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GOODNIGHT FAVORS HOME-BRED SIRES

Panhandle Cattleman Makes Interesting Address at Amarillo Convention.

BAD WEATHER CONTINUES

Interest in Proceedings, However, Continues Unflagging. Attendance Is Large

Special to The Telegram.

AMARILLO, Texas, April 19.—The second day's session of the Panhandle Cattleman's association opened this morning with a continuation of the cold and damp weather of the previous day, but with no cessation of the interest of the previous day.

The first speaker was J. N. Browning of Amarillo, who was at one time lieutenant governor of Texas, and who spoke on the future of the Panhandle, greatly pleasing the audience by reference not only to past conditions but the splendid possibilities of the plains country with which from long residence he is familiar. Professor John A. Craig of the Agricultural and Mechanical college followed with "Experiments in Cattle Feeding."

Charles Goodnight of Goodnight, of the pioneer cattlemen of the west and a household familiar in Texas, followed with a short talk on actual conditions and rather startled the cattlemen by saying that the danger from inbreeding was mythical and better results could be attained by using home-bred sires than

"BEEF TRUST" GRAND JURY INDICTS LAWYER



JOSEPH WEISSENBACH.

CHICAGO—Among the most prominent of the men indicted by the federal grand jury investigating the beef trust, is Jos. Weissenbach, an attorney for Schwarzschild & Sulsberger. It is alleged that he and others "obstructed and opposed" the efforts of the United States marshal to serve a subpoena on E. B. Fish, another employe of the firm whose presence was desired as a witness.

Weissenbach vigorously denies the charge, saying that he consulted with the district attorney regarding Fish's appearance and that no effort was made to keep the latter out of court. If the grand jury had heard both sides, Weissenbach says, no indictment would have been returned. He formerly was United States district attorney here.

those imported. No matter if the native bulls came from the same family he had watched closely, he said, and was absolutely confident of the truth of his statement. Congressman J. Stephens followed and spoke of the efforts of history in securing for the cattleman his just rights, suggesting the best way of doing the same thing in the future.

A feature of his address was a beautiful tribute to Judge Reagan and a commendatory reference to President Roosevelt, all being received with prolonged applause. Practically all of the speakers have voiced the sentiment of the people favoring a packing house in the Panhandle and it is nearly certain that building the same will be assured before the convention closes tomorrow.

AMARILLO, Texas, April 19.—Cowmen, composing the Panhandle Stockmen's association of Texas, met yesterday for the sixth time in annual session of the association with a goodly attendance.

Beyond the addresses scheduled but one matter came up at this first day's session, but one most important to the cattle interests of the section, a matter which developed a decided division of sentiment that of subscribing stock for a packing house for Amarillo.

The town has agreed to put up \$25,000, or one-half the necessary amount, provided the cowmen will subscribe the other half, and through the meeting there was expectation on both sides until the project was presented by C. B. Pash of Amarillo and variously supported by prominent cattle interests and as stoutly opposed by the faction represented by L. B. Watkins of Quanah.

The principal champion of the project was W. B. Slaughter of Dalhart, who made a motion to call the roll on the matter of each cowman putting up \$50 for stock.

After some good-humored wrangling the matter was dropped, Mr. Slaughter withdrawing his motion, but publicly announcing that the stock books would be open tomorrow morning at the First National bank for all who might choose to subscribe. It is considered probable that the matter will come up again before the convention finally adjourns.

The addresses delivered during both morning and afternoon sessions were vigorously applauded. Several speakers who were expected failed to appear, including B. T. Davidson of the Rock Island and E. B. Funk of Bloomington, Ill., who, however, in the evening gave a stereopticon lecture on "Breeding Corn."

No slate has been arranged for officers for the coming year and it is very generally believed that T. S. Bugbee, for five years president of the association, and E. H. Brainerd, its secretary, will be elected without opposition. The president, however, has announced his desire to have another in his seat of office, though it is not thought he will be allowed to have his way unless he should suddenly decide to leave the town, the county, the state and the cattle business. It also seems certain that Amarillo will get next year's meeting, though Quanah is after it in an easy going sort of way.

GARFIELD GOES TO CALIFORNIA

Commissioner of Corporations Leaves Oil Investigation to Subordinates

TOPEKA, Kan., April 22.—James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations, started for California last night and will not return to Kansas to take further part in the Standard Oil investigation, which he has been conducting for two weeks past, but will leave the work in charge of several agents of the department of commerce and labor. Mr. Garfield held conferences yesterday afternoon with Governor Hoch and Judge Pollock of the United States district court. He refused to discuss his work in Kansas, or the probable time of the completion of his report.

THINKS TEXAS FELL DOWN
In the strenuous pursuit for proof of "beef trust" existence Texas has fallen down, to use the vernacular, says the

Chicago Live Stock World. The legislative committee, which conducted the investigation, states, in substance, that while it has made much inquiry, there has not developed evidence of a specific violation of the anti-trust law on which to recommend the institution of civil or criminal proceedings. The report continues: "From advices received we are able to state that, in our judgment, there exists in this state a combination of persons and corporations engaged in the business of packing and selling beef and other like products in contravention to the anti-trust laws of the state."

This is the peculiar phase of the situation. Popularly a trust is credited with existence, but no one seems to be in a position to demonstrate the fact. Either the trust idea is a gigantic myth or those who are shaping its course are men of phenomenal acumen and remarkable legal ingenuity. The Texas probers are to be congratulated on their honesty, however. They admitted failure to detect a policy in striking contrast to that of an army of magazine and newspaper writers, who detect without even probing. If the "beef trust" exists and has a lair, fame awaits the man who can locate them. There is every reason to believe that, shorn of their special transportation privileges, packers would have no advantage over their competitors. Their business has made such rapid development, largely by reason of their ability to distribute their product cheaper than their competitors. The solution of the whole problem lies in empowering the interstate commerce commission with power to enforce "equal rates for all."

ELIMINATES DIVIDING LINE

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 22.—A feature of the American Royal Live Stock Show, to be held in Kansas City Oct. 9 to 14, which is expected to create much interest is the elimination of the dividing line heretofore drawn between car load lots of range bred and native cattle. Since the institution of the American Royal Show a rule has been in force that all beef cattle west of a certain line in Kansas must be classed as range bred. This rule was established at a time when the cattle west of the line referred to were for the most part really range bred. The country was undeveloped and the cattle were raised on hay and grass rather than corn and feed. Now it is different and the rule has been deemed to be an injustice to stockmen west of the line who are now raising the choicest kind of native cattle.

At the show this year the cattle will be judged solely on their merits, as either range or native stock, regardless of what part of the country they come from. The officials of the show expect the new ruling to be productive of more entries than ever before of these grades of cattle.

Commissioner Garfield tells the people of Kansas that he only wants facts in the pending Standard Oil trust investigation. One might infer from that remark that Commissioner Garfield obtained a sufficiency of other things in his beef trust investigation.

PRICES OF MEAT ARE AGAIN RAISED

New York Butchers Decide It Useless to Protest Against Packers' Action

NEW YORK, April 19.—A further advance of one to two cents a pound in meat has been agreed upon by the West Side butchers in this city. At a mass meeting of the trade, it was stated that the packers had added another half cent to their raise of last week, which amounted to two cents a pound and make a total of three cents in three weeks.

It was considered useless by those who attended the butchers' meeting to draft resolutions denouncing the western packers, or to frame a schedule of increased prices for Manhattan butchers, out all those present agreed that they must, in self-protection, raise their prices. Many indeed reported that they had already done so and were charging the public 3 to 5 cents more a pound for good beef than they did three weeks ago.

"BEEF TRUST" JURY SUMMONS BANKERS

Declared to Have Secured Important Evidence of Profit Distribution

CHICAGO, Ill., April 22.—Evidence that S. Oppenheimer & Co. and the Aetna Trading Company were the clearing house of the beef trust, distributing their millions of dollars in profits that the great packing heads through a clever and non-traceable system of "Doe" checks has caused Federal officials to subpoena heads of four Chicago banks. The officials, who declare that they have seized more than five hundred canceled checks calling for big sums of money to be paid by S. Oppenheimer & Co. and the Aetna Company, say their secret service men, after weeks of patient detective work, have discovered that sums of money were paid personally to heads of the beef trust, although checks were made out payable to name and number, such as "Joe Doe, No. 21568," and received in the same way after passing through a half dozen banks, firms and clearing houses. The government officials believe they have traced them direct to the real recipients. The bankers are commanded to bring with them all cash books, bank books, cash account, checks and all records in their possession belonging to the Aetna Trading Company and S. Oppenheimer and it was alleged "dummy" sausage casing coupons were before the grand jury.

The subpoena issued in duces tecum form call for the following witnesses: Continental National Bank, La Salle street and Adams, George M. Reynolds, vice president, Ira Bowen, assistant cashier; Commercial National bank, Bourbon and Monroe streets, Joseph T. Talbert, vice president, H. R. Losch, assistant cashier; Corn Exchange National bank, 217 La Salle street, Donald A. Moulton, vice president, Frank W. Smith, cashier; National Bank of the Republic, Monroe and La Salle streets, W. T. Fenton, vice president, Robert M. McKinney, cashier.

A TRUST PROBER



Irving G. Baxter, United States attorney for Nebraska, who is assisting in the beef trust investigation at Chicago. He was chosen because of his thorough knowledge of the live stock and packing industry in the west.

AMARILLO PACKING HOUSE

AMARILLO, Texas, April 22.—A packing house enterprise has been launched at the convention of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association.

It is proposed to raise \$50,000 for the purpose of erecting a slaughter house here. Amarillo will furnish half the capital, cowmen being asked to contribute the balance.

Argument advanced by the promoters of the enterprise is that local slaughter will avoid the shrinkage incidental to the journey to Fort Worth and Kansas City, and also effect considerable saving in freight.

RANGE REPORTS SHOW SHIPMENTS

Cattle strong and conditions good is the report sent to Secretary John T. Lytle of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association by the inspector at Amarillo and Higgins. About eighty cars of cattle have been shipped from these sections during the past week, most of them to pastures.

The inspector at Chickasha reports that there will not be many more cattle shipped from that section until the last of June, as most of the fed cattle have already been shipped out. Grass is coming rapidly in that country and conditions are most flattering with plenty of rain. Ten cars of cattle moved during the week.

The range is good and weather warm at Pecos. One hundred and twenty-nine cars of cattle moved to Kansas pastures.

Inspector Wilson reports that 403 cars of cattle were shipped during the week to Fort Worth, and the Territory pastures. The weather is warm and pleasant.

Reports from Encinal, Dilly and Cottula give weather condition as fine. There were shipped last week 170 cars of cattle to Fort Worth and St. Louis.

Good conditions prevail at Estelline, Memphis, Goodnight and Clarendon. Sixty cars of cattle were shipped to Kansas pastures.

Weather is very good and range excellent at Quanah, according to the reports.

Other reports are:

Grass fine at Guthrie and Pawnee. Range and weather fine at Beeville. Forty-one cars of cattle moved to Fort Worth.

From Victoria, Berclair, and immediate towns there were 215 cars of cattle shipped to the territory pastures. The weather and ranges are good.

Plenty of rain is reported from Frederick, O. T. Conditions good.

Cattle are reported in fine shape at Roswell, N. M.

Rain and cool weather reported from Washita and Elk City. Twenty cars of cattle moved to Kansas pastures and St. Joseph, Mo.

Warm weather and rains at San Diego, Alice and Elba. Sixty cars of cattle moved to Fort Worth, St. Louis and Kansas City.

Clear and cold weather is reported from Purcell. Nine cars of cattle were shipped to Kansas City.

Range excellent, weather cool, and plenty of stock water at Brady. There were 439 cars of cattle shipped to Indian Territory pastures.

Cattle doing well at Floresville and Karnes. Range and weather conditions fine. Twenty-six cars of cattle went to Fort Worth and St. Louis.

From Eagle Pass there were shipped 100 cars of cattle to Fort Worth, St. Louis and the Osage nation. Range fine, weather excellent.

The Ashland report was favorable, though the weather is reported a little cold.

SOUTH DAKOTA CATTLEMEN

BELLE FOURCHE, S. D., April 18.—As a cheering climax to the third annual meeting of the Northwestern Stock Growers' Association a heavy snowfall all over the Dakota ranges last night brought added joy to the celebration being worked off by the cowmen and their visitors. This big fall of snow thus late in the season is welcomed by the ranchers, as it will result in inestimable benefit to grass, the country having been very dry for this time of year in many sections. Water holes will be filled by the melting of this big body of snow, insuring a plentiful supply of water for cattle during the first half of the season at least, and the promise of early and good pasture is most excellent.

RANCHERS FAVOR RECIPROCITY

At yesterday's business session of the association, following addresses by Sam H. Cowan of Fort Worth and A. E. de Ricques of Denver, resolutions were passed favoring reciprocity treaties, which, it is generally held by stockmen, should greatly benefit the outlets for American meats abroad. Another strong resolution urging extending the power of interstate commerce commission, with the authority of fixing rates, was also passed.

President Russell A. Usles of Alladin, Wyo., and all the old officers were re-elected. T. L. Ackerman of Belle Fourche is vice president and George A. Ross of Belle Fourche is secretary. All are officials who have served the association with much credit.

CATTLE IN EXCELLENT SHAPE

Cowmen from all quarters of the compass say in speaking of conditions on the range: "The country is in the best shape in years. We have had plenty of snow in late weeks, water holes are well filled and the very mild winter resulted in practically no losses among cattle."

This is the general opinion among the

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Montana and Wyoming men who are here and all predict a much earlier season than last year. Fat beef will be available two or three weeks earlier than last year, according to most of the big owners who have made tours of inspection in late weeks, and the good condition of early grass promises a much better class of fat cattle than was had a year ago.

One of those to report such favorable conditions is Ed Lemon of Lake Tomb, manager of Lake Tomb Land Company. Mr. Lemon has lately made a tour of their range in the Standing Rock Indian reservation, where the Lake Tomb Company has several hundred thousand acres of land under lease, and says that their cattle are in exceptionally fine shape for this early in the season.

"Down our way the winter was the mildest I have seen in many years," said Mr. Lemon, "and cattle have come through without material losses, hardly more cattle having died in late months than during the extremely hot weather in the summer. They are all strong and are starting early to acquire flesh, though the grass is yet rather short. We have had plenty of water, the creeks are well filled, holes on the range are comfortably stocked and there promises to be no shortage of water during the early summer months. From present indications I think our cattle will be in shape to market much earlier than last year and the high prices now prevailing for corn-fed natives and the few hay-fed cattle which have been marketed in late weeks indicates that a much better level of values is to be secured later this season."

PACKERS RESENT U. S. DETECTIVES

Chief Wilkie Retorts by Announcement His Men Will Not Be Recalled

CHICAGO, Ill., April 22.—The Federal grand jury, which is investigating the business affairs of the meat packers, has resumed its probe into the details of the sausage casing business as carried on by the packers. Over a score of clerks and other employees of the packers told the jury what they know of this branch of the packing industry.

Chief John E. Wilkie of the United States secret service, who is in Chicago en route to the Philippines, said yesterday that he had learned that the packers and their attorneys had questioned the right of the United States secret service department to make an investigation in conjunction with the Federal grand jury. The packers, Chief Wilkie said, contended that the secret service department is under the charge of the United States treasury and the funds provided by congress can not be used in a special investigation because this service is really only for the suppression of counterfeiting. In reply to this contention Chief Wilkie said that the special detail of men connected with the investigation of the packing industry were being paid out of the \$500,000 appropriation made by an act of congress for the purpose of pushing investigations, and secret service men would be kept on the case as long as they were needed.

AMARILLO CONVENTION ADJOURNS

AMARILLO, Texas, April 21.—The cattlemen began scattering shortly after the close of the convention. Many stayed to trade, but more took the Pecos Valley train for ranches, where stock was to be looked over before purchase. This made a noticeable falling away in the crowds, especially as owners were driving purchasers out to nearby ranches in their buggies all day. Very few sales were made on the streets, though there was selling at the stables of fine cattle. Among the range sales were the following:

Harry Munday to W. H. Craven, manager of Shoe Nail ranch, small bunch of she cattle and calves; cows at \$20, heifers \$10 around.

Ben Dreifus of Kansas City bought the Box T yearlings at \$16 around. Several hundred were in the bunch. Several buyers went down to the Slaughter ranch in New Mexico to look over the cattle offered for sale.

D. Tisdale of Channing to C. T. DeGraffenried, Ceta, Hereford bull, \$325.

G. W. Littlefield to Kansas parties, 2,000 4s at \$27.50 delivered at Bovina.

Judge Cowgill of Missouri bought 2,000 Cross C 2s and 3s at \$20 and \$25.

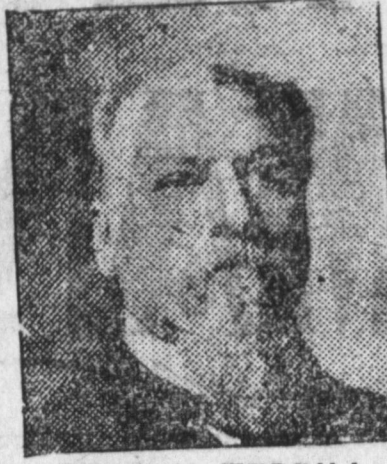
M. L. Steele of Groom to Ray of Iowa, 100 head 3s and 4s, \$24 and \$32 straight.

A feature of unusual nature came when a Kansas buyer appeared on the scene with the proposition to buy 4-year-old steers by the pound, but it could not be learned whether or not a trade was made. About two weeks ago a similar offer was made to M. L. Steele at Groom, Texas, but was declined because he weighed his cattle for an average and found he would get \$28 around, but could sell at \$32 by the head.

The cattlemen are suspicious of any such move, believing packers can figure closer than they can, and it is considered doubtful if the innovation will prove popular.

The sales on the ring were not phenomenal, but showed a fairly general desire to possess breeding animals. The cows brought the better prices. A Hereford cow topped the sale at \$200, bought by J. J. Simpson of Ellen, Texas. Two

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DALLAS, TEXAS

more cows at \$155 were bought by W. H. Coburn of Amarillo and J. D. Michener of Lakewood, N. M., respectively.

A cow and calf were sold to L. R. Bradley of Hereford for \$160. The sale resulted as follows: Thirty-five animals brought \$3,590, an average of \$94. Of these twenty-five were bulls, which brought \$2,020, an average of \$81.20. The ten cows totaled \$1,060, an average of \$126. One Shorthorn bull sold at \$40. The sale is to be continued several days.

CATTLE OUT WEST

EL PASO, Texas, April 18.—F. J. Griswell has just purchased 460 head of cattle at Odessa and shipped them through here to Phoenix, paying \$20 a head for them. He also purchased 372 head from the Carpenter ranch near this city and shipped them to Phoenix.

Lee L. Russell of Grand Summit, Kan., has just shipped 3,000 head of cattle from Pecos, which he purchased from McCutcheon Bros. at \$20 and \$17 for the cutbacks. This completes the shipment of a purchase of 4,500 head which he made from McCutcheon Bros.

Mr. Page of Kansas has just purchased and shipped from Pecos, from the Lockwood ranch, 2,750 head of cattle at \$27.50 per head, which is one of the best prices received for cattle in that section in a long time. They are said to have been a very choice bunch, however.

J. B. Dowble has just shipped 486 head of sheep and forty-seven hogs through here in bond to Cananea from Chihuahua for the Proctor Butcher Company, of which he is a member.

Baylor Shannon, who has been feeding a bunch of cattle in this city this spring, shipped a carload of "fats" to Clifton yesterday for his own use, for slaughtering purposes.

A car of cattle from J. W. Medley of Van Horn, for W. M. Wilson of Silver City, passed through yesterday.

Eight double deck carloads of sheep from Cox & Smith of Longfellow for the Kansas City or Fort Worth market, were shipped out from that place yesterday. The same firm has a shipment of sheep ready to leave Comstock today, but they are being inspected from the San Antonio station of the bureau of animal industry.

SALES AT AMARILLO

AMARILLO, Texas, April 20.—Cattle sales: H. E. Hull, Eureka, Kan., bought from Nelson, Nelson & Grady of Donley county 200 2s and 3s, strictly grass fed, at \$23 for 2s and \$32 for 3s.

Bernard sold to Trigg & Todd of Kansas 800 4s at \$31.

Henry Johnson sold to J. Peters, Peters Kan., 700 4s at Pampa, at \$30 around.

The L S ranch, near Tascosa, consisting of 100,000 acres of land and approximately 7,000 head of stock cattle, is reported on reliable authority to be sold to Swift & Co., consisting of \$2.25 an acre

for the land and \$19 per head for the stock.

D. B. Gardner sold to W. H. Craven, representing Swift & Co., 1,500 yearlings for, it is understood, \$14.50 per head.

Bell Cattle Company of New Mexico sold to the Prairie Cattle Company, that has a ranch near Channing, 3,500 two; terms private, but understood to be over \$21 per head.

Henry Johnson sold to J. Peters of Peters, Kan., 700 4s now at Pampa, Texas, at \$30.

Elsenoir Cattle Company sold to Chase Brothers of Dunlap, Kan., 2,700 fours and fives at \$28.50.

C. C. Slaughter sold to an Iowa purchaser 1,600 threes at \$25.

Puckett, Portales, N. M., sold to buyers 800 threes at \$24.50.

Johnson Brothers & Plumb, Emporia, Kan., bought of C. A. Okeefe, Mitchell county, 850 choice threes at \$30 a round.

Christie of Eureka, Kan., bought of Oscar Reeves, Brose county, 600 fours and fives.

C. O. Odonnell, manager Bell ranch, New Mexico, sold to Lewis & Molesworth 1,000 cows.

P. T. Cantrell of Kansas bought of Lewis & Molesworth 250 big steers at \$30; shipment Saturday from Canyon City.

McIntosh Brothers, Hereford, Texas, to Keith of Nebraska, 50 yearlings at \$32.

White of Denver to a Texas buyer, 1,500 extra good yearlings at \$15.

Currie & Co., Nebraska, to J. T. McElroy, 2,000 cows at \$14, through Fred Horsburgh.

Q. Bone, Fort Worth, to Johnson Brothers, Emporia, Kan., 1,000 threes—steers and speyed heifers—at \$24.25 for steers and \$18 for heifers, delivered here.

Espuela Land and Cattle Company to Peters of Kansas, 600 fours at \$30.

John Hutson, Canyon City, to a party not named, the Hereford Bull, Prince Monkton, \$1,000.

J. F. Hovenkamp, Fort Worth, to A. L. Barton of White Flat, three Hereford bulls, Prime Diamond, Willing Lad and Maple Leaf, \$200 each.

MURDO MACKENZIE ACCEPTS

DENVER, Colo., April 20.—Secretary de Ricques of the association announces that Mr. Murdo Mackenzie has finally consented to allow his name to be presented to the association as its president, and there is no doubt that he will be unanimously chosen. In fact, the stockmen are clamoring for his election. Mr. de Ricques expressed himself today that he believed the two best things that have happened in the association are, perhaps, the almost certainty of having President Roosevelt in Denver with the stockmen during their convention, and the fact that Murdo Mackenzie has finally consented to be nominated for president of the association. Mr. de Ricques further announces that the program for the convention would be published in about a week.

Panhandle Stockmen's Successful Meeting

AMARILLO, Texas, April 20.—With a single morning session of speeches and business and the election of officers and the executive committee for the coming year, the sixth annual convention of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association, declared to be the most successful in its history, came to a close today, so far as inside proceedings were concerned.

But the street talks on cattle trading, the buying and selling of cattle, which have been more in evidence at this convention than any other of the association, continued until the hotel clerks were sleepy and will probably continue over a good part of tomorrow and next day in order that buyers may be driven out to see stock on the range.

Amarillo is rejoicing over being again selected as the place of meeting, an honor secured without even the slight opposition promised in earlier days of the convention, and purposes, if possible, to do the thing up in such style next year that the institution will be permanent.

The election of officers showed but one change. On motion of Second Vice President L. B. Watkins of Dumas, Sloan Simpson was selected in his stead, Mr. Watkins saying that he wanted to see young blood given a chance.

When the cowmen assembled this morning most of them showed traces of late hours, due to the entertainment at the Elks' Club, an entertainment which will go down in the history of the association as one wherein only the cessation of the music gave the janitor a chance to lock the doors.

The first speaker was Judge J. C. Paul of Amarillo, his subject being, "What and How to Make a Greater Panhandle."

Judge Paul subdivided his subject into the classifications, "More People," "A Little More Work and a Little Different Method of Doing It," "Greater Diversity of Interests," "Greater Permanency," "Better Social Condition," "Better Educational Facilities" and "More Faith in the Future."

In conclusion he said: "With all its needs, it is difficult to overestimate a country like this. It is idle for the people of the north and east to shut their eyes to it."

John Gosling of Kansas City, a well known breeder of white faces, was the next speaker. His talk was for Herefords for breeding purposes and on the advantages of acquiring a knowledge of what lay beneath the hide of a steer. He declared the knowledge of cattle raisers was far too limited in this respect for their own good and there was no business known which was gone into so recklessly and with so little preparatory knowledge than that of raising cattle for the market.

He said Texas supplied the best steers anybody could grow, all white faces. He spoke briefly on feeding, saying that the proportion of fat should not exceed the lean, and that it was possible to have a steer too fat.

He urged breeding for bone, which he said was productive of muscle. He advised an occasional trip to a packing house in order that a proper knowledge of the business be obtained.

William P. Anderson, representing the Santa Fe railway, spoke on cattle statistics, saying that there was a pronounced shortage of aged steers and that there had been a reduction of 25 per cent in four years.

J. B. Buchanan of Fort Worth was called on and made a talk of a few minutes. Texas cattle, he said, were as good as any anywhere. But this was not enough for Texas. Texans should produce cattle that would be the best. He spoke strongly in favor of alfalfa growing, calling attention to wonderful results attained in this section even in dry seasons without irrigation. Hogs, as supplies for a packing house, he strongly advocated. "A packing house," he said, "as a commercial institution is utterly worthless without hogs, and plenty of them." There was no hog cholera here and no reason why hogs should not be raised in abundance. He told of the great demand for them in packing houses, saying that hog products and meat formed part of every local or export shipment. The cost of raising hogs, he declared, was not with the hog, but with the man. It might be said it was just as expensive as a string is long.

On motion of W. B. Slaughter, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Goodnight were made honorary life members of the association. Mr. Goodnight expressed his deep appreciation of the compliment, and Mrs. Goodnight, wife of the pioneer cattleman, bowed her acknowledgements.

Mr. Slaughter then withdrew his motion made the day before, pertaining to the selection of a committee to raise funds for a packing house, saying some did not favor it and he wanted the convention to be as a unit. It made no difference that the motion was carried the preceding day, for, as was said, "Anything goes at a cow convention."

The motion was rescinded accordingly. In lieu of this it was decided that the board of trade take up the matter and push it. This was on a resolution introduced by E. N. Brainerd.

A letter of regret of his inability to attend was read from William George, president of the National Hereford Association.

Twenty-three new members taken in during the two days were announced and their names were read.

The election of officers came next, the following being elected for the ensuing year: President, T. S. Bugbee, Clarendon; first vice president, T. J. Richards, Paducah; second vice president, Sloan Simpson, Bovina; treasurer, B. T. Ware, Amarillo; secretary, W. E. H. Brainerd, Canadian.

The election of Mr. Simpson was greeted with applause. His name was put up by L. B. Watkins in a cheery speech.

Calls came for Mr. Simpson, who reluctantly appeared.

"If we younger men," he said, "are to ultimately take the place of the older ones; if we are to carry on the reputation for honesty, integrity and square dealing you have achieved, you must put us on the right track."

"You older men cleared away most of the difficulties, and have made it easy running for us, but you have set us a pace to follow which will be hard to keep up with, to so conduct ourselves that when may say of us that they have of you 'All we want is your word; we don't need a contract.'"

He spoke of the beef trust investigation, saying that to his certain knowledge, if the cowmen were not represented in that Garfield report it was their own fault. The complaint had been made that only the packers had given statements, but Mr. Garfield had asked him to appeal to the Texas cattlemen to open their books and he had done so, yet if there had been a single man in Texas who had taken advantage of the invitation, unless it was himself, he had it yet to find out.

He spoke of the number of good farmers spoiled by being trained for something else, and urged the necessity for a school in the Panhandle, which should teach boys to be farmers, teach them trades that, when a wagon broke down, or a plow came out of fix, they would not have to stop and go to town to have it done.

Thanks to the people of the city for their hospitality were expressed by L. B. Watkins and a formal resolution to much the same effect was offered by C. Coffee, attorney for the association, and was accepted.

Amarillo's claims for the next convention were voiced by Thomas F. Turner of Amarillo, who said the cattlemen might get along without Amarillo but Amarillo could never get along without the cattlemen, and he hoped the convention would be shown at the next meeting to be logically permanent property of Amarillo. No opposition was made.

The following executive committee was named: William Harrall, Wellington; W. C. Isaacs, Canadian; A. J. Norton, Quanah; S. B. Owens, Alanreed; G. A. Sachse, Rockford; C. T. Word, Can-

To the Members of the Texas Cattle Raisers Association

The Stockman-Journal has recently been going to members of the association who are not regular subscribers of the paper, with the hope of interesting them in becoming subscribers. The executive committee of the association, at the recent convention in Fort Worth, unanimously chose the Stockman-Journal as the official organ of the association. As such all the official announcements of officers, all the news of the association, the weekly conditions of the range, etc., will appear in The Stockman-Journal.

Until May First A Special Offer of \$1.00 Per Year

As a special inducement until May 1 One Dollar will be received as payment for a year's subscription to The Stockman-Journal, either from a new or old subscriber; in the latter case, accompanied by remittance of unpaid arrearages. To all who will accept this offer we will include a year's subscription to Farm and Home, the most practical farm and home semi-monthly published. Fill out the blank herewith and forward to The Stockman-Journal, Fort Worth, Texas, at once.

USE THIS BLANK.

Texas Stockman-Journal:

Please find herewith One Dollar to pay for one year's subscription to The Stockman-Journal and Farm and Home.

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Daily to May 15—One Way. Tourist Car Privileges

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Los Angeles or San Francisco April 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14. Liberal stopovers. Return via Portland \$12.50 higher.

One Fare and \$2 St. Louis and Return May 14, 15 and 16 Baptist Conventions

One Fare and \$2 Kansas City and Return May 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12. Baptist Conventions

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Fort Worth, Texas.

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It will also show at a glance the interest on any sum of money for any time at any rate of interest. The value of cattle, hay, coal, cotton and all kinds of merchandise sold by the pound, ton, yard or dozen. The correct measurements of lumber, logs, cord wood, distorts, wagon beds, bins, corn cribs and carpenters', plasterers' and bricklayers' work. The wages, board and rent for any time, at various rates per week or month. Besides it con-

tains many other useful and valuable tables. A copy of this useful and practical work should be in the hands of every individual. With this book at hand, every conceivable problem that is likely to occur is easily and readily solved by any one who is familiar with first principles. It is readily printed and elegantly bound in pocketbook form, thus being convenient for out door use.

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ELEGANT DINING CARS TO ST. LOUIS ON THE

"CANNON BALL" AND "NIGHT EXPRESS"

E. P. TURNER,

GENERAL PASSENGER AND TICKET AGENT,
DALLAS, TEX.

yon City; L. B. Watkins, Dumas.

The ground dried sufficiently to permit of some afternoon racing.

The executive committee spent several hours this afternoon selecting the four inspectors for the coming year to work along the different Panhandle roads and Missouri river markets.

The convention will be held on the

A simple vegetable remedy that cures all female diseases and piles. I will send free to every sufferer. Write Mrs. Cora B. Miller, Kokomo, Ind.

third Tuesday in April, 1906.

When questioned as to these things newspaper representatives were given a smile and a cigar.

FOX AND WOLF HOUNDS

Of the best English strains in America; 40 years' experience in breeding these fine hounds for my own sport; I now offer them for sale. Send stamp to: Catalog

T. E. HUDSPETH,
Sibley, Jackson Co., Missour

COLONEL POOLE AT AMARILLO

Editor Stockman-Journal:

I boarded the Fort Worth and Denver cars at Fort Worth Friday morning, April 14, headed for Amarillo, to take in the Panhandle Cowmen's convention. I could see from the car window the country for miles on each side of the road. Heavy rains had recently fallen all the way up. Wheat and oats are certainly looking very fine all the way up as far as Vernon. Grass is finer however—the further up we come the shorter the grass and crops. Friday night at 9 o'clock the conductor called out Clarendon. I soon found the Clarendon hotel, said my prayers, put my money under my head and was soon in dreamland. Early next morning I was out among the boys, that is, about 9 o'clock. A brisk norther was blowing and cold as thunder; ice on the tanks and water buckets, but I know this country and had my big overcoat with me, which I had to wear all day. A number of my old friends greeted me with a hearty welcome, among them T. R. Franks, M. T. Howard, T. M. Pyle, L. C. Beverly, W. H. Norris, Arthur R. Letts, T. S. Bugbee, Q. A. Klutts, E. F. Lane, W. I. Parsons, C. D. Murphy, I. E. Martin, T. A. Babb, all of whom made my heart glad with the required amount for the Stockman-Journal. Boys, you have my good wishes for the same. Priddy & Reeves is one of the leading real estate firms of the Panhandle; also came up like nice little gentlemen with the amount. This firm has large tracts of land for sale in lots to suit homeseekers or small ranchmen. Write them for information about lands; and last, but not least, McClellan, Crisp & Co., real estate and live stock agents, are now readers of the Journal. The above firm is composed of reliable gentlemen and have on their books large tracts of fine lands for sale in blocks to suit farmers and ranchmen. Write or give them a call, they can furnish you a good home cheap. One of the above firm, J. M. Wallenbarger, and B. T. Lane and my old friend, Judge Barnett, have my good wishes for volunteering to look up my dog for me. I certainly appreciate such nice favors. Nothing like helping an old friend in time of need. I thank you, gentlemen.

Clarendon is the seat of government of Donley and is a nice up-to-date town and supports a first rate school, ice plant, two banks and a number of first-class business houses that carry splendid stocks of goods in their respective lines. This Donley county is a fine county of land and very productive. Dwarf milo maize, Kaffir corn, cane and cotton grow to perfection here; also vegetables. It is a healthy country to live in, but the seasons are much later here than east Texas. First-class lands here can be bought at from \$4 to \$10 per acre.

Sunday morning at 7:10 I again boarded the Denver cars, and after a ride of fifty-eight miles the conductor called out Amarillo. It is a beautiful stretch of level prairie country, farm houses and ranches in sight of the railroad all the way up. All the water holes and surface lakes are all brimming full of water and a fine season in the ground. I only noticed a few dead cattle along the route. A big deference to this time last spring, for I saw them in piles then over the same route. I interviewed several stockmen at Clarendon and all report a very small loss of stock this last winter and spring. On Monday morning the visitors began to come on all trains and by night the hotel people were taxed to their utmost to take care of the multitude, a great many private homes throwing wide open their doors to help take care of the boys. The convention was a grand success in every particular. Amarillo was again chosen as the next place of meeting. All the old officers were re-elected except L. B. Watkins of Dumas. Mr. Watkins declined to serve and nominated Sloan Simpson to fill his place, which carried. There has been considerable trading. Henry

Johnson sold I. Peter's of Peters, Kan., 700 4-year-old steers, now at Pampa, Texas, at \$30 per head; Eisenlohr Cattle Company sold to Chase Brothers, Dunlap, Kan., 700 4s and 5s at \$28.50; Mr. Puckett of Portales, N. M., sold to Kansas buyers 800 3-year-old steers at \$24.50; Felix Franklin reported sales to G. H. Holt of Nebraska of 500 yearlings belong to Coats & McIntosh, at \$16.00 per head, and to L. D. Carpenter of Malcolm, Iowa, 500 steers belonging to J. A. Wilson of Potter county, at \$34.50 per head, top price at the convention. Tonight the town is deserted. I will have something to say about Amarillo and surrounding country next week. Now I am tired and will say good-night.
C. C. POOLE.
Amarillo, Texas.

I will send free to every sufferer a simple vegetable remedy that cures all female diseases and piles. Write Mrs. Cora B. Miller, Kokomo, Ind.

PRAISE FOR MYRES' FAMOUS SADDLES

A Few of the Many Testimonials from Well Known Stockmen

Thos. Trammell
Sweetwater, Texas, Aug. 26, '03.—To Whom it may concern: I have used and seen used, for the last seven years the S. D. Myres make of saddles. Have seen them tried, as it were, by fire, and they have proved to be the Good Stuff. I do not hesitate to recommend them to any one who wants a saddle for heavy work. They are in use on my 9 R ranch in Borden county and V & X? ranch, Portales, N. M. They give the best satisfaction; are the best on the horse of any saddle I have ever seen used.

Thos. Trammell.
C. A. Lanus
Claytonville, Texas, Aug. 29, '03.—To Whom it May Concern: We are using several saddles made by S. D. Myres of Sweetwater, on the 18 Ranch. They have given good satisfaction and we are well pleased with them, as they do not slip, "skin" or hurt the horse in any way. I think he uses the very best quality of leather to be found in the construction of his saddles and he does all he claims.

I am using a Myres full stamped job, and wouldn't exchange for any other make I know.

If you want the best and the "best lookers" get the Myres saddle, and you will be pleased.

Very truly,
C. A. LANIUS, of
Wm. Lanus & Son.

J. F. Newman
To Whom it May Concern: It is indeed a pleasure to me to testify as to the merits of Myres' saddles. We, that is, I, my sons, and those employed upon our ranches, have used these saddles for nearly eight years, and will have none other as long as they keep their present standard of excellence.

If I am the judge of anything it is a stock saddle, and those manufactured by Myres cannot be excelled anywhere.

J. F. NEWMAN,
I heartily concur in the above.
CAP NEWMAN.

H. C. Wristen
Gall, Texas, Aug. 6, 1903.
I bought from Mr. Myres three saddles and they are giving the best satisfaction I ever saw.

H. C. WRISTEN.
J. W. Gibson
Sweetwater, Texas, Aug. 11, '03.
Mr. S. D. Myres, Esq.,
Sweetwater, Texas.

Dear Sir:
In reply to your request as to my opinion of your stock saddles, I beg to say that I have had several years' experience in the manufacturing of stock saddles and considerable experience in the use of them, and I am free to say that I regard your saddles as being equal, if not superior, to any saddles now made in Texas, or even in the United States.

Yours very truly,
J. W. Gibson.

R. B. Pyron
Sweetwater, Texas, Aug. 6, '03.
I have been using S. D. Myres' saddles for the past seven years on all my ranches, including those on the Plains, in the Panhandle, and also on the one near Colorado City. During this time have used from 50 to 75 saddles, the prices ranging from \$40 to \$75. Prior to this time I had been using other makes of saddles, in other words had been trying to get the best. I have found Myres' sad-



BUCHANAN'S Cresylic Ointment,

Standard for Thirty Years. Sure Death to Sore
Worms and will cure Foot Rot.

It beats all other remedies. It won

First Premium at Texas State Fair,

Held in Dallas, 1895.

It will quickly heal wounds and sores on cattle, horses and other animals. Put up in 4 oz. bottles, 1 lb., 1 lb., 3 and 5 lb. cans. Ask for Buchanan's Cresylic Ointment. Take no other. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

CARBOLIC SOAP CO.,

Manufacturers and
Proprietors.

Geo. B. Thompson, Treas.,
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CALF DEHORNER
NOT AN
EXPERIMENT.

IT TAKES
THE
HORN
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TEN-
YEAR-
OLD BOY
CAN USE IT.

BARNES CALF DEHORNER
Only weighs 8 oz.
Simplicity itself.
Digs horns out in an instant, much quicker and deeper than the saw. Every user pronounces it a complete success. Dehors anything from 2 to 10 months of age. Should dehorn at the same time you brand. Price, post-paid, \$3.25. Money refunded if not as represented. Hundreds sold on these terms and not one yet returned. Dehorned stockers and feeders worth from 10c to 20c per cwt. more. Address
THE KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK COM. CO., Agt., Stk. Yds., Kansas City.

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A permanent, quick and lasting cure guaranteed. No cutting, no pain and no detention from business. Consultation and examination free. Call or send for free book, which tells all about rupture or hernia, with testimonials.

Dr. Ernest Henderson, 103 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo. N. B.—I am also an expert truss fitter.

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Myres' high-grade SADDLES lead in
QUALITY, STYLE AND FINISH.

Material and workmanship the best.
Nothing better made in Saddles.
They will please and satisfy you.
Write for catalogue.

S. D. Myres
Box 66. SWEETWATER, TEX.

de exactly what it takes to stand hardships, and like them principally for the reason that they stay in their place without the flank rigging and do not hurt the horses. I consider them to be the cheapest and best saddles that are made, in fact I cannot praise them too highly.

I work from fifteen to twenty men each season, try to keep the best horses that money will buy, and am free to say that I have had less horses "skinned up" by using the Myres saddles than any saddle I have ever used. It requires 120 head of saddle horses to run my entire outfit, and am pleased to say there is not a sore-back horse among the lot.

Try them and you will buy more of them.
R. B. PYRON.

R. H. Fitzgerald
Sweetwater, Texas, Aug. 6, '03.
This is to certify that we use the S. D. Myres saddles on the Z Ranch, and that they have stood a crucial test. The esthetic taste of the Z boys will permit them to use no other make of saddles.

A trial is all that is necessary to convince the most skeptical of their good qualities and many advantages over other very popular saddles.

R. H. FITZGERALD,
President First National Bank.

A. J. Long
Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 17, '03.

I have used the S. D. Myres saddles for the past seven years, and do not hesitate to say that they are the very best saddles made. I will use nothing else myself, and have several of them in use on the O B ranch in Borden county, Texas, and also in Fisher county, Texas and the boys all say they are the best saddle they ever used. I do not believe there is a saddle

made that will compare with the Myres saddle.
A. J. LONG.

D. Trammell
I am now, and have been for some time using a Myres saddle and it has given me entire satisfaction. The boys use them on the different ranches and they give perfect satisfaction. I can recommend them to any one who wants a first-class piece of goods.
D. TRAMMELL,
Clipper, Texas.

IN LLANO COUNTY
Llano Times.
A. J. Bauman sold last week to Will Gray 200 head three-year-old steers.

William Wyckoff delivered a small bunch of steer yearlings to H. L. Gray this week.
O. F. Golson bought forty head three-year-old steers from R. H. Lowrey of Camp San Saba.
H. S. and E. T. Barber sold a bunch of eighty head three-year-old steers to R. H. Bauman.
G. W. Gray shipped sixty-six cars of cattle to the territory from Llano the past week.
George Clinger delivered twenty-eight head of yearling steers to T. J. Moore, which he sold at \$10.
S. H. Buchanan bought 175 head three-year-old steers from P. G. Sheppard, and 400 head of steers from J. W. Kellam.
J. C. Stribling will ship another big string of steers to the territory this week, also S. H. Buchanan will get out a big string.
Dr. Ray, Osteopath, Fort Worth National Bank building, Fort Worth, Texas.



IN HARDEMAN COUNTY

Quanah Tribune-Chief.

Andy Scott returned last week from Fort Worth with forty-three Hereford bulls for the FF ranch, which he had bought at Henrietta and Bowie. All were high-grade animals, some of them registered.

B. F. Cornforth arrived here Tuesday with ninety-nine registered bulls from Kansas, City, which had been purchased there for Burk Burnett by the Fort Worth Live Stock Company. Among the bulls were twenty-four Durhams, the balance Herefords, and they cost Mr. Burnett on an average \$100 a head.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Pecos Times.

E. B. Townsend, ranch manager, came in Sunday with 2,350 head of steers, fours and up, from the Elsinore Cattle Company's ranch in Pecos county, and loaded them out over the Pecos Valley for Kansas. The steers were sold in December to Chase Bros. and Huddleston & Sons of Dunlap and Ottawa, Kan., at \$27.50 around, and were about the best and cleanest lot of stuff that has been shipped out of Pecos in a good many years. Quarantine Inspector Streeter of Kansas passed on the steers at Pecos, and declared them as free of ticks or any infection as any native Kansas cattle. These cattle were also passed on by Federal Inspector Dan McCuningham before they left the ranch and no ticks or anything to bar them from Kansas were found on anything on the ranch. Mr. Townsend informs us that the ranch is above the proposed division line and will still be in Pecos county after the new county is cut off.

B. M. Couch sold one car of steers, threes and four, to Chas Bros. and Huddleston & Sons and they were sent out with the same shipment from the Elsinore ranch.

Johnson Bros. delivered to W. D. Cowan last week 100 cows, 500 heifers and 500 steers, fours and up. The cattle went to Mr. Cowan's VH ranch.

Marsh Parker of Omaha, Neb., came in Tuesday morning from Odessa. While there he purchased 1,200 steers, ones and twos, from Judge Buchanan, to be delivered about the 10th of May.

IN SAN SABA COUNTY

San Saba News.

Bud Landers of Lampasas county purchased from Elbert McCoury forty-five one and two-year-old steers at \$10 and \$15; from A. Holt thirteen ones at \$10, and from P. B. McCoury ten ones at \$10.

C. Williams purchased from R. O. Harris twenty-five cows at \$11; from J. H. Beveridge twenty-three cows at \$11, and from F. F. Edwards thirteen cows at \$11.

Tom Williams purchased from John Kelley twenty-five cows at \$11; from Golden & Taylor twenty cows at \$11.50; from Hugh Miller Jr. twenty-five cows at \$12; from different parties fifty cows at \$16. He will ship to the territory about 200 cows.

IN LAMPASAS COUNTY

Lampasas Leader.

A. W. Hoover sold to Captain J. F. Skinner 100 two-year-old steers, terms private.

W. W. Morriss sold to J. F. White 185 two-year-old steers at private terms.

Ben Northington to L. H. Baggett thirty-five two-year-old steers, prices not given.

B. M. Osborne to J. W. Moseley, twenty-three head of fat steers at \$41 per head, going direct to market. It is understood that Mr. Osborne made a nice profit on these cattle after paying pasturage and feeding them all winter.

J. W. Moseley bought of Cherokee Smith of San Saba county, a car of fat steers at \$32.50. They go to Fort Worth market at once.

The biggest shipment of cattle that ever went out from Lampasas probably was that of Saturday, when something like thirty or forty cars well filled were loaded and shipped from this place. The larger part of them went to Elgin, Kan., whence they will be driven back to the territory for pasturage.

Gus Groves is home from Burnet, where he has been looking after some cattle interests. He sold 100 head of two-year-old steers to Lewis & Litten at \$15, and forty head of one-year-old steers at \$10.

Rufe Hoover of Burnet county sold to Lewis & Litten 100 head of one-year-old steers at \$10.

Emmett O. Ramsey sold to Schultz & Kuykendall of Llano 200 head of four-year-old steers, grass fed, at \$20.

George Hammond sold to J. W. Moseley a car of fat steers at \$35.50 per head. They averaged over 900 pounds weighed here. One three-year-old steer in the bunch weighed over 1,100 pounds. They go direct to the Fort Worth market.

W. R. Williamson sold 100 head of steers to J. W. Moseley at \$30.50. These were fed cattle and will go to market at once.

M. N. Carter sold to L. H. Baggett 150

one and two-year-old steers at \$10 and \$15, and delivered them this week.

Ben Northington sold 100 head and Denison & Watson sold fifty head of three-year-old steers to W. F. Malone. Terms private.

IN CROCKETT COUNTY

Ozona Texan.

Windrow Payne was in town yesterday. He says he has had fine luck lambing this spring. Out of 1,680 ewes, he has already marked up 1,600, and has a few more yet.

Elias Briggs was in to see us Monday. He has just returned from Coleman, where he and his brother bought 100 registered Hereford and Durham bulls, from the Anson and Dibrell herds. They are all cracker jacks and we are proud to see such stuff coming into Crockett county. We know the reputation of these cattle in Coleman county, and know that the gentlemen have been breeding the very best of stuff for years.

IN MOTLEY COUNTY

Matador Maverick.

Oscar Reeves came down from Silverton the first of the week. He is buying steer yearlings and paying \$13 for the best.

E. B. Kimbell, father of the editor, came in Monday evening on the mail hack from Childress. He had just been to Kansas City, where he shipped seventy-four head of three and four-year-old steers. The steers were put on feed Dec. 17, and were fed crushed Kaffir corn and maize and cotton seed until about March 1, when they were moved over to Memphis and fed there a month on crushed maize and cotton seed meal. They were loaded on April 3 and shipped to Kansas City, where they sold for \$4.90 per hundred. They averaged in weight 360 pounds, and brought \$47.04 a piece, and, deducting commission and freight, netted near about \$40 per head. The first cost of the steers averaged \$20 per head, the cost of feeding was estimated at \$12 per head, making a net profit of \$3 per head. These were the first cattle to be fed for the market in this locality, and the success of this instance proves that beef cattle can be successfully finished for the market here in the Panhandle.

IN ZAVALLA COUNTY

Batesville Herald.

Colonel I. T. Pryor recently refused \$40 per head for a shipment of his steers at the shipping pens at Uvalde. They brought him \$65 per head at Fort Worth.

Hal Mangum informed us last week that 800 head of the Mangum & Blalock Zavala county steers had been sold to a Mr. Turner for \$35 per head.

IN UVALDE COUNTY

Uvalde Leader-News.

J. E. Comparet, that handsome Loma Vista stockman, was here Saturday shaking paws. Says don't need a thing down his way. Cattle fat and way up in price and grass a-growing like interest on a note.

The big steers shipped by Ike West to Fort Worth last Sunday brought the best price of the season at that market. The price paid was \$4.70, and fifteen cars out of sixteen brought that handsome figure. The steers were straight grassers, threes and fours, and there is no feed bill attached to this sale. It gives an insight of what kind of stock country we have in Uvalde county and what sort of cow range the West ranch affords. Mr. West will ship sixteen cars on Saturday and sixteen next Thursday, and so on until his 2,000 head of threes and fours are disposed of.

IN POTTER COUNTY

Amarillo Herald.

P. E. Hull of Eureka, Kan., was in the city yesterday en route to Clarendon, where he has purchased a bunch of four-year-old steers.

Sneed Bros. recently sold a good sized bunch of four-year-old steers to J. L. Gregg of Huron, Kan., to be delivered May 1. They brought \$30.75 around.

Thomas Kelly of Chicago, who recently purchased the Bob Pyron ranch near McLean, has decided to not lease the same, but will soon stock it with cattle.

C. H. Taul, an old-time ranchman of the Panhandle, has purchased a thirty-section ranch in Travis county and is engaged in moving his effects to his new home.

IN TOM GREEN COUNTY

San Angelo Standard.

The outlook for the cattle industry in the land of the Concho is indeed brighter than it ever was before and with the increased importation of registered Hereford and Durham bulls and the establishment of a modern dipping vat, the raiser of good stock on these breezy plains has much to look forward to in the way of increased prices.

Does it pay to dehorn cattle? is a question frequently propounded by the intelligent raiser of good stock. In this connection, it might be well to cite two sales

mentioned in a recent circular letter of Campbell Bros. & Rosson. A bunch of 127 steers, averaging 1,034 pounds, good quality, fair flesh, brought \$4.35 per hundred. Another lot of forty steers, averaging 1,035 pounds, plain quality, fair flesh, and dehorned, sold at \$4.40 per hundred. Now, the difference in the value of good quality and plain quality is 20c per hundred pounds, and yet the plain quality, dehorned steers brought 5c per hundred pounds more than the good quality, horned steers. In other words, a premium of 25c was paid for the dehorned bunch of steers. This means \$2.50 per steer of 1,000 pounds. Is that premium worth while?

Leedale Stock Farm was established in 1878 by Philip C. Lee Sr., as a ranch for breeding horses and cattle on a large scale, branding at that time 2,000 to 3,000 calves annually. This pioneer stock farm began importing full-blooded bulls in 1886 from Kansas, Illinois and Missouri. It is needless to say that at first the losses on Leedale farm were very heavy, about 30 per cent of the cattle succumbing to the various calamities. The use of registered bulls encouraged the proprietor of this farm, and now none but registered Herefords are to be found among the Leedale herds. The present proprietors of Leedale Stock Farm, John P. and Phil C. Lee, assumed management upon the death of the late Philip C. Lee in 1890. Leedale Stock Farm now comprises about 1,600 acres, 450 acres of which are in cultivation.

IN NEW MEXICO

Roswell Record.

W. M. Atkinson, manager of the Milne-Bush ranch, has sold a carload of high-grade two-year-old Hereford bulls to Las Norias Cattle Company of El Paso. There are thirty animals in the lot, and the consideration was \$45 per head. They were bought for immediate shipment, and Mr. Atkinson expects to ship them tomorrow.

M. Z. Miller of the Roswell Live Stock Commission Company, has returned from an extended trip down the valley, where he sold 8,000 head of sheep and 160 acres of land in the artesian district. He reports every thing in good shape down the valley, that stock is looking well and that there is good, green pasture everywhere.

IN NOLAN COUNTY

Sweetwater Reporter.

W. F. McGaughy bought over 300 head of cows from J. V. W. Holmes last week, at \$12 per head. This is the first sale of any consequence that has been made here for some time.

J. R. Brannon recently sold fifty head of cattle and 160 acres of land lying four miles southwest of Sweetwater, to S. A. Meeks of Hillsboro at \$1,800.

IN DONLEY COUNTY

Clarendon Banner-Stockman.

F. A. Dubbs sold to T. R. Corn thirty-eight cows and yearling heifers at \$14.75 around.

L. C. Beverly bought from Ed Johnson eighty steer yearlings at \$14 around. Priddy-Reeves Realty Company report the sale to A. M. Smith of four sections of patented land in Hale county, adjoining Hale Center, at \$3.75 per acre.

J. B. Williams sold to L. C. Beverly twenty-five cows at \$28 around. They were extra good high-grade Herefords of the JJ brand, which accounts for the good price. A registered bull went with the sale at \$100.

Richard Walsh and Alex Ligerwood were in from the JA ranch Wednesday, Mr. Walsh going north that night in company with Murdo MacKenzie. They report the range rapidly greening and in fine shape. The losses of this ranch the past winter were lighter than the winter before, and to date less than 200 hinds have been recovered. The percentage loss will be very small.

That Kaffir corn is a good feed when properly handled was fully demonstrated in the shipment of Clark & Williams, which went to Kansas City last week. They had three cars of four-year-old steers which were fed on crushed Kaffir corn and maize for about 100 days. They weighed 1,096 pounds and sold at 5c, bringing \$54.80 around, and netting their owners a little over \$50 per head. This was the top price for that day in the Texas division. In the same shipment E. B. Kimball of Giles had three cars of big steers which were fed a like ration and

they brought \$4.90. Robert Sawyer had one car of under-sized steers, not fat, which sold at \$4.25. T. S. Bugbee's car of cows brought \$3. These gentlemen are fully convinced that crushed Kaffir is the proper feed and will finish a steer as well as any feed if properly fed.

IN HOWARD COUNTY

Big Springs Enterprise.

G. L. Brown and W. R. Cole sold to Chase Bros. & Huddleston of Dunlap, Kan., 450 four-year-old steers yesterday at \$25 per head.

L. S. McDowell came in Sunday from Kansas City with a car of young registered shorthorn bulls, which he bought at different points in Missouri. They are a fine lot of cattle and will be used on Mr. McDowell's ranches.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Pecos Times.

The NK shipment last week consisted of 22 cars of steers—twos, threes and fours, and went to G. W. Ligon, at Eskridge, Kan. Another shipment will follow as soon as they can be put together after district court.

J. N. Heard sold two cars of steers to a Mr. Parrott, which were loaded out with the NK shipment and went to Moline, Kan.

W. D. Cowan made another shipment to the Fort Worth market Saturday night consisting of eleven cars of cows and three cars of yearling heifers and calves. Sid Cowan went down with the shipment, returning yesterday morning and reports better returns than on their former shipment. The cows netted them \$23, heifers \$15 and calves \$10.50.

Willis and Bennet McCutcheon shipped 1,800 head of steers to Kansas Friday afternoon. These are a part of the number sold to L. L. Russell some time ago, of which there are 2,500 more to be shipped to the same destination as soon as they can be gathered. Jo Krause, Jo Duncan, Earl Riggs and G. Neafie went with the cattle.

Two thousand and sixty-two head of the B. B. McCutcheon & Bro. steers, the remainder of their sale to Lee Russell, came in yesterday and two trains went out accompanied by Frank Lewis and George Neafie. The balance—three train loads—are going out today, Joe Krause, J. M. Espy and Glen Mansfield went with the trains. They were loaded out over the Pecos Valley for Grand Summit, Kan.

J. W. McCutcheon is on the way in with 400 head of steers, twos; C. C. Kountz with 75, threes and fours; Bill Kingston with 65, threes and fours, sold to Lee Russell and to be shipped to Kansas tomorrow or next day.

IN SUTTON COUNTY

Sonora News.

James A. Cope sold for Stanley Green twenty high-grade bulls for \$25 per head to Sam Perry of Comstock.

Ira Word of Sonora sold to G. H. Garland of San Angelo 1,200 cows at \$11.87½ and 400 3 and four-year-old steers at \$20 to be delivered at Brady.

J. A. Cope, Sonora's live stock commission man, sold 1,200 head of Territory cows to C. C. Yaws for Frank Clout at \$12. This is far the best price paid for Territory cows this spring in Sutton county. Hurrah for Cope.

George Hendricks and son, Bruce, of San Angelo, were in Sonora Tuesday on their way to Whitehead's pasture to pass on some steers they recently bought.

Whitehead's outfit went through on a run Thursday, with about five hundred 3 and 4-year-old steers, on their way to Brady for shipment. These steers were recently bought by George Hendricks of San Angelo.

Sam Wooten of Fairfax, Okla., was in Sonora Tuesday on his way to Charlie Warren's ranch in Edwards county, to pass on some steers he recently bought in that neighborhood.

James A. Cope, our hustling live stock commission man, left on Friday for the eastern part of the county with Jim Garrett of Knickerbocker to look at a string of 1 and 2-year-old steers.

Frank Sparks bought last week the old Lovelace place about a mile below town from J. A. Black for \$1,000. There are about thirty acres, well, tank and good houses on the land. Frank also got in the trade hogs, chickens, cows, farm implements and other plunder. Frank made a good trade, as he always does.

PREVENTS BLACKLEG

Vaccination with BLACKLEGOIDS is the best preventive of Blackleg—simplest, safest, surest. Each BLACKLEGOID (or pill) is a dose, and you can vaccinate in one minute with our Blacklegoid Injector.

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FOR SALE!

Five cars fat corn-fed steers, weight about 1100 pounds. Address S. T. TAYLOR, IAGO, TEXAS. Wharton County.

THE NEW LAND LAW OF TEXAS

AUSTIN, Texas, April 24.—Following is the text of the land bill, which was approved by Governor Lanham and took effect at 4:36 p. m., April 15:

A bill to be entitled, An act to provide for the sale and lease of the public free school and asylum lands, and to charge certain fees incident thereto, and to temporarily suspend the sale and lease of said lands, and declaring an emergency.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Texas, That the commissioner of the general land office may from time to time, as the public interest may require, classify or reclassify, value or revalue, any of the lands set apart for the benefit of the public free school, lunatic asylum, blind asylum, the deaf and dumb asylum and the orphan asylum, and it shall be his duty to notify in writing the county clerk of each county the classification and valuation hereafter fixed upon each section of land in his county, and each county attached to it for judicial purposes, and he shall forward the same to the county clerk of the county for which said list was made, or to the county clerk of the county to which the said county is attached for judicial purposes. The said commissioner shall also notify said clerk of each and every sale as soon as they are made. Upon receipt of said list or any notice required to be given under the provisions of this act, the county clerk receiving the same shall forthwith file and record said list or notice in a well bound book to be kept for that purpose. When informed of the sale of any land the clerk shall enter on his books opposite the description of the land so sold, the name of the purchaser and the date sold, and the said list and notice of sale so furnished the said clerk, and the said books shall be considered public records, and be open to public inspection, and it is hereby made the duty of the county clerk to exhibit the said book and the records to any person who shall apply therefor.

Sec. 2. In cases where lands are now leased, or may be hereafter leased and the same shall come on the market by reason of the expiration of such lease, it shall be the duty of the commissioner to notify the county clerk ninety days, when practicable, before the expiration of such lease, of the date of such expiration.

When a lease is for any cause cancelled, he shall notify the county clerk of that fact and fix a date not less than ninety days thereafter on and after which applications to purchase may be filed. All notices of expiration and cancellation of leases shall be forthwith recorded as required for notices of classification and valuation. The commissioner shall adopt such means as may be at his command that will give the widest publicity as to when land will be on the market for sale by reason of expiration of any lease. Such publicity shall, when practicable, be given ninety days in advance of such expiration. When a lease is cancelled for any cause, the land shall not be for sale until ninety days thereafter. Immediately after the cancellation of a lease or leases the commissioner shall proceed to give publicity to the fact, the same as is herein required with reference to publicity of expiring leases. If there are no other satisfactory or sufficient means at the command of the commissioner that will give the necessary publicity, he shall have printed at the expense of the state, to be paid out of the appropriation for public printing a list or lists of the lands and send them out in the mail and to every person requesting them. Such lists shall also contain a brief statement as to how one shall proceed to purchase the land.

Sec. 3. Any person desiring to purchase any of the surveyed land mentioned in this act shall make a separate application in writing for each tract applied for and be addressed to the commissioner of the general land office. It shall sufficiently designate the tract sought to be purchased and give the price offered therefor, which shall not be less than the appraised value fixed by the commissioner. Each application shall contain the affidavit of the applicant to the effect that he desires to purchase the land for a home, or as additional to the home applied for, or as additional to his own private land, as the case may be, and that he is or will, as the case may be, in good faith become in person an

actual bona fide settler on some portion of the land he purchases, or upon his other land, as the case may be, within ninety days from the date of his application is accepted; also that he is not acting in collusion with others for the purpose of buying the land for any other person or corporation, and that no other person or corporation is directly or indirectly interested in the purchase thereof; also every application shall be accompanied by the obligation of the applicant in a sum equal to the amount of the deferred payment offered for the land. Said application, affidavit and obligation shall be filed in the land office through due course of mail and not by any one in person, in an envelope, addressed to the commissioner of the general land office at Austin, Texas, and when the land is to come on the market at some future date the envelope shall have endorsed thereon as follows: "Application to buy land, Sections _____, Block _____, Grantee _____, County _____, Date on market _____," and the blanks shall be properly filled out.

When the envelope so indorsed is received in the land office, it shall be safely and securely kept and preserved by the commissioner or his chief clerk without being opened until the day following the date indorsed as to when the land comes on the market, and one or both of them shall begin, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the day following the day the land comes on the market, to open the envelopes for inspection of the applications, and such action as is herein provided for, and in the presence of the applicants, if they desire to be present, or in the presence of such persons as they may designate to represent them, and said application shall immediately be filed, together with all other applications received up to that time for the same land.

Sec. 4. When the applications and obligations aforesaid have been filed in the general land office, and upon inspection they are found correct and the land is found to be classified and valued and on the market for sale the day the application was filed, or on any prior date and still unsold, and the first payment is in the state treasury, it shall be the duty of the commissioner to award the land to the one offering the highest price therefor. If two or more applicants offer the same price for the same land, the same being the highest price offered, they shall be advised of that fact and a date fixed not less than thirty days thereafter within which time they may again file application, and notice shall be sent to the clerk and other publicity shall be given that said lands are still on the market to any one, and the time in which applications to purchase the same may be filed as in the first instance. The applicant offering the highest price shall receive the award. If the second or subsequent applications should be found to offer the same price, the procedure shall be as in the first instance. An application at a less price than the former application contained shall not be considered. An application to purchase land coming on the market at some future date shall not be considered for award prior to the day next following the day the land comes on the market for sale. Land that is or may be on the market and not filed on as herein provided may be filed on and sold to any one at any time upon proper applications filed in the land office, as herein provided, and in accordance with law, except the envelope inclosing the application shall not be required to have any memorandum thereon, and if two or more applications should be filed the same day for the same land, the one offering the highest price shall be accepted, but if two or more such applicants should offer the same price, the commissioner shall proceed as herein provided for in the first filing. All sales shall date from the day the successful applicant's application was filed in the land office. The applicant shall have ninety days from the date of the acceptance of his application within which to actually settle upon the land so purchased, and he shall within thirty days after the expiration of said ninety days given within which to make settlement, file in the land office his affidavit that he has in good faith actually in person settled upon the land purchased by him. Should the applicant fail to make and file the affidavit and proof of settlement as herein provided within the time specified, the commissioner of the general land office shall indorse that fact upon his application, canceling the same, and immediately place the same upon the market by notice to the clerk, fixing a date not less than thirty days thereafter when applications may be filed for the purchase thereof, and any sum which may have been paid upon a former application, canceled as aforesaid, shall be forfeited to the fund to which the same belonged. All sums paid in by an unsuccessful applicant shall be returned to him by the state treasurer. Provided, if for any cause a designated home tract can not be awarded to an applicant and there be no other obstacle to the award of one or more tracts as additional thereto, such applicant shall be permitted, without prejudice, to designate one of the additional tracts as a home tract, which shall, with such tracts as he has applied for and are within five miles thereof, be awarded to the applicant. The commissioner shall advise the applicant why he cannot award to him the home tract and request a new designation by his affidavit, and in default of such affidavit being filed in the land office

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From cold, hard labor or exercise, relaxes the stiffness and the soreness disappears.

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SAMUEL SCALING IS DEAD

Reputed Founder of Live Stock Commission Business Dies at Dundee, Texas

Word has been received in this city of the death at Dundee, Texas, of Samuel Scaling, one of the oldest and best-known live stock commission men in the country, at the residence of his son, Samuel Scaling Jr. Mr. Scaling had been sick only since April 4.

Samuel Scaling was born in England, and is generally supposed to have been about 80 years old at the time of his death. He came to America at an early age, and several years were spent in the east. Later he came west at an early age, and during the civil war was engaged in supplying cattle to the government. At the close of the war, he engaged in the live stock business with Joseph Mulhall, at the old Pacific stock yards which were owned by Mulhall at the site of what is now Vandeventer avenue, and the Gravois road, St. Louis. They conducted a live stock commission business, and founded the live stock business of St. Louis.

Mr. Scaling moved to the National yards in 1873, when that market was established, and was one of the first to begin business there. He at that time had the largest business of any man in the southwest, which reputation was borne out during many years which succeeded. He was one of the principal founders of the St. Louis exchange, one of the signers of the articles of incorporation, one of the first board of directors, and served as its president, vice president and was always an active and prominent member.

During the time he remained in the commission business, he not only built large constituency, but acquired large land and live stock interests in Texas, and was for years reputed one of the wealthiest men in the live stock business.

He was known to every shipper and ranchman in the west and southwest, and probably contributed more than any other man to the upbuilding of the live stock business. Through his efforts and those of other prominent men he caused the founding and the perfection of the live stock commission business in the United States.

His body was taken to St. Louis where funeral services were announced for today.

CATTLE MOVING

Heavy Shipments Being Made to Pastures

The Santa Fe is handling a heavy movement of cattle from San Angelo, Coleman, Ballinger, Brownwood and Lampasas and other points. More than 100 cars of cattle are said to be leaving these points over the Santa Fe for the pastures in Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Kansas every day and the movement will be continued for some weeks yet. The Santa Fe is paying particular attention to these shipments this season, in an effort to prevent the filing of claims against the company for damages, and as a consequence cattle shipments are receiving more than extra care in their handling from points of origin to points of destination. The spring movement to pastures has been larger than was expected they would be early in the year.

within thirty days after such notice, the commissioner may reject all the applications of such applicant, but should no rights intervene such affidavit may be considered at any time prior to a rejection. The affidavit shall be sufficient authority for the change of the home tract, and shall relate back to the date of the filing of the application in the land office. A purchaser may live on any tract designated as a home or move from any designated home tract to any of his additional land at any time during the required three years' residence on the land. The applicant shall accompany the application aforesaid with his obligation to the state, duly executed, binding the purchaser to pay the state at the state treasury at Austin, Texas, on 1st day of November of each year thereafter until the whole purchase price is paid; one fortieth of the aggregate price with interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum on the whole unpaid purchase money, which interest shall also be payable on the 1st day of November of each year, and in default of the interest the land shall be forfeited as now provided by law. At the same time the applicant applies to purchase the land he shall also deposit in the state treasury one fortieth of the aggregate price of the same as the first payment thereon. A purchaser shall not transfer his land prior to his actual settlement thereon, and evidence of that fact filed as herein provided, and any attempt to so transfer by deed, bond for title or other agreement shall operate as a forfeiture of the land to the fund which the same belonged, together with all payments made thereon, and when sufficiently informed of the facts which operate as forfeiture, the commissioner shall note the fact of forfeiture upon the application and proceed to place the land on the market by notice to the proper county clerk and advertisement in the manner provided for canceled leases.

(Continued on page 7).

CONDITIONS GOOD IN BIG SPRINGS COUNTRY

BIG SPRINGS, Texas, April 19.—This part of West Texas is in the finest shape for fifteen years. Grass and weeds are in abundance. Cattle are fast fattening.

LIVE STOCK LOSSES

The losses of farm animals during the year ending March 31, 1905, are greater than during the preceding year. The figures given by the bureau of statistics show that cattle suffered the greatest loss. The total loss of cattle, from all causes, was 2,637,027; of this number 2.3 per cent was from exposure and 2.1 per cent from diseases. The estimated loss of horses from disease was 2,401,796. The total loss of sheep was 2,498,767, 3.1 per cent from exposure and 2.5 per cent from disease. The states suffering the greatest loss of all farm animals was Texas and Iowa in the order given. Of the total number of cattle lost Texas lost almost one-third, her loss being 763,407, 5.7 per cent being from exposure and 2.7 per cent from disease. Iowa lost the largest number of hogs, her loss being 306,206, while of sheep Montana lost the most, the number being 327,060. Texas also lost the greatest number of horses—34,500.

The losses in the Dakotas, Montana and Wyoming were large in numbers of sheep, but comparatively small in the other animals.

The general condition of all stock was very good, sheep and hogs being the best, 95.8 per cent and 95.5 per cent, respectively; cattle the lowest at 91.7 per cent.

ACT QUICK

THREE BIG PAPERS ONE YEAR FOR 50c

One year's subscription to The Fort Worth Weekly Telegram
One year's subscription to The Farm and Home, a semi-monthly magazine
One year's subscription to The American Farmer, a monthly magazine

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YEAR
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Think of it—a year's subscription to three first-class publications for the price of one alone.

The Telegram is a live, up-to-date eight to twelve pages weekly newspaper, ably edited and interesting throughout. The Farm and Home is a semi-monthly and is the most practical farm and family newspaper published. The American Farmer is an up-to-date first-class farm and home publication.

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After eating, persons of a bilious habit will derive great benefit by taking one of these pills. If you have been

DRINKING TOO MUCH,

they will promptly relieve the nausea,

SICK HEADACHE

and nervousness which follows, restore the appetite and remove gloomy feelings. Elegantly sugar coated.

Take No Substitute.

NEW TEXAS LAND LAW

(Continued from page 6.)

Sec. 5. An original lessee or the assignee of an entire lease out of which no sale of one complement of land has been made under this act may purchase out of his lease at any time the quantity of land allowed to one purchaser under the provisions of this act; also any bona fide assignee of a part of a lease evidenced by an assignment in writing executed prior to March 7, 1902, and who is in possession of the land under said assignment when this act takes effect, may also buy one complement of land as provided in this act at any time, if he is qualified to buy; also one who was the assignee of a part of a lease by an instrument in writing executed prior to Jan. 1, 1905, and who was in person an actual bona fide settler thereon at said date, but who did not own all of such lease on that date, may buy at any time one section of the land on which he was the owner of the lease. The foregoing provisions shall apply only to leases heretofore made. One desiring to buy land as aforesaid shall first give written notice to the commissioner, specifying the land he wishes to buy, whereupon the commissioner shall make or cause to be made an inspection of the land and appraise same at its reasonable market value and advise the one desiring to buy, and also the proper county clerk of the value placed thereon. After such valuation and notice given and filed in the proper county clerk's office the land shall be subject to sale to the persons aforesaid only, and under the terms of this act; provided, the applicant has not heretofore or prior to the filing of his application or applications purchased one complement of land as provided by this or former law. Such of the tracts as may be applied for during the term of the lease and on which there are \$500 worth of permanent and immovable improvements need not be situated within the five-mile radius of the home tract, as required of other purchasers. Only one complement of land allowed to one purchaser shall be sold out of a lease under the provisions of this section. When a lease expires or is canceled for any cause no one shall have any preference to buy any land therein. This act shall apply to leases heretofore made as well as those hereafter made. One who buys a lease as above provided and does not comply with the law as to settlement and residence, the commissioner shall, when sufficiently informed of that fact, cancel such sale and place the land upon the market for sale, as provided in this act for canceled leases.

Sec. 6. In the counties of Bandera, Brewster, Crockett, El Paso, Jeff Davis, Loving, Pecos, Presidio, Sutton and Val Verde one who has not purchased one complement of land under this act or former law prior to the filing of his application may buy not to exceed eight sections of 640 acres each, more or less, or such part thereof as will complete his complement under this act, including the former purchase since April 19, 1901; provided, each additional section applied for shall be situated within five miles of the designated home tract, except as herein provided. In every purchase, except where otherwise provided, an original purchaser of a home tract under this act shall reside upon it or some portion of the land purchased as additional thereto, either at the same time or subsequently, for three consecutive years next succeeding the date of his purchase of the home tract. When such purchaser has so lived upon his home tract, or when he and his vendee together have so lived upon his home tract, and proof as required by law filed in the land office, any additional land purchased to such home tract may be patented at any time. But a vendee of such proved up home tract who thereafter buys additional land thereto shall reside upon either the home tract or some part of the additional land for three consecutive years next succeeding the date of the purchase of his first additional tract or tracts and file proof of such residence in the land office, as required by law. A vendee prior to the completion of the three years' residence required of his vendor shall reside upon some portion of the land he purchases until the completion of the residence required of his vendor.

Sec. 7. When a lease expires or is canceled for any cause the commissioner shall not consider an application to lease the land prior to ninety days from such expiration or cancellation, and no lease on any land shall be made if it is in demand by purchasers. An original lessee or the assignee of an entire leasehold who was such owner at the date of the termination thereof shall have a preference to another lease of the land at the expiration of the ninety days over another application to lease; provided, he is willing to pay and will pay as much therefor as another, after due publicity; provided, no lease shall be made at less than 3 cents per acre.

Sec. 8. Any person desiring to purchase any portion of the unsurveyed school lands shall first make a written application to the surveyor of the proper county or district in which the land, or a portion thereof, is situated, signed and sworn to by the applicant, giving his postoffice address and designating the land he desires by metes and bounds, as nearly as practicable, and stating that he desires to have the land surveyed with the intention of buying it, and that he is not acting in collusion with, or attempting to acquire said land for another person or corporation. It shall be the duty of the surveyor to file and record such application, and to survey the land and file the application

and field notes in the land office within ninety days from the date of the filing of the application, together with a properly prepared and certified sketch of the survey, with the variations at which all lines were run. The land shall be surveyed under the instructions of the commissioner of the general land office, and where practicable, into sections of 640 acres each and of a regular form. The applicant shall pay to the surveyor \$1 as a filing fee, and his further lawful fees for surveying the land. When the surveyor returns the application and field notes to the land office, he shall report under oath the classification and market value of the land, and also the timber thereon and its value, which may be considered in connection with such other evidence as may be required in determining the class and price to be given the land or timber. If, upon inspection of the papers, the commissioner is satisfied from the report of the surveyor and the records of the land office that the land is vacant and belongs to the school fund, and the survey has been made according to law, he shall approve same and notify the applicant that the land is subject to sale to him, stating the classification, price and terms, which shall be the same as that for surveyed lands, except as herein provided; provided, all unsurveyed vacant tracts not disclosed by the official maps in use in the land office at the time an application for the survey is filed, may be sold for cash, or for one-fortieth cash, with 5 per cent interest on the deferred principal, and without condition of settlement and improvement, and with the right to pay the same out at any time and obtain patent; all unsurveyed vacant tracts which are subject to overflow, or situated in bottoms or swamps, or otherwise so as to be unsuitable for settlement, may be sold for cash, or for one-fortieth cash with 5 per cent interest on the deferred principal, and without condition of settlement and improvement, and with the right to pay the same out at any time and obtain patent; all unsurveyed vacant tracts not exceeding 640 acres, and no less than eighty acres, which are disclosed by the official maps in use in the land office at the time an application for a survey is filed, and which are now or may be entirely surrounded by valid surveys or sold school surveys, shall be sold as a whole, and may be sold for cash, or for one-fortieth cash with 5 per cent interest on deferred principal, and without the condition of settlement and improvement, and with the right to pay same out at any time and obtain patent; all unsurveyed vacant tracts of eight acres or less shall be sold for cash; all other unsurveyed vacant tracts disclosed by the official map in use in the land office when an application for survey is filed shall be sold on condition of settlement and improvement as provided by law for the sale of surveyed land; provided, that land heretofore or hereafter recovered by the state from claimants holding or claiming same under Spanish or Mexican titles shall be considered as vacancies disclosed by the official maps, and the person who in good faith so held or claimed such land under the claim aforesaid shall have a prior right for ninety days after the taking effect of this act, or after the date of the final recovery of such land hereafter, to file on and purchase four sections of 640 acres each for cash, or for one-fortieth cash with 5 per cent interest on the deferred principal, and without the condition of settlement, and with the right to pay same out at any time and obtain patent. When the land is applied for and purchased under this section without condition of settlement and improvement, the application to purchase shall otherwise conform to the requirements of applications for surveyed land except as to settlement and designation of home tract. If any tract surveyed under this section as a vacancy should be wholly or partly within an inclosure or have improvements thereon, the surveyor shall, in addition to other requirements, give the name and postoffice address of the owner of the inclosure or inclosures or of the improvements thereon. Should the survey not be disclosed by the official maps in use in the land office on Feb. 23, 1900, but should be recognized by the commissioner as a vacancy, the owner of the inclosure or improvements shall be notified and given ninety days from the date of such notice to purchase that portion of the vacancy actually within his inclosure, and the owner of the improvements shall have the same preference to purchase not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres on which his improvements are situated, and every such purchase shall be made upon the same terms as provided in this section for the sale of other land of similar character; provided, that if any other person than the owner of such inclosure or improvements shall have surveyed the vacancy at his own expense, then before the party shall exercise the preference right herein given he shall reimburse the party having the land surveyed the reasonable fees and expenses incurred by him in surveying the said vacancy. In all cases of the sale of any land on deferred payments and without the condition of settlement and improvement, as provided for in this section, the merchantable timber thereon, if any, shall first be paid for in cash. All land appropriated to the public school fund by the act of Feb. 23, 1900, and which has heretofore been surveyed at private expense, may be sold under the provisions of this section relating to undisclosed vacancies and swamp lands. If within sixty days from the date of the notice of approval of any survey as herein provided the applicant shall not have filed in the land office his purchase application at the appraised value fixed on the land, and in compliance with this section, such land shall be placed on the market for sale upon the same terms and conditions as other sur-

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vayed school lands.

When any land lying between older surveys is held by the commissioner of the general land office to be unsurveyed or vacant land appropriated to the public school fund by the act of Feb. 23, 1900, and is sold as such under the provisions of this act, and thereafter any suit arises between the owner or owners of such older surveys, and the purchaser from the state or his vendees, any final judgment rendered in such suit shall be deemed and held conclusive as to the existence or non-existence of such vacancy; provided, if in any suit judgment is obtained through collusion or fraud against the state, the same may be set aside and vacated at the suit of the state at any time within five years thereafter.

Sec. 9. Land which has heretofore or may hereafter be sold by the state and which has been or may be subsequently transferred in tracts other than legal multiples may, in the discretion of the commissioner, be so patented.

Sec. 10. For all certificates of occupancy hereafter issued the commissioner shall charge and collect a fee of one dollar, and for all surveys hereafter filed in the land office the commissioner shall charge and collect a fee of twenty-five cents each, which fees he shall at the end of each month pay into the state treasury and the same shall be credited to the general fund.

Sec. 11. In order that the commissioner of the general land office may make the necessary preparation for the execution of the provisions of this act, he is hereby prohibited from making any further sales or leases of any land prior to Sept. 1,

1905, and all rights accruing under this act prior to said date may be exercised thereafter the same as if no suspension of sales and leases had occurred.

Sec. 12. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 13. The necessity of a change in the present method of filing on land and the near approach of the close of the present legislative session creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on several days in each house be suspended and that this act be placed upon its third reading and final passage, and that this act take effect on and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

WEST, Texas, Sept. 19, 1904.

Mr. G. B. Bothwell,
Breckenridge, Mo.


Dear Sir: Please send me another package of Vermifuge. It is the best remedy I have ever tried for sheep or goats.

W. J. DUFFEL,
Pres. Sheep and Goat Breeders' Ass'n of Texas.
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Mr. G. B. Bothwell,
Breckenridge, Mo.

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Nell EBBESON,
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Skinner's Farm Magazine, Dep't. 6, Chicago

CORN BELT FEEDERS

Each year the bond between the southwestern stockman and the feeders of the corn belt, especially of the states of Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, is becoming closer. A good many feeders in the states named last year for the first time purchased calves from the Texas ranges, and their experience has been so satisfactory that this trade will undoubtedly assume large proportions in the next two or three years, not only for calves, but for yearlings and 2-year-olds as well.

For this reason it is to the advantage of the Texas and southwestern stockmen to get in closest possible touch with the men who finish their stuff in the feed lots of the Mississippi valley. Believing in this so thoroughly, we have made an arrangement with the publishers of Wallace's Farmer, the leading agricultural and live stock paper west of the Mississippi river, by which we are enabled to offer The Stockman-Journal and Wallace's Farmer, both one year for only \$1.50, or we can send both from the date the subscription is received until Jan. 1, next, at the especially low rate of .85 cents.

Wallace's Farmer has probably done more for the live stock interests in the matter of railroad rate legislation than all other agricultural papers combined. It was its editor, Henry Wallace, who forced Congressman Hepburn, chairman of the interstate commerce committee in the house of representatives, to finally come out squarely on the stockman's side. We feel, therefore, that we are doing our readers a service in giving them this opportunity to secure Wallace's Farmer in connection with The Stockman-Journal.

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**C. W. STRAIN, G. P. A.,
Fort Worth, Texas.**

If there is no beef trust and the big packers have nothing to fear from the investigation now pending in Chicago, why is it that such an army of packing house employes found it necessary to visit Canada about the time the investigation was set in motion? It begins to look very much like somebody is getting very badly scared.

Write "Osgood," Binghamton, N. Y., about their "New Idea" ready to weigh "Pitless Scale."

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Consolidation of the Texas Stock Journal with the West Texas Stockman. Published every Tuesday by The Stockman Publishing Co., incorporated.

H. E. A. McEACHIN.....Editor

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Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas. OFFICERS:

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First Vice Pres.—Ike T. Pryor.....

.....San Antonio

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.....Palodura

Secretary—John T. Lytle..Fort Worth

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Colonel C. C. Poole is the duly accredited traveling representative of the Stockman-Journal, and as such is fully authorized to solicit and collect subscriptions, contract advertising and generally represent the paper in the capacity named.

STOCKMAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN

Fully appreciating the efforts put forth by The Stockman-Journal in furthering the interests of the cattle industry in general and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas in particular, and believing that said Stockman-Journal is in all respects representative of the interests it champions, and reposing confidence in its management to in future wisely and discreetly champion the interests of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, do hereby in executive meeting assembled, endorse the policies of said paper, adopt it as the official organ of this Association, and commend it to the membership as such.

Done by order of the Executive Committee, in the City of Fort Worth, this March 18, 1905.

THE BEEF TRUST

Commissioner Garfield's report of his investigation of the so-called beef trust has been a nine-day wonder to the reading public of the country. Millions of newspaper readers have had the alleged iniquities of the big packers preached to them for so many months, day after day, that they have come to believe all the evil that has been printed of these people. It is small wonder, therefore, that Commissioner Garfield's report was received with surprise mixed with incredulity.

It was a collaboration of facts and figures that defied contradiction. The "yellow" press could not refute, so it vilified. The reception of the report of these "organs of the people" ranged all the way from the polite sarcasm of a New York commercial publication to the unblushing accusation of a saffron-hued sheet that the packers had prepared the report themselves, and that Commissioner Garfield was their tool. The humorous climax was the resolution introduced in the Kansas legislature denouncing Commissioner Garfield as incompetent and inexperienced, and petitioning the president to send some other man to Kansas to investigate the Standard Oil Company.

In contrast to this general peevish reception of the report was the attitude of a few reputable daily newspapers, which had the sense to acknowledge that Commissioner Garfield's facts and figures were at least worthy of careful study, if not of instant and unqualified acceptance. The Kansas climax moved two of them to ironical comment. The New York Sun, in an editorial headed "A Competent Person," said:

President Roosevelt has not been kept long in suspense as to the character of the Hon. James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations in the department of commerce and labor. Mr. Garfield, in obedience to the orders of his superior, made a careful investigation of the meat packing trade throughout the United States. In his report, which was made public last week, he declared that the packers had not been making exorbitant profits,

and that during certain extended periods of time they had actually sold their wares to the public for less than cost.

This was not the sort of a report that the trust busters wanted. They had not studied the meat business, but they assumed that the packers were screwing immense profits from the consumers. They expected Mr. Garfield to support their side of the story. What he did actually they look upon as treason, the highest of crimes and misdemeanors. Promptly they have struck back at him.

The Kansas legislature has called on the president to dismiss Commissioner Garfield as "utterly incompetent to make an intelligent report on the beef trust." Somebody who will not permit himself to be hampered by facts is needed to write a proper report on this octopus, a patriot who will not allow impertinent things like figures and records to warp his judgment. Mr. Garfield is too commonplace, too old fashioned, too tiresomely accurate, for the office of commissioner of corporations.

There must be among the gifted members of the Kansas legislature, which includes the most ingenious and original trust busters of the age, some man who could write a properly inaccurate and popular report on the beef trust. He is the man for James R. Garfield's job.

The New York Evening Post—which, by the way, was one of the few dailies to treat the report with fairness in its printed summary—said on this same point:

The Kansas legislature is so grievously disappointed in Commissioner Garfield's report on the beef trust that it has formally resolved that the document is "little less than a fake," and demanded that some "competent person" be selected to conduct the coming Standard Oil inquiry. The legislators, of course, know what they want the investigation to disclose. All they ask is that Federal authorities give official confirmation to their preconceptions. Everybody knows that the trusts are wicked and predatory creatures. How, then, can an honest man unless "utterly incompetent" fail to find all the malignant qualities in any particular trust?

As for Mr. Garfield's beef report, it was undeniably much less interesting than the presentation of the same subject which has been made in the 10-cent magazines. It lacked picturesqueness, it failed to strike the personal note, it was full of figures. The plaint of Kansas deserves all sympathy. Steps ought to be taken at once to make the oil report more readable. The surest way will be for the bureau of corporations to appoint a set of special investigators, including, merely as suggestions, Thomas W. Lawson and Alfred Henry Lewis.

Packing house circles received the Garfield report with an "I told you so" air. Meat men knew the facts in the case, and realized that the investigation could have but one result—the publication of the truth in the matter. Any further investigation by the department of justice, if conducted fairly and honestly, could result in no other finding than that made by Commissioner Garfield. "If the attorney general of the United States goes thoroughly into the investigation of the business," said J. Ogden Armour, "he will arrive at the conclusion that the meat business is carried on at a very small profit." John S. Miller, who has represented the big packers as counsel in the court litigation thus far, made this statement:

"The public has been greatly misinformed. It has been led to believe that the packers were in a trust. Instead, they have been sharp competitors, each striving to furnish for the markets more and better products at less prices. The public has been given to understand that by a combination among themselves to keep the price of cattle down below a normal market and to keep the price of their dressed meats up above a fair market, they have at all times made for themselves enormous and undue profits. The investigation and report of the department of commerce show that that their business has been done at an extremely low profit and that they have been able to do business at any profit only by the use of the most expert and scientific methods and the highest business ability, of all which the public who buy their meats have had the benefit."—National Provisioner.

The National Provisioner is the great apologist for the beef trust and expounder of the justness of all its actions. It is not expected that the National Provisioner can see any guile in the great combination it so ably champions, and it is but to be expected that the Garfield report is a savory

morsel that it will continue to roll as a sweet morsel under its tongue. But the National Provisioner does not cover all the ground. For instance, it does not say one word about the developments in the Federal investigation that is now being conducted in Chicago. It hoots at the idea of a combination existing among the big packers in the illegal restraint of trade, but it says not a word concerning the abrupt departure of the confidential agents of these self-same packers, who are being brought back from Canada to testify in this investigation.

If the packers are such paragons of virtue and have been so completely vindicated by the Garfield report, why is it that they are running their employees out of the country in order that they may not tell the Federal grand jury what they know? There is an incongruity about the situation that the apologist and defender of the packers can not harmonize. If the packers are innocent and long-suffering as indicated by the Garfield report, there would be no necessity for the exhibition of alarm they are manifesting and the American colony in Canada would not have been so materially increased.

The truth of the business is that the packers have been very nearly run to earth. They are up against a proposition now where whitewash will not answer for the sins they have committed, but where such facts are being dug up as threatens to bring them in very forcible contact with the law. Texas cattlemen are hopeful that the drag net now being used in Chicago will bring all the facts to light, and if the packers are guilty of any form of market manipulation, they will be dealt with as the enormity of the offense demands. There may be no beef trust in existence, but it does appear that there is something back of the situation that is exerting a very deleterious effect upon the producers all over the country.

TEXAS CATTLEMEN

The meeting of the Panhandle Stockmen's association at Amarillo was largely attended, the general estimate being that there were perhaps 5,000 stockmen there. Such an attendance was phenomenal, and in this instance serves to demonstrate the growing importance of the Panhandle organization, which has sprung from a most humble beginning to be recognized as second in importance only to the great state organization. Owing to the fact that the Panhandle meeting comes about one month later than the big state meeting and its membership is almost entirely composed of the men the northwestern buyers annually desire to do business with, its meetings have become the great annual trade events, the sales made during the convention just held almost breaking the record.

And the Amarillo convention was not without its lesson. A careful study of the trading done upon that occasion will reveal the fact that the prevailing prices were from \$3 to \$5 higher than was paid for cattle in the same brands last season. This fact serves to demonstrate the fact that the Texas producer is this season completely master of the situation. It will be remembered that during the session of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas held in this city last month, an interview was printed in this paper in which A. B. Robertson, the well known cattleman and banker of Colorado City, expressed the opinion that buyers would have to pay from \$1 to \$3 per head more for Texas steers this spring than last season on account of the scarcity of the supply. The few northwestern buyers in attendance upon the convention were not pleased with the Robertson expression, from the fact they had come to Texas with the same old annual yarn of the necessity of lower prices and limited demand. The fact of the business is, those gentlemen came to Texas with the expectation of buying steers really cheaper than last year, but they were grievously disappointed, and thereby hangs another interesting story.

The supply of steers above the quarantine line was so short that it became evident that the demand from Kansas, Iowa and other feeding states would be sufficient to absorb the entire offering. The eastern corn belt feeders were willing to pay top prices for top stuff, and when the meeting at Amarillo occurred these men had on their trading clothes. They quickly snapped up the great bulk of the offering at the advanced prices, leaving the northwestern fellows to take what they could get on almost any kind of a basis. They waited too long, and they were not able to see the condition as regards a shortage that was pointed out to them. As a result, the great bulk of the Texas stuff this spring will go to feed lots in the corn belt states.

The Amarillo meeting has resulted in the injection of considerable ginger into the cattle situation. It has planted a spirit of confidence in the hearts of Texas cattlemen such as has been wanting for the past two or three years. They now believe that the era of better prices so long predicted and anticipated has at last arrived, and they are greatly pleased with the outlook. They are looking to the future with more confidence than they have known in a long time, and there appears considerable justification for that feeling of confidence. Cattle buyers are today scouring the ranches out in the heart

of the range country for the stuff they need in their business. It is no longer a question of price, but a matter of finding the steers, and once more the Texas producer is sitting back and watching the other fellow sweat.

It is now clear that the shortage in cattle in this state is not less than 25 per cent below the normal. It will require from three to five years to again stock the range country to its full capacity. As the outlook brightens, there is going to be more attention turned in the direction of breeding, and much of the breeding stock has been sacrificed during the era of low prices and range restriction. There is going to be a better demand for stock cattle, and the matter of herd improvement will again be a factor in the situation. Quality must take the place of quantity, and the breeders of registered stuff are going to again have an inning.

Taking it all 'n all, the situation has very materially cleared in Texas. Good cattle are bringing good prices, no man with good stuff for sale has to turn it loose at a loss, and the general tendency is toward a decided stiffening all along the line. No man should be in too great haste to sell. There is plenty of grass and water on the Texas ranges and the beef eaters must have our stuff. The idea is to hold a stiff upper lip and let the other fellow now do all the agonizing. Texas producers are again on top.

PRESIDENT WILL ATTEND

It now seems more than probable that President Roosevelt will attend the meeting of the cattlemen held at Denver, May 9, to perfect the organization of the American Live Stock Growers' Association, and that fact is expected to largely increase the attendance. The cattlemen are very anxious to have the president meet with them, for he has shown more than once deep interest in the industry. President Roosevelt has spent just enough of his life upon a cattle ranch to understand many of the ills of which the cattlemen are complaining and sympathize with them in their undertakings. The cattlemen feel they have a friend in the executive chair of this nation, and the president will receive an ovation at Denver that will make him glad that he attended the meeting.

The indications are that Texas will be largely represented at the meeting. Panhandle cattlemen are going in considerable numbers, and there will be a liberal attendance from other sections of the state. The program for the Denver meeting is now being arranged and will be announced in a few days. Denver is already making preparations for the big event, and an attendance of 5,000 at least is expected. A report from that city says:

While President Roosevelt has not yet expressed himself, there is strong reason to believe that he may make a special effort to be in Denver before the close of the big meeting of the American Stock Growers' Association, May 9, 10 and 11. While in Texas the president sent for S. H. Cowan of Fort Worth, and had a long talk with him regarding the railroad rate measure which will be taken up at the special session of congress to be called in the fall.

There is reason to believe that the president intends to concentrate all of his corporation fight on this measure, and that he expects much from the backing to be given him by the organized stockmen of the west. He has been urged to attend the Denver meeting, and while he would make no promises, he has intimated that if he can get through his hunting by that time, he will make a special effort to be here before the convention adjourns.

There is every indication now that the coming meeting of stockmen will be the greatest ever held in this country. Contrary to the usual manner of conducting these meetings, there will be little program in the way of entertainment. The stockmen are coming here for business, and have made a special request that their time be not interfered with by any local entertainment schemes. Neither will there be a long set program. There will be few addresses, but the convention will be taken up principally with business affairs.

The new association must first complete its organization. The indications are that the original plan of individual membership only as the basis of organization will be carried out, but that arrangements will be made to provide representation for state associations on the executive committee, and thus consolidate all organized stockmen.

Officers of the National Live Stock Association have arranged to be here at the meeting, and a final effort will be made to bring all the organizations together, but there is not the shadow of hope for any success in that direction. The stockmen in the west take the position that the National Live Stock Association is dead as far as they are concerned, and that there will be no compromise of any kind.

The fight at the Denver meeting in January has had the effect of stirring up the stockmen as never before. They are convinced that the packers, railroads and stockyard interests had a plan to take possession of the producing interests, body and soul, and they are coming to Denver this time to enter as loud a protest against this policy as they can make.

There will be stockmen here from every part of the country, and the meeting will include sheepmen as well as cattlemen. In fact, in their efforts to work in with the producing stockmen, the packers and railroad men have succeeded in bringing peace between these once warring elements, and they will work together in harmony in the new organization while fighting the common enemy.

It seems to be generally agreed now that Murdo Mackenzie of Trinidad will be the president of the new organization. He has always been the logical man for the

place, but only a few days ago was he finally induced to accept the position. Mr. Mackenzie is the head of one of the largest cattle companies in Texas, and has been a most active factor in the fight against railroad monopoly and discrimination.

He is a particular friend of President Roosevelt, who at Trinidad a few days ago took pains to pick him out from the crowd and show his regard for him. Mr. Mackenzie, however, in agreeing to accept the presidency of the new association, insists that before he does so there must be arrangements made that will guarantee him plenty of funds to work with. He wants at least \$10,000 in the treasury as a starter.

The Cattle Growers' Interstate Executive Committee, which was organized in Denver a year ago by representatives of the State Cattle Growers' Association, will meet in Denver May 9. It is probable that this organization will be consolidated with the new organization in some way, and arrangements also made for representation of the National Wool Growers' Association on the executive committee.

If this idea is carried out, it will mean the practical amalgamation of all producing interests into one working body. It is probable that immediately after the Denver meeting Attorney S. H. Cowan will be sent to Washington to watch the hearing before the senate committee on interstate commerce. The stock interests will ask for time before the committee to present more testimony.

The railroads are all making a low rate to this meeting, and it is estimated that there will be at least 5,000 stockmen here. All the hotels report very heavy advance engagements of rooms, and the indications are that the attendance will be much larger than in January.

There should be no surprise manifested at the action of the beef trust in arbitrarily advancing the price of meat. The big packers have recently learned from the Garfield report that they were only making the small sum of 99 cents per head on cattle slaughtered, and it is human nature to always desire to do better.

The answer of the packers of the country to the beef trust investigation in progress at Chicago has been a big advance in the price of all dressed meats. There is a note of defiance in this action, which would seem to imply that the packers are not yet trembling from the close proximity of the presidential Big Stick.

Texas cattlemen gave the outside buyers present at the Amarillo convention to understand very clearly that the day is past when the man who wants Texas steers can expect to come down into this state and take them at his own figures. Texas cattlemen are not compelled to sacrifice one hoof of their stock this spring.

Representative McFaddin stated in Austin a few days ago that the price of beef cattle had advanced \$1.25 per head more than before the beef trust investigation began, and that is pretty conclusive evidence that the investigation should have been inaugurated about three years ago. A difference of \$1.25 per head on all the cattle marketed during the past three years would amount to a very handsome sum to the beef producers of the country.

The fact that the cattle sold at the Amarillo convention brought from \$2 to \$4 per head more than the same class of cattle sold for last spring, would seem to indicate that the long suffering cowman is now just about to have an inning. The number of trades made and the prices paid both go to prove that confidence in the situation has returned, and when confidence reigns in cattle circles there is always something doing.

Cuthbert Powell says the recent advance in the price of meats by the beef trust was justified by the advance in the price of beef on the hoof. And yet Cuthbert Powell was the expert who figured out that the big packers were making \$7.41 profit on every beef animal under former prices. The advance in the price of cattle will average but a fraction more than \$1 per head, and according to the Powell figures, this would still leave the packers a margin of more than \$6.

Those beef trust punchers in Chicago are in earnest in their attempt to procure indictments against the violators of law and the takers of the meat of the people, and the indications are that they will get the scalps after which they have started. —San Antonio Light.

There is every evidence that the federal investigation in progress at Chicago is giving promise of being the real thing. Testimony is being adduced that makes the situation appear very interesting for the packers, and facts are coming to light of a very startling nature.

Cattle buyers in Texas are as thick as flies these days, and growers are feeling pretty good. The grass is splendid in most sections of the state, and marketable cattle are getting better and better all the time, owners do not appear to be in great haste to sell. It looks reasonably safe to predict further advance in cattle values inside of the next few weeks. —Texas Stockman and Farmer.

Cattle buyers in Texas are paying from three to five dollars more per head for Texas steers than they paid for the same class of stuff last year, and the general opinion among cattlemen is that pros-



MARGARET SANGSTER'S

DEPARTMENT

HOW TO MAKE THE HOME SETTING ATTRACTIVE

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.
(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)
Home is woman's background, fortress and refuge. That would not be a real home in which was no womanly presence. A feminine touch must adorn the rooms, and dictate their arrangement to make them wholly agreeable. The setting of the home is woman's peculiar province. Business gives a man little daylight time in his home, which is woman's little kingdom.

In most women the home instinct is so strong that when traveling and stopping here and there, they proceed to give the temporary shelter something of the familiar look that makes it a dwelling place, rather than a camp. I have seen a summer tent transformed into a bower by a few transformed photographs, and by the dainty trifles that show individuality and give character and grace. Every soldier's wife knows how to make her quarters at an army post charmingly domestic, and the bareness of an ordinary hotel room is relieved by the campaigner in a trice by knick-knacks and drapery which take up very little space in a trunk.

A tea tray, a half dozen cups and saucers, a lamp, a chafing dish, and a woman's smile above them give a tired man a feeling of having reached home. On the road, he felt cross and jaded, and at odds with the world, but the low mood slipped away when he turned the latch key, and entered the precincts into which his wife had been putting the sweetness of herself all day long. No man can analyze or explain the emotion, but the home itself cheers him, and stirs a pulse of delight before a word is said, when he gets back to it.

Women care immensely about things. I doubt whether a mere man can quite understand a woman's love for chairs and tables, mirrors and vases. These may have associations with happy seasons in the past, or many mean a victory over the tyranny of circumstances. One adores what she has longed for during months, and denies herself many little luxuries to purchase. One even treasures old things that seem to the outsider of no account.

I have a little old-fashioned hair trunk, studded with brass nails. It has been in the family as long as I can remember, and came over the sea generations before my time. One day when we were moving a young person who had no reverence for what she considered trash, was bargaining with a junk-man over this trunk. I happened along just in time to stop the barter and sale, and send the man away.

"I would rather part with anything in the house than that," I exclaimed. "Money could not buy it."
"What in the world can you want with such old rubbish? It has been up garret for ages."
"I know it," I replied, "and you may call it rubbish, but it is precious to me."
So it was. Bottled fragrance and fadeless sunshine and the echo of merry makings and the voices of love were in that shabby old box, for me.

We sometimes jeer at sentiment, but how long would this planet go on without the tender rose-color that falls on the stony hillsides our feet so often tread? Sentiment cushions life. Because of it, a woman regards more highly an ugly old time-piece which has been ticking through centuries than the most decorative chronometer which can be bought at the shop. One ticks of money, the other ticks for-



ever of loyalty and love.

The setting of a home should be attractive, and in the furnishing should be no discords. We multiply possessions till they become an incubance. They control women, consume energy, and occasion nervous prostration.

The moment our things become a worry, they become a menace to health, and their sentiment is a little marred, yet how can we help it? The ruling by crack or nick of a piece of fine china almost breaks the true housewife's heart. An old book left out in the rain cannot be adequately replaced by a new one. Alas, the more one has, the greater is one's anxiety. Witness the solicitude with which we lock and bar the house against the sneak thief and the midnight prowler.

A home may be so cluttered with a quantity of furniture, drapery and ornament, that one's time is completely absorbed in looking after the setting and the sweet secret of the home escapes like the attar of rose from the phial left uncorked. If we would guard against wearing out too soon, and growing old too fast, we must strive to have simplicity as the keynote of the home environment.

The other day I spent a half hour in a woman's own private sitting room, which seemed to me to be characterized by everything such a room should have. The walls were neutral-tinted, and formed the best of back grounds for a few well chosen pictures. A rug in dim, somber colors covered the floor. There was a large table, and a book case well filled stood at one side in an alcove; there was a divan and there was a few easy chairs. The outlook was over a bay, where the green waves were ruffled by the spring wind, and the ships went to and fro, sometimes great steamers passing on their way across the ocean, into which the bay poured its waters. The atmosphere of the place was permeated with repose.

When one is obliged to thread his way gingerly through a drawing room that is filled to the overflow with easels and

statues and busts and spindle-legged tables and fragile chairs and obtrusive footstools, in danger every second of stumbling or knocking something over, things are wrong with that setting.

Another mistake is to have too little light. Why darkness and gloom should be sought in any portion of a house where people must live, has always been to me an unsolvable problem. Mysterious corners are in order in a cob-webbed attic or an underground cellar, but they are seriously out of place in a pleasant room into which visitors are ushered, and which is supposed to be a rallying spot for the family.

Light does no harm. Although the strong rays of the sun may somewhat impair the first freshness of upholstery, yet they tone down crudeness of color, and in the end are an improvement. "Throw open the windows and glorify the room," was the cheerful order for the day of Sydney Smith. One's spirits are apt to go down in a dull, dark crypt-like room; they rise to sparkle and effervescence when the sunbeams come dancing in, and the house looks glad and gay.

It is wonderful how one's things respond to one's mood. Certain easy chairs welcome you to their embrace when you are tired out, and rest you almost as if they knew they were doing it; they seem to have caught the spirit of the house, and have a personality of their own.

Certain chairs and footstools belong to certain people. I knew a dear old lady, blind for years, who always occupied one corner of a large and comfortable sofa. Children and grandchildren were careful not to usurp this throne of the serene and beautiful matron, who dwelt in the dark, but liked to have everything cheery about her. Sometimes a stranger, not knowing the traditions of the home, would install herself in the mother's place, but was always gently conducted to another seat. The setting of that house was not perfect unless the mother took her accustomed place. When she was gone forever, the mistress of the house rearranged every room, and carried that sofa to another part of her domain. She felt that, for awhile at least, no one else could sit there; the old sofa in her thought was sacred and would almost feel profaned if used by others than the one to whom it had belonged, through so many pleasant seasons.

All this of course is sentiment, and Mr. Gradgrind does not understand it; with his incessant demand for facts and statistics, he cannot enter into the joy that comes from feeling. Yet feeling is the chrism of life.

It is possible to make too much of life's setting, as I have said, and to spend too much labor on externals that there is no time for satisfaction in the inner life, but while women continue to be queens regnant in their homes, they will take pleasure in having the homes beautiful, neat, harmonious, and to some degree sumptuous. It is their privilege thus to do. A home is not a penitentiary, nor a counting room, nor a shop; it is, as I said at first, the background whence we issue into the open for business or pleasure. It is our fortress against all invaders, our refuge in distress. In the day of calamity and disaster, we hide ourselves at home. In the day of triumph and good fortune, we invite our friends to rejoice with us there. We are within the bounds of reason in making the setting of a home as beautiful as we can.

perity has returned and from now on conditions will be vastly different from what they have been in the past. The Texas cattlemen has been up against a very hard proposition for the past three years and is entitled to all the good things now coming his way.

STOCK GROWERS' CONVENTION

The first annual convention of the American Stock Growers' Association called to meet at Denver, Col., Tuesday, May 9, for the purpose of effecting permanent organization, adopting a constitution and by-laws, electing permanent officers and to such general business as may come before it. The present basis of representation of this association is individual membership, and any citizen, a live stock grower, feeder or owner, is eligible for membership upon payment of initiation fee of \$5, and will be entitled to one vote in this convention. The call says:

"It is believed that at this time the live stock producer has better standing in the public eye, before congress, and with the president of the United States than at any previous period in our country's history and it is of the utmost importance that he be up and doing to secure improvements in the present methods, correction of abuses, recognition of the importance of his business in the affairs of the world, and proper legislation. Among the objects to be attained are the

extension of the powers of the interstate commerce commission so as to give it authority to name what is a reasonable freight rate; to secure proper service for the transportation of live stock; to impress on the proper authorities at Washington the importance of securing admittance for our meats and meat products in certain foreign countries that are now closed against us; to support and aid the various bureaus of the federal government in their investigations of the business of the large corporations with whom the stockmen have to deal, and in determining the true position of such corporations towards the live stock producing public; and, also in the matter of better federal corporation laws; for the suppression of diseases among domestic animals and protection of the various states against others where contagion may exist; to secure adequate measures that will forever prevent the introduction of contagious diseases among domestic animals through the importation of hides from foreign countries, or otherwise; to make practical recommendation to congress in regard to the public grazing lands and forest reserves; to secure joint action by all the states and federal government for the destruction of predatory wild animals. Producers of live stock only are invited to become members of this body."

TEXAS STEER SUPPLY SHORT

Predictions of a short Texas steer supply this year made in the National

Provisioner appear about to be verified by a revelation of actual conditions. Texans are happy over range conditions this spring, but they need the good luck that has come to them. It seems, however, that the steer supply is 25 per cent short, and that it will not get back to normal for several seasons. Said a cattle expert who had looked over the Texas territory the other day: "I am not a bull on the steer market, but I am satisfied that the supply of steers in Texas is fully 25 per cent less than the average, that those for sale will be in extra good condition, and that it will take Texas several years to get back to the normal supply of, say, 1901. Taking the 1904 calf crop of several of the largest ranches as an index, considering the number of calves and cows shipped out last year and in 1903, I am satisfied that the crop of steers for this year and for 1906 will show great decrease." —National Provisioner.

ROSES

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KANSAS CITY

AMERICAN EXPORTS SHOW DECREASE

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The March exports of cattle, sheep and hogs from the principal ports of the country, which is approximately 97 per cent of the whole show those of cattle and sheep to have decreased, while the exports of hogs have increased. While the exports of cattle for the nine months' period increased, the valuation was less than the corresponding time last year. Hogs showed an increase in both the number exported and the valuation, while sheep exhibited a decline.

The exports of cattle for the past month were 41,236 head, as compared with 41,690 in the like month of last year, their respective valuations being \$3,704,777 and \$3,767,162. The average price paid per head was about \$89.62 against \$86.04, the price paid in 1904. The port sending out the largest number was Boston, the exports passing through that point being 12,066 head, valued at \$1,082,990.

Hog exports for March were 754 head, valued at \$7,763 or an average price of \$10.30, against 233 head and \$2,724 at an average valuation of \$11.70 last year. This comparison shows a decrease in the valuation but a decided increase in the number of head sent to foreign countries.

The aggregate shipments of sheep amounted to 22,695 head, valued at \$157,992, an average of \$6.75, which shows a decrease compared with last year, when 41,426 head, valued at \$282,744 or an average of \$6.82, departed.

NINE MONTHS' EXPORTS

For the nine months ending and including March, the exports of cattle were 375,396 head, valued at \$29,483,090, as compared with 361,664 head, valued at \$29,848,012 in 1904. The average valuation of the cattle for 1905 was \$78.56, a decrease compared with that of 1904, which was \$82.

The exports of hogs for the same period were 3,556 head and the average price per head was \$12.11, against 3,332 head at \$8.64, the average value per head for like time of last year. These figures while showing only a slight increase in the number exported, indicates a large increase in the valuation per head.

The decrease in the number and valuation of sheep for the month of March of this year also holds true in regards to the nine months' period just

Colds

It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and prepares the system for the more serious diseases, among which are the two greatest destroyers of human life, pneumonia and consumption.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

has won its great popularity by its prompt cures of this most common ailment. It aids expectoration, relieves the lungs and opens the secretions, effecting a speedy and permanent cure. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.

Price 25c, Large Size 50c.

closed, 193,312 head leaving our principal ports, valued at \$6.37 per head, as against 211,752 head, bringing \$6.33 in 1904.

MONTANA CATTLEMEN ADDRESSED BY COWAN

MILES CITY, Mont., April 22.—Montana range men in the closing session of the Montana Stock Growers' Association yesterday learned something of the evils of which railroads are guilty in their treatment of the stockmen.

Sam H. Cowan, recognized by all stockmen as the best posted authority on railroad affairs as affecting the live stock industry, in an address before the convention stirred the members to a condition that will bring strong support from the west for the interstate commerce legislation that is to be considered in Washington later this week.

SAM H. COWAN IS HEARD

Judge Cowan flayed the railroads for unjust rates demanded upon live stock shipments. He declared competition between roads has been eliminated, and instead of lower rates as a result of more railroads entering a certain region traffic is divided and rates raised by agreement. Especially is this the case where the powers that have been working for the merger plan have been in control, and he added: "You northwestern stockmen are not strangers to that condition."

"The Texas commission has succeeded in doing effective work on some of the lines of our own states," said Judge Cowan, "and like conditions should prevail and will prevail throughout the entire country if you stockmen and all stockmen will demand of your representatives in congress the speedy enactment of railroad laws that shall empower the interstate commerce commission with authority to regulate railroad tariffs. You should demand better service and attention to bills now pending in congress for the purpose of compelling quick delivery of cars in range country, as the measure is one that has long been needed by rangemen."

MANGE WILL BE ERADICATED

Dr. W. A. Ramsey of the bureau of animal industry, discussing the cattle-dipping question, assured the rangemen that the Federal authorities will co-operate with state inspectors in ridding the cattle of Montana of mange. He commended Montana's dipping laws as most excellent for the purpose and said strict enforcements of their provisions would completely eradicate scabies in a very short time. He urged stockmen to co-operate with the authorities for the general good of live stock conditions in the state, and assured them that the laws would be enforced with care to inconvenience stockmen as little as conditions would permit.

Sixty new members were admitted to the association, and the entire board of officials—J. M. Holt, president; Conrad Kohrs of Helena, first vice president; Thomas Cruse of Helena, second vice president, and W. G. Preuit, secretary and treasurer—was re-elected. Clyde C. Smith, for fourteen years assistant secretary, resigned. The association accepted his resignation and passed resolutions expressing deep regret at his departure from the work of the association and wishing him success in his new field.

FAVOR RECIPROCITY TREATIES

Other resolutions were passed urging members to join the American Live Stock Association, another favoring reciprocity treaties with foreign countries as a means of furthering export trade; still another commending President Roosevelt's action in furthering irrigation work in the western country and his heroic fight on railroads and corporation monopolies.

A resolution commending Congressman Dixon's bill providing for 640-acre arid land homesteads, a memorial of respect to the late Thomas Miller, general traffic manager of the Burlington lines, which extolled him as a generous and loyal

friend to the stockmen, closed the work of the convention.

An executive committee of fifty members representing the various counties of the state was appointed.

INSPECTORS ARE NAMED

CLARENDON, Texas, April 21.—It has been learned that the executive committee of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association has made the following appointments of inspectors: J. B. Williams, for Denver road; Sam Dunn, for Pecos Valley road; Sam Denson, for Southern; the Southern Kansas and Choctaw to be transferred July 1 to Kansas City. Others are to be named later.

I have a vegetable cure for female diseases and piles, and I will send package free to any sufferer. Write Mrs. Cora B. Miller, Kokomo, Ind.

TEXAS CATTLE RAISERS

Other associations of stockmen can profitably study the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, says Wallace's Farmer. It is strong because, as above stated, it is organized on business lines and it pays in dollars and cents to belong to it. Only associations organized on this plan can last. It is profitable to the Texas cattlemen to belong to this association because of its inspection system. An association

can be built up in the corn belt which can render in other directions an even greater service to its members. It is all very well to get together, once in a while at annual meetings and talk, but the life of an association is the work done during the year by level-headed, energetic, solid men, who should be in charge of its affairs; men big enough to know the kind of work that ought to be done and the best way to do it; men who will get busy instead of simply "sizzling."

BIG RANCH SALE

BEEVILLE, Texas, April 22.—The deed confirming the sale of the George ranch to J. C. Wood, conditionally made about a year ago, was placed on record this week. The transfer of title conveys 9,794 acres for a consideration of \$53,871. The land lies on the west side of the Medio, and to its nearest point is about eleven miles southeast of Beeville and twelve miles west of Skidmore, and is regarded as one of the best ranch properties in the county, being mostly open land, well coated with mesquite grass. The price also (\$5.50 per acre) is the top figure so far paid for grazing land a like distance from a shipping point, and is an indication of the upward tendency of Bee county land.

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Do you think doctors would recommend it and hospitals use it, if it wasn't absolutely pure and unadulterated?

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Wm. M. Stewart,
U. S. Senator from Nevada.

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OUR OFFER We will send you in a plain sealed case, with no marks to show contents, FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES OF HAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE FOR \$3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Take it home and sample it, have your doctor test it—every bottle if you wish. Then if you don't find it just as we say and perfectly satisfactory, ship it back to us AT OUR EXPENSE and your \$3.20 will be promptly refunded. How could any offer be fairer? You don't risk a cent.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be on the basis of 4 Quarts for \$4.00 by Express Prepaid or 20 Quarts for \$15.00, by Freight Prepaid.

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President Bugbee's Address

Members of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association, Ladies and Gentlemen: We again meet in the Queen City of the Plains, where pleasant greetings and hospitality have so often been extended to us in the past.

This city is an evidence of what work, pluck and confidence can accomplish; all three are necessary to produce results. What you have done and are still doing should inspire us to do likewise in other parts of this great Panhandle.

I had hoped the legislature which is now in session would do something to encourage the building up of packing houses and factories of all kinds by exempting them from taxes for a term of years. I want to see Texas great in all things. Let us help to make her worthy of that noble band of heroes and patriots who wrested her from tyranny and oppression and safely landed her under the folds of the American flag.

The dark cloud that has been hanging over the cow business for the last two years is fast clearing away. Before the dawn of 1906 I think we shall be able to take a long breath; also hope we shall know in the near future something more of the beef trust and learn if there is not a remedy for the existing evil. I hope before the close of this meeting a vote of thanks will be given to our most worthy president for his persistent efforts to force these giant trusts to respect the laws of our country. It is work that counts. If we would secure capital and railroads we must work for them; show that we have a country with unlimited resources, where mob law and strikes are unknown, where anarchy and socialism will not be tolerated—a country in which every man and every interest will be protected in their just rights—no more and no less.

We shall have the kindest feeling for our Panhandle railroads; they are advertising our country by giving low rates to the homeseekers and other ways, all of which helps every member of the association, for I believe every member of the association is a land owner; he must necessarily be if he remains in the cow business. The Panhandle railroads got no land grants; their right of way is all they received, while about one-third of your public domain was given to build railroads in other parts of the country, but we should not hold our Panhandle railroads responsible for land frauds and other abuses, not only outside the Panhandle, but outside the state.

I am a sixteen-to-one man so far as railroads and capital are concerned. In the Panhandle we need sixteen miles of railroad for every mile we now have; we also need sixteen dollars of invested capital for every dollar we now have. Give us railroads and capital and the people will come. Many of our Panhandle counties are now from fifty to one hundred miles from a railroad; this ought not to be. We should be the last to make war on railroads or capital—rather make love to them. This grand country can never be developed without aid of both.

The cotton farmer of the Panhandle is an important factor today, for by his efforts he has made it possible for us to secure cotton seed in unlimited quantities at reasonable prices, and at no time in the history of the cow business could it have been used to better advantage than during the winter that has just passed. The cry has gone all over the south to reduce the acreage of cotton, but I hope the farmer of the Panhandle will double his acreage. He has cheap lands, no boll weevil and a home market for all seed he can furnish the cowman at good prices.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and I want to say right here in that dark and gloomy time of the near past that the Panhandle banker showed his friendship in large measures when he opened his vaults and said to the cowmen, "Here is money to buy all the feed you want," and I think the most of us availed ourselves of the offer. By so doing we will have more cattle to sell and less hides.

The business in which we are engaged suffers for want of home markets more than any other. All other products outside of the live stock will hold their weights in shipment. It is a well-known fact by every cowman that the shrinkage in a car of grass cows (and our principal shipments are grass cattle) from this territory ranging from 600 to 800 miles, the distance to market, averages 2,000 pounds to each car, which is a total loss to the shipper. No one derives any benefit from that loss. We are traveling in the same old ruts we started on in the beginning. More than 40 per cent of the cattle that feed the Missouri river markets and St. Louis have their origin in this great state, yet in marketing them at the nearest Missouri river market we are at a cost for freights, yardage, hay, and commission, \$100 per car; shrinkage, 2,000 pounds at 2½ cents means \$50 more, so you are out \$150 on each car of cattle shipped to the market. Home markets would be a saving of at least two-thirds that amount. Think these suggestions over, gentlemen, and see if I am not right. Home markets cannot be built up at once, but unless we make a beginning we will never have them.

Before closing these remarks I wish to say something of our Panhandle cattle whose fame reaches from ocean to ocean or wherever good cattle are sought after, and I will say right here that to Charles Goodnight of Goodnight, Texas, of whom you all know, belongs the credit more than any other. Thirty years ago he came to this country and laid the foundation of one of the largest improved herds on this continent. He came here with an ordinary herd of cows. He then began to look for the best blooded bulls that could

be found in the old states at that time. He was more than 300 miles from a railroad, had to go east of the Missouri river and ship to Dodge City and then drive 300 miles across the country. At that time grade bulls cost more in Missouri than registered bulls now cost you at your own home. I name these matters to show you what disadvantage he had to labor under to build up a great herd of improved cattle, yet undaunted, he forged ahead, built up the great J A herd, which has been a standard of excellence for twenty-five years or more, ever since Panhandle cattle have been going to northern feed lots. One of the first questions asked when you price your cattle will be, "How do you compare in quality with the J As?" These cattle have given Panhandle cattle a national reputation and to Charles Goodnight belongs the credit more than to any other man. He was the pioneer in breeding up range cattle. His mantle fell to a younger man who got his training from Mr. Goodnight, and he has kept on the good work, and today is doing more to advertise Panhandle cattle than any other by putting them in shape to show at the fat stock shows in the east.

With the cultivation of grain and forage crops and with cotton seed products right at our door, I confidently predict that Texas raised and fed beef will equal, if not excel, that of any state in the union.

No section of the country is attracting more attention than the Texas Panhandle; our limitless prairies are being dotted everywhere with homes. The range cow will soon give place to the well-fed and well-bred classes. The bronco will be succeeded by a better grade of horses.

With a successful stock farming country, our success cannot be permanently retarded; an exclusively agricultural country is almost ruined by a drouth, while in a country where agriculture and stock raising may be combined, a drouth has no material or permanent effect.

In conclusion there are important questions to be considered by us, and I trust that our deliberations will be characterized by moderation and conservatism; that every measure with which we have to deal will be treated in such a manner as to reflect credit on the live stock industry of our great state. I want these meetings made a bureau of information; we are here for information; our interests are mutual in the upbuilding of this great Panhandle. We would gladly hear from all, the cattleman, farmer, banker, railroad man, commission man, all who are interested in the growth and development of this great country that Nature has done so much for.

The benefits to be derived from membership in this association seem to be self-evident and I urge all our people who are engaged in the live stock industry to give their names to our secretary at this meeting and to make a common cause with us in the promotion of our mutual interests.

PREDICTS HIGHER BEEF

"I do not mean to say I told you so," for my remark to you of a week or so past, that the American people will be paying more for beef or eating less of it in the near future, has come true sooner than I had expected. So far, they have not decided to eat less of it. I am not sure they may not, because they had some discipline in this during the summer and fall of 1902, when good beef was so scarce, and again last summer during the strike at the packing centers.

"There are some factors which might put good beef on a higher level this summer and fall than it was in 1902. In that season beef was scarce enough, but there was then, without doubt, a far larger reserve of feeders which could be quickly warmed up into some kind of beef than there is in the country now. Besides the fact that good, thick beef is scarce at this time, I believe it has been many a year since the country was as short on feeders of good weight as now; so that, no matter how much corn we have on hand or raise this season, it would appear that no oversupply or even normal supply of beef could be produced in many months to come.

"This country is so big in all its interests, and we move, along so fast, that scarcely any one is able to tell 'where we are at' until we are in it, and more often past it. The truth is as to the meat, fowl and fish supply, we have at least entered, if we are not already in the midst of, old country conditions. None of these are likely to be so plenty and so cheap as in the past.

"In a big, new, rich country, sparsely settled, there is at first plenty of wild meat—buffalo, antelope, deer, squirrels, jackrabbits and fish and fowl of every kind, to afford an ample supply. It is not long since we were in that condition in many parts of this country. That supply has gone. Following the cheap pasture and cheap feed of every kind, it was natural that the domestic supply could be furnished very cheaply. Now it has come about that the domestic supply will cost very much more in this country, just as it does in the older countries of the world.

"And so I say again, with more confidence than before, that meat of every kind, if the people continue to consume it in normal quantity, or in such quantity as they have been used to consume it, will cost more because it costs so much more to produce it."—L. H. Kerrick, Bloomington, Ill.

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EXTRACTS FROM CALCULATOR

Farmer—What is corn worth today? Grain Buyer—We are paying 53 cents today for corn. Your load weighed 2,730 pounds net.

Farmer (opening his Calculator)—Then I had on 48 bushels and 42 pounds, and it comes to \$25.84.

Grain Buyer (after figuring for some time)—Correct. How can you tell so quickly?

Farmer—Why, with my Calculator I can tell instantly, and without making a single figure.

Stock Shipper—Your bunch of hogs weighed just 3,265 pounds, and at \$4.75 per hundred comes to \$145.09.

Farmer (using his Calculator)—Hold on, there is a mistake somewhere. I make it \$155.09.

Stock Shipper (looking over his figures carefully)—You are right; here is a \$10 bill with your check. Excuse my mistake.

Farmer—I wish to borrow \$500 for 60 days, and if you can wait till Friday for the \$7 discount it would accommodate me very much, as I must have just \$500 today.

Banker—How do you know that the discount is just \$7?

Farmer—Why, I know by my Calculator (page 49) that the interest or bank discount on \$500 for 63 days at 8 per cent is exactly \$7.

Merchant—This is really an elegant pair of boots, and extremely cheap at \$4.50. They actually cost me \$45 a case, but, having only a few pairs left, I am closing them out at cost.

Farmer—Why, you are making 20 per cent at these figures.

Merchant (surprised)—Who says 20 per cent?

Farmer—Why, my Calculator says that if an article is sold at one-tenth of the cost per dozen, 20 per cent profit is realized on the cost. (Page 85.)

Mechanic—If your cistern must hold just 200 barrels, how will we ascertain the exact dimensions?

Farmer—Oh, I can find that in my Calculator. Why, yes, here it is on page 62. It must be either 9½ feet in diameter and 12 feet deep, or 8½ feet in diameter and 15 feet deep.

It will reduce the weight of a load of grain of any kind to bushels and show the exact amount of same in less time than it takes to tell it.

It will also show at a glance the interest on any sum for any time at any rate per cent. The value of cattle, hogs, hay, coal, cotton and all kinds of merchandise sold by the pound, ton, yard, or dozen. The correct measurements of lumber, logs, cord wood, cistern, tanks, wagon beds, bins, corn cribs and carpenters', plasterers' and bricklayers' work. The wages, board and rent for any time, at various rates per week or month. Besides it contains many other useful and valuable tables.

A copy of this useful and practical work should be in the hands of every individual. With this work at hand, every conceivable problem that is likely to occur is easily and readily solved by any one familiar with first principles. It is neatly printed and elegantly bound in pocketbook form, thus being convenient for out-door use.

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All arrearages for the Stockman-Journal must be paid also, in taking advantage of the above offer.

AS COMPARISONS ARE TO OUR ADVANTAGE, WE CAN AFFORD TO ENCOURAGE THEM.

THROUGH THE TEXAS PANHANDLE.

SAVES PATRONS 300 MILES IN VISITING "COOL COLORADO" LEWIS & CLARK EXPOSITION, YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK, OR CALIFORNIA POINTS, AND IT'S SERVICE SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

FURTHER FACTS YOURS UPON REQUEST A. A. GLISSON, G.P.A. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

LOSS OF CATTLE

The lowest estimate of the loss of cattle in Texas is 5 per cent. Even this will give winter a harvest of 300,000 head in that state alone. If this low rate held throughout the country the loss of cattle alone because of stress of weather will be nearly 2,000,000 head. That will be alarming enough.

It is believed that winter will claim a higher percentage than some think. In some sections of the country as high as 12 and 15 per cent of the cattle have succumbed to starvation and cold. The reports are now fast coming in, and the whole truth will soon be out. The effect upon the calf crop is not as heavy as was expected, from accounts received up to date.

MONTANA AFTER PACKERS

HELENA, Mont., April 22.—Attorney General Galen yesterday filed complaint against the Cudahy Packing Company, Swift & Co., Hammond Packing Company of Chicago, the Hammond Packing Com-

pany of Pueblo, Colo., and the Armour Packing Company, commonly known as the "beef trust." The attorney general summoned them to appear before the district court of the First judicial district of Montana April 25 to answer to a charge of unlawfully fixing the price of meat and meat produce.

It is the purpose of the attorney general to thoroughly test the state's anti-trust law. The cases are a continuation of the suits formerly begun by Attorney General Donovan.

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CONTAGIOUS ABORTION AMONG CATTLE

The Kansas agricultural college, Manhattan, has just issued the following press bulletin, by Professor C. L. Barnes:

"The term abortion is applied to the premature birth of the offspring before full term. It is sometimes known as 'blinking,' 'casting,' or 'losing' the calf. Abortion may be caused by drinking considerable icewater, eating a large quantity of cold food (frozen roots or green vegetables covered with frost), exposure to rain or snow storms or wading in ice-cold water, injuries to the abdomen (as being crushed by a gate, kicks, or being hooked), foods that are easily fermented, also insufficient or very innutritious foods; too close stabling, heavy milking, early breeding, inbreeding, stagnant drinking water, ergoted grasses and smut in the various grains, irritant vegetables, impaction of the rumen and constipation, severe constitutional diseases, direct irritation of the womb (as in the removal of the ovaries or death of the offspring), and irritation of the kidneys. Whenever abortion of cows can not be traced to any of the above causes the contagious form of abortion is to be suspected.

"Contagious abortion is quite common in this state and frequently causes considerable loss, not only from losing the young but also from the fact that many of the cows that have aborted fail to breed again. Contagious abortion is probably caused by several different germs and is transmitted from one animal to another by contact, by means of the discharge from the cow that has aborted, the afterbirth, dead calf, and from bulls that have served cows affected with the disease.

"Symptoms—Cows may abort any time, but it usually occurs from the third to the seventh month. Occasionally the early symptoms pass unnoticed, but in most cases there is some heat and enlargement of the udder, the vulva is somewhat swollen, and there is a discharge of white or yellowish mucus which is not like the normal transparent material which discharges during heat. After abortion the afterbirth is usually retained, giving rise to a very disagreeable discharge which continues for some time.

"Treatment—All suspected cows should be isolated from pregnant ones, and should any cows abort, the offspring and afterbirth should be burned or buried deeply and the stable thoroughly disinfected by the use of lime on the floor, after all the litter has been removed and burned. Then the woodwork should be disinfected with a corrosive sublimate solution, using it in the proportion of one to one thousand. The tablets of corrosive sublimate may be secured at any drug store with directions for use. Ten days after the first disinfection with corrosive sublimate, all woodwork should be disinfected a second time. A week after the second disinfection the entire stable should be whitewashed.

"Cows that have aborted should be washed out with a one per cent solution of creolin or lysol, continuing this daily until all discharge has stopped. Pregnant cows should be given sodium hyposulphite once daily, in tablespoonful doses, as a drench. When cows abort in pasture, great care should be taken to burn the offspring on the spot where it dropped, and the immediate vicinity should be thoroughly limed.

"As a precaution to prevent the spread of the disease in an aborting herd, it is well to disinfect the tails and also the vulva and immediate parts with a five per cent creolin solution, to make sure of preventing the entrance of the germ into the womb. Bulls that have been with an aborting herd should not be allowed with healthy cattle; and to prevent their spreading the disease they should receive the same disinfection advised for cows. Cleanliness and the proper isolation and disinfection of cattle should be strictly adhered to in order to eradicate the disease."

IN MIDLAND COUNTY

E. W. Estes was with us a part of the week from his ranch near Monahans, and reports a lot of good things for the stockman out there.

John Andrews, ranching west, near Monahans, has sold to Bert Simpson about a hundred yearling steers at \$14.50 around. Sale made last week.

Dave Cowan, the Pecos stockman, shipped eighty steer yearlings to Fort Worth recently. They averaged 450 pounds and 4 cents per pound.

A man named Linger, acting for Swift & Co., shipped twenty-four cars of big steers to Kansas last Thursday from Pecos.

Lee Russell, at Pecos, has made the largest shipments of cattle we have heard of this season. He shipped 100 cars of 4-year-old steers last Thursday to Kansas for pasturage and feed.

We understand J. V. Stokes, ranching fifteen miles south, recently sold to George Cobble, a Big Springs lawyer, 100 yearling steers that he had fed for sixty days. The price was \$16.50 around.

J. W. Blackwell and wife returned to their home near Monument, N. M., yesterday morning, after having been in a few days for supplies. Mr. Blackwell says they had out there the hardest winter almost ever known, but the range was in such shape and the loss was small. He says the range all between here and there is remarkably fine.

IN NEW MEXICO

Carlsbad Current.

The E. P. Corley ranch on Black river was sold last week, consideration supposed to have been \$6,000. H. E. McKeen of this city had leased this place for two years, but the contract was only verbal and he will likely suffer considerable inconvenience by the change.

John Boyd, C. D. Bertron and Wilson & Johnson, all goat dealers from the mountains, were in the city Monday, each having for market a fine clip of mohair. They say conditions in the mountain country could not be better and they look forward to a very prosperous year.

Considerable interest is now being manifested in horse sales and Blake Brothers shipped several car loads the first of the week they had bought in this vicinity. The market seems fairly strong and horses of good quality are in demand. This firm bought a car load from Judge A. C. Heard at \$20 around, a carload from T. A. Ezell and Carl Gordon's entire stock at \$10 a head. We understand the Heard horses were immediately resold at a good margin.

IN MENARD COUNTY

Menardville Enterprise.

Last week Will Jenkins sold to W. T. Burnam seventy head of steers, 1s, 2s and 3s, at \$10, \$15 and \$17.

A herd of 2,000 steers belonging to Russell & Bevans passed today and will be shipped to the Territory.

Billie Bevans this week bought for Russell & Bevans 1,600 2-year-old steers from Perry McConnell at \$15.

Frank Baker of Junction passed through town Tuesday with about nine hundred steers, which were en route to the Territory.

Don Cooper passed through town Monday with a bunch of 900 steers which he will ship to the Territory. They were Bevans & Cooper's steers.

Willie Wilkerson accompanied James Bevans to the Territory with his cattle. Both are expected to return in a few days.

A short time ago Will Jenkins bought from Harry Roberts of Knickerbocker his thoroughbred stallion, Kingwood. This horse is 2 years old, sixteen hands high and weighs 1,200 pounds and the price paid was \$225. He is claimed to be one of the best draught stallions in West Texas.

A herd of about eighteen hundred 3 and 4-year-old steers belonging to Russell & Bevans passed through town yesterday. These steers were from their Schleicher county ranch and will be shipped to the Territory.

IN LIPSCOMB COUNTY

Higgins News.

G. A. Mehlhop, one of Lipscomb county's prominent stockmen, sold sixty-four head of 3-year-old steers to Stueave Brothers of Alma, Kan., for \$30 per head. Mr. Mehlhop said: "I made a mistake in not asking more for them. I got exactly what I asked, but I'm sure I could have gotten \$35."

Charles E. Collins, who has been pasturing cattle in the Box T ranch, sold 500

head of 4-year-old steers to Stueave Brothers for \$40 per head.

A. P. Maltberger has sold all his cattle except a few milch cows. There is much speculation as to whether Alex will farm or go into the real estate and commission business.

IN EDWARDS COUNTY

Rock Springs Rustler.

A very black young negro walked into town last Tuesday, having left S. H. Guthrie's ranch, where he had been at work nearly a month without any notice of his intention and without any pay. He left the ranch last Sunday and walked the twenty miles, apparently having had no food, though he had a little money.

S. J. Wooten of Fairfax, Okla., was in town this week and bought 300 3 and 4-year-old steers of J. M. Benskin at \$20. This bunch with the 300 bought of Ira Wheat and 700 bought of C. W. Warren makes 1,350 head, and Mr. Wooten said he thought that would be enough to make or lose on. They will be delivered at Brady and shipped to Oklahoma pastures.

OTHER PANHANDLE SALES

The Miami Chief tells us that F. T. Guthrie of Kansas last week purchased 900 head of three and four-year-old steers of Mathers & Dunn of Wheeler county, paying \$33 around for them.

The Silverton Enterprise reports that Jack Hall of Amarillo closed out 600 head of four-year-old steers of the Oscar Reeves herd to W. A. Christy of Eureka, Kan., but says the terms were private.

In Motley county the trading has been lively and the prices good. Some of the yearlings sold at prices that reminds a person of a few years back.

The Foard county News reported the first sales of the season when it reported that D. J. Collins, J. R. Proctor and J. P. Hagler have sold their three-year-old steers at \$18 per head.

EYE AND EAR BOOK FREE

Tells how all Eye and Ear Diseases may be cured at home at small cost by mild medicines. It is handsomely illustrated, full of valuable information, and should be read by every sufferer from any eye or ear trouble. This book is written by Dr. Curtis, originator of the world-famed Mild Medicine Method, which without knife or pain speedily cures most hopeless cases. Dr. Curtis offers to send the book absolutely FREE to all who write for it. Address Dr. F. G. Curtis, 421 Gumble Building, Kansas City, Mo.

MONTANA RANGE MATTERS

BILLINGS, Mont., April 20.—Plenty of rain and snow and everybody enthusiastically optimistic. Range in fine shape. Cattle and sheep never looked better.

High prices of sheep induced many cattlemen to switch.

Leiter estate bought thirty thousand sheep. George Keenne has put in eleven thousand sheep that cost \$5 per head; said to be a record price. He has contracted for nine thousand more. He is not going out of the cattle business, however.

Much of the overstocked range is incapable of carrying cattle, but can maintain sheep.

J. B. Kendrick has just returned from Texas and predicts but few trades in cattle this season. Texas grass, he says, is too good and prices are too high.

Billings will ship but about seven million pounds of wool this year, the territory being now divided with Lewiston.

NEW MEXICO STORM

SPRINGER, N. M., April 20.—The storm the first of this week was another severe one on both cattle and sheep and there

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To Show Good Faith and to Prove to You That I Can Cure You I Will Send Free a Package of My Remedy to Every Sufferer.



I hold the secret of a discovery which has seldom failed to cure women of piles or female weakness. Falling of the womb, painful menstrual periods, leucorrhoea, granulation, ulceration, etc., are very readily cured by my treatment.

I now offer this priceless secret to the women of America, believing that it will effect a cure in almost any case, no matter how long you have suffered or how many doctors have failed.

I do not ask any sufferer to take my unsupported word for this, so will send you some of the medicine free. If you will send me your name and address I will mail you a trial package absolutely free, which will show you that you can be cured. Do not suffer another day, but just sit down and write me for it right now.

Mrs. Cora B. Miller, Box No 523 Kokomo, Ind.

SPEYER

J. K. CARAWAY,
LUBBOCK, TEXAS.

are again some losses reported. Stock are in poor condition, anyway, and they can not stand very much severe weather. The wet snow and rain had a tendency to chill them through, and in their weak condition many had to succumb. It is believed that these storms are about the last and that stock now living will pull through.

BEST COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN

When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive and cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

The Texas calf has proved very satisfactory in the corn belt thus far because the buyers have taken only those which showed the marks of good breeding, says the National Stockman. If the grower continues to follow his policy of using pure-bred beef bulls, these calves will be in uniformly good beef quality far ahead of the beef qualities it is possible to buy. They show none of the evils of mixing breeds and purposes which put so many natives in the rear rank as beef cattle. It is the opinion of many experienced men that the quality of native cattle is deteriorating, and the reason is solely the mixing with dairy blood. Keep this blood for the dairy cow. It is out of place in the steer.

RAILROAD SPECIAL

17 JEWEL ADJUSTED

\$5.65 DUST PROOF
STEM WIND
STEM SET



A high grade American movement plainly marked 17 jewel adjusted. Nickel Quick Train RED RUBY JEWELS in raised golded settings. Exact model of movement required by engineers and railway employees.

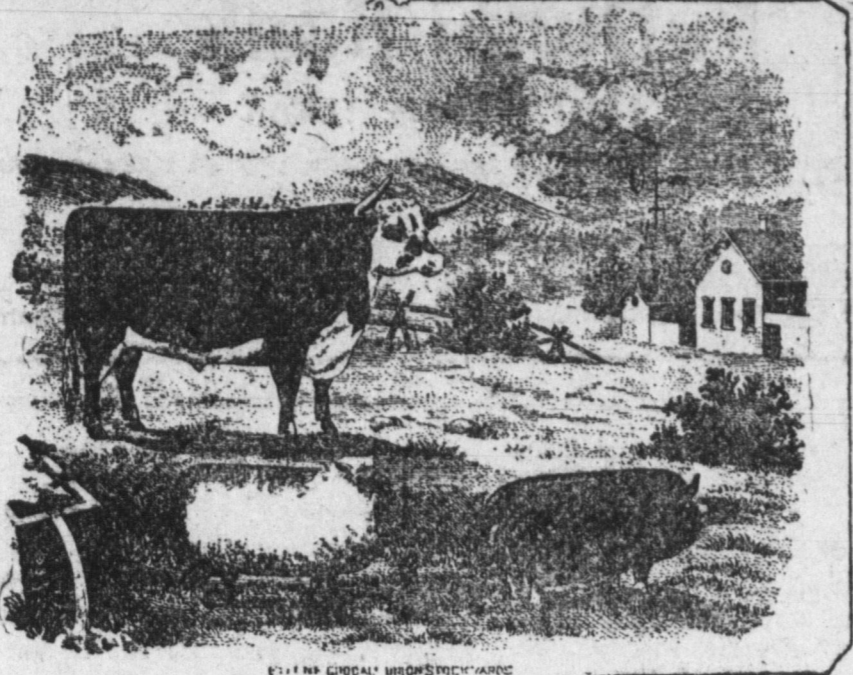
This movement is fitted in gold-filled case DUST and WATER PROOF, which will retain the color and wear a lifetime. It is a strong durable watch and has the appearance of the finest railway watch made which sells from \$75.00 to \$100.00. Send us \$5.65 and we will send to your home or express office. If not exactly as we represent it, we will gladly refund money; or, if you prefer, we will send C. O. D. \$5.65 and express charges for examination. For the next 30 days we will also give a fine gold-filled chain FREE OF CHARGE. Give post office and express office. ORDER AT ONCE. Ladies or gentlemen. Address

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LIVE STOCK

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL. CHICAGO. KANSAS CITY, KANSAS,
SOUTH OMAHA, NEB. FORT WORTH, TEXAS. SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Stock Yards Station, Fort Worth, Texas, April, 25, 1905

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS:

Receipts of cattle on the opening day of the week were liberal, though from the northern markets a better tone was displayed here to the trading than was evident at the close of last week. The majority of the supply consisted of grassers, and sales were generally steady to strong, as compared with last Friday. What cow stuff was on sale met with a very good demand at prices fully as good as at the close of last week. Today the receipts are very heavy, and the market opened very slow, with the bidding about steady with Monday.

STEERS—Extremely moderate receipts of feed lot cattle allow little to go by in the way of quoting prices, but the demand for this class of stuff is very good, with the best cattle around 25 cents lower than the high time, and the medium to good kinds 35c to 40c lower than the high time; fair to medium steers on Monday sold at \$4.35 per hundred, with the bulk of the medium to good steers at \$4 to \$4.25 per hundred, there being no very choice kinds on offer. Southern cattle on the Mexican order are meeting with a very slack demand, and are selling low, both here and at the northern markets.

COWS—All fat stuff in the cow and heifer line is in good demand, and prices have recovered quite a little of the loss that was evident a week ago. Medium to good kinds are selling within about 20c to 25c of where they were at the highest time.

CALVES—There has been an active demand for veal calves from the packers, with the best kinds selling from \$4.25 to \$5, and medium to good \$3.50 to \$4.25 per hundred. Good fat heavy calves are also in good request, and country buyers have been taking most of the thin steer calves, but prices on these are lower than they were two weeks ago. The class of heifers that are usually taken by the New Orleans trade are also selling lower.

HOGS—The hog market opened on Monday morning from strong to 5c per hundred higher than last week's close, taking the lead of all the northern markets from 2 1/2c to 7 1/2c per hundred weight, the top price being \$5.67. Mixed packers and medium weights sold from \$5.25 to \$5.60 per hundred weight; light weights \$4.35 to \$5.25, pigs \$4 to \$4.35. Receipts of hogs have fallen off considerably in the last few weeks, and the packers very anxious for them, and are willing to pay as much for them as any of the northern markets are paying.

SHEEP—The sheep market is not as good as it has been, owing to the fact that a good many sheep are coming good demand for good stocker sheep at fair prices. Stocker ewes are bringing on this market from \$2.75 to \$3.75 per hundred, if good stock, while there is not much demand for common stockers.

Trusting to hear from you at any time you desire any information regarding market conditions, we beg to remain, yours very truly,

GREER, MILLS & CO.



NORTH FORT WORTH, April 22.—Receipts today 1,800 cattle; for this week receipts will run 20,171, against 18,682 for last week and 9,990 for the same week in March.

The run today was quite liberal, but the bulk was consigned to points in the territory for grass.

Only a few loads of steers arrived and quality was medium. Buyers seemed to have no very urgent orders and while the market was slow all those offered for sale changed hands at about steady prices. One load topped the market at \$4.25, averaging 1,062 pounds. The supply of cows and heifers was small and quality was medium. The market ruled steady for all offerings and an early clearance was made.

Bulls were scarce and offerings sold at steady prices with yesterday. There was only a few scattering head of calves in and quality was generally common.

The demand for vealers was good and heavy calves sold freely, all offerings selling fully steady with yesterday.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs today were 400, this week's receipts amounting to 10,321, against 13,143 for last week and 14,881 for the same week in March.

The few arrivals on today's market were not enough to supply the demand and from the steady trading ruled active and strong. One load of choice sorted corn-fed hogs topped the market at \$5.50, averaging 204 pounds.

Quite a liberal supply of sheep arrived today. Receipts were right around 1,250 and the demand was enough to clean up the bulk of supplies at steady prices. Wool yearlings and sheep sold today at \$5.50, with clipped wethers at \$4.75.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES					
STEERS			HEIFERS		
No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
22.....	1,062	\$4.25	22.....	1,123	\$4.25
22.....	1,134	\$4.25	13.....	843	3.25
23.....	994	8.75	1.....	690	3.00
11.....	921	3.40	54.....	874	4.00
18.....	893	3.75	2.....	800	\$2.50
27.....	807	3.50	26.....	865	\$4.50
19.....	921	\$3.25	1.....	800	\$4.00
47.....	977	4.00	1.....	500	2.75
30.....	708	3.00	24.....	646	3.15
29.....	734	3.60	26.....	823	3.15

No.	Ave.	Price.
25.....	1,001	\$3.50
44.....	1,030	\$4.15
27.....	1,041	4.15
44.....	1,057	4.15
44.....	1,056	4.15
21.....	1,034	4.15
27.....	892	2.80
43.....	821	3.80

COWS		
No.	Ave.	Price.
1.....	720	\$2.00
68.....	799	\$3.25
13.....	796	2.65
1.....	810	\$3.25
10.....	788	2.25
1.....	790	2.10
14.....	790	2.50
2.....	840	2.05
1.....	640	\$1.25
15.....	889	3.00
1.....	1,100	2.50
2.....	795	2.00
1.....	920	3.25
6.....	693	2.00
1.....	750	3.00
1.....	840	2.00
10.....	888	3.00
3.....	936	3.25
1.....	1,280	2.75
30.....	692	2.50
6.....	726	2.40
4.....	692	2.00
2.....	1,080	3.25
14.....	845	2.50
5.....	686	\$2.00
3.....	700	2.00
1.....	700	1.50
1.....	790	1.00
2.....	805	2.00
15.....	847	2.60
2.....	781	2.50
7.....	795	2.40

BULLS		
No.	Ave.	Price.
1.....	660	\$2.00
32.....	678	\$2.90
2.....	610	\$2.10
1.....	830	1.75
3.....	760	2.50
3.....	725	2.00
8.....	702	\$1.90
5.....	894	2.50
1.....	760	1.50
7.....	771	2.50
1.....	790	3.00
2.....	750	1.50
7.....	815	2.25
3.....	776	2.25
3.....	900	2.00
8.....	896	2.75
1.....	950	3.00
1.....	750	2.50
18.....	615	2.30
11.....	772	2.85
9.....	870	2.50

No.	Ave.	Price.
42.....	1,054	\$4.15
17.....	1,041	4.15
44.....	1,053	4.15
26.....	946	3.75
29.....	801	2.80
51.....	893	3.80
30.....	856	3.80
1.....	150	\$2.50
5.....	330	3.25

CALVES		
No.	Ave.	Price.
1.....	100	\$3.00
1.....	210	2.25
46.....	520	\$3.75
1.....	110	3.00
3.....	230	2.25
55.....	283	4.25
6.....	278	\$2.25
2.....	150	2.75
24.....	500	\$3.75
11.....	153	4.00
185.....	429	4.00
1.....	220	\$4.25
12.....	138	5.00
74.....	127	\$4.50
14.....	143	5.00
2.....	309	3.00
68.....	184	5.00
3.....	160	2.25
5.....	180	4.25
4.....	265	2.50
6.....	265	2.00
2.....	285	2.25
1.....	310	3.50
10.....	256	\$4.00
4.....	270	3.00
3.....	250	3.00
2.....	235	2.00
3.....	186	3.00
2.....	165	3.00
9.....	284	2.50
3.....	170	5.00
4.....	287	3.00

13.....	137	4.00	1.....	130	3.00
1.....	220	2.00	1.....	230	2.00
1.....	230	2.00	8.....	330	3.00
1.....	330	2.00	1.....	260	3.50
1.....	420	3.25	1.....	180	3.00
1.....	500	2.75	2.....	250	4.00
3.....	306	2.25	8.....	85	4.00
4.....	107	3.25	1.....	210	4.25
1.....	300	2.50	2.....	230	2.50
1.....	150	4.00	1.....	110	3.00
1.....	90	3.00	1.....	140	5.00
1.....	200	2.50	1.....	230	2.50
1.....	220	4.00	1.....	230	4.00
5.....	496	3.25	1.....	210	5.00
1.....	180	4.50	1.....	370	1.75
4.....	207	3.25	5.....	352	2.70
1.....	80	\$2.50	20.....	197	\$2.75
2.....	820	2.75	1.....	380	2.25
2.....	355	2.00	10.....	335	2.50
20.....	145	3.75	3.....	243	3.00
1.....	310	3.50	1.....	80	3.00
10.....	127	\$4.50	10.....	256	\$4.00
14.....	143	5.00	4.....	270	3.00
2.....	309	3.00	3.....	250	3.00
68.....	184	5.00	2.....	235	2.00
3.....	160	2.25	3.....	186	3.00
5.....	180	4.25	2.....	165	3.00
4.....	265	2.50	9.....	284	2.50
6.....	265	2.00	3.....	170	5.00
2.....	285	2.25	4.....	287	3.00

Through TEXAS!

The I. & G. N. R. R. has many fast trains through Texas, traversing the greater portion of the State, and reaching nearly all of the large cities, affording travelers every convenience and comfort to be found on a modern railroad. High-class equipment and power, seasonable schedules, splendid dining stations, Pullman buffet sleeping cars, and courteous agents and train attendants.

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The I. & G. N. R. R., in connection with the National Lines of Mexico, operate Four Fast Trains Daily between Texas and Mexico, via Laredo. The time from San Antonio to Mexico City being only 34 1/2 hours, or a day and a half, and 302 miles shortest. Correspondingly as quick from all Texas points via I. & G. N. The cities of Monterey, Saltillo, San Luis Potosi and Mexico City are reached directly in through Pullman Buffet Sleepers without change. This route also forms the new short line via Monterey to Torreon and Durango, direct connection with through sleeper to and from Durango being made at Monterey.

Excursion Rates Periodically.
For complete information see I. & G. N. Agents or write
L. PRICE, Second V.-P. & G. M. D. J. PRICE, Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent.
"The Texas Road," Palestine, Texas.

No.	Ave. Price.	No.	Ave. Price.
31..... 147	4.00	6..... 165	3.00
9..... 187	4.25		
HOGS			
45..... 169	\$5.20	5..... 122	\$4.25
15..... 95	4.25	72..... 173	5.35
81..... 195	5.47½	76..... 204	5.50
57..... 220	4.47½	18..... 252	5.40
71..... 257	\$5.60	81..... 217	\$5.50
90..... 187	5.42½	82..... 198	5.45
83..... 178	5.37½	90..... 194	5.55
89..... 183	5.45	78..... 198	5.50
83..... 203	5.50		
91..... 222	\$5.42½	44..... 213	\$5.30
65..... 225	5.42½	79..... 187	5.15
31..... 215	5.27½	56..... 208	5.20
73..... 238	5.47½	30..... 210	5.25
83..... 208	5.37½	97..... 187	5.35
88..... 224	5.42½	85..... 143	4.40
86..... 225	5.37	69..... 212	5.25
80..... 223	5.30	27..... 145	5.00
18..... 145	5.27½	25..... 213	5.15
8..... 137	5.15	55..... 208	5.15
31..... 134	5.15		
10..... 217	\$5.42½	5..... 200	\$5.40
5..... 242	5.37½	6..... 163	5.10
6..... 275	5.45	11..... 172	5.00
4..... 120	4.25	50..... 172	5.10
45..... 178	5.30	22..... 192	5.30
85..... 196	5.45	79..... 199	5.50
99..... 83	3.80	8..... 163	3.80
18..... 132	4.72½	64..... 199	5.45
74..... 226	4.45	94..... 188	5.40
82..... 190	5.37½	85..... 202	5.40
69..... 183	5.20	35..... 214	5.35

No.	Ave. Price.	No.	Ave. Price.
17..... 137	\$5.50	24..... 107	\$5.00
61..... 82	5.50	114..... 79	5.00
1..... 200	4.50	256..... 84	4.75
256..... 86	4.75		
240 clipped wethers	87	\$4.50	
249 clipped wethers	82	4.50	

ST. JOSEPH MARKET

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 20.—The trade in beef steers this week has been a demoralizing one for shippers, as the extremely high prices prevailing last week attracted more to market than were even thought to be in the country and this resulted in a sharp decline almost every day until at the close good to choice thick fat heavy dressed beef steers suitable for the eastern trade have declined 15c to 25c and the better qualities of export and shipping grades, averaging 1,150 to 1,350 pounds, have fallen off 25c to 40c, and the common to fair light and medium weight hay-fed and short corned butcher and shipping steers indicate a decline of 30c to 50c as compared with the extreme high point of last week. The Chicago market, owing to the unfavorable conditions in the east and the exceptionally heavy runs on Monday and Wednesday, practically demoralized the trade, but the decline was not felt as much here as at other points, as values today are relatively higher than at any competitive market.

Cows and heifers suffered to some extent, but the best offerings are only 10c to 15c lower than prevailed the week before, while the common to fair grades of canners and cutters and ordinary killers are 15c to 25c lower.

Bulls and stags have held up exceptionally well on account of liberal buying orders, which have been sufficient to absorb all offerings at prices fully steady with the best time last week.

The supply of veals is also large, yet the demand was broad enough to advance prices 50c to \$1 from the opening prices of the week.

The trade in stock and feeding cattle continues very dull, there being little outside inquiry for cattle to go on grass or to be put in the summer feed lots. In consequence of this the outside demand and the depression in the beef steer trade prices have declined 10c to 15c on good feeders and yearlings and calves and good stockers show a decline of 15c to 25c, while the common to fair off colored steers are from 35c to 50c lower than the best time of the season and are practically back to the low point of the season. There has been quite an accumulation of all classes of stock and feeding cattle and the buyers who put in an appearance the first part of next week can make choice assortments worth the money.

The hog market continues to fluctuate within a very narrow range, with prices showing a little decline from a week ago. The market today ranged from \$5.25 to \$5.42½, with the bulk at \$5.30 to \$5.37½. Receipts are of fair volume and quality generally good, but this indicates no permanent movement in values for the future; therefore, shippers who are forwarding their hogs as soon as ready are probably faring better than those who will have been holding their hogs for higher prices. The demand for hogs in South St. Joseph is still greater than the supply and as a consequence values are ruling considerably higher than South Omaha and much stronger than Kansas City, which warrant an increase of the receipts for next week.

Supplies of sheep this week have again been very large and lambs have declined 15c to 20c, but good mutton grades show little if any change. Packers were all active buyers and a very good clearance was made from day to day.

FROM THE ALPINE COUNTRY

ALPINE, Texas, April 20.—J. D. Jackson has purchased of R. L. Nevill 400

head and from L. F. Buttrill 200 head of dry cows at private terms.

Bob Ellison bought of Murphy & Walker 27 head of fine bulls.

Inspectors Beckham and Hinde recently seized a bunch of contraband stock at Presidio, the computed value of which was \$815.

The records in the clerk's office show that six sections in one block and four sections in another have been classified as mineral lands and appraised at \$15 per acre.

Willis and Bennett McCutcheon sold 4,000 head of 4s at \$20, 1,000 head of 3s and under at \$17 per head to Lee Russell of Fort Worth. These cattle were shipped to Kansas City April 5. Clyde Buttrill is preparing to plant about eight acres in Johnson grass on his ranch.

The Alpine country taken as a whole can not be excelled this spring. We have had practically no wind and dust and the valley is a veritable bed of flowers of every hue and kind. Stock of all kind is in excellent condition, business prospering, cattle advancing in prices and everybody happy.

The 02 outfit, W. W. Turney's ranch, has commenced gathering the cattle recently sold to Nations and Murphy & Co.

J. D. Jackson has filed suit against the G. H. and the E. P. N. E. and R. I. railroads for \$3,034 damages, which he claims as damage to 560 cows and 28 calves shipped from Alpine to Kansas City Dec. 2, 1902. He claims negligence of the different companies to properly feed, water and care for them.

J. D. Jackson has received 280 cows, bought of L. F. Buttrill and John Henderson.

J. D. Jackson has bought of Tom Heath 125 2s and 80 yearlings, June delivery.

J. D. Jackson sold to Tom Heath 6 Hereford bulls at \$50 each.

G. W. Linger and — Kaufman of Kansas City are here to buy yearlings. They bought 700 from John Rooney and S. R. Guthrie and 250 yearlings and 100 cows from W. J. McIntyre. They paid \$12 per head for yearlings.

The pea vine and tallow weed have made their appearance for the first time in this country and the stockmen are all repelling, as cattle fatten rapidly on each.

IN THE PECOS COUNTRY

PECOS, Texas, April 14.—George Ward came here Sunday from his ranch in Winkler county to attend the delayed term of district court.

W. D. Cowan made another shipment to the Fort Worth market Saturday night, consisting of eleven cars of cows and three cars of calves. Sid Cowan went down with the shipment, returning Wednesday morning and reports better returns from this shipment than on the former one. The fat cows netted \$23, heifer yearlings \$15 and calves \$10.50.

Al Popham came down from Amarillo and spent several days in town. Mr. Popham is highly pleased with conditions on the ranch, both with the range and management of R. A. Haley.

Uncle Joe Seay was here from the

BLACKLEGIDS

No matter what claims and statements are made by the manufacturers of a product, it is always interesting to know what results it gives in actual experience. Almost every one knows of Parke, Davis & Co. of Detroit, Mich., and their reputation in the manufacture of strictly reliable medicinal products. Their Blacklegoids are advertised in these columns and have always been regarded as nearly perfect as it is possible for human skill to make a vaccine.

Nevertheless, the following letter, recently received by the above mentioned company, is interesting and instructive: Wauneta, Neb., March 25, 1905. Messrs. Parke, Davis & Co., Detroit, Mich.

Gentlemen: In reply to yours of the 17th would say I got 250 of your Blacklegoids when in Kansas City the first part of this month. I will want more in a short time. I have used all kinds of blackleg remedies, but yours beats them all.

(Signed) JOHN WOODS. From the above it is evident that vaccination with Blacklegoids is really a very simple and rapid operation. The circulars which Parke, Davis & Co. send out to all who request them contain a description and discussion of the disease. Even if blackleg has not appeared in your locality, it will pay you to secure this advertising matter and post up.

The Farmers & Mechanics National Bank

OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Can't we serve you? We pledge you courteous, prompt and conservative treatment.

J. W. SPENCER, President.

H. W. WILLIAMS, Vice President. BEN O. SMITH, Cashier.

M. P. BEWLEY, Vice President. BEN H. MARTIN, Assistant Cashier.

ranch above Toyah Monday and Tuesday. He says he has been in this country twenty-two years, but has never before even heard of a time when range conditions were as good at this time of year as they are right now.

Willis and Bennett McCutcheon shipped 1,800 of steers to Kansas Friday afternoon. These are a part of the number sold to L. L. Russell some time ago, of which there are 3,000 more to be shipped to the same destination as soon as they can be gathered. Jo Kraus, Joe Duncan and Earl Riggs went with the cattle.

M. B. Chastain, association cattle inspector from Marfa, was in the city this week attending court.

Dr. Maldin of the government live stock

quarantine service, was here from El Paso a day or two this week.

There were twenty-two cars of the NK steer shipment last week, twos, threes and fours, which went to G. W. Ligon of Eskridge, Kan. Another shipment will follow as soon as they can be put up after court.

J. N. Heard sold two cars of two-year-old steers to a Mr. Parrott, which were loaded out for Moline, Kan., with the NK steers.

Printed Stationery

EXPRESS PREPAID

1000 Letter Heads,.....\$2.30
1000 Note Heads,.....\$1.60
1000 White Envelopes,....\$1.92

WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

Cash Stationery Co.
LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

LAND AS GOOD AS YOURS

For Sale at \$4 to \$8 Per Acre on Easy Terms

The well known lands of the Loving Cattle Company are being sub-divided and sold out. Fuel near by and plentiful; good water near the surface; Graham, a fine market close by, for what you raise. Let me tell you about it. PHIL A. AUER, G. P. A., Rock Island Ry., Fort Worth, Texas.

ST. JOSEPH STOCK YARDS CO.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, MO.

BEST LIVE STOCK MARKET ON MISSOURI RIVER.

Most modern facilities for the handling of all classes of stock. A trial shipment will make you a regular patron.

We Want Your Business

JNO. DONOVAN, M. B. IRWIN,
Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Traffic Manager.
L. D. W. VAN VLIET, Asst. Gen. Mgr.

Parker-Garnett Self-Heating BRANDING Iron



Heats Quickly. Saves Labor. Saves Time.
Stays Hot. Saves Temper. Saves Money.

Write for terms and descriptive Circular. Thrilling story of ranch life, "The Tenderfoot's Triumph," sent to any address for 4 cents in stamp. Liberal terms to agents.

Parker-Garnett Branding Iron Co., 1008 N. Y. L. Bldg. Kas. City, Mo.

The A. P. Norman Live Stock Co.

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STOCK YARDS, GALVESTON. Correspondence Solicited. Prompt Returns.
A. P. NORMAN, Sec'y and Treas. W. T. PEARSON, Salesman. C. P. NORMAN.

COTTON SEED HULLS, CAKE AND MEAL!

STREET & GRAVES, Houston, Texas

WIND MILLS

Famous for durability and pumping capacity.

This is its 52d year.

PUMPS

Every kind of hand and power pump. Manufactured by the Temple Pump Co., Canal street, 15 Street and 15 Place, Chicago, Ill.

TANKS

Steel tanks shipped in knock down that can be set up by any one.

T. R. FLEMING, MGR.

DON'T BUY GASOLINE ENGINES

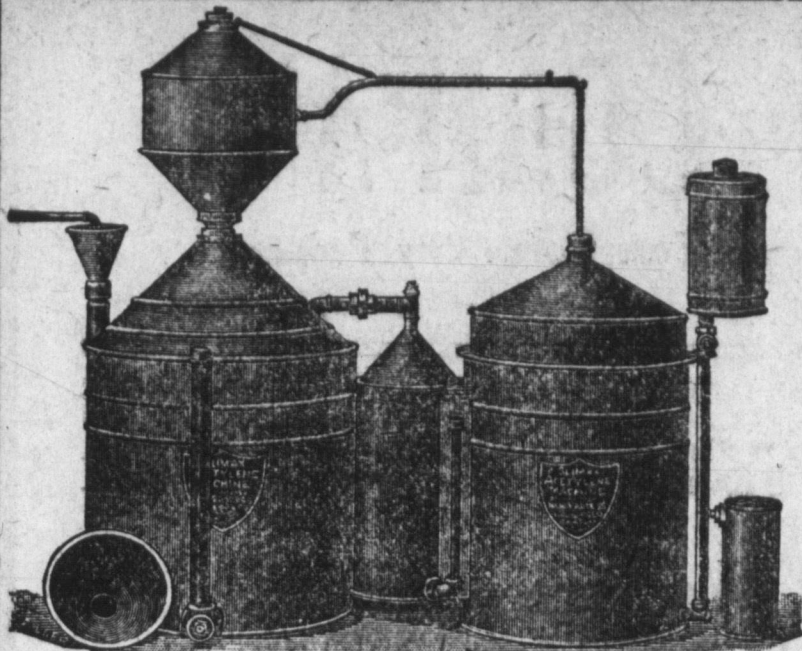
UNTIL YOU INVESTIGATE "THE MASTER WORKMAN." A two-cylinder gasoline engine superior to all one-cylinder engines. Weighs less than half of one-cylinder engines. Give size of engine required. Especially adapted for irrigation in connection with our centrifugal force pumps. (Street 2, 2½, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 16 Horse Power.) High-grade Gasoline Engines, 2 to 6 horse power—adapted for Electric Lighting, Marine and Pumping purposes. (Send mention this paper. Send for catalogue.) THE TEMPLE PUMP CO., Manufacturers, 16th Street, CHICAGO, ILL. This is our 50th year.

TEXAS

Offers greatest advantages in the world to the farmer. Write for sample copy of the Panhandle Paper, the

TWICE-A-WEEK HERALD

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The Climax Acetylene Generator

AUTOMATIC CARBIDE FEED

The most perfect generator made. No weights or stuffing boxes. The best system for lighting homes, churches, stores and towns. Highest results, least cost, simple, economical, easily understood, self-operating. Full line acetylene fixtures and burners. Also manufacture steel cisterns and tanks of every description. Roofing and siding.

New Process Steel & Wire Co.
147 to 159 BROADWAY DALLAS, TEXAS.

The Santa Fe railroad has a novel beef case on its hands. The plaintiff loaded a car of native cattle. The company billed them out as Texans. They were sold as Texans, it seems, and the shipper is suing the road for \$300 loss. This suit was begun at Guthrie, O. T. The higher courts will have to finally settle it, as the law point raised is an important one to the industry. Just how the agent receiving the cattle could sell them—however billed—as anything but what they were is an interesting problem. He is supposed to be an expert and may be guilty of negligence.

The fact that Commissioner Garfield has finished his investigation of the Standard Oil Company in Kansas with such small effort leads to the apprehension that it may be determined as the net result of his probing into the situation that the Standard people are operating at a positive loss in the Sunflower state.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
FOR SALE—Cattle and ranches in southwest New Mexico. J. C. Cureton, Silver City, N. M.

RANCHES FOR SALE—One or two choice ranches above the line that are bargains; they are solid and desirable for locating farmers. Stock farms for sale—A few choice stock farms near Fort Worth. You had better buy a ranch or stock farm soon before the ground is divided up into farms, which they are doing right along.

For sale—10,000 or 12,000 head of good two and three-year-old steers, above the line, that are worth the money regardless of the so-called "beef trust." Regardless of the beef trust or anyone else, the ranges are good and the cattle are better, so if possible to get some good one, two and three-year-old steers, these will make you good, easy money. All for sale by **R. N. GRAHAM**, 814 Wheat Building, Fort Worth, Texas.



Nice Enough For Anybody.

Ladies traveling to California appreciate the delightful home comforts of our superior Tourist Pullmans.

Car from Texas leaves Galveston Tuesday of each week until May 9th.

Harvey serves the meals.

Ask the Santa Fe agent, or W. S. Keenan, G. P. A., Galveston, about very low one-way rates to California, March 1 to May 15.

TAKE THE

H. & T. C. R. R.

The Short and Quick Line Between

North and South Texas

2—THROUGH TRAINS DAILY—2

Pullman sleepers between Houston and Austin, Houston and Waco, Houston and Fort Worth, Galveston and Denison. For full information relative to rates, connections, etc., call on ticket agent or address

M. L. ROBBINS, G. P. A.,
Houston, Texas.

HEREFORDS
REGISTERED HEREFORD CATTLE—All classes for sale. Car lots a specialty. Twenty choice bulls, coming twos, Ranch near Fort Worth. J. L. Chadwick & Son, Cresson, Texas.

V. WIESS
Breeder of pure-bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Goliad county, Texas). Both sexes for sale. Address Drawer 817, Beaumont, Texas.

FOR EXCHANGE or sale very cheap, on account of having used them long enough, several finely bred Registered Hereford bulls. Young bulls for sale at all times. All range bred and located in Shackelford county, below the line. Address, Geo. Wolf Holstein, Hamby, Taylor county, Texas.

WILL sell a few good registered Hereford cows or heifers at prices that will make them go.
A. B. JONES,
Big Springs, Texas.

B. N. AYCOCK,
Breeder of
Hereford Cattle
MIDLAND, - - - TEXAS

JOHN R. LEWIS, Sweetwater, Texas.
Hereford cattle for sale. Choice young registered bulls and high grades of both sexes on hand at all times. Ranch south of quarantine line and stock can go safely to any part of the state.

LONE STAR HERD
Scharbauer Bros., Midland, Texas. Registered Hereford cattle. Acceptance of orders for car lots or single animals.

For Sale at a Bargain
200 full blood Hereford cattle, 100 bulls, 100 heifers 1 and 2 year olds, all registered stock, located near railroad. Address, William Powell, Channing, Tex. Correspondence solicited.

W. S. and J. B. IKARD
Registered and Graded Hereford Cattle, Henrietta, Texas.

SHORTHORNS
CRESCENT HERD of registered Shorthorn cattle, also high grades young stock of both sexes for sale. Chas. Maloney, Haslet, Texas.

THE J. W. BURGESS COMPANY
Breeders of thoroughbred Shorthorn and double standard Polled Durham cattle. Young stock of both classes for sale. W. W. and J. I. BURGESS, managers, Fort Worth, Texas.

Shorthorn Bulls
Sixty coming 2 and 3-year-olds, full bloods, but not entitled to registration. Four registered yearling bulls, coming 2s. For prices, address W. P. Stewart, Jacksboro, Texas.

J. M. & W. W. HUDSON, Gainesville, Texas. Exclusive breeders of registered Shorthorn cattle.

V. O. HILDRETH
Breeder of registered Shorthorn cattle. A number of good young bulls for sale. P. O., Aledo, Tex.

FOR SALE
Eleven section ranch, with cattle, near San Angelo, Texas. Plenty of grass, protection and water. Address **BOEHRENS & LINDERMAN,** Christoval, Texas.

WANTED—Agents to solicit subscriptions for the Fort Worth Telegram and The Texas Stockman-Journal. Good liberal commission to right men. Address, W. H. Calkins, Stockman-Journal, Fort Worth, Texas.

GOATS
FOR SALE—400 Angora goats, 300 fifteen-sixteenth breed, 100 three-fourths breed. Address Interstate Commission Co., Fort Worth, Texas, or J. P. Parks, Rural Route No. 4, Fort Worth.

GOATS BOUGHT AND SOLD by H. T. Fuchs, Marble Falls, Texas.

RED POLLED
RED POLLED cattle of both sexes for sale. W. M. Glidewell, Finis, Texas.

RED POLLED CATTLE—Berkshire Hogs and Angora Goats. Breeder W. R. Clifton, Waco, Texas.

RED POLLS—Four cars, two of each sex, for fall delivery. Address, J. C. Murray, Maquoketa, Iowa.

EXCELSIOR HERD,
Red Polled cattle of both sexes for sale. M. J. EWALT, Hale Center, Hale county, Texas.

CAMP CLARK RED POLLED
Cattle. J. H. JENNINGS, Prop., Martindale, Texas.

IRON ORE HERD—Registered Red Polled cattle, both sexes for sale. Breeder, W. C. Aldredge, route No. 4, Pittsburg, Tex.

MISCELLANEOUS
Calves For Sale
From 1000 to 1500 high grade Hereford and Shorthorn calves. Bred and located above quarantine line. For prices address
BERT SIMPSON,
MONAHANS, TEX.

POLLED DURHAM and Polled Angus, young stock of both sexes, for sale. Dick Sellman, Rochelle, McCulloch county, Texas.

FOR SALE—200 steers, from 3s to 6s, 300 cows. John F. Renfro, Lay, Tex.

B. C. RHOMB, Fort Worth Texas. Hereford Cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire hogs, cattle any age for sale, yearling Shropshire bucks, Berkshire pigs. Come and see or write for information.

DURHAM PARK STOCK FARM—Shorthorns, English Berkshires, Angora Goats, White Wyandottes, high-class, pure-bred stock in each department. **DAVID HARRELL,** Liberty Hill, Texas.

FOR SALE REGISTERED ABERDEEN ANGUS CATTLE
A choice herd of 80 head, all immunes. Will sell all or any number. Address C. E. Brown, Willis Point, Texas.

ROYALLY BRED POLAND-CHINAS—All ages. Descendants of my \$1,575 sow Anderson's Model. Null's Top Chief Radium and Missouri's Dude head my herd; nothing better in the herd books. Twenty-five years a breeder. I can please you; write. George W. Null, Odessa, Mo.

FOR SALE—Registered Galloway bulls immunes. Tom M. Pool, Clifton, Texas.

POULTRY
FANCY single comb Brown Leghorn eggs \$1.25 per fifteen. Mrs. J. O. A. Mann, Kennedale, Texas.

BARRED ROCK eggs, "Prize Winners." J. W. Harpole, Electra, Texas.

SPECIAL NOTICES
NOTICE

All parties driving cattle north to points on the Fort Worth and Denver City Railroad are hereby notified not to trespass on the premises of the Bugbee-Coleman Land and Cattle Company. Parties driving to Estaline or Clarendon must keep the public road. Bugbee-Coleman Land and Cattle Company.

INFORMATION wanted regarding William Hodgson, also known as William Hudson, a cattleman in Texas and Kansas in the '80s. Kindly address Anthony Hodgson, 67 Elm St., Utica, N. Y.

MRS] L. B. MORRIS, Psychic Life Readings, disease diagnosed, ore read mines located. Three questions for 25c, fully reading 50c, with stamped envelope. 517 South Fourth St., La Crosse, Wis.

FOR LEASE
Typesetting machine. We have in our possession a Simplex typesetting machine formerly used on the West Texas Stockman at Colorado, Texas, for which we have no use. This machine is complete with all necessary type, leads, etc., and is in the very best condition. It is the very thing for an up-to-date country office. It can be obtained on very favorable terms. Stockman Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

PASTURAGE
WANTED—2,500 head of cattle to pasture. I have the best watered pasture and the best spring and summer pasture in the Panhandle. It corners within two miles of the town of Canadian, and with unloading chutes at Glazier Station, twelve miles east of Canadian, and within the pasture limits. Rates reasonable. Call on or apply to J. F. Johnson, owner, Canadian, Texas, or will lease pasture, as best suits customer.

A WEEKLY FOR 35 CENTS
Keep posted. Subscribe for The Weekly Telegram, of Fort Worth. Subscription price regularly only 50 cents per year. Until April 1, only 35 cents in advance. Eight to Twelve pages each week. Address Weekly Telegram Fort Worth, Texas.

TEXAS RANCHES

Established 1894

WESTERN LANDS

WINTERS-DANIEL REALTY COMPANY

Commission Dealers in Ranches, Western Lands, Farms, Stock Farms and Fort Worth City Property

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Offices: Corner Main and Fourth Streets

Fort Worth, Texas

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF RANCHES, STOCK FARMS AND WESTERN LANDS. WE CAN, USUALLY, MEET, ANY REASONABLE DEMAND. OUR LISTS INCLUDE LAND IN NEARLY ALL COUNTIES. BUYERS WHO CONFER WITH US GET THE BENEFIT OF BEST BARGAINS THAT ARE OFFERED ON THE MARKET. THE PRICES ARE JUST WHAT THE OWNER HIMSELF ASKS. WE SELL FOR A COMMISSION ONLY. THE FOLLOWING IS A SELECT LIST OF A FEW ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS WELL WORTH CAREFUL READING:

Select List of Ranches, Stock Farms and Western Lands

Write for any further information desired as to either of these propositions.

SPECIAL BARGAIN

We represent the owner of a tract of land in Hutchinson county that contains 2390 acres, patented. About half is extra good agricultural land; all of it is well grassed, creek of living water; enough timber for fuel. This will make a splendid little stock farm. Will sell this tract alone for \$1.75 per acre, or will include adjoining lands making total acreage 4,800 acres, at same price. Easy terms.

RANCH NEAR HEREFORD

This ranch contains five sections in solid body, all the very best quality of rich, smooth, plains land, well grassed and all tillable. It is located within 11 miles of Hereford, all fenced and cross fenced, has good improvements, abundant water supply, 250 acres in cultivation. This is justly considered one of the best improved ranches in that country. It can be bought on reasonable terms at \$4.50 per acre.

RANCH IN HUTCHINSON COUNTY

We represent non-resident who owns about 20,000 acres of land in Hutchinson county. At least 7,000 acres is fine plains land, level and smooth and as rich as any land in Northwest Texas; balance is more or less broken, but is good pasture land, has excellent protection, creek of living water, and much of it is very fine valley land. It is all patented and has perfect title. Will sell on easy terms at \$1.75 per acre.

HUTCHINSON COUNTY RANCH

In the western part of Hutchinson county we have for sale a solid body tract of 30,000 acres, unimproved, but well adapted to purpose of ranching. About one-third is plains land, balance in the brakes. Much of the land in the brakes is valley, suitable to cultivate. Nearly all of the land is well grassed; it has good protection, creek of living water, some timber. Will sell on easy terms at \$2 per acre.

CASTRO COUNTY RANCH

About 12 miles south of Hereford we are offering a ranch of 3200 acres, all patented, with perfect title and all the very best quality of farming land. This ranch is in the shallow water district. It is well improved, has 150 acres in cultivation, plenty of water. This is a bargain at \$4.25 per acre.

BARGAIN IN A SMALL RANCH

In south part of Hutchinson county, near line of Carson county, we are offering a ranch that embraces nine sections, all well grassed. This ranch includes 4 sections of school land, proof of occupancy made and titles perfect, subject to 97½ cents per acre owing to the state. On these 4 sections are 800 acres in one body of very fine, smooth, rich valley land, 100 acres in cultivation. This ranch is watered by creek, springs and well. There is a 3-room dwelling. The remaining 5 sections are leased at 4 cents per acre—can be bought if wanted. Price \$4500.

FOARD COUNTY RANCH

This ranch contains 12,300 acres in solid body. It is located near the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railroad and about 20 miles south of Quanah, on the Fort Worth and Denver Railroad, and within one mile of a country village and postoffice. The entire body of land is strictly first-class grass land—at least half is choice agricultural. There is plenty of timber for all purposes, and it is, beyond question, one of the best watered ranches in that country. There is no ranch of same size in the country that will carry more cattle. It is also the cheapest ranch in that country. It is well improved, has two or three farms in cultivation with full set of improvements at each.

Any man wanting a first-class ranch of this size will not hesitate to buy this at price asked, after seeing it. Price \$3 per acre.

PANHANDLE STOCK FARM

Adjoining a county site town on railroad in eastern part of the Panhandle, we are offering a great bargain in a choice, combination, all-around, little ranch. It contains 2000 acres, all under fence and subdivided by cross fences into five inclosures. There is plenty of water for all purposes; good mixed grasses, about 400 acres of fine valley land, at least 100 acres of which is sub-irrigated and will grow fine alfalfa—18 acres now in alfalfa, 120 acres in cultivation. There is a good 4-room ranch house, all necessary outbuildings, stock sheds, etc. This little ranch is immediately adjoining a thrifty, growing town of 700 to 800 people. On the ranch are nearly 200 head of well-bred cattle, 30 hogs, full set of farming implements. Two sections of the land is state school land and buyer must assume debt to the state. Price for ranch, cattle, hogs, farming implements and crop, \$7500.

A GOOD THING

We can only give a general idea of this property in a brief advertisement. If you are interested it will pay you to write us for full particulars. This is one of the best little ranches in central West Texas. It is only about 125 miles from Fort Worth, 25 miles from railroad and on line of railroad that is sure to be built soon; 5 miles from county site, contains 9000 acres, nearly all tillable, has two creeks of never-failing water, good 6-room frame dwelling, good barns and out-buildings, several hundred acres of very fine valley land that will grow alfalfa and, in fact, every essential of a fine stock farm. It is well adapted to being sub-divided into small tracts for farms. This land can be bought now for \$5 per acre, one-third cash, balance 20 annual payments at 6 per cent. It will double in value as soon as railroad is assured. Write for particulars.

WE WANT THE PRIVILEGE OF WRITING AND SUBMITTING OUR BEST BARGAINS TO ALL WHO ARE IN THE MARKET FOR WESTERN LANDS. WRITE US. IT MAY MEAN MONEY TO YOU.

WINTERS-DANIEL REALTY COMPANY, Fort Worth, Texas

SOMETHING VERY CHOICE

Ninety miles northwest of Fort Worth, fronting on Brazos river and crossed by two creeks of never-failing water, we have a stock farm containing 12,500 acres that is not surpassed in the whole country. Fully 90 per cent (if not 95 per cent) is choice agricultural land—5,000 acres of it being valley land, sub-irrigated—water 5 to 7 feet, and will grow magnificent yield of alfalfa. This ranch is divided by cross fences into 8 or 10 different inclosures. These are nearly 1000 acres in cultivation, very good ranch improvements; excellent quality of water anywhere at 5 to 30 feet—no overflow. About 700 acres of fine timber, balance prairie valley. We can't tell the whole story here, but if interested write us for a map and detailed description. Price only \$6 per acre. It's worth \$10 now and will sell for \$20 five years from now.

RANCH IN GRAY COUNTY

This ranch contains eleven sections, of which eight sections are owned and three leased. The land is fenced on all outside lines and is divided by cross fences into four different pastures, and a farm of 200 acres in cultivation. The ranch is crossed by a creek of never-failing water, in addition to which there are three wells of pure free-stone water, with windmills and tanks. Water had anywhere at 25 to 50 feet. There is an extra good 7-room frame dwelling, well built and nicely finished, with complete system of waterworks, bathroom, etc.; also one tenant house of three rooms, all necessary outbuildings. On this ranch is an exceptionally fine apple orchard, said to be the largest apple trees in the Panhandle. This ranch is well grassed—not a better grassed ranch in the county; it has excellent natural protection, enough timber for fuel; at least 500 acres of sub-irrigated alfalfa land. Will sell on reasonable terms for \$4 per acre.

RANCH IN MOORE COUNTY

This ranch is located in Moore county within 14 miles of station on Fort Worth and Denver Railroad. It embraces 10 sections, of which 5 sections are school land, owned, perfect title, subject to 97½ cents per acre owing to state, 35 years to run at 3 per cent interest. The remaining 5 sections are patented lands held under leases. Can be bought on easy terms at \$2.25 per acre. Every acre of the land on this ranch is agricultural of the very best quality. It is a deep, dark alluvial soil, has a dense uniform turf of mesquite and gamma grass. It is fenced into two main pastures, has a good 4-room frame dwelling, also a 3-room tenant house, chicken house, buggy house, etc., etc. One hundred and thirty acres in cultivation, good well of never-failing water, with windmill at dwelling and water piped to house, lots, garden, etc. This is one of the best improved ranches in the county. Improvements all new. On the ranch are 200 high-grade Hereford cattle, 40 hogs, 40 well-bred sheep, 4 work mules, all necessary farming implements, 50 to 60 registered hogs, etc. Will sell ranch with or without stock. Write us for price and particulars.

ALFALFA RANCH

This ranch contains 34 sections of land, all fenced and cross fenced, divided into seven pastures, water in each, grass very fine. It is located 35 miles from line of Rock Island railroad in Hansford county. Eleven sections are school land, all proved up, titles perfect, balance subject to 97½ cents per acre owing to the state, 35 years to run at 3 per cent. There are four sections of patented land owned, making a total of 15 sections owned, balance is leased, but can be bought if wanted. There is just enough brakes for protection; land is nearly all level plains land, very rich and productive. There is a running creek across the place, fed by springs, 3 fine wells with windmills; water 30 to 100 feet; large dirt reservoirs. Dwelling is a good 7-room stone house, well finished. There are 350 acres in alfalfa, will cut 2,000 tons every year, also 100 acres in native grass hay meadow, full set of farming implements and hay machinery, 30 work horses and mules, 3 wagons, 1 buggy and 1 family carriage, all included.

This is absolutely the most modern and complete stock ranch in Texas. Mail right at door, good school within three minutes' walk from dwelling, telephone connections. Write for map, price and terms.

EDWARDS COUNTY RANCH

This ranch contains 22 sections, of which 16 sections are patented, 3 sections of school land owned, and 3 sections leased. It is well grassed, well watered and well improved for ranch purposes. There is not much agricultural land on it except in some valleys, but it is a splendid ranch and especially well suited to breeding purposes. There is a great deal of timber, embracing both live oak and cedar; plenty of mast for hogs. Owner of the ranch sold over 1000 hogs last season that were raised on the range and never fed anything. This ranch is in two separate pastures. The main ranch includes 10 sections of patented land, 3 sections of school land and 2 sections leased, making 15 sections. The leased land has 4 years yet to run at 4 cents per acre.

The other ranch of 7 sections is located about 2 miles distant from the main ranch. It includes 6 sections of patented land and one leased section, both are divided by cross fences into different pastures, and are well fitted for handling both cattle and hogs. There are at least 25 miles of fencing that belong to the land. Water supply is furnished by lakes, wells and windmills. The land is all covered with a fine turf of mesquite grass. The ranch house has 6 rooms, all ceiled throughout, full set of outbuildings, small orchard. Price \$2.25 per acre, on reasonable terms. Will consider in part payment farm property to the amount of \$10,000 or good brick business property. Will include with the ranch about 800 head of extra well-bred stock cattle at \$12.50 per head, and about 300 hogs at their market value.