a bloody fight this afternoon that lasted nearly three-quarters of an hour, 130 Italian laborers, 78 Irish laborers, and 75 policeman participated. Many of the fighters were badly injured. The fight was caused by a boss finding fault with a railway track the labors were working on.

MARRIED A NEGRO.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept., 24.—It is learned that the pretty 19-year-old daughter of Millionaire Eugene

Mehl had eloped with and James Robinson, colored. Eugene Mehl was, until last week, proprietor of Ryan hotel, the largest piece of property in the Northwest, and worth alone nearly \$2,000,000. Robinson was employed as an elevator boy in the hotel.

AN EDITOR DEAD.

Ft. Worth, Tex., Sept. 24.—At 1:08 o'clock to-day, after six days illness of dysentery, Col. Walter L. Malone, the managing editor and chief proprietor of the Fort Worth Gazette, died at the age of 53 years. He was an ardent lover of Fort Worth and was largely instrumental in her upbuilding. He was born in 1840 in Mobile, Ala., and learned the trade on the Mobile Register. He enlisted in the confederate army at the beginning of the war and served bravely until he was wounded and captured at Franklin. After recovering he was sent to Camp Chase and there remained until the civil war ended. Returning south he lived in Mississippi, when in 1872 he married Miss Tinson. He afterward moved to Missouri where he became editor and proprietor of the Cash Book, published at Jackson. Seventeen years ago he moved to Dallas where he worked part of the time on the Herald. In 1877 he finally selected Fort Worth as his home and since then in various capacities he has been connected with the papers of this city, being arbiter of the destinies of the Gazette. He leaves a widow and two children.

The czar of Russia is about to disinherit his oldest son and make his youngest heir of the throne.

At the I. O. O. F. conclave in Milwaukee the military branch of the order succeeded in obtaining the right to elect their own commander and legislate for themselves.

Pugilist Bob Fitzsimmons has sued his wife for a divorce. She has long lived with another man. They were married in Australia.

A Universal Beautifier.—Harmless, effective, and agreeable, Ayer's Hair Vigor has taken high rank among toilet articles. This preparation causes thin weak hair to become abundant, strong and healthy, and restores gray hair to its original color.

Sweetheart Abbey.

There is in Galloway, Scotland, an ancient ruin known as Sweetheart abbey. Within its ivy covered, storm battered walls lies buried the affectionate and devoted Dervorgill, with the heart of her husband, John Balliol, embalmed upon her breast. Lovely in their lives, in death they are not divided. The crumbling masonry is still and must ever be a romance in its symbols of death and decay, telling every day, as it has for 600 years, the thrilling story of a woman's tender love and devotion.—Exchange.

Consumption Not Always Fatal.

It must not be supposed that every one inheriting a consumptive tendency succumbs to it. It is during the years preceding maturity that the danger of poor, unhygienic surroundings is greatest, but if such persons can be kept strong until their forms have developed they may become the very strongest of the strong.—Youth's Companion.

An Awful Possibility.

It is a great deal more sensible to travel comfortably than to throw away money for nothing. I would prefer to have a cabin to myself, even if I had to travel on a second class ship. I do not see why I should have a stranger in my room. It is a dreadful lottery, and he is apt to have very unclean habits. Imagine this in a close, stuffy atmosphere, filled already with the odors of the ship and the stench of the machinery. You cannot ask a man for a guarantee of his position. He is apt to belong to the middle class, and think how perfectly horrible it would be to inhabit a room with a being who has very uncertain notions about the complete change of linen every day and whose rule of cleanliness has been a tub once a week, on Saturday night.

And then, even if cleanly, he might not wear the right kind of underclothes, and he might persist in sleeping in night robes instead of pajamas, and he might do a hundred other dreadful things. Think of watching such a creature dress—it would be an awful fascination with me—and find that he changed his collar and his cuffs and not his shirt, which, still glazed and shiny from the manipulations of a Chinaman, would have its dirt spotted bosom concealed by a made up scarf with—it is too horrible to think of!—Cor. Vogue.

MONDAY'S NEWS.

TO RELEASE STARR.

Denison, Texas, Sept. 25.—Last Saturday a United States officer received a letter through the Denison postoffice which produced a sensation among those who are informed of its contents. The letter was written by a party in the Indian Territory, whose name is withheld for obvious reasons. That it is genuine there is little doubt, and it sets forth in detail the plan of a desperate gang of men. In brief the details are as follows: Mrs. Starr, mother of the notorious Henry Starr, offered a large sum of money if the gang would go to Fort Smith and release her son from jail. Her offer was accepted and the letter states that the gang have plans all laid to go to Fort Smith and release Henry Starr, and with him at their head hold up a Missouri, Kansas & Texas train, thus giving them funds. The time and place were not mentioned in the letter.

THEY WILL BE LYNCHED.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 25.—The merchants, farmers and the public generally in Northern Louisiana propose to suppress in a most vigorous manner those who have placarded cotton gins with notices that if they dare touch any cotton before the price reaches 10 cents the gins will be burned. There have been several meetings and the Claiborne Alliance farmers declare if any gins in that section are burned the perpetrators of the outrage will be promptly lynched.

ROBBERS KILLED.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 25.—Six would-be train robbers were caught in a trap this morning. Two of them were killed, three were captured and one escaped. The Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs railroad was the intended victim.

The train which the bandits attempted to rob was the south bound passenger train No. 2, which arrives here at 12:30 in the morning. Officials of the road had been notified that the robbery of the road had been planned and they notified the police. When the train arrived here a dummy train was made up and sixteen police under command of chief of police put on board.

When the decoy reached a point two miles north of St. Joseph the engineer's attention was arrested by a lighted lantern moving to and fro between the rails. He obeyed the signal and soon six masked men surrounded the engine. One of the bandits mounted the train and presented one revolver at the engineer's head and another at the fireman's, keeping them in subjection while the other five men started to rob the express car. They ordered the messenger to open the door which he did forthwith. The officers at once opened fire on the robbers with the above result.

COW THIEF CONFESSES.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 25.—Sylvester Hays, in jail at Belleville, Ill., for selling stolen cattle, which he brought here from Texas, has, it is learned, to-night made what amounts to a confession to Attorney S. H. Cowan of Fort Worth, Texas. The statement made to-day was taken down in shorthand, and while its contents are not made public, it is asserted he revealed in its entirety the work of a widely ramifying gang of thieves, whose depredations have taken place in nearly the whole of Texas, but more especially in the Panhandle, and also Oklahoma and the Indian Territory.

In an age of fraud and adulteration, it is gratifying to know that such an extensively used preparation as Ayer's Sarsaparilla may be implicitly relied upon. It never varies either in quality, appearance, or effect, but is always up to the standard.

If you are thinking of making any provisions for your family in the way of life insurance, call on H. H. Rice and see what inducements are offered by the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, \$1 per bottle. Genuine has
trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

LYON & GRIBBLE,

DEALERS IN

Lumber,

Sash, Doors, Paints, Lime,

Barbed Wire.

And All Kinds of Builders' Hardware.

N. M. PETERS,

Manager.

HENRIETTA, TEXAS

\$1,000.00 REWARD



Offered for any Machine that will do as great range of work and do it as easily and as well as can be done on the DAVIS Vertical Feed Sewing Machine.

This offer has been before the public for the past ten years. IT HAS NOT BEEN CLAIMED, proving that the Davis Vertical Feed is the BEST ON EARTH

DAVIS SEWING MACHINE CO.
340 W. Wash Avenue,
CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by L. B. Upham, Trustee.

"3000 PARCELS OF MAIL" FREE

FOR 10-CENT STAMPS (regular price 5c) your address if received within 30 days will be for 1 year boldly printed on gummed labels. Only Directory guaranteeing 125,000 customers; from publishers and manufacturers you'll receive, probably, thousands of valuable hooks, papers, samples, magazines, etc. All free, and each parcel with one of your printed address labels pasted thereon. EXTRA! We will also print and prepay postage on 500 of your label addresses to you; which stick on your envelopes, books, etc., to prevent their being lost. J. A. WARE, of Reidsville, N. C., writes: "From my 25 cent address in your Printing Directory I've received my 3000 Parcels of Mail. My addresses you scattered among publishers and manufacturers are arriving daily, on valuable parcels of mail from all parts of the World."

World's Fair Directory Co.,
Grand and Frankford Avenues, Phila., Pa.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED
From Mrs. N. J. HAYLEY, of Belleville, Kan.: "When I began your treatment 3 mos. ago I was so exhausted by ailments that I could not do any work. The accompanying fig. shows the result of 3 months' treatment. Weight 145 lbs. 18 lbs. 50 lbs. less. I now feel like a new being. Ills. W. 40 in. 29 in. 11 in. and pains are all gone. My friends are Hips 47 in. 48 in. 9 in. surprised. Will cheerfully reply to inquiries with stamp enclosed." PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL. Harmless. No Starving. Send 5 cents in stamps for circulars.
DR. G. W. F. SHYDEN, 117 VICTOR'S THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.

WOOD'S PROSPHODINE,

The Great English Remedy.
Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emaciation, Spasmodic, atorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excess. Has been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honorable Medicine known. Ask Druggist for Wood's Prospodine. If he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, \$1; six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Henrietta by all responsible druggists.

TUESDAY'S NEWS.

COUNTERFEITERS.

New York, Sept. 26.—An extensive counterfeiting plant was raided at Livingston, L. I., last night and Angelo Delnoco and his alleged wife arrested.

Before State Commissioner Belows at Brooklyn Delnoco was held in \$5000 and the women in \$2500 bail.

HEATHEN RIOT.

Calcutta, Sept. 26.—Religious riots which may have serious consequences occurred to-day. A number of Hindoos espied a cow being led to the butchers.

WAR IN BRZIL.

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, Sept. 26.—The rebel squad resumed the bombardment this morning. The forts replied to the fire of the warships, after which the latter ceased firing and retired out of range.

The capture of Pelligrini has, it may be said brought the revolution almost to a close, for he was the chief supporter of the ministry and President Pena, who it is claimed, was a little more than a puppet in his hands.

OFFICERS GONE WRONG.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 26.—H. V. Burns, city secretary, and A. R. Mabry, secretary of the water works, have each been arrested on indictments charging them with a misappropriation of public funds.

BURNING GINS.

Brookhaven, Miss., Sept. 29.—Fred. M. Griffith, a colored farmer living fourteen miles from town, in Franklyn county, had cotton house and contents burned by white caps a few nights ago.

WEDNESDAY'S NEWS.

INSANE SHOOTER.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—An insane man named Belden fired five shots in the wheat pit of the exchange where hundreds of speculators were assembled.

THE FORT SILL COUNTRY.

Wichita Falls, Tex., Sept. 27.—A mass meeting of Wichita's enterprising citizens was held last night for the purpose of agitating the movement of opening the Fort Sill country.

A BIG BLAST.

Fort Worth, Sept. 27.—At 12 o'clock to-day a blast of 25 pounds of powder was exploded by the contractor who is excavating the grounds for the new court house.

JUNE'S NOONDAY.

Roses white and roses red, Rose vines tangled overhead; June her floral treasures flings, While above a robin sings.

Drowsy bees hang on the rose, Silently the river flows; Scented is the air, and high Flies a swallow in the sky.

Love knocks at my lady's bower; Comes he with the regal flower; Cries he, "Rouse ye, and away! Know ye not 'tis roses' day?"

—Albert Hardy in New England Magazine.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL.

The murder of old Mr. Weathercraft created the usual nine days' sensation, which died away temporarily at least on the committal of James Thompson, the deceased's butler, to take his trial for the crime.

Vox populi, vox dei! Let us follow the example of the sovereign people and leave old James in his solitary cell while we give a short account of Mr. Weathercraft and his melancholy end.

He was a man of 60 or thereabouts, a retired stockbroker, rich, and of good standing in the community, living in a well appointed house, with a large staff of servants, much given to quiet hospitality, and since his retirement paying more attention to his kitchen and wine cellar than to the fluctuations of the market and the gambolling (save the mark) of bulls and bears.

It would have been difficult to point out any particularity about Mr. Weathercraft, anything to distinguish him from other hale, genial old bachelors of the same class. He was commonly supposed to have no eccentricities, no hobbies and a few strong opinions; in fact, those who knew him said he was only a crank on one subject.

To be called a crank is the penalty nowadays for holding and airing an opinion in which at least nine-tenths of the community do not concur.

Mr. Weathercraft was what may be called a circumstantial evidence crank.

He held indirect evidence in the deepest distrust, and though as firm a believer in hanging for murder as any criminal lawyer on or off the bench, yet held that no evidence save that of reputable eyewitnesses should send a man to the gallows.

On this cheerful topic he was much given to after dinner discourses, nor was his rather halting style unknown to the correspondents' columns of the daily papers. He was known to have written a magazine article on the subject, which, however, never saw the light, though it spent a whole year making the rounds of the magazine offices.

When the old man was dead and his butler arrested, people said it was a clear case of Nemesis that the evidence against his slayer should be so conclusive and at the same time so purely circumstantial, and some wag of a reporter was heard to wonder whether after Thompson's trial, conviction and execution old Weathercraft's ghost would address ghostly denunciations to ghostly newspapers from mere force of habit or would sulk in a corner of ghostland and refused to be interviewed.

The case indeed seemed clear enough. Weathercraft had gone to bed on the 19th of November well and in good spirits. On the following morning he was found dead, stabbed to the heart. The weapon which was found buried in the old man's heart was an old fashioned silver skewer, part of the family plate, and had clearly been sharpened for its deadly purpose. The sharpening seemed to have been done with a file or some such rough implement. There was very little external hemorrhage, only a few drops of blood being visible.

The last person who saw the master alive was the accused himself. According to his story, he had gone up to Mr. Weathercraft's room with the plate chest, it being the old man's habit to keep the silver in his own room at night, though the key was left with the housekeeper after the chest had been locked up. This had been the custom in the house for many years.

This was all the accused could or would say beyond denying all knowledge of how his master had come to his death. The footman, on being examined, testified to having found the body. He had entered as usual at 8 o'clock, scarcely waiting for his master's toilet, thinking him asleep. Mr. Weathercraft was a heavy sleeper, but usually awoke when the bath was being filled.

The doctors came in due time and examined the prisoner. Then they talked it over among themselves and decided that, though he was certainly a little odd, he had sense enough to hang satisfactorily and handed in their report in that sense. So old Thompson was told that he had nothing further to hope for in this world and sat down to wait through the months which the wisdom rather than the mercy of the law ordains shall elapse between a condemned man's sentence and execution.

It was Monday morning, just six months after Mr. Weathercraft's death. Mr. Fogey was busy, but when his clerk entered and handed him a card he glanced at it and ordered the visitor to be admitted. The card bore the name of Mr. C. T. Lacey, and underneath, "on business connected with the late George Weathercraft's estate."

The lawyer rose as his visitor entered, and motioning him to a chair asked how he could serve him, to which Mr. Lacey replied by producing a packet from his pocket and laying it down on the table in front of Mr. Fogey. Then he sat down and began: "Mr. Fogey," he said, "I have come here today in obedience to a request of poor, dear Weathercraft. There is a packet which he gave me some six months or more before he was murdered, asking me to give it to you or your successor exactly six months after his death. The time is up, and here I am."

The lawyer took the packet. It was a tolerably thick one, inclosed in a long business envelope. He turned it over in his hand and then remarked: "I am not sure, Mr. Lacey, whether in view of his strange and sudden end you should not have had this examined before."

"Probably you are right from a legal point of view," replied the visitor, "but I promised, you see, and I didn't see any reason in the manner of his death for breaking my promise. If it had been suicide, now it might have been different, but as it was I thought I had better wait."

"Well, I suppose you are right from your point of view," said Mr. Fogey as he slit the envelope methodically along the top edge and opened the package. It contained a foolscap paper wrapped around 10 United States notes, each for \$1,000. He counted the notes, and laying them down opened the paper and read without comment, while Mr. Lacey listened in silent attention:

DEAR FOGEY—I must begin by apologizing for committing the letter to Lacey's charge rather than to yours, as might have seemed more natural. But I have thought that as a lawyer you might feel it your duty to make its contents known before the appointed time. As all events you would have found yourself in a trying and difficult position. By obeying me you would possibly, as a lawyer, incur censure. By opening the letter before the time you would defeat all my plans and hopes, so I shall hand this to Lacey in trust for you and beg you to forgive me.

I am confident when you read this I shall have been dead six months, murdered—for so the law has doubtless decided—by old James, my butler, with a skewer, part of the silver committed to his charge. There will not have been wanting abundant evidence legally conclusive against my murderer or even motive for his deed. I may therefore suppose that by the time you read this he has been condemned and sentenced, but not executed, since the law requires an interval between sentence and execution.

The legacy left him in my will, besides supplying possible motive for his crime and enhancing its heinousness, has probably furnished him means for proper defense on his trial. Yet in spite of this he has been convicted and sentenced. It is not so!

And now to explain everything, to make the dark clear and the crooked straight. On the 19th of November last I committed suicide, having previously arranged that everything should point clearly to the guilt of James, my butler. I secreted the skewer. I sharpened it with a file and placed the file in Thompson's room. I stained his coverlet with blood, my blood, for it came from a cut on my finger. I hid my purse in his chimney, and finally, on the night of Nov. 19, I committed suicide by stabbing myself to the heart.

And now for my reasons. In taking my own life I have doubtless committed a crime against the laws of God and the state, but I believe that the life of one man is of little value when weighed against even a possible good to the community. If my death fulfills the object I have in view, then my life has been well sacrificed. And even if it fails, the intention will absolve me.

Next, I have inflicted great anguish of mind on an innocent and virtuous old man. But here again the agony, even if it run to martyrdom of one, must be weighed against the benefit of the many. For James Thompson himself I have endeavored to supply consolation, if not compensation, in my legacy of \$10,000 and the supplementary sum of \$10,000 which I inclosed herewith. May he understand and forgive me.

Perhaps even now you scarcely understand what I hope to have accomplished by my death, but I will endeavor to explain. You have heard me speak, you have perhaps read my written words on the use of circumstantial evidence. I am convinced that so long as men are done to death on indirect evidence so long must the constant possibility of judicial murder lie heavy on the conscience of the nation. By my death and Thompson's conviction I hope to awaken the public conscience to a sense of its shameful burden. If I am successful, then all has been well done.

Here is an innocent man sentenced to death on circumstantial evidence of the clearest description, and yet for this letter his sentence would eventually be executed.

All that I have done to fix my death upon Thompson might have been done by a third party had I been really assassinated.

In conclusion I beg that a copy of this letter be sent to each of the newspapers, and that this inclosure be handed to James Thompson with the assurance of my affection and thanks for his services voluntary and others.

The doctors came in due time and examined the prisoner. Then they talked it over among themselves and decided that, though he was certainly a little odd, he had sense enough to hang satisfactorily and handed in their report in that sense.

So old Thompson was told that he had nothing further to hope for in this world and sat down to wait through the months which the wisdom rather than the mercy of the law ordains shall elapse between a condemned man's sentence and execution. And here we must leave him while we pay a visit at the office of Mr. Fogey, the late Mr. Weathercraft's lawyer and confidential man of business.

It was Monday morning, just six months after Mr. Weathercraft's death. Mr. Fogey was busy, but when his clerk entered and handed him a card he glanced at it and ordered the visitor to be admitted.

The card bore the name of Mr. C. T. Lacey, and underneath, "on business connected with the late George Weathercraft's estate."

He was just acquainted with Mr. Lacey and knew him to be a very old friend of his deceased client, but he was at a loss to divine the reason of his visit. The lawyer rose as his visitor entered, and motioning him to a chair asked how he could serve him, to which Mr. Lacey replied by producing a packet from his pocket and laying it down on the table in front of Mr. Fogey.

Then he sat down and began: "Mr. Fogey," he said, "I have come here today in obedience to a request of poor, dear Weathercraft. There is a packet which he gave me some six months or more before he was murdered, asking me to give it to you or your successor exactly six months after his death. The time is up, and here I am."

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And now to explain everything, to make the dark clear and the crooked straight. On the 19th of November last I committed suicide, having previously arranged that everything should point clearly to the guilt of James, my butler. I secreted the skewer. I sharpened it with a file and placed the file in Thompson's room. I stained his coverlet with blood, my blood, for it came from a cut on my finger. I hid my purse in his chimney, and finally, on the night of Nov. 19, I committed suicide by stabbing myself to the heart.

And now for my reasons. In taking my own life I have doubtless committed a crime against the laws of God and the state, but I believe that the life of one man is of little value when weighed against even a possible good to the community. If my death fulfills the object I have in view, then my life has been well sacrificed. And even if it fails, the intention will absolve me.

Next, I have inflicted great anguish of mind on an innocent and virtuous old man. But here again the agony, even if it run to martyrdom of one, must be weighed against the benefit of the many. For James Thompson himself I have endeavored to supply consolation, if not compensation, in my legacy of \$10,000 and the supplementary sum of \$10,000 which I inclosed herewith. May he understand and forgive me.

Perhaps even now you scarcely understand what I hope to have accomplished by my death, but I will endeavor to explain. You have heard me speak, you have perhaps read my written words on the use of circumstantial evidence. I am convinced that so long as men are done to death on indirect evidence so long must the constant possibility of judicial murder lie heavy on the conscience of the nation. By my death and Thompson's conviction I hope to awaken the public conscience to a sense of its shameful burden. If I am successful, then all has been well done.

Here is an innocent man sentenced to death on circumstantial evidence of the clearest description, and yet for this letter his sentence would eventually be executed.

All that I have done to fix my death upon Thompson might have been done by a third party had I been really assassinated.

In conclusion I beg that a copy of this letter be sent to each of the newspapers, and that this inclosure be handed to James Thompson with the assurance of my affection and thanks for his services voluntary and others.

sol's peace of mind may have been vainly sacrificed. Your affectionate friend,

GEORGE WEATHERCRAFT.

The two men sat silent for a minute while the lawyer folded up the paper and laid it on the little pile of notes. Then Mr. Lacey spoke:

"I always thought poor Weathercraft was a bit of a crank on circumstantial evidence, but he must have been stark, staring mad. I wonder what old James will think of it. I wouldn't have gone through it for millions."

"I doubt if old James would if he had been given a chance," replied the man of law; "not but what \$20,000 is a good round sum for the old fellow to earn in six months, though he might have preferred earning it in some other way."

"Do you think it likely to have the desired effect on the minds of our law givers?" asked the other.

"Not the least in the world," replied Mr. Fogey, "rather the reverse, I should imagine," he continued, with a half smile. "People will say that Weathercraft was as mad as a March hare and may even infer that everybody who shares his views is a little cracked too. No, no! Poor Weathercraft has thrown his life away, old Thompson is richer by \$20,000 minus his law expenses and plus a vast deal of experience, and the law will remain just as it was before."

"Now good by. I'm off to show the letter to the governor. It's a rum case anyhow."—Philadelphia Press.

Both Were Candid.

Doctor—Your wife is in a very critical state, and I should recommend you to call in some specialist to consult on the case.

Husband—There, you see, doctor, I was right again! I told my wife long ago she ought to get proper medical advice, but she always thought you might be offended!—Flegende Blatter.

A Grace Church Window.

By nothing can the prevailing state of taste be more accurately gauged than by the monuments erected in churches and other public places. In the dark periods which every now and then come in art church monuments erected by the loving but mistaken friends of the dead have been often horrid monstrosities. It is good to note a decided advance in this respect here in New York. In some of our churches exquisite windows, rivaling in the delicacy of their tones those to be found in the old churches of the continent of Europe, have been placed. Now it is announced that another door, set in a carved doorway, is to be placed in Grace church by the family of the late Charles Griswold Langdon. This will make each entrance to the church represent a memorial to some former member of the parish. The good thing about a window or a doorway is that in each case there is a design to improve the church rather than satisfy that individual pride which is so manifest in the case of so many mural and statuary memorials.—New York Sun.

Some Magnificent Wedding Cakes.

Some very costly wedding cakes have been made in the royal kitchen of her majesty the queen. That provided for the Princess Beatrice's wedding was said to be worth £200. It weighed 800 pounds, was 9 feet in height and 5 feet in diameter. Six months were occupied in modeling the ornaments, among which were 1,800 sprays of sugared leaves of ivy, roses, honeysuckle and other plants. It was conveyed to Osborne in a special van and required 12 men to handle it.

The one provided for the marriage of the Princess Louise with the Duke of Fife was also made by the queen's confectioner and was a most magnificent and costly cake. The cake made for Count Munster's wedding was said to be of great cost. It stood on a handsome silver plateau. It weighed over a hundredweight, and was built in two tiers, overtopping everything else in the room where the breakfast was held.—London Tit-Bits.

Why Artificial Ice Is So Pure.

That artificial ice is pure ice cannot be gainsaid. The very nature and manner of manufacture necessarily makes it so. The water used is carefully distilled, which renders it impossible that any impurities shall remain, and even after it is distilled extra precautions are taken to keep it pure until it is safely congealed into the crystal blocks, which are almost transparent and show not the slightest foreign substance. Take a piece of purest lake ice and carefully compare it with the manufactured article, and the difference will readily be seen. Melt them in different glasses, and in the bottom of that containing the natural ice will be found a sediment, the other will contain pure water, while under the microscope a vast difference will be disclosed.—Exchange.

A Devout Celestial.

In one of the Sunday schools at Olympia is a little Chinese boy who takes great interest in all the proceedings. When impressed with the propriety of bringing a nickel to put in the contribution box, he promptly responded, but as he parted with it he asked, "What for?" The kind teacher replied, "It's for Jesus, my dear." The second Sunday the same question and the same answer. The third Sunday the same, but now the little Celestial's eyes opened with earnestness as he further asked, "Jesus alius bloke?" The reply of the teacher is not recorded.—Portland Oregonian.

By now I feel that if this case leads to a revelation of the law touching the infliction of the God's penalty upon the life of Thompson...

New Goods. New Goods.

OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

DRY - GOODS, - CLOTHING, BOOTS - AND - SHOES

Are now open and ready for inspection. We realize that money is scarce, and are going to sell goods cheaper than was ever known in Henrietta. Read our price list below:

1000 yards Indigo prints (worth 7 to 8½ cents) now 5c yd.
2500 " dark fast colored prints, now 5c "
1500 " unbleached cotton flannel, only 5c "
2000 " cotton checks (worth 5 cents) only 3 1-2c "
Good linen crash (worth 8½ cents) : only 5c "
All colors in half wool dress goods only 10c "
25 pieces heavy brown domestic yd wide for 5c "

100 ladies' corsets, job lot worth 75c to \$1 50c each.
10 pieces wool jeans, [worth 40c] only 25c yd.
20 pieces good bleached domestic. 5c yd.
8 spools good sewing thread for 25 cents.
12 yds yd wide best bleached domestic \$1.
Good feather ticking 8 yards for \$1.
48 pr ladies' kid shoes [worth \$1.50 a pr] \$1 a pr.

36 Pairs Men's \$2.50 Congress Shoes for \$1.50.

72 Pairs Ladies' Glove Button \$1.50 Shoes for \$1.00.

You can find all the novelties in dress goods, trimmings, silks, satins and linings at our store. We have an elegant line of men's, boys' and children's clothing just opened, also a full assortment of men's, ladies' and misses' shoes. In fact, our stock is complete in all departments. Don't buy anything till you see our goods and prices. No trouble to show goods. Everything cash.

W. S. KNIGHT,

Malone Building, Opposite Patton & Co's Furniture Store, Henrietta, Texas.

STAMPEDE.

The long looked for rain has come at last. It began to rain about 6 o'clock p. m. Sunday and is raining yet. We have been very busy watering stock and picking cotton. Now the program will be picking cotton and sowing wheat. The cotton crop will be very short, but those who have been here a long time know that a drouth may come and blast our every hope; we can't see how we are to get along, the rain comes, nature puts on new life, and we, in a short time, forget all about the hard times we thought was upon us. So it will be again. Autry Bros. & Gates are doing a good business.

S. R. Melugin has bought the Brown property and is going to move to our town.

Prof. Bryant of Jacksboro has the Myrtle school, and with the proper encouragement from the people will build up a first-class school at Myrtle.

A. B. Moore, familiarly known as Ash, has moved back among us. We are always glad to welcome such men back.

Jesse Shaw got his hand caught in the saws of the gin last week, and fortunate enough to get off with the loss of the end of one finger and another considerable cut. His father, our old justice, came very near being killed a few days before by a horse running away with a cart.

Hoping we may get a good price for our cotton, and that we may soon have better times, I am

A CONTENTED NESTER.

Sept. 25.

Have You the Cash?

If you have, I have something to tell you that you want to hear. I have the best stock of groceries in Henrietta and I want to build up a cash trade. If you have the money to pay over the counter I can make you prices that will make you feel good. Come and see me and let's have a talk about it.

J. W. BORUM.

Those Uniform Text Books.

ED. INDEPENDENT:—Our judge, after working faithfully, has secured the adoption of a uniform series of text books for our county. It

now remains for us to make it a success or a failure. No school can be worthy of the name of a school without uniformity. Then it is better to have the uniformity general. I shall not argue the advantages of uniformity to teachers and pupils. These we have heard time and again, but I will argue the advantage to the patron from a financial standpoint.

We will take two pupils, one a beginner, the other more advanced; supposing the beginner to want a first reader; the other a history, arithmetic, grammar and geography. These books would have cost the father \$5.25. Under the contract we made with the publishers they will cost \$3.52, besides the old books can be put in as part pay, so the difference will be still greater in favor of the adoption, and moreover we adopted the books mostly used in the county. If we can save as much as one dollar to the pupil, what will it be to the county?

A few teachers met at Autrey's store and organized a class for the purpose of reviewing our studies and to learn of each other the best ways to teach these studies. Our next meeting will be at the Myrtle school house on Saturday, October the 14th. We wish to begin at 8 o'clock a. m. and work all day. We only agreed on two subjects for that day—algebra and geometry—Robinson's algebra and Wentworth's geometry. In algebra we go to fractions, in geometry to and including, locus of a point.

The judge has set November the 3rd and 4th for the first meeting of our county institute. It is to be hoped that trustees and patrons as well as teachers will turn out and help us make it a success. The program was arranged for Friday and Friday night with matters of special interest to trustees and patrons. Come one, come all.

Reader, is there any thing of more importance than the educational interests of our country? Is there any other interest that receives as little attention?

Yours for the children,
B. F. C.

P. F. Williams & Co. are selling bagging and ties; they are selling to the naked ear and are sold at cost to the purchaser.

Cholera and Yellow Fever.

At a meeting of the city council of Henrietta held Sept. 16th the following was unanimously adopted

Whereas, Yellow fever is nearing our borders and cholera has already reached our shores, and cholera is a filth disease of a specific character, carried by dirty people to dirty places and there spread by the use of dirty water. With pure water, pure air, pure soil and pure habits, cholera and other infectious diseases need not be feared by any city or any individual the bearing of the above lies in the application of:—therefore be it

Resolved, That the mayor be required to issue his proclamation to have the sanitary ordinances of the city strictly enforced.

PROCLAMATION.

As it is feared that cholera and other infectious diseases may visit our city during the coming fall, I hereby request all property owners and house holders within the city limits of Henrietta to see that their places are cleaned up and that all filth and garbage is promptly removed and that all stagnant waters and cess pools be properly filled up.

I hereby give notice that the sanitary ordinance No. 184 will be strictly enforced, and request every property owner and household to govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my hand and seal of office, this 23rd Sept. 1893 and by order of the city council.

W. A. SQUIRES,
Mayor.

A Butcher's Exit.

Ed. N. Smither, who has been running the Central meat market for some months past, left, it is said, for Cincinnati on the 1:35 Fort Worth and Denver train Thursday of last week. The cause of his leaving is said to be to escape his creditors. Smither is reported to have taken a good round sum with him. He left word that he would return the 30th. He was in Galveston this week.

Grain Sacks.

R. P. Stone can supply you with grain sacks. East side square.

A Musical.

An impromptu musical party was given by the Misses Crutcher Monday evening. There were some excellent renditions on the piano and some melodious vocal selections. Those present were Misses Mollie and Willa Harris, Lula Davis, May and Bettie Johnson, Anny Hutcherson and Jessie Wise; Messrs. Harris, Kibler, Cargill, Johnson, Johnson, Burton and Coleman.

About Water Works.

T. F. Berner of the water works committee of the city council, informs THE INDEPENDENT that the money for the water works bonds is expected every day. When the money is received the work will begin.

The water works company contracted to take their pay in bonds, but the city refuses to deliver the bonds until the money is put up in trust, to be paid out to the contractors as the work progresses. President Gorman of Dallas, sent word that the money would be here Wednesday, but it did not come. As matters now stand everything is expectancy and nothing definite. The water works must be completed in five months from August first unless the council extends the time.

See M. L. Haddock's buggies, carts and wagons before you buy a new vehicle. He will offer you some bargains.

Beginning May 15th, and until October 31, inclusive, unless otherwise ordered the Ft. W. & D. C. Ry will sell round trip tickets limited for return passage to Nov. 15th, to Chicago, Ill., at \$37.15. Good time, close connections and your choice of routes. O. J. WATROUS,

Dallas Fair.

From Oct. 14 to Oct. 29, inclusive, the F. W. & D. C. Ry will sell excursion tickets to Dallas on account of the fair, at the low rate of \$3.85 for the round trip, good to return until Oct. 30. This is the shortest and best route to Dallas; leaving Henrietta at 6:46 a. m. makes close connection at Ft. Worth and arrives in Dallas at 11 a. m. O. J. WATROUS, Agent.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Don't fail to go to the Edwards Abell Co. for everything in the drug line. Their drugs are received fresh every week. You are sure to get none but the freshest drugs at the lowest market prices, as they sell only for cash.

If you want the best thing on earth buy the Superior steel frame drill from M. L. Haddock. 4tf

For hay ties, buggies and road scrapers, call on M. L. Haddock.

M. L. Haddock has just received a car load of Canton Clipper Sulky, gang and walk plows, disc and lever harrows.

You can buy preserves and jellies, new crop, cheap, at J. W. Borum's.

M. L. Haddock sells barb wire and staples.

Mason's fruit jars in abundance at D. T. Davis.

For farm implements and machinery, wagons, buggies, and everything in that line, call on M. L. Haddock.

Trustee's Sale.

The entire stock of implements belonging to the late business of P. F. Williams & Co. is now offered at reduced prices by the trustee.

Look to your interests, call early and get bargains. L. B. UPHAM, Trustee.

Mrs. Harl is receiving her fall stock of millinery good. Call and see them.

Baling wire and barbed wire at M. L. Haddock's.

R. P. Stone carries a full line of staple and fancy groceries. East side square.

Look at This!

The Ft. W. & D. C. Ry are now selling tickets to the Chicago worlds Fair via Denver and return via the C. B. & Q. and M. K. & T. at \$55.00 for the trip, good until Nov. 15, and allowing stop over at points of interest in Colorado. For full particulars call on O. J. Watrous.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES AND SOCIETIES.

M. E. Church South Rev. F. B. Carroll, Pastor. Services at 11 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening each Sunday in the month. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

Baptist Church. Rev. J. E. Young, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday night. Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church. Rev. Geo. Pierson, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday except the second. Sunday school every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

German Evangelical Church—Rev. L. Schaffla pastor. Sunday services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Cumberland Presbyterian Church—Rev. G. W. Basham pastor. Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Prayer meeting every 1st Sunday at 8:30 p. m. Sunday school every Sunday at 9 a. m.

ODD FELLOWS.
Henrietta Lodge No. 317—Meets Tuesday night of each week, 7:30 o'clock, at their hall east side square.
Lee Ellis, V. G. E. Eddy, Secretary
I. H. Hurd, Treas.

MASONS.
Henrietta Lodge No. 454—Meets Saturday or before full moon.
O. J. Watrous, S. M. W. F. Siddath, J. W. F. E. Squires, Treas. W. W. Bell, Tiler.

BRIGHT CHAPTER No. 19—(Eastern Star Degree of Masonry)—Meets first and third Friday night in each month at Masonic Hall, over J. D. Skinner's drug store.
Mrs. Kate Hard, Worthy Matron.

Henrietta Chapter No. 161—Royal Arch Masons, meets second Wednesday night in each month.
W. B. Patterson, M. E. H. P.
S. K. Andrain, E. L. W. D. Emanuel, G. R. H. Palmer, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
Henrietta Lodge No. 19—Meets every Monday night.
G. F. Pierson, A. J. Charette, K. of R. and S. e. c.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.
Henrietta Lodge No. 2814—Meets second and fourth Thursday night in each month.
H. J. Carroll, Reporter, L. H. Koethe, Dictator, J. D. Skinner, Treasurer.

OFFICIAL—Clay County.

Mem. Cong. J. V. Cockrell, Anson.
State Senator D. F. Goss, Seymour.
Representative J. K. Wester, Jacksboro.
District Judge Geo. E. Miller, Wichita Falls.
Attorney J. J. Ohel, Wichita Falls.
Clerk L. J. Walker, Henrietta.

COUNTY.
County Judge J. J. Barrett.
Attorney Jas. F. Carter.
Clerk L. J. Walker.
Sheriff G. C. Wright.
Tax Collector J. C. Skipwith.
Treasurer J. C. Skipwith.
Assessor W. D. Slaton.

COMMISSIONER'S COURT.
F. J. Barrett, County Judge.
J. H. Bridges, Com'r. Prec. No. 1, Henrietta.
E. W. Coleman, Com'r. Prec. No. 2, Benaville.
J. P. Metzger, Com'r. Prec. No. 3, Blue Grove.
A. J. Farmer, Com'r. Prec. No. 4, Bellevue.

TERMS OF COURT.
District Court. Meets 10th Monday after the first Monday in January and July. Each session may continue six weeks.
County Court. Meets third Monday in February, May, August and November.
Commissioners' Court. Meets second Monday in February, May, August and November.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
J. F. Johns, Henrietta, Prec. No. 1.
G. A. Stratton, Riverland, Prec. No. 2.
C. A. Leath, Benaville, Prec. No. 3.
J. C. Miller, Bellevue, Prec. No. 4.
J. P. Welch, Newport, Prec. No. 5.
J. L. McLaughlin, Fannin Town, Prec. No. 6.
C. Dean, Secret Springs, Prec. No. 8.

JUSTICE'S COURT.
Prec't. No. 1. Meets 1st Monday in each month at Henrietta.
Prec't. No. 2. Meets second Monday in each month, at Riverland.
Prec't. No. 3. Meets first Saturday in each month, at Benaville.
Prec't. No. 4. Meets second Thursday in each month, at Charlie.
Prec't. No. 5. Meets third Saturday in each month, at Bellevue.
Prec't. No. 6. Meets fourth Thursday in each month, at Newport.
Prec't. No. 8. Meets fourth Saturday in each month, at Blue Grove.

CITY OF HENRIETTA.
Mayor W. A. Squires.
Treasurer L. J. Barber.
Secretary P. M. Andrain.
Marshal J. H. McCher.
Assessor and Collector J. F. Conn.
Attorney J. W. Rankin.
ALDERMEN.
First Ward—T. F. Berner, M. S. Eaton.
Second Ward—M. G. Winning, L. H. Koethe.
Regular meeting first and third Tuesday evening of each month.
Henriettahook and ladder company. Regular meetings 1st Wednesday night in each mo.
L. H. Koethe, C. W. Eastley, Chairman, Foreman.

Summer Excursion Rates.

On and after June 1st, the Ft. W. & D. C. Ry. will sell round trip tickets to principal points in Southeastern states at reduced rates. For full information call on or address O. J. WATROUS, Agt.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Senator Voorhees is very much like the individual, who everybody knows, that is going to do great things to-morrow or next week. His threats of resorting to extreme measures to force a vote on the Voorhees repeal bill continue to be made, but no extreme measures have been resorted to. The senators opposed to the bill have openly defied Mr. Voorhees to attempt to pass a cloture rule or to hold the senate in continuous session until a vote is reached. Senator Platt of Connecticut, has proposed a cloture rule, but, as that can be debated as long as the repeal bill, there is no probability that it will be seriously considered. In any attempt to carry out the often made threat of wearing the silver men out by a continuous session all of the advantages would be on the side of the silver men, who could divide into relays while the friends of the bill would be compelled to maintain a quorum constantly, and if the attempt is made it will probably be made to show President Cleveland the impossibility of getting a vote on the bill, in order to get his consent to a compromise that would be accepted by the silver men. It is as certain now as it has been from the beginning that no vote can be reached without the consent of the friends of silver. When this fact is recognized the long and needless struggle will be over, and not before, unless a sufficient number of administration senators shall agree to vote for a compromise without the president's consent, and many well-informed people consider that a very likely outcome of the present situation.

The nominations of W. B. Hornblower of N. Y., to the vacancy in the supreme court, and of J. J. Van Allen of R. I., a son-in-law of W. B. Astor, to be ambassador to Italy, are far from pleasing to the politicians, although it is not probable that any serious attempt will be made to defeat the confirmation of either of them.

The science of finance constantly presents new problems and contradictions to those who attempt to master it. The word "attempt" is intentionally used, for it is doubtful whether any man has yet succeeded in mastering it. In the early days of the extra session the senate committee on finance favorably reported a bill to allow national banks to issue currency to the full face value of the bonds they have deposited in the U. S. treasury, and the bill was endorsed by the secretary of the treasury and other men credited with being financial experts, as one that will materially aid in ending the financial stringency then at its worst. Before that bill was acted upon pressure upon the finance committee caused it to be side-tracked in order to give the Voorhees silver bill the right of way. And now, although there has been no change in a single law, the banks have more money than they want and instead of wanting to increase their currency they have begun to surrender it—one New York city bank retired \$472,000 of its currency last week and others are preparing to do likewise. This is only a single instance, but it shows how little is known on the subject.

The public tariff hearings, which were concluded last week, took an unexpected turn when a delegation of prominent Democrats from Virginia, West Virginia, and Maryland, numbering nearly one hundred, among them the governor of West Virginia, and ex-Senator Davis, made its appearance to protest against the removal or reduction of the present duty upon bituminous coal. Although unexpected, the effect of this demand for protection for a product of three Democratic states, for demand it was, is already apparent and before long will become more so. It will embolden Democratic senators and representatives to make the same demand for products and manufacturers of other states. Of course there is a difference in making the demand and making the new tariff bill, unless all indications are at fault there will be considerable protection in that new tariff bill before it becomes a law.

The house after a week of filibustering and trying to muster a quorum of Democrats adopted temporarily one of the most drastic cloture rules, in the shape of an order reported from the committee on rules, ever used by any house, be-



A HOWLING SUCCESS. FAIRBANK'S CLAIRETTE SOAP

OWES ITS REPUTATION AND SUCCESS TO ITS OWN MERITS.

IT IS PURE, UNADULTERATED, AND FOR RAPID CLEANSING POWER HAS NO EQUAL. IT IS INVALUABLE IN KITCHEN & LAUNDRY. SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. ST. LOUIS.



REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS, AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.

A RELIABLE REMEDY FOR Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Dizziness, Bad Complexion, Dysentery, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Ripans Tablets contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Pleasant to take, safe, effectual. Give immediate relief. Sold by druggists. A trial bottle sent by mail on receipt of 15 cents. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 Spruce Street, New York City.

DESPITE THE HARD TIMES

The "Cotton Belt Route" improved its passenger service by the addition, August 20th, of another through train from Waco which carries a through sleeper for St. Louis via St. L. I. M. & S. Ry. from Texarkana and through coaches connecting with Pullman sleeper from Ft. Worth at Mt. Pleasant for Memphis, giving its patrons double daily service to and from St. Louis, Chicago, Memphis and the Southeast.

SCHEDULE.

Train No. 2. Read Down.		Train No. 1. Read Up.
4-20 p. m.	Lv. Gatesville	via Cotton Belt, Ar. 12-20 p. m.
5-48 p. m.	Lv. McGregor	Ar. 10-58 a. m.
7-40 p. m.	Lv. Waco	Ar. 8-45 a. m.
10-00 p. m.	Lv. Corsicana	Ar. 6-25 a. m.
11-52 p. m.	Lv. Athens	Ar. 4-54 a. m.
1-15 a. m.	Lv. Tyler	Ar. 3-20 a. m.
3-35 a. m.	Lv. Pittsburg	Ar. 1-00 a. m.
4-15 a. m.	Lv. Mt. Pleasant	Ar. 12-30 a. m.
6-45 a. m.	Lv. Texarkana	Ar. 9-20 p. m.
7-35 a. m.	Lv. Texarkana	Iron Mountain Ar. 8-45 p. m.
8-15 a. m.	Lv. St. Louis	Ar. 9-30 p. m.
9-15 p. m.	Lv. Memphis	Ar. 7-45 a. m.

Write your friends coming to Texas to take the "Cotton Belt Route." S. G. WARNER, G. P. A., Tyler, Texas. A. A. GLISSON, T. P. A., Ft. Worth, Texas.

fore it could get the Tucker bill for the repeal of the Federal election laws reported to the house; and now the country may as well prepare for a period of exciting partisan political debate on that bill unless Republicans carry out their threat of uniting with the anti-silver men to kill the bill.

Silver is carried into every thing in the senate just now. Senator Vance of North Carolina, who is opposed to the Voorhees bill, has succeeded in "hanging up" the nominations of two collectors of internal revenue in that state, made upon the recommendation of Senator Raansom, who favors the Voorhees bill.

I have for sale 4000 acres of land in Clay county all good grazing or farm land, price low and terms easy; also 20 improved farms. Will sell on good terms. Call on or address H. L. KOONTZ, Henrietta, Clay Co., Texas.

Reduced Excursion Rates to Colorado Points. Effective June 27th, the Ft. W. & D. C. will sell round-trip tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Trinidad at \$25.00 for the round trip. O. J. WATROUS, Agent.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE! Ft. Worth & Denver City Railway Co. AND Union Pacific System.

Have you heard of the wonderful loop route to Chicago and return? The Fort Worth and Denver City Ry. in connection with the Union Pacific System (The World's Pictorial Line) have inaugurated a series of excursions to the World's Fair, giving purchaser tickets via this route with stop-overs at the various watering points in Colorado. In other words, you go from Fort Worth to

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