

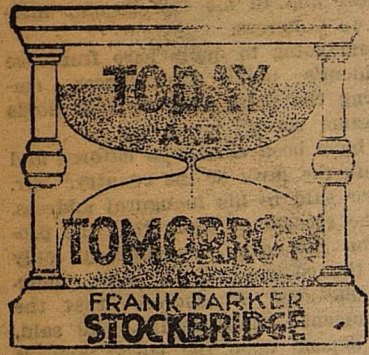
THE ELDORADO SUCCESS

OF AND FOR EL DORADO AND SCHLEICHER COUNTY. ALL THE TIME

VOL. XXX

El Dorado, Schleicher County, Texas. Friday, April, 18 1930.

No. 16



FLASHES

How to produce a light which air-men could see through fog has puzzled electrical experts ever since the problem of lighting flying fields at night became important. "Lindy," flying across country, noticed that the flashes of the electric arc produced when a trolley pole slips off the wire could be seen from the air when no other light was visible. He reported that to the General Electric Company and the results is a new flashing arc beacon, the safest guide to night flyers yet evolved.

Great inventions come often from close observation of little things. Col. Lindbergh is what he is because he notices little things.

PROMISES

Politicians deal in promises. Economists deal in facts. Nobody loves facts. Everybody loves promises. That is why we listen to the politicians and turn a deaf ear to the economists. And because the politicians seldom are able to make good on their promises, we throw them out and elect another set who make even more attractive promises.

For ten years economists have been trying to get Europe's finances straightened out, following the war into which the nations went because of what their politicians promised them. The principal obstacle to settlement of the war bills was the promise of politicians after the Armistice. As Owen D. Young pointed out the other day, politicians of France, England and Italy promised they would make Germany pay \$33,000,000,000. Now the economists have got the war debts finally settled. The most that Germany can pay is \$9,000,000,000. Her creditors have agreed to accept that sum. Now the same politicians are making other promises and their peoples are believing them, in the same old way.

ZEPPELINS

The airship is coming into its own. Half a dozen great American manufacturing industries, backed by the National City Bank, have arranged to manufacture commercial dirigibles of huge size, on the successful Zepplin design, in both Germany and the United States. It will be a year or more before the first of these is ready for service, but within five years we may look to see an immense volume of freight and passenger traffic carried by air in these huge ships. Meantime, other Americans are experimenting with allmetal dirigibles on a smaller scale, and those look promising.

DRUDGERY

The world is full of people, especially young folk, who think there is some short cut to fame and fortune. They try to write stories and poems, paint pictures, carve statues, act leading roles on the stage or make their fortunes in business, without serving the long and painful apprenticeship which always precedes real success. It can't be done.

Just now two young men who broadcast a Negro comedy feature every night are attracting world-wide attention. "Amos 'n Andy" are reported to be drawing a salary of \$100,000 a year, so thousands of young men who think that is easy money are trying to break into the same game.

The young men who are earning a fortune for their ability as entertainers went through years of ill-paid, came masters of their art. So did every other great artist in any line. So did every man or woman who has made a success business or industry. It was true when the pyramids were built; it will still be true when they have crumbled into dust.

JIM FERGUSON BRINGS SUIT TO HAVE NAME ON TICKET

Farmer James E. Ferguson, has filed a petition with the Supreme court to compel the State Democratic Executive Committee to have his name placed on the ticket. Jim was impeached and this bars him from holding office. If his name is refused on the ticket he says Mrs. Ferguson will file application for a place on the ticket. Ferguson is not only a bolter of the Democratic party but was at one time impeached from the Governor office.

FOR SALE: Three residence lots in excellent location. Near school house. Call at Success Office for particulars.

New Sanitary System Proposed For Eldorado

Eldorado will soon be relieved of the objectionable scavenger system that has been used in serving toilets where septic tanks are not available, if plans of City Council now being considered, can be successfully carried out. A system that will replace the old scavenger system.

The system under consideration will be at no cost to the general taxpayer and at no additional cost to the user over the old system, according to the City officials. The cost of the new system installed is placed at \$6,000.00 (For 200 Sanitary toilets).

The City Council has been negotiating with the manufacturers of the system for some time, and states that they have succeeded in obtaining a proposition that will not add to the expense of the city, but will actually save money over the present cost besides being far more satisfactory and sanitary.

AFFECTIVE SYSTEM

The toilets are made by the Sanitary Appliance Company of Houston, a Texas corporation. The appliance is known as the Saco Sanitary Toilet. It is made of copper steel and fitted with a golden oak Toilet Seat and Cover, and has a vent pipe. It is sanitary and odorless and obviates the necessity of buckets, wagons and other apparatus entirely. It is in use and has been for some years, in many Texas towns and cities of other states.

Cities that already have the installation of Saco Toilets report that they work perfectly and pronounce them a success. They do not hesitate to recommend its installation in any city where there is no sewer to serve.

USERS DEFRAY COST

City Councilmen say that the cost of the system will be paid wholly by the users of it, and the cost to them will be no more than they now pay for it. It is figured that \$1.00 per month for residence toilets and \$1.35 per month for business toilets, which is about the usual cost for scavenger service, will pay all operative and create a sinking fund to pay out system in five years.

The sanitation of the Saco toilet is approved by the United States health service, by the State Department of Texas, West Virginia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Tennessee and by the American Red Cross and the Health Department of Fort Worth, Paris, Lubbock, and many other places in Texas and the Southern States.

It is proposed there will be 200 of these appliances installed to begin with and it is thought that this will serve most of the territory not now served with septic tanks. The installation of these appliances will give work to considerable local common laborers.

As the village continues to grow into a city these communities begin to realize that they have problems they never had before. It becomes necessary to make laws to eliminate the cows and pigs, to get rid of the offensive odors and it is about the first step toward sanitary measures for the protection of health.

Eventually some public spirited citizen sees the need of better sanitation and he proposes that they do something to get rid of the nasty, filthy, surface privies of course he finds plenty of objectors will say that their father and grandfather always had surface privies and they can't see why they should not continue to have them.

The live wire citizens finds thru his State Board of Health that the surface privy is one of the greatest possible menaces to the health of a community that they are death dealing and disease spreading—the home and breeding place of the fly, who is a notorious carrier of diseases. Heavy rains wash thru the surface spreading filth all over the premises.

The one who objects to better sanitation just does not want to be disturbed. He is willing to let things rock along, keeping the surface privy with its nauseous odors, to menace the entire community with typhoid, dysentery and other diseases. What if his town does have an epidemic of typhoid and he loses a member or two of his family, he still has his beloved surface privy.

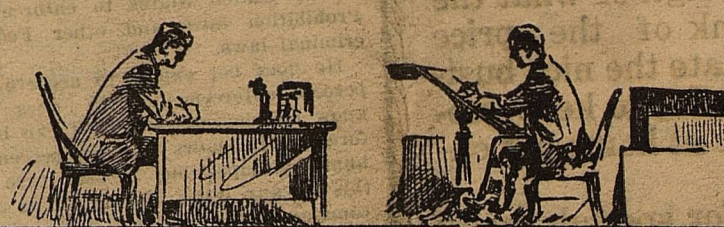
Fortunately this type of backward citizen is in the minority and he is overwhelmingly voted down and his city eventually gets a sanitary sewer system or sanitary pit toilets or both. How about it, lets be progressive. Lets clean up our town and make it a clean sanitary place in which to live.

The Council members are anxious for all the people to express themselves on this question and ask that they come to any member of City Council with any suggestion along this line.

ME. Allen Bailey who is working in Fort Worth is visiting in Eldorado this week.

A Pictorial Editorial

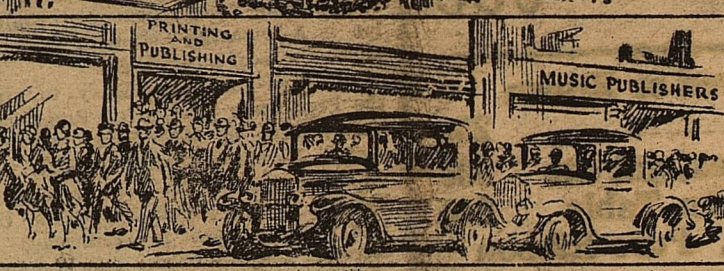
By Albert T. Reid



In the creations of the Author, Artist, and Composer, the public finds its entertainment, information and education. These Creations represent property to those who produce them.



A vast industry, representing a turn over of more than a billion dollars annually is the direct outgrowth of this creative work—the printing and publishing business, music, the radio and the movies.



This great business gives employment to hundreds of thousands of people, and yet the rights of those upon whose work this industry depends, are inadequately protected under our antiquated copyright law.



A bill designed to set out these property rights and protect the rights of those who compose and create, is now before Congress. If passed it will do much to stimulate these arts in our country and the public will benefit.

If YOU believe the Composer, Artist and Author is entitled to have his rights properly safeguarded, write to your Senators and Congressman urging them to support this measure. You will help greatly to promote creative work.

Albert T. Reid

Good Rains Received In Parts Of County

A prolonged drought that has been gripping the ranchmen of Schleicher was partially broken last Tuesday afternoon and night when rain amounting to a quarter of an inch to three inches fell over a scattered area of the county. The heaviest rain was reported in the western and north-western part of the county. The southern part was reported small and some not receiving any.

This rain will be worth many dollars to the ranchmen and farmers that were fortunate enough to get a share of it. The ranchmen have been suffering considerable loss in lambing season which is at present in full sway. The grazing facilities have not been good enough for the ewes to keep in good conditions and many lambs have been lost by their mothers having trouble in finding enough grass and weeds to carry them through. Many dollars have been spent in feed bills and are still being spent on many of the ranches in the county. Practically all of the ranchmen have been keeping their stock on a full feed all winter and a large number are still feeding.

Some of them have abandoned the idea of saving their lambs and are putting their money and energy in taking care of the grown sheep.

The farmers have not suffered much up to date. They have their land in very good condition and with a good rain in the next fifteen or twenty days will give them ample moisture to do their planting on and with a good season to start on, the raising of the crops will be almost assured. The records show that bumper crops have been harvested on as little as five inches of rain after the crops are in the ground.

The hard times talk that has been the subject on every corner will for a while be changed and the faces that have lengthened beyond the time of the big drought back in 1917 will shorten and the smile and good cheer expressions will prevail among the Schleicher county citizens once more.

Meeting Of Radio Owners Next Tuesday Night

A meeting of all radio owners will be called at the court house next Tuesday night at eight o'clock. Every radio owner is urged to be present. The reason of this meeting is to investigate more about the interference that has been troubling the radio fans for many months. Mr. E. C. Hill has been working on this interference for some time and has found the main trouble but wishes the assistance of the radio owners and he thinks that it can easily be remedied.

The reception received from many stations have been very bad and in some instances few stations can not be reached at all in the day time. There are many radio owners in Eldorado now and all should attend this meeting and do their part in relieving the radios of this interference and give each owner a clear reception of all programs from all stations.

Eldorado P. T. A. Elects New Officers

The regular meeting of the Eldorado Parent-Teachers Association on last Friday afternoon, the following officers were elected for the coming year. Mrs. W. O. Alexander, President; Mrs. R. D. Holt, first vice-president; Mrs. Leslie Baker, 2nd vice-president; Mrs. J. F. Isaacs, recording secretary; and Mrs. L. T. Barber, Treasurer.

Under the direction of Mrs. Joab Campbell, who has served as president of the Association during the present school year some very constructive work has been accomplished for the community. Probably the most important of this work was securing the services of a state itinerant health nurse for Schleicher County during the month of February.

FOR SALE: Two single row planters and one double row planter. Otis Bule (c16)

Shipping Facilities Will Be Offered By Santa Fe If Needed

Officials of the Santa Fe Railroad have promised the people of Schleicher county to offer means of shipping their stock out of here by the first of May if conditions still remain as they have been and many of the ranchmen that they would be forced to ship to market or to grass in other sections of the state. But since the rain this week it is not expected that this forced shipping will be needed but if it is the ranchmen will have the privilege of using the Santa Fe Railroad to do their shipping.

NOTICE

Eldorado, Texas April 15th, 1930. To the Citizens of Schleicher County: Saturday 12th, was a regular meeting of the Cemetery Association for the election of officers for the year. As we failed to have a full attendance of the Committee, and only four visitors present, all business was postponed to a Call Meeting Saturday April 19th, at 3 o'clock P. M. Your present Committee has worked in harmony for the last year, according to our by-laws we are privileged to call a Mass meeting of the people to help us decide any matter which we would rather have the sentiment of the people as a whole, and for this reason we ask and insist on the people in general turning out to discuss matters of importance to the citizenship of the County.

Unsold lots in the Cemetery are only a few remaining, your present Committee has been contemplating the purchase of additional land, but owing to financial conditions, and extreme drought, have deferred the matter until now. We find some parties are in favor of making the purchase of additional land, and some are not. It is also time to employ a caretaker for the year, in regard to this, we find various opinions as to the best course to pursue in the matter. Storage for water is also being advocated, which will require money. As we feel and know that each and every citizen of Schleicher County is either directly or indirectly interested in our Cemetery, therefore we earnestly insist that all who possibly can meet the Committee at the Court House at above date.

Meet your Cemetery Association for the year, and instruct them what your wishes in above named and many other matters which will come before them, so that they can carry out the wishes of the people.

(Signed) W. T. Conner, President of Cemetery Association.

HIGH SCHOOL HONOR ROLL
5th Six Weeks Report
SENIORS
Fannie Hardt, 2 A's and 2 B's
JUNIORS
Hazel Bruton, 3 A's and 1 B
SOPHOMORES
Beruice Bricker, 4 A's
Gusta V. Graves, 2 A's and 2 B's
Clyda Pruitt, 2 A's and 2 B's

FRESHMEN
Willie Ruth Nicks, 4 A's

Lions Dedicated Dinner To County Agent

The regular luncheon of the Lions Club was dedicated to the County Agent L. E. Sumner for his untiring efforts put forth in the work with the 4-H Club boys, in winning the many prizes at the Fat Stock Show at Fort Worth. Mr. Sumner expressed his appreciation but stated that the praise should not be given him but should be given the ranchmen who furnished the lambs and to the Club boys for their efforts.

A large number was present and several guests. A very enjoyable program was rendered by Miss Fannie Hardt, high school declaimer and Mr. Virgil Reynolds, who is furnishing the music and singing at the meeting being carried on at the Baptist Church. The numbers rendered by Mr. Reynolds were very interesting and amusing to those present.

City Election Created Little Interest

In the election of city officers on last Saturday, April 12th, the citizens of Eldorado expressed themselves as satisfied with the present administration and the present officers. A total of only 64 votes were polled. Mayor Fred O. Genn was re-elected with no opposition as was Joe Williams for alderman. E. W. Brooks was elected alderman to take the place of Dr. H. W. Wiedenmann. Only three names appeared on the ballots and few names were written in according to the election judge, Geo. Neill. The hold-over members on the council are Grady Parker, Frank Bradley and J. N. Davis.

Eldorado has been incorporated only about a year and under the administration of Mayor Green and the present board of alderman the town has made much progress and has accomplished a number of steps toward progress. Among the accomplishments were the passage of a fire ordinance, a stock law, the securing of a dumping ground for the city, the initiation of a paving project for the main streets of the town and numerous other measures.

PRESBYTERY TO MEET IN ELDORADO ON TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

The regular meeting of the Brownwood Presbytery will convene in Eldorado on Tuesday morning at the Presbyterian church. Among those who will be on the program are Dr. Chandler, president of Daniel Baker College; Rev. B. O. Wood, of San Angelo; Rev. Roy McCall, of San Saba and Dr. Gray, of Brownwood. A large number of delegates are expected to attend this meeting according to the Rev. Guy Davis, of San Angelo, who is acting pastor of the Eldorado church.

BORN, Wednesday, April 16, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Smith. Mother and daughter both doing nicely.

Investigations Of Highway Across County Being Made

Investigations are being made concerning the building of a hard surfaced road through Schleicher County running east and west. The project was brought up at the Lions Club some time ago and a committee was selected to make investigation as to the conditions and attitude prevailing among the tax payers in the county. A large number of citizens have expressed their opinion as to the need of this road and it is believed that it could easily be made into a state highway.

The road will run from the east side of the county to the west side, connecting the highway that is to be built through Menard county and the intersection of the old Spanish Trail in Crockett county.

The committee met with the Commissioners' Court and they expressed their opinion as being heartily in favor of the road and would do every thing that they could in getting this road through. The committee will meet with the Chambers of Commerce or Lions Club and Commissioners' Court of Menard and Crockett in the near future and try to get the cooperation of these counties in helping put this road through. There are about five counties that are interested in this road. A highway No. 29, begins at Austin and comes through Mason, which will, if this addition is added will connect Schleicher County and Eldorado with all parts of Texas, in the way of good roads. If this road is constructed it will give every citizen of the county an out let to Eldorado or adjoining towns. Practically all of the communities in the county will be very close to this hard surfaced road and will have traveling facilities regardless of the kind of weather.

The people that have expressed their opinions are some of the largest tax payers in the county and believe during the present administration of the government officials that state aid will be granted. This road will mean many dollars to the county and town. It will be a drawing card to the traveling public as well as giving the home people good road facilities in and out of the county.

BAPTISTS BEGIN REVIVAL IN ELDORADO

A revival meeting was begun at the Baptist Church in Eldorado on Sunday and is scheduled to last for two weeks. The pastor of the church, Rev. J. L. Ratliff, is to do the preaching while all the devotional and song services will be under the direction of Mr. Virgil Reynolds, who is well known over the state in this work and as a lay evangelist.

OZONA PEOPLE IN CAR ACCIDENT

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Decker while returning from Del Rio to Ozona Sunday night, the car in which they were traveling turned over when it ran into some loose gravel. The four month old baby was killed and Mrs. Decker was badly hurt. Mr. Decker and another child escaped injury.

M. O. SHAFER

Cash and Carry Grocery

Every week our stock is getting larger and our Prices are getting smaller, you can buy your daily necessities from us at prices which we are able to offer only by buying from 25 to 75 cases of goods at a time.

The steady increase of our daily sales is a sure sign of what the people of Eldorado and surrounding country think of the price and quality of food we sell, we more than appreciate the nice business we now have, and we will do everything possible to keep groceries down in Eldorado so you can afford to trade at home not only Friday and Saturday but every day.

Visit our store often and watch our windows for specials every day, compare our prices with San Angelo, Ft. Worth or any place.

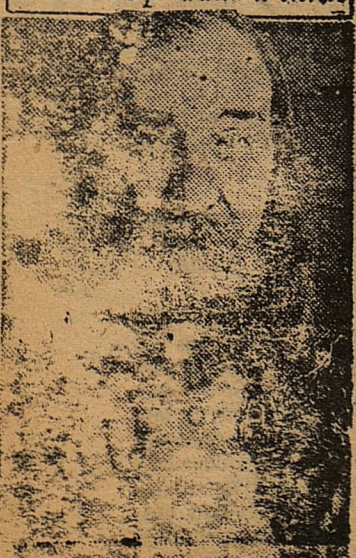
SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Sugar	C & H extra fine pure cane, 19 lb for	99c
FLOUR, Majority, as fine as can be milled, unconditionally guaranteed to satisfy you		
48 lb sack	\$1.75	
24 lb sack	90c	
12 lb sack	50c	
6 lb sack	30c	
MEAL, Majority, Cream meal		
20 lb sack	62c	
10 lb sack	35c	
5 lb sack	19c	
LARD, Swift's Jewel, 45 lb	\$5.58	
16 lb	\$2.10	
8 lb	\$1.08	
4 lb	57c	
TOBACCO, Bull Durham, per carton of 24 bags	\$1.49	
LEMONS, Lagre and fancy per dozen	18c	
MATCHES, Rose Bud, reg. 10c size, 6 boxes for	28c	
CORN, White Swan or Woodfords, No. 2 cans, 3 for	42c	
Doz. cans	\$1.63	
HOMINY, Wapco, No. 303 size per doz. cans	80c	
MACARONI, VERMICELLI or SPAGHETTI, Ozark, 3 pkg. 19c per Doz. pkg.	73c	
PEAS, Paul Jones, New York Early June No. 2 can 3 for	48c	
Per doz. cans	\$1.80	
GREEN BEANS, Miss Lou, cut stringless, No. 2 per doz.	\$1.49	
SPINACH, Gold Bar, No. 2 cans 3 for	42c	
Per doz. cans	\$1.63	
KRAUT, Empsons No. 303 size 3 for	27c	
Per doz. cans	\$1.00	
SUGAR, Powdered or Brown 3 pkgs.	25c	
SYRUP, West Tex, gal can	83c	
Staleys Golden Table	64c	
Brer Rabbit, Pure Ribbon Cane gal can	85c	
PORK & BEANS, Armours Veri best, per doz cans	95c	
CATSUP, 14 oz. bottle 3 for	50c	
TOMATOES, Full No. 2, per Doz cans	\$1.20	
COFFEE, Maxwell House, 3 lb can	\$1.15	
PICKLES, Concho, qt. glass barrel	22c	
BACON Swift's Empire breakfast Bacon, 6 to 8 lb, per lb	29c	
SALT PORK, square cut crystal Bacon per lb	18c	
GRAPE JUICE, Royal Purple Pint each	22c	
SPUDS, Good clean, 10 lb Per 100 lb	37c \$3.65	
COFFEE, Folgers, 5 lb can	\$2.15	
2 lb can	89c	
1 lb can	46c	
CRACKERS, National's 3 lb Sodas	38c	
CHERRIES, Red Pitted, best Ever for pies, 3 for	58c	
PEACHES, Libby's No. 2 1-2 in heavy syrup	25c	
No. 1 in heavy syrup 3 for	50c	
POST BRAN, RAISIN BRAN, KELLOG BRAN, SHREADED WHEAT, MUFFETS or any 15c breakfast food 2 for	23c	
BANANAS, Large and fancy not over Ripe, not culls per doz.	25c	
CHEESE, Longhorn, per lb	28c	

FRESH VEGETABLES

We have the largest supply anVegetables we have ever featured the largest variety of Freshd before. Fresh Strawberries.

Rivals Rip Van Winkle



H. William Lord of Chittosee, Mass. lost his... four years ago and now is trying to catch up with events. Lincoln's... President Hoover's... all Street Panic and... are news to him.

... passenger ship in the world is the new German Europa, which crossed from Cherbourg to New York in four days, 17 hours, and six minutes. The next fastest is the Bremen, also a German ship, which did the trip in only 17 minutes slower than the Europa. ... the world large than the Europa... Bremen. They also were... Germany. They are the Ma...

Quality Groceries

Although we have moved our old store, we are still carrying a complete line of standard brand groceries of high quality.

We will occupy this stand until our new store is completed and solicit your patronage.

W. H. PARKER & SON

THE PRESIDENT ON THE JOB

by FRANK PARKER STOCKBRIDGE

© Publishers Association Service

Prohibition Up To Now

Washington, D. C., April—President Hoover will use every lawful means in the power of the President of the United States to enforce the Prohibition laws and other Federal criminal laws.

He does not expect to achieve 100 percent enforcement. He does not know to what percentage it can be enforced. He knows that 100 percent is humanly impossible, in the case of this or any other laws. The ten commandments are not fully obeyed after 3,300 years of attempted enforcement. But his effort to enforce it will utilize 100 percent of the facilities which the law puts into his hands. But 100 percent of Federal facilities are really only about one-third of the forces needed on the job. About 33 percent must be done by the state and 33 percent by local police because the enforcement of Prohibition is a tripartite action of national, state and local authorities.

It ought to be necessary to state the President's position on Prohibition enforcement at this time. He has stated it himself often enough and clearly enough. But here is a large element of the population of the United States which is accustomed to discount the statements and promises of politicians and in this element are to be found many who do not realize the man now in the White House is a different kind of man.

President Hoover has no quarrel with the right of any man to agitate for the repeal of any law which he does not approve, including the 18th Amendment. He does not believe that they will succeed, for 14 states can block it.

He has stated his own view as opposed to its repeal. He insists also that it is his duty under his oath to enforce the laws.

He considers it his duty to demand of Congress that it give him better tools to work with in carrying out the Federal part of the job of enforcement which has been put up to him.

The weakness of the position of the present proponents of Prohibition repeal is their failure to recognize the fact that the thought of the whole civilized world has been concentrating on this problem of liquor traffic regulation by law for at least three generations. Russia under the Czar had abolished vodka long before the world war. France placed absolute under the ban and is now trying to develop a plan to abolish cognac. Belgium has abolished hard drinks. Sweden's "Gothenburg system" of controlling the traffic in liquor is among the most famous of government efforts in this direction and was initiated a great many years ago. Americans generally are familiar with the various methods which have been adopted at different times by the Canadian provinces, as well as the efforts of numerous of the United States which had resulted in 70 per-

cent of more of this country, geographically, being, to all intents and purposes "dry" before the Eighteenth Amendment was adopted. The forces social, economic and political, which have made the world wide movement for prohibition, will result in upholding the Eighteenth Amendment or substituting some other form of legal repression. And the advocates of a change from the present system would strengthen their case immensely if they proposed a workable plan which embraces their universal claim that the saloon must never return—and if the saloon is to be kept away there must be the strongest sort of legal repression.

Mr. Hoover did not write the Eighteenth Amendment nor draft the Volstead Law. But in his seven years as a member of the Cabinet he was in a position to appraise the effectiveness—or lack of it—of the Government's machinery for Prohibition enforcement, and he took office as President with a clear understanding of the magnitude and complexity of the problem and with definite ideas of what was needed to make the Federal enforcement machinery function better, if not perfectly.

He lost no time after taking office in initiating the reorganization of the law-enforcement machinery of the United States Government. The reorganization is not yet complete, but it is under way. Until it shall have been completed, and functioning to the best of its capacity, the President is not concerned with the popular outcry that "Prohibition cannot be enforced." That is a statement of opinion, not necessarily of fact.

That it has not so far been enforced effectively he is perfectly willing to concede. That is a fact. No one recognizes that fact more clearly than he does. The failure has been partly in the Federal machinery and partly in the State machinery. But even though Congress has not as yet given him all of the tools for better enforcement for which he has asked, the President believes that the Federal machinery of enforcement is more efficient now, after his first year in office, than it was before. He has reason to believe this for there has been a very great increase in convictions for all kinds of crime during the past six months.

And that, as he sees it, is what he was elected for.

Mr. Hoover was nominated for the Presidency on a platform which declared in no ambiguous terms for Sweden's "Gothenburg system" of controlling the traffic in liquor is among the most famous of government efforts in this direction and was initiated a great many years ago. Americans generally are familiar with the various methods which have been adopted at different times by the Canadian provinces, as well as the efforts of numerous of the United States which had resulted in 70 per-

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He lost no time after taking office in initiating the reorganization of the law-enforcement machinery of the United States Government. The reorganization is not yet complete, but it is under way. Until it shall have been completed, and functioning to the best of its capacity, the President is not concerned with the popular outcry that "Prohibition cannot be enforced." That is a statement of opinion, not necessarily of fact.

That it has not so far been enforced effectively he is perfectly willing to concede. That is a fact. No one recognizes that fact more clearly than he does. The failure has been partly in the Federal machinery and partly in the State machinery. But even though Congress has not as yet given him all of the tools for better enforcement for which he has asked, the President believes that the Federal machinery of enforcement is more efficient now, after his first year in office, than it was before. He has reason to believe this for there has been a very great increase in convictions for all kinds of crime during the past six months.

And that, as he sees it, is what he was elected for.

Mr. Hoover was nominated for the Presidency on a platform which declared in no ambiguous terms for Sweden's "Gothenburg system" of controlling the traffic in liquor is among the most famous of government efforts in this direction and was initiated a great many years ago. Americans generally are familiar with the various methods which have been adopted at different times by the Canadian provinces, as well as the efforts of numerous of the United States which had resulted in 70 per-

cent of more of this country, geographically, being, to all intents and purposes "dry" before the Eighteenth Amendment was adopted. The forces social, economic and political, which have made the world wide movement for prohibition, will result in upholding the Eighteenth Amendment or substituting some other form of legal repression. And the advocates of a change from the present system would strengthen their case immensely if they proposed a workable plan which embraces their universal claim that the saloon must never return—and if the saloon is to be kept away there must be the strongest sort of legal repression.

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States to enforce the Eighteenth Amendment and the laws adopted by Congress thereunder, and, what is more, he considers the most important issue before the American people is the reduction of criminality and disobedience to laws of all kinds—and prohibition is not the only crime in progress.

How important he regards it is easily deduced from the emphasis which he laid upon it in his inaugural address and in his first regular message to Congress.

I am going to quote here from the President's public utterances, emphasizing the point that he still holds the same views.

"I have been elected to enforce and execute the laws of the country," Mr. Hoover said in his inaugural address. But he recognized there that the prohibition law can be enforced only with the cooperation of the public. "The measure of success that the Government shall attain," he said, "will depend upon the moral support which you, as citizens, extend."

"The duty of citizens to support the laws of the land is co-equal with the duty of their Government to enforce the laws which exist. For our citizens to patronize the violation of a particular law on the ground that they are supposed to it is destructive of the very basis of all that protection of life, of homes and property which they rightly claim under other laws," he said on March 4, 1929. "If citizens do not like a law, their duty as honest men and women is to discourage its violation; their right is openly to work for its repeal. Our whole system of self-government will crumble if officials elect what laws they will enforce or citizens elect what laws they will support."

About all a President can do with the citizens of the country as a whole is to point out that they have an obligation to obey the laws as long as these laws are laws. But his active efforts at enforcement of the law are aimed at the professional lawbreakers. "To those of criminal mind," he said at the same time, "there can be no appeal but vigorous enforcement of the law."

Well, what is President Hoover doing or trying to do to, with or about "those of criminal mind" in the matter of prohibition enforcement?

He tackled this problem in the way in which he tackles every administrative problem. "First gets the facts."

The way to get facts is to engage experts in that particular kind of facts to dig them out. One of Mr. Hoover's first acts as President was to appoint a commission, headed by George W. Wickersham, to investigate and report upon the whole problem of law enforcement.

In the meantime, he turned his attention to the personnel of the Federal Prohibition Enforcement Unit.

One of the greatest obstacles to efficient enforcement has been the character of the men, or many of them, originally engaged to enforce the law. In the first few years of Prohibition the term "prohibition agent" became almost a synonym for dishonesty and corruption. The temptation to connive at violations of the law was too great for many of them to withstand. And many got themselves appointed because they wanted the opportunity to sell out the Government to the illicit liquor interests.

So long as appointments to the Prohibition and other law enforcement forces were made under political pressure and without regard to fitness, this state of things was bound to get worse instead of better. Congress had, after nearly nine years of the old system authorized the Executive to pick the enforcement personnel in the same way other Government employees are chosen, by examination as to fitness and character.

Mr. Hoover believes that this is already resulting in improvements in the efficiency of the Prohibition forces, and the work is proceeding rapidly of improving the service. That process is going on and men of a high standard of character, courage and sense of duty are replacing the irresponsible ones.

Prohibition enforcement has been a function of the Treasury Department ever since the Volstead Act was passed. That was done in the first instance because there was already in the Treasury the nucleus of a force skilled in hunting down illicit liquor for taxation purposes. In the old days the Federal Government did not concern itself with who made or sold liquor, or where or when it was sold. It was concerned only with seeing that every gallon paid its tax, that every dealer paid its tax, that every dealer paid its Federal license tax.

Tax-collecting was a proper function of the Treasury, but the enforcement of Prohibition never was. President Hoover urged strongly upon Congress his request for authority to transfer this phase of law enforcement to the Department of Justice, which is the proper place for it. Most other criminal statutes of great importance come under the jurisdiction of the Attorney General, who has a better machine for handling crime than the Treasury has or should have.

This transfer, which the President regards as the second important new too in his hands for more efficient enforcement, has been agreed upon by the House of Representatives but not, as I write this, by the Senate. However, there seems little doubt that it will shortly have been made law by the action of both houses.

Then, Mr. Hoover thinks, he will chine, under better control, than he



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Don't forget to bring your battery in next week and get a free inspection.

A Few Things That We Do For Your Battery.

1. We furnish an efficient battery charger for your service.
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TEXAS AND TEXANS

By Will H. Mayes
Austin, Texas.

"Local-Mindedness"

Coming a term to fit, some Texas towns are almost wholly "local-minded," which means about the same thing as narrow or self-centered when applied to individuals. These have acquired such a localized vision that they do not see beyond their own horizons. A person may become so accustomed to his run-down cabin that all desire for a better home is lost. A people can grow so used to their local surroundings that they lose all desire for anything better.

Texans need a greater sense of "state-mindedness" of a kind that has made California and Florida famous. As leaders of public thought, local newspapers can arouse and maintain this spirit. Towns and communities seldom think or act ahead of the local press. A united effort of the Texas press, a State-wide synchronization, is necessary for the greatest progress of the state. This "Texas and Texans" feature is a part of this paper's contribution to that effort.

The Centennial Movement

Six years is a short time in which to accomplish a really great work. The year 1936 will mark a century in the independence of Texas, a 100 years of the most notable progress ever made by a people. As yet little or nothing has been done looking to a proper celebration or to awaken the public mind to its importance. To delay action much longer would be unparadigmatic on the part of those to whom this important matter is entrusted. Legislators must be elected who will give their unqualified support to the movement; the people of the state must be aroused by intensive publicity in which the whole press must heartily unite; outside interests must be enlisted; vast projects, educational and entertaining, must be worked out; suitable buildings must be erected and grounds made beautiful; exhibits commensurate with the state's growth, its present wealth and its future prospects, must be assembled and arranged. There is a great work ahead and all too little time in which to do it right.

Flower-Lined Roads

Northern tourists visiting Texas at this time of the year find the flower-lined railroads and highways a source of constant delight and surprises. The impressions made by these flowers upon those coming directly from the cold north can hardly be imagined by those of us who have lived so long among exas flowers. But even the Texas tourist is often thrilled by the beauty of the flowered lanes of the state. Just now there are hundreds of miles of highways bordered with promrose, bluebonnets, verbenas, phlox and many other native flowers, and in many places roadside fields and pastures are carpeted with solid beds of flowers of all shades. Civic clubs can do no better work at so little cost, than seeing that every country roadway is kept lined with the wild flowers of Texas.

Prosperity In Evidence

The Colorado-Llano river sections around Bertram, Burnet Marble Falls and Llano, are already showing evidence to the prosperity that will increase rapidly with the beginning of actual work on the dams, six of which are to be built. The company that will build the dams is busily buying flowage rights and drilling tests for the dams. Lands that will be overflowed, on which options are held, are being bought other outright and the owners are buying other nearby lands. Machinery is being placed for a \$250,000 gauze factory in the old mill building at Marble Falls. Plans are under way for increasing the granite output in Burnet and Llano counties. The great lake, to extend for 35 miles along the river will be the largest artificial lake in the country. Health resorts and lakeside homes will be built along its banks among the hundreds of beautiful hills that give pleasing variety to the scenery. Texas is indeed a wonderful state to those who know their Texas.

Big Texas Cavern

A large cavern, recently discovered in San Saba county, near Richland Springs, is being explored. Its proportions have not yet been determined, but it is known to contain several large rooms with many stalactite and stalagmite formations of great beauty, with figures in them as unusual and grotesque as any found in Carlsbad Cavern. The explorers hope to be able soon to determine the size of this cavern and that it may be of a kind to attract many visitors.

Showing the Way

E. C. Caldwell, an Odem farmer, who has been planting vegetables on a large scale since 1925, has recently gathered 800 acres of radishes and 600 acres of beets on a 1,400 acre farm, and the same land is now planted to cotton and other crops. He was comparatively poor a few years ago, but by applying intelligent methods to diversified vegetable growing and farming is now worth a quarter of a million dollars. Other growers may not be able to plant and market on so large a scale, but by combining their acreage and co-operating in marketing it is possible for others to do proportionately as well as Mr. Caldwell has done.

Non-Cotton Farming

Dr. A. W. Odell has an 1,800 acre

farm near Goliad on which he is growing pretty much everything except cotton, using modern electric motor power and gasoline operated tractors, having only one team of mules and one horse on the place. He has beef and milk, cattle, turkeys, chickens and hogs on the place, and grows feedstuffs of all kinds for these, and is cultivating all the vegetables adaptable to that climate. He doesn't expect livestock, dairy products and vegetables, and is demonstrating that electric and gasoline equipped machinery can be most successfully and economically used in Texas farming. The experiment is being watched with much interest, for if it proves profitable on an 1,800-acre farm it should pay equally well on a 100-acre place.

Painting Orchards

Fifty farm orchards have been planned this year in Young county under the direction of the county home demonstration agent. An agent who can secure such results is worth her salary to any county.

"Let George Do It"

The Mason News reports that a Mason business man who buys his stationery from out of town and uses envelopes from the Government Printing Office had the tenacity to urge the News to get behind a local project "and boost it or else it will die out." How long would it take enough men of that kind to kill Mason or any other town?

Co-operation With a Vim?

An El Campo business concern advises that there are three bakeries one creamery and one feed milling company in El Campo, yet some "co-operative merchants" are buying these products out of Houston. Some people are just "queer" aren't they?

Going After Results

Wilson county has a county farm agent who has been sponsoring the planting of black-eyed peas in the county, the result being that contracts have been made for the planting of 4,600 acres, distributed in the various sections of the county. There would be more, but the supply of seed peas gave out and the price of seed bought now would be prohibitive.

NOTICE TO PUBLIC AND MERCHANTS

We will not be responsible for any supplies, Groceries, Hardware or Dry Goods bought by Sub Contractors, employes, or Agents of our company unless the company or one of our Requisitions, properly signed by one of our authorized representatives, Lone Star Construction Co.

WRIGHT'S PARAGRAPHS

There is just two people in Ozona that do not own auto, that's our guess, only two voted against he road bond last week, that is almost getting unanimous on a bond issue.

Nick Wright and A. Laughlin, shot each other to death at Brady Monday morning, each shooting the other three times.

Our neighbor town Rankin pulled off a big program last Sunday, horse races, calf-roping, and other Rodeo sports help enliven the program for the day. Has West Texas lost its respect for the Sabbath day, God forbid.

A gamblers body was recently found in the Pecos River, he had probably made a good winning and was killed for the gold he had won which reminds us, "what does it profit a man if he gains the whole world and loses his own soul." Did he give his life in exchange for the money he won.

The Wets and Moists have piled up a long lead in the Literary Digest's straw vote. The tabulations appear to indicate that the country is ripe for a change, although the Drys may be holding their fire until they can see the whites to the enemy's eyes. —Up in County Journal.

Which reminds me that up in New York a minister took a poll of his church present on Sunday morning, which numbered 900, to see how many of the number had received a ballot from the Digest. Twenty two of the 900 had received a ballot. Nuff said.

The Democratic leaders are beginning to awake and some of them are asking John J. Raskob, a republican wet, to resign from the head of the Democratic party. Just as long as John J. stays at the helm, the party will have one of the most damnable afflictions that can befall a party.

We crave a dry democratic party but just at this time we would like to see Grand Old Schleicher, wet.

Sam Williams was in from the ranch Monday, called for a copy of the Schleicher County History. Mr. Williams has been in the West a long time, made a few trips up the trail to Kansas in the early days, all he knew was not put in the book, but such men as Mr. Williams has had a large part in helping to develop this wonderful land of our. Mr. Williams has made good financially and as far as we know has never cost this county a penny, and contributes to its up keep.

Fred O. Green, Joe Williams and

E. W. Brooks were elected at Saturday election to fill the vacancies in the City offices. These men are going to give their very best talent for the cause of our people and we should try to make it as pleasant as possible for them, they work with out pay, neglect their own business for our and why should we bombard them with hurtful criticism. Let go hand-in-hand with them for a bigger and better Eldorado. Lets appreciate their efforts and show them our appreciations by our full co-operation.

We went out to the Hollis Nutt ranch Sunday afternoon and find stock on that ranch in fine shape, and also find that they are getting a wonderful lamb crop. Mr. Nutt says every thing was in fine shape and nothing to complain of.

DR. DANIEL A. POLING and DR. S. PARKES CADMAN JOIN IN A NEW VENTURE

Would you say Dr. Daniel A. Poling or S. Parkes Cadman is the most popular pecker on the radio? We don't know—the National Broadcasting Company who broadcast both of these distinguished gentlemen every Sunday afternoon refuse to tell us. But we know millions, literally millions listen to them every week on the air. It is of no importance to us which is the most popular on the air—they both contribute regularly to the new Christian Herald—Dr. Daniel A. Poling is Editor in-Chief and Dr. S. Parkes Cadman is the Chief contributing editor for the new—and enlarged—Christian Herald.

Christian Herald is for men and women of all denominations. You know Dr. Poling is Dutch Reform, Dr. Cadman Congregational and Stanley High, our Editor, is Methodist. And Dr. Poling and Stanley High have surrounded themselves with a staff of writers that come from all denominations—but they don't write on denominational matters. There is an adequate press for carrying the denominational news—Christian Herald is a magazine for people interested in religion and church matters in their wider application—it is the church paper universal. And it is first of all INTERESTING. We want you to read it for yourself and see. Just use the coupon below—you save 75c.

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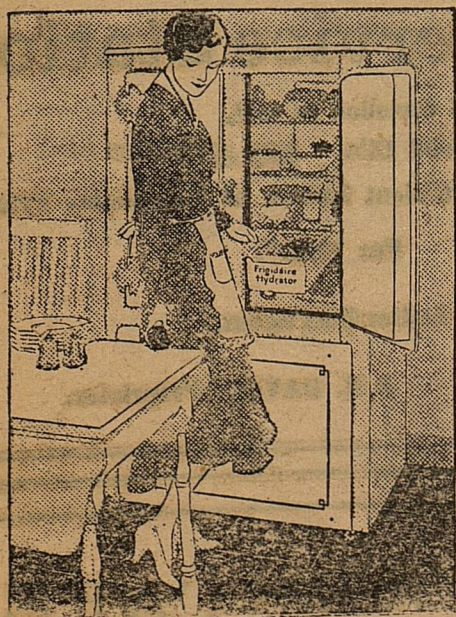
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GUNMAN'S BLUFF

Edgar Wallace

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THIRTEENTH INSTALMENT

Luke finds out by telephone that his old bachelor apartment is still untenanted, and enters it by the fire escape. The police become suspicious and call on Margaret for the key to the flat. She accompanies a detective to the place. Luke hears her voice outside and locks himself in an inner room. The detectives and Margaret away before they burst in the door and seize Luke. They find a gun and a license in his pockets and immediately suspect him of being concerned in the jewel robbery, although they do not recognize him as Maddison. He manages to escape down the fire ladder and jumps into a passing taxi.

Maddison goes to his old bachelor quarters, is taken for a burglar, escapes from the police and tries to get in touch with detective Bird. The Connor gang learn of this, sandbag and imprison him in an underground cell near the river where he is certain to be drowned when the tide rises. Meantime Margaret revisiting Luke's old rooms, finds a sheet of paper on which Luke had begun a letter to his friend and lawyer saying that he is desperate. Margaret's joy over the discovery that Luke is alive and in London is tempered by the statement of Detective Bird that the man concerned in the jewel robbery, whom she now knows was Luke, had been going around for two years with the woman whose accomplice he was.

Gunner Haynes drops into Joe Connor's hiding-place just as Connor's men are fastening Luke's feet with a chain to a large block of rock salt, intending to throw him in the river, where the salt will dissolve, the chains drop off and the body will be found without marks of violence. Haynes defies the Connor gang and takes Maddison into the yard, pausing as he sees two men climbing the fence.

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The Gunner takes Luke to his room and learns from him the reason Margaret hated him was because she blamed him for her brother's death. Then Haynes calls on Margaret and offers to help her and her husband. Maddison is kidnapped from Haynes' rooms. Meantime, Haynes gets into Danty Morell's rooms and finds there proofs that the letter which Rex Lettere had left for Margaret was a forgery. Rex had been trying to warn his sister against Morell, not against Luke. And Morell gets into Margaret's rooms and steals some blank checks, to one of which he forges Luke's name, and tries to get it cashed.

Now Go On With The Story

"For God's sake, Margaret, consider what you're doing!"

She saw he was really alarmed; his voice was tremulous, his whole air suggested panic.

"I swear to you I don't know where Luke is," she said.

Connor had him there. The swine didn't tell me that Maddison had signed a check. All he told me was that he jumped into the river and got away or was drowned—I don't know which. That's the truth. I know nothing about it till Connor had found him. I swear to you this is the truth.

"Where is Connor?" she asked.

"I don't know he was here this morning, and told me about Luke getting away. That is all the information I have. I didn't believe him, and probably it's a lie he told me."

She saw she was undecided and began to fidget. He had no doubt that he meant what she had said.

She did not know what to do.

"Could you find Haynes for me?"

"Find Haynes?" he almost shouted. "You don't imagine I would communicate with that fellow, do you? He's a dangerous man, Margaret."

"Mrs. Maddison," she said coldly. "He's dangerous—you oughtn't to have any dealings with him."

He did not attempt to deny the truth of the matter.

"You don't know where Mr. Maddison is at all?"

He accepted the corrected relationship without murmur.

"No Mrs. Maddison, I've no idea. Connor's been looking for him all night."

When she returned home she found the Sparrow waiting for her on the

at his feet surprised her, and when he carried it into the house and into the little study on the ground floor, she was to have a shock. She did not recognize the crumpled clothes he took from the bag.

"These clothes were found in the possession of a river thief, who was trying to sell them this morning," he said. "He didn't know that your husband's name was stitched in the inside pocket."

"My husband's name?" she gasped, turning pale. "Where did he get them?"

"That's what I want to know. The yarn he tells is that last night he picked up a man who was wet through and who had come out of the river, and took him to a house. We've since verified that—though from the description I've had it couldn't possibly be Mr. Maddison, who is still abroad, I presume."

Was there a note of sarcasm in his voice? She thought she detected it and very wisely did not answer.

"The man said the clothes were given to him, but that or course is the usual yarn. I have reason to believe that they were stolen while the owner was in bed. Can you throw any light upon them?"

She shook her head. It was a pitiable confession, but she knew she could not even recognize an old suit of clothes worn by her husband. It was the suit into which he had changed when he broke into his flat.

"What do you make of that, Mrs. Maddison?"

She shook her head helplessly.

"It couldn't be a suit your husband gave away, because the date it was delivered is written on the tag, and it must have been new a month ago."

He looked at her keenly.

"There's a lot of mystery about this husband of yours, Mrs. Maddison and I think you're in some kind of trouble. I'd like to help you if I could."

She was going to speak but he held up his hand to stop her.

"Don't tell me any thing until I have told you just how much I know." He ticked off the facts on the fingers of his hand. "I know your husband disappeared the day after your marriage. I know that there was a burglar at his flat, and that when the police arrived they recognized the man who had been concerned in a robbery that afternoon. I know that among the things stolen from his flat was a passport—I interviewed his servant subsequently, and he told me there was a passport in one of the drawers of the desk. Now, if there were any chance—and it seems one of those fantastic theories that writers make a lot of money from—that this man is Mr. Maddison, the best people to help him are the police. I know him well enough to be sure he wouldn't hold up Taffanny's. If it's a question of impersonation—we can be more than useful. Won't you tell me, Mrs. Maddison?"

She was silent. With a shake of his head the detective took his departure, carrying with him the suit of clothes and a very deep-seated conviction.

It was a curious coincidence that he should have brought those crumpled garments to the house when, nearly packed away in a new suitcase in her bedroom, was the change of garments she had arranged for Luke.

She was puzzled as to the arrangements he could make that would be most convenient. She decided ultimately upon leaving the suitcase at a railway cloakroom. The ticket could be sent to Luke as soon as he was discovered. She waited for the night to come to carry this plan into effect.

The night brought its problems for Danty Morell. That afternoon, after Margaret Maddison had left him, he made a discovery which turned him sick with apprehension. He had lost his hold on Margaret; at any moment she might go to the police, and just then he was most anxious not to renew acquaintance with Scotland Yard. Things had gone badly with him; he owed a very large sum of money which had to be paid in the City on the following day; and now, with the added possibility of police intervention, his position was perilous.

Danty Morell was in some ways a careful man. However extravagant he might be, he had reserved for himself a fat nest egg in cash which, in spite of all temptation, he had never touched. He had collected the money that day from two or three accounts, which he ran in an assumed name. Nothing was needed now but to follow the line of retreat he had planned. There was a small aeroplane on the outskirts of London, from which exhibition flights were given. Danty had found it expedient to finance the small company which owned the airplanes, and by telephone he arranged his flight. This was facilitated by the fact that the company had recently acquired a big rebuilt monoplane which was capable of a long flight. Danty, who had decided upon Switzerland for his first hop, gave orders for the storage of petrol and necessities for the journey. He certainly did not anticipate taking a companion with him, but he was not the only panic-stricken

Danty made a very quick search for papers which, left behind, might have awkward consequences, and his first attention was direct to the little box in which he kept the most dangerous of his correspondence. He brought this into the dining room before he discovered that the lock had been forced. With an exclamation he threw up the lid, shook out the contents. The one packet of letters that he had been mad to keep was gone! And the little telephone slip—that also had disappeared.

His hands were shaking so that he could hardly hold the papers he was examining. There was no need to speculate upon the identity of the man who had forced that box. The Gunner had been seen in the neighborhood; Pi Coles had told him that, and it had been the Gunner who had made this search and found the documents. Danty Morell saw death grinning at him; hypnotized into sheer inaction. When there came a knock at the outer door, he leaped up from his chair, a shivering wreck of a man, not daring to open to the visitor.

He calmed himself sufficiently to go to the door and demand who was there, and when he heard Connor's voice he could have cried aloud for joy.

"What's the matter with you?" asked Connor, when they were back in the room.

"I've had a bit of a shock, and I'm not particularly well. You know they're after those kites?"

Connor himself was not particularly happy-looking.

"I know. They've stopped a check I sent to the bank and half the bustles in London are looking for him. They know who it is too—that's the worst of it. You're in this, Danty."

"We're both in it, aren't we?" snarled the other. "I'm getting out of London to-night."

Connor laughed raucously.

"You've got a fine chance of getting out of London, unless you utake a rather. And then, suddenly: "How are you going?"

It was on the tip of Danty's tongue to invent a method of escape, but just now he needed the association of Connor. Connor was not above using a gun at a pinch, and, moreover, hated Gunner Haynes.

"I'm going by airplane from Elford," he said. "We've got the Gunner to thank for this. He squealed."

"He's never topped squealing," said Connor without heat. "Where do you land in your flying machine?"

Danty told him his destination.

"That'll do for me," said Connor.

He looked at the papers on the table. "Having a turn up?" he asked pleasantly. "And then: "How much stuff have you got?"

Here Danty lied. He could not tell the truth about money.

The conference was a brief one. They agreed to visit the aerodrome that evening and make final preparations for their journey. The journey through the suburbs into outer London was a silent one; now and again Danty lifted the flap at the back of the hired car in which they were traveling, and peered along the darkening road.

"What's the matter with you?" growled Connor.

"There's a car, a two-seater, following us!"

"Why shouldn't it?" demanded the other sarcastically. "Do you want the road to yourself?"

A few minutes later when Danty looked back, the little car had disappeared.

CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK

ARGOTANE DESERVES ITS REPUTATION, SAYS MATRON OF AUSTIN

"Sometimes, I had such terrible smothering spells, I could hardly get my breath," Mrs. Emma Foster, of 211 East First St., Austin, Texas, told the representative of the Argotane company, to whom she described her experiences with that scientific treatment. "For this reason alone, quite aside from the other good it has done me, because it has relieved those smothering spells, I am grateful to Argotane."

"The spells, I think, were caused by stomach disorders. For over a year, I had been troubled with indigestion and sour and acid stomach. Everything I ate soured on my stomach, and I also experienced pains across my kidneys and a soreness in my joints. Headaches frequently bothered me when I got up in the morning."

"Argotane's reputation for relieving such troubles as these from which I suffered influenced me to try the preparation, and now after taking two bottles, I can say that that reputation certainly is deserved. My food does not sour on my stomach, my headaches are gone, and I am completely relieved of constipation."

"Since Argotane has relieved me of terrible misery pain, I know that it is a good medicine, and I am more than glad to give it a recommendation."

Genuine Argotane may be bought in El Dorado at the Hoover Drug Co.

Presidio to Mexico

Work on the Santa Fe expansion to Presidio will probably be completed by October 1, thus opening another gateway to Mexico, and giving an outlet to the north for the rich products of that section. The country about Presidio is especially rich in minerals and has immense stores of marble and granite—enough to supply the entire country for centuries. Presidio seems destined to become an important port of entry and a city of size and wealth. Tourists find the beauty of the scenery of the entire "Big Bend" section unsurpassed by any other mountainous country.

HARRIS OPTICAL CO.
Dr. Edward A. Caroe
Optometrist
Eyes Examined, Glasses Fitted
Phone 812, 9 E. Twelfth Ave.

The preparation for the night's journey were not easily made. The pilot had only just been communicated with. He was on a holiday in the Midlands.

"It's a good job we came, or we might have been in Queer Street," said Connor as they were driving back. "What time did you say you'd be here?"

"About midnight," he said.

"What are you looking for?" asked Connor ten minutes later. "The little car?"

He pushed his companion aside and peered.

"There's a motor lorry; has that got any thing on us?" he demanded.

Danty said nothing. No man could know the terror that was in his heart. Behind him stalked the grim shadow of vengeance, and every second he expected to see the hawklike face of the Gunner peering into his from the darkness.

Danty did not go near his flat. He telephoned to Pi Coles and they met in the park, Pi bringing with him an overcoat and wrap which were to be Danty's sole luggage. His servant he rewarded liberally. There was nothing to do now but to pass the few hours which intervened before he left England forever.

CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK

Telephone Service

When your Telephone Service is not what you think it should be, Telephone us at once. We deem it a favor, as we are prepared to render GOOD SERVICE And anxious for you to have good service.

SAN ANGELO TELEPHONE CO.

West Texas Lumber Co.

It is time to start to brighten up the interior of your home with Kolorbrite the quick drying enamel.

We have a complete line of colors.

5 per cent
FARM AND RANCH LOANS
A dollar saved is a dollar earned.
\$3,000 at 7 per cent interest is \$210.
\$3,000 at 5 per cent interest is \$150.
Save the difference \$60
Each Year
It is a pleasure to explain our plan.
JOHN F. ISAACS,
Secretary and Treasurer.
El Dorado National Farm and Loan Association.

JOHN F. ISAACS, President
L. M. HOOVER, Secretary
Benton Abstract and Title Co.
Prompt and Efficient Service

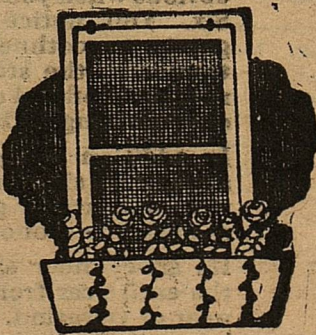
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For Cash".
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DUNCAN'S CAFE

The Home of the "T Bone".
Meet your friends at the most sanitary Cafe in town.
Drink the best Coffee made.

Mrs. Kate E. Robinson
General Merchandise



Have Your Home Screened Economically.

Get our estimate FIRST they are free. Only the finest quality galvanized or copper wire used. Sturdy frames, best hardware and expert carpentry.

KEEP THIS PEST OUT OF YOUR HOME

Why wait until the flies start pestering you—
When right now, at this time you can stop him and save on your screens for your HOME.
Our screens are made to give you lasting service.



McCarroll Lumber Co.

TELEPHONE 250



PERFECT SERVICE

A satisfied customer is the motto of this shop and when you are not satisfied with the service and work here you are welcome to return any article that is not entirely pleasing to you. Our work is absolutely guaranteed. Give us a trial. We call for and deliver.

ROBERTS CLOTHING STORE

"THE STORE THAT SATISFIES OR YOUR MONEY BACK"

PHONE 145

THE PRESIDENT ON THE JOB

has had up to now.

For a third line of control, the President is urging upon Congress the consolidation of all of the border patrol and coastal protective services into one. There are five different units now engaged in protecting the borders of the United States against the entry of smuggled goods. They are the Customs Service, the Immigration Service, the Coast Guard, the Prohibition Unit and the Narcotics squad.

All of these, the President believes should be consolidated into a single Coast Guard border patrol, which would guard the Canadian and Mexican borders as well as the seacoast. He has asked Congress to authorize this. What Congress will do is still uncertain. If the President gets the authority he seeks, he feels confident that the flow of imported liquor over the borders can be checked down to a trickle. He has no illusion that it can be stopped altogether. We have had laws against smuggling for a hundred years and more and still smuggling goes on. England has tried for a thousand years to stop smuggling, but still some illicit merchandise gets past revenue officers.

"It is not to be expected that any criminal law will ever be fully enforced so long as criminals exist," is the way Mr. Hoover has phrased it. And if Congress does not strengthen his arm in the matter of protecting the borders, he will go ahead and do the best he can with the existing forces on the borders.

The next line of attack is his statement that there is no hope or real enforcement of the criminal laws—and there are many besides prohibition—unless Congress will do something to lessen the congestion in the courts. So long as bootleggers, narcotic sellers, automobile thieves, can be sure of a year or two years before they come to trial they are willing to take a chance.

The fourth line of criminal law enforcement, as the President sees it, is reform in the methods of procedure in the Federal Courts. This has been strongly urged by the Commission of Law Enforcement.

As matters stand today, there are something like 80,000 cases of violations of Federal courts each year, of which only 10,000 or so go to final trial. The rest of the prisoners effect to a licensing system for bootleggers and thieves.

The reason for this is that the Federal courts have to handle all Prohibition cases and all other crimes by the processes of indictment by a Federal Grand Jury and a trial by a District Judge before a petty jury. In state court systems there are magistrates before whom minor violations are tried, usually without a jury. The right of any prisoner to a jury trial is not denied, but the great majority of cases for which men are sent to prison for terms under a year, are tried in these minor courts.

The President's Commission on Law Enforcement has recommended, and the President has approved and requested Congress to authorize the setting up of a similar system for handling Prohibition cases, and the grading of offenses under the Prohibition and other criminal laws. As the

law stands now almost any violation of the Prohibition law is a felony, except casual or slight violations. With "casual or slight violations" defined and the prisoner being willing to waive a jury and the District Attorney willing to him to plead to a minor offense he can be tried without a grand jury indictment, by a method corresponding to trial in magistrate courts in other cases, and with punishment in such cases limited by law to a moderate fine or a short term of imprisonment. The prompt punishment of offenses against the Prohibition and other criminal laws could be assured, the President believes, and respect for the law impressed upon the criminal classes by the only means which they can understand.

This whole question of court procedure is now before Congress. It is too soon to predict what Congress will do about it. There may be no action at this session. But Mr. Hoover does not expect every one of his reforms to take effect over night.

He does not shift his ground, because he does not take a stand until he feels sure of his ground. Some folks say he is stubborn. That does not imply that he is deaf to argument but it takes time to make it clear enough that when Mr. Hoover once takes a stand facts to move him materially from a course once set; facts which have developed since were unknown to him when he set out.

The facts about Prohibition so far as the laws on the subject go are the responsibility upon him for their enforcement are concerned, have not changed since Mr. Hoover became President. He has no option, as he sees it, but to go ahead and do the best he can under the laws as they exist, meantime asking Congress to change those laws only so far as necessary to enable him to enforce the basic law more effectively.

The President has not asked Congress to change the basic Prohibition law. What he would do if Congress should change it, modify it to permit the sale of light wines and beer, for example, or raise the permitted alcoholic content of beverages, is a question which I cannot answer and which Mr. Hoover himself probably would not answer except in the light of the fact at the time as they might occur.

What his personal opinion of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Act is I did not ask him. When he described the Eighteenth Amendment as an experiment "noble in purpose" he did not give a plankton general endorsement for all time. What he was indicating was that the feasibility and workability of the present system has yet to be proved and that it has not yet had a fair trial.

But I believe also, that until the Government has had a full opportunity to demonstrate the best it can do to enforce the present laws, an opportunity which Mr. Hoover has not yet had and will not have until Congress gives him the better tools he has asked for, it will not have had a fair trial. Furthermore, the states must take their share of responsibility if it is to have such a fair trial. By the end of Mr. Hoover's term or before, we will have a lot more

Legal Notice

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff of any Constable of Schleicher County—Greetings:

You are hereby commanded, pursuant to and in accordance with an order of the Commissioners Court of Schleicher County, Texas, made on the 14th day of April, A. D., 1930, to make publication of this notice in some newspaper published in the English language, in the county of Schleicher and the State of Texas, one time a week, for three consecutive weeks prior to the second Monday in May, A. D., 1930, the same being the 12th day of May, A. D., 1930, to-wit: The State of Texas, County of Schleicher.

To any and all persons in any manner interested in the hereinafter described lands and premises or any part thereof, take notice and you are hereby notified, that on the 14th day of April, A. D., 1930, there was filed in Commissioners Court of Schleicher County, Texas, the following application, to-wit: STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF SCHLEICHER

IN THE COMMISSIONERS COURT OF SCHLEICHER COUNTY, TEXAS: APRIL TERM, A. D., 1930.

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF SAID COURT: Now comes J. B. Christian of Schleicher County, Texas, The Eldorado Townsite Company, a private corporation with its principal office and place of business located at Eldorado, Texas, acting herein by and through its Vice-President, J. B. Christian, and The Kansas City Mexico & Orient Railway Company, a corporation with its principal office and place of business located at

acting herein by and through its duly authorized agent and Assistant Engineer, W. H. Rochester, and they respectfully represent to your Court:

(1) That the said J. B. Christian is the owner in fee simple of the following described lands and premises situate in Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, Schleicher County, Texas, known and described as follows:

All of Blocks Numbers TWO (2), SIX (6), SEVEN (7), and EIGHT (8), and all that portion of Block Number FIVE (5) lying and being South and East of the right of way of the Kansas City Mexico & Orient Railway Company, as the same does appear from the dedication deed and plat of the said Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, Texas, dated the 3rd day of December, A. D., 1909, executed by J. B. Christian and wife, Hattie A. Christian, and recorded in Volume 9, Pages 173-174, Deed Records of Schleicher County, to which

facts on which to base acceptance of or further agitation for the amendment of the present Prohibition laws. My personal belief is that one of the facts which will have been proved by that Prohibition can be enforced as well as any criminal law is ever enforced. I think Mr. Hoover shares that belief, provided always that the different states will do their part in the enforcement.

reference is, here made for all purposes;

(II) That, The said Eldorado Townsite Company is the owner in fee simple of Blocks Numbers 127, 128, 129, 130, 133, and 134, of Block No. 1 of J. B. Christian Subdivision of Survey No. 48, Block "A", H. E. & W. T. Railway Company Survey, in said County and State, said Blocks Numbers 127, 128, 129, 130, 133, and 134 being subdivisions of Block No. 1, Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, Texas, as are shown by a plat thereof of record in Volume 8, Page 166, Deed Records of Schleicher County, Texas, to which reference is here made for all purposes;

(III) That the said Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company of Texas, is the owner of Blocks Numbers 126, 131, and 132 of the said subdivision of original Block No. 1, Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, Texas, as shown by the plat of said subdivision of record in Volume 8, Page 166, Deed Records of Schleicher County, Texas, to which reference is made for further description of said Blocks; and further, is the owner of 1.91 acres of land out of the South-west part of Block No. 2, Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, which said tract is fully described in a deed from J. B. Christian, for himself and as Community Administrator of the Estate of Hattie A. Christian, Deceased, to The Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company of Texas, of record in Volume —, Page —, Deed Records of Schleicher County, to which reference is here made for a complete description of said tract;

(IV) That, we, the said J. B. Christian, The Eldorado Townsite Company, and The Kansas City Mexico & Orient Railway Co. of Texas, the undersigned applicants, do desire to cancel the subdivision of the West one-half of Survey, No. 48, Block "A", H. E. & W. T. Railway Company Survey, known as Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, Texas, and as is shown from said dedication deed and plat of said addition, and the said subdivision of block No. 1, of said Christian Addition to the town of Eldorado, Texas, as is shown by plat of the subdivision of block No. 1, in so far as the foregoing blocks, lands, and tracts are concerned and affected, and do desire to convert all of the above described blocks of land, together with all the streets contiguous thereto, back into acreage tracts as the said land existed prior to and before either of said subdivisions were made as aforesaid;

(V) Representing herein, that the cancellation of each of the above described subdivisions in so far as either of said subdivisions in so far as affect the above described blocks of land together with all streets contiguous thereto, will not interfere with established rights of any purchase, owning any portion of either of said two subdivisions.

WHEREFORE, Premises considered your, undersigned applicants pray the Court, that notice of this application be given as is required by law, and that they, and each of them, have an order of this Court wholly authorizing them, and each of them, to cancel each of the two above described subdivisions in so far as they, or either of them affect any of the above described blocks of land, together with all streets, contiguous thereto, and that the above described blocks of land and all streets contiguous thereto, be thrown back and converted back into acreage tracts as it existed before either of them, the two above described subdivisions were made.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF this instrument is signed this 14th day of April, A. D., 1930.



WHEN damp days, sudden changes in weather, or exposure to a draft makes joints ache, there is always quick relief in Bayer Aspirin. It makes short work of headaches or any little pain. Just as effective in the more serious suffering from neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism or lumbago. No ache or pain is ever too deep-seated for Bayer Aspirin to relieve, and it does not affect the heart. All druggists, with proven directions for various uses which many people have found invaluable in the relief of pain.



By J. B. Christian, Vice-President Attest: J. E. Hill, Secretary THE KANSAS CITY, MEXICO & ORIENT RAILWAY CO. of Texas By W. H. Rochester, Agent and Assistant Engineer J. B. Christian.

Which said application will be heard by said Commissioners Court on the 12th day of May, A. D., 1930, the same being the second Monday in May, A. D., 1930, and the first day of the next regular term of said court.

Therefore, you are hereby commanded and notified to be and appear before the Commissioners Court of Schleicher County, Texas, at the court house in Eldorado, Schleicher County, Texas, at the next regular term of said court to be held on the second Monday in May, A. D., 1930, the same being the 12th day of May, A. D., 1930, and the first day of the next regular term of the court, to protest against said application, if you do so desire.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court at its next regular term thereof, on the date aforesaid, this writ and notice, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness John F. Isaacs, County Clerk in and for Schleicher County, Texas.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 14th day of April, A. D., 1930.

John F. Isaacs, County Clerk in

and for Schleicher County, Texas. . . I, A. F. Luedcke, Sheriff of Schleicher County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is an exact copy of the notice now in my hands.

A. F. Luedcke, Sheriff, Schleicher County, Texas. . . Some people are prone to see the dark side of life, but the bright side is always the largest if we would look for the good. Evil is all about us and if we cling to the evil alone, things will look dark and dreary, but if we cleave to that which is good, life will be all smiles, and we will leave a beautiful memory.

A THOUGHT for the DAY

By AMOS R. WELLS THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF LIBERTY

There is a noble passage in the writings of William McKinley in which the married President uses these prophetic words: "Liberty to make our own laws does not give us license to break them. Liberty is responsibility and responsibility is duty; and that duty is to preserve the exceptional liberty we enjoy within the law and for the law and by the law."

Those words might well have been written for these days of lawlessness. They are true, however, for all times and all persons. The psalmist knew himself to be at liberty only when he was obedient to God's laws. The Christian knows that only Christ's truth, and the observance of it can make him free. No more arant nonsense is talked today than the ceaseless chatter about a "personal liberty" which means only personal license to get drunk and make other drunk. No one is free to do wrong; every one is free to do the right.

"I shall walk at liberty; for I have sought Thy precepts." Read PSALM 119:41-48.

We want your eggs, the more you bring the better it suits us. Wright's Cash Store

Easter Candy & Dyes

We have Easter Candy Eggs and dyes for your Easter Eggs Hunts.

Keep the cost of living down by buying for Cash. A few items below will give you a line on some of our regular Prices for Cash.

- FLOUR, 48 lb sack, extra high pat. \$1.85
- FLOUR, 48 lb sack, Bleached \$1.65
- TOMATOES, No. 2 hand packed, 2 for 22c
- OATS, Large Quaker 25c
- RICE FLAKES, Jersey, 2 for 15c
- TOMATO JUICE, small bottle for 10c
- KRAUT JUICE, small bottle for 10c
- HOMINY, Stokley, 3 for 22c
- LEMA BEANS, nice and large 2 lb for 35c

Fresh Vegetables and Cold drinks, in fact, you can find most anything here that is generally kept in an up-to-date Grocery Store.

We also have a few House Dresses, Mens dress Shirts, Hose, for men and women. Work Trousers for men and boys, coveralls for children and play suits for little folks.

You will find our prices right every day in the week, on every article in the house. When you start shopping, Remember:

Wright's Cash Store

"A BARGAIN IN EVERY PURCHASE"

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ELDORADO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business March 27th, 1930.

RESOURCES

Loans	\$ 329,172.66
Overdrafts	490.52
U. S. Bonds	20,000.00
Federal Reserve Stock	3,750.00
Real Estate	\$ 3,000.00
Furniture & Fixtures	1,000.00
Other Real Estate	10,000.00
CASH—	
In vault & other banks	\$ 127,803.34
With U. S. Treasurer	1,000.00
Bankers Acceptances	18,653.89
U. S. Certificates	40,000.00
TOTAL	\$ 554,870.41

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	\$ 75,000.00
Surplus	50,000.00
Undivided Profits	27,924.54
Circulation	19,700.00
DEPOSITS	382,245.87
TOTAL	\$ 554,870.41

OFFICERS

J. B. Christian, President J. E. Hill, Vice-President W. O. Alexander, Cashier R. P. Hinyard, Vice-President L. L. Baker, Ass't. Cashier

DIRECTORS

J. B. Christian Sam E. Jones R. P. Hinyard D. E. DeLong J. E. Hill

On one point, at least, of President Hoover's policies, it is difficult to see how honest people can disagree. On the question of law enforcement the only possible disagreement is between honest folk and criminals.

Honest men may dislike any particular law, for any number of honest reasons. It is not only their right in such a case to agitate for its amendment or repeal, it is their duty. There is nothing inconsistent with honesty and good citizenship in taking part in any lawful effort to change the laws, even the Constitution itself.

But so long as any law is a law, the effort of the Executive to enforce it to the utmost of human and administrative efficiency, calls for the support of everyone who regards himself as a good citizen, or who wishes to be so regarded by his neighbor and his community. If each of us is to select which laws he will obey and which he will violate, the foundations of our democratic system of government begin at once to crumble.

President Hoover has asked Congress to put better tools into his hands for the enforcement of the Federal laws. The procedure in the Federal Courts today necessitates long delays and inadequate attention to the majority of criminal cases. The Commission of Law Enforcement, composed of many of the ablest men in the Nation, has recommended many changes in the laws governing the Federal courts. The legislation necessary to effect those changes should not be made the basis of a partisan quarrel in Congress. The issue in this instance is not between political points of view but between honest citizens and criminals.

VIGILANTES—YESTERDAY AND NOW

In the early days of San Francisco when the great gold rush to California which began in 1849 was in full swing, the makeshift government machinery broke down so completely that the town was at the mercy of the crooks, murderers, and bandits. The citizens took the law into their own hands. They organized a super-government, a Vigilance Committee, popularly called by its Spanish equivalent, "Vigilantes," and cleaned up the town. They had to hang a good many and shoot a good many more before they finished the job, but they cleaned up the town and turned its government over to honest men who could be relied upon to administer justice adequately.

In most of the large cities of the United States today and in smaller communities conditions exist in respect of crime and maladministration which make thoughtful citizens at times wonder whether a revival of the old Vigilantes is not called for. Whenever a known criminal is turned loose by a complaisant judge, when men paid to police a community fail to suppress crime which is blatant and easily discoverable, when men intrusted with public funds squander or steal them, the remedy of the lynch-law does not always seem adequate.

There is another remedy, however, and one which does not savor of lynch law nor contravene the right of every person, criminal or otherwise, to his day in court. That remedy is publicity.

It takes a stout heart to expose corruption in office. It takes courage to tell the truth about local crime and criminals. It lays a heavy burden upon any one man, to carry the risks which surround whoever tries to check lawlessness, for he is dealing with men who are not governed by the rules to which the reformer must adhere. But every now and then some newspaper man performs that sort of public service.

Sometimes he loses his life, as Don Mellett did in Canton, Ohio. But the name of Don Mellett, newspaper man, will stand forever in the annals of his city as that of the man who freed its citizens from criminal misrule. Canton is building a monument to its liberator. In the fraternity of journalism Don Mellett's memory will live for all time as a martyr to the spirit of public service which must actuate every honest member of the craft.

More recently the newspaper of Scranton, Pa., exposed a conspiracy among gamblers and public officials, and several "prominent citizens" of Scranton are under indictment in consequence. The New York's Evening Journal's disclosure of vice and graft in Atlantic City is another example. Columns could be filled with instances where newspapers, often fighting alone, have saved their communities from the clutches of organized crime and corrupt officials working in partnership with the criminals.

A fee press, the friend of every honest citizen, the fearless foe of every dishonest one, is the modern Vigilante.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE LAWS

There are times and occasions when honest people can honestly disagree about the policies of the President of the United States. They may disagree on personal or political grounds, and express their opinions freely without being subject to criticism therefor.

NOTICE

THE STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF SCHLEICHER

To any and all Persons interested in the Estate of Ruby Douglas and Frank Douglas Jr., Minors:

Take Notice and you are hereby notified that Frank Douglas, guardian of the estate of Ruby Douglas and Frank Douglas Jr., minors, has filed in the County Court of Schleicher County, Texas, an application for an order of said court authorizing him, the said Frank Douglas, guardian, to lease for oil and gas purposes all the two thirds undivided interest belonging to his said two wards, in and to the following described lands and premises situated in the County of Schleicher, and the State of Texas, known and described as follows, to-wit:

All of Section Seventy-eight (78) in Block "LL", located by virtue of Certificate No. 500 issued to the T. C. RY, CO. Abstract No. 795, and containing 584 acres of land.

All of the Southeast Two hundred twenty-three (223) acres of land out of Section No. Seventy-seven (77) in Block "LL" located by virtue of Certificate No. 500 issued to the T. C. RY, CO. and being all the land in said Section No. Seventy-seven (77) lying and being South and East of the Eldorado and Rudd Public Road.

One Hundred thirty-five (135) acres out of Survey No. Seventy eight and one-half (78 1-2) in Block "LL", Certificate No. 903, issued to Sallie Renshaw, and containing one hundred and thirty-five acres of land.

Sixty seven acres, all of Survey Fourteen (14) in Block "LL", Certificate 1415, issued to J. W. Johnson, and being all the land in this survey.

Which said application will be heard by said court on the fourth Monday in April, A. D. 1930, the same being the 28th day of April, A. D., 1930, at the court house in Eldorado, in Schleicher County, Texas, at which time any and all persons interested in the estate of the said Ruby Douglas and Frank Douglas Jr., Minors,

RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY FROM THE WOMAN'S CLUB

To Mrs. S. L. Wright in memory of her late husband who was called to his reward March 25th, 1930, Mrs. Wright being a co-worker and faithful member of the Woman's Club.

WHEREAS: death has entered the home of one of the members of our Club and has called to the Eternal Home her dearly beloved husband.

AND WHEREAS: we deeply sympathize with her and her aunt Mrs. Nowlin in this sorrow and commend to the mthe blessings of our Heavenly Father who alone can give them that real comfort in such an hour, therefore be it;

RESOLVED: that the Woman's Club of Eldorado tender to Mrs. Wright and Mrs. Nowlin our sincere condolence in their deep affliction and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife and Aunt also that a copy be placed upon the minutes of the Woman's Club.

Mrs. D. C. Hill
Mrs. L. M. Hoover
Miss Tom Smith

RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY FROM THE WOMAN'S CLUB

Mr. R. T. Trail still does not believe there is as hard times as are being talked. He reports the sale of four recent new Ford car sales. The sales were to C. A. Spencer, Coupe; C. H. Taylor, San Angelo Telephone Co. manager, Town Sedan; O. J. Curry, Coupe and W. O. McClaran a sport Coupe.

See our shipment of new house dresses, just in this week end. 36 new ones for your inspection
Wright's Cash Store

may appear and contest such application should they desire to do so.

In testimony whereof, Witness my signature this the, 15 day of April, A. D. 1930.

Frank Douglas, Guardian of the Estate of Ruby Douglas and Frank Douglas Jr., Minors.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The following announcements are made subject to the Democratic Primary in July.

Fees for announcements, payable when announcement is made.

District and County \$10.
Precinct \$5

For Congress, 16th Congressional District.

E. E. (PAT) MURPHY
R. E. THOMASON

For District Atty 51st. District.

GLENN R. LEWIS
B. W. SMITH

For District and County Clerk.

JOHN F. ISAACS
W. N. RAMSEY

For Sheriff and Tax Collector.

W. F. EDMISTON
O. E. CONNER
BEN L. ISAACS
JESS L. THOMPSON

For County Judge

H. W. FINLEY
F. M. BRADLEY

For Tax Assessor

DON McCORMICK

For County Treasurer:

MRS. A. E. KENT

For Justice of the Peace for Precinct No. 1

C. C. DOTY

For Commissioner Precinct No. 2

B. B. BRITAIN

RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY FROM THE WOMAN'S CLUB

To Mrs. S. L. Wright in memory of her late husband who was called to his reward March 25th, 1930, Mrs. Wright being a co-worker and faithful member of the Woman's Club.

WHEREAS: death has entered the home of one of the members of our Club and has called to the Eternal Home her dearly beloved husband.

AND WHEREAS: we deeply sympathize with her and her aunt Mrs. Nowlin in this sorrow and commend to the mthe blessings of our Heavenly Father who alone can give them that real comfort in such an hour, therefore be it;

RESOLVED: that the Woman's Club of Eldorado tender to Mrs. Wright and Mrs. Nowlin our sincere condolence in their deep affliction and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife and Aunt also that a copy be placed upon the minutes of the Woman's Club.

Mrs. D. C. Hill
Mrs. L. M. Hoover
Miss Tom Smith

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THE WAY OF LIFE

BRUCE BARTON

FIGHTERS

The officers of a great chain of stores were sitting at lunch, and making good progress with their business discussion when someone mentioned a forthcoming prize fight.

Instantly all business conversation ceased; every man leaned forward eagerly to present his view on the more engrossing subject.

On another occasion I stopped at the offices of J. P. Morgan and Company to see one of the partners. His secretary apologized. "You will have to wait a few minutes," he said. "They will be down from lunch a little late today. They are entertaining Gene Tunney."

One could write several different kinds of comments on these incidents. One might, if piously inclined, view with alarm the absorption of the best business minds in a low and brutal form of sport.

One might point out the interesting fact that at the op all winners meet. Be the best in your line, whether your line be prize-fighting or banking, motion-picture acting or preaching, and you may lunch with Mr. Morgan. "Seest thou a man diligent" (a top-notch) "in his business? He shall stand before kings."

I prefer, however, to point a different moral. Men attend prize-fights and entertain champions because all the world loves a fighter.

People ask sometimes: "Why do the richest men in the country keep on working? Why don't they take their millions and retire?"

Because the decision to keep on work-

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When A CLEANSING MEDICINE Is Needed

"I HAVE taken Black-Draught all my life, whenever in need of a medicine for constipation," says Mrs. G. C. Burns, of Buna, Texas. "My mother and father used it in their home for years, and I was raised to think of it as the first thing if I had a headache or was constipated."

"At one time I had indigestion real bad, I was all out of sorts; my skin was sallow, and I had gas pains. After a course of Black-Draught, I got all right. I have given Black-Draught to my children, whenever they needed a medicine of the kind."

Insist on Theford's

Black-Draught

WOMEN who need a tonic should take Cardul. In use over 50 years. E-101

"Self-Serve"
Grocery & Market

Beginning Monday we will special a number of staple items each day through the week, watch our windows a new list will be posted each morning.

Bring us your eggs we will pay Friday and Saturday in trade 20c a dozen. A special price will be made on all fruits and vegetables Friday and Saturday, everything the market affords, watch windows for prices. A partial list of Extra specials for:

SPECIALS FOR Friday And Saturday

Lard

Wilson's or Armour's 16 lb bucket \$2.11
8 lb bucket \$1.06
45 lb can \$5.50

Sugar Pure Cane, 19 lb \$1.00

Flour

Flake White, Extra high pat. sold under strick Guarantee, 48 lb \$1.75
24 lb 90c

Flour

White Fox or Splendor, Guaranteed
48 lb \$1.65
24 lb 85c

Bacon

Wilson's breakfast 6 to 7 lb ave, by strip, a lb 28c
That Good Sycamore, sugar cured by the strip a lb 26c

CHEESE, Full cream, a lb 25c

Hams Wilson's Picnic Shankless, a lb 23c

COFFEE, Morning Joy, 3 lb can \$1.15
COFFEE, H & K, 3 lb can \$1.15
COFFEE, Wapco, 3 lb can \$1.15

COFFEE, 3 lb Duncan Pea-berry 73c
COFFEE, Canova 2 1-2 lb can 98c

Beans Pinto No. 1 Re-cleaned \$1.00

MEAL, Cream, 20 lb sec. 63c
10 lb sack 33c
5 lb sack 18c

BAKING POWDER, Calumet 1 lb can 28c
K. C. reg. 25c size 19c
OATS, 3 Min. lrg. pkg. 21c

SPUDS, 10 lb 31c
PORK & BEANS, Van Camps 3 cans for 23c
HOMINY, 303 size, 3 for 19c
KRAUT, Kumers 303 each 9c

SOUP, Van Camps or White Swan, 3 for 25c
TOMATOES, 303 size 3 for 29c
No. 1 3 for 20c

MACARONI, VERMICELLI or SPAGHETTI, Q & Q reg 10c
3 for 17c

CRACKERS, Brown's, snow Flake, 2 lb box 29c
1 lb box 19c

CATSUP, Wapco, 14 oz. bottle 16c
HEMINY, VanCamp's 303, 2 for 13c
1 lb. Pickled, boneless 11 oz. 28c

OLD DUTCH CLEANSER, reg. 10c size 3 for 20c

SPAGHETTI, Van Camps canned, Italian style, 3 cans 31c

MATCHES, 6 5c boxes 15c
SEAL, P & G Big 4 or Crystal White, 5 bars 19c

CIGARETTES, any 15c brand, 2 for 25c
A Carton \$1.19

TOBACCO, Prince Albert, 2 cans for 25c

Watch our Windows for Prices on fruits and Vegetables a big assortment.

IF WE PLEASE YOU TELL OTHERS
IF NOT TELL US

PINKY!
COME HERE!

I THOUGHT YOU PROMISED ME THAT YOU WOULD NOT GO SKATING

I REALLY WASN'T GOING SKATING! MOM, I JUST WALKED DOWN TO THE POND, AND WAS TEMPTED TO SKATE - AND I COULDN'T KEEP FROM DOING IT!

IF YOU WERE JUST GOING TO THE POND - WHY DID YOU TAKE YOUR SKATES?

WELL, MOM, YOU SEE - I KIND OF FELT THAT I'D BE TEMPTED - SO I TOOK MY SKATES ALONG IN CASE I WAS

Pinky Dinky JINGLES

FROM BOBBY BLISS, LAKESIDE, OHIO
IT IS A DOG-GONE SHAME
THAT WILHELMINA'S NAME
THAT CANDY DOES NOT BRING
ON TREES.
YOU COULD PICK IT WHEN YOU PLEASE!