

WHAT READERS SAY

Your paper is highly appreciated in this community. When my subscription expires, notify me, as I don't want to be without it.

Monicello, Ark., Apr. 28. I appreciate the Journal very much and gain valuable information from reading it.

TO TEST INSPECTION LAW TEXAS COWMAN WILL FIGHT THE QUARANTINE LAW OF KANSAS.

F. M. Bourn, a prominent cattle shipper and feeder of Colorado, Tex., is preparing to test the validity of the Kansas quarantine law which imposes a tax of 2 cents a head for state inspection.

Mr. Bourn was in the city yesterday endeavoring to interest the railroad and commission men in his fight against the law.

The contention of Mr. Bourn and other shippers is that the law, which requires the payment of an inspection fee of 2 cents per head on cattle shipped from southern states into Kansas, is violation of the interstate commerce law.

It is well known that the bureau of animal industry, under the direction of the department of agriculture, inspects all cattle shipped from the quarantine states into the states north of the quarantine line.

The Texas Stock Journal

DEVOTED TO THE LIVE STOCK INTERESTS OF TEXAS AND THE SOUTHWEST.

DALLAS, FORT WORTH AND SAN ANTONIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 15 1901.

Largest Weekly Circulation in Texas Guaranteed to Advertisers.

3,000 CONVICTS

At work on Texas roads would make a great difference in the road system of the state in five years. Prison labor on the roads is the cheapest way to

GET GOOD ROADS.

\$500 Reward

We will pay \$500.00 reward for information leading to the recovery of about 250 head of cattle stolen from J. L. Holden on or about April 30th, 1901.

We will pay \$200.00 additional reward for the arrest and conviction of the thief or thieves who stole the above described cattle.

ROSENBAUM BROS. & CO., Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ills.

authority of the agents of the government. It is on this line that the fight against the Kansas law will be made, and it is confidently believed that it will be declared unconstitutional.

Denver Sale a Failure.—The combination sale of Hereford cattle from the pens of C. A. Stannard, Gudgel & Simpson, Scott & March, Lowell, Harold & DeWitt and the Western Breeders' association, which was billed for Denver, Colo., last week, was not a success.

New Pavilion at Omaha.—At the Omaha stock yards a new sale pavilion has been opened. The amphitheatre is equipped to hold 600 people and the building is well constructed for the purpose of holding big sales.

Red Polls Gaining.—Referring to Red Polled cattle, the Cape of Good Hope Agricultural Journal, published at Cape Town, South Africa, says: "This comparatively recently established breed appears to be gaining in favour and increasing in numbers, being good stock both for beef producing and the dairy, with the additional advantage for the dairy that they are hornless, if, as claimed for them, they are on that account more docile and less quarrelsome."

Trouble Among Cattle.—A dispatch from Rapid City, S. D., says: "Many of the cattle in this section are bothered by grubs in the tail. The insect causes the animal to lose flesh rapidly. The grub is often found in a small swelling that usually appears at the first joint of the tail, and local cattlemen have discovered that by making an incision in the swelling and applying a small quantity of salt and pepper the grub is killed and the animal gets well."

Jefferson County Ranch Sale.—A New York report dated May 10, says: B. F. McNulty, Superintendent of the Texas and dumb asylum at Austin, will close a deal here tomorrow in behalf of his father-in-law, James T. White, for the sale of the White ranch of 62,000 acres on the Gulf front in Jefferson county. The price is \$1,500,000. This is in connection with oil developments.

Change in Regulations.—Secretary Thomas, of the American Hereford Breeders' association, writes to the Journal that at a recent meeting of the committee that will have the series of Hereford shows and sales of this fall in charge a ruling was made that is of considerable interest to prospective exhibitors.

Angus Cattle at Omaha.—The first sale of cattle held in the new pavilion at Omaha was a very successful one. It was a combination sale of Polled Angus cattle. The management of Charles Escher, Jr., fourteen breeders were represented. There were cattle present from the herds of such well known breeders as Everett Jones, Princeton, Ill.; N. G. Daughmer, Douglas, Ill.; Omer Catterson, Maryville, Mo.; E. T. Davis, Iowa City, Ia.; M. A. Martin, Wall Lake, Ia.;

ings, they were large and well made and should make fine cattle on the northern range. They came from the famous Corrells herd in Chihuahua and Mr. McCormick has secured about 5,000 head which will be delivered during the present month. They will stand Mr. McCormick \$14 for the steers and \$16 for the tons, delivered on his range in Montana.

Armours at Sioux City.—Armour & Co. have secured the packing plant of the Sioux City Packing and Provision company, lately called the International Packing company, and will begin operating it immediately. The plant was built by W. H. Silberhorn and cost \$200,000.

Sale of Mexican Ranch.—A report from El Paso says Alderman George Look has returned from Casas Grandes, Mexico, accompanied by Don Gerovito Portillo, and the two will go to San Francisco, where they will close one of the largest real estate deals made for several years in Mexico. The property comprises nearly 1,500,000 acres of fine land in the Sierra Madre mountains, heavily timbered and rich in mineral. The consideration, it is said, is about \$500,000. The company buying the property is composed of San Francisco people and they will use the property for grazing purposes.

Bought Big Texas Ranch.—A special from Chicago says: One of the largest land sales ever consummated was announced here today by the Farwell Ranch Syndicate of Chicago. The deal concerns to George W. Littlefield of Austin, Texas, 234,000 acres of land in Hartley and Lamb counties, Texas. The consideration was not named. The land will be used exclusively for ranch purposes.

Change in Regulations.—Secretary Thomas, of the American Hereford Breeders' association, writes to the Journal that at a recent meeting of the committee that will have the series of Hereford shows and sales of this fall in charge a ruling was made that is of considerable interest to prospective exhibitors. During the past shows it was permissible for a large breeder to show as many entries in a single class as he desired, and his cattle eligible. By the recent ruling this will not be permissible this

fall, as each breeder will not be allowed more than one entry in each class. This will put the breeder with a few head on an equality with the largest breeder, as each can show only his best animal and can win but one prize in each class. It will also tend to distribute the prize money more generally among the various exhibitors, and prevent any two or three from securing the major portion. Under this favorable circumstance it is hoped that many of the Hereford breeders who have not been in the habit of showing will make an exhibit this fall.

Exclusion of Foreign Beef.—The state department has received a long communication from Ambassador Choate in response to instructions to investigate the extent and effect of the discontinuance of the use of foreign beef by the British army. The report shows that the notice of the army contract office, issued on April 9, excludes from army use for six months from June next all foreign beef of every description, whether imported, dead, or slaughtered in Great Britain.

Tea in Louisiana.—Contrary to the prevailing opinion, large fortunes are not often made in growing coffee in Hawaii, and everyone engaged in growing coffee does not find it a permanent profitable investment. According to Professor Stubbs, this industry is like all others, and success or failure depends largely on the ability and resources of the planter. Some of the planters have been and are successful. Others have failed. The causes of the failure are a lack of capital to carry plantations to the bearing age and the want of experience and intelligence in the cultivation of the crops. The coffee trees require about four years to reach maturity and produce profitable crops. No systematic methods have been pursued in coffee culture, and it is probable that the careful scientific experiments with this berry may prove profitable to the growers. Professor Stubbs says coffee and sugars should be cultivated on the same plantations, and if this course is followed the success of the planter will be great.

Tea in Louisiana.—More than half a century ago a member of the Louisiana legislature exhibited tea which he had grown on his plantation as an experiment. At that early date there was considerable interest in the culture of tea in this country, and the plant was also raised in Virginia and South Carolina. The success of the Shepard experiment in South Carolina in recent years at Summerville has revived interest. In the meantime Dr. W. C. Stubbs of the Louisiana Experiment station has been conducting

notice, is large, and is increasing every year, and is brought to England only to supply the demand, or the aggregate consumption, so that, according to the views of Dr. Wray and many exporters whom he has consulted, there is no cause to apprehend any direct injury to the American trade. "Dr. Wray is equally emphatic in expressing his opinion that the operation of the new order is not likely to increase the existing prejudice against imported American beef and so to work an indirect loss to our exporters. He has been informed at the army contract office that the reason for making the new order is not because of any prejudice, either in the war office or among the officers and soldiers of the army who are to be fed, but solely to try and meet complaints from British farmers, especially in the immediate neighborhood of the places where the army authorities purchase and require delivery, that they are shut out by the foreign article."

an experiment in tea culture on an elaborate scale. According to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, he has 650 plants under cultivation. They now range from six inches to one foot in height; they are healthy and vigorous, and Dr. Stubbs believes that Louisiana could grow a crop equal in quality to that in China. He is quoted as follows: "Here in Louisiana we are even in a better position to successfully cultivate tea than they are in South Carolina. Our natural advantages give us the first requirements. The tea plant demands a damp soil. We are well equipped in this respect. Whatever we lack in this respect can be overcome by irrigation. The plants in my collection have not suffered on the same basis to eradicate the pest. The weevil is now feeding on the young and tender buds and unless killed at once it is the opinion of farmers, based on observations made during the last two years, that the squares will be punctured and destroyed as fast as they are formed."

To Fight Boll Weevil.—At a meeting held Saturday at Brenham for the purpose of devising ways and means to fight the boll weevil in Washington county, it was resolved to organize the Farmers' and Merchants' congress to be a permanent organization. B. Schmidt was elected president, a Frank Dever secretary. It was decided to have a meeting of the farmers in Brenham next Saturday, and R. P. Thompson and R. Strickert were appointed a committee to extend a pressing invitation to Prof. F. W. Mally to be present and address the meeting. It is hoped at this meeting to so arouse the farmers of Washington county that they will proceed on the same basis to eradicate the pest. The weevil is now feeding on the young and tender buds and unless killed at once it is the opinion of farmers, based on observations made during the last two years, that the squares will be punctured and destroyed as fast as they are formed.

Bread to Supplant Rice.—Economists who have been studying the social and industrial problem of Eastern Asia predict that the Chinese will soon become a bread eating people. The president of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce said, at the rate of the present enormous increase in flour exports to China there will, within three years, be employment for forty first-class merchantmen carrying flour from Pacific coast ports to the Orient.

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Lucky Hit Oil Company

DIRECTORS: G. P. MEADE, Fort Worth; J. C. PHELAN, Fort Worth; J. BURNETT COLLINS, Fort Worth; COL. R. D. HENDERSON, Galveston. OFFICERS: G. P. MEADE, President; D. B. HENDERSON, Vice-President; J. C. PHELAN, Sec'y and Treasurer.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF FULL PAID, NON-ASSESSABLE SHARES IS OFFERED FOR DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES FOR A SHORT TIME AT TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH. Not How Much, But How Good.

The property of the Lucky Hit Oil Company consists of the Cecil ten acres, located in the Iowa Colony addition to Beaumont, Texas—one of the Bullock survey, about one mile north of the Beatty well, which sold for \$1,250,000 as soon as it was finished. It is the second ten-acre block west of the Texas & Pacific well now being drilled by Sturm Brothers. Wells are also being dug on the blocks just north and west of this property. It is in a direct line north within 14 miles of the now famous group of oil gushers, of which the Spindle Top well is the center. If the surface indications and choice location count for anything, this property cannot be equalled in the Beaumont field. At present prices block would be dirt cheap at \$50,000. The company also owns leases on twenty acres of original Bullock survey, which lies about one-half mile east and north of the Cecil tract, making THIRTY ACRES in all in the J. W. Bullock survey. The company is not padded with thousands of acres, leased at five cents per acre. If oil is struck in any of the wells now being drilled near our properties, the stock of the Lucky Hit Oil Company will be worth more than its face value. Investors buying this stock now have a big chance to make money if oil is found. Buy only what you can afford to invest. The biggest chance of a lifetime awaits those who get in now should on the most advantageous facilities for transportation, both by railroad and the Neches River to the Gulf. Every one who has ever seen a map of Beaumont and the oil fields knows the location of blocks Nos. 29, 31 and 32, Spindle Top. Every foot of this FIFTEEN ACRES is absolutely proven oil land. On April 22 our Spindle Top well spouted to the top of theerrick, being the seventh gusher drilled in the field. The drill barely penetrated the oil sands at 920 feet, but it established the fact that there is an immense supply of oil ready to be taken out when needed. The Lucas well, which is less than THREE HUNDRED FEET distant from the Spindle Top, is variously reported from 1100 to 1400 feet in depth, thus proving the oil sands in this territory as having a depth of 200 to 500 feet, making the supply of oil practically inexhaustible. The Spindle Top well is now being drilled deeper to secure an absolute test of the oil sands, and when it is finished it will undoubtedly prove one of the largest producers ever discovered in the history of the world. All of the oil privileges on the properties mentioned above are controlled absolutely by the Spindle Top Oil Company of Fort Worth, Texas, and no other individuals or companies have any interest in them whatever beyond their royalties, according to terms of leases as recorded in the public records. A look at map will show that blocks Nos. 30, 31 and 32 form the center of the absolutely proven oil fields of Beaumont. Adjoining on the south are the Lucas and Guffy wells; on the west the Higgins well and Guffy No. 2 and No. 3; on the north is Guffy No. 4; on the northeast are the Star and Crescent and the Beatty wells; on the east is the Heywood well. All of these wells are gushers, on lands immediately adjoining our blocks Nos. 29, 31 and 32 and the center of all this proven field is the Spindle Top well. A 38,000 barrel steel tank is now being erected at the well, and other improvements will follow as fast as the work can be done. The entire capitalization of this company, which has already paid one stock dividend of 90 per cent, and left \$30,000 of its stock at par value in the treasury for its shareholders makes it one of the very best investments in the field, even at double its par value. If you want a "cinch," put some of this stock away while you can get it at ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE DOLLARS PER SHARE.

Lucky Hit Oil Company

Capital Stock \$300,000. Par Value of Shares \$1.00 Each.

SPINDLE TOP OIL COMPANY

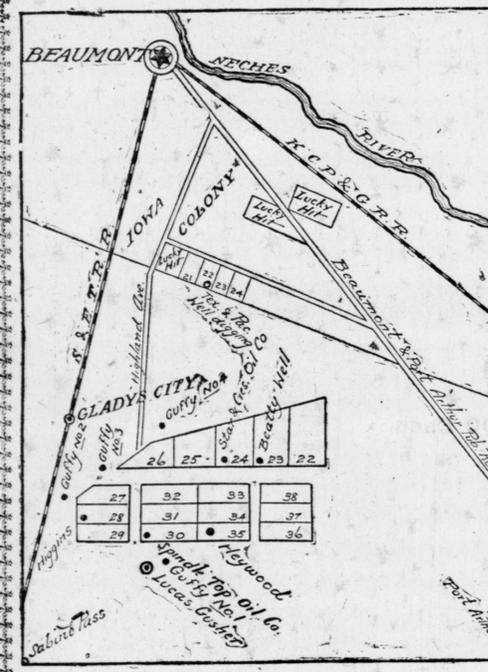
FORT WORTH, TEXAS. Capital Stock \$600,000. Shares par Value \$100 Each. ONLY A FEW SHARES ARE OFFERED AT \$165 EACH.

The right is reserved to advance the price or withdraw the same without notice. We advertised nothing until we struck oil.

The property of this company consists of leases on the most favorable terms in blocks No. 29, No. 31 and No. 32, comprising FIFTEEN ACRES in Spindle Top Heights addition, Beaumont; FIFTY ACRES in the Isaac Garrison survey and FORTY ACRES in the William Gallon survey, making a total of ONE HUNDRED AND FIVE ACRES. The Garrison and Gallon surveys are about two miles north and east of the Lucas, Heywood and Beatty wells and one-half mile northeast of the Texas and Pacific well now being drilled on block 22. Both are part of the original Bullock survey and are considered to be right in line with the oil stream. A well dug for water on the Garrison and one-half mile northeast of the Texas and Pacific well now being drilled on block 22. Both are part of the original Bullock survey and are considered to be right in line with the oil stream. A well dug for water on the Garrison and one-half mile northeast of the Texas and Pacific well now being drilled on block 22. Both are part of the original Bullock survey and are considered to be right in line with the oil stream. A well dug for water on the Garrison and one-half mile northeast of the Texas and Pacific well now being drilled on block 22. Both are part of the original Bullock survey and are considered to be right in line with the oil stream.

Spindle Top Oil Co.

Send subscriptions to HUNTER-PHELAN SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, who are the appointed transfer agents for the company. CUT THIS OUT NOW. YOU MAY NOT SEE IT AGAIN.





# Breeders Who Seek Your Trade

## SHORTHORNS.

**V. O. HILDRETH**, Breeder of Shorthorn cattle. One good, solid red, registered bull, called Decade, 1899, for sale. Cattle and residence on Iona S. station, I. & P. R. R., P. O., Aledo, Texas.

**LOUIA B. BROWN, SMITHFIELD, TEX.**, Breeder of Registered Shorthorn Cattle.

**D. DRUMMOND FARM, H. D. OF SHORTHORNS**, Bullion sale. Registration papers. More prizes have been won. HUNT, Drummond, Young, County, Texas, or P. H. HUNT, Dallas, Texas.

**THOMAS W. RAGDALE & SON PARISS, MO.**, have 100 Northern bulls for sale. Good ones none. Car lots to special prices. Reasonable.

**ISON & LITZEE HARRODSBURG, KY.**, Closing-out sale. We will carry Shorthorn bulls at \$25.00 and calves at \$25.00, 5 months, weight 400 pounds. Beautiful reds and guaranteed to live in Texas.

**J. H. MILLER, PERU, INDIANA**, Polled Durhams of Scotch breed, the largest collection of Polled Durhams in the world. More prizes have been won and more cattle have been sold to high class domestic and exportation than from any other herd in the country.

**J. W. BURGESS, FORT WORTH, TEX.**, Breeder of Registered Shorthorn Cattle. Polled Durhams of Scotch breed of both classes for sale. Breeding farm twelve miles north of Ft. Worth. City Res. 11 E. Bosknap St., Phone 35.

**WANDER'S CREEK HERD OF REGISTERED SHORTHORNS**, Contains 45 head of high class cattle, headed by Duke of Grandview, No. 10000, Vol. 4. Four or five bull calves for sale. Address owner, ED. ROGERS, Minnopa, Texas.

**HOVENKAMP & MATT, FT. WORTH, TEX.**, High grade Shorthorn cattle. One and two year old bulls for sale. Correspondence solicited.

**D. P. NORTON DUNLAP KANSAS**, Choice bull and heifer calves, duty competition.

**JULE GUNTER GAINESVILLE, TEXAS**, Breeder of pure bred Shorthorn cattle. Whole herd for sale this spring. Handle strictly on own raising. Correspondence solicited.

**W. P. STEWART JACKSBORO, TEX.**, Shorthorn cattle. Bull and calf for sale at all times at ranch, in Jack county.

**W. M. & W. H. HUDSON, GAINESVILLE, TEXAS**, Exclusive breeders of registered Shorthorn cattle. Address ANDERSON & FINDLAY, Props., Lake Forest, Ill.

## W. H. MYERS BLUE GROVE CLAY

W. H. Myers, Blue Grove Clay, Breeder and dealer in registered high grade Hereford cattle. Lord Wilton, Lord and Anxiety strains predominating.

**S. T. HOWARD'S HEREFORDS**, The greatest Hereford herd in Texas offered for sale, including the best and best equipped small ranch at a great bargain to those desiring a profitable partnership near Quanah, Texas, the best town in the state. Come and see. S. T. HOWARD, Quanah, Texas.

**JOHN R. LEWIS SWEETWATER, TEX.**, Hereford cattle for sale. Choice young registered bulls and high grades of both sexes on hand at all times. Account south of quarantine line and stock can go safely to any part of the state.

**W. J. STATION, BEVILLE, TEXAS**, Bull and calf for sale. Three miles from Beville, a fine lot of one and two year old Hereford, Durham and Devon bulls, all acclimated. Calf or write for prices.

**SUNNY SIDE HEREFORDS**, Lord Wilton and other leading strains. Stock of all ages and both sexes for sale. High grades, both sexes, for sale. W. S. IKARD, Henrietta, Texas.

**U. S. WEDDINGTON, CHILDRESS, TEX.**, Breeder of pure bred registered Hereford cattle. First-class bulls and heifers for sale at reasonable prices. Breeding considered. All Fand handles raised on the best of class bulls as to breeding and individuality, kept in service. Inspection solicited.

**HEREFORD PARK STOCK FARM**, Lord Wilton and other leading strains. B. C. Rhome, prop'r., Fort Worth, Texas. Wm. Lawson, prop'r., Rhome, Texas. Pure bred Hereford cattle. Address, 1001 Young street, Fort Worth, Texas.

**E. C. STERLING & SONS, SEYMOUR, TEXAS**, Breeder of full blood and high grade Hereford and Shorthorn bulls. Texas, near Memphis, 20 thoroughbred bulls for sale at all times.

**O. H. NELSON KANSAS CITY, MO.**, Room 22 Exchange Building, Stockyards. Breeder of thoroughbred Hereford cattle. The largest herd in the world in thoroughbred and high grade Hereford cattle. One and two-year-old bulls and high grade heifers for sale in Hall county, Texas, near Memphis, 20 thoroughbred Hereford bulls, one and two-year-olds, for sale at all times. Cattle of both breeds for sale at all times.

**ABERDEEN ANGUS**, The oldest and largest herd in the world. Imported from Aberdeen, Scotland. Address, J. W. HARRISON, Manager, Aberdeen, Allen County, Kansas, and registered Shorthorn cattle. Address ANDERSON & FINDLAY, Props., Lake Forest, Ill.

**RED POLLED CATTLE**, L. K. HASLETINE-DORCHESTER, Green county, Mo. Red Polled cattle. Imported from Missouri. Imported stock. We are so far South there is little danger in shipping to Texas.

**W. R. CLIFTON, WACO, TEXAS**, Breeder of pure bred Hereford bulls and heifers, not akin. Also, a few Angora goats and a few pure bred Berkshire pigs. Address, 1001 Young street, Fort Worth, Texas.

**J. H. JENNINGS, MARTINDALE, TEX.**, Imported and acclimated Red Polled cattle. Six miles from San Antonio.

**J. C. MURPHY, MOKOKEA IOWA**, Breeder of the American Red Polled in the world. A complete list of registered Red Polled cattle at the combination sales in Texas. Write him for prices and catalogue.

# S. A. CONVERSE, CRESCO, IOWA.

Large herd of registered Red Polled in America—over 120 imported and native bred.

**LOMO ALTO FARM DALLAS TEXAS**, Henry Exall, manager. Electric, 11 years of age, sire of Blondie 213-14, winner of the fastest race ever trotted in Texas; Eired 213-12 and 26 others in 2:30 or less. Also 1200 other registered stock. Palisades, Madison county, Texas. Station, Palisades, Madison county, Texas. Station, Palisades, Madison county, Texas. Station, Palisades, Madison county, Texas.

**BREED TO GOV. STRONG, 210-1-4**, Champion trotter of Texas. "Windy" of race out of 45 standard crosses in pedigree combining the Wilkes and Mambrino Chief strains. Reno Clipper, 2:17 1/2, a great race station, and "Champion" sadder and sire of saddlers in Texas. He and his colts have won 250 premiums in arena. E. BUCK, McKinney, or W. O. Fouts, Dallas, Texas.

**W. M. HILL TROTTER REC, 2:20**, Private, 2:27 1/2; Judge Hurt, three year old, 2:27 1/2; sire of 45 standard crosses record of 2:12 and many other fast ones. Have also that Royal bred trotting stallion, El-Was-Bok, 2:13 1/2, and see these stallions at New Exchange, or address E. BUCK, at all times.

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# MAVERICKS.

A report from Atascosa county says: The drought in this section has now become a serious matter. The water tanks in the pastures have given out entirely as there has been no rain since October, the grass has also become so dry that it is worse than none. Many stockmen are now burning cactus for their stock; it is very poor food, but it keeps the cattle alive. The farmers are not able to plant crops and are in a deplorable way. Many stockmen are operating on borrowed money, and as no trading is possible under present conditions, they are facing absolute bankruptcy.

A special order has been issued by the department of agriculture providing for the return of northern show cattle to their homes after being placed on exhibition at the interstate fair to be held in Atlanta, Ga.

Robbins Bros. last week shipped 25 cars of cattle from Pecos City to Gage and Hamon in Oklahoma.

R. L. Batts has purchased the Wood & McGill 15-section ranch in the San Angelo county for \$35,000.

Drouth has recently been causing some trouble in San Saba county.

Mayer Bros. a few days ago sent to their Schleicher county ranch twenty head of Hereford cattle, including six heifers, that had been inoculated at College Station by Dr. M. Francis.

Judge H. B. Watts, a Hereford breeder, has recently purchased a Hereford cow whose record as a prolific breeder is probably unequalled. She dropped her first calf a few days after she was three years old, and in the next five years and eight months dropped eight more, making a total of nine by the time she was eight years and eight months old. Her best year was 1899, for in January she gave birth to one calf and had three more in December. Her record as a prolific breeder is probably unequalled.

John T. Wilson bought of E. Holkamp & company 640 acres of pasture land in Kimble county for \$900.

Dr. Lewis has lost his ticks. It will be remembered that he had a couple in a glass vessel which he was keeping to see how long they would live without being given anything to sustain life. The ticks were placed in captivity in September, 1899, and were still alive on March 21, 1901, when they lost their heat to make them crawl. This was certainly a remarkable exhibition of the tenacity with which the fever tick clings to life. For one year, six months and five days they resided in the little glass vessel without sustenance of any kind, and this experiment certainly demonstrates very clearly that it requires a pretty hard experience to get rid of them.—Colorado Stockman.

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discovered the secret of the soul, which he terms Psychic; this he combines with magnetic medicines prepared in his own laboratory, making the strongest healing combination known to the world. This wonderful man has a perfected his method that it now reaches all classes of people, for it annihilates space and cures patients at a distance in the privacy of their own homes without the knowledge of anyone. If you are in any way sick and will write to Dr. J. M. Peables, telling him your leading symptoms, he will through his psychic power diagnose your case and send you full instructions free of any charge, no matter whether your case or how dependent you may feel, there is hope for you. Hundreds of women who suffer the many irregularities common to their sex, have been cured through Dr. Peables' method after they had been told their cases were incurable. The same can be said of men who were debilitated from early indiscretions, indigestion, stomach troubles, catarrh, weaknesses of all kinds, and in fact all diseases succumb to this wonderful method of healing. Remember, it makes no difference how hopeless your case may seem, or how many have pronounced it incurable, Dr. Peables can help you, and he costs you absolutely nothing to receive his diagnosis and instructions. He also sends you free of any charge, his grand book which will be of invaluable service to you. You also receive a long list of testimonials proving beyond a doubt that his method is revolutionizing the art of healing the sick and dependent. Address Dr. J. M. Peables, Dept. 4, Battle Creek, Mich. Remember, it costs you nothing.

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## Things at Home and Abroad.

**Heroes' Reunion.**—The tenth annual reunion of the Texas division of the United Confederate Veterans was held at Waco last week. The Sons and Daughters of the Confederacy also held meetings at the same time. Gen. K. M. Van Zandt presided over the meeting of veterans. Mayor Riggins of Waco delivered the address of welcome. The chief address made by the veterans was by Col. S. W. T. Lanham. A great parade was held on the first day of the reunion and 800 veterans were in line.

Gen. Van Zandt was re-elected commander of the Texas division and Dallas was selected as the place for the next annual meeting to be held in July, 1907. A resolution was adopted requesting the governor to include in his call for an extra session of the legislature the needs of the Confederate veterans at the Confederate home.

**The President's Tour.**—President McKinley and his party have been in California for the past few days. Mrs. McKinley became ill and she and the President went to San Francisco ahead of the scheduled time. Members of the cabinet went to represent the President at some points. Mrs. McKinley is recovering.

**Touring Texas.**—A large party of St. Louis business men are touring Texas this week looking into their resources and endeavoring to cultivate a closer business relationship between Texas and St. Louis. The visitors have been lavishly entertained at a number of the larger cities and towns.

**In the Oil Fields.**—The excitement is less intense in the oil fields and business is going ahead more quietly. The drills are at work and some new companies have been organized. All through the state prospecting for oil is going on.

**Told About Steel Trust.**—Chas. M. Schwab, president of the steel trust, was examined by the industrial commission at Washington last Saturday. Mr. Schwab says that the United States Steel company owns 80 per cent of the ore deposits of the north-west. The company makes 65 to 70 per cent of the steel products of the country. He also said that there had been no increase in the price of products since the organization of the United States company and the tendency is toward lower prices. Mr. Schwab took a position against organized labor, saying that it did not give individuals a chance in life.

Mr. Schwab excused himself from speaking concerning the details of the organization of his company, once or twice saying that the questions concerning capitalization, premiums, etc., should be asked of Mr. Morgan.

**THE TWIN TERRITORIES**  
Gov. Barnes has accepted the presidency of the new Logan county bank which has been organized at Guthrie by St. Louis capitalists.

The controller of the currency has authorized the First National bank of Watonga, Ok., to commence business with a capital of \$25,000. W. R. Kelly, president; Charles H. Nash, cashier.

The sanitary board of Oklahoma will hold an important meeting in Guthrie on May 20 at which time the quarantine lines for the new country will be established. It is said that the new rules and regulations will be arranged.

A splendid rain fell in the Ardmore country last week. Farmers are in need of it. The wheat crop, which played havoc with the wheat crop, has entirely disappeared. The crop, however, was not a total loss. In some localities wheat is heading out. The oat crop will be small.

The Cherokee national council which adjourned May 11 appointed a commission to negotiate a new treaty on the part of the Cherokees as follows: Fred McDaniel, Thomas T. Rogers, James

speaking concerning the details of the organization of his company, once or twice saying that the questions concerning capitalization, premiums, etc., should be asked of Mr. Morgan.

**Panic in New York.**—On the New York Stock Exchange last Thursday there was one of the greatest panics the Exchange ever knew. It was brought about by a factional fight for the control of the Northern Pacific railway whose stock went up as high as \$100 before the decline came. The struggle was between the Harriman syndicate and J. P. Morgan & Co. Both sides claimed a victory. After a furious rise in prices of stocks there was a sudden decline, and the loss was estimated at over \$2,000,000, but it was in largely paper profits. The actual cash decline in values was much less. The general business interests of the country were not involved and did not suffer and when the stock was over stock was left at fair valuations. A special to the Dallas News describing the panic on the day of its occurrence says:

In the interval, about an hour and a half, while the Northern Pacific coast was on an appalling ruin for a score of speculators, scenes were enacted in the stock market that defy description. Delaware and Hudson, a gilt-edged stock, suddenly dropped on a few sales from 180 to 135; United States Steel common, dropped from above 40 to 24; Atchafalaya from 78 to 43, Union Pacific from 103 to 65 and in all other stocks prices crashed headlong from 10 to 60 points. The floor of the exchange was packed with speculators, white-faced brokers, excited to the point where they in many instances lost their heads. Stocks were liquidated at any price, 5 and 10 points and more intervening between sales.

The struggle to get rid of securities was fast and furious and between 11 and 12 o'clock 1,000,000 shares were thrown overboard rather than lose so many minutes, the losers being scattered from New York to Seattle, London, Berlin and every important money center of the world. It was the shortest and worst panic that the street has ever known. First of all it was a rich man's panic. Second, it was a

**NEW MEXICO**  
C. W. Walker of Roswell, bought of John Helm 800 head of stock cattle for the TTI ranch.

Frank Bloom, president of the Bloom Cattle company, has ordered 100 cars of the Pecos system for May 15 to be used in shipping cattle from Roswell to Billings, Montana.

McKittrick & Co. of Wilcox, Ariz., recently sent an agent to the Pecos valley and bought 125 yearling bulls, Herefords and Short horns, from Gen. R. S. Benson at \$60 around.

Col. C. H. Bush, president of the Milne-Bush Cattle company of Roswell, injured his knee in stepping from a carriage at Amarillo recently. The knee cap was dislocated and the ligaments torn.

**SOME FACTS ABOUT CANNING FACTORIES.**  
The demand for canned fruits and vegetables of all kinds is enormous and in excess of the annual output. The canning factory is a safeguard against loss in the field, the orchard and the garden. Should the demand for fruits and vegetables fall off so that it would not pay to dispose of the raw material, a loss avoided. If the raw material can be grown on the soils of Maryland, New York or Michigan and shipped down to Texas to be eaten by our people, why can't Texas, with a cheaper soil, equal or better climate, put up its own product, and, if necessary, ship them north and sell them on the market in competition with the products of a more northern country, to an advantage? Texas can at least build up a home market for her products. There need be no doctored with chemicals to preserve the different products. We raise our own syrups and syrups there is no reason of impure products, as we are in a position to put up a pure article for consumption by our people, and to offer in competition to "doctored" goods.

What has been accomplished in the canning industry in other states can be accomplished in Texas. In California, for example, the canning industry has made great strides, keeping pace with plant development and the general prosperity which has characterized that state ever since she entered so largely into fruit raising. Nearly fifty commercial canning establishments are in operation in that state, besides quite a number of evaporating plants. These industries represent an investment of many millions of dollars. Their importance in a commercial way can be emphasized by referring to the products of these establishments shipped out of that state in the year 1900:

Table fruits, 1,853,280 cases (two dozens cans in each case), or 44,772,720 cans.  
Pie fruits, 33,883 cases (two dozens cans in each case), or 813,192 cans.  
Fruit in gallon vessels, 128,403 cases (one dozen in each case), or 1,550,836 gallons.  
Jams and jellies, 48,416 cases (one

panic appearing on the top of the greatest boom on record with prices of stocks higher than they have ever known on any corresponding occasion in the country's history.

"I don't know the steel trust," he said, when some one so designated his company. In a general way he would say that the company is organized up on the same plan as the Federal Steel company, but he did not consider the company over-capitalized. He said the assets of each of the subsidiary companies had increased in value since their organization and the popular estimate did not place a sufficient value upon the mines owned by the company. He also stated that the company owns 60,000 acres of Connellville coking land and that in its iron mines there are 600,000 tons of ore in sight. He thought a reasonable profit on this iron would be \$2 a ton. Asked how long he thought these mines would be able to meet the demand, Mr. Schwab placed the limit on the iron ore at thirty years and on the coal at sixty. Each of the constituent companies, he said, makes its own purchases and its own sales.

Jacob Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. said at 12 o'clock: "An unusual standing has been reached between this house and that of J. P. Morgan & Co. whereby no deliveries of Northern Pacific stock will be forced. It was first agreed not to call for any delivery to the street before the decline came. This was agreed not to see any time whatever for the delivery of Northern Pacific stock so as to give plenty of time for settlement."

This statement was also confirmed at J. P. Morgan & Co.'s where as no time was set for the settlement with Northern Pacific shorts was agreed upon. It was stated by one of the firm that it was not expected that any such prices as were touched today by that stock, would be insisted upon. It was asserted that the settlement figured would be near what the stock was selling for before the sudden leap yesterday, which the shorts have construed to mean anywhere between par and 150.

In loans last night, Northern Pacific commanded a premium of \$8,000 for 100 shares; today it was practically unobtainable. One firm alone has contracts calling for the delivery of \$80,000 shares and as the floating supply is not in existence, each of the factors having it tied up, the question means that a private settlement must be made with the shorts. The losses in Northern Pacific alone mean \$50,000,000, perhaps more, and it is reasonably certain that more than one great speculative bank has been ruined.

**TEXAS WANTS GOOD ROADS.**  
**WHY NOT BUILD THEM WITH CONVICT LABOR?**

The following little story, quite in the style of Hans Andersen, is reported to have been told by a young child: Her majesty was recently walking in a Roman suburb when she noticed a pleasant-faced little girl and spoke to her. There was a little conversation, and the queen asked the child what she could do in the way of needlework. "I can knit stockings, signora," replied the girl. "Do you know who I am?" continued the queen. "Yes, signora, you are the queen."

**QUEEN MARGHERITA AND THE CHILD.**  
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Can we now hope that our own people will see and utilize their opportunities? It is by no means the only road to success and wealth in this state. The vast body of the people, the bulk of the long term, in fact, will not share in such wealth as may be made in the oil field. Will the other promising resources be turned to and developed, now that the possibilities of Texas are better appreciated than ever? Will the mineral deposits be actively exploited? Will the magnificent opportunities and promise of manufacturing plants be seen and promptly utilized? Will the value of home products be appreciated? Cotton seed is the most conspicuous example of this kind of modern progress. We have

thrown away; have seen a month of time and men and wagons and teams used to haul away the stinking accumulations. The custom was to locate the plantation gin a long distance to the westward of the residence, in order to avoid the smell of decaying seed. Now they are nearly as valuable as the lint. —Alvord Budget.

Secretary Texas State Horticultural Society and Immigration Agent, Houston East and West Texas Railroad.

Every dairyman should also be a pig raiser, for the by-products can then be sold to bring in revenue to add to the proceeds of sales of butter, milk or cheese, as the case may be. It has been estimated that there is wealth in products that were once wasted. If we only know how to use them. Cotton seed is the most conspicuous example of this kind of modern progress. We have seen millions of tons of cotton seed

was then quoted at 6 per cent and loans were made carefully.

The banking pool, including J. P. Morgan & Co. loaned \$11,000,000 on the stock exchange in the afternoon, breaking the call rate from 60 to 6 per cent. J. P. Morgan & Co. independently loaned from \$5,000,000 to \$11,000,000 at low rates.

**GOV. HOGG'S INVESTMENT.**  
"As a former resident of New Birmingham and Cherokee county," said W. B. Slosson in a recent interview in the Houston Post, "allow me to suggest some facts regarding the development of those rich iron ore fields so long held in abeyance, but now to be prominently brought to the world's iron markets by the natural combination of oil, lignite coal and iron. The one thing lacking heretofore was cheap fuel. To be sure, the state furnace at Rusk makes with charcoal the finest structural iron in the world and the Dickson car wheel works of Houston make from Cherokee pig iron a product which is one-third greater than that of any other wheel made in the United States. But the expense of cutting the timber, burning it into charcoal and transporting it to the penitentiary is so great that the question of iron furnace at New Birmingham, the large iron pipe plant, the hotel and the town generally have languished. Hon. R. L. Coleman, whose able articles on iron have appeared in the Post, has held the fort and waited and watched for five long years for the brighter dawn of activity to come to that beautiful, healthy locality, where millions await the touch of capital."

"The Beaumont oil has solved the problem and made it so simple that who runs may read. Lignite veins of coal from eight to eleven feet thick are there and can be mined at 25 cents a ton. During Governor Hogg's administration, on a petition from Houston, which first suggested a request for the 'clew' of the residence, went to Germany to ascertain how, from an inferior lignite coal mixed with oil, briquet in Germany for the last twenty-five years or more. Prof. Dumble's investigations were published as a state bulletin and will now be read with interest. The combination suggested can be made both successfully and profitably."

"It remained for ex-Governor Jas. S. Hogg, after a six weeks' investigation, to send the state geologist, Dumble, to the only one—was solved and that the oil and lignite would surely smelt iron. As a result the largest industrial organization in Texas is in process of organization to develop the New Birmingham industry, coupled with the Beaumont oil."

"The ex-governor has a solid contract for the 14,000 acres of land, the fifty-acre furnace, the new pipe works, the large watering place hotel and the town will also own purchased at half its value. 11,000 acres of the land has on its surface the noted soft hematite iron ore, so soft and easily reduced that a tack

hammer will scatter it into flakes. It can be delivered to the furnace at 47 cents a ton, while the average cost of iron ore delivered to the furnaces of the United States is \$32 a ton. Here alone is a big profit saved. This valuable property is to go into the new company and with it a large tract of the best oil lands at Beaumont, so that if necessary the oil can be piped to New Birmingham with iron pipes made at the company's plant."

"The fever for investments in oil is now on in Texas and is drawing the attention of the world. This strong company has this great advantage over any other yet formed, while it will be the owner in fee simple of fine oil lands it will also own purchased at half its cost to the original owners, one of the finest iron works in Texas. This will

appeal especially to business men who would invest in a solid proposition of iron manufacturing that has made many millionaires in Pennsylvania and Ohio. But the company will also cut down several wells on its oil properties, to supply its own plant as well as to sell on the open market."

**HARD TO MANAGE TEDDY.**  
Hubbard B. McDonald, whose official title is journal clerk to the United States senate, but who is in reality the parliamentary officer of the senate and third of his immediate family to occupy that position. His grandfather, John G. McDonald, was appointed chief clerk of the senate in 1809, and continued in that position until his death in 1838. His son, the father of the present incumbent, was appointed

to succeed him, and he remained as the official helmsman of the senate until his death, nearly twenty-five years ago. Even before the death of his father Hubbard McDonald had become connected with the senate in a clerical capacity, and he has now served for many years as its parliamentary expert. It is his business to sit close to the president of the senate and keep him from falling into parliamentary pitfalls. He reports that of all the vice-presidents it has been his fortune to coach, Mr. Roosevelt is by far the hardest to keep in line. "Teddy" has such decided ideas and opinions of his own that he yields with poor grace to the mandates of tradition and precedent.

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In time of danger who is the man who, while others become panic stricken, leaps forward and becomes a hero? The manly man! Who is the man who, in the midst of business famine, pushes his enterprise through strife and trouble to success? The manly man! Who is the man who gains and holds the respect and esteem of his neighbors and associates in business? The manly man! This "manly man" is a man of courage, of strong heart, good health and self-confidence—with nerves that never flinch, muscles like bars of iron, a heart full of manly courage, honored and respected by all who know him, such is the man who wears

## Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt.

This is a message to men. It is to men who want to feel like men, to look like men and act like men. This is to men who lack courage, whose nerves are shaky, whose eyes have lost the sparkle, whose brains are muddled, ideas confused, sleep restless, confidence gone, spirits low and easily depressed, who are backward, hesitating, unable to venture because they are afraid of failure, who want somebody to decide for them, who are weak, puny, restless. It is to men who have part or all of these symptoms and want new life, new force, new vigor, I offer it to you in my wonderful belt.

**1 CURE** to stay cured. Nervous Debility, Weakness of any or Kidneys, Rheumatism, Pains in Back and Shoulders, Sciatica, Lumbago, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Constipation, Dyspepsia and all troubles which new life can restore health.

**FREE BOOK.** Call and test my belt free, or if you can't do so, I will send you a book that tells you how to get it. It tells you how to get it, and how to use it, and how to get it, and how to use it, and how to get it, and how to use it.

**DR. M. C. McLAUGHLIN,**  
406 Linz Building, Dallas, Texas.  
Office Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1.

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Nervous Debility, Lumbago, Sciatica, Painful Memory, Weak, Shrunken or Undeveloped Organs, shouldering, etc. For FREE MEDICAL TREATISE which contains much valuable information for all who suffer from private diseases.

**Finest Equipped Stockyards in the Southwest.**  
CAPACITY:  
2,000 Cattle, 2,000 Hogs, 1,000 Sheep, Daily.

**DALLAS UNION STOCK YARDS.**  
Can be reached by all railroads entering the city of Dallas. Right at the foot of the Texas State Capitol. NO SHIPMENT TOO LARGE AND NONE TOO SMALL. TO BE WELL CARRIED FOR. You can sell all kinds, all ages, all classes and every known variety of cattle, hogs and sheep for the highest price obtainable in THE STATE. REMEMBER the yards will be ready for business on and after APRIL 2. Call on us and our Mr. Bradrick or Mr. Sharp will take pleasure in showing you around.

**FORT WORTH LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO.**  
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Consign your cattle and hogs to Fort Worth Live Stock Commission Co., Fort Worth, Texas. We have the best commission in all the markets. Reports free. Correspondence solicited. Liberal advance made to our customers. J. W. SPENCER, Pres. A. F. CROWLEY, Vice-Pres. BEN O. SMITH, Treas. V. S. WARDLAW, Sec. J. F. BUTZ, Salesman.

**THE A. P. NORMAN LIVE STOCK CO.**  
STOCK YARDS, GALVESTON, (Incorporated) Correspondence Solicited. Prompt Returns. C. P. NORMAN, Sec'y and Treas. W. F. DAVIS, W. A. P. McDONALD, W. T. DAVIS.  
**Davis, McDonald & Davis,**  
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LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS. MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES.  
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