



Relief Board And Commissioners Work Out Future Program

At a meeting held at the Commissioners' court room Monday afternoon members of the Commissioners Court and the Hansford County Relief Board with Relief Administrator Dodson, worked out plans for future administration of relief funds in Hansford county. Information carried in a file of letters from state relief offices indicated that relief funds were being cut over the state, and in face of increasing need in Hansford County, the assembled organizations made plans for securing more funds. It was the consensus of opinion of the representatives present that a plea for converting the Highway 88 project into a PWA project would come nearer solving the problems of this county than any other action.

As the matter now stands the state and federal government has an investment near \$90,000 on Highway 88 without getting any material good out of the money already spent. The project was originally under the state highway with funds providing labor coming from Federal and State relief funds. The program was stopped abruptly when the source of money was cut off and a road bed has been partially constructed on a right of way paid for by the county, two expensive bridges have been constructed, and without the project is carried to completion the state and county are out their money without any results.

It is the belief of the allied organizations of Hansford county that this working project can be turned into a PWA project and thereby relieve the relief organization of the county of some of its burdens, and at the same time take care of a large number of people who really need work but who do not feel justified in complaining with the stringent regulations necessary to become a certificate case on the records of the relief organization.

County Judge J. H. Broadhurst was instructed by the court to write immediately to the Relief Board, Representative B. L. Rogers, Senator Clint Small and the state highway department, presenting Hansford's plea for providing the 88 highway as a PWA project. Chairman Hicks will also write various officials in an effort to complete the planned program as will officials of various Hansford county organizations. The work of securing this project will come under the direction of the Hansford relief work, and Sheriff Wilbanks is actively engaged at this time in securing all the aid possible to impress the state and federal officials that we of Hansford county have need of the work, and that the work needs to be completed on highway 88.

Start Digging Spuds On Irrigation Farm

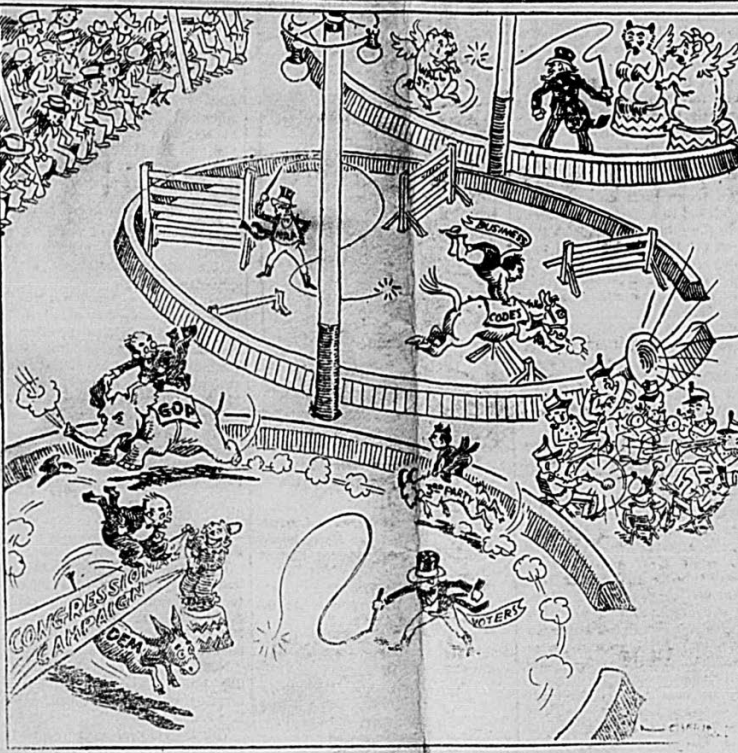
C. J. Todd, Manager of the Electrified Irrigation farm has announced that he will begin harvesting his potato crop next week. Mr. Todd stated that indications point towards a real harvest despite the set back of a hail storm and the hot winds of this summer. Thirty eight acres of the farm is planted to potatoes. Coy Holt has something more than 13 acres of spuds planted and doing well on his irrigated plot near Gruver and this patch will likely be harvested within the next fifteen days. Alfalfa hay on the irrigation farm is ready for the fourth cutting. The annual yield has been five tons to the acre in the past and with alfalfa hay selling at \$25.00 per ton on the market to date, alfalfa is considered one of the real money crops.

Ernest D. Archer Selling Insurance

Ernest D. Archer is representing the Trinity Life Insurance Company of Fort Worth, in this county. The company is an old line company with legal reserve and carries much of the insurance for citizens of this section.

Allen wants you to calculate. He grabs the cracker, tosses a breath of what is labeled "Germ" out of a little bottle, grins right out and hands or back with the instruction to twist 'er tail. You'd be surprised how much easier the nine thousand pound pressure. It's still a bit tight but it quits screaming and sings "It Ain't Gonna Rain No More" right off and low. I'm not gonna attempt to tell you what he explained about films, and lubrication surface and other terms of some foreign language. However his little demonstration is real effective, and if you want get more of the inside drive around and talk to Oliver or Thad at the Retail Station or Alvin at the wholesale distillery.

Our Three Ring Circus — by A. B. Chapin



Temperance Drama Directed By Dr. Atticus Webb To Be Staged At Union Church Sunday Aug. 19th.

A new temperance drama called "Who's To Blame," and vividly portraying conditions under our new beer law, will be given at the Community Church Sunday, August 19, at 8 p. m. This drama is sponsored by and is a part of the educational campaign for temperance, by the local churches. In its first presentation in Palestine, Texas it drew an audience of 1200 and has drawn an audience of 2,000.

The drama is in the form of a court trial. Rev. B. W. Baker will be the presiding judge, and will conduct his court in a dignified manner. Mr. Loyd Terry will be charged with murder at the "Blue Goose" dance hall. Judge Floyd Sumrall will prosecute his and Dr. Atticus Webb of Dallas will defend him. Mr. R. L. McClellan will take the post of the clerk of the court and Mr. Bill Miller will be high sheriff.

The state will summons witnesses Mr. Ward Redus, deputy sheriff assigned duty at the Blue Goose dance hall, because of the disorderly conduct there and who arrested the defendant. Also Mr. Frank Wendt, the Justice of the Peace who held the Coroner's Court over the murder, and Mr. John R. Collard, an eye witness.

The defense will put on the stand the defendant himself and his mother, which part will be taken by Miss Grace Gill. It will also put on the stand Hans Schlitz, the beer seller, at whose beer joint the defendant got drunk, the night he slew Walter Evans.

N. T. N. Encampment Well Attended By Spearman Students

According to information from officials of the N. T. N. Young Peoples' Christian encampment being held at the park, and closing today (Thursday), the Spearman delegation is the largest to attend this year.

Delegates from Miami, Perryton, Higgins, Booker and many other nearby towns are in attendance at the encampment, and the total attendance is much larger this year than ever before. Young folk, members of the Methodist Church League are enjoying a program of study in Mission work and other features of the church life. Classes are held each day and devotional services are a part of the program.

Many fathers and mothers of the Spearman delegates have attended each evening, taking their supper to spend with their friends and children. Wednesday night of this week the Spearman delegates provided a program for the evening services.

INNOCENT MAN IN CITY'S JAIL

In the wee hours of Monday night a handsome youth of some 20 years of age asked night watchman Earl Pittman if he might sleep in the jail until morning, and related that he needed rest badly and had no money to buy a bed. Pittman with compassion for the fellow finally decided to let him spend the night on the jail bed.

About nine o'clock Tuesday morning Justice Oaks while watering the beans and peas on the courthouse yard was attracted to the jail where a man's voice was heard yelling and calling for help. Upon investigating Oaks discovered the boy locked up in what he thought was a vacant jail.

Earl Pittman had gone off duty and was home asleep and had forgotten about the fellow he left in jail. Justice Oaks hesitated to turn the man loose for fear he really might be a prisoner and yet he did not want to break into Pittman's rest by awakening him to inquire.

County Judge Broadhurst Gets Boost In Salary

County Judge J. H. Broadhurst, successful candidate for re-election to the office of County Judge in Hansford county received a real token of appreciation from the Commissioners' Court at the regular meeting Monday. The judge was granted 30 day leave of absence from office and his salary paid by the count as Judge. Judge was raised from \$105.00 per month to \$125.00 per month.

Lions Discuss Current Events At Tuesday Meet

Members of the Lion club held a round table discussion of current events, as the program for the noon day luncheon held at the American Legion Hall Tuesday. In the absence of President Fred Hoskins, Vice-President C. J. Todd presided.

"Preach" Guy Fuller has been appointed Commissioner of Ochiltree county to fill the unexpired term of his father who died last Tuesday week.

Commissioners' Court Pay For Right-of-Way Spearman-Gruver Road

By official order of the Commissioners' Court Monday of this week the county clerk was instructed to draw warrants on the Hansford County Treasurer in the sum of \$61.20 in payment of 2 and 4-100 acres land used as right-of-way on Highway 88, located in SE 4 and SE 3, Block 4.

A second official order recorded called for the payment of the week the county clerk was instructed to draw warrants on the Hansford County Treasurer in the sum of \$1500.00 to Mrs. J. H. Cooper, covering approximately 9.2 acres used in constructing Highway 117 between Spearman and Gruver.

W. A. Shubert After Badger With Shotgun

W. A. Shubert who lives some six miles East of Spearman, on the Canadian highway, was in Spearman late Wednesday stocking up with shot gun shells to extend an official welcome to Mr. Badger, who he expected to visit his hen house Wednesday night. Schubert lost fifty white leghorn chickens Monday night and twenty-five Tuesday night.

L. W. Matthews Granary Burns Tuesday Afternoon

Ninety three cars hauled some 250 Spearman citizens to a fire Tuesday afternoon at 3:50 o'clock which destroyed a granary at the residence of L. W. Matthews in Spearman. A chicken house adjacent to the granary was prevented from burning by the Spearman Fire Department and a number of volunteer fire fighters.

No grain was stored in the granary and the fire is thought to have caught from a pile of trash that was burned by Mrs. Matthews earlier in the day. The estimated loss of the building would be near \$400.

Mr. J. S. Williamson of Amarillo, uncle of Mrs. Cap Richardson is visiting relatives in Spearman. This week.

HANSFORD COUNTY MAY GET UNRESTRICTED PRODUCTION ORDERS FROM AAA BOARD

Cattle Buying Shut Down Temporarily In Hansford County

Conjested conditions on the stock yards in the market centers of the United States was responsible for a temporary shut down of the purchasing of cattle by the government in this county on Wednesday last week. However local officials of the AAA cattle buying program state they expect it to be resumed at any time now.

Some 567 head of cattle aside from the 758 head that have already been purchased are waiting until the buying is commenced again. Out of the 758 that have been bought under the plan, 555 head were shipped and 203 killed. The rates paid for those killed were \$12 for cows, \$10 for yearlings, and four for calves. Those accepted brought higher prices, the maximum being \$20 for cows, \$15 for yearlings and \$8 for calves.

Dr. W. A. Wilson of McKinney inspected all of the cattle and their value is appraised by Mr. Tom English. The two men spend the first three days of each week in this county, and the last three in Ochiltree county, carrying on the work.

Out of the total cows bought in the county 19 head were milch cows. A project now under way to allow people needing milch cows to buy them for \$20, just what the government pays, without any money down and pay for the cow later. This plan will be a big help to people needing a milch cow and who do not have the money to purchase one.

Tom Coble sold the greatest number in the county to the government, being 98 head. June Balentine sold 83, and LeRoy Satterwhite sold 80 head under the program.

Seventy Eight On Relief Pay Roll First Week Aug.

According to records kept by Hansford county relief organization, seventy-eight citizens were carried on the relief rolls of the county for the week ending August 9th. This included 52 men and 26 ladies. The work for the men was mostly handling cattle, feeding and guarding in connection with the Triple A cattle buying program of the county. The work carried on by the ladies represents a regular sewing program that is cared for by a project granted several months ago.

At the present time only two projects in the county are open for men, one the cattle buying project, which is temporarily suspended, and the second is the county sanitation project. No work has been done on this second project for some time on account of lack of funds.

Records show that only about half the funds are available to carry on the work of the relief office as are needed to take care of the 160 certified case records, or individuals who have complied with all the rules and regulations of the relief office.

In July \$3570 was appropriated for relief work in the county, but the last half of the month the check was cut in half, allowing only \$2580 for the month's work which was planned on the basis of receiving \$3570. This necessitated the slowing down of all relief work in the county. This month, August appropriations were made for \$3300 to be spent in this county in the face of the ever increasing number of legitimate cases deserving work.

As the matter stands at the present time the relief organization of Hansford county make their plans on the basis of appropriations, but when the check is arbitrarily cut in half, they naturally cut the workers down to balance the budget.

According to the records of the Relief office one hundred and sixty individuals are entitled to the benefits of the relief program, either in work program or direct relief. This number is in addition to the personnel who administer the affairs of the office. Rifles governing the administration of relief work call for an average not to exceed \$20.00 per month per individual.

Relief Administrator Dodson stated Wednesday of this week that the next check-up on active cases would probably show 175 cases that had complied with all the regulations of the state and federal government and would deserve to receive either direct relief or work relief. This number will likely increase continually throughout the winter.

In the article printed below one sees the possibility of Hansford County planting practically a full acreage of wheat this year on account of the drought conditions over the nation. The reference in the article as to the 15 per cent reduction is called for in the contract of the wheat producers in Hansford county. In addition to the 15 per cent reduction, Hansford county required an additional 8 per cent reduction in order to balance the acreage with the government statistics. Probably if the government should withdraw the 15 per cent reduction in the contract, the 8 per cent reduction would be maintained, since all figures are apparently made from government statistics, and so far as the government is concerned Hansford county has 8 per cent less wheat land than the surveyors found when they checked up on the actual acreage in the county.

If conditions justify more production, it seems that the government could be persuaded to allow Hansford County full production. In other words if orders come to the Hansford County Wheat Production Control Association that the regular 15 per cent reduction instituted for control purposes, is to be ignored, why could not the Control Association take the matter up with the government and get the additional 8 per cent allowed. This seems reasonable, and would eliminate considerable expense. No check would be required on land to see that provisions of the contract is observed by producers. Considerable of the work of the Association could be eliminated, and real justice would be had in Hansford county.

One is not justified in much satisfaction in profiting in the loss of other citizens of the nation, but should the drought conditions prevail and cause unrestricted production in Hansford county, it will add about 23 per cent more to the income of the largest crop of the county, wheat. Conditions have been such over a period of years that this added income would be gladly welcomed, and we believe justified.

However, in making this suggestion one is gambling on conditions of the future. Should the crop conditions be unfavorable in 1935 it would make little difference to Hansford citizens whether they produce from the entire acreage or 78 per cent of the normal acreage.

We learn from County Agent Frank Wendt that the allotment for 1934 crop has been set the same as the 1933 crop. Part payment on the 1933 crop has been received, with prospects of receiving the remainder in the immediate future.

If one should attempt to make a rough figure on the income for the county for 1935, one can reasonably expect the two allotment payments that have already been appropriated, namely the first payment in June amounting to approximately \$186,000, and the second payment along in September of the year amounting to above \$62,000. This amount would be in addition to the money received for the wheat harvested in 1935.

The government gives the producer a guaranteed price for wheat produced, and the allotment represents the difference between the price set as a guarantee by the government and the market price at harvest time. The price set as a guarantee by the government is governed by commodity prices, and naturally one cannot at this time determine whether or not there will be allowed an allotment by the government covering wheat produced in 1935.

Below is the article taken from the Amarillo News-Globe:

Hunter Speaker Has Large Crowd At Political Rally

Max Boyer, county attorney of Ochiltree county, together with a number of friends of Perryton were guests in Spearman for a Tom Hunter for Governor Rally held on the Main Street of Spearman Wednesday night of this week.

The speaker, Mr. Boyer, outlined the platform of Mr. Hunter, and attacked James V. Alired in his campaign for the chief executive office of the state.

The visiting men from Perryton brought over their loud speaker equipment and the address could be heard several blocks from the scene of the speaking.

Supt. and Mrs. R. L. Snider of Hollis are visiting in the G. E. Oaks home this week. They are completing an extended tour of Eastern states. Snider was the Superintendent of Spearman Schools for some five years.

ROBBERS' ROOST



By ZANE GREY

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But presently he had cause to attend more keenly than ever to this card game. The drift of conversation wore toward an inevitable fight. These men were vicious characters. Wall knew that life out here was raw. There was no law except that of the six shooter.

While he bent a more penetrating gaze upon Stud, to whom his attention gravitated, Wall saw him perform a trick with the cards that was pretty clever, and could not have been discerned except from Wall's position.

Nevertheless, fickle fortune most certainly had picked on Stud. He bet this hand to the limit of his cash, and then, such was his confidence, he borrowed. Still he could not force Hays to call. He fell from elation to consternation, then to despair, from doubt to dismay, and from this to a gathering impotent rage, all of which proved how poor a gambler he was. When at last he raged out: "Wal, I call! Here's mine."

He slammed down an ace full. Stud had drawn three cards.

"Stud, I hate to show you this hand," drawled Hays.

"Yes, you do! Lay it down. I called you."

Whereupon Hays gently spread out four ten spots, and then with greedy hands raked in the stakes.

Stud started with burning eyes. "Three-card draw! . . . You come in with a pair of tens?"

"Nope. I held up one ten an' the ace," replied Hays, nonchalantly. "I had a hunch, Stud."

"You'd steal coppers off a dead man's eyes."

"Haw! Haw!" bawled the victorious gamester. But he was the only one of the six players who seemed to see anything funny in the situation. That dawned upon him. "Stud, I was takin' that crack of yours humorous."

"Was you?" snapped Stud.

"Shore I was," retorted Hays, with congealing voice.

"Wal, I didn't mean it humorous," Stud retorted.

"Ahh. Come to look at you I see you ain't feelin' gay. Suppose you say just what you did mean."

"I meant what I said."

"Shore, I'm not so awful thick. But apply that crack to this here card game an' my playin'."

"Hays, you palmed them three ten-spots," declared Stud hotly.

Then there was quick action and the rasp of scraping chairs, and the tumbling over of a box seat. Stud and Hays were left alone at the table.

"You're a liar!" hissed Hays, suddenly black in the face.

Here Jim Wall thought it was time to intervene. He read the glint in Stud's eyes. Hays was at a disadvantage, so far as drawing a gun was concerned. And Wall saw that Stud could and would kill him.

"Hold on there," called Wall, in a voice that made both men freeze.

Hays did not turn to Wall, but he spoke. "Par, lay off. I can handle this feller."

"Take care, stranger," warned Stud, who appeared to be able to watch both Hays and Wall at once.

They were, however, almost in line. "This ain't any of your mix."

"I just wanted to tell Hays I saw you slip an ace from the bottom of the deck," said Wall. He might as well have told of Hays' irregularities.

"Wot! He filled his ace full that way?" roared Hays.

"He most certainly did."

"All right let it go at that," replied Stud, deadly cold. "If you can say honest that you haven't pulled any tricks—go for your gun. Otherwise keep your shirt on."

This unexpected sally exemplified the peculiar conception of honor among thieves. It silenced Hays. The little gambler knew his man and shifted his deadly intent to a more doubtful issue.

"Jim Wall, eh?" he queried insolently.

"At your service," retorted Wall. He divided the workings of the little gambler's mind. Stud needed to have more time, for the thing that made decision hard to reach was the quality of this stranger. His motive was more deadly than his will, or his power to execute. All this Jim Wall knew. It was the difference between the two men.

"I'm admittin' I cheated," said Stud harshly. "But I ain't standin' to be lipped off by a stranger."

"Well, what're you going to do about it?" asked Wall, while the spectators of the drama almost held their breath.

Stud's lean, dark, little hands lifted quiveringly from the table.

"Don't draw!" yelled Wall. "The man doesn't live who can sit at a table and beat me to a draw."

"H—!—you say," panted Stud. But that ringing taunt had cut the force of his purpose.

"You've got a gun in each inside vest pocket," said Wall, contemptuously.

The gambler let his hands relax and slide off the table.

Stud shuffled to his feet, malignant and beaten for the moment.

"Hays, you an' me are even," he said gruffly. "But I'll meet your new pard some other time and then there'll be a show-down."

"Shore, Stud. No hard feelin's on my side," drawled Hays.

The little gambler stalked to the bar, drank and left the saloon.

Hank Hays turned round.

"Jim, that feller did have two guns inside his vest. I never saw them, till you gave it away. He—would have killed me."

"I think he would, Hays," returned Wall. "You were sitting bad for action."

"Right you are, Jim, and I'm much obliged to you. I'd like to know something."

"What's that?"

"Did you bluff him?"

"Hardly. I had him figured. It was a pretty good bet he wouldn't try to draw. But if he had made a move—"

"Ahh. It'd been all day with him. . . . This gambler Stud has a name out here for bein' swift on the draw. He's killed—"

"Bah!" cut in Wall, good-humoredly. "Men who can handle guns don't pack them that way."

Presently they bade Red good night and went outside.

"Where you sleepin'?" asked Hays.

"Left my pack in the stall out back with my horse. What do we do tomorrow?"

"I was thinkin' of that. We'll shake the dust of Green River. I reckon tomorrow we'd better stock up on everything an' hit the trail for the Henrys."

"Suits me," replied Wall.

"Wal, then, good night. Breakfast here early," concluded Hays.

A red sunrise greeted Wall upon his awakening. When, a little later, he presented himself at the back of Red's house for breakfast he was to find Hays, Happy Jack and Brad Lincoln ahead of him.

They had breakfast. "Brad, you fetch your pack horses round back," ordered the leader, when they got outside. "Happy, you get yourself a boss. Then meet us at the store quick as you can get there. . . . Jim, you come with me."

"Hays, I'm in need of some things," said Wall.

Hays drew out a handful of bills and pressed them upon Wall.

"Shore. Buy what outfit you need an' don't forget a lot of shells," replied Hays. "If I don't miss my guess we'll have a smoky summer. Haw! Haw! . . . Here's the store."

Half an hour later the four men, driving five packed horses and two unpacked, rode off behind the town across the flat toward the west. Coming to a road, Hays led on that for a mile or so, and then branched off on a seldom-used trail.

Toward sunset they drew down to the center of a vast swale, where the green intensified, and the eye of the range rider could see the influence of water.

Hays halted for camp at a swampy sedge plot where water oozed out and grass was thick enough to hold the horses.

"Aha! Good to be out again, boys," said Hays, heartily. "Throw saddles an' packs. Turn the hosses loose. Happy, you're elected cook. Rest of us rustle something to burn."

Jim rambled far afield to collect an armload of dead stalks of cactus, grease-wood, sunflower; and dusk was mantling the desert when he got back to camp. Happy Jack was whistling about a little fire; Hays knelt before a pan of dough, which he was kneading; Lincoln was busy at some camp chore.

"Wall, I don't like store bread," Hays was saying. "Give me sourdough biscuits. . . . How about you, Jim?"

"Me, too. And I'd like some cake," replied Jim, dropping his load.

"Cake! Wal, listen to our new hand. Jack, can you bake cake?"

"Sure. We got flour an' sugar an' milk. Did you fetch some eggs?"

"Haw! Haw! . . . That reminds me, though. We'll get eggs over at Star ranch. None of you ever seen such a ranch. Why, fellers, Herrick's bought every darn' hoss, burro, sow, steer, chicken in the whole country."

"So you said before," returned Lincoln. "I'm sure curious to see this Englisher. Must have more money than brains."

"He hasn't got any sense. But Lordy, the money he's spent!"

Jim sat down to rest and listen.

"Queer deal—a rich Englishman hirin' men like us to run his outfit," pondered Lincoln, in a puzzled tone. "I don't understand it."

"Wal, who does? I can't, thet's shore. But it's a fact, an' we're goin' to be so rich pronto thet we'll jest about kill each other."

"More truth than fun in thet, Hank, old boy, an' don't you forget it," rejoined Lincoln. "How do you aim to get rich?"

"Shore, I've no idee. Thet'll all come. I've got the step on Heeseeman an' his pard."

"He'll be aimin' at precisely the same deal as you."

"Shore. We'll have to kill Heeseeman an' Progar, soon or later. I'd like it sooner."

"I don't like the deal," concluded Lincoln, forcibly.

Presently they sat to their meal, and ate almost in silence. Darkness settled down. One by one they sought their beds, and Wall was the last.

Dawn found them up and doing. Wall fetched in some of the horses; Lincoln the others. By sunrise they were on the trail, which about mid-afternoon led down through high gravel banks to a wide stream bed, dry except in the middle of the sandy waste.

"This here's the Muddy," announced Hays for Jim's benefit. "Bad enough when the water's up. But nothin' to the Dirty Devil Nothin' at all."

"What's the Dirty Devil?" asked Jim.

"It's a river an' it's well named. You can gamble on that. We'll cross it tomorrow some time."

Next camp was on higher ground above the Muddy. Here Hays and Lincoln renewed their argument about the Herrick ranch deal. It proved what Wall had divined—this Brad Lincoln was shrewd, cold, doubtful and aggressive. Hays was not distinguished for any cleverness. He was merely an unscrupulous robber. These men were going to clash. That was inevitable. Jim calculated.

Early the next day Jim Wall had reason to be curious about the Dirty Devil river, for the descent into the dellies of the desert to reach it was a most remarkable one. The tracks Hays was following failed and he got lost in a labyrinthine maze of deep washes impossible to climb, and seemingly impossible to escape from.

Lincoln got off his horse and went down the canyon, evidently searching for a place to climb up to the rim above. He returned in an assertive manner and, mounting, called for the others to follow.

"I hear the river an' I'm makin' for it," said Lincoln.

Jim had heard a faint, low murmur which had puzzled him, and which he had not recognized. They all followed Lincoln. Eventually he led them into a narrow, high-walled canyon where ran the Dirty Devil. The water was muddy, but as it was shallow the riders forded it without more mishap than a wetting.

Still they were lost. There was nothing to do, however, but work up a side canyon. Hays led them to a camp-site that never could have been expected there.

"Fellers, I'll bet you something," he said, before dismounting. "There's a roost down in thet country where never in Gawd's world could anybody find us."

"Hh! An' when they did it'd be only our bleached bones," scoffed Lincoln.

There never had been any love lost between these two men, Jim conjectured.

After supper Jim strolled away from camp, down to where the canyon opened upon a nothingness of space and blackness and depth. The hour hung suspended between dusk and night. He felt an overpowering sense of the immensity of this region of mountain, gorge, plain and butte.

While Jim Wall meditated there in the gathering darkness he was visited by an inexplicable reluctance to go on with this adventure.

CHAPTER III

NEXT morning they got a late start. Nevertheless Hays assured Jim that they would reach Star ranch towards evening.

They rode on side by side. The trail led into a wider one, coming around from the northeast. Jim did not miss fresh hoof tracks, and Hays was not far behind in discovering them.

"Woods full of riders," he muttered.

"How long have you been gone, Hays?" inquired Jim.

"From Star ranch? Let's see. Must be a couple of weeks. Too long, by gosh! Herrick sent me to Grand Junction. An' on the way back I circled. Thet's how I happened to make Green River."

"Did you expect to meet Happy Jack and Lincoln there?"

"Shore. An' some more of my outfit. But I guess you'll more'n make up for the other fellers."

"Hope I don't disappoint you," said Jim, dryly.

"Well, you haven't so far. Only I'd feel better, Jim, if you'd come clean with who you air an' what you air."

"Hays, I didn't ask you to take me on."

"Shore, you're right. Reckon I

heard everybody knew Hank Hays. Why, there's a town down here named after me, Hankville."

"A town? No one would think of."

"Wal, it ain't much to brag on. A few cabins, the first of which I threw up with my father years ago. In his later years he was a prospector. We lived there for years. I trapped fur up here in the mountains. In fact I got to know the whole country except thet Black Dragon canyon, an' thet hollole of the Dirty Devil. . . . My old man was shot by rustlers."



He Felt an Overpowering Sense of the Immensity of This Region.

"I gathered you'd no use for rustlers. . . . Well, then, Hays, how'd you fall into your present line of business?"

"Haw! Haw! Present line. Thet's a good one. Now, Jim, what do you reckon thet line is?"

"You seem to be versatile, Hays. But if I was to judge I'd say you relieved people of surplus cash."

"Very nice put, Jim. I'd hate to be a low-down thief. . . . Jim, I was an honest man once, not so long ago. It was a woman who made me what I am today. Thet's why I'm cold on women."

"Were you ever married?" went on Jim, stirred a little by the other's crude pathos.

"Thet was the h—l of it," replied Hays, and he seemed to lose desire to confide further.

They rode into the zone of the foothills, with ever-increasing evidence of fertility. But Jim's view had been restricted for several hours, permitting only occasional glimpses up the gray-back slopes of the Henrys and none at all of the low country.

Therefore Jim was scarcely prepared to come round a corner and out into the open. Stunned by the magnificence of the scene he would have halted Bay on the spot, but he espied Hays waiting for him ahead.

"Wal, pard, this here is Utah," said Hays, as Jim came up, and his voice held a note of pride. "Round the corner here you can see Herrick's valley an' ranch. It's a bit of rich land thirty miles long an' half as wide, narrow'n like a wedge. Now let's ride on, Jim, an' have a look at it."

Across the mouth of Herrick's gray-green valley, which opened under the escarpment from which Jim gazed, extended vast level green and black lines of range, one above the other, each projecting farther out into that blue abyss.

"Down in there somewhere this Hank Hays will find his robbers' roost," soliloquized Jim, and turned his horse again into the trail.

Before late afternoon of that day Jim Wall had seen as many cattle dotting a verdant grass, watered valley as ever he had viewed in the great herds driven up from Texas to Abilene and Dodge, or on the Wind River Range of Wyoming. A rough estimate exceeded ten thousand head.

Herrick had selected a site for his home that was undoubtedly the most picturesque point in the valley, if not one that had the most utility for the conducting of a ranch business. Ten miles down from the head of the valley a pine-wooded bench, almost reaching the dignity of a promontory, projected from the great slope of the mountain. Here where the pines straggled down stood the long, low cabin of peeled logs, yellow in the sunlight. Below, on the flat, extended the numerous barns, sheds, corrals.

Somewhat apart from both the corrals and outbuildings on the flat stood a new log cabin, hurriedly built, with chimks still unfilled. The roof extended out on three sides over wide porches, where Wall observed three or four beds, a number of saddles and other riders' paraphernalia. The rear of the cabin backed against the rocks. Jim understood that Hays had thrown up this abode, rather than dwell too close to the other employees of Herrick. From the front porch one could drop a stone into the brook, or fish for trout. The pines trooped down on the edge of the brook.

Naturally no single place in all that valley could have been utterly devoid of the charm and beauty nature had lavished there, but this situation was ideal for riders. Hays even had a private corral. As Jim rode up to this habitation his quick eye caught sight of curious, still-eyed men on the porch.

"Wal, here we air," announced

Hays. "An' if you don't like it you're shore hard to please. Finest of water, beef, lamb, venison, bear meat. Butter for our biscuits. An' best of all—not very much work. Haw! Haw!"

"Where do we bunk?" asked Jim, presently.

"On the porch. I took to the attic myself."

"If you don't mind, I'll keep my pack inside, but sleep out under the pines," responded Wall.

When at length Jim carried his effects up on the porch Hays spoke up: "Jim, here's the rest of my outfit. . . . Fellers, scrape acquaintance with Jim Wall, late of Wyoming."

That was all the introduction Hays volunteered. Jim replied: "Howdy," and left a return of their hard scrutiny until some other time.

Hays went at once into low-voiced conference with these four men. Happy Jack hauled up the supplies. Brad Lincoln occupied himself with his pack. Jim brought his own outfit to a far corner of the porch. Then he strolled among the pines seeking a satisfactory nook to unroll his bed.

Jim, from long habit, generated by a decided need of vigilance, preferred to sleep in coverts like a rabbit, or any other animal that required protection.

At length he found a niche between two rocks, one of which was shelving, where pine needles furnished a soft mat underneath and the murmur of the brook just faintly reached him. Jim would not throw his bed where the noise of rushing water, or anything else, might preclude the service of his keen ears. There was no step on his trail now but he instinctively distrusted Lincoln, and would undoubtedly trust one or more of these other men.

Hays exemplified the fact of honor among thieves. Jim had come to that conviction. This robber might turn out big in some ways. But could even he be trusted? Jim resolved to take no chances.

Not until the following morning did Jim Wall get a satisfactory scrutiny of the four members of Hays' outfit.

The eldest, who answered to the name of Mac, was a cadaverous-faced man, with eyes like a ghoul.

"What you from?" he asked Wall.

"Wyoming, last," replied Jim, agreeably.

Jeff Bridges, a sturdy, tow-headed man of forty or thereabouts, had a bluff, hearty manner and seemed not to pry under the surface.

"Glad Hank took you on," he said. "We need one cattleman in this outfit, an' thet's no joke."

Sparrowhawk Latimer, the third of the four, greatly resembled a horse, thet Wall had once seen hanged.

Hays had said to Slocum, the fourth member of this quartet: "Smoky, you an' Wall shore ought to make a pair to draw to."

"You mean a pair to draw on," retorted the other. He was slight, wiry, freckled of face and hands, with a cast in one of his light, cold-blue eyes.

"No!" snorted the robber. "Not on! . . . Smoky, do you recollect thet gambler, Stud Smith, who works the stage towns, an' is something of a gun-slinger?"

"I ain't forgot him."

"Wal, we set in a poker game with him one night. I was lucky. Stud took his losin' to heart, an' he shore tried to pick a fight. First he was goin' to draw on me, then shifted to Jim. An' Jim bluffed him out of throwin' a gun."

"How?"

"Jim just said for Stud not to draw, as there wasn't a man livin' who could set at a table an' beat him to a gun."

"Most obligin' an' kind of you, Wall," remarked Smoky, with sarcasm, as he looked Jim over with unsatisfied eyes. "If you was so all-fired certain of thet, why'd you tip him off?"

"I never shoot a man just because the chance offers," rejoined Jim coldly.

There was a subtle intimation in this, probably not lost upon Slocum. The greatest gunmen were quiet, soft-spoken, sober, individuals who never sought quarrels. Jim knew that his reply would make an enemy, even if Slocum were not instinctively one on sight. Respect could scarcely be felt by men like Slocum. Like a weasel he sniffed around Jim.

"You don't, eh?" he queried. "Wal, you strike me unfavorable."

"Smoky," said Hays, "I won't have no grudges in this outfit. I've got the biggest deal on I ever worked out. There's got to be harmony among us. But Smoky bobbin' up agin my new man—that's serious. Now let's lay the cards on the table. . . . Jim, do you want to declare yourself?"

"I'm willing to answer questions—unless they get nasty," replied Jim, frankly.

"You got run out of Wyoming?"

"No. But if I'd stayed on I'd probably stretched hemp."

"Hold up a stage or somebody?"

"No. Once I helped hold up a bank. That was years ago."

"Bank robber! You're out of our class, Jim."

"Hardly that. It was my first and only crack at a bank. Two of us got away. Then we held up a train—blew open the safe in the express car."

"Smoky, I call it square of



Jim Gleaned Information From This Rancher.

Wall," spoke up Hays. "He shore didn't need to come clean as thet."

"It's all right," agreed Slocum, as if forced to fair judgment.

Hays plumped off the porch rail. "Now, fellers, we can get to work. Herrick puts a lot of things up to me, an' I ain't no cattleman. Jim, do you know the cattle game?"

"From A to Z," smiled Wall.

"Say, but I'm in luck. We'll run the ranch now."

"What'll I do, Hank?" asked Jim.

"Wal, you look the whole diggin's over."

Jim lost no time in complying with his first order from the superintendent of Star ranch. What a monstrous and incredible hoax was being perpetrated upon some foreigner!

Jim passed cowboys with only a word or a nod. He talked with an old man who said he had owned a homestead across the valley, one of those Herrick had gathered in.

Jim gleaned information from this rancher. Herrick had bought out all the cattle men in the valley, and on round the foothill line to Limestone Springs, where the big X Bar outfit began. Riders for these small ranches had gone to work for Herrick. He was told that Heeseeman, with ten men, was out on the range.

Presently Jim encountered Hays, accompanied by a tall, floridly blond man, garbed as no westerner had ever been. This, of course, must be the Englishman. He was young, hardly over thirty, and handsome in a fleshy way.

"Mr. Herrick, this is my new hand I was tellin' you about," announced Hays, glibly. "Jim Wall, late of Wyoming. . . . Jim, meet the boss."

"How do you do, Mr. Wall," returned Herrick. "I understand you've had wide experience on ranches?"

"Yes, sir. I've been riding the range since I was a boy," replied Jim.

"Hays has suggested making you his foreman."

"That is satisfactory to me."

"You are better educated than these other men. It will be part of your duties to keep my books."

"I've tackled that job before."

"So I was tellin' the boys," interposed Hays.

"As I understand ranching," went on Herrick, "a foreman handles the riders. Now, as this ranching game is strange to me, I'm glad to have a foreman of experience. My idea was to hire some gunnen along with the cowboys. Hays' name was given me at Grand Junction as the hardest out in east-ern Utah. It got noised about, I presume, for other men with reputations calculated to intimidate thieves applied to me. I took on Heeseeman and his friends."

"But you really did not need to go to the expense—and risk, I might add—of hiring Heeseeman's outfit."

"Expense is no object. Risk, however—what do you mean by risk?"

"Between ourselves, I strongly suspect that Heeseeman is a rustler."

"By Jove! You don't say? This is ripping. Heeseeman said thet identical thing about Hays."

"Wal, Mr. Herrick, don't you worry none," interposed Hays, suavely. "Shore I don't take kind to what Heeseeman called me to your face, but I can overlook it for the present."

"You see, if Heeseeman is workin' for you he can't rustle as many cattle as if he wasn't.

Legal Publication Of Proposed Amendments To Texas' Constitution Be Voted Upon At General Election November 6th. 1934

"Sing What They Like"

Says Gladys Swarthout - Fame Heightens Her Ambition To Please All Listeners



An immense repertoire and amazing memory for songs have helped Gladys Swarthout to accomplish the thing she considers of greatest importance for a singer - to include light or popular numbers that are "dessert for the audience." When she reached peaks of world fame, attained by few American women, she was still as anxious to include songs in every program that everyone would enjoy. The Firestone summer series of Garden Concerts in which she appears each Monday, brings out in a delightful way her unusual ability to sing songs fitting to the occasion and the season. The program for Monday, August 13, with Miss Swarthout, the vocal ensemble and William Daly's orchestra at 8:30 P.M., E.D.S.T. over the N.B.C. Red Network, is as follows: "Oh Dry Those Tears" (ensemble); "Russian Lullaby" (orchestra); "Estrellita" (Gladys Swarthout); "Make Believe" (Margaret Speaks, soprano, and Fred Hufsmith, tenor); "With a Song in My Heart" (Margaret Speaks); "To Spring" (orchestra); "Oh Lovely Night" (Gladys Swarthout); "Pagan Love Song" (quartet).

RESOLUTION NO. 14

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: That there be added to the Constitution of Texas a new section numbered Section 2-A, which section shall read as follows: "Section 2. The Legislature shall have the power to create counties for the convenience of the people subject to the following provisions: First. In the territory of the State exterior to all counties now existing, no new counties shall be created with a less area than nine hundred square miles, in a square form, unless prevented by the preexisting boundary lines. Should the state lines render this impracticable in border counties, the area may be less. The territory referred to may, at any time, in whole or in part, be divided into counties in advance of population and attached, for judicial and land surveying purposes, to the most convenient organized county or counties. Second. Within the territory of any county or counties now existing, the Legislature may by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, create new counties, combine existing counties and parts of counties and abolish existing counties and change county boundaries as will, provided that no new county shall be created with an area less than nine hundred square miles nor shall any existing county be reduced in area so as to contain less than nine hundred square miles, unless such new county or such remaining county, and both shall have a population of not less than fifty thousand according to the last United States census prior to the date of the creation or change of such county. When any part of a county is stricken off and attached to, or created into another county, the part stricken off shall be holden for and obliged to pay its proportion of all liabilities then existing, of the county from which it was taken, in such manner as may be prescribed by law. Third. No part of any existing county shall be detached from it and attached to another existing county until the proposition for such change shall have been submitted in such a manner as may be provided by law, to a vote of the electors of both counties and shall have received a majority of those voting on the question in each." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the electors of this state qualified to vote on constitutional amendments at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1934, at which election each ballot shall have printed thereon the following words: "For the Amendment to Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." "Against the Amendment of Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 13

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 3 of Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 3. Taxes shall be levied and collected by general laws and for public purposes only; and the total amount of revenue which the State shall be authorized to collect during such biennium from taxes, licenses, permits and fees, (except fees paid by students to state educational institutions, and except rentals, bonuses and royalties obtained from public lands and other public property) shall not exceed a sum reasonably estimated to equal the product obtained by multiplying the number of inhabitants of this state by the sum of twenty-two and 50-100 (\$22.50) Dollars; provided, however, the total amount of such revenue which may be so collected, shall be reduced by the amount of any surplus funds or unexpended appropriations remaining at the close of the preceding biennium. The expenditures of the State government of funds derived from the sources above referred to shall ever exceed during any biennium a sum equal to the product obtained by multiplying the number of inhabitants of this state by the sum of Twenty-two and 50-100 (\$22.50) Dollars, provided, however, that the population of the State (in determining the amount of revenue which may be collected from taxes, licenses, permits and fee or expended from the revenue thus obtained) shall be determined by the then last preceding Federal census, to which population shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, for each year that has lapsed since the last preceding Federal census, the average yearly increase or decrease of the population as shown by Federal census when compared with the Federal census which immediately preceded said last Federal census. Provided, further, that in case of war, riots, or insurrection, or a state-wide calamity caused by earthquake, fire, flood or an epidemic which seriously threatens the health of the citizens of this state, the Legislature shall have authority, by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, to suspend for a definite period this constitutional limitation as to the amount of money which may be collected and expended during the biennium." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the electors of this state qualified to vote on constitutional amendments at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1934, at which election each ballot shall have printed thereon the following words: "For the Amendment to Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." "Against the Amendment of Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 21

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 1. The Legislature shall have the power to create counties for the convenience of the people subject to the following provisions: First. In the territory of the State exterior to all counties now existing, no new counties shall be created with a less area than nine hundred square miles, in a square form, unless prevented by the preexisting boundary lines. Should the state lines render this impracticable in border counties, the area may be less. The territory referred to may, at any time, in whole or in part, be divided into counties in advance of population and attached, for judicial and land surveying purposes, to the most convenient organized county or counties. Second. Within the territory of any county or counties now existing, the Legislature may by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, create new counties, combine existing counties and parts of counties and abolish existing counties and change county boundaries as will, provided that no new county shall be created with an area less than nine hundred square miles nor shall any existing county be reduced in area so as to contain less than nine hundred square miles, unless such new county or such remaining county, and both shall have a population of not less than fifty thousand according to the last United States census prior to the date of the creation or change of such county. When any part of a county is stricken off and attached to, or created into another county, the part stricken off shall be holden for and obliged to pay its proportion of all liabilities then existing, of the county from which it was taken, in such manner as may be prescribed by law. Third. No part of any existing county shall be detached from it and attached to another existing county until the proposition for such change shall have been submitted in such a manner as may be provided by law, to a vote of the electors of both counties and shall have received a majority of those voting on the question in each." Section 2. The foregoing amendment to the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934. At this election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed in that ballot the words: "For the Amendment to Section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of Texas, providing that the Legislature may by a two-thirds vote of both Houses create new counties and change the boundaries of existing counties." Those voters opposing said proposed amendment shall write, or have printed on their ballot the words: "Against the Amendment to Section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of Texas, providing that the Legislature may by a two-thirds vote of both Houses create new counties and change the boundaries of existing counties." A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 16

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 1 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: Section 1. TAXATION TO BE EQUAL AND UNIFORM AS TO REAL ESTATE AND TO BE EQUAL AND UNIFORM AS TO ALL REASONABLE CLASSIFICATIONS OF PROPERTY; AND OCCUPATION AND INCOME TAXES; EXEMPTIONS; LIMITATIONS UPON COUNTIES, CITIES, ETC. "Taxation of real property shall be equal and uniform. All property in this state, whether owned by natural persons or corporations, other than municipal, shall be taxed in proportion to its value, which shall be ascertained as may be provided by law. The Legislature may by general laws make reasonable classifications of all property other than real property for the purpose of taxation, and may impose different rates thereon; provided that the taxation of all property in any class shall be equal and uniform. The Legislature may impose a poll tax. It may also impose occupation taxes, both upon natural persons and upon corporations, other than municipal, doing business in this State. It may also tax incomes of both natural persons and corporations other than municipal, except that persons engaged in mechanical and agricultural pursuits shall never be required to pay an occupation tax; provided that Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars worth of household and kitchen furniture, belonging to each family in the state, shall be exempt from taxation, and provided further that the occupation tax levied by any county, city or town for any year on persons or corporations pursuing any profession or business, shall not exceed one-half of the tax levied by the state for the same period of such profession or business." Section 2. The foregoing amendment to the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this state at an election to be held throughout the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934. At this election, all voters favoring said amendment shall write, or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that taxation of real property shall be equal and uniform; and that all property in this state, other than that owned by municipal corporations, shall be taxed in proportion to its value as ascertained as may be provided by law; and providing that the Legislature may make reasonable classifications of all property, other than real property, for the purpose of taxation, and that the taxation of all property in any class shall be equal and uniform; and providing further that the Legislature may impose a poll tax and occupation tax and income tax and exempting from occupation tax persons engaged in mechanical and agricultural pursuits; and exempting from taxation Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars worth of household and kitchen furniture belonging to each family; and providing that the occupation tax levied by any county, city or town shall not exceed one-half that levied by the State for the same period." Those voters opposing said proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that taxation of real property shall be equal and uniform; and that all property in this state, other than that owned by municipal corporations shall be taxed in proportion to its value as ascertained as may be provided by law; and providing that the Legislature may make reasonable classifications of all property, other than real property, for the purpose of taxation, and that the taxation of all property in any class shall be equal and uniform; and providing further that the Legislature may impose a poll tax and occupation tax and income tax and exempting from occupation tax persons engaged in mechanical and agricultural pursuits; and exempting from taxation Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars worth of household and kitchen furniture belonging to each family; and providing that the occupation tax levied by any county, city or town shall not exceed one-half that levied by the State for the same period." A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 16

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 5 of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 5. Cities having more than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants may, by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said city, at an election held for that purpose, adopt or amend their charters, subjects to such limitations as may be prescribed by the Legislature, and providing that no charter or any ordinance passed under said charter shall contain any provision inconsistent with the Constitution of the State, or of the general laws enacted by the Legislature of this State, said cities may levy, assess and collect such taxes as may be authorized by law or by their charters; but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half per cent (2 1/2 per cent) of the taxable property of such city, and no debt shall ever be created by any city unless at the same time provisions be made to assess and collect annually a sufficient sum to pay the interest thereon and creating a sinking fund for at least two per cent (2 per cent) thereon; provided further, that no city charter shall be altered, amended or repealed oftener than every twelve (12) months." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934; at which election all voters favoring such proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months;" And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That the Constitution of the State of Texas, Article 16, be amended by adding thereto another Section, Section 61, which shall read as follows: "Section 61. All district officers in the State and all county officers in counties having a population of twenty thousand (20,000), or more, according to the then last preceding Federal census, shall hereafter be compensated on a salary basis. In all counties of this state the Commissioners' Court shall be authorized to determine whether precinct officers shall be compensated on a fee basis or a salary basis; and in counties having a population of less than twenty thousand (20,000) according to the then last preceding Federal census, the Commissioners' Court shall also have the authority to determine whether county officers shall be compensated on a fee basis or on a salary basis. All fees earned by district, county or precinct officers shall be paid into the County Treasury where earned, for the account of the proper fund, provided that fees incurred by the State, county and any municipality, or in case where pauper's oath is filed, shall be paid to the County Treasury, when collected, and provided that where any officer is compensated wholly on a fee basis, such fees may be retained by such officer, or paid into the Treasury of the county as the Commissioners' Court may direct. All notaries Public, County Surveyors and Public Weighers shall continue to be compensated on a fee basis." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified voters of this State and the next general election to be held on Tuesday, after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1934, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas adding Section 61 to Article XVI, abolishing the fee system of compensating all district officers and all county officers in counties having a population of twenty thousand (20,000) population or more; and authorizing the Commissioners' Court to determine whether County officers in counties containing less than twenty thousand (20,000) population shall be compensated on a fee basis or a salary basis; and authorizing the Commissioner's Court in all counties of this state to determine whether precinct officers shall be compensated on a fee or a salary basis." "Against the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas adding Section 61 to Article XVI, abolishing the fee system of compensating all district officers and all county officers in counties having a population of twenty thousand (20,000) or more and authorizing the Commissioners' Court to determine whether county officers in counties containing less than twenty thousand (20,000) population shall be compensated on a fee basis or a salary basis; and authorizing the Commissioner's Court in all counties of this state to determine whether precinct officers shall be compensated on a fee or a salary basis." Each voter shall scratch out with a pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 30, Article 16 of the Constitution of Texas be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 30. The duration of all offices not fixed by this Constitution shall never exceed two (2) years, except that the elected officials of a city that has adopted and amended its charter as provided in Section 5, Article XI of the Constitution of Texas may, by amendment to such city's charter, hold office not to exceed four (4) years; provided, that when a Railroad Commission is created by law, it shall be composed of three (3) Commissioners who shall be elected by the people at a general election for State officers, and their term of office shall be six (6) years; provided, Railroad Commissioners first elected after this amendment goes into effect shall hold office as follows: One shall serve two (2) years, and one four (4) years and one six (6) years; their terms to be decided by lot immediately after they shall have qualified. And one Railroad Commissioner shall be elected every two (2) years thereafter. In case of a vacancy in said office the Governor of the State shall fill said vacancy by appointment until the next general election." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State on the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballot the words: "For the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting Home Rule Cities to so amend their charters that the elected officials of such cities may hold office not to exceed four (4) years." And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting Home Rule Cities to so amend their charters that the elected officials of such cities may hold office not to exceed four (4) years." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 42

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 30, Article 16 of the Constitution of Texas be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 30. The duration of all offices not fixed by this Constitution shall never exceed two (2) years, except that the elected officials of a city that has adopted and amended its charter as provided in Section 5, Article XI of the Constitution of Texas may, by amendment to such city's charter, hold office not to exceed four (4) years; provided, that when a Railroad Commission is created by law, it shall be composed of three (3) Commissioners who shall be elected by the people at a general election for State officers, and their term of office shall be six (6) years; provided, Railroad Commissioners first elected after this amendment goes into effect shall hold office as follows: One shall serve two (2) years, and one four (4) years and one six (6) years; their terms to be decided by lot immediately after they shall have qualified. And one Railroad Commissioner shall be elected every two (2) years thereafter. In case of a vacancy in said office the Governor of the State shall fill said vacancy by appointment until the next general election." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State on the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballot the words: "For the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting Home Rule Cities to so amend their charters that the elected officials of such cities may hold office not to exceed four (4) years." And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting Home Rule Cities to so amend their charters that the elected officials of such cities may hold office not to exceed four (4) years." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 41

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: Section 1. That Section 5, Article XI, of the Constitution of Texas, be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 5. Cities having more than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants may, by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said city, at an election held for that purpose, adopt or amend their charters, subjects to such limitations as may be prescribed by the Legislature, and providing that no charter or any ordinance passed under said charter shall contain any provision inconsistent with the Constitution of the State, or of the general laws enacted by the Legislature of this State, said cities may levy, assess and collect such taxes as may be authorized by law or by their charters; but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half per cent (2 1/2 per cent) of the taxable property of such city, and no debt shall ever be created by any city unless at the same time provisions be made to assess and collect annually a sufficient sum to pay the interest thereon and creating a sinking fund for at least two per cent (2 per cent) thereon; provided further, that no city charter shall be altered, amended or repealed oftener than every twelve (12) months." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934; at which election all voters favoring such proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months;" And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

Legal Notice

NOTICE OF SALE BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. STATE OF TEXAS. COUNTY OF HANSFORD. Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an order of sale dated June 28, A. D. 1934, issued out of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas at Amarillo Texas, on a decree rendered by said Court on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1934, in favor of Hal Cooper, plaintiff, and against Karl B. Weber, in the case of Hal Cooper, Plaintiff vs. Karl B. Weber, and others, defendants, No. 334 in Equity in said Court, I did, on the 29th day of June, 1934, at Nine (9) o'clock A. M., levy upon the following described real estate situated in the County of Hansford, State of Texas, as the property of the said defendant, Karl B. Weber, to-wit: The North half (N 1-2) of Section No. One Hundred Eighty-Five (185), all of Section No. One Hundred Eighty-Six (186) and the South half (S 1-2) and Northeast quarter (NE 1-4) of Section No. One Hundred Eighty-Seven (187), all in Block Two (2), G. H. & H. R. Co. Survey, Hansford County, Texas. And on the first Tuesday in the month of September, A. D. 1934, the same being the 4th day of September, A. D. 1934, between the hours of Ten (10) o'clock a.m. and Four (4) o'clock p.m. on said day, at the front door of the Court House of said Hansford County, Texas, I will offer for sale and sell, at Public Auction for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said Karl B. Weber in and to said property. Said property to be sold under the foreclosure of a Deed of Trust lien fixed and created by a Deed of Trust dated April 17th, 1930, executed by Karl B. Weber and recorded in Volume 15, pages 283 to 285 of the Records of Real Estate Mortgages and Deeds of Trust of said Hansford County, Texas, and will be sold free, clear and discharged of all rights, titles, interests, claims and demands therein and thereto of each and all the defendants in said suit, to-wit: Karl B. Weber, Kate E. Weber, Loren K. Rogers, and her husband, James W. Rogers, Ervon (sometimes spelled Irvin) S. Weber, Leland S. Weber, Eugene S. Weber and Merlin S. Weber, being the former wife and children of the defendant, Karl B. Weber, J. P. Burgess and E. O. Northcutt. Dated at Amarillo, Texas, this 28th day of July A. D., 1934. J. R. WRIGHT, United States Marshal. For the Northern District of Texas. By W. F. Lampe, Deputy

City and county officers may, in addition to as such city and county employees, be re-elected to their offices for a second term, provided that the total number of terms to which they may be re-elected shall not exceed two (2) terms. The Legislature shall have authority to create counties for the convenience of the people subject to the following provisions: First. In the territory of the State exterior to all counties now existing, no new counties shall be created with a less area than nine hundred square miles, in a square form, unless prevented by the preexisting boundary lines. Should the state lines render this impracticable in border counties, the area may be less. The territory referred to may, at any time, in whole or in part, be divided into counties in advance of population and attached, for judicial and land surveying purposes, to the most convenient organized county or counties. Second. Within the territory of any county or counties now existing, the Legislature may by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, create new counties, combine existing counties and parts of counties and abolish existing counties and change county boundaries as will, provided that no new county shall be created with an area less than nine hundred square miles nor shall any existing county be reduced in area so as to contain less than nine hundred square miles, unless such new county or such remaining county, and both shall have a population of not less than fifty thousand according to the last United States census prior to the date of the creation or change of such county. When any part of a county is stricken off and attached to, or created into another county, the part stricken off shall be holden for and obliged to pay its proportion of all liabilities then existing, of the county from which it was taken, in such manner as may be prescribed by law. Third. No part of any existing county shall be detached from it and attached to another existing county until the proposition for such change shall have been submitted in such a manner as may be provided by law, to a vote of the electors of both counties and shall have received a majority of those voting on the question in each. Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the electors of this state qualified to vote on constitutional amendments at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1934, at which election each ballot shall have printed thereon the following words: "For the Amendment to Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." "Against the Amendment of Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

Section 1. That Section 3 of Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 3. Taxes shall be levied and collected by general laws and for public purposes only; and the total amount of revenue which the State shall be authorized to collect during such biennium from taxes, licenses, permits and fees, (except fees paid by students to state educational institutions, and except rentals, bonuses and royalties obtained from public lands and other public property) shall not exceed a sum reasonably estimated to equal the product obtained by multiplying the number of inhabitants of this state by the sum of twenty-two and 50-100 (\$22.50) Dollars; provided, however, the total amount of such revenue which may be so collected, shall be reduced by the amount of any surplus funds or unexpended appropriations remaining at the close of the preceding biennium. The expenditures of the State government of funds derived from the sources above referred to shall ever exceed during any biennium a sum equal to the product obtained by multiplying the number of inhabitants of this state by the sum of Twenty-two and 50-100 (\$22.50) Dollars, provided, however, that the population of the State (in determining the amount of revenue which may be collected from taxes, licenses, permits and fee or expended from the revenue thus obtained) shall be determined by the then last preceding Federal census, to which population shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, for each year that has lapsed since the last preceding Federal census, the average yearly increase or decrease of the population as shown by Federal census when compared with the Federal census which immediately preceded said last Federal census. Provided, further, that in case of war, riots, or insurrection, or a state-wide calamity caused by earthquake, fire, flood or an epidemic which seriously threatens the health of the citizens of this state, the Legislature shall have authority, by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, to suspend for a definite period this constitutional limitation as to the amount of money which may be collected and expended during the biennium." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the electors of this state qualified to vote on constitutional amendments at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1934, at which election each ballot shall have printed thereon the following words: "For the Amendment to Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." "Against the Amendment of Section 3 of Article VIII of the State Constitution providing for the levying and collection of taxes and fixing the maximum amount thereof which can be collected and expended each biennium." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

Section 1. That Section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 1. The Legislature shall have the power to create counties for the convenience of the people subject to the following provisions: First. In the territory of the State exterior to all counties now existing, no new counties shall be created with a less area than nine hundred square miles, in a square form, unless prevented by the preexisting boundary lines. Should the state lines render this impracticable in border counties, the area may be less. The territory referred to may, at any time, in whole or in part, be divided into counties in advance of population and attached, for judicial and land surveying purposes, to the most convenient organized county or counties. Second. Within the territory of any county or counties now existing, the Legislature may by a two-thirds vote of both Houses, create new counties, combine existing counties and parts of counties and abolish existing counties and change county boundaries as will, provided that no new county shall be created with an area less than nine hundred square miles nor shall any existing county be reduced in area so as to contain less than nine hundred square miles, unless such new county or such remaining county, and both shall have a population of not less than fifty thousand according to the last United States census prior to the date of the creation or change of such county. When any part of a county is stricken off and attached to, or created into another county, the part stricken off shall be holden for and obliged to pay its proportion of all liabilities then existing, of the county from which it was taken, in such manner as may be prescribed by law. Third. No part of any existing county shall be detached from it and attached to another existing county until the proposition for such change shall have been submitted in such a manner as may be provided by law, to a vote of the electors of both counties and shall have received a majority of those voting on the question in each." Section 2. The foregoing amendment to the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of this State at an election to be held throughout the state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934. At this election, all voters favoring said amendment shall write, or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that taxation of real property shall be equal and uniform; and that all property in this state, other than that owned by municipal corporations shall be taxed in proportion to its value as ascertained as may be provided by law; and providing that the Legislature may make reasonable classifications of all property, other than real property, for the purpose of taxation, and that the taxation of all property in any class shall be equal and uniform; and providing further that the Legislature may impose a poll tax and occupation tax and income tax and exempting from occupation tax persons engaged in mechanical and agricultural pursuits; and exempting from taxation Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars worth of household and kitchen furniture belonging to each family; and providing that the occupation tax levied by any county, city or town shall not exceed one-half that levied by the State for the same period." Those voters opposing said proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that taxation of real property shall be equal and uniform; and that all property in this state, other than that owned by municipal corporations shall be taxed in proportion to its value as ascertained as may be provided by law; and providing that the Legislature may make reasonable classifications of all property, other than real property, for the purpose of taxation, and that the taxation of all property in any class shall be equal and uniform; and providing further that the Legislature may impose a poll tax and occupation tax and income tax and exempting from occupation tax persons engaged in mechanical and agricultural pursuits; and exempting from taxation Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars worth of household and kitchen furniture belonging to each family; and providing that the occupation tax levied by any county, city or town shall not exceed one-half that levied by the State for the same period." A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

Section 1. That Section 5 of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 5. Cities having more than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants may, by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said city, at an election held for that purpose, adopt or amend their charters, subjects to such limitations as may be prescribed by the Legislature, and providing that no charter or any ordinance passed under said charter shall contain any provision inconsistent with the Constitution of the State, or of the general laws enacted by the Legislature of this State, said cities may levy, assess and collect such taxes as may be authorized by law or by their charters; but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half per cent (2 1/2 per cent) of the taxable property of such city, and no debt shall ever be created by any city unless at the same time provisions be made to assess and collect annually a sufficient sum to pay the interest thereon and creating a sinking fund for at least two per cent (2 per cent) thereon; provided further, that no city charter shall be altered, amended or repealed oftener than every twelve (12) months." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934; at which election all voters favoring such proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months;" And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

Section 1. That Section 30, Article 16 of the Constitution of Texas be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 30. The duration of all offices not fixed by this Constitution shall never exceed two (2) years, except that the elected officials of a city that has adopted and amended its charter as provided in Section 5, Article XI of the Constitution of Texas may, by amendment to such city's charter, hold office not to exceed four (4) years; provided, that when a Railroad Commission is created by law, it shall be composed of three (3) Commissioners who shall be elected by the people at a general election for State officers, and their term of office shall be six (6) years; provided, Railroad Commissioners first elected after this amendment goes into effect shall hold office as follows: One shall serve two (2) years, and one four (4) years and one six (6) years; their terms to be decided by lot immediately after they shall have qualified. And one Railroad Commissioner shall be elected every two (2) years thereafter. In case of a vacancy in said office the Governor of the State shall fill said vacancy by appointment until the next general election." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State on the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballot the words: "For the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting Home Rule Cities to so amend their charters that the elected officials of such cities may hold office not to exceed four (4) years." And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting Home Rule Cities to so amend their charters that the elected officials of such cities may hold office not to exceed four (4) years." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

Section 1. That Section 5, Article XI, of the Constitution of Texas, be amended so as to hereinafter read as follows: "Section 5. Cities having more than five thousand (5,000) inhabitants may, by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said city, at an election held for that purpose, adopt or amend their charters, subjects to such limitations as may be prescribed by the Legislature, and providing that no charter or any ordinance passed under said charter shall contain any provision inconsistent with the Constitution of the State, or of the general laws enacted by the Legislature of this State, said cities may levy, assess and collect such taxes as may be authorized by law or by their charters; but no tax for any purpose shall ever be lawful for any one year, which shall exceed two and one-half per cent (2 1/2 per cent) of the taxable property of such city, and no debt shall ever be created by any city unless at the same time provisions be made to assess and collect annually a sufficient sum to pay the interest thereon and creating a sinking fund for at least two per cent (2 per cent) thereon; provided further, that no city charter shall be altered, amended or repealed oftener than every twelve (12) months." Section 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1934; at which election all voters favoring such proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months;" And those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting any Home Rule City to alter, amend or repeal its charter every twelve (12) months." Each voter shall scratch out with pen or pencil the clause which he desires to vote against, so as to indicate whether he is voting for or against said proposed amendment. A true copy. W. W. HEATH, Secretary of State.

TRI-STATE FAIR EXHIBITS MOST ELABORATE EVER REGISTERED SAYS FAIR MANAGEMENT

Manufacture county and the surrounding territory will have many exhibits at the Tri-State Fair, September 15-22.

With this time of play and prizes, entertainment and education only a month away interest in the 1934 greater fair at Amarillo is increasing steadily.

Many inquiries are being made about the larger cash premiums, all guaranteed for payment in full, and more feature attractions, including daily horse races with legalized wagering.

Undaunted by depression and drought, the Tri-State Fair Association of which Wilbur C. Hawk is president, is making elaborate preparations for the largest exposition ever held.

Practically all plans have been completed for the attraction to which thousands from all sections of the Southwest flock each year. O. L. (Ted) Taylor, secretary-manager of the fair association, has received many requests for the 1934 catalogue, now ready for distribution.

With a \$30,000 building program nearing completion at the exposition grounds, the Tri-State Fair this year is not only offering premiums and more attractions, but is also adding departments in which farmers and stockmen may compete.

This year for the first time since 1931, the Tri-State Fair will have a Hereford department to which nearly \$5,000 in cash prizes has been guaranteed.

Of the beef cattle and Hereford exhibits appeared in the farm page of the Amarillo Sunday News-Globe, August 12.

Each county will be paid outright \$50 for its exhibit, the competitive system having been eliminated.

P. C. Bennett and J. D. Tinsley will be in charge of the agricultural and horticultural departments, where the county exhibits will be displayed.

H. A. Ferguson will be general superintendent of the dairy cattle exhibits.

Exceptionally liberal premiums will be paid in the swine department of which R. E. Prewitt of Canyon will be superintendent. D. H. Buchanan of College Station will judge swine on Tuesday, September 18 and Wednesday, September 19.

Vocational agriculture always a popular department, will be supervised by Frank R. Phillips of Canyon. C. Luker of Texas Tech will judge. The top prize in this department, which includes the student's dairy cattle judging contest is \$35.

J. F. Ford of Vega will have charge of the boys' and girls' agricultural clubs' exhibits. In this department the Tri-State Fair is offering 105 cash prizes, in some instances as high as \$15. Corn, grain sorghum, peanut and cotton club exhibits, the pig feeding contest and show and the dairy calf club are included.

Nearly 400 cash prizes are offered for domestic arts exhibits. Mrs. G. J. Nunn, superintendent, will close entries at 5 o'clock on the afternoon of September 14.

Miss Mary Sitton will be superintendent of the home demonstration club and have the assistance of Miss Bessie Sikes, Panhandle; Miss Ruby Adams, Pampa; Miss Sadie Kate Bass, Canyon. Miss Viola Jones, Wheeler.

The full premium list of the domestic science department appeared in The Amarillo Sunday News-Globe August 12. Mrs. Howard Trigg is superintendent. More than 325 cash prizes are offered. Professionals are barred.

Monday September 17, is school day at the Tri-State Fair. W. A. McIntosh, superintendent of Amarillo Schools will head the school department with Charles M. Rogers, Miss Annie L. McDonald and Carl G. Clift, recently elected superintendent of public instruction for Potter county, in charge.

Mr. Clift also will be director of the rural school division. Home grown flowers for which 107 prizes ranging as high as \$2 will be paid, will be exhibited under the supervision of Mrs. P. J. Woodridge.

All other departments also will be under expert supervision.

Distinguished Trio Brought Together In "Vergie Winters"

Ann Harding, the star, John Boles, the leading man, and Helen Vinson, the "other woman" of RKO-Radio Pictures, "The Life of Vergie Winters," have one most unusual accomplishment in common.

They all made their acting debuts in leading roles, and they never have played anything but starring or featured parts on the stage or screen.

Miss Harding got her start with the Provincetown Players, a little theatre group. She applied for an atmosphere bit and was given the lead in her first play. From that beginning she progressed rapidly to Broadway and film stardom.

At Lyric Theatre Tuesday and Wednesday August 21-22. Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Beck and their daughter, Miss Anna Beck, who is visiting them from Wichita, Kansas, were business visitors in Spearman this week from the Kimball community.

"Red" Beeson Hurt In Auto Accident

Red Beeson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Beeson, was slightly injured Monday night of this week when the car he was driving hit the wing of a concrete culvert about six miles East of Spearman. The car completely turned over and when it stopped it was headed in the opposite direction. Mr. Beeson was thrown clear from the car as it turned over and suffered a bruised hip and a cut lip.

He said he was having trouble with the lights on the car and they flickered out just before he came to the culvert, causing him to hit it.



Wm. McCraw

Candidate For Attorney General

William McCraw has led a colorful life. At 17 years he was a red headed "printer's devil" who studied eagerly from a law book between the errands he ran for printing pressmen. Twenty years later he had become one of the state's most successful lawyers and a candidate for Attorney General. "Bill" McCraw was once a newsboy, calling his papers on the downtown streets, as a young man, he was a World War machine gun lieutenant in France. McCraw was born in Arlington, Texas. His parents moved to Dallas when he was a small child; his education was secured in the public schools. Studying after school and at nights while a printing pressman's apprentice McCraw passed the State bar examination in 1915, and at 19 years of age became one of the youngest lawyers ever to practice in Texas.

In 1926, McCraw was first elected District Attorney of Dallas County, and by successive re-elections became the only man to serve three terms in that office. During his public service he established a notable record as a civil lawyer and a vigorous prosecutor. He gained national recognition by his able defense of his county in large cases and the recovery of large sums of money from bonding companies following the famous county audit of 1931-32. After completion of his third term as District Attorney, McCraw retired to enter the private practice of civil law.

As District Attorney McCraw secured more 99-year sentences against criminals than any District Attorney in the United States.

McCraw served three terms as president of the District and County Attorneys' Association and was active in forming the association's legislative program for dealing speedy punishment to criminals. He has always been a Democrat, voting the ticket straight, and is known as a liberal in his party.

He is married and lives in a modest home near Dallas. —Dallas Times Herald.

Mr. and Mrs. Burl Brockus and family and Miss Gertrude Howerton left early this morning (Thursday) for the World's Fair at Chicago. They expect to spend two weeks on the trip.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McGarry and family from Overton, Texas, are visiting this week with Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Todd. Mr. and Mrs. McGarry are the parents of Mrs. Todd, and they stopped in Spearman en route from Denver, Colorado to their home at Overton. Mr. McGarry, who is division superintendent for the Huber Oil Company carried a baseball team to Denver to compete in the Denver baseball tournament. The Huber team won third place in the tournament drawing one thousand dollars for competing the contest.

Charles Chambers returned from Temple, Texas Sunday. He reports that Mrs. Chambers is doing nicely following an operation. Mrs. Hancock remained in Temple to be with Mrs. Chambers.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Campfield and family returned Tuesday from a trip to Chicago, and a visit with Mr. Campfield's family in Kansas.

R. E. Lee came back to Spearman late Monday evening from Amarillo. Mrs. Lee is improving rapidly from a serious operation performed last Thursday morning.

Fifteenth Birthday Program To Be Held Wednesday Aug. 22

Perryton, August 15.—The Perryton Chamber of Commerce extends a cordial invitation to the people of Spearman and the readers of the Reporter to attend this city's annual free celebration on Wednesday, August 22, in observance of Perryton's fifteenth birthday.

Starting with the races and contests for the boys and girls in the morning and lasting until the big fireworks display in the evening, the entire day will be crowded with entertainment events provided for the visitors and they are all free.

During the afternoon will be held a "home spun" rodeo, flying circus and a good baseball game between Phillips 66, Borger, and Perryton. The evening program will offer twenty rounds of boxing in two main event bouts of ten rounds each between Earl Madden, Spearman, and Everett "Wildcat" Bales, Waynoka, Oklahoma, with Dick Hedgpeh, Waka, matched against Joe Vernon, Pampa. Following this will be held the fireworks display to close the free celebration.

Two celebration dances will be held, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, these attractions being the only ones on the program at which a charge is made.

ALLRED GIVEN OVATION WHEN VISITS AMARILLO

Amarillo, Texas, Aug. 14.—The largest political gathering in the history of Amarillo greeted Attorney General James V. Allred Monday, when he fought his run-off campaign to the Panhandle, from every county of the Panhandle was conservatively estimated at 5,000 people.

Relief, he declared, would be given his first attention upon entering the governor's office. "Delegations from the Panhandle will be welcomed to the state capitol," Allred shouted.

He was introduced by Judge H. E. Hoover of Canadian, who supported Senator Clint Small of Amarillo in the first primary. Riley Strickland, Amarillo Attorney, who presided as chairman of the rally, attacked what he termed a Hunter-Ferguson combination, to gain complete political control of Texas.

Mrs. Allred who was on the platform beside her husband was given a big ovation when introduced by Major E. A. Simpson.

Jimmy Allred centered his attack upon Hunter's tax platform for abolishing ad valorem levies and substituting a "blended" tax. He charged that Hunter's proposal was, in reality was "more tax than blend," and that Hunter was actually proposing a sales tax to burden the masses, while abolishing the ad valorem tax to escape taxation on "his own palatial home in Wichita Falls and his many oil wells." The Attorney General then exhibited a letter from Hunter to him in which he said Hunter expressed favor toward a sales tax.

"Hunter rendered his home for tax purposes at \$15,000 which is less than one-third of its value," he said. "I assert that he is personally interested in more than 70 oil wells and that they are conservatively valued at more than \$1,500,000.00.

Instead of helping the little man whose home already has \$3,000 state tax exemption, the abolition of the state ad valorem tax would prove a boon to the big oil companies, the big loan, sulphur and utility companies."

Allred then outlined his own program for placing two-thirds of the wealth now escaping taxation on the tax books.

Labor, he said was assured of his support and always has been. He declared himself in favor of old age pensions and unemployment insurance.

Economic security aided by recovery and rehabilitation, is our great need, he said.

Allred dealt decisive blows at Jake Wolters, Texas Company attorney, T. H. McGregor, attorney for the Humble Oil Company, and Charles I. Frances, American Petroleum Institute representative, whom he said was actively supporting Mr. Hunter.

More than 100 prominent citizens from 26 Panhandle counties sat on the platform built at 8th and Polk streets. Two bands, one from Panhandle leading a motored of 50 automobiles furnished entertainment for the huge Panhandle-wide rally.

Mrs. C. J. Wilson has been visiting her sister, Mrs. R. L. McClellan. Mrs. Wilson resides in Waynoka, Oklahoma.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Foote spent the week end in Hooker, Oklahoma. They were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Foote.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Miller spent the week end in Pampa visiting Mr. and Mrs. Homer Hulme.

Miss Lorene Evans is reported recovering from a tonsil operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Selz of Pilot Point, Texas left last Friday, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Foote spent Friday in Amarillo, taking with them Bob and Nancy Lee.

REV. LOFTIN WILL PREACH AT BLODGETT SUNDAY

Rev. A. F. Loftin, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Spearman will preach Sunday afternoon at the Blodgett school house. Services will begin promptly at 3 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Lee returned from Amarillo Sunday after having been called there by the serious condition of Mrs. R. E. Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Whitson, Craig and Anna Carol Davidson, left Wednesday for a two weeks trip through Yellowstone National Park and on to Salt Lake City.

Two Passengers Wanted

Round trip to Chicago, for \$15. by automobile. Leaving Saturday morning.

Inquire At Reporter

Miss Helen Easterwood of Guyton, Oklahoma is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Oran Kelly. Miss Easterwood is recovering from a broken collar bone as the result of being thrown from a horse.

Mrs. Jess Womble is home from a visit in Shamrock with her mother.

A. J. Curtis and Paul Robinson have returned from a short trip up north.

Mrs. Black left Wednesday for a visit with her mother.

Mrs. Oran Kelly and children spent Sunday in Guyton, visiting her mother and father Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Deakin.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Hazelwood and Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Smith have returned from a trip spent in Colorado.

Mr. and Mrs. Delon Kirk and Martha Delon motored to Amarillo Sunday to take Miss Frances McKinley to catch the train for her home in Sudan, Texas.

Mrs. Dan Shrader and Mrs. Roy Shrader were business visitors in Spearman Friday.

Mrs. F. J. Daily and daughters are spending a few days in Guyton, Oklahoma.

Mr. and Mrs. Slim Windom were business visitors in Amarillo Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hunt of Lubbock, Mrs. Hazel Pearson of Canyon, Miss Margaret Turner of Lubbock were visitors in the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. S. McClellan for several days prior to departing for their respective homes on Tuesday.

Miss Frances McKinley of Sudan, Texas was honor guest Saturday evening at the home of Miss Martha Delon Kirk. Games were played at tables in the yard. Delicious refreshments were served to the following guests: Misses Louise Linn, Dixie Ruth Buchner, Frances McKinley and Carl Archer, Perrin Lyon, Jack Hatch, Floyd Sheets, Chester Jones and Edwin Reed.

Bob Thom of Wichita, Kansas, was attending to business matters in Spearman over the week end.

Mrs. Loyd Allen and daughters Lois and Edith have returned home after a few weeks visit with Mrs. Allen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Norman at Arlington, Kansas.

Mrs. D. W. Hazelwood and family and Mrs. Lucien White returned Sunday after visiting several days with friends and relatives in Texhoma and places in Kansas.

Miss Sibyl Graham of McLain has been visiting Miss Lois Bailey. Miss Graham and Miss Bailey have been room mates for two years while attending Texas Tech.

Mrs. J. B. Perry and son Howard have gone to St. Louis, Missouri to visit friends and relatives.

Phillips 66 Gas and Oil Washing and Greasing Cars and Trucks Money Back Guarantee SLIM WINDOW Phone 66

WANTED

to exchange painting or paperhanging for house rent, room rent or used furniture. Call at Mrs. J. B. Tower

EARLY man's only method of keeping track of the hours of the day was by watching the movement of a shadow from the post as it moved across an arched line on the ground.

THE French grape grower learned years ago that the way to keep grapes fresh in storage was to put the stem of each bunch in a

Fireflies Have Perfect Lighting System of Own

Lightning bugs, glowworms and fireflies, as these insects are called, have a perfect lighting system which science has not been able to equal, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. The light, which these insects carry and intermittently flash during summer nights, is not due to phosphorus, as is commonly supposed, because it glows in the dark with a green light.

The light is produced by two secretions, on which the introduction of oxygen has the effect of combustion. Strictly speaking, the firefly is not a fly at all; neither is it a worm. It belongs to the beetle group of insects.

The appellation "glowworm" is due to the fact that the female of this species is wingless, and bears a striking resemblance to a worm, as does the insect in the larva stage. Not only is the adult, particularly the female, light producing; even in the egg, larva and pupa stages this organism gives off a pale phosphorescent glow.

Examined under magnifying glass, the lantern mechanism of the firefly appears on the last three segments of the abdomen. The microscope discloses further that this photogenic organ is made up of a ventral mass of large cells where the luminescence originates, and directly behind it is another layer of small cells which acts as the reflector. Two large tracheal trunks or air tubes pass into the light organ and branch out into every cell. These tubes give an abundant supply of oxygen to the photogenic cells. Paralleling the air tubes is a system of white, threadlike branches which are the nerves controlling luminescence.

Londonderry Retains All Charm of Its Many Years

With all its modern business, Londonderry retains all the charm of its hundreds of years. Locally it is known as Derry, having been named for the "Queen of Erin's daughter, fair Daire." The prefix was added when James I granted the lands about Derry to the city of London, says the Chicago Daily News.

The indignant Irish pledged themselves to inclose Derry within walls to preserve its freedom and Irish individuality. The ancient walls still stand, girdling the middle of the hill on which the city is built, though Londonderry itself has long since spread beyond their confinement. The wide walls are more than a mile in circumference, but have only seven gates, so that one must make quite a jaunt to find a passageway through them.

Londonderry is the site of the abbey founded by Columba, one of Ireland's greatest saints. In the distance, on another high hill, looms the ancient stronghold of the lords of Tyrone, which both St. Columba and St. Patrick are said to have visited. Here, too, the massive stone wall still stands though the old castle has disappeared.

Mount McKinley Park

Mount McKinley park lies in the south central portion of Alaska and offers everything from a vast wilderness, with ice-capped peaks and grinding glaciers to spruce-covered valleys dotted by countless lakes. The glaciers in the park are many. Silent rivers of solid ice, miles in length, creep and gnaw their way out of mountain retreats that have never heard the footsteps of man. Some of these glaciers, many of them unnamed—contain more ice than all the glaciers of Switzerland. All of the largest northward flowing glaciers of the Alaskan range rise on the slopes of Mount McKinley and Mount Foraker. The largest are the Herron, having its source in the fields of Mount Foraker; the Peters, which encircles the northwest end of Mount McKinley, and the Millard, whose front is about 15 miles northeast of Mount McKinley, and whose source is in the unsurveyed heart of the range.

Gift to Lafayette

In recognition of General Lafayette's services during the Revolution, congress, by act of December 28, 1824, granted him \$200,000 and one complete township of land, to be located "in any of the unappropriated lands of the United States." The selection was made in what was then known as West Florida and embraced 23,028.50 acres covering part of the present city of Tallahassee. Lafayette never saw this Florida land. An attempt was made to colonize it by French settlers under Count LaPorte, but the scheme failed. A few years later Lafayette sent out his nephew, Charles Murat, to colonize it, but this attempt also failed. Lafayette made no further use of the land, and after his death, it was sold by his heirs and is now owned by numerous individuals.

Size of the Brain

It would be difficult to prove that the size of the average brain has increased to any great extent during the centuries. Examination of the skulls of persons who died centuries ago does not indicate any particular change in size. However, various authorities claim that weight of brain has no direct relationship with intelligence. Exceptionally large brains have been found both in great geniuses and in imbeciles. Intellectual capacity is said to depend on the great multiplicity of nerve cell connections rather than on weight or size of brain. In any comparison of this kind the value of the accumulated knowledge of the ages should be taken into account.

Potassium Is Chemical That Is Used Many Ways

Potash used as fertilizer is called potassium chloride and potassium sulphate. In various other forms it is a commodity has many important uses. Milady's furs are dressed with potassium aluminum sulphate and it purifies the water she drinks. The colored design on grandma's calico dress was printed with the use of potassium bichromate which also is extensively used by photographers, tanners and blue-print paper manufacturers.

Every drug store, says a National Geographic society bulletin, contains a jar of potassium bromide for medicinal use. Glass and soft soap manufacturers employ potassium carbonate, while potassium chlorate is essential in the manufacture of firecrackers and rockets, photographers' flashlight powder and some paints and toothpastes.

Gold is extracted from ore with potassium cyanide. Potassium hydroxide is extensively used in soap, disinfectant and grease-making. The pink color of canned corned beef is caused by potassium nitrate, better known as saltpeter, which is a preservative and also is used in the manufacture of black blasting powder, strapping shell fuses and smokeless powder charge.

Potassium acetate and potassium permanganate are bleachers and dyes. The latter also finds its way into medical preparations, is a strong dye, and is used in the manufacture of saccharine. Potassium tartrate is the chief constituent of cream of tartar. Baking powder manufacturers use about 90 per cent of the supply. In the chemical laboratory the uses of potash are legion.

Tadpole Lives Like Fish, Then Develops Into Frog

The frog begins life as a tiny black speck of an egg surrounded by an albuminous coat. This coat swells enormously when exposed to water and serves to protect the delicate egg within. After many weeks the egg hatches into a tiny wriggler with a very long and visible intestine and a long tail. This tadpole lives as a fish, "breathing" in the water through its gills.

After many weeks of feeding upon the algae in the pond, the tadpole undergoes transformation into a frog. Its long tail is absorbed completely, and its intestines shrink to one-fourth of the original length. Since it now subsists upon an animal diet, it has no need for such a lengthy digestive apparatus for this highly nutritious food. As a vegetarian in its youth, it required huge quantities of algae to derive the nourishment necessary for growth, hence the long intestine.

The young frog sprouts legs slowly, and loses its gills which are replaced by a pair of lungs, making the frog an air breather. In breathing, the frog must swallow its air, very much as it swallows its food. A dislocated or broken jaw in a frog would be a serious if not fatal matter. The moist thin skin also serves as an organ of respiration in the frog.

Birds Found on Many Stamps

Birds have been incorporated in many issues of Japanese postage stamps. On that of 1875, are found the wild goose, the wagtail and the falcon, each significant in the country's folklore. The wild goose is emblematic of letter-carrying, for, according to the story, an ambassador of one of China's early emperors was detained by a foreign monarch and reduced to slavery. The unhappy ambassador attached a letter telling of his plight to the leg of a wild goose and in some miraculous manner the goose flew over the spot where the emperor was hunting. The emperor killed the goose, read the letter and soon got his ambassador back, appropriately punishing the offending monarch. The wagtail is the Japanese equivalent of the serpent in our story of Adam and Eve. For anniversaries and coronations the crane and the phoenix are popular subjects, the former as a symbol of longevity from its reputed life of a thousand years and the latter, borrowed incidentally from the Egyptians, as a symbol of immortality, from its legendary ability to rise anew from its funeral pyre.

Habits of the Cuckoo

After she has laid her eggs the female cuckoo watches carefully, and if they are destroyed she finds other nests and lays a second clutch. She is not entirely forgetful about the youngsters. When they arrive in the various nests, the first thing they do is to eject all the other occupants. It is a wonderful struggle to see, with the young cuckoo always the victor, and when each nest contains one hungry youngster, the real mother watches over them, although she never attempts to give them food. Incubation of the eggs, and the feeding of the young, is left to the foster parents. Soon after the young appear, the cuckoo and her mate fly south to their African home.

"Charlie Horse"

This slang term "Charley horse" is limited to the United States, and denotes the stiffening of the muscles of arm or leg from excessive use, as by an athlete. The term was first applied to a horse afflicted with a form of muscular atrophy known asweeney, according to the Literary Digest. Although the stiffening occurs most frequently among baseball players, it may be experienced by anyone, especially by one engaged in strenuous exercise. Movement of the injured part is generally attended by severe pain.

Weeks Prove Efficient Many European Nations

THIS WEEK IN WASHINGTON

BANDITS—and boys
In my boyhood the most glamorous figure in boyland was Jesse James, the Missouri bandit. His exploits in robbing banks and holding up railroad trains were celebrated in song and story and when Bob Ford shot him most American boys felt that a hero of romance was dead. Years later I got to know his brother, Frank James, who was a partner in many of his escapades. He said there had never been a minute of his life that he had not bitterly regretted his youthful sins, and he deplored especially the bad effect the example of himself and his brother had upon impressionable youth.

I see signs that something of the same sort of wrong-headed but quite understandable hero-worship may preserve the memory of John Dillinger. Boys are still boys. They admire courage and daredevilry, without moralizing much about the object or the motives of the men they consider brave. I do not think modern boys are any worse than boys were in my youth or more easily influenced.

It is human nature to regard the outlaw with admiration. He had the courage to defy authority, and every boy in his secret heart wishes he had nerve to cut loose from the restraints which parental and school discipline impose upon him. That, I think, is the secret of the continuing popularity of the story of Robin Hood, the bandit of Sherwood Forest, who after five hundred years is still glamorous figure of romance.

DEMAGOGUES—in politics.
The success of so many irresponsible demagogues in politics is rooted in the same trait of human nature as admiration for the outlaw. Folk who don't or can't think very deeply or reason things out for themselves, admire the man who shouts the loudest defiance to the existing order of things and makes the most glittering promises of what he is going to do for the common people if he is elected.

That type of mind contributes to the conservatism of the well balanced to timidity or to their having been bought by the interests. It makes little difference to many folk whether their popular hero ever delivers what he has promised.

It is essential for him to keep on hollering, however. Once he shuts his mouth his followers turn to some other fellow who will tell them what they want to hear.

POLITICS—in our system
I look for little improvement in politics under our present system, which makes it incumbent upon leaders to go to the people for re-election every two or four years and keeps them in office for a stated term, no matter how incompetent or irresponsible they may turn out to be.

There is a great deal to be said for the parliamentary system of government in England, in which no man holds any important office having to do with the shaping of policies for any longer than he has the confidence of the nation, represented in the House of Commons.

I don't imagine we will ever change our system so radically as to follow the English method, but I do know that many people are beginning to recognize the faults inherent in our way of doing things, and I look for a gradual elimination of some of the worst of them.

WISDOM—then and now
I was re-reading some of Benjamin Franklin's letters the other day. I was especially impressed by one that he wrote to an Englishman who had asked him about opportunities in America back in 1875. Among other things he warned people against coming to America in the expectation of getting a chance at a lucrative public office.

The constitution of Pennsylvania, Franklin pointed out as typical of the whole, provided that no public office should have a salary or stipend attached to it large enough to make anyone want the job for the sake of the money reward! How differently public affairs are run today.

I have an idea that one way to cure a lot of evils of politics would be to cut off all official salaries to the point where anyone competent to fill them could make so much more money doing something else that he would have to be dragged into taking the office.

SERVICE—incentive lacking
Public service as a career rather than as a means of putting money into one's pocket has not appealed strongly to the great mass of American young men. The national standard of success has been measured in dollars instead of in the social value of the individual's life.

Classified Ads

Classified Ads 2c per word first insertion, and 1c per word per issue thereafter. Spearman Reporter, Phone No. 10

YOU CAN'T GO WRONG WHEAT FARMER
when you use a Case Tractor to prepare your wheat land and a Dempster Grain Drill to drill in the grain. Both for sale at R. L. McCLELLAN GRAIN CO.

BIG BARGAIN IN ELECTRIC REFRIGERATORS
Due to the fact that we do not want to carry over a large Gibson Electric Refrigerator we will make attractive price to buyer.
MAIN FURNITURE CO.

PAINT UP BEFORE WINTER
The heat of the summer months and the cold of the winter months play havoc with the finish inside and outside of your home. We are making attractive prices on all kinds of paint. Call
FOXWORTH - GALBRAITH CO.

GENUINE ELECTROLUX
The Electrolux gas refrigeration is the quickest and most economical. See us about a new one. Terms allowed.—Panhandle Gas & Electric Company.

SUITS CLEANED AND PRESSED
We clean, press and deliver a suit of clothes for 75c. Other work in the same ratio to these charges. Phone us and we will come for your work and deliver it at your door.

CAMPBELL TAILOR SHOP
Phone 113

ALFALFA BALES
Sweet dairy feed, wheat and barley chop, chick grain mixture, alfalfa leaf meal, mill feeds, oil meal, seed treating supplies, egg mash, growing mash, tankage, stock salt, and good sootless range coal.

PORTER ELEVATOR. HOT WEATHER GROceries
The very best the market affords—fresh groceries, fresh fruit and fruit for canning. See us for your canning supplies.
BURRAN BROS. GROCERY

WHERE PRICE AND QUALITY MEET
When you trade with us you may know that you are getting the finest grade of food stuffs that money will buy. We always insist on first quality merchandise, even if we have to pay more.
NEW SYSTEM GRO. & MKT.

YOUR REPAIR WORK
on your car will be done by expert mechanics at the McClellan Chevrolet Company. Four men employed to handle your work efficiently and promptly.
McCLELLAN CHEVROLET CO.

GOOD GULF SERVICE
Just the kind you appreciate in hot weather. If you plan a trip this summer make arrangements to get Gulf Courtesy Cards. Avoid embarrassment if your funds run low.

GULF SERVICE STATION
Chas. Chambers Agent

LAUNDRY WANTED
Will wash a family washing for 20c per dozen. Piece work: shirts 10c; Coveralls, 20c; Overalls or pants 15c; and underwear, 10c. Will take anyone come and wash on the machine for 35c per hour. First house South of Legion Hall. Mrs. G. S. Rook.

IT DOES NOT COST ANY MORE
to secure the best Conoco products to operate your tractor than it does to get inferior grades of gas and lubricants. You buy the best for your car... why not for your tractor?
CONTINENTAL WHOLESALE
Alvino Richardson, Agent

BUYERS FOR WHEAT LAND
We have buyers for Hansford county wheat land. If your land is for sale see or write us. Been in Hansford county 31 years.
McNABB LAND COMPANY
Phone 132 Spearman, Texas

SEE US FOR
Your Radio and Radio Needs. Philco radio's, most any kind of radio replacement parts and tubular replacement parts and tubular replacement parts for cars and tractors.
McQUAY NORRIS
DELON KIRK BATTERY SHOP

NEED A NEW TRACTOR FOR PLOWING?
We Have the Answer
CASE TRACTOR
An Economical Power Farming Unit.

Something new and we now sell children insurance policies, 20 year pay, with premium waver for the father. This simply means that if the father is totally disabled or dies the policy is a paid up policy. May be purchased in denominations at little more than \$10 annual premium.
E. K. SNIDER

GAS AND OIL FOR
your tractor plowing, spark plugs and automobile accessories for your truck and passenger cars at
CONSUMERS SALES COMPANY
The best of service and quality merchandise.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I have been selected authorized agent in Spearman for Singer Sewing Machines. I keep a liberal supply of replacement parts and repairs on hand at all times. Phone 184 for your needs or for your needs or a demonstration of the Singer Machine.—Mrs. Oran Kelly.

BIG CREAMY MALTED MILKS
Only 15c at Sparks Confectionery. We serve you with any need in cold drinks, cigars, tobacco, drugs and drug sundries.
SPARKS CONFECTIONERY

See The New Tri-Shelvardor Electric refrigerator at the Spearman Hardware. Sold under our personal guarantee. We are headquarters for Mc Cormick-Deering power farming equipment.
SPEARMAN HARDWARE

PHILLIPS PRODUCTS
The old bus and tractor too will start with a flash if you are using Phillips "60" gasoline. We deliver. Phone 66. W. M. GLOVER.

AFTER HARVEST TIRE SALE
Now that you have completed the harvest rush and wheat is selling for 87c per bushel, let us tire up your car with Federals, the guaranteed tire, at money saving prices.

ALLEN TIRE SHOP

REMEMBER WHAT YOU SAID YOU WOULD BUY WHEN WHEAT GOT TO SELLING FOR SIX BITS?
The market is now 87c. We have just the John Deere Tractor or Van Brundt grain drill that you want. Come get it.
WOMBLE HARDWARE CO.

NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that bids will be received on or before August 18th, 1934, by the School Board of the Spearman Independent School District for the operation of school buses for 1934 and 1935 school term. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
Bids are to be filed with S. E. Gillispie at school building. 3812c
Homer Allen, Pres.

Professional's

Old Line Legal Reserve
ERNEST D. ARCHER
Representative For
Trinity Life Insurance Company
Fort Worth, Texas
Spearman Texas

NEWLY SHINED SHOES
Will Help Your Appearance
Plain Shoes Shined 10c
Two-Tone Shoes 20c
White Shoes 25c
DICK VERNON
at Hays Barber Shop

DR. J. P. POWELL
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
SPECIALIST
Glasses Fitted, Tonsils and Adenoids Removed.
n Spearman, Wednesday, Aug 22.
Office Dr. J. E. Gower

DR. E. R. JARVIS
DENTIST
Stump and Rogers Bldg.
PERRYTON, TEXAS
Phone:—Res. 72; Office 48

DR. F. J. DAILY
DENTIST
X-RAY
McLain Building Phone 156
SPEARMAN, TEXAS

SPEARMAN-AMARILLO
FRED M. MIZAR
Truck Line
SPEARMAN PHONE 112
AMARILLO PHONE 24277

C. H. Dunlap
Registered Optometrist
Have Your Eyes Tested
106 E. 5th. St. Borger, Texas

RADIO TUBES, TESTED FREE
We have installed equipment to test radio tubes. Bring in your tubes and let us replace the ones that are damaged or weak. It's time to prepare for winter radio reception. Let us help you make it the best.
SPEARMAN DRUG STORE

CARS WASHED AND GREASED
Just phone "66" for as fine a wash and grease job as you can get in Spearman. We will come after your car and deliver the car when completed. Ask anyone who has tried our service... they will tell you to try "Slim" Window at Phillips 66 Station.

FANCY-STAPLE GROCERIES
We are ready to sell you our fancy and staple groceries, next door to the Pekoe Cafe. Our prices are always reasonable.
SPEARMAN CASH GROCERY
W. Tackitt, Owner.

For A Change
BRING YOUR WIFE OR SWEETHEART TO
BURL'S
FOR A DELICIOUS MEAL
FINE FOODS SERVED WELL
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
J. E. GOWER, M. D.
Room 205
McLain Building
Phones: Residence, 93; Office 33

SHOE SHINE
"The Best To Be Had"
Regular Shine 10c
White Shoes 15c
Two-tone 20c
Dyed Shoes 25c
SHINE HAINES
at Clarke's Barber Shop

HENRIETTA HANSON GENTRY
INSTRUCTOR OF VIOLIN HARMONY THEORY
Phone 200
MONDAY THURSDAY

GLASS FOR ALL CARS
Cut to factory specifications and patterns.
Workmanship and fit guaranteed.
Where your dollar will do its duty.
DALEY GLASS SHOP
Perryton, Texas
TO PROPERTY OWNERS
Please pay your city taxes now so that the city may pay its delinquent interest.
D. W. Holland, Tax Collector.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Spearman Reporter is authorized to announce the following candidates, subject to the action of the Democratic Primaries.

For Representative Legislative District No. 124

B. L. ROGERS (Farnsworth)
re-election

For District Attorney:
W. L. McCONNELL

For Sheriff and Tax Collector:
H. L. WILBANKS
re-election

For County Judge:
J. H. BROADHURST
re-election

For County and District Clerk:
J. E. WOMBLE
re-election
FRED HOSKINS

For County Treasurer:
MRS. S. E. HARBISON
re-election

BARNEY SPARKS
For Commissioner, Precinct 1:
F. W. MAIZE

Dr. Powell eye, ear, nose and throat specialist will be at Dr. Gowers office Wednesday August 22nd. Glasses fitted, tonsils and adenoids removed.
J. P. Powell, M. D.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. James and family are here from Pendleton, Texas visiting with friends. Mr. and Mrs. James are former residents of Spearman.

PEKOE SANDWICH

The only sandwich of its kind and the only place in America where it may be bought is at the Pekoe Cafe. Try one for 15c. You'll like them.

PEKOE CAFE
Good-Wallace, Props.

PRESSURE GREASE EQUIPMENT

It is impossible to give a thorough grease job without pressure grease equipment. We have modern greasing equipment to do the work with. Let us do your washing too.
MAGNOLIA SERVICE STATION
Hancock & Jenkins, Props.

LAUNDRY WORK

We have established a laundry in the Tice Building and are in a position to meet all competition in the matter of quality work. Work done by piece and by pound.
MARETA MARTIN

Guy Lombardo Tunes Feature Giddy Comedy

The first motion picture to feature Guy Lombardo and his Royal Canadians opens Sunday and Monday August 19-20 at the Lyric Theatre, and will prove to be an excitingly entertaining comedy-farce, made hysterically funny by the antics of George Burns and Gracie Allen.
A Paramount production, the picture presents a pot-pourri of maniacal comedy centering about the crazy Burns and Allen, delightful music by Lombardo's premiere radio orchestra, and a satisfying romance enacted by Joan Marsh and Ray Milland.
Bill Russell and Johnny King are fishing at Eagles Nest.

Give Texas a Break!

Use the services of a man who for the past twenty years has been a business builder. He knows the problems of oil, railroad, truck and bus men—and will solve them if elected.



Elect **JOHN PUNDT**
RAILROAD COMMISSIONER
(Political Advertisement—Paid for by Friends of John Pundt)

A DOZEN GOOD REASONS

It is unnecessary to resort to adjectives in describing the Ford V-8. To understand its value you merely have to look at its features—and find out how much they ordinarily cost. A dozen of them are listed below.
Study the Ford V-8 point by point. Discover the engineering advances that have made it one of the finest performing cars on the road. And discover comfort that you would hardly believe so little money could buy.
Drive the Ford V-8. And while you thrill to its pick-up, its power and its luxury... remember that it is the most economical car to operate Ford has ever built.
AUTHORIZED FORD DEALERS

FORD RADIO PROGRAM—with Waring's Pennsylvania: Every Sunday Evening—Columbia Network

Houdaille 2-Way Shock Absorbers Next car with this feature costs \$190 more	Extra Cost of Next Car with Dual Down-draft Carburetion \$290.00	Transverse Cantilever Springs Free action on all 4 wheels	Torque-tube Drive found in no other car under \$795.00	The Only Car Under \$3200 with welded steel spoke wheels	Aluminum Cylinder Head as standard equipment. \$140 extra for next car with this feature
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\$505 AND UP
F. O. B. DETROIT
Easy terms through Universal Credit Company—the Authorized Ford Finance Plan.

All Steel Body gives Maximum Safety	Single Pane Clear-Vision Window Ventilation \$90 extra for next car with this feature	The Only Car Under \$2500 with a V-Type cylinder engine	4 Floating Rear Axle with Straddle-mounted Pinion Exclusive on Ford	Completely Water-jacketed Cylinder and Upper Crankcase Walls	5 1/2 Gallon Cooling System Next car with this capacity costs \$1070 more
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The SPEARMANREPORTER

Successors to The Hansford Headlight

Published Thursday Morning of Each Week
PANHANDLE PUBLISHING COMPANY, INC.
 BILL MILLER, Editor and Manager
 Wm. A. WILBANKS, Assistant Editor

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NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—Any erroneous reflection upon the reputation or standing of any individual, firm or corporation that may appear in the columns of The Spearman Reporter will be corrected when called to the attention of the management.

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 All Subscriptions Must Be Paid In Advance

THE GOVERNOR'S RACE

Without trying to tell the voter who they should vote for in the Governor's race August the 25th, the writer feels justified in suggesting some issues that should be considered in casting a vote.

Largely speaking the Panhandle of Texas is an isolated section politically speaking. If the information and statements are correct that have been issued during the recent Democratic Primary, the Panhandle is a sort of a step-child of the state and does not receive the proper consideration.

As this writer views the situation, we are not concerned materially about idealistic legislation, about prison reforms, so much as we are concerned about immediate and needed RELIEF. The Panhandle citizens, with the exception of a minority, who have never called for or received relief, are more in NEED of work this winter than last winter. Programs that should have been completed long ago are in such hopeless shape that only the unselfish leadership of a great man can give the Panhandle the needed assistance that will eliminate suffering this winter.

In considering your candidate you should find out which of the two candidates will help Hansford county complete the 88 Highway road project, furnishing work for the many men who have no stated income.

It comes down to a choice in which every individual in Hansford county can be benefitted by the selection of the best man to help conditions locally. Give this matter thought and cast your vote for the best man.

NATION'S FOOD SUPPLY

Action of the government in ordering War-Time vigilance over the nation's food supply indicate that the most pronounced drouth in thirty years history will have a bit to do with the price of food and feed during the coming year. Truly if the government can control prices so that people of limited income and those with no income at all, can be supplied with the necessities of life, the government DESERVES praise. However, the present situation seems to be a measure more of conservation than control. This writer feels that our present administration at Washington is on the alert, and that the fact we have a President that is remembering the "Forgotten Man" is truly one of the blessings of the present generation. With any criticism that might be due the administration, one should always remember that we face chaotic conditions when the present officials took charge, and should we have entered this prolonged drouth with unrest and lack of confidence, it is difficult to picture the outcome.

Nature gives every Spearman citizen a hint. The fatter you get the harder it is to get up close to the table.

An eastern editor says it is all right for a woman to support her husband, and we know some husband's in and around Spearman who are just about trifling enough to agree.

More than one Spearman man's good intentions give the right-of-way when old habits honk.

Persuade some Spearman folks that they can't get along without it and they'll pay more for it than it is worth.

Middle age in that period in a Spearman man's life when he begins to watch the younger generation trying to have a good time.

If beauty is only skin deep it's no wonder Spearman blondes dread sunburns and peeling.

Spearman old timers had one advantage. They didn't spend their last cent on specialists when the case was hopeless.

Radio music is all right, but the patter of rain on the roof along about midnight would be the sweetest kind of music Spearman folks could now listen to.

UNUSUAL FACTS REVEALED—by "Movie Spotlight"



WHEN Chick Chandler MARRIED HE AGREED TO GIVE UP HIS HOBBY—AUTO-MOBILE RACING. HIS WIFE OBTAINED A COURT INJUNCTION TO MAKE THE AGREEMENT STICK!



Stuart Erwin HAS AN OLD DILAPIDATED PAIR OF GREY WORSTED TROUSERS WHICH HE WEARS A PART OF EACH DAY FOR LUCK!



Arline Judge USED UP 9820 YARDS OF YARN KNOTTING ON THE SET BETWEEN SCENES OF 'THE PARTY'S OVER' AND HAS JUST ONE PAIR OF SOCKS TO SHOW FOR IT!

Ann Sothorn COLUMBIA STAR IS ADDICTED TO NUMEROLOGY.



ST. GEORGE IS TIRED

By Albert T. Reid



The thing that makes some Spearman parents think this generation is so much naughtier than their own is poor memory.

Sometimes heat prostrations are caused by moisture in the air and sometimes by moisture in a bottle.

Darwin must have been wrong. A monkey doesn't turn up it's nose when it rides in a swell car.

The bookkeeper in a nudist colony probably carries his fountain pen behind his ear.

The question of whether or not the hard-up can out vote the prosperous is now more important than political parties.

No one has really lived until he has been in sore need of \$10 and didn't have a dime in his pocket. Lot's of folks are living now days!

The statement that demand will never equal supply would sound more interesting if folks hadn't been hearing it since grandpap's day.

CLARA, LU & EM

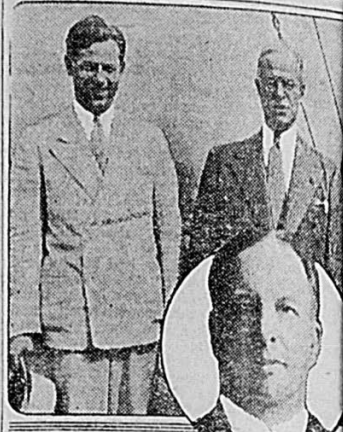


I WISH I HADN'T THROWN OUT MY DICTIONARY WHEN I CLEANED HOUSE. SIGH! CLARA, TO GIVE A FIG TO KNOW WHAT PEOPLE ARE TALKING ABOUT.

FROM THE FAMOUS RADIO PROGRAM

It's generally a mystery why nagging wives why their husbands don't spend more time

Fraternity Holds Annual Election



BERMUDA... The Alpha Delta Phi, one of the fraternities, celebrated its 102nd year by holding an election of officers on the high seas enroute of Bermuda of the Furness Lines. Photos show, (above), W. L. Momen, secretary of Executive Worden, chairman Executive Council, and Irwin, chairman of the Columbia U. chapter, sponsors of

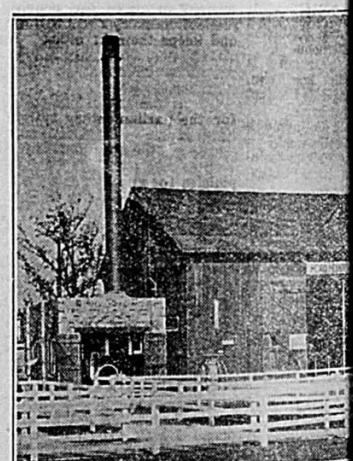
Bonthron in Europe



NEW YORK... Bill Bonthron (above), of Princeton University, America's world record breaker in the 1500 meter run, heads the Princeton and Cornell track stars now in England to face Cambridge and Oxford teams.

CHICAGO... Margam, hundreds of Century has been from the ons extrac

Industrialized Barn Draws Over 800,000



Chicago.—An industrialized barn one of the most unusual farm exhibits ever shown, awaits visitors to Chicago during Farm Week at the World's Fair from August 11 to 18. The barn is part of the 11-acre Ford Exposition.

The building was originally erected in 1893, the year Henry Ford was born, on his father's farm in Dearborn, Michigan. It was brought plank by plank to the Fair and re-erected to illustrate Mr. Ford's theory that the farmer can increase his income by processing crops for industrial uses.

The barn at the Fair is set in the middle of a soy bean patch and is completely equipped with machinery which extracts the oil from the beans and prepares the oil and meal so that they may be sold to manufacturers.

The Ford Motor Company has 17,000 acres in soy beans, and yet has to buy large quantities from farms to meet its requirements. Each Ford car has twenty parts made of soy beans, including the steering wheel and engine parts. In addition, soy bean oil is used in manufacturing the body enamel which is used on all Ford cars. As a result of continuous experimentation, it is believed that the use of soy bean products will be greatly increased in future.

Since the World's Fair opened nine weeks ago, more than 800,000 persons have visited the industrialized Barn, and a total of nearly 5,000,000 have visited the Ford Exhibit.

The Expothe huge R Hall, forming long. In the famous Drama collection of starting with chariot down car. In the production of pioneer's little pliers, tools and la Industrial chinery exhibit see body-wet making, the and many of ing how ha are continue. Also in this Little Thea Ford and R Knapsody in On the la Ford Garlik the World. asing of re one historic Applian W Straight, the Grand S At the south the band st where the chstra will afternoon an Week at the

Sunday School Lesson

By DR. J. E. NUNN

case the prophet, of course, did not condemn rest after honest toil, rest to which one had gained a right by manly and God-directed labor. Such ease is part of nature's laws, and is essential if one would work for God at all. What he condemned was sloth, enervating idleness. Doubly disgraceful is this sloth amid holy surroundings, in Zion, in a Christian land, a land supposed to belong to Him who said, "The Father worketh hitherto, and I work." Christ was himself a toiler and chose his helpers from the ranks of toilers. He knew that one of the very best cures of intemperance and all the other evils of our day is hard work for worthy ends.

The Evil of Self-Indulgence, vs. 3-5
 "Ye that put far away the believe in a day of reckoning. They do not like to think of a God who punishes unrighteousness, and so they put him out of their mind. "We will reform some day," they tell their consciences, and thereby quiet them, but they postpone the reform from day to day and from year to year, till it is too late, for they are hardened in sin.

Practical Application Of the Lesson
 Since this is a temperance lesson, it should have a specific application to the whole problem of intoxicating beverages as it now confronts us. But the liquor problem is not confined to a corner; it is a part of a larger problem—social, economic, political, moral, and religious—that threatens the existence of our national life.

The American people were told that repeal would guarantee them everything from "personal liberty" to the balancing of the national budget. Figures were piled up to show the increase in the public revenue that taxes on liquor would bring. What cared the leaders of the repeal movement for the debauched lives, the wrecked homes, the impoverished multitudes so long as money and political power were their chief desires? Clearly, nothing. Suppose, moreover, that repeal does increase the public revenue, balance the national budget, pay off the national debt, and accumulate enough money to buy half the world. What of it? Let Goldsmith reply:

"Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey, Where wealth accumulates and men decay. Woe to them that are at ease in Zion."—v. 1.

"Woe to them that are at ease in Zion." "Amos startled the worshippers of the god of ease—one of the earliest of the false gods. Altars were set up before this god in the very beginning of human history, and ever since multitudes have been his willing worshippers. If anyone think that the First Commandment was intended only for the children of Israel, he has read history in vain."—Hon. William Jennings Bryan. In uttering his woe upon

sweet, palatable, wholesome, but the corrupt courts of the Northern Kingdom, their base judges and unjust rulers had transformed what should be pleasant and helpful into injury and bitterness. "For insight and force there is nothing to surpass this in the whole of Amos, and it is the tersest and finest expression of his faith in the inexorableness of physical and moral law. Everybody knows it is madness to attempt to violate the physical order; no one could be found so imbecile as to seek to oppose it in either of the ways suggested by these illustrations. Well, then, says Amos, there is a moral as well as a physical order; how can men be such fools as not to see that the violation of the one carries penalties as terrible as the violation of the other? Were they mad men, he means, that they had poisoned justice at its source, and let a foul stream of wrong run through society."

Penalties of Sensuality and Drunkenness
 "Such was the dire punishment meted out to Israel for its wickedness, its pride, injustice, idolatry, sensuality and drunkenness." This is rightly designated as a temperance lesson, for drunkenness is the evil mother of all of these other evils. It is the culmination of self-indulgence. It means the wretched poverty of the working classes and the headless pride of the rich. It means utter neglect of true religion. There is no remedy for the evil of drunkenness in partial measures, in the so-called "control" of the saloon, or in impossible moderate drinking, the self-styled "true temperance."

Dr. Powell eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, will be at Dr. Gowers office, Wednesday August 22nd. Glasses fitted, tonsils and adenoids removed.
 J. P. Powell, M. D.

More new exhibitors have been sold space at the 48th annual exposition of the State Fair of Texas, October 6 to 21, than have been sold in the past several years, according to Holmes Green, director in charge.

The biggest sale of thoroughbred horses ever held in the South will be a feature of the 1934 State Fair of Texas, October 6 to 21. Dates for the sale have been set at October 19 and 20, and draft horses, show and saddle horses and race horses will go to the highest bidder in the sale.

ORDER WAR-TIME VIGILANCE OVER NATION'S FOOD SUPPLY

Washington, Aug. 12.—Planning war-time vigilance over the nation's food and feed supplies next fall and winter, the farm administration is also preparing drastic revisions of its 1933 crop control programs.

Official government estimates are for the lowest crop production in more than 30 years because of continued drought. Therefore the AAA has undertaken a day to day watch over conditions and is starting an inventory of the food and feed supply which will form the basis for guiding its work during the coming year.

Next year's wheat plan is likely to call for the same acreage planted during the years 1927-32, rather than a 15 per cent reduction from that figure. Necessary for this move grew from the prospective cut in the carryover from this year's excessive figure of 270,000,000 bushels to about the normal of 125,000,000 bushels.

Cotton production, limited this year to 25,000,000 acres under the voluntary control plan and to 10,460,251 bales under the Bankhead Act, probably will be extended in 1935 to allow production on 32,000,000 to 35,000,000 acres.

The program for corn and hogs is still to be considered. Final decision will hinge largely on the report of the feed and forage situation showing supplies available in comparison with the livestock population it must support.

DJER-KISS TALCUM
For Particular People

● All the world knows Djer-Kiss is foremost among all Talcums. For the whole family, after bathing, it is indispensable. Use it daily. Softer, finer, absolutely pure—it protects and absorbs. The delicate, inimitable Djer-Kiss fragrance, of course. *White and Rose.*

Jumbo Size \$1.00
 Regular Size 25¢



Djer-Kiss
 TALCUM POWDER
 Genuine Djer-Kiss Perfum, in a dainty Vanotte, Purse Size 25¢

Announcing 12 Months Guarantee Against All Road Hazards

PROTECT YOURSELF and YOUR FAMILY ON YOUR HOLIDAY TRIP

WHETHER you are hurrying to your destination on your holiday trip or hurrying home, you'll need the greatest safety, stamina and dependability in your tires. That's why it's foolish to start out with old worn tires. Why not get a new set of Firestone High Speed Tires for 1934? The greatest tire sensation of the year.

NOW! A TRIPLE GUARANTEE ON EVERY Firestone TIRE

- for Unequaled Performance Records
- for Life Against All Defects
- for 12 Months Against All Road Hazards*

*Guaranteed for six months when used in commercial service.



Effective Today Firestone guarantees their complete line of tires against all road hazards for twelve months. In addition Firestone gives the industry life time Warranty against defects in the workmanship and material.

EVERY CONCEIVABLE TEST FOR YOUR SAFETY

Out of the gruelling grind of the race track—off the wheels of Firestone Test cars has come a new tire. The new Firestone High Speed Tire for 1934. Wider tread with flatter contour—more and tougher rubber—deeper non-skid—50% longer non-skid mileage. All tested and proved for safety, stamina and dependability on your car.

WHAT A BUY! COURIER TYPE

A real holiday special. Firestone Courier tires at unusually low prices. Don't miss this opportunity to get triple guaranteed tires at these prices.

Only \$4.45 up



465

WORLD'S LOWEST PRICE FOR A SIX

CHEVROLET PRICES BEEN REDUCED AS MUCH AS \$50

CHEVROLET The exceptional popularity which Chevrolet has enjoyed for many years has naturally had its effect on Chevrolet prices. Large sales have enabled Chevrolet to maintain consistently low purchase prices, which were recently lowered even further. As a result Chevrolet now offers you the lowest priced six-cylinder automobile obtainable—a big, comfortable car with Fisher Body styling and refinement—safe, weatherproof, cable-controlled brakes—the smoothness and economy of a valve-in-head, six-cylinder engine—and typical Chevrolet dependability. In offering this car, and the Master models, at substantially lower prices, Chevrolet hopes to repay the motoring public in some measure, for consistently placing Chevrolet so high in public favor.

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY, DETROIT, MICHIGAN
 Compare Chevrolet's low delivered prices and easy G.M.A.C. terms. A General Motors Value

CHEVROLET
 Spearman Chevrolet Co. Inc., Spearman
 Motor Company, Gruver, Texas

Consumers Sales Co.
 Spearman, Texas

Local and Personal News

BAPTIST CHURCH

A. F. LOFTIN, Pastor

THE NEXT GREAT REVIVAL
How shall it be brought about? This is a question that the wisest and most consecrated amongst us are trying to answer. There are at least three absolutely essentials to such a revival. Indeed without those three things a really great revival is impossible. What are they? We shall discuss them Sunday morning. Please read and reread Acts 4:31-37.

SUNDAY SCHOOL

Why the Sunday School? To teach the Greatest Book of all times—The Holy Bible; the Infallible Word of God. That book is our Text Book. If you are not ashamed of the Bible—bring one to Sunday School and Church.

B. T. S.—All unions meet at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday Night—The Murder Trial, at the Union Church at 8:30 p. m.

It will be worth your while to see and hear this murder trial. Dr. Atticus Webb of Dallas, Texas will be in charge of the trial. Let's all go.

Extra Notice—And please notice this, our second appeal for a Love Offering for Buckner Orphan's Home. Only \$4.25 came in last Sunday. Hence the reason for this second appeal. Bring or send if you can't come, an offering for this most worthy and at this time, most needy cause.

The Prayer Meeting—Were you ever in a mid-week prayer service? Why not help build a great prayer meeting and thereby help build a great church. Impossible to have a great church without a great effort and faithful loyal service to your church.

About the baptizing—Announcement as to when and where will be made Sunday morning.

Wasn't it Great—Last Sunday night, that lawn service? Yes, and for the remaining Sundays of August, the night services will be held on the Baptist Church lawn. The Methodist Brethren will be in charge of the next lawn service. All other churches are invited to join the Methodist and Baptist in these cool lawn services. Each church participating would be expected to have charge of one service—furnish the preacher and be responsible for extra musical program. Join us in these evening services. All the churches of the town are most cordially invited to come enjoy our cool, grassy, well lighted lawn.

Christian Science Church

"Soul" is the subject of the Lesson-Sermon which will be read in the Churches of Christ, on Sunday, August 19.

The Golden Text is: "Cause me to hear the loving kindness in the morning; for in the I do trust: cause me to know the way wherein I should walk; for I lift up my soul unto thee."—Psalms 143:8.

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from the Bible: Thine O Lord, is the greatness, and the power, and the glory, and the majesty for all that is in the heaven and in the earth is thine. Thine is the kingdom, O Lord.—I Chronicles 29:11.

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, Science and Health with Key to Scriptures by Mary Baker Eddy: Kingdom of Heaven. The reign of harmony in divine Science; the realm of unerring, eternal, and omnipotent Mind; the atmosphere of Spirit, where Soul is supreme. (page 590.)

Presbyterian Church

Service each Sunday morning 11 a. m. The Gospel of Jesus offers help for every situation in life. No situation ever arises, but that God has given in His Word just the help which is needed to take us safely thru the crisis.

Sunday morning the sermon subject will be "The way through

our calamities." The public is invited to worship with us at all times.

B. W. Baker, Pastor.

Gruver Community Church

Next Sunday Brother George M. Archer will preach at the 11 o'clock service. He has a message for you that you cannot afford to miss. So come out and worship with us.

Church of Christ

Program for the week beginning Sunday, August 19th.
Bible School 10 a. m.
Preaching 11:00 a. m.
Young People's Bible Classes 7:30 p. m.
Preaching 8:30 p. m.
Mid-Week Bible Classes 8:30 p. m., Thursday.
You are cordially invited to attend all of our services.

SOME REASONS WHY

The question is often asked why it is that the Churches of Christ do not dismiss their services and cooperate in revivals conducted by Denominations. To fully explain all of the reasons will not be possible in this short treatise, even if capable of doing so, yet a few of the principal ones may be stated for the purpose of making clear the position of the Church in this connection.

Not A Retaliatory Spirit
In the beginning we wish to state that it is not a retaliatory spirit that prompts this action. It is true that Denominations do not dismiss any of their services during revivals conducted by the Church of Christ, and in many instances arrange their programs in such a way that tends to decrease the attendance at such revivals. And this in the face of the fact that many of them teach that "one church is as good as another." The Church of Christ could not, however, dismiss a single Lord's day service, regardless of what the denominations did in that connection. We respectfully submit the following reasons.

Denominations Not Needed

The members of Christ's Church are persuaded that Denominations are unnecessary religious organizations. Had they been in God's plan it seems certain that they would have been authorized in His word, and would have started their existence at the same time that the Lord established His Church. The present day denominations were practically all established during and after the sixteenth century. The Church that Christ died to establish was to be "One Body," not "Many Bodies." Then to cooperate with denominations in their meetings is to endorse their programs, and sanction their peculiar man made doctrines about which the apostle Paul warns us not to do. "Now these things brethren, I have in a figure transferred to myself and Apollos for your sakes: that in us ye might learn not to go beyond the things that are written." The most of the denominations agree that their particular organizations are not an essential to man's salvation. Yet they require all who are seeking to enter into the Christian life through their organization to be governed by its laws, to wear its name and to support its institutions. Compare the confession made by the "Eunuch" before Phillip, and any of the numerous forms of confessions made in Denominations and you will see the difference.

It Is Inconsistent

It is inconsistent for the Church of Christ to uphold the Bible commands that, Hearing, believing, repenting, confessing, and being Baptised are all necessary for one to become a child of God, and at the same time encourage people to neglect a part of the above, by cooperating in a program where such is taught.

Again since we understand that to be baptised means to be im-

mersed, or to "be buried with Christ through baptism." It would be inconsistent for us to endorse, by our cooperation, the popular form of baptism known as "sprinkling." Has God ever accepted a substitution when he gave a command?

It is inconsistent to take our stand with people who teach that man can do nothing to save himself, and further that after he becomes a Christian, he can do nothing sinful enough for him to lose his eternal salvation, when we understand and teach the opposite.

Lastly, if all religious organizations can scripturally worship together during a revival lasting a month, a week, or a day, then they could continue to do so indefinitely.

The above are some of our reasons for holding our support from Denominational meetings. If we are wrong we pray God to help us to see the truth. This is written not in the spirit of criticism, but to make clear the reasons for the stand that we take. If we are wrong in any of our views, or if we have misrepresented any of the facts, we will welcome your correction. We are sincerely striving to practice and to teach the will of God, nothing more.

MOORE-RAWLS

Miss Veda Rawls of Eldorado, Oklahoma and Eagle Moore of Spearman were married last Thursday afternoon, August 16th, at 7 p. m., by a Justice of the Peace in Wellington, Texas. Miss Rawls attended Southwestern State Teachers College at Weatherford, Oklahoma this summer. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pete Rawls of Eldorado.

Eagle Moore is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Pete Ralls of Coolidge, Arizona, and a brother of Adrian Moore of Spearman. Eagle recently bought out the interest of E. C. Womble in the Womble Machine Shop and changed the name of the business to Moore Brothers Machine Shop.

The happy couple left Spearman Monday night accompanied by Mrs. Carvel Morris, a sister of Eagle's, for Coolidge, Arizona, where they will visit for awhile before continuing their honeymoon. They plan to drive to Chicago and see the World's Fair, on to Niagara Falls and return to their home in Spearman by way of Los Angeles, California.

Snap Dragon

Members of the Snap Dragon Club met Monday of this week at the home of Mrs. Robert Meek for the regular meeting. The subject of the lesson was "Iris" and the roll call was answered with suggestions on "Fall planting and seeds." Mrs. P. M. Maize ably led the lesson.

The next meeting will be August 20th.

MADDEN-LARSON

Earl Madden and Miss Lorraine Larson, popular young Spearman couple were quietly married in Guymon at 7 p. m. last Friday, August 10th, by Justice of the Peace J. E. Daily of that city. Accompanying the newly weds was the groom's brother, Chas. Madden. Both the contracting parties are well known here, having attended Spearman High School. Miss Lorraine Larson was the daughter of H. E. Larson of Spearman and had lived here since 1928. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lahmiller, also residents of this vicinity for the past six years, moving to Spearman from Woodward, Oklahoma. Earl is known throughout the Panhandle of Texas by his pugilistic victories. He is considered the welterweight champion of the Texas Panhandle, and was a star on the powerful Lynx football team which he served as captain.

The happy couple will make their home in Spearman.

Miss Mary Wilbanks and Mrs. J. H. Richards left for Lubbock, Texas Tuesday of this week. Mrs. Richards plans to visit with her father at Crosbyton, Texas while on the trip.

YOU ARE INVITED TO

Perryton's
15th Free
Birthday
Celebration

Wed. Aug. 22

FREE RODEO!
FREE FLYING CIRCUS!
FREE BALL GAME!
FREE FIREWORKS DISPLAY!
FREE BOXING BOUTS!
FREE BAND CONCERTS!
CELEBRATION DANCES
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
EVENINGS,
August 21-22

CHURCH SERVICES ON LAWN AT BAPTIST CHURCH SUNDAY EVENING

Arrangements have been completed to hold all night services of the Baptist Church on the lawn at the church home. Members of the Methodist Church are cooperating in the movement.

Services will not be held Sunday evening because of the temperature drama at the Union Church.

These cooperative Sunday night services will be held thru-out the month of August.

LEGION DANCE TO FEATURE SIX PIECE ORCHESTRA AT LEGION HALL FRIDAY NITE

Featuring the "Rhythm Ramblers" a six piece orchestra, the dance committee of the American Legion will provide entertainment at the Legion Hall this week. A reduced admission price has been announced by the Legion officials, which it is anticipated will increase attendance at the Friday evening entertainment.

The families of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Benefield of Berger and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Miller spent Tuesday fishing on Coble's lake. Mr. Benefield manager of the Rig and Rex Theatres of Berger is spending his vacation.

All Day Picnic Last Sunday August 12th

Members of the McClellan families of Spearman and Gruver with a few invited guests enjoyed an all day picnic last Sunday at the Steele Ranch Northwest of Spearman. Those attending the very enjoyable affair were: Mr. and Mrs. W. Pearson of Canyon, Texas, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Higgs and family of Gruver; Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Gruver, of Gruver; Dave McClellan, Bill McClellan and Mr. and Mrs. Randolph McClellan and family of Gruver.

TAKING HOT BATHS AT HOT SPRINGS NEW MEXICO

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Berner were taken to Hot Springs, New Mexico last Friday by Cap Richardson and Jess Edwards who returned to Spearman Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Berner remained in Hot Springs where they will take the hot baths for their health for several weeks.

Other people taking the baths in Hot Springs for their health at this time are: Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Wilbanks, Mr. F. B. Buzzard, Mr. Claude Ellis and son of Gruver and Mr. and Mrs. I. F. Dacus and Miss Della Dacus, former Spearman residents, now living at Arch, New Mexico.

SENDS TELEGRAM FROM MOUNTAIN TOP

Jay Jones sent the Wheat Allotment office force a telegram from atop of Pikes Peak Mountain in Colorado, which said "Weather is cold, wish you were with me Stop Having a time of my life." When the telegram reached the allotment office in Spearman the temperature was 110 in the shade.

Miss Marguerite Turner, Society Editor of the Lubbock Avalanche-Journal of Lubbock, Texas visited Miss Orene McClellan in Spearman during the early part of this week. Miss Orene left Wednesday to return to her work as Home Demonstration Agent in Houston County, at Crockett, Texas.

Billy Jarvis, former Spearman High School coach, now coaching the Wellington, Texas high school football team visited in Spearman over the past week end. Billy stopped here en route from Lubbock, Texas to Wellington. He has been attending the coaching school at Tech College, Lubbock, the past few weeks.

Judge and Mrs. J. H. Broadhurst left Spearman Tuesday for Chicago to visit the World's fair. They will drive back a new automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. and Pat Benn from a ten day they visited in Chicago.

Sheriff and Mrs. H. L. Wilbanks and family returned last Saturday after visiting Century of Progress in Chicago for ten days.

Mrs. J. E. Joan Gowdy, Miss Florella Canyon, Texas

THE OLD CORNER DRUG

(J. D. Tumlinson)

We are back on the job. We surely for your patronage and the courtesy shown Mrs. Tumlinson and Louise in bed.

LET US BE YOUR DRUGG

Wm. McC

for Attorney Ge
LED FIRST PRIMARY BY 27,000 VOTES
He is fearless, honest and capable, 19 as an attorney in public and private preception of time serving over seas.)

His opponent Walter Woodward for State Senate voted against Chain Store T orney for Insull-owned West Texas Util City of Brady): Attorney for Lone Star man Gas Co. vs. Santa Anna Gas Co.) has a political office since 1911.

McCRAW as ATTORNEY GENERAL with industries.

F. M. Bralley will discuss facts in Attorney race over W. D. A. G., 8:30 P. M. August

(Paid for by Panhandle Friends of M

GOODBYE FLAT TIRES



TACKS, NAILS, GLASS DIDN'T MAKE THIS TIRE RUN FLAT

NEW-TYPE INNER TUBE Self-Seals Punctures INSTANTLY!

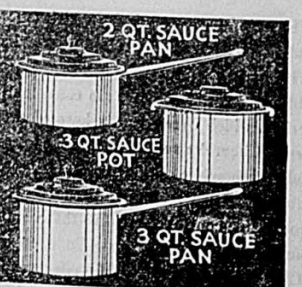
Imagine a tube like this! You can plug it full of holes. Hammer nails into any tire equipped with it. Yet when you pull them out, the punctures seal themselves—without losing the air!
LOW IN COST!
Stop worrying about "flats". Save tire and tube repair bills. Avoid road delays. The remarkable new Goodrich Seal-o-matic Safety Tube is much tougher—specially-reinforced to resist chafing. Yet it costs only slightly more than ordinary tubes. Let us put a set in your tires today.

Goodrich Seal-o-matic Safety Tube

McClellan Chevrolet Co.
Spearman, Texas
Gruver Motor Company
Gruver, Texas

New speed... new beauty...are yours with the new 1934

WALDORF Elec Range



Utensil Set Furnished With Each Range

This 3-piece set of vapor-seal utensils is standard equipment with the WALDORF range. Finished in chip-proof enamel, these vessels are designed to save current and prevent the loss of flavor and vitamins in cooking.

THE New WALDORF Range combines all of the advantages of electric cookery—speed, new beauty and new low cost. Actual tests show that faster and uses 25% less current average range. These outstanding plus such conveniences as the table top, roomy utility drawer, crumb tray and automatic oven make the WALDORF an excellent value at \$99.50, delivered and See it today!

Easy Terms \$10 DOWN

INSTALLED COMPLETE WITH 3-P.C. U

ANSWERING THE CALL FOR SERVICE TEXAS LOUISIANA POWER COMPANY ECONOMICAL QUALITY MERCHANDISE

JUST RECEIVED TODAY (THURSDAY)
TRUCK LOAD ELBERTA PEACHES

We can honestly say this shipment of peaches are the choicest peaches we have seen on the market this year. Priced so you can afford to buy them to can and preserve.

IN OUR VEGETABLE RACKS

You will find fresh at least three times a week—tomatoes, cucumbers, young onions, celery, green peppers, lettuce, carrots, green beans, cabbage, new potatoes, water melons. Our fruit supply is always fresh.

CANNING NEEDS

can be secured at this store at very reasonable prices. Let us fill your needs in this line. Mason fruit jars, rubber bands, fruit jar tops, or pressure cooker equipment if you so desire.

W. C. BRYAN & SONS
WE DELIVER PHONE 58

YOU ARE INVITED TO
Perryton's
15th Free
Birthday
Celebration
Wed. Aug. 22
FREE RODEO!
FREE FLYING CIRCUS!
FREE BALL GAME!
FREE FIREWORKS DISPLAY!
FREE BOXING BOUTS!
FREE BAND CONCERTS!
CELEBRATION DANCES
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
EVENINGS,
August 21-22